

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
FORM 10-K

- ☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024  
or  
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 1-33409

**T Mobile**  
**T-MOBILE US, INC.**  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware** **20-0836269**  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**12920 SE 38th Street**  
**Bellevue, Washington**  
(Address of principal executive offices)  
**98006-1350**  
(Zip Code)  
**(425) 378-4000**  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| Title of each class                         | Trading Symbol(s) | Name of each exchange on which registered |
|---|-------------------|---|
| Common Stock, par value \$0.00001 per share | TMUS              | The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC               |
| 3.550% Senior Notes due 2029                | TMUS29            | The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC               |
| 3.700% Senior Notes due 2032                | TMUS32            | The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC               |
| 3.850% Senior Notes due 2036                | TMUS36            | The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC               |

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☒ No ☐  
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒  
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐  
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐  
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

|                         |                                     |                           |                          |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Large accelerated filer | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Accelerated filer         | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Non-accelerated filer   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | Smaller reporting company | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|                         |                                     | Emerging growth company   | <input type="checkbox"/> |

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☒

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b). ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of June 28, 2024, the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates was \$86.0 billion based on the closing sale price as reported on the NASDAQ Global Select Market. As of January 24, 2025, there were 1,141,744,952 shares of common stock outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K will be incorporated by reference from certain portions of the definitive Proxy Statement for the Registrant's 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which definitive Proxy Statement will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A or will be included in an amendment to this Report.

**T-Mobile US, Inc.**  
**Form 10-K**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2024**

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## Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Annual Report on Form 10-K (“Form 10-K”) of T-Mobile US, Inc. (“T-Mobile,” “we,” “our,” “us” or the “Company”) includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, including information concerning our future results of operations, are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are generally identified by the words “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “may,” “could” or similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions, which are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. The following important factors, along with the Risk Factors included in [Part I, Item 1A](#) of this Form 10-K, could affect future results and cause those results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements:

- competition, industry consolidation and changes in the market for wireless communications services and other forms of connectivity;
- criminal cyberattacks, disruption, data loss or other security breaches;
- our inability to timely adopt and effectively deploy network technology developments;
- our inability to effectively execute our digital transformation and drive customer and employee adoption of emerging technologies;
- our inability to retain or motivate key personnel, hire qualified personnel or maintain our corporate culture;
- system failures and business disruptions, allowing for unauthorized use of or interference with our network and other systems;
- the scarcity and cost of additional wireless spectrum, and regulations relating to spectrum use;
- the timing and effects of any pending and future acquisition, divestiture, investment, joint venture or merger involving us, including our inability to obtain any required regulatory approval necessary to consummate any such transactions or to achieve the expected benefits of such transactions;
- adverse economic, political or market conditions in the U.S. and international markets, including changes resulting from increases in inflation or interest rates, supply chain disruptions and impacts of geopolitical instability, such as the Ukraine-Russia and Israel-Hamas wars and further escalations thereof;
- our inability to successfully deliver new products and services;
- any disruption or failure of our third parties (including key suppliers) to provide products or services for the operation of our business;
- sociopolitical volatility and polarization and risks related to environmental, social and governance matters;
- our substantial level of indebtedness and our inability to service our debt obligations in accordance with their terms;
- changes in the credit market conditions, credit rating downgrades or an inability to access debt markets;
- our inability to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting;
- any changes in regulations or in the regulatory framework under which we operate;
- laws and regulations relating to the handling of privacy, data protection and artificial intelligence (“AI”);
- unfavorable outcomes of and increased costs from existing or future regulatory or legal proceedings;
- difficulties in protecting our intellectual property rights or if we infringe on the intellectual property rights of others;
- our offering of regulated financial services products and exposure to a wide variety of state and federal regulations;
- new or amended tax laws or regulations or administrative interpretations and judicial decisions affecting the scope or application of tax laws or regulations;
- our wireless licenses, including those controlled through leasing agreements, are subject to renewal and may be revoked;
- our exclusive forum provision as provided in our Certificate of Incorporation;
- interests of Deutsche Telekom AG (“DT”), our controlling stockholder, which may differ from the interests of other stockholders;
- our current and future stockholder return programs may not be fully utilized, and our share repurchases and dividend payments pursuant thereto may fail to have the desired impact on stockholder value; and
- future sales of our common stock by DT and SoftBank Group Corp. (“SoftBank”) and our inability to attract additional equity financing outside the United States due to foreign ownership limitations by the Federal Communications Commission (“FCC”).

Given these risks and uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to revise or publicly release the results of any revision to these forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

In addition, historical, current, and forward-looking environmental sustainability related statements may be based on standards for measuring progress that are still developing and internal controls and processes that continue to evolve. These initiatives are subject to additional risks and uncertainties, including regarding the evolving nature of data availability, quality, and assessment; related methodological concerns; our ability to implement various initiatives under expected timeframes, cost, and complexity; our dependency on third parties to provide certain information and to comply with applicable laws and policies; and other unforeseen events or conditions. For example, we note that standards and expectations regarding greenhouse gas (“GHG”) accounting and the processes for measuring and counting GHG emissions and GHG emission reductions are evolving, and it is possible that our approaches both to measuring our emissions and to reducing emissions and measuring those reductions may be, either currently by some stakeholders or at some point in the future, considered inconsistent with common or best practices with respect to measuring and accounting for such matters, and reducing overall emissions. These factors, as well as others, may cause results to differ materially and adversely from those expressed in any of our forward-looking statements. Additionally, we may provide information that is not necessarily material for SEC reporting purposes but that is informed by various other standards and frameworks (including standards for the measurement of underlying data), internal controls, and assumptions or third-party information that are still evolving and subject to change. Our disclosures based on any standards may change due to revisions in framework requirements, availability of information, changes in our business or applicable governmental policies, or other factors, some of which may be beyond our control.

Investors and others should note that we announce material information to our investors using our investor relations website (<https://investor.t-mobile.com>), newsroom website (<https://t-mobile.com/news>), press releases, SEC filings and public conference calls and webcasts. We intend to also use certain social media accounts as means of disclosing information about us and our services and for complying with our disclosure obligations under Regulation FD (the @TMobileIR X account (<https://x.com/TMobileIR>), the @MikeSievert X account (<https://x.com/MikeSievert>) and our Chief Executive Officer’s LinkedIn account (<https://www.linkedin.com/in/sievert>), both of which Mr. Sievert also uses as a means for personal communications and observations, and the @TMobileCFO X account (<https://x.com/tmobilecfo>) and our Chief Financial Officer’s LinkedIn account (<https://www.linkedin.com/in/peter-osvaldik-3887394>), both of which Mr. Osvaldik also uses as a means for personal communication and observations). The information we post through these social media channels may be deemed material. Accordingly, investors should monitor these social media channels in addition to following our press releases, SEC filings and public conference calls and webcasts. The social media channels that we intend to use as a means of disclosing the information described above may be updated from time to time as listed on our investor relations website.

## **PART I.**

### **Item 1. Business**

#### **Business Overview and Strategy**

##### ***Un-carrier Strategy***

As America's supercharged Un-carrier, we have disrupted the wireless communications services industry by actively engaging with and listening to our customers and focusing on eliminating their pain points. Our customers benefit from what we believe is an unmatched combination of value and network quality, unwavering focus on offering them the best possible service experience and undisputable drive for disruptive innovation in wireless and beyond. This includes providing added value and what we believe is an exceptional experience while implementing signature Un-carrier initiatives that have changed the wireless industry. We ended annual service contracts, overages, unpredictable international roaming fees and data buckets, among other things. We are inspired by a relentless focus on customer experience, consistently delivering award-winning customer experience, which drives our customer satisfaction levels while enabling operational efficiencies.

With what we believe is America's largest, fastest, most awarded and most advanced 5G network, the Un-carrier strives to offer customers unrivaled coverage and capacity where they live, work and travel. We believe our network is the foundation of our success and powers everything we do. Our dense and multi-layer network provides an unmatched 5G and overall network experience to our customers, which consists of our foundational layer of low-band, our mid-band and our millimeter-wave ("mmWave") spectrum licenses (see "Spectrum Position" below). This multilayer portfolio of spectrum broadens and deepens our nationwide 5G network, enabling accelerated innovation and increased competition in the U.S. wireless and broadband industries.

We continue to expand the footprint and improve the quality of our network, enabling us to provide what we believe are outstanding wireless experiences for customers who should not have to compromise on quality and value. Our network allows us to deliver new, innovative products and services, such as our High Speed Internet fixed wireless product, with the same customer experience focus and industry-disrupting mindset that we have adopted in our attempt to redefine the wireless communications services industry in the United States in the customers' favor.

As part of our relentless, customer-first focus, we are transforming into an AI-enabled, data-informed, digital-first organization to continue delivering differentiated experiences to our customers. Leveraging the latest AI technology and digital capabilities, we are pioneering new approaches to serving customers with a platform to better anticipate and proactively solve their issues, offering personalized self-service options and taking authorized actions on their behalf, while simultaneously creating large-format customer experience stores for customers looking for an immersive experience, and increasing investment in domestic customer care. Our comprehensive T-Life app will further allow us to tap into customer preferences and radically simplify customer experiences in the future.

##### ***Our Operations***

As of December 31, 2024, we provide wireless communications services to 129.5 million postpaid and prepaid customers and generate revenue by providing affordable wireless communications services to these customers, as well as a wide selection of wireless devices and accessories. We also provide wholesale wireless services to various partners, who then offer the services for sale to their customers. Our most significant expenses relate to operating and expanding our network, providing a full range of devices, acquiring and retaining high-quality customers and compensating employees. We provide services, devices and accessories across our flagship brands, T-Mobile, Metro by T-Mobile and Mint Mobile, through our T-Mobile and Metro by T-Mobile owned and operated retail stores, as well as through our websites ([www.t-mobile.com](http://www.t-mobile.com), [www.metrobyt-mobile.com](http://www.metrobyt-mobile.com) and [www.mintmobile.com](http://www.mintmobile.com)), T-Mobile, Metro by T-Mobile and Mint Mobile apps, customer care channels and through national retailers. In addition, we sell devices to dealers and other third-party distributors for resale through independent third-party retail outlets and a variety of third-party websites. The information on our websites is not part of this Form 10-K. See [Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations](#) for additional information.

##### ***Services and Products***

We provide wireless communications services through a variety of service plan options. We also offer for sale to customers a wide selection of wireless devices, including smartphones, wearables, tablets, home broadband routers and other mobile communication devices that are manufactured by various suppliers.

Our most popular service plan offering is Go5G Plus, which includes unlimited talk, text and data on our network, 5G access at no extra cost, scam protection features, access to the same device offers as new customers and more. We also offer an Essentials rate plan for customers who want the basics at a lower price point, specific rate plans to qualifying customers, including Military and Veterans, First Responder and 55+, as well as Go5G and Go5G Next plans to deliver a full suite of plans that provide customers the features that meet their lifestyle and daily needs.

At the time of device purchase, qualified customers can finance all or a portion of the individual device or accessory purchase price over an installment period, generally of 24 months, using an equipment installment plan (“EIP”).

In addition to our wireless communications services, we offer High Speed Internet, which includes a fixed wireless product that utilizes the excess capacity of our nationwide 5G network. Our fixed wireless product is available to tens of millions of domestic households where we currently have excess network capacity, providing, for some consumers, an alternative to traditional landline internet or broadband service providers and expanding access to and choice for some consumers. With our High Speed Internet plan, customers can access the internet without worrying about annual service contracts, data overages or hidden fees.

We also provide products and services that are complementary to our wireless communications services, including device protection, financial services and advertising.

### ***Customers***

We provide wireless communications services to a variety of customers needing connectivity, but focus primarily on two categories of customers:

- Postpaid customers generally are qualified to pay after receiving wireless communications services utilizing phones, High Speed Internet modems, mobile internet devices (including tablets and hotspots), wearables, DIGITS and other connected devices (including SyncUP and internet of things (“IoT”)). We serve consumers as well as business customers, who are provided services under the T-Mobile for Business brand.
- Prepaid customers generally pay for wireless communications services in advance. We serve prepaid customers under the T-Mobile, Metro by T-Mobile, Mint Mobile and Ultra Mobile brands.

We provide Machine-to-Machine (“M2M”) and Mobile Virtual Network Operator (“MVNO”) customers access to our network. This access and the customer relationship are managed by wholesale partners, with whom we have commercial agreements permitting them to sell services utilizing our network.

We generate the majority of our service revenues by providing wireless communications services to postpaid and prepaid customers. Our ability to attract and retain postpaid and prepaid customers is important to our business in the generation of service revenues, equipment revenues and other revenues. In 2024, our service revenues generated by providing wireless communications services by customer category were:

- 79% Postpaid customers;
- 16% Prepaid customers; and
- 5% Wholesale and other services.

Substantially all of our revenues for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, were earned in the United States, including Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

### ***Network Strategy***

Utilizing our multilayer spectrum portfolio, our mission is to become “Famous for Network.” We have deployed low-band, mid-band and mmWave spectrum dedicated for 5G across our dense and broad network to create what we believe is America’s largest, fastest, most awarded and most advanced 5G network.

We believe our spectrum position and focus on technology leadership will continue to drive network differentiation. Our innovative Customer-Driven Coverage (“CDC”) approach to network investments, and leadership in deploying the latest network technologies including Massive Multiple-input/multiple-out (“Massive MIMO”), Voice over New Radio (“VoNR”), four-carrier and higher order aggregation, dynamic network slicing and the U.S.’s first broad deployment of 5G Advanced, are

enabled by our scaled nationwide 5G standalone network. We are also part of an alliance working to bring Radio Access Network (“RAN”) and AI innovation closer together to deliver transformational network experiences in the future.

### ***Spectrum Position***

We provide wireless communications services utilizing low-band spectrum licenses covering our 600 MHz and 700 MHz spectrum, mid-band spectrum licenses, such as Advanced Wireless Services (“AWS”), Personal Communications Services (“PCS”) and 2.5 GHz spectrum, and mmWave spectrum.

- We controlled an average of 394 MHz of combined low- and mid-band spectrum nationwide as of December 31, 2024. This spectrum is comprised of:
  - An average of 41 MHz in the 600 MHz band;
  - An average of 10 MHz in the 700 MHz band;
  - An average of 14 MHz in the 800 MHz band;
  - An average of 41 MHz in the 1700 MHz AWS band;
  - An average of 66 MHz in the 1900 MHz PCS band;
  - An average of 184 MHz in the 2.5 GHz band;
  - An average of 11 MHz in the 3.45 GHz band; and
  - An average of 27 MHz in the C-band.
- We controlled an average of 1,033 GHz of combined mmWave spectrum licenses.
- In September 2023, we entered into a License Purchase Agreement with Comcast Corporation and its affiliate, Comcast OTR1, LLC (together with Comcast Corporation, “Comcast”) pursuant to which we will acquire spectrum in the 600 MHz band in exchange for total cash consideration of between \$1.2 billion and \$3.3 billion. On January 13, 2025, we and Comcast entered into an amendment to the License Purchase Agreement pursuant to which we will acquire additional spectrum. Subsequent to the amendment, the total cash consideration for the transaction is between \$1.2 billion and \$3.4 billion. See [Note 7 – Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional details.
- We plan to evaluate future spectrum purchases in future auctions and secondary market opportunities to further augment or refine our current spectrum position.
- As of December 31, 2024, we had equipment deployed on approximately 82,000 macro cell sites and 52,000 small cell/distributed antenna system sites across our network.

### **Competition**

The wireless communications services industry remains competitive. We are the second largest provider of wireless communications services in the U.S. as measured by our total postpaid and prepaid customers. Our wireless communications services competitors include other carriers, such as AT&T Inc. (“AT&T”), Verizon Communications, Inc. (“Verizon”), and DISH Network Corporation (“DISH”) as it continues to grow its network. In addition, our competitors include numerous smaller and regional providers, including Comcast Corporation, Charter Communications, Inc., Cox Communications, Inc., and Altice USA, Inc., many of which offer no-contract, postpaid and prepaid service plans. Competitors also include providers who offer similar communication services, such as voice, messaging and data services, using alternative technologies. In addition to our wireless communications services, our High Speed Internet service competes against other broadband providers, including traditional wireline solutions, such as Cable, DSL and Fiber broadband providers, and fixed wireless solutions, including AT&T and Verizon’s fixed wireless products, and Satellite Internet providers. Competitive factors within the wireless communications services and broadband industries include pricing, market saturation, service and product offerings, customer experience, network investment and quality, development and deployment of technologies and regulatory changes. Some of our competitors have shown a willingness to use discounted pricing or offer bundled services as a potential source of differentiation.

### **Human Capital**

#### ***Employees***

As of December 31, 2024, we employed approximately 70,000 full-time and part-time employees, including network, retail, administrative and customer support functions.



### ***Attraction and Retention***

We employ a highly skilled workforce within a broad range of functions. Substantially all of our employees are located throughout the United States, including Puerto Rico, to serve our nationwide network and retail operations. Our headquarters are located in Bellevue, Washington, and Overland Park, Kansas.

We attract and retain our workforce through a dynamic and inclusive culture and by providing a comprehensive set of benefits, including:

- Competitive medical, dental and vision benefits;
- Family-building benefits designed to meet the diverse needs of our employees, including IVF and IUI, adoption and surrogacy benefits;
- Annual stock grants to all full-time and part-time employees and a discounted Employee Stock Purchase Program;
- A 401(k) Savings Plan;
- Nationwide minimum pay of at least \$20 per hour to all full-time and part-time employees;
- LiveMagenta: a custom-branded program for employee engagement and well-being, including free access to life coaches, financial coaches and tools for healthy living;
- Access to personal health advocates offering independent guidance;
- A generous paid time off program, including paid family leave;
- Tuition assistance for all full-time and part-time employees, including full tuition partnerships with multiple schools; and
- A matching program for employee donations and volunteering.

### ***Training and Development***

Career growth and development is foundational to T-Mobile's culture and success. We want to deliver the best experiences from the best teams, and one way we do that is by offering an array of development programs and resources to build diverse talent and empower our people to succeed through every step of their career. We put employees in the driver's seat and give them access to mentoring, training, videos, books, job search and interview tips, and much more.

By strategically investing in the following three key areas of career development and learning, we are developing our talent now and for the future.

- Evolve skills and careers – Learn every day, champion relentless improvement, develop critical skills, explore career possibilities, and build the desired career;
- Advance leadership expertise – Build critical leadership capabilities, enable leadership growth at all levels, and develop skills to lead in the future; and
- Champion belonging and inclusion – Promote inclusive habits and behaviors and enhance belonging and connectedness.

### ***Belonging and Inclusion***

Our diversity, equity and inclusion efforts are focused on fostering a workplace that helps us better serve our customers and communities across the nation. We aim to create an environment where employees feel included, valued and empowered, contributing to a stronger, more connected business. T-Mobile has an inclusive hiring process that seeks diverse talent to be candidates for employment, but all of our hiring decisions continue to be based solely on merit.

### ***Employee Resource Groups (ERGs)***

Many of our employees participate in one of six Employee Resource Groups (ERGs) and their sub-groups, which are instrumental in promoting connection. Each of these groups is open to any and all employees, and there are 38 chapters nationwide that organize volunteer opportunities and local events.

Our ERGs include:

- Veterans & Allies Network;
- Accessibility Community at T-Mobile;
- Multicultural Alliance;
  - Asia Pacific & Allies Network;
  - Black Empowerment Network;
  - Indigenous Peoples Network;
  - Eleva Network (focused on the Latino community and allies);
- Multigenerational Network;
- Pride; and
- Women & Allies Network.

These groups offer immersive experiences, mentorship programs, networking opportunities, and community service projects. They are designed to help participants grow as professionals and community leaders.

### ***External Diversity Councils***

In partnership with civil rights organizations, we had previously established two External Diversity and Inclusion Councils. These councils offered guidance for our efforts in areas like workforce recruitment, procurement, community investment, and corporate governance. The work with these external councils concluded as planned after a successful 5-year collaboration and the councils have been dissolved.

### ***Suppliers***

T-Mobile considers a broad range of suppliers, including those that are veteran-owned, disability-owned, woman-owned, minority-owned, and LGBT-owned, and we include small and large businesses of all kinds in our procurement processes. Purchases and contracts are awarded based on the best qualified and most competitive suppliers to enable T-Mobile's success.

## **Environmental Sustainability**

### ***Efficiencies and Reducing Our Carbon Footprint***

We are actively working to identify efficiencies in our energy usage and reduce our environmental impact by:

- Pursuing a science-based net-zero emissions target for 2040, covering Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions;
- Investing in renewable energy, meeting our RE100 pledge since 2021, through initiatives such as Virtual Power Purchasing Agreements and clean energy projects producing over 3.4 million megawatt hours annually;
- Enhancing energy efficiency in our facilities, including retail stores, data centers, and cell sites; and
- Promoting a circular economy through a robust device reuse and recycling program.

### ***Responsible Sourcing***

We believe our suppliers are a valuable extension of our business and corporate values. Our Supplier Code of Conduct outlines expectations around ethical business practices for our suppliers. We require our suppliers to operate in compliance with the laws, rules, regulations and ethical standards of the countries in which they operate or provide products or services. We expect our suppliers to share our commitment to ethical conduct and environmentally responsible business practices while they conduct business with or on behalf of us. Our Responsible Sourcing Policy further outlines T-Mobile's expectations in this area.

We employ a third-party risk management ("TPRM") process to screen for anti-corruption, global sanctions, human rights and environmental risks before engaging with a supplier. Our TPRM process also continuously monitors current suppliers for policy violations and risks.

## Regulation

The FCC regulates many key aspects of our business, including licensing, construction, the operation and use of our network, modifications of our network, control and ownership of our licenses and authorizations, the sale, transfer and acquisition of certain licenses, domestic roaming arrangements and interconnection agreements, pursuant to its authority under the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (“Communications Act”). The FCC has a number of complex requirements that affect our operations and pending proceedings regarding additional or modified requirements that could increase our costs or diminish our revenues. For example, the FCC has rules regarding provision of 911, 988 and E-911 services, porting telephone numbers, interconnection, roaming, internet openness or net neutrality, robocalling/robotexting, disabilities access, privacy and cybersecurity, digital discrimination, consumer protection and the universal service and Lifeline programs. Many of these and other issues are being considered in ongoing proceedings, and we cannot predict whether or how such actions will affect our business, financial condition or operating results. Our ability to provide services and generate revenues could be harmed by adverse regulatory action or changes to existing laws and regulations. In addition, regulation of companies that offer competing services can impact our business indirectly.

Except for operations in certain unlicensed frequency bands, wireless communications services providers generally must be licensed by the FCC to provide communications services at specified spectrum frequencies within specified geographic areas and must comply with the rules and policies governing the use of the spectrum as adopted by the FCC. The FCC issues each license for a fixed period of time, typically 10-15 years depending on the particular licenses. While the FCC has generally renewed licenses given to operating companies like us, the FCC has authority both to revoke a license for cause and to deny a license renewal if a renewal is not in the public interest. Furthermore, we could be subject to fines, forfeitures and other penalties for failure to comply with FCC regulations, even if any such noncompliance was unintentional. In extreme cases, penalties can include revocation of our licenses. The loss of any licenses, or any related fines or forfeitures, could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. In addition, the FCC retains the right to modify rules related to use of licensed spectrum, which could impact T-Mobile’s ability to provide services.

Additionally, Congress’s and the FCC’s allocation of additional spectrum for broadband commercial mobile radio service (“CMRS”), which includes cellular, PCS and other wireless services, could significantly increase and intensify competition. We cannot assess the impact that any developments that may occur in the U.S. economy or any future spectrum allocations by the FCC may have on license values. FCC spectrum auctions and other market developments may adversely affect the market value of our licenses or our competitive position in the future. A significant decline in the value of our licenses could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the FCC periodically reviews its policies on how to evaluate carriers’ spectrum holdings in the context of spectrum transactions or acquisitions. Most recently, for example, in September 2023, the FCC sought public comment on whether it should initiate a rulemaking proceeding to consider changes to its mobile spectrum rules and policies. A change in these rules and policies could affect our access to additional spectrum resources and competition among us and other carriers.

Congress and the FCC have imposed limitations on foreign ownership of CMRS licensees. Direct foreign ownership in the licensee of more than 20% is prohibited. Indirect foreign ownership of more than 25% through an entity controlling the licensee must be reviewed and approved by the FCC as not inconsistent with the public interest. Consistent with that established policy, the FCC has issued a declaratory ruling authorizing up to 100% ownership of our Company by DT.

For our Educational Broadband Service (“EBS”) licenses in the 2.5 GHz band, FCC rules previously limited eligibility to hold EBS licenses to accredited educational institutions and certain governmental, religious and nonprofit entities, while permitting those license holders to lease their licenses to commercial providers for non-educational purposes. Therefore, we have historically accessed EBS spectrum primarily through long-term leasing arrangements with EBS license holders. Our EBS spectrum leases typically have an initial term equal to the remaining term of the EBS license, with an option to renew the lease for additional terms, for a total lease term of up to 30 years. In April 2020, the FCC lifted the restriction on who can hold EBS licenses and the 30-year limitation on lease duration, among other changes. The elimination of these restrictions allows current license holders to sell their licenses, including to T-Mobile. While a majority of our leases have contractual provisions enabling us to match offers, we may be forced to compete with others to purchase 2.5 GHz licenses on the secondary market and expend additional capital earlier than we may have anticipated. T-Mobile has started to acquire some of these EBS licenses, but we continue to lease spectrum in this band and expect that to be the case for some time.

While the Communications Act generally preempts state and local governments from regulating the entry of, or the rates charged by, wireless communications services providers, certain state and local governments regulate other terms and conditions of wireless service, including billing, termination of service arrangements and the imposition of early termination fees, advertising, network outages, the use of devices while driving, service mapping, protection of consumer information, zoning and land use. Notwithstanding this federal preemption, several states are considering or have passed laws or regulations

that could potentially set prices, minimum performance standards and/or restrictions on service discontinuation that could impact our business in those states.

For example, following the FCC's adoption of the 2017 Restoring Internet Freedom ("RIF") Order reclassifying broadband internet access services as non-common carrier "information services," a number of states sought to impose state-specific net neutrality, rate-setting, and privacy requirements on providers' broadband services. The FCC's RIF Order expressly preempted such state efforts, which were inconsistent with the FCC's federal deregulatory approach at that time. In 2019, however, the DC Circuit issued a ruling largely upholding the RIF Order but also vacating the portion of the ruling broadly preempting state/local measures regulating broadband services. The court left open the prospect that particular state laws could still unlawfully conflict with the FCC's RIF Order and be preempted. In the meantime, the FCC sought to repeal the RIF Order through its adoption of the 2024 Open Internet Order, though the latter was struck down by a federal court of appeals in January 2025.

While most states pursuing net neutrality legislation sought to codify the federal rules repealed by the RIF Order, there are differences in some states. For example, California has passed separate privacy and net neutrality legislation, while many others have passed privacy laws, and New York has passed a broadband rate-setting law. There are also efforts within Congress to pass federal legislation to codify uniform federal privacy and net neutrality requirements. Ensuring the preemption of separate state requirements, including the California laws, is critical to this effort. If not preempted or rescinded, separate state requirements will impose significant business costs and could also result in increased litigation costs and enforcement risks. A number of states also subject wireless service providers to registration requirements. State authority over wireless broadband services will likely remain unsettled unless resolved by the courts, the FCC or Congress.

In addition, the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") and other federal agencies have jurisdiction over some consumer protection matters and the elimination and prevention of anticompetitive business practices with respect to the provision of non-common carrier services. Further, the FCC and the Federal Aviation Administration regulate the siting, lighting and construction of transmitter towers and antennae. Tower siting and construction are also subject to state and local zoning, as well as federal statutes regarding environmental and historic preservation. The future costs to comply with all relevant regulations are, to some extent, unknown, and changes to regulations, or the applicability of regulations, could result in higher operating and capital expenses, or reduced revenues in the future.

#### **Available Information**

The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") are also publicly available free of charge on the investor relations section of our website at [investor.t-mobile.com](http://investor.t-mobile.com) as soon as reasonably practicable after they are electronically filed with or furnished to the SEC. Our corporate governance guidelines, director selection guideline, code of ethics for senior financial officers, code of business conduct, speak up policy, supplier code of conduct, and charters for the audit, compensation, nominating and corporate governance, and executive committees of our Board of Directors are also posted on the investor relations section of our website at [investor.t-mobile.com](http://investor.t-mobile.com). The information on our website is not part of this or any other report we file with, or furnish to, the SEC.

#### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

In addition to the other information contained in this Form 10-K, the following risk factors should be considered carefully in evaluating T-Mobile. Our business, financial condition, liquidity, or operating results, as well as the price of our common stock and other securities, could be materially and adversely affected by any of these risks.

##### **Risks Related to Our Business**

**We operate in a highly competitive industry. If we are unable to attract and retain customers, our business, financial condition, and operating results would be negatively affected.**

The wireless communications services industry is highly competitive. As the industry reaches saturation, competition in all market segments, including prepaid, postpaid, enterprise and government customers will likely further intensify, putting pressure on pricing and/or margins for us and all our competitors. Our ability to attract and retain customers will depend on multiple factors, such as network quality and capacity, customer service excellence, effective marketing strategies, competitive pricing, compelling value propositions, and distribution and logistics capabilities. Additionally, targeted marketing approaches for diverse customer segments, coupled with continuous innovation in products and services, are essential for retaining and

expanding our customer base. If we are unable to successfully differentiate our services from our competitors, it would adversely affect our competitive position and ability to grow our business.

We have seen and expect to continue to see intense competition in all market segments from traditional Mobile Network Operators (“MNOs”), such as AT&T and Verizon, who have each invested heavily in spectrum, their wireless networks, and services and device promotions, and DISH, as it continues to build out its wireless network and roll out services. Numerous other regional MNOs and MVNOs offering wireless services may also compete with us in some markets, including cable providers, such as Comcast, Charter, Cox, and Altice, as they continue to diversify their offerings to include wireless services offered under MVNO agreements. As new products and services emerge, we may also be forced to compete against non-traditional competitors from outside of the wireless communications services industry, such as satellite providers, offering similar connectivity services using alternative technologies.

In the market for broadband services, traditional cable providers, AT&T, Verizon, and other players such as satellite and fiber providers, all compete for customers. To complement our fixed wireless service, we have agreed to enter into joint venture agreements aimed at establishing a robust fiber wireline network in certain geographic regions that we believe will complement our fixed wireless services in those areas. However, these partnerships also involve inherent risks. See *“Any acquisition, divestiture, investment, joint venture or merger may subject us to significant risks, any of which may harm our business”* for further discussions of such risks.

If we are unable to compete effectively in attracting and retaining customers in markets where we operate, it could negatively impact our business, financial condition, and operating results.

**We have experienced criminal cyberattacks and may experience disruption, data loss and other security breaches, whether directly or indirectly through third parties whose products and services we rely on in operating our business.**

Our business involves the receipt, storage, and transmission of confidential information about our customers, such as sensitive personal, account and payment information, confidential information about our employees and suppliers, and other sensitive information about our Company, such as our business plans, transactions, financial information, and intellectual property (collectively, “Confidential Information”). Additionally, to offer services to our customers and operate our business, we utilize several applications and systems, including those we own and operate, such as our wireless network, as well as others provided to us by third parties, such as cloud service providers and SaaS companies (collectively, “Systems”).

We are subject to persistent cyberattacks and threats to our business from bad actors seeking to gain unauthorized access to Confidential Information and compromise Systems to undermine availability or integrity. They are perpetrated by a variety of groups and persons, including nation state-sponsored parties, malicious actors, employees, contractors, or other unrelated third parties. Some actors reside in jurisdictions where law enforcement measures to address such attacks are ineffective or unavailable.

Cyberattacks against companies like ours are increasing in frequency and scope of potential harm over time, and the methods used to gain unauthorized access constantly evolve, making it increasingly difficult to anticipate, prevent, and detect incidents successfully in every instance. In some cases, these bad actors exploit bugs, errors, misconfigurations or other vulnerabilities in our Systems to obtain Confidential Information. In other cases, these bad actors obtain unauthorized access to Confidential Information by exploiting insider access or utilizing log in credentials taken from our customers, employees, or third-party providers through credential harvesting, social engineering or other means. Other bad actors aim to cause serious operational disruptions to our business and Systems through ransomware or distributed denial of services attacks.

Although we regularly work to identify, track and remedy any security vulnerabilities, given the complex nature of our Systems and the tools that are available to us, we may be unable to identify vulnerabilities in a timely manner, or to apply patches or compensating measures that address such vulnerabilities, before bad actors can exploit them. The exploitation of a security vulnerability before patches or measures are applied could materially compromise Confidential Information and Systems.

In addition, we routinely rely upon third-party providers whose products and services are used in our business. These third-party providers have experienced, and will continue to experience cyberattacks that involve attempts to expose our Confidential Information and/or to create operational risk that could materially and adversely affect our business, and these providers also face other security challenges common to all parties that collect and process information. Additionally, our Systems include components from third parties or fourth parties we do not control and may have compromises, defects, flaws, or design errors unknown to us.

As a result of the previously disclosed cyberattacks in August 2021 and January 2023, we incurred significant costs in connection with, among other things, responding to and resolving mass arbitration claims, multiple class action lawsuits and an FCC investigation. For more information on the foregoing, see “– Contingencies and Litigation – Litigation and Regulatory Matters” in [Note 18 – Commitments and Contingencies](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

In addition to the August 2021 cyberattack and the January 2023 cyberattack, we have experienced unrelated non-material incidents involving unauthorized access to certain Confidential Information and Systems. Typically, these incidents have involved attempts to commit fraud by taking control of a customer’s phone line, often by exploiting insider access or using compromised credentials. In other cases, the incidents have involved unauthorized access to certain of our customers’ private information, including payment information, financial data, social security numbers or passwords, and our intellectual property. Some of these incidents have occurred at third-party providers, including third parties who provide us with various Systems and others who sell our products and services through retail locations or take care of our customers.

In November 2024, it was publicly reported that a nation-state actor called “Salt Typhoon” successfully infiltrated the telecommunications networks of certain of our competitors to obtain information on their customers. While we have no evidence that any of our Systems or Confidential Information were impacted in any significant way, we may face similar attempts in the future.

Our procedures and safeguards to prevent unauthorized access to Confidential Information and to defend against cyberattacks seeking to disrupt our operations must be continually evaluated and enhanced to address the ever-evolving threat landscape and changing cybersecurity regulations, including while we adapt complex digital transformation efforts. These preventative actions require the investment of significant resources and management time and attention. Additionally, we do not have control of the cybersecurity systems, breach prevention, and response protocols of our third-party providers, including through our cybersecurity programs or policies. While T-Mobile may have contractual rights to assess the effectiveness of many of our providers’ systems and protocols, we do not have the means to always know or assess the effectiveness of all of our providers’ systems and controls. We cannot provide any assurances that actions taken by us, or our third-party providers, including through our cybersecurity programs or policies, will adequately repel a significant cyberattack or prevent or substantially mitigate the impacts of cybersecurity breaches or misuses of Confidential Information, unauthorized access to our networks or Systems or exploits against third-party environments, or that we, or our third-party providers, will be able to effectively identify, investigate, and remediate such incidents in a timely manner or at all. We expect to continue to be the target of cyberattacks, given the nature of our business, and we expect the same with respect to our third-party providers. We also expect that threat actors will continue to gain sophistication including in the use of tools and techniques (such as AI) that are specifically designed to circumvent security controls, evade detection, and obfuscate forensic evidence, making it more challenging for us to identify, investigate and recover from future cyberattacks in a timely and effective manner. In addition, we have acquired and continue to acquire companies with cybersecurity vulnerabilities or unsophisticated security measures, which exposes us to significant cybersecurity, operational, and financial risks. If we fail to protect Confidential Information or to prevent operational disruptions from future cyberattacks, there may be a material adverse effect on our business, reputation, financial condition, cash flows, and operating results.

**If we fail to timely adopt and effectively deploy emerging network technologies, our competitive position could erode, which may adversely affect our business, financial condition, and operating results.**

Our competitive advantage and reputation depend on our ability to provide industry-leading network coverage, speed, and reliability. While we have established a leadership position in 5G, the communications industry evolves rapidly, and emerging technologies – such as AI-driven Radio Access Networks (“AI-RAN”) and the potential transition to 6G – may redefine network standards and increase customer expectations. To stay ahead, we are investing in strategic collaborations with third parties, such as AI-RAN partnerships, to develop technologies that are intended to advance our network capabilities. Despite these efforts, we may encounter technical challenges, regulatory hurdles, supply chain constraints, or unexpected delays in developing and deploying new network technologies. If we fail to anticipate market trends, efficiently integrate innovative solutions into our network, or maintain the quality and reliability of our network, our market share and competitive standing could erode, adversely impacting our business and operating results.

**If we fail to effectively execute our digital transformation and drive customer and employee adoption of emerging technologies, our competitive position and financial performance could be materially harmed.**

We are engaged in complex digital transformation efforts intended to streamline operations, enhance customer experience, and improve our overall competitiveness. These initiatives involve integrating emerging and rapidly evolving technologies, reconfiguring internal processes, and implementing advanced data analytics and AI-driven tools, including those developed through our partnerships with a number of third-party providers. The successful execution of our planned transformation is

subject to significant uncertainties. For example, we may face challenges in harmonizing complex system architectures, integrating new platforms with legacy infrastructure, and managing large volumes of data from disparate sources. We must also maintain rigorous data security and privacy safeguards, ensure our AI-driven solutions comply with evolving regulatory standards, and mitigate potential issues such as algorithmic bias or unintended operational disruptions. Additionally, implementing these digital solutions often requires substantial capital and operational expenditures, extensive employee training, specialized skill sets that may be difficult to source, and close coordination with multiple third-party vendors and partners. If we fail to execute these initiatives effectively, our ability to realize the intended benefits of digital transformation may be compromised. Even if we successfully deploy these capabilities, customer adoption and employee acceptance may be slower than anticipated, diminishing the expected improvements to efficiency, service quality, or revenue generation. This could materially and adversely affect our competitive position, financial performance, and brand reputation.

**We rely on highly skilled personnel throughout all levels of our business. Our business could be harmed if we are unable to retain or motivate key personnel, hire a sufficient number of qualified new personnel, or maintain our corporate culture.**

Our future success depends in substantial part on our ability to attract, recruit, hire, motivate, develop, and retain talented personnel possessing the qualifications, experiences, capabilities and skills we need for all areas of our organization, including our CEO and members of our senior leadership team. Succession planning to ensure effective transfer of knowledge and a seamless transition when key personnel depart is also important to our long-term success. Additionally, as we continue to make significant investments in new technologies and new business areas, we are increasingly dependent on being able to hire and retain technically skilled employees, including those with expertise in AI and machine learning.

Both external factors, such as fluctuations in economic and industry conditions, changes in U.S. immigration policies, regulatory changes, political forces and the competitive landscape, and internal factors, such as employee tolerance for changes in our corporate culture, organizational changes, limited remote working opportunities, and our compensation programs, may impact our ability to effectively manage our workforce. Further, employee compensation and benefit costs may increase due to inflationary pressures, and if our compensation does not keep up with inflation or that of our competitors', we may see increased employee dissatisfaction and departures or difficulty in recruiting new employees. If key employees depart or we are unable to recruit and integrate new employees successfully, our business could be negatively impacted.

**System failures and business disruptions may prevent us from providing reliable service, which could materially and adversely affect our reputation and financial condition.**

We rely upon systems and networks – those of third-party suppliers and other providers, in addition to our own – to provide services to our customers. System, network, or infrastructure failures resulting from one of several potential causes may prevent us from providing reliable service or otherwise operate our business. Examples of these risks include:

- physical damage, power surges or outages, equipment failure, or other service disruptions with respect to both our wireless and wireline networks, including those resulting from severe weather, storms, earthquakes, floods, hurricanes, wildfires and other natural disasters, which may occur more frequently or with greater intensity as a result of global climate change, public health crises, terrorist attacks, political instability and volatility and acts of war;
- human error due to factors such as poor change management or policy compliance;
- risks to our access to and use of reliable energy and water;
- hardware or software failures or outages of our business systems or communications network;
- supplier failures or delays; and
- shifts in physical conditions due to climate change, such as sea-level rise or changes in temperature or precipitation patterns, which may impact the operating conditions of our infrastructure or other infrastructure we rely on.

Such events could cause us to lose customers and revenue, incur expenses, suffer reputational damage, and subject us to fines, penalties, adverse actions or judgments, litigation, or governmental investigations. Remediation costs could include liability for information loss, costs of repairing infrastructure and systems, and/or costs of incentives offered to customers. Our insurance may not cover or may not be adequate to fully reimburse us for costs and losses associated with such events, and such events may also impact the availability of insurance at costs and other terms we find acceptable for future events.



**The scarcity and cost of additional wireless spectrum, and regulations relating to spectrum use, may adversely affect our business, financial condition, and operating results.**

We continue to acquire and deploy new spectrum to expand and deepen our 5G coverage, maintain our quality of service, meet increasing or changing customer demands, and deploy new technologies. In order to expand and differentiate our services from our competitors, we will continue to actively seek to make additional investments in new spectrum, which could be significant. However, we may be unable to secure the additional spectrum necessary to maintain or enhance our competitive position on favorable terms or at all.

The continued interest in acquiring spectrum by existing carriers and others, including speculators, may reduce our ability to acquire or renew spectrum holdings (such as 2.5Ghz), and/or increase the cost of spectrum that is made available in the secondary markets and government auctions. Additionally, the FCC may be unable to make sufficient additional spectrum available for auction to meet the demand from all interested parties. As a result, any such spectrum that is made available at auction may be subject to heightened competition and priced beyond levels we are able or willing to pay.

Even if new spectrum becomes available to us, the FCC or other government entities may impose conditions on the acquisition and use of such spectrum, such as the configuration or geographic areas in which the spectrum may be deployed. These conditions may substantially increase the costs we incur or negatively affect the value of the spectrum to our business.

If we cannot acquire needed spectrum from the government or otherwise, if competitors acquire spectrum that will allow them to provide services competitive with our services, or if we cannot deploy services over acquired spectrum on a timely basis without burdensome conditions, at reasonable cost, and while maintaining network quality levels, our ability to attract and retain customers and our business, financial condition and operating results could be materially and adversely affected.

**Any acquisition, divestiture, investment, joint venture or merger may subject us to significant risks, any of which may harm our business.**

We may pursue acquisitions of, investments in, or joint ventures or mergers with, other companies, or the acquisition of technologies, services, products or other assets that we believe would complement or expand our business. We may also elect to divest some of our assets to third parties. Some of these potential transactions could be significant relative to the size of our business and operations. Any such transaction would involve a number of risks and could present financial, managerial and operational challenges, including:

- diversion of management attention from running our existing business;
- increased costs to integrate the networks, spectrum, technology, personnel, customer base, distributors and business partners and business practices of the company involved in any such transaction with our business;
- increased interest expense and leverage or limits on other uses of cash;
- potential loss of talent during integration due to differences in culture, locations, or other factors;
- difficulties in effectively integrating the financial, operational and sustainability systems of the business involved in any such transaction into (or supplanting such systems with) our financial, operational and sustainability reporting infrastructure and internal control framework in an effective and timely manner;
- risks of entering markets in which the Company has no or limited experience and where competitors have stronger market positions;
- potential exposure to material liabilities not discovered in the due diligence process or as a result of any litigation arising in connection with any such transaction;
- significant transaction-related expenses in connection with any such transaction, whether consummated or not;
- risks related to our ability to obtain any required regulatory approvals necessary to consummate any such transaction; and
- any business, technology, service, or product involved in any such transaction may significantly under-perform relative to our expectations, and we may not achieve the benefits we expect from the transaction, which could, among other things, also result in a write-down of goodwill and other intangible assets associated with such transaction.

We have entered into joint venture agreements aimed at establishing a robust fiber broadband network that complements our fixed wireless services. Once closed, differences in views among the joint venture participants may result in delayed decisions or disputes. Operating through joint ventures in which we do not hold a majority ownership interest results in us having limited control over many decisions made with respect to the businesses of the joint ventures. We also cannot control the actions of our joint venture partners. These joint ventures may not be subject to the same requirements regarding internal controls and internal



control over financial reporting that we follow. As a result, internal control problems may arise with respect to these joint ventures. Any of these risks could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and could also affect our reputation.

Additionally, in connection with our merger (the “Merger”) with Sprint Corporation (“Sprint”) and related transactions, including the acquisition by DISH of certain prepaid wireless business (the “Prepaid Transaction” and, collectively, the “Transactions”), we agreed to fulfill various government commitments (the “Government Commitments”), including, among others, extensive 5G network build-out, delivering high-speed wireless services to the vast majority of Americans and marketing our in-home fixed wireless product to households where spectrum capacity is sufficient, as well as commitments related to national security, pricing and availability of rate plans. These Government Commitments materially increased our compliance obligations and could result in additional expenses and/or penalties in the future. In connection with the Prepaid Transaction, we and DISH entered into certain arrangements, including a Master Network Services Agreement (the “MNSA”), pursuant to which we provide DISH, for a period of seven years, network services for certain end users and infrastructure mobile network operator services to assist in the access and integration of the DISH network.

Any failure to fulfill our obligations under the Government Commitments and the MNSA in a timely manner could result in substantial fines, penalties, or other legal and administrative actions, liabilities, and reputational harm.

**Economic, political and market conditions may adversely affect our business, financial condition, and operating results.**

Our business, financial condition, and operating results are sensitive to changes in general economic conditions, including interest rates, consumer credit conditions, consumer debt levels, consumer confidence, unemployment rates, economic growth, energy costs, rates of inflation (or concerns about deflation), supply chain disruptions, impacts of current geopolitical conflict or instability, such as the Ukraine-Russia and Israel-Hamas wars and further escalations thereof, and other macroeconomic factors.

The wireless industry, broadly, is dependent on population growth, as a result, we expect the wireless industry’s customer growth rate to be moderate in comparison with historical growth rates, leading to ongoing competition for customers. In addition, the Government Commitments place certain limitations on our ability to increase prices, which limits our ability to pass along growing costs to customers. Rising prices for goods, services, and labor due to inflation could adversely impact our margins and/or growth.

Our services and device financing plans are available to a broad customer base, a significant segment of which may be vulnerable to weak economic conditions, particularly our subprime customers. We may have greater difficulty in gaining new customers within this segment, and existing customers may be more likely to terminate service and default on device financing plans due to an inability to pay.

Weak economic and credit conditions may also adversely impact our suppliers, dealers, wholesale partners or MVNOs, and enterprise and government customers, some of which may file for bankruptcy, or may experience cash flow or liquidity problems, or may be unable to obtain or refinance credit such that they may no longer be able to operate. Any of these could adversely impact our ability to distribute, market, or sell our products and services.

**If we do not successfully deliver new products and services, we may not realize our intended growth targets or generate the expected returns from our business, adversely affecting our financial condition, and operating results.**

We continue to expand our offerings beyond traditional wireless services to include High Speed Internet (including fiber broadband), advertising technology and services, and specialized network solutions, such as network slicing for first responders (T-Priority) and 5G advanced network solutions (ANS) for enterprises. These new ventures require significant capital, expertise, and operational support, and their success depends on factors we cannot fully control or predict. Increased competition, technical challenges, security concerns, operational complexities, or shifting regulatory landscapes could delay product rollouts, inflate costs, or limit adoption rates. Additionally, entering new markets or lines of business may expose us to unfamiliar regulatory requirements, compliance challenges, or damage existing customer relationships. Should these new products and services fail to gain traction, generate expected returns, or deliver value to customers, we could incur substantial expenses without offsetting revenue gains, adversely affecting our business, financial condition, and operating results.

**We rely on third parties to provide products and services for the operation of our business, and the failure or inability of such parties to provide these products or services could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and operating results.**

We have a diverse set of suppliers to help us develop, maintain, and troubleshoot products and services such as wireless and wireline network components, software development services, and billing and customer service support. However, in certain areas such as, billing services, voice, and data communications transport services, wireless or wireline network infrastructure equipment, handsets, other devices, back-office processes and payment processing, there are a limited number of suppliers who can provide adequate support for us, which decreases our flexibility to switch to alternative third parties. Unexpected termination of our arrangement with any of these suppliers or difficulties in renewing our commercial arrangements with them could have a material and adverse effect on our business operations.

Our suppliers are also subject to their own risks, including, but not limited to, cybersecurity, economic, financial and credit conditions, labor force disruptions, geopolitical tensions, disruptions in global supply chain and the risks of natural catastrophic events (such as earthquakes, floods, hurricanes, storms, heatwaves and fires), energy shortages, power outages, equipment failures, terrorist attacks or other hostile acts, and public health crises, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, which may result in performance below the levels required by their contracts. Our business could be severely disrupted if critical suppliers or service providers fail to comply with their contracts or if we experience delays or service degradation during any transition to a new outsourcing provider or other supplier or if we are required to replace the supplied products or services with those from another source, especially if the replacement becomes necessary on short notice. Any such disruptions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and operating results.

Further, some of our suppliers may provide services from outside of the United States, which carries additional regulatory and legal obligations. We rely on suppliers to provide us with contractual assurances and to disclose accurate information regarding risks associated with their provision of products or services in accordance with our policies and standards, including our Supplier Code of Conduct and our third-party risk management practices. The failure of our suppliers to comply with our expectations and policies could expose us to additional legal and litigation risks and lead to unexpected contract terminations.

Additionally, we rely on third-party technology partners on various projects and developments. If any of our third-party technology partners terminate or reduce their relationships with us or suspend, limit, or cease their operations, we may not be able to complete such initiatives or achieve the intended results from the partnerships, and our business, reputation, financial condition and results of operations may suffer.

**Sociopolitical volatility and polarization may adversely affect our business operations and reputation.**

The current sociopolitical environment is characterized by deep complexity, volatility, and polarization on various social and political issues. The increasing intersection of technology and politics has led to rapid and unpredictable shifts in public sentiment. Social media and digital platforms have amplified the voices of various stakeholders, creating the potential for swift change in public opinion and stronger reactions to corporate actions. As a company that sells products and services across the nation to millions of customers, these dynamics increase the risk of potential reputational damage, boycotts, and shifts in consumer behavior that could adversely affect our brand, sales and profitability. Our ability to respond effectively, sensitively, and authentically to the expectations and concerns of our customers, employees, and other stakeholders is key to mitigating these risks. If we are unable to manage these challenges effectively, there may be adverse impacts to our business, reputation, financial condition, and operating results.

Additionally, we are subject to emerging and evolving regulatory requirements and frameworks regarding environmental, social and governance matters, including potential new or revised disclosure rules proposed by the SEC and recently enacted or proposed legislation in jurisdictions such as California. The ultimate scope of these regulations may change as they are finalized, and they may not be uniform across jurisdictions. Meeting these obligations may require significant investments of time, capital, and personnel.

***Risks Related to Our Indebtedness***

**Our substantial level of indebtedness could adversely affect our business flexibility and ability to service our debt, and increase our borrowing costs.**

We have, and we expect that we will continue to have, a substantial amount of debt. Our substantial level of indebtedness could have the effect of, among other things, reducing our flexibility in responding to changing business, economic, market and industry conditions and increasing the amount of cash required to service our debt. In addition, this level of indebtedness may

also reduce funds available for capital expenditures, any Board-approved share repurchases, dividends or other activities. Those impacts may put us at a competitive disadvantage relative to other companies with lower debt levels. Further, we may incur substantial additional indebtedness in the future, subject to the restrictions contained in our debt instruments, if any, which could increase the risks associated with our capital structure.

Our ability to service our substantial debt obligations will depend on future performance, which will be affected by business, economic, market and industry conditions and other factors. There is no guarantee that we will be able to generate sufficient cash flow to service our debt obligations when due. If we are unable to meet such obligations or fail to comply with the financial and other restrictive covenants contained in the agreements governing such debt obligations, we may be required to refinance all or part of our debt, sell important strategic assets at unfavorable prices or make additional borrowings. We may not be able to, at any given time, refinance our debt, sell assets, or make additional borrowings on commercially reasonable terms or at all, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and operating results.

**Changes in credit market conditions and other factors could adversely affect our ability to raise debt favorably.**

Instability in the global financial markets, inflation, policies of various governmental and regulatory agencies, including changes in monetary policy and interest rates, and other general economic conditions could lead to volatility in the credit and equity markets. This volatility could limit our access to the capital markets, leading to higher borrowing costs or, in some cases, the inability to obtain financing on terms that are acceptable to us or at all. Further, deterioration in our operating performance may lead to a decrease in our credit ratings, which could also impact our ability to access the debt capital markets at rates favorable or acceptable to us.

In addition, any hedging agreements we may enter into to limit our exposure to interest rate increases or foreign currency fluctuations may not offer complete protection from these risks or may be unsuccessful, and consequently may effectively increase the interest rate we pay on our debt or the exchange rate with respect to any debt we may incur in a foreign currency, and any portion not subject to such hedging agreements would have full exposure to interest rate increases or foreign currency fluctuations, as applicable. If any financial institutions that are parties to our hedging agreements were to default on their payment obligations to us, declare bankruptcy or become insolvent, we would be unhedged against the underlying exposures. Any posting of collateral by us under our hedging agreements and the modification or termination of any of our hedging agreements could negatively impact our liquidity or other financial metrics. Any of these risks could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and operating results.

***Risks Related to Legal and Regulatory Matters***

**Failure to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting could impair our compliance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, which could lead to material misstatements in our financial statements and adversely affect our operations and reputation.**

We rely on robust internal controls to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial information and the preparation of our financial statements. These controls include, among other things, properly designed processes, clear policies and procedures, competent personnel, effective oversight functions, and reliable information systems that facilitate the collection, processing, and communication of financial data. As we continue to refine and improve our systems to align with our evolving business needs, there is no assurance that these improvements will be implemented without delays or disruptions. A failure or significant delay in updating our systems, or a failure to effectively integrate new systems with existing processes, could compromise the effectiveness of our internal controls. If our internal controls are not effectively designed or properly implemented, or if changes to our business processes or organizational structure outpace our internal controls' ability to adapt, we could experience material weaknesses or other deficiencies.

Any material weaknesses or other control deficiencies that may arise in the future could require significant time and resources to remediate. If we are unable to remediate material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting, then our ability to analyze, record and report financial information free of material misstatements, to prepare financial statements within the time periods specified by the rules and forms of the SEC and otherwise to comply with the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act would be negatively impacted. As a result, we could face legal fines and penalties, diminished investor confidence, and adverse impacts on our access to the capital markets, potentially resulting in a decline in our stock price and harm to our reputation.

**Changes in regulations or in the regulatory framework under which we operate could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and operating results.**

We are subject to regulatory oversight by various federal, state, and local agencies, as well as judicial review and actions, on issues related to the wireless industry that include, but are not limited to, roaming, interconnection, spectrum allocation and licensing, facilities siting, pole attachments, intercarrier compensation, Universal Service Fund (“USF”), 911 services, robocalling/robotexting, consumer protection, consumer privacy, and cybersecurity. We are also subject to regulations in connection with other aspects of our business, including device financing and insurance activities.

The FCC regulates the licensing, construction, modification, operation, ownership, sale, and interconnection of wireless communications systems, as do some state and local regulatory agencies. In particular, the FCC imposes significant regulation on licensees of wireless spectrum with respect to how radio spectrum is used by licensees or at what power levels, the nature of the services that licensees may offer and how the services may be offered, and the resolution of issues of interference between operators in the same or adjacent spectrum bands. Changes necessary to resolve interference issues or concerns may have a significant impact on our ability to fully utilize our spectrum. Additionally, the FTC and other federal and state agencies have asserted that they have jurisdiction over some consumer protection matters, and the elimination and prevention of anticompetitive business practices with respect to the provision of wireless products and services.

We cannot assure that the FCC or any other federal, state, or local agencies will not adopt or change regulations, change or discontinue existing programs, implement new programs, or take enforcement or other actions that would adversely affect our business, impose new costs, or require changes in current or planned operations, including timing of the shutdown of legacy technologies.

We also face potential investigations by, and inquiries from or actions by state public utility commissions. We also cannot assure that Congress will not amend the Communications Act, from which the FCC obtains its authority, and which serves to limit state authority, or enact other legislation in a manner that could be adverse to our business.

Further, government funded programs may be discontinued due to ongoing legal challenges to the FCC’s funding mechanism, which could result in the reduction in subsidies for low-income customers and the associated revenue.

Failure to comply with applicable regulations could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and operating results. We could be subject to fines, forfeitures, and other penalties (including, in extreme cases, revocation of our spectrum licenses) for failure to comply with the FCC or other governmental regulations, even if any such noncompliance was unintentional. The loss of any licenses, or any related fines or forfeitures, could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and operating results.

**Laws and regulations relating to the handling of privacy, data protection and AI may result in increased costs, legal claims, fines against us, or reputational damage.**

Since 2020, more than a dozen states have enacted new, comprehensive privacy laws that create new data privacy rights for residents of those states and new compliance obligations for us and the industry in general, in addition to private rights of action for certain types of data breaches. These include the California Consumer Privacy Act (“CCPA”) and similar laws in other states. Pending legislation in a number of other states would create similar laws elsewhere. All of these new privacy laws and others that we expect to be developed and enacted going forward will impose additional data protection obligations and potential liability on companies such as ours doing business in those states. Further, privacy laws also limit our ability to collect and use personal information.

We have incurred and will continue to incur significant implementation costs to ensure compliance with the CCPA, new privacy laws in other states, and their related regulations, including managing the complexity of laws that vary from state to state. Both federal and state governments are considering additional privacy laws and regulations which, if passed, could further impact our business, strategies, offerings, and initiatives and cause us to incur further costs. Any actual or perceived failure to comply with the CCPA, other data privacy laws or regulations, or related contractual or other obligations, or any perceived privacy rights violation, could lead to investigations, claims, and proceedings by governmental entities and private parties, damages for contract breaches, and other significant costs, penalties, and other liabilities, as well as harm to our reputation and market position.

AI-related laws and regulations continue to remain uncertain and may vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. Our obligations to comply with the evolving legal and regulatory landscape may require us to incur significant additional costs or limit our ability to incorporate certain AI capabilities into our business operations or product offerings. As we integrate AI technologies into our

business, we must navigate varying regulations that could impact our operations and product development. Failure to comply with these regulations could result in fines, penalties, or restrictions on our use of AI, which could adversely affect our business.

**Unfavorable outcomes of legal proceedings may adversely affect our business, reputation, financial condition, cash flows and operating results.**

We and our affiliates are involved in various disputes, governmental and/or regulatory inspections, investigations and proceedings, mass arbitrations and litigation matters. For more information, see “– Contingencies and Litigation – Litigation and Regulatory Matters” in [Note 18 – Commitments and Contingencies](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

In addition, we, along with equipment manufacturers and other carriers, are subject to current and potential future lawsuits alleging adverse health effects arising from the use of wireless handsets or from wireless transmission equipment such as cell towers. In addition, the FCC has from time to time gathered data regarding wireless device emissions, and its assessment of the risks associated with using wireless devices may evolve based on its findings. Any of these allegations or changes in risk assessments could result in customers purchasing fewer devices and wireless services, could result in significant legal and regulatory liability, and could have a material adverse effect on our business, reputation, financial condition, cash flows and operating results.

Such legal proceedings can be complex, costly, and highly disruptive to our business operations by diverting the attention and energy of management and other key personnel. The assessment of the outcome of legal proceedings, including our potential liability, if any, is a highly subjective process that requires judgments about future events that are not within our control. The amounts ultimately received or paid upon settlement or pursuant to final judgment, order or decree may differ materially from amounts accrued in our financial statements. In addition, litigation or similar proceedings could impose restraints on our current or future manner of doing business. Such potential outcomes including judgments, awards, settlements or orders could have a material adverse effect on our business, reputation, financial condition, cash flows and operating results.

**Our business may be adversely impacted if we are not able to protect our intellectual property rights or if we infringe on the intellectual property rights of others.**

We rely on a variety of intellectual property assets, including patents, copyrights, trademarks, and domains, to maintain our competitiveness. If we are unable to protect our intellectual property due to factors such as changes in US intellectual property laws, the value of our intellectual property may become impaired, which may adversely impact our business and financial results.

Additionally, we have faced and will continue to face various litigations alleging that our products or services infringe patents or other intellectual property of third parties, including potential litigation arising from our use of AI. If successful, these litigations could result in an award of financial compensation, including damages or royalties, business disruptions, reputational harm, or an order requiring that we cease offering, selling, and using the relevant products, equipment, services, and network functions. Defending against such litigation is not only costly and time-consuming, but it may also be disruptive to our business operations and divert resources and attention. Furthermore, the outcomes of these litigations are inherently uncertain.

Our suppliers and vendors also have and will continue to face intellectual property litigation related to the technology used in the products, equipment, and services they provide to us. If successful, such litigation against our suppliers and vendors might impact their ability to continue to provide the relevant products, equipment, and services to us.

**We offer regulated financial services products. These products expose us to a wide variety of state and federal regulations.**

The financing of devices, such as through our EIP, impact our regulatory compliance obligations. Failure to remain compliant with applicable regulations may increase our risk exposure in the following areas:

- consumer complaints and potential examinations or enforcement actions by federal and state regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, state attorneys general, the FCC and the FTC; and
- regulatory fines, penalties, enforcement actions, civil litigation, and/or class action lawsuits. Failure to comply with applicable regulations and the realization of any of these risks could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and operating results.

**Our business may be impacted by new or amended tax laws or regulations or administrative interpretations and judicial decisions affecting the scope or application of tax laws or regulations.**

In connection with the products and services we sell, we calculate, collect, and remit various federal, state, and local taxes, fees and regulatory charges (“tax” or “taxes”) to numerous federal, state and local governmental authorities, including federal and state USF contributions and common carrier regulatory charges and public safety fees. As many of our service plans offer taxes and fees inclusive, our business results could be adversely impacted by increases in taxes and fees. In addition, we incur and pay state and local transaction taxes and fees on purchases of goods and services used in our business.

Tax laws are dynamic and subject to change as new laws are passed and new interpretations of the laws are issued or applied. In many cases, the application of existing, newly enacted or amended tax laws may be uncertain and subject to different interpretations, especially when evaluated against new technologies and telecommunications services, such as broadband internet access and cloud-related services. Legislative changes, administrative interpretations and judicial decisions affecting the scope or application of tax laws could also impact revenue reported and taxes due on tax inclusive plans. Additionally, failure to comply with any of the tax laws could subject us to additional taxes, fines, penalties, or other adverse actions.

In the event that federal, state, and/or local municipalities were to significantly increase taxes and regulatory or public safety charges on our network, operations, or services, or seek to impose new taxes or charges, it could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and operating results.

**Our wireless licenses are subject to renewal and may be revoked in the event that we violate applicable laws.**

Our existing wireless licenses are subject to renewal upon the expiration of the period for which they are granted. Our licenses have been granted with an expectation of renewal, and the FCC generally has approved our license renewal applications. However, the Communications Act provides that licenses may be revoked for cause and license renewal applications denied if the FCC determines that a renewal would not serve the public interest. If we fail to timely file to renew any wireless license or fail to meet any regulatory requirements for renewal, including construction and substantial service requirements, we could be denied a license renewal. Many of our wireless licenses are subject to interim or final construction requirements, and there is no guarantee that the FCC will find our construction, or the construction of prior licensees, sufficient to meet the build-out or renewal requirements. Accordingly, we cannot assure that the FCC will renew our wireless licenses upon their expiration. If any of our wireless licenses were to be revoked or not renewed upon expiration, we would not be permitted to provide services under that license, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and operating results.

***Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock***

**Our Certificate of Incorporation designates the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware as the sole and exclusive forum for certain actions and proceedings, which could limit the ability of our stockholders to obtain a judicial forum of their choice for disputes with the Company or its directors, officers or employees.**

Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware shall be the sole and exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of the Company, (ii) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer or employee of the Company to the Company or its stockholders, (iii) any action asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, the Certificate of Incorporation or the Company's bylaws or (iv) any other action asserting a claim arising under, in connection with, and governed by the internal affairs doctrine. This choice of forum provision does not waive our compliance with our obligations under the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. Moreover, the provision does not apply to suits brought to enforce a duty or liability created by the Exchange Act or by the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

This choice of forum provision may increase costs to bring a claim, discourage claims or limit a stockholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that the stockholder finds favorable for disputes with the Company or its directors, officers or employees, which may discourage such lawsuits against the Company and its directors, officers and employees, even though an action, if successful, might benefit our stockholders. Alternatively, if a court were to find the choice of forum provision to be inapplicable or unenforceable in an action, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such matters in other jurisdictions, which could increase our costs of litigation and adversely affect our business and financial condition.

**DT controls a majority of the voting power of our common stock and the T-Mobile trademarks we utilize in our business and may have interests that differ from the interests of our other stockholders.**

DT controls a majority of the voting power of our common stock and therefore we are a “controlled company,” as defined in the NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (“NASDAQ”) listing rules, and we are not subject to NASDAQ requirements that would otherwise require us to have a majority of independent directors, a nominating committee composed solely of independent directors or a compensation committee composed solely of independent directors. Accordingly, our stockholders will not be afforded the same protections as stockholders of other NASDAQ-listed companies generally receive with respect to corporate governance for so long as we rely on these exemptions from the corporate governance requirements.

In addition, pursuant to our Certificate of Incorporation and the Second Amended and Restated Stockholders’ Agreement, as long as DT beneficially owns 30% or more of our outstanding common stock, we are restricted from taking certain actions without DT’s prior written consent, including (i) incurring indebtedness above certain levels based on a specified debt to cash flow ratio, (ii) taking any action that would cause a default under any instrument evidencing indebtedness involving DT or its affiliates, (iii) acquiring or disposing of assets or entering into mergers or similar acquisitions in excess of \$1.0 billion, (iv) changing the size of our Board of Directors, (v) subject to certain exceptions, issuing equity of 10% or more of the then-outstanding shares of our common stock, or issuing equity to redeem debt held by DT, (vi) repurchasing or redeeming equity securities or making any extraordinary or in-kind dividend other than on a pro rata basis, or (vii) making certain changes involving our CEO. We are also restricted from amending our Certificate of Incorporation and bylaws in any manner that could adversely affect DT’s rights under the Second Amended and Restated Stockholders’ Agreement for as long as DT beneficially owns 5% or more of our outstanding common stock. These restrictions could prevent us from taking actions that our Board of Directors might otherwise determine are in the best interests of the Company and our stockholders, or that may be in the best interests of our other stockholders.

DT effectively has control over all matters submitted to our stockholders for approval, including the election or removal of directors, changes to our Certificate of Incorporation, a sale or merger of our Company and other transactions requiring stockholder approval under Delaware law. DT’s controlling interest may have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire, or discouraging a third party from seeking to acquire, the Company and DT, as the controlling stockholder, may have strategic, financial, or other interests different from those of our other stockholders, including as the holder of a portion of our debt and as the counterparty in a number of commercial arrangements, and may make decisions adverse to the interests of our other stockholders.

In addition, we license certain trademarks from DT, including the right to use the trademark “T-Mobile” as a name for the Company and our flagship brand under a trademark license agreement, as amended, with DT. As described in more detail in our Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the SEC on April 24, 2024 under the heading “Transactions with Related Persons and Approval,” we are obligated to pay DT a royalty in an amount equal to 0.25% (the “royalty rate”) of the net revenue (as defined in the trademark license) generated by products and services sold by the Company under the licensed trademarks subject to a cap of \$80 million per calendar year through December 31, 2028. We and DT are obligated to negotiate a new trademark license when (i) DT has 50% or less of the voting power of the outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company or (ii) any third party owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 50% or more of the voting power of the outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company, or otherwise has the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of the Company. If we and DT fail to agree on a new trademark license, either we or DT may terminate the trademark license and such termination shall be effective, in the case of clause (i) above, on the third anniversary after a notice of termination and, in the case of clause (ii) above, on the second anniversary after a notice of termination. A further increase in the royalty rate or termination of the trademark license could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and operating results.

**We cannot guarantee that our current and future stockholder return programs will be fully utilized or that they will enhance long-term stockholder value.**

Our Board of Directors has authorized, and may from time to time authorize, stockholder return programs, consisting of repurchases of shares of our common stock, the payment of cash dividends, or both. The specific timing and amount of any share repurchases and any dividend payments under any stockholder return program will depend on prevailing share prices, general economic and market conditions, Company performance and other considerations, such as whether the Company determines that there are other uses for the funds currently authorized for the program that would be more advantageous for our business. In addition, the specific timing and amount of any dividend payments are subject to declaration on future dates by the Board of Directors in its sole discretion.



Any stockholder return program could impact our cash flows and affect the trading price of our common stock and increase volatility. We cannot guarantee that any stockholder return program will be fully consummated or that it will enhance long-term stockholder value. Our current and future stockholder return programs do not, and will not, obligate the Company to acquire any particular amount of common stock or to declare and pay any particular amount of dividends, and any program may be suspended or discontinued at any time at the Company's discretion. Any announcement of termination of any program may result in a decrease in the price of our common stock.

**Future sales of our common stock by DT and SoftBank and foreign ownership limitations by the FCC could have a negative impact on our stock price and decrease the value of our stock.**

We cannot predict the effect, if any, that market sales of shares of our common stock by DT or SoftBank will have on the prevailing trading price of our common stock. Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock could cause our stock price to decline.

We and DT are parties to the Second Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement pursuant to which DT is free to transfer its shares in public sales without notice, as long as such transactions would not result in a third party owning more than 30% of the outstanding shares of our common stock. If a transfer were to exceed the 30% threshold, it would be prohibited unless the transfer were approved by our Board of Directors, or the transferee were to make a binding offer to purchase all of the other outstanding shares on the same price and terms. The Second Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement does not otherwise impose any other restrictions on the sales of common stock by DT. Moreover, the Second Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement generally requires us to cooperate with DT to facilitate the resale of our common stock or debt securities held by DT under shelf registration statements we have filed.

The sale of shares of our common stock by DT or SoftBank (other than in transactions involving the purchase of all of our outstanding shares) could significantly increase the number of shares available in the market, which could cause a decrease in our stock price. In addition, even if DT or SoftBank does not sell a large number of their shares into the market, their rights to transfer a large number of shares into the market could depress our stock price.

Furthermore, under existing law, no more than 20% of an FCC licensee's capital stock may be directly owned, or no more than 25% indirectly owned, or voted by non-U.S. citizens or their representatives, by a foreign government or its representatives or by a foreign corporation. If an FCC licensee is controlled by another entity, up to 25% of that entity's capital stock may be owned or voted by non-U.S. citizens or their representatives, by a foreign government or its representatives or by a foreign corporation. Foreign ownership above the 25% holding company level may be allowed if the FCC finds such higher levels consistent with the public interest. The FCC has ruled that higher levels of foreign ownership, even up to 100%, are presumptively consistent with the public interest with respect to investors from certain nations. If our foreign ownership by previously unapproved foreign parties were to exceed the permitted level without further FCC authorization, the FCC could subject us to a range of penalties, including an order for us to divest the foreign ownership in part, fines, license revocation or denials of license renewals. If ownership of our common stock by an unapproved foreign entity were to become subject to such limitations, or if any ownership of our common stock violates any other rule or regulation of the FCC applicable to us, our Certificate of Incorporation provides for certain redemption provisions at a pre-determined price which may be less than fair market value. These limitations and our Certificate of Incorporation may limit our ability to attract additional equity financing outside the United States and decrease the value of our common stock.

**Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments**

None.

**Item 1C. Cybersecurity**

**Risk Management and Strategy**

***Our Cybersecurity Approach and Integration***

We have implemented processes for overseeing and identifying material risks from cybersecurity threats, and our cybersecurity processes are integrated into the Company's overall risk management system and processes. As part of management's oversight of cybersecurity, our Chief Security Officer ("CSO") presents on our cybersecurity practices to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of our Board of Directors (the "NCG Committee") and to our full Board of Directors on a periodic basis. Our Senior Vice President, Internal Audit & Risk Management (the "Chief Audit Executive"), periodically presents enterprise risks, including cybersecurity risks, to the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors (the "Audit Committee"). Our



Chief Compliance Officer regularly attends meetings of the NCG Committee to provide insights from the compliance perspective relating to cybersecurity.

Cyber risk management is a core component of the Company's governance structure. We utilize the National Institute of Standards and Technology's Cybersecurity Framework as a guide in cyber risk management to identify, assess, and assist the CSO in managing cybersecurity risks. Cyber risk management encompasses partnerships among teams that are responsible for cyber governance, prevention, detection, and remediation activities within the Company's cybersecurity environment. As part of our cyber risk management efforts, we conduct periodic reviews and collaborate with enterprise-wide risk assessments to assess and manage cybersecurity risks. Our cybersecurity team also provides enterprise-wide cybersecurity training for employees to continuously improve our mitigation against human-driven vulnerabilities.

Our management also conducts a quarterly enterprise-wide risk assessment that considers a wide spectrum of risks facing the Company, including cybersecurity. Through these quarterly risk assessments, management informs the Audit Committee on the cyber risk landscape facing the Company and the Company's preparedness to manage such risk. The enterprise-wide risk assessment is a top-down risk assessment that leverages the assessments performed by cyber risk management.

#### ***Engagement with External Experts***

The Company engages top-tier external cyber security firms, as needed, leveraging their expertise as part of our ongoing effort to evaluate and enhance our cybersecurity program. They help with cyber defense capabilities (including staff enhancement of certain functions) and transformation to mitigate associated threats, reduce risk, enhance our cybersecurity posture, and meet the Company's evolving needs.

#### ***Oversight of Third-Party Service Providers***

Our third-party risk management program includes processes for identifying and managing material cybersecurity risks arising from third-party providers. Our third-party risk management program actively engages with the enterprise-wide risk assessment process and partners with cyber risk management to report relevant risks to the NCG Committee, the Audit Committee and our internal Enterprise Risk & Compliance Committee. Our third-party risk management program includes cybersecurity as an aspect of its risk assessment of third parties with the objective that key risks are identified and addressed. Moreover, the program also considers risks associated with certain fourth parties, entities that are partners or subcontractors of our direct third-party vendors, through assessments carried out by our third-party service providers.

#### ***Cybersecurity Incident Impact***

As previously disclosed, in August 2021, we experienced a cybersecurity incident that resulted in numerous lawsuits, including mass arbitration claims and multiple class action lawsuits. In January 2023, we experienced another cybersecurity incident that also resulted in consumer class actions and regulatory inquiries. As a result of the August 2021 cyberattack and the January 2023 cyberattack, we have incurred and may continue to incur significant costs or experience other material financial impacts, which may not be covered by, or may exceed the coverage limits of, our cyber liability insurance, and such costs and impacts may have a material adverse effect on our business, reputation, financial condition, cash flows and operating results. For additional details regarding the impact of both cybersecurity incidents, see [Note 18 – Commitments and Contingencies](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

We have not identified other known risks from previous cybersecurity threats that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect us. However, we face ongoing risks from certain cybersecurity threats that, if realized, are reasonably likely to materially affect business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition. See "Risk Factors – *We have experienced criminal cyberattacks and could in the future be further harmed by disruption, data loss or other security breaches, whether directly or indirectly through third parties whose products and services we rely on in operating our business.*"

### **Governance**

#### **Disclosure of Management's Responsibilities**

##### ***Transformation and Chief Information & Digital Officer***

The Transformation and Chief Information & Digital Officer under the direction of the Company's Chief Executive Officer, is responsible for overseeing the Company's information technology systems, digital capabilities, and cybersecurity practices. The CSO, under the direction of the Transformation and Chief Information & Digital Officer, is responsible for overseeing the

cybersecurity organization and promoting a security-centric culture throughout our business and operational functions. The CSO is at the forefront of enhancing our cybersecurity framework and strengthening the overall cybersecurity program. This involves upgrading tools and capabilities, which are part of a broader, multi-year strategy to continue to enhance security measures. The CSO oversees the cyber risk management function, which identifies cybersecurity threats, assesses cybersecurity risks and supports the Transformation and Chief Information & Digital Officer and the Company in managing such risks.

As the Company's Executive Vice President, Transformation and Chief Information & Digital Officer, Néstor Cano has served in several leadership positions at both the Company and Sprint, including as Sprint's Chief Operating Officer, overseeing, among other things, Sprint's digital architecture and delivery. Mr. Cano studied industrial engineering at Barcelona Polytechnic University, attended the Executive Distribution Academy by INSEAD Business School in Fontainebleau, France, and also completed his post-graduate degree in executive management at IESE Business School in Barcelona, Spain.

As the Company's CSO, Jeff Simon has extensive experience in risk management and information security, including serving as the Chief Information Security Officer at Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. Mr. Simon received his Master of Science in Computer Science, Software Engineering & Artificial Intelligence from the Johns Hopkins Whiting School of Engineering and Bachelor of Science in Business Administration and Applied Economics from Marquette University. Mr. Simon is a Certified Information Systems Security Professional.

### ***Enterprise Risk & Compliance Committee***

Our Enterprise Risk & Compliance Committee is comprised of a collective of senior management representatives and subject matter experts from across the Company. The Enterprise Risk & Compliance Committee is chaired by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, with the Executive Vice President & General Counsel as the co-chair and comprises core members including the Transformation and Chief Information & Digital Officer, while the CSO serves in an advisory capacity. The purpose of the Enterprise Risk & Compliance Committee is to oversee and govern the Company's risk management, environmental, social, corporate governance, cybersecurity, and operational compliance activities, as well as provide a means of bringing risk issues to the attention of management. Specific to cybersecurity, the Transformation and Chief Information & Digital Officer and the CSO have the expertise to provide insights into the nature of cyber threats, the Company's readiness, and actions taken to mitigate such risks.

### **Disclosure of the Board's Roles and Responsibilities**

Our Board of Directors oversees risks from cybersecurity threats using a multi-faceted approach that involves the NCG Committee and Audit Committee and various executive roles. Additionally, our Transformation and Chief Information & Digital Officer and CSO report on cybersecurity to the full Board.

### ***Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee***

The NCG Committee oversees risks associated with data privacy and information security, which encompasses cybersecurity. Our CSO and Chief Compliance Officer, among other executives, provide periodic reports to the NCG Committee and also meet with the NCG Committee to discuss any material events when they arise. The periodic reports are designed to keep the NCG Committee abreast of the Company's cybersecurity practices, risks and trends in cybersecurity threats. The NCG Committee also has discussions with management focused on evaluating the Company's exposure to cybersecurity risks and cybersecurity practices in place to mitigate such risks. These discussions enable the NCG Committee to be informed of the steps management is taking to detect, monitor and manage cybersecurity risks. These reports to the NCG Committee typically include information on any significant incidents that have occurred, how they were managed, and any changes to the risk profile of the Company. The NCG Committee seeks updates to facilitate proactive governance and to allow the NCG Committee to address emerging cybersecurity issues with management.

### ***Audit Committee***

The Audit Committee is integral to overseeing the Company's overall risk management strategies, including cybersecurity risks and disclosures. To keep the Audit Committee informed, the Chief Audit Executive maintains a direct and open communication channel with the Audit Committee. Regular meetings are held for the Chief Audit Executive to report to the Audit Committee. These include an enterprise-wide risk assessment that highlights cybersecurity risks and cybersecurity risk mitigation actions. Additionally, the Audit Committee receives updates on significant incidents and cybersecurity risks that have been presented to or discussed with the Enterprise Risk & Compliance Committee.

## Item 2. Properties

Our properties are best described on a collective basis, as no individual property is material. Our property and equipment consists of the following:

| (percent of gross property and equipment) | December 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Wireless communications systems           | 71 %              | 68 %              |
| Land, buildings and building equipment    | 5 %               | 5 %               |
| Data processing equipment and other       | 24 %              | 27 %              |
| Total                                     | 100 %             | 100 %             |

Wireless communications systems primarily consist of assets used to operate our wireless network and information technology data centers, including switching equipment, radio frequency equipment, tower assets, High Speed Internet routers, construction in progress and leasehold improvements related to the wireless network and asset retirement costs.

Land, buildings and building equipment primarily consist of land and land improvements, central office buildings or any other buildings that house network equipment, buildings used for administrative and other purposes, related construction in progress and certain network service equipment.

Data processing equipment and other primarily consist of data processing equipment, office equipment, capitalized software, leased wireless devices, construction in progress and leasehold improvements.

We also lease distributed antenna systems and small cell sites, as well as properties throughout the United States that contain data and switching centers, customer call centers, retail locations, warehouses and administrative spaces.

## Item 3. Legal Proceedings

For more information regarding the legal proceedings in which we are involved, see [Note 18 – Commitments and Contingencies](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

## PART II.

### Item 5. Market for Registrant’s Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

#### Market Information

Our common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol “TMUS.” We are included within the S&P 500 in the Wireless Telecommunication Services GICS (Global Industry Classification Standard) Sub-Industry index. As of January 24, 2025, there were 14,513 registered stockholders of record of our common stock, but we estimate the total number of stockholders to be much higher as a number of our shares are held by brokers or dealers for their customers in street name.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we declared and paid cash dividends totaling \$2.83 per share, as part of our 2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program (as defined below). Additionally, on November 21, 2024, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.88 per share on our issued and outstanding common stock, which will be paid on March 13, 2025, to stockholders of record as of the close of business on February 28, 2025, as part of our 2025 Stockholder Return Program (as defined below).

#### Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The table below provides information regarding our share repurchases during the three months ended December 31, 2024:

| (in millions, except share and per share amounts) | Total Number of Shares Purchased | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that may yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs <sup>(1)</sup> |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|
| October 1, 2024 - October 31, 2024                | 7,070,211                        | \$ 217.82                    | 7,070,211  | \$ 5,731  |
| November 1, 2024 - November 30, 2024              | 6,527,845                        | 235.76                       | 6,527,845  | 4,192   |
| December 1, 2024 - December 31, 2024              | 6,685,526                        | 230.35                       | 6,685,526  | 14,004  |
| Total   | 20,283,582                       |                              | 20,283,582   |   |

- (1) On September 6, 2023, our Board of Directors authorized a stockholder return program for up to \$19.0 billion of repurchases of our common stock and payment of dividends through December 31, 2024 (the “2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program”). On December 13, 2024, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized a stockholder return program for up to an additional \$14.0 billion that will run through December 31, 2025 (the “2025 Stockholder Return Program”). The amounts presented represent the remaining dollar amount authorized for purchase under the 2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program and 2025 Stockholder Return Program, as applicable, as of the end of the period, which has been reduced by the amount of any cash dividends declared and paid by the Company.

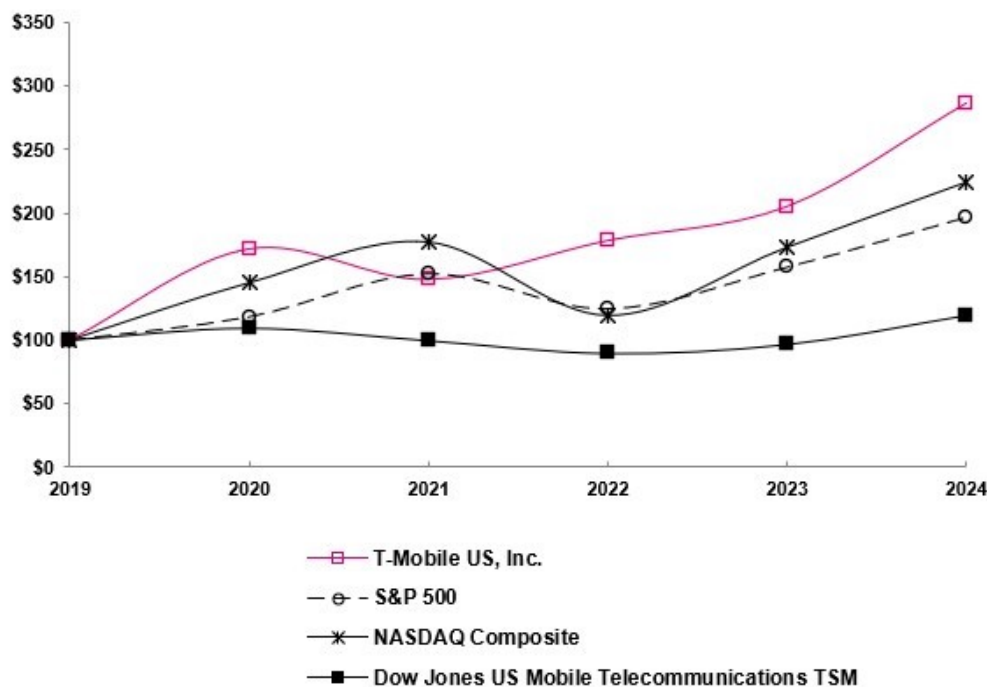
See [Note 15 - Stockholder Return Programs](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information about our 2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program and 2025 Stockholder Return Program.

## Performance Graph

The graph below compares the five-year cumulative total returns of T-Mobile, the S&P 500 index, the NASDAQ Composite index and the Dow Jones US Mobile Telecommunications TSM index. The graph tracks the performance of a \$100 investment, with the reinvestment of all dividends, from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2024.

### COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN\*

Among T-Mobile US, Inc., the S&P 500 Index, the NASDAQ Composite Index and the Dow Jones US Mobile Telecommunications TSM Index



\*\$100 invested on 12/31/19 in stock or index, including reinvestment of dividends.  
Fiscal year ending December 31.

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The five-year cumulative total returns of T-Mobile, the S&P 500 index, the NASDAQ Composite index and the Dow Jones US Mobile Telecommunications TSM index, as illustrated in the graph above, are as follows:

| (in dollars)                               | At December 31, |           |           |           |           |           |
|--|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|  | 2019            | 2020      | 2021      | 2022      | 2023      | 2024      |
| T-Mobile US, Inc.                          | \$ 100.00       | \$ 171.96 | \$ 147.90 | \$ 178.53 | \$ 205.33 | \$ 286.82 |
| S&P 500                                    | 100.00          | 118.40    | 152.39    | 124.79    | 157.59    | 197.02    |
| NASDAQ Composite                           | 100.00          | 144.92    | 177.06    | 119.45    | 172.77    | 223.87    |
| Dow Jones US Mobile Telecommunications TSM | 100.00          | 109.03    | 99.62     | 89.92     | 96.64     | 118.64    |

*The stock price performance included in this graph is not necessarily indicative of future stock price performance.*

## Item 6. [Reserved]

## Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

### Overview

The objectives of our Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (“MD&A”) are to provide users of our consolidated financial statements with the following:

- A narrative explanation from the perspective of management of our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, liquidity and certain other factors that may affect future results;
- Context to the consolidated financial statements; and
- Information that allows assessment of the likelihood that past performance is indicative of future performance.

Our MD&A is provided as a supplement to, and should be read together with, our audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, included in [Part II, Item 8](#) of this Form 10-K. Except as expressly stated, the financial condition and results of operations discussed throughout our MD&A are those of T-Mobile US, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

### Merger-Related Costs

Merger-related costs associated with our Merger with Sprint generally include:

- Integration costs to achieve efficiencies in network, retail, information technology and back office operations, migrate customers to the T-Mobile network and billing systems and the impact of legal matters assumed as part of the Merger;
- Restructuring costs, including severance, store rationalization and network decommissioning; and
- Transaction costs, including legal and professional services related to the completion of the transactions.

Merger-related costs have been excluded from our calculations of Adjusted EBITDA and Core Adjusted EBITDA, which are non-GAAP financial measures, as we do not consider these costs to be reflective of our ongoing operating performance. See “Adjusted EBITDA and Core Adjusted EBITDA” in the [“Performance Measures”](#) section of this MD&A. Net cash payments for Merger-related costs, including payments related to our restructuring plan, are included in Net cash provided by operating activities on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and our calculation of Adjusted Free Cash Flow.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we recognized a gain for the \$100 million extension fee previously paid by DISH associated with the DISH License Purchase Agreement as a reduction to Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. The gain was presented as a reduction in Merger-related costs and excluded from our calculations of Adjusted EBITDA and Core Adjusted EBITDA. See [Note 7 – Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information.

As of June 30, 2024, we have incurred substantially all restructuring and integration costs associated with the Merger and, accordingly, no longer separately disclose Merger-related costs. The cash payments for the Merger-related costs incurred extend beyond 2024. Cash payments extending beyond 2024 primarily relate to operating and financing leases for which we have recognized accelerated lease expense. See [Note 19 – Restructuring Costs](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information.

Merger-related costs are presented below:

| (in millions)   | Year Ended December 31, |                 |                 | 2024 Versus 2023 |              | 2023 Versus 2022  |              |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
|   | 2024                    | 2023            | 2022            | \$ Change        | % Change     | \$ Change         | % Change     |
| <b>Merger-related costs</b>   |                         |                 |                 |                  |              |                   |              |
| Cost of services, exclusive of depreciation and amortization        | \$ 180                  | \$ 652          | \$ 2,670        | \$ (472)         | (72)%        | \$ (2,018)        | (76)%        |
| Cost of equipment sales, exclusive of depreciation and amortization | —                       | (12)            | 1,524           | 12               | (100)%       | (1,536)           | (101)%       |
| Selling, general and administrative                                 | (59)                    | 394             | 775             | (453)            | (115)%       | (381)             | (49)%        |
| Total Merger-related costs  | <u>\$ 121</u>           | <u>\$ 1,034</u> | <u>\$ 4,969</u> | <u>\$ (913)</u>  | <u>(88)%</u> | <u>\$ (3,935)</u> | <u>(79)%</u> |
| Net cash payments for Merger-related costs                          | \$ 767                  | \$ 1,973        | \$ 3,364        | \$ (1,206)       | (61)%        | \$ (1,391)        | (41)%        |

## 2023 Workforce Reduction

In August 2023, we implemented an initiative to reduce the size of our workforce by approximately 5,000 positions, just under 7% of our total employee base, primarily in corporate and back-office functions, and some technology roles.

See [Note 19 – Restructuring Costs](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information.

## Joint Ventures

On April 24, 2024, we entered into a definitive agreement with a fund operated by EQT, Infrastructure VI fund (“Fund VI”), to establish a joint venture between us and Fund VI to acquire Lumos (“Lumos”), a fiber-to-the-home platform, from EQT’s predecessor fund, EQT Infrastructure III. The arrangement is expected to close in the first half of 2025, subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals. At closing, we expect to invest approximately \$950 million in the joint venture to acquire a 50% equity interest and all existing Lumos fiber customers. The funds invested by us will be used to fund future fiber builds. In addition, pursuant to the definitive agreement, we expect to make an additional capital contribution of approximately \$500 million in 2027 or 2028 under the existing business plan.

On July 18, 2024, we entered into a definitive agreement with KKR & Co. Inc. (“KKR”) to establish a joint venture to acquire Metronet Holdings, LLC and certain of its affiliates (collectively, “Metronet”), a fiber-to-the-home platform. This arrangement is expected to close in 2025, subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals. At closing, we expect to invest approximately \$4.9 billion in the joint venture to acquire a 50% equity interest and all existing residential fiber customers, as well as funding the joint venture. We do not anticipate making further capital contributions following the closing under the existing business plan.

The joint ventures will focus on market identification and selection, build plans, network engineering and design, network deployment, and customer installation, with us owning customer relationships and selling fiber service under the T-Mobile brand. Upon closing of the transactions, we expect to account for the Lumos and Metronet joint ventures under the equity method of accounting and recognize service revenues for the acquired Lumos and Metronet fiber customers and wholesale costs paid to the joint ventures for network access within Cost of services on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

## Acquisition of Ka’ena Corporation

On May 1, 2024 (the “Acquisition Date”), we completed the merger with Ka’ena Corporation and its subsidiaries, including, among others, Mint Mobile LLC (collectively, “Ka’ena”), and as a result, Ka’ena became a wholly owned subsidiary of T-Mobile (the “Ka’ena Acquisition”). The total purchase price is variable, dependent upon specified performance indicators of Ka’ena, and consists of an upfront payment on the Acquisition Date and an earnout payable on August 1, 2026. On the Acquisition Date and in satisfaction of the upfront payment, we transferred \$420 million in cash and 3,264,952 shares of T-Mobile common stock valued at \$536 million as determined based on its closing market price on April 30, 2024, for a total payment fair value of \$956 million. A portion of the upfront payment made on the Acquisition Date was for the settlement of the preexisting wholesale relationship with Ka’ena. The amount of the upfront payment was subject to customary adjustments and as a result of such adjustments, \$17 million of the upfront payment was returned to T-Mobile during the fourth quarter of 2024, which resulted in a commensurate increase in the maximum payable in satisfaction of the earnout.

Based on the adjusted amount paid upfront, up to an additional \$420 million in future cash and T-Mobile common stock is payable in satisfaction of the earnout, dependent upon Ka’ena’s achievement of specified performance indicators.

Prior to the Ka’ena Acquisition, Ka’ena was a wholesale partner of the Company for which we recognized service revenues within Wholesale and other service revenues. Upon the closing of the Ka’ena Acquisition, this relationship was effectively terminated, and the Company acquired Ka’ena’s prepaid customer relationships and began to recognize service revenues associated with these customers within Prepaid revenues and operating expenses primarily within Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income subsequent to the Acquisition Date.

For more information regarding the Ka’ena Acquisition, see [Note 2 – Business Combinations](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Acquisition of USCellular Wireless Operations

On May 24, 2024, we entered into a securities purchase agreement with United States Cellular Corporation (“USCellular”), Telephone and Data Systems, Inc., and USCC Wireless Holdings, LLC, pursuant to which, among other things, we will acquire

substantially all of UScellular’s wireless operations and select spectrum assets for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$4.4 billion, payable in cash and the assumption of up to \$2.0 billion of debt through an exchange offer to be made to certain UScellular debtholders prior to closing. To the extent any debtholders do not participate in the exchange, their bonds will continue as obligations of UScellular, and the cash portion of the purchase price will be correspondingly increased. The transaction is expected to close in mid-2025, subject to customary closing conditions and receipt of certain regulatory approvals. Upon closing of the transaction, we expect to account for the UScellular transaction as a business combination and to consolidate the acquired operations. We expect this transaction will yield approximately \$1.0 billion in total annual run rate cost synergies, including operating expense and capital expenditure synergies, upon integration, with total cost to achieve the integration currently estimated at between \$2.2 billion to \$2.6 billion.

For more information regarding our acquisition of UScellular’s wireless operations, see [Note 2 – Business Combinations](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Acquisition of Vistar Media Inc.**

On December 20, 2024, we entered into an agreement and plan of merger for the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of Vistar Media Inc., a provider of technology solutions for digital-out-of-home advertisements, for a purchase price of approximately \$625 million. The purchase price is subject to certain agreed-upon working capital and other adjustments. The acquisition is subject to certain customary closing conditions, including certain regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the first quarter of 2025.

#### **Revenue Trends**

In 2025, we expect Postpaid service revenues to continue to grow, primarily due to continued postpaid account and customer growth as well as postpaid Average Revenue per Account (“ARPA”) growth driven by the execution of our strategy to continuously deepen our account relationships, including growth in High Speed Internet. We also expect an increase in service revenues upon the closing of our previously announced joint ventures and acquisition of UScellular. In addition, Wholesale and other service revenues are expected to continue to decline primarily as DISH services more of its Boost customers with their standalone network.

#### **Operating Expense Trends**

In 2025, we expect Total operating expenses to increase, primarily driven by higher Depreciation and amortization from assets placed into service associated with our continued build-out of our nationwide 5G network, as well as higher Cost of equipment sales, driven by higher expected unit sales from a growing customer base. We also expect an increase in Total operating expenses upon the closing of our previously announced joint ventures and acquisition of UScellular. We expect these increases to be partially offset by synergy realization from the acquisition of UScellular benefiting Cost of services.

#### **Macroeconomic Trends**

Macroeconomic trends may result in adverse impacts on our business, and we continue to monitor these potential impacts, including potential economic recession, changes in the Federal Reserve’s monetary policy, as well as geopolitical risks, including the Ukraine-Russia and Israel-Hamas wars and further escalations thereof. Such scenarios and uncertainties may affect, among others, expected credit loss activity as well as certain fair value estimates.

To date, price inflation has not had a significant impact on our operations as we have fixed rates established through long-term contracts for many of our most significant costs, including for many of our tower agreements and backhaul contracts. Similarly, our exposure to the impact of rising interest rates is limited, primarily to any new debt issuances or draws on our Revolving Credit Facility (as defined below), as interest is paid on our Senior Notes at a fixed rate. We continue to monitor the impact of these trends on the payment performance of our customers.



## Results of Operations

Set forth below is a summary of our consolidated financial results:

| (in millions)  | Year Ended December 31, |           |           | 2024 Versus 2023 |          | 2023 Versus 2022 |          |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|  | 2024                    | 2023      | 2022      | \$ Change        | % Change | \$ Change        | % Change |
| <b>Revenues</b>  |                         |           |           |                  |          |                  |          |
| Postpaid revenues  | \$ 52,340               | \$ 48,692 | \$ 45,919 | \$ 3,648         | 7 %      | \$ 2,773         | 6 %      |
| Prepaid revenues   | 10,399                  | 9,767     | 9,857     | 632              | 6 %      | (90)             | (1)%     |
| Wholesale and other service revenues   | 3,439                   | 4,782     | 5,547     | (1,343)          | (28)%    | (765)            | (14)%    |
| Total service revenues   | 66,178                  | 63,241    | 61,323    | 2,937            | 5 %      | 1,918            | 3 %      |
| Equipment revenues   | 14,263                  | 14,138    | 17,130    | 125              | 1 %      | (2,992)          | (17)%    |
| Other revenues   | 959                     | 1,179     | 1,118     | (220)            | (19)%    | 61               | 5 %      |
| Total revenues   | 81,400                  | 78,558    | 79,571    | 2,842            | 4 %      | (1,013)          | (1)%     |
| <b>Operating expenses</b>  |                         |           |           |                  |          |                  |          |
| Cost of services, exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below        | 10,771                  | 11,655    | 14,666    | (884)            | (8)%     | (3,011)          | (21)%    |
| Cost of equipment sales, exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below | 18,882                  | 18,533    | 21,540    | 349              | 2 %      | (3,007)          | (14)%    |
| Selling, general and administrative  | 20,818                  | 21,311    | 21,607    | (493)            | (2)%     | (296)            | (1)%     |
| Impairment expense   | —                       | —         | 477       | —                | NM       | (477)            | (100)%   |
| (Gain) loss on disposal group held for sale  | —                       | (25)      | 1,087     | 25               | (100)%   | (1,112)          | (102)%   |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 12,919                  | 12,818    | 13,651    | 101              | 1 %      | (833)            | (6)%     |
| Total operating expenses   | 63,390                  | 64,292    | 73,028    | (902)            | (1)%     | (8,736)          | (12)%    |
| Operating income   | 18,010                  | 14,266    | 6,543     | 3,744            | 26 %     | 7,723            | 118 %    |
| Other expense, net   |                         |           |           |                  |          |                  |          |
| Interest expense, net  | (3,411)                 | (3,335)   | (3,364)   | (76)             | 2 %      | 29               | (1)%     |
| Other income (expense), net  | 113                     | 68        | (33)      | 45               | 66 %     | 101              | (306)%   |
| Total other expense, net   | (3,298)                 | (3,267)   | (3,397)   | (31)             | 1 %      | 130              | (4)%     |
| Income before income taxes   | 14,712                  | 10,999    | 3,146     | 3,713            | 34 %     | 7,853            | 250 %    |
| Income tax expense   | (3,373)                 | (2,682)   | (556)     | (691)            | 26 %     | (2,126)          | 382 %    |
| Net income   | \$ 11,339               | \$ 8,317  | \$ 2,590  | \$ 3,022         | 36 %     | \$ 5,727         | 221 %    |
| <b>Statement of Cash Flows Data</b>  |                         |           |           |                  |          |                  |          |
| Net cash provided by operating activities  | \$ 22,293               | \$ 18,559 | \$ 16,781 | \$ 3,734         | 20 %     | \$ 1,778         | 11 %     |
| Net cash used in investing activities  | (9,072)                 | (5,829)   | (12,359)  | (3,243)          | 56 %     | 6,530            | (53)%    |
| Net cash used in financing activities  | (12,815)                | (12,097)  | (6,451)   | (718)            | 6 %      | (5,646)          | 88 %     |
| <b>Non-GAAP Financial Measures</b>   |                         |           |           |                  |          |                  |          |
| Adjusted EBITDA  | \$ 31,864               | \$ 29,428 | \$ 27,821 | \$ 2,436         | 8 %      | \$ 1,607         | 6 %      |
| Core Adjusted EBITDA   | 31,771                  | 29,116    | 26,391    | 2,655            | 9 %      | 2,725            | 10 %     |
| Adjusted Free Cash Flow  | 17,032                  | 13,586    | 7,656     | 3,446            | 25 %     | 5,930            | 77 %     |

NM - Not meaningful

*The following discussion and analysis is for the year ended December 31, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023, unless otherwise stated.* For a discussion and analysis of the year ended December 31, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, please refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, filed with the SEC on February 2, 2024.

**Total revenues** increased \$2.8 billion, or 4%. The components of these changes are discussed below.

**Postpaid revenues** increased \$3.6 billion, or 7%, primarily from:

- Higher average postpaid accounts; and
- Higher postpaid ARPA. See "Postpaid ARPA" in the "[Performance Measures](#)" section of this MD&A.

**Prepaid revenues** increased \$632 million, or 6%, primarily from:

- Higher average prepaid customers, primarily from the prepaid customers acquired through the Ka'ena Acquisition; partially offset by
- Lower prepaid ARPU. See "Prepaid ARPU" in the "[Performance Measures](#)" section of this MD&A.

**Wholesale and other service revenues** decreased \$1.3 billion, or 28%, primarily from:

- Lower MVNO revenues, including the impact from the Ka'ena Acquisition, and lower DISH and TracFone MVNO revenue;
- Lower Affordable Connectivity Program and Lifeline revenues; and
- Lower Wireline revenues due to the sale of the Wireline Business on May 1, 2023.

**Equipment revenues** increased slightly, primarily from:

- An increase of \$627 million in liquidation revenue, primarily due to a higher number of liquidated devices, including the impact from the transition of certain device recovery programs from external sources to in-house processing; mostly offset by
- A decrease of \$231 million in device sales revenue, excluding purchased leased devices, primarily from:
  - A net decrease in the total number of devices sold, driven by lower Assurance Wireless and prepaid devices, partially offset by higher postpaid devices; partially offset by
  - Higher average revenue per device sold, net of promotions, primarily driven by an increase in the high-end phone mix; and
- A decrease of \$219 million in lease revenues, primarily due to a lower number of customer devices under lease as a result of the continued strategic shift in device financing from leasing to EIP.

**Other revenues** decreased \$220 million, or 19%, primarily from the transition of certain device recovery programs from external sources to in-house processing, resulting in a change in presentation from Other revenues to Equipment revenues.

**Total operating expenses** decreased \$902 million, or 1%. The components of this change are discussed below.

**Cost of services**, exclusive of depreciation and amortization, decreased \$884 million, or 8%, primarily from:

- A decrease of \$472 million in Merger-related costs related to network decommissioning and integration;
- Lower costs due to the sale of the Wireline Business on May 1, 2023;
- Lower employee costs, primarily due to reduced headcount;
- \$141 million of severance and related costs associated with the August 2023 workforce reduction recognized in the prior year; and
- Higher Merger synergies; partially offset by
- Higher site costs related to the continued build-out of our nationwide 5G network.

**Cost of equipment sales**, exclusive of depreciation and amortization, increased \$349 million, or 2%, primarily from:

- An increase of \$457 million in liquidation costs, primarily due to a higher number of liquidated devices, including the impact from the transition of certain device recovery programs from external sources to in-house processing; partially offset by
- A decrease of \$81 million in device cost of equipment sales, excluding purchased leased devices, primarily from:
  - A net decrease in the total number of devices sold, driven by lower Assurance Wireless and prepaid devices, partially offset by higher postpaid devices; partially offset by
  - Higher average cost per device sold, primarily driven by an increase in the high-end phone mix.

**Selling, general and administrative** expenses decreased \$493 million, or 2%, primarily from:

- A decrease of \$453 million in Merger-related costs, including the \$100 million gain recognized during the year ended December 31, 2024, for the extension fee previously paid by DISH associated with the DISH License Purchase Agreement;
- \$321 million of severance and related costs associated with the August 2023 workforce reduction recognized in the prior year;
- \$202 million of gains associated with the closing of certain spectrum exchange transactions and \$105 million of legal-related insurance recoveries recognized during the year ended December 31, 2024; and
- Higher Merger synergies; partially offset by
- Higher costs as a result of the Ka'ena Acquisition; and
- Higher advertising expenses.

**Gain on disposal group held for sale** was \$25 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, related to the sale of the Wireline Business on May 1, 2023. There was no gain or loss on disposal group held for sale for the year ended December 31, 2024.

**Depreciation and amortization** increased slightly, primarily from higher depreciation expense from the acceleration of certain technology assets in the first half of 2024 as we continue to modernize our network, technology systems and platforms and from the continued build-out of our nationwide 5G network.

**Operating income**, the components of which are discussed above, increased \$3.7 billion, or 26%.

**Interest expense, net** increased slightly, primarily from:

- Higher interest expense, primarily due to higher average debt outstanding and a higher average effective interest rate; mostly offset by
- Higher interest income, primarily due to higher average balances and higher average interest rates on short-term cash equivalents.

**Other income, net** increased \$45 million, or 66%, primarily from the \$80 million gain recognized during the year ended December 31, 2024, associated with the partial settlement of the Sprint Retirement Pension Plan retiree obligations. See [Note 13 – Employee Compensation and Benefit Plans](#) for additional information.

**Income before income taxes**, the components of which are discussed above, was \$14.7 billion and \$11.0 billion for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

**Income tax expense** increased \$691 million, or 26%, primarily from:

- Higher income before income taxes; partially offset by
- An increase in tax benefits from adjustments to certain tax reserves; and
- Net tax benefits recognized from a remeasurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities in certain state jurisdictions.

Our effective tax rate was 22.9% and 24.4% for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

**Net income**, the components of which are discussed above, was \$11.3 billion and \$8.3 billion for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Net income included:

- Merger-related costs, net of Merger-related gain and tax, of \$91 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, compared to Merger-related costs, net of tax, of \$775 million for the year ended December 31, 2023.
- Severance and related costs associated with the August 2023 workforce reduction of \$347 million, net of tax, for the year ended December 31, 2023.

### ***Guarantor Financial Information***

Pursuant to the applicable indentures and supplemental indentures, the Senior Notes to affiliates and third parties issued by T-Mobile USA, Inc., Sprint and Sprint Capital Corporation (collectively, the “Issuers”) are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, on a senior unsecured basis by T-Mobile (“Parent”) and certain of Parent’s 100% owned subsidiaries (“Guarantor Subsidiaries”).

The guarantees of the Guarantor Subsidiaries are subject to release in limited circumstances only upon the occurrence of certain customary conditions. Generally, the guarantees of the Guarantor Subsidiaries with respect to the Senior Notes issued by T-Mobile USA, Inc. (other than \$3.5 billion in principal amount of Senior Notes issued in 2017 and 2018) and the credit agreement entered into by T-Mobile USA, Inc. will be automatically and unconditionally released if, immediately following such release and any concurrent releases of other guarantees, the aggregate principal amount of indebtedness of non-guarantor subsidiaries (other than certain specified subsidiaries) would not exceed \$2.0 billion. The indentures, supplemental indentures and credit agreements governing the long-term debt contain covenants that, among other things, limit the ability of the Issuers or borrowers and the Guarantor Subsidiaries to incur more debt, create liens or other encumbrances, and to merge, consolidate or sell, or otherwise dispose of, substantially all of their assets.

### ***Basis of Presentation***

The following tables include summarized financial information of the obligor groups of debt issued by T-Mobile USA, Inc., Sprint and Sprint Capital Corporation. The summarized financial information of each obligor group is presented on a combined basis with balances and transactions within the obligor group eliminated. Investments in and the equity in earnings of non-guarantor subsidiaries, which would otherwise be consolidated in accordance with GAAP, are excluded from the below summarized financial information pursuant to SEC Regulation S-X Rule 13-01.

The summarized balance sheet information for the consolidated obligor group of debt issued by T-Mobile USA, Inc. is presented in the table below:

| <b>(in millions)</b>                  | <b>December 31, 2024</b> | <b>December 31, 2023</b> |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Current assets                        | \$ 16,741                | \$ 17,601                |
| Noncurrent assets                     | 179,335                  | 178,252                  |
| Current liabilities                   | 18,279                   | 19,040                   |
| Noncurrent liabilities <sup>(1)</sup> | 122,934                  | 128,197                  |
| Due to non-guarantors <sup>(1)</sup>  | 1,507                    | 10,916                   |
| Due to related parties                | 2,098                    | 1,576                    |

(1) The decrease in Noncurrent liabilities and Due to non-guarantors was primarily driven by the impact of certain intercompany settlements during the year ended December 31, 2024.

The summarized results of operations information for the consolidated obligor group of debt issued by T-Mobile USA, Inc. is presented in the table below:

| <b>(in millions)</b>                 | <b>Year Ended<br/>December 31, 2024</b> | <b>Year Ended<br/>December 31, 2023</b> |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Total revenues                       | \$ 78,996                               | \$ 75,934                               |
| Operating income                     | 14,463                                  | 10,707                                  |
| Net income                           | 8,360                                   | 4,766                                   |
| Revenue from non-guarantors          | 2,619                                   | 2,393                                   |
| Operating expenses to non-guarantors | 2,481                                   | 2,569                                   |
| Other expense to non-guarantors      | (116)                                   | (699)                                   |

The summarized balance sheet information for the consolidated obligor group of debt issued by Sprint is presented in the table below:

| (in millions)                         | December 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Current assets                        | \$ 10,970         | \$ 11,193         |
| Noncurrent assets                     | 14,734            | 11,324            |
| Current liabilities                   | 12,683            | 12,751            |
| Noncurrent liabilities <sup>(1)</sup> | 96,145            | 110,688           |
| Due to non-guarantors <sup>(1)</sup>  | 21,371            | 41,805            |
| Due to related parties                | 2,098             | 1,576             |

(1) The decrease in Noncurrent liabilities and Due to non-guarantors was primarily driven by the impact of certain intercompany settlements during the year ended December 31, 2024.

The summarized results of operations information for the consolidated obligor group of debt issued by Sprint is presented in the table below:

| (in millions)                         | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2024 | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2023 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Total revenues                        | \$ 330                          | \$ 19                           |
| Operating loss                        | (3,628)                         | (3,197)                         |
| Net loss                              | (8,101)                         | (7,629)                         |
| Other expense, net, to non-guarantors | (584)                           | (2,005)                         |

The summarized balance sheet information for the consolidated obligor group of debt issued by Sprint Capital Corporation is presented in the table below:

| (in millions)                         | December 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Current assets                        | \$ 10,970         | \$ 11,193         |
| Noncurrent assets                     | 14,734            | 11,324            |
| Current liabilities                   | 12,756            | 12,823            |
| Noncurrent liabilities <sup>(1)</sup> | 92,278            | 106,881           |
| Due to non-guarantors <sup>(1)</sup>  | 12,318            | 32,706            |
| Due to related parties                | 2,098             | 1,576             |

(1) The decrease in Noncurrent liabilities and Due to non-guarantors was primarily driven by the impact of certain intercompany settlements during the year ended December 31, 2024.

The summarized results of operations information for the consolidated obligor group of debt issued by Sprint Capital Corporation is presented in the table below:

| (in millions)                         | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2024 | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2023 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Total revenues                        | \$ 330                          | \$ 19                           |
| Operating loss                        | (3,628)                         | (3,197)                         |
| Net loss                              | (8,041)                         | (7,491)                         |
| Other expense, net, to non-guarantors | (257)                           | (1,489)                         |

## Performance Measures

In managing our business and assessing financial performance, we supplement the information provided by our consolidated financial statements with other operating or statistical data and non-GAAP financial measures. These operating and financial measures are utilized by our management to evaluate our operating performance and, in certain cases, our ability to meet liquidity requirements. Although companies in the wireless industry may not define each of these measures in precisely the same way, we believe that these measures facilitate comparisons with other companies in the wireless industry on key operating and financial measures.

### Postpaid Accounts

A postpaid account is generally defined as a billing account number that generates revenue. Postpaid accounts generally consist of customers that are qualified for postpaid service utilizing phones, High Speed Internet modems, mobile internet devices (including tablets and hotspots), wearables, DIGITS and other connected devices (including SyncUP and IoT), where they generally pay after receiving service.

The following table sets forth the number of ending postpaid accounts:

| (in thousands)                   | As of December 31, |        |        | 2024 Versus 2023 |          | 2023 Versus 2022 |          |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|                                  | 2024               | 2023   | 2022   | # Change         | % Change | # Change         | % Change |
| Postpaid accounts <sup>(1)</sup> | 30,894             | 29,797 | 28,526 | 1,097            | 4 %      | 1,271            | 4 %      |

- (1) Customers impacted by the decommissioning of the legacy Sprint CDMA and LTE and T-Mobile UMTS networks have been excluded from our postpaid account base resulting in the removal of 57,000 postpaid accounts in the first quarter of 2022 and 69,000 postpaid accounts in the second quarter of 2022.

### Postpaid Net Account Additions

The following table sets forth the number of postpaid net account additions:

| (in thousands)                 | Year Ended December 31, |       |       | 2024 Versus 2023 |          | 2023 Versus 2022 |          |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|                                | 2024                    | 2023  | 2022  | # Change         | % Change | # Change         | % Change |
| Postpaid net account additions | 1,097                   | 1,271 | 1,436 | (174)            | (14)%    | (165)            | (11)%    |

Postpaid net account additions decreased 174,000, or 14%, for the year ended December 31, 2024, primarily from fewer High Speed Internet only additions.

### Customers

A customer is generally defined as a SIM number with a unique T-Mobile identifier which is associated with an account that generates revenue. Customers are qualified either for postpaid service utilizing phones, High Speed Internet modems, mobile internet devices (including tablets and hotspots), wearables, DIGITS and other connected devices (including SyncUP and IoT), where they generally pay after receiving service, or prepaid service, where they generally pay in advance of receiving service.

The following table sets forth the number of ending customers:

| (in thousands)                             | As of December 31, |         |         | 2024 Versus 2023 |          | 2023 Versus 2022 |          |
|--|--------------------|---------|---------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|  | 2024               | 2023    | 2022    | # Change         | % Change | # Change         | % Change |
| <b>Customers, end of period</b>            |                    |         |         |                  |          |                  |          |
| Postpaid phone customers                   | 79,013             | 75,936  | 72,834  | 3,077            | 4 %      | 3,102            | 4 %      |
| Postpaid other customers                   | 25,105             | 22,116  | 19,398  | 2,989            | 14 %     | 2,718            | 14 %     |
| Total postpaid customers                   | 104,118            | 98,052  | 92,232  | 6,066            | 6 %      | 5,820            | 6 %      |
| Prepaid customers <sup>(1)</sup>           | 25,410             | 21,648  | 21,366  | 3,762            | 17 %     | 282              | 1 %      |
| Total customers                            | 129,528            | 119,700 | 113,598 | 9,828            | 8 %      | 6,102            | 5 %      |
| Adjustments to customers <sup>(1)(2)</sup> | 3,504              | 170     | (1,878) | 3,334            | NM       | 2,048            | (109)%   |

- (1) In the second quarter of 2024, we acquired 3,504,000 prepaid customers through the Ka'ena Acquisition, which includes the impact of certain base adjustments to align the policies of Ka'ena and T-Mobile.
- (2) Customers impacted by the decommissioning of the legacy Sprint CDMA and LTE and T-Mobile UMTS networks have been excluded from our customer base resulting in the removal of 212,000 postpaid phone customers and 349,000 postpaid other customers in the first quarter of 2022 and 284,000 postpaid phone customers, 946,000 postpaid other customers and 28,000 prepaid customers in the second quarter of 2022. In the fourth quarter of 2023, we recognized an additional base adjustment to increase postpaid phone customers by 20,000 and increase postpaid other customers by 150,000 due to fewer customers than expected whose service was deactivated as a result of the network shut-downs. In connection with our acquisition of companies, we included a base adjustment in the first quarter of 2022 to increase postpaid phone customers by 17,000 and reduce postpaid other customers by 14,000. Certain customers now serviced through reseller contracts were removed from our reported postpaid customer base resulting in the removal of 42,000 postpaid phone customers and 20,000 postpaid other customers in the second quarter of 2022.

NM - Not meaningful

High Speed Internet customers included in Postpaid other customers were 5,742,000 and 4,288,000 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. High Speed Internet customers included in Prepaid customers were 688,000 and 488,000 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

## Net Customer Additions

The following table sets forth the number of net customer additions:

| (in thousands)                              | Year Ended December 31, |       |         | 2024 Versus 2023 |          | 2023 Versus 2022 |          |
|---|-------------------------|-------|---------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|   | 2024                    | 2023  | 2022    | # Change         | % Change | # Change         | % Change |
| <b>Net customer additions</b>               |                         |       |         |                  |          |                  |          |
| Postpaid phone customers                    | 3,077                   | 3,082 | 3,093   | (5)              | — %      | (11)             | — %      |
| Postpaid other customers                    | 2,989                   | 2,568 | 3,326   | 421              | 16 %     | (758)            | (23)%    |
| Total postpaid customers                    | 6,066                   | 5,650 | 6,419   | 416              | 7 %      | (769)            | (12)%    |
| Prepaid customers                           | 258                     | 282   | 338     | (24)             | (9)%     | (56)             | (17)%    |
| Total net customer additions                | 6,324                   | 5,932 | 6,757   | 392              | 7 %      | (825)            | (12)%    |
| Adjustments to customers <sup>(1) (2)</sup> | 3,504                   | 170   | (1,878) | 3,334            | NM       | 2,048            | (109)%   |

- (1) In the second quarter of 2024, we acquired 3,504,000 prepaid customers through the Ka'ena Acquisition, which includes the impact of certain base adjustments to align the policies of Ka'ena and T-Mobile.
- (2) Customers impacted by the decommissioning of the legacy Sprint CDMA and LTE and T-Mobile UMTS networks have been excluded from our customer base resulting in the removal of 212,000 postpaid phone customers and 349,000 postpaid other customers in the first quarter of 2022 and 284,000 postpaid phone customers, 946,000 postpaid other customers and 28,000 prepaid customers in the second quarter of 2022. In the fourth quarter of 2023, we recognized an additional base adjustment to increase postpaid phone customers by 20,000 and increase postpaid other customers by 150,000 due to fewer customers than expected whose service was deactivated as a result of the network shut-downs. In connection with our acquisition of companies, we included a base adjustment in the first quarter of 2022 to increase postpaid phone customers by 17,000 and reduce postpaid other customers by 14,000. Certain customers now serviced through reseller contracts were removed from our reported postpaid customer base resulting in the removal of 42,000 postpaid phone customers and 20,000 postpaid other customers in the second quarter of 2022.

NM - Not meaningful

Total net customer additions increased 392,000, or 7%, primarily from:

- Higher postpaid other net customer additions, primarily due to
  - Higher net additions from mobile internet devices, primarily due to higher prior year deactivations of lower ARPU mobile internet devices in the educational sector that were activated during the COVID-19 pandemic and no longer needed; and
  - Higher net additions from other connected devices; partially offset by
  - Lower net additions from wearables; and
  - Lower net additions from High Speed Internet, primarily driven by increased deactivations from a growing customer base, partially offset by a lower churn rate; partially offset by
- Lower prepaid net customer additions, primarily driven by continued moderation of prepaid industry growth and lower net additions from High Speed Internet, partially offset by higher net additions following the Ka'ena Acquisition.
- High Speed Internet net customer additions included in postpaid other net customer additions were 1,454,000 and 1,878,000 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. High Speed Internet net customer additions included in prepaid net customer additions were 200,000 and 252,000 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

## Churn

Churn represents the number of customers whose service was deactivated as a percentage of the average number of customers during the specified period further divided by the number of months in the period. The number of customers whose service was deactivated is presented net of customers that subsequently had their service restored within a certain period of time and excludes customers who received service for less than a certain minimum period of time. We believe that churn provides management, investors and analysts with useful information to evaluate customer retention and loyalty.

The following table sets forth the churn:

|                      | Year Ended December 31, |        |        | Bps Change 2024 Versus 2023 | Bps Change 2023 Versus 2022 |
|----------------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|                      | 2024                    | 2023   | 2022   |                             |                             |
| Postpaid phone churn | 0.86 %                  | 0.87 % | 0.88 % | -1 bps                      | -1 bps                      |
| Prepaid churn        | 2.73 %                  | 2.76 % | 2.77 % | -3 bps                      | -1 bps                      |

Postpaid phone churn decreased 1 basis point, primarily from improved customer retention, including the benefits of a differentiated value proposition and network experience.

Prepaid churn decreased 3 basis points, primarily from improved customer retention.

### Postpaid Average Revenue Per Account

Postpaid Average Revenue per Account (“ARPA”) represents the average monthly postpaid service revenue earned per account. Postpaid ARPA is calculated as Postpaid revenues for the specified period divided by the average number of postpaid accounts during the period, further divided by the number of months in the period. We believe postpaid ARPA provides management, investors and analysts with useful information to assess and evaluate our postpaid service revenue realization and assists in forecasting our future postpaid service revenues on a per account basis. We consider postpaid ARPA to be indicative of our revenue growth potential given the increase in the average number of postpaid phone customers per account and increases in postpaid other customers, including High Speed Internet, mobile internet devices (including tablets and hotspots), wearables, DIGITS and other connected devices (including SyncUP and IoT).

The following table sets forth our operating measure ARPA:

| (in dollars)  | Year Ended December 31, |           |           | 2024 Versus 2023 |          | 2023 Versus 2022 |          |
|---------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|               | 2024                    | 2023      | 2022      | \$ Change        | % Change | \$ Change        | % Change |
| Postpaid ARPA | \$ 143.85               | \$ 139.27 | \$ 137.43 | \$ 4.58          | 3 %      | \$ 1.84          | 1 %      |

Postpaid ARPA increased \$4.58, or 3%, primarily from:

- Higher premium services, primarily high-end rate plans, net of contra-revenues for content included in such plans, and discounts for specific affinity groups, such as 55+, military and first responders;
- An increase in customers per account, including continued adoption of High Speed Internet; and
- The impact from rate plan optimizations; partially offset by
- Increased promotional activity; and
- An increase in total High Speed Internet only accounts.

### Average Revenue Per User

Average Revenue per User (“ARPU”) represents the average monthly service revenue earned per customer. ARPU is calculated as service revenues for the specified period divided by the average number of customers during the period, further divided by the number of months in the period. We believe ARPU provides management, investors and analysts with useful information to assess and evaluate our service revenue per customer and assist in forecasting our future service revenues generated from our customer base. Postpaid phone ARPU excludes postpaid other customers and related revenues, which include High Speed Internet, mobile internet devices (including tablets and hotspots), wearables, DIGITS and other connected devices (including SyncUP and IoT).

The following table sets forth our operating measure ARPU:

| (in dollars)        | Year Ended December 31, |          |          | 2024 Versus 2023 |          | 2023 Versus 2022 |          |
|---------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|                     | 2024                    | 2023     | 2022     | \$ Change        | % Change | \$ Change        | % Change |
| Postpaid phone ARPU | \$ 49.35                | \$ 48.83 | \$ 48.78 | \$ 0.52          | 1 %      | \$ 0.05          | — %      |
| Prepaid ARPU        | 36.06                   | 37.92    | 38.76    | (1.86)           | (5)%     | (0.84)           | (2)%     |

### Postpaid Phone ARPU

Postpaid phone ARPU increased slightly, primarily from:

- Higher premium services, primarily high-end rate plans, net of contra-revenues for content included in such plans, and discounts for specific affinity groups, such as 55+, military and first responders; and
- The impact from rate plan optimizations; mostly offset by
- Increased promotional activity.

### Prepaid ARPU

Prepaid ARPU decreased \$1.86, or 5%, primarily from the inclusion of lower ARPU prepaid customers associated with the Ka’ena Acquisition.



### ***Adjusted EBITDA and Core Adjusted EBITDA***

Adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before Interest expense, net of Interest income, Income tax expense, Depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation and certain expenses, gains and losses, which are not reflective of our ongoing operating performance (“Special Items”). Special Items include Merger-related costs, (gain) loss on disposal groups held for sale, certain legal-related recoveries and expenses, restructuring costs not directly attributable to the Merger (including severance), and other non-core gains and losses. Core Adjusted EBITDA represents Adjusted EBITDA less device lease revenues. Adjusted EBITDA margin represents Adjusted EBITDA divided by Service revenues. Core Adjusted EBITDA margin represents Core Adjusted EBITDA divided by Service revenues.

Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, Core Adjusted EBITDA and Core Adjusted EBITDA margin are non-GAAP financial measures utilized by our management, including our chief operating decision maker, to monitor the financial performance of our operations and allocate resources of the Company as a whole. We historically used Adjusted EBITDA, and we currently use Core Adjusted EBITDA internally as a measure to evaluate and compensate our personnel and management for their performance. We use Adjusted EBITDA and Core Adjusted EBITDA as benchmarks to evaluate our operating performance in comparison to our competitors. Management believes analysts and investors use Adjusted EBITDA and Core Adjusted EBITDA as supplemental measures to evaluate overall operating performance and to facilitate comparisons with other wireless communications services companies because they are indicative of our ongoing operating performance and trends by excluding the impact of interest expense from financing, non-cash depreciation and amortization from capital investments, non-cash stock-based compensation, and Special Items. Management believes analysts and investors use Core Adjusted EBITDA because it normalizes for the transition in the Company’s device financing strategy, by excluding the impact of device lease revenues from Adjusted EBITDA, to align with the exclusion of the related depreciation expense on leased devices from Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, Core Adjusted EBITDA and Core Adjusted EBITDA margin have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as substitutes for income from operations, net income or any other measure of financial performance reported in accordance with GAAP.

The following table illustrates the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA and Core Adjusted EBITDA and reconciles Adjusted EBITDA and Core Adjusted EBITDA to Net income, which we consider to be the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure:

| (in millions, except percentages)  | Year Ended December 31, |           |           | 2024 Versus 2023 |          | 2023 Versus 2022 |          |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|  | 2024                    | 2023      | 2022      | \$ Change        | % Change | \$ Change        | % Change |
| Net income   | \$ 11,339               | \$ 8,317  | \$ 2,590  | \$ 3,022         | 36 %     | \$ 5,727         | 221 %    |
| Adjustments:   |                         |           |           |                  |          |                  |          |
| Interest expense, net  | 3,411                   | 3,335     | 3,364     | 76               | 2 %      | (29)             | (1)%     |
| Other (income) expense, net  | (113)                   | (68)      | 33        | (45)             | 66 %     | (101)            | (306)%   |
| Income tax expense   | 3,373                   | 2,682     | 556       | 691              | 26 %     | 2,126            | 382 %    |
| Operating income   | 18,010                  | 14,266    | 6,543     | 3,744            | 26 %     | 7,723            | 118 %    |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 12,919                  | 12,818    | 13,651    | 101              | 1 %      | (833)            | (6)%     |
| Stock-based compensation <sup>(1)</sup>  | 586                     | 644       | 576       | (58)             | (9)%     | 68               | 12 %     |
| Merger-related costs <sup>(2)</sup>  | 121                     | 1,034     | 4,969     | (913)            | (88)%    | (3,935)          | (79)%    |
| Impairment expense   | —                       | —         | 477       | —                | NM       | (477)            | (100)%   |
| Legal-related (recoveries) expenses, net <sup>(3)</sup>                        | (89)                    | (42)      | 391       | (47)             | 112 %    | (433)            | (111)%   |
| (Gain) loss on disposal group held for sale                                    | —                       | (25)      | 1,087     | 25               | (100)%   | (1,112)          | (102)%   |
| Other, net <sup>(4)</sup>  | 317                     | 733       | 127       | (416)            | (57)%    | 606              | 477 %    |
| Adjusted EBITDA  | 31,864                  | 29,428    | 27,821    | 2,436            | 8 %      | 1,607            | 6 %      |
| Lease revenues   | (93)                    | (312)     | (1,430)   | 219              | (70)%    | 1,118            | (78)%    |
| Core Adjusted EBITDA   | \$ 31,771               | \$ 29,116 | \$ 26,391 | \$ 2,655         | 9 %      | \$ 2,725         | 10 %     |
| Net income margin (Net income divided by Service revenues)                     | 17 %                    | 13 %      | 4 %       |                  | 400 bps  |                  | 900 bps  |
| Adjusted EBITDA margin (Adjusted EBITDA divided by Service revenues)           | 48 %                    | 47 %      | 45 %      |                  | 100 bps  |                  | 200 bps  |
| Core Adjusted EBITDA margin (Core Adjusted EBITDA divided by Service revenues) | 48 %                    | 46 %      | 43 %      |                  | 200 bps  |                  | 300 bps  |

- (1) Stock-based compensation includes payroll tax impacts and may not agree with stock-based compensation expense on the consolidated financial statements. Additionally, certain stock-based compensation expenses associated with the Transactions have been included in Merger-related costs.
- (2) Merger-related costs, for the year ended December 31, 2024, includes the \$100 million gain recognized for the extension fee previously paid by DISH associated with the DISH License Purchase Agreement.
- (3) Legal-related (recoveries) expenses, net, consists of the settlement of certain litigation associated with the August 2021 cyberattack and is presented net of insurance recoveries.
- (4) Other, net, primarily consists of certain severance, restructuring and other expenses, gains and losses, not directly attributable to the Merger, which are not reflective of T-Mobile's core business activities and are, therefore, excluded from Adjusted EBITDA and Core Adjusted EBITDA. Other, net, for the year ended December 31, 2023, includes \$462 million of severance and related costs associated with the August 2023 workforce reduction.

NM - Not meaningful

Core Adjusted EBITDA increased \$2.7 billion, or 9%, for the year ended December 31, 2024. The components comprising Core Adjusted EBITDA are discussed further above.

The increase was primarily from:

- Higher Total service revenues;
- Higher Equipment revenues, excluding lease revenues; and
- Lower Cost of services, excluding Special Items; partially offset by
- Higher Selling, general and administrative expenses, excluding Special Items; and
- Higher Cost of equipment sales, excluding Special Items.

Adjusted EBITDA increased \$2.4 billion, or 8%, for the year ended December 31, 2024, primarily due to the fluctuations in Core Adjusted EBITDA, discussed above, partially offset by lower lease revenues, which decreased \$219 million for the year ended December 31, 2024.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal sources of liquidity are our cash and cash equivalents and cash generated from operations, proceeds from issuance of debt, financing leases, the sale of certain receivables, the Revolving Credit Facility and an unsecured short-term commercial paper program. Further, the incurrence of additional indebtedness may inhibit our ability to incur new debt in the future to finance our business strategy under the terms governing our existing and future indebtedness.

### Cash Flows

The following is a condensed schedule of our cash flows:

| (in millions)                             | Year Ended December 31, |           |           | 2024 Versus 2023 |          | 2023 Versus 2022 |          |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|   | 2024                    | 2023      | 2022      | \$ Change        | % Change | \$ Change        | % Change |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 22,293               | \$ 18,559 | \$ 16,781 | \$ 3,734         | 20 %     | \$ 1,778         | 11 %     |
| Net cash used in investing activities     | (9,072)                 | (5,829)   | (12,359)  | (3,243)          | 56 %     | 6,530            | (53)%    |
| Net cash used in financing activities     | (12,815)                | (12,097)  | (6,451)   | (718)            | 6 %      | (5,646)          | 88 %     |

### Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$3.7 billion, or 20%, primarily from:

- A \$3.7 billion increase in Net income, adjusted for non-cash income and expenses; and
- A \$49 million decrease in net cash outflows from changes in working capital, primarily due to lower use of cash from Accounts receivable and Other current and long-term liabilities, partially offset by higher use of cash from Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, Equipment installment plan receivables and Operating lease right-of-use assets.
- Net cash provided by operating activities includes the impact of \$767 million and \$2.0 billion in net payments for Merger-related costs for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

### Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities increased \$3.2 billion, or 56%. The use of cash was primarily from:

- \$8.8 billion in Purchases of property and equipment, including capitalized interest, from the continued build-out of our nationwide 5G network;
- \$3.5 billion in Purchases of spectrum licenses and other intangible assets, including deposits, primarily for the 600 MHz licenses purchased from Channel 51 License Co LLC and LB License Co, LLC (see [Note 7 – Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements); and
- \$373 million of cash consideration, net of cash acquired, related to the Ka’ena Acquisition; partially offset by
- \$3.6 billion in Proceeds related to beneficial interests in securitization transactions.

### Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities increased \$718 million, or 6%. The use of cash was primarily from:

- \$11.2 billion in Repurchases of common stock;
- \$5.1 billion in Repayments of long-term debt;
- \$3.3 billion in Dividends on common stock;
- \$1.4 billion in Repayments of financing lease obligations; and
- \$269 million in Tax withholdings on share-based awards; partially offset by
- \$8.6 billion in Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of December 31, 2024, our Cash and cash equivalents were \$5.4 billion compared to \$5.1 billion at December 31, 2023.

## Adjusted Free Cash Flow

Adjusted Free Cash Flow represents Net cash provided by operating activities less cash payments for Purchases of property and equipment, plus Proceeds from sales of tower sites and Proceeds related to beneficial interests in securitization transactions. Adjusted Free Cash Flow is a non-GAAP financial measure utilized by management, investors and analysts of our financial information to evaluate cash available to pay debt, repurchase shares, pay dividends and provide further investment in the business. Adjusted Free Cash Flow margin is calculated as Adjusted Free Cash Flow divided by Service revenues. Adjusted Free Cash Flow margin is utilized by management, investors, and analysts to evaluate the Company's ability to convert service revenue efficiently into cash available to pay debt, repurchase shares, pay dividends and provide further investment in the business.

The table below provides a reconciliation of Adjusted Free Cash Flow to Net cash provided by operating activities, which we consider to be the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure:

| (in millions, except percentages)  | Year Ended December 31, |           |           | 2024 Versus 2023 |          | 2023 Versus 2022 |          |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|  | 2024                    | 2023      | 2022      | \$ Change        | % Change | \$ Change        | % Change |
| Net cash provided by operating activities  | \$ 22,293               | \$ 18,559 | \$ 16,781 | \$ 3,734         | 20 %     | \$ 1,778         | 11 %     |
| Cash purchases of property and equipment, including capitalized interest   | (8,840)                 | (9,801)   | (13,970)  | 961              | (10)%    | 4,169            | (30)%    |
| Proceeds from sales of tower sites   | —                       | 12        | 9         | (12)             | (100)%   | 3                | 33 %     |
| Proceeds related to beneficial interests in securitization transactions  | 3,579                   | 4,816     | 4,836     | (1,237)          | (26)%    | (20)             | — %      |
| Adjusted Free Cash Flow  | \$ 17,032               | \$ 13,586 | \$ 7,656  | \$ 3,446         | 25 %     | \$ 5,930         | 77 %     |
| Net cash provided by operating activities margin (Net cash provided by operating activities divided by Service revenues) | 34 %                    | 29 %      | 27 %      |                  | 500 bps  |                  | 200 bps  |
| Adjusted Free Cash Flow margin (Adjusted Free Cash Flow divided by Service revenues)                                     | 26 %                    | 21 %      | 12 %      |                  | 500 bps  |                  | 900 bps  |

Adjusted Free Cash Flow increased \$3.4 billion, or 25%, for the year ended December 31, 2024, primarily from:

- Higher Net cash provided by operating activities, as described above; and
- Lower Cash purchases of property and equipment, including capitalized interest, driven by increased capital efficiencies from accelerated investments in our nationwide 5G network in previous years; partially offset by
- Lower Proceeds related to beneficial interests in securitization transactions, which were offset in Net cash provided by operating activities.
- Adjusted Free Cash Flow includes the impact of \$767 million and \$2.0 billion for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, in net payments for Merger-related costs.

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no significant net cash proceeds from securitization.

On October 22, 2024, we executed amendments (the "Pledge Amendments") to the EIP Sale Arrangement and the Service Receivable Sale Arrangement (as discussed in [Note 5 – Sales of Certain Receivables](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements). Following the effective date of the Pledge Amendments of November 1, 2024, all cash proceeds associated with the sale of such receivables, a portion of which, prior to November 1, 2024, were recognized as Proceeds related to beneficial interests in securitization transactions within Net cash used in investing activities on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, were recognized as operating cash flows. The Pledge Amendments did not have a net impact on Adjusted Free Cash Flow.

## Borrowing Capacity

We maintain a revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") with an aggregate commitment amount of \$7.5 billion. As of December 31, 2024, there was no outstanding balance under the Revolving Credit Facility.

We maintain an unsecured short-term commercial paper program with the ability to borrow up to \$2.0 billion from time to time. This program supplements our other available external financing arrangements and proceeds are expected to be used for general corporate purposes. As of December 31, 2024, there was no outstanding balance under this program.

### ***Debt Financing***

As of December 31, 2024, our total debt and financing lease liabilities were \$80.6 billion, excluding our tower obligations, of which \$74.2 billion was classified as long-term debt and \$1.2 billion was classified as long-term financing lease liabilities.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we issued long-term debt for net proceeds of \$8.6 billion and repaid short-term debt with an aggregate principal amount of \$5.1 billion.

For more information regarding our debt financing transactions, see [Note 9 – Debt](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### ***Spectrum Auctions***

In September 2022, the FCC announced that we were the winning bidder of 7,156 licenses in Auction 108 (2.5 GHz spectrum) for an aggregate price of \$304 million. At inception of Auction 108 in June 2022, we deposited \$65 million. We paid the FCC the remaining \$239 million for the licenses won in the auction in September 2022. On February 29, 2024, the FCC issued to us the licenses won in Auction 108, and substantially all of these licenses were deployed in March 2024.

For more information regarding our spectrum licenses, see [Note 7 – Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### ***License Purchase Agreements***

On August 8, 2022, we entered into License Purchase Agreements to acquire spectrum in the 600 MHz band from Channel 51 License Co LLC and LB License Co, LLC (together with Channel 51 License Co LLC, the “Sellers”) in exchange for total cash consideration of \$3.5 billion. On March 30, 2023, we and the Sellers entered into Amended and Restated License Purchase Agreements, pursuant to which we and the Sellers agreed to bifurcate the transaction into two tranches of licenses, with the closings on the acquisitions of certain licenses in Chicago, Dallas and New Orleans being deferred in order to potentially expedite the regulatory approval process for the remainder of the licenses. Subsequently, on August 25, 2023, we and the Sellers entered into Amendments No. 1 to the Amended and Restated License Purchase Agreements, whereby we deferred the closings of certain additional licenses in Chicago and Dallas into the second closing tranche. Together, the licenses with closings deferred into the second closing tranche represent approximately \$1.1 billion of the aggregate \$3.5 billion cash consideration.

The FCC approved the purchase of the first tranche on December 29, 2023. The first tranche closed on June 24, 2024, and the associated payment of \$2.4 billion was made on August 5, 2024.

The FCC approved the purchase of the Dallas licenses included in the second tranche on October 22, 2024. The purchase of the Dallas licenses closed on December 6, 2024, and the associated payment of \$541 million was made on the same day.

We anticipate that the remaining deferred licenses from the second tranche of \$604 million will close in 2025.

The parties have agreed that each of the closings will occur within 180 days after the receipt of the applicable required regulatory approvals, and payment of each portion of the aggregate \$3.5 billion purchase price will occur no later than 40 days after the date of each respective closing.

On September 12, 2023, we entered into a License Purchase Agreement with Comcast pursuant to which we will acquire spectrum in the 600 MHz band from Comcast in exchange for total cash consideration of between \$1.2 billion and \$3.3 billion, subject to an application for FCC approval. The licenses are subject to an exclusive leasing arrangement between us and Comcast entered into contemporaneously with the License Purchase Agreement. On January 13, 2025, we and Comcast entered into an amendment to the License Purchase Agreement pursuant to which we will acquire additional spectrum. Subsequent to the amendment, the total cash consideration for the transaction is between \$1.2 billion and \$3.4 billion. We anticipate the closing will occur in the first half of 2028.

On September 10, 2024, we entered into a License Purchase Agreement with N77 License Co LLC (“Buyer”), pursuant to which Buyer has the option to purchase all or a portion of our remaining 3.45 GHz spectrum licenses in exchange for a range of cash consideration, with the specific licenses sold to be determined based upon the amount of committed financing raised by Buyer. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the licenses subject to the License Purchase Agreement were held at cost of \$2.7 billion in Spectrum licenses on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We maintain the right to terminate the License Purchase

Agreement no later than February 7, 2025, as we did not receive written notice of committed financing as of December 9, 2024, from the Buyer at or above a certain target level of cash consideration. If we do not terminate the License Purchase Agreement, the transaction is subject to FCC approval.

### ***Acquisition of Ka'ena Corporation***

On the Acquisition Date, we completed the Ka'ena Acquisition. The total purchase price is variable, dependent upon specified performance indicators of Ka'ena, and consists of an upfront payment on the Acquisition Date and an earnout payable on August 1, 2026. On the Acquisition Date and in satisfaction of the upfront payment, we transferred \$420 million in cash and 3,264,952 shares of T-Mobile common stock valued at \$536 million as determined based on its closing market price on April 30, 2024, for a total payment fair value of \$956 million. The amount of the upfront payment was subject to customary adjustments and as a result of such adjustments, \$17 million of the upfront payment was returned to T-Mobile during the fourth quarter of 2024, which resulted in a commensurate increase in the maximum payable in satisfaction of the earnout.

Based on the adjusted amount paid upfront, up to an additional \$420 million in future cash and T-Mobile common stock is payable in satisfaction of the earnout, dependent upon Ka'ena's achievement of specified performance indicators.

For more information regarding the Ka'ena Acquisition, see [Note 2 – Business Combinations](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### ***Lumos Joint Venture***

On April 24, 2024, we entered into a definitive agreement with Fund VI to establish a joint venture between us and Fund VI to acquire Lumos from EQT's predecessor fund, EQT Infrastructure III. The arrangement is expected to close in the first half of 2025, subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals. At closing, we expect to invest approximately \$950 million in the joint venture to acquire a 50% equity interest and all existing Lumos fiber customers. The funds invested by us will be used to fund future fiber builds. In addition, pursuant to the definitive agreement, we expect to make an additional capital contribution of approximately \$500 million in 2027 or 2028 under the existing business plan.

For more information regarding the Lumos joint venture, see [Note 3 – Joint Ventures](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### ***Acquisition of UScellular Wireless Operations***

On May 24, 2024, we entered into a securities purchase agreement with UScellular pursuant to which, among other things, we will acquire substantially all of UScellular's wireless operations and select spectrum assets for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$4.4 billion, payable in cash and the assumption of up to \$2.0 billion of debt through an exchange offer to be made to certain UScellular debtholders prior to closing. To the extent any debtholders do not participate in the exchange, their bonds will continue as obligations of UScellular, and the cash portion of the purchase price will be correspondingly increased. The transaction is expected to close in mid-2025, subject to customary closing conditions and receipt of certain regulatory approvals.

Following the closing of the transaction, UScellular will retain ownership of its other spectrum, as well as its towers. Subject to the closing of the transaction, we will enter into a 15-year master license agreement to lease space on at least 2,100 towers being retained and to extend our tenancy term on approximately 600 towers where we are already leasing space from UScellular for 15 years post-closing. We estimate the incremental future minimum lease payments associated with the master license agreement will be \$1.4 billion over 15 years post-closing.

### ***Metronet Joint Venture***

On July 18, 2024, we entered into a definitive agreement with KKR to establish a joint venture to acquire Metronet. This arrangement is expected to close in 2025, subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals. At closing, we expect to invest approximately \$4.9 billion in the joint venture to acquire a 50% equity interest and all existing residential fiber customers, as well as funding the joint venture. We do not anticipate making further capital contributions following the closing under the existing business plan.

For more information regarding the Metronet joint venture, see [Note 3 – Joint Ventures](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### ***Acquisition of Vistar Media Inc.***

On December 20, 2024, we entered into an agreement and plan of merger for the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of Vistar Media Inc., for a purchase price of approximately \$625 million. The purchase price is subject to certain agreed-upon working capital and other adjustments. The acquisition is subject to certain customary closing conditions, including certain regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the first quarter of 2025.

For more information regarding the acquisition of Vistar Media Inc., see [Note 2 – Business Combinations](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### ***Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements***

We have arrangements, as amended from time to time, to sell certain EIP accounts receivable and service accounts receivable on a revolving basis as a source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2024, we derecognized net receivables of \$1.6 billion upon sale through these arrangements.

For more information regarding these off-balance sheet arrangements, see [Note 5 – Sales of Certain Receivables](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### ***Future Sources and Uses of Liquidity***

We may seek additional sources of liquidity, including through the issuance of additional debt, to continue to opportunistically acquire spectrum licenses or other long-lived assets in private party transactions, repurchase shares, pay dividends or for the refinancing of existing long-term debt on an opportunistic basis. Excluding liquidity that could be needed for acquisitions of businesses, spectrum and other long-lived assets, or for any potential stockholder returns, we expect our principal sources of funding to be sufficient to meet our anticipated liquidity needs for business operations for the next 12 months, as well as our longer-term liquidity needs. Our intended use of any such funds is for general corporate purposes, including for capital expenditures, spectrum purchases, opportunistic investments and acquisitions, redemption of debt, tower obligations, share repurchases, and dividend payments.

We determine future liquidity requirements for operations, capital expenditures, share repurchases and dividend payments based in large part upon projected financial and operating performance, and opportunities to acquire additional spectrum or repurchase shares. We regularly review and update these projections for changes in current and projected financial and operating results, general economic conditions, the competitive landscape and other factors. We have incurred, and will incur, substantial expenses to comply with the Government Commitments, and we have incurred all of the remaining restructuring and integration costs associated with the Merger, with the cash expenditures for the Merger-related costs extending beyond 2024. There are a number of additional risks and uncertainties that could cause our financial and operating results and capital requirements to differ materially from our projections, which could cause future liquidity to differ materially from our assessment.

The indentures, supplemental indentures and credit agreements governing our long-term debt to affiliates and third parties, excluding financing leases, contain covenants that, among other things, limit the ability of the Issuers or borrowers and the Guarantor Subsidiaries to incur more debt, create liens or other encumbrances, and merge, consolidate or sell, or otherwise dispose of, substantially all of their assets. We were in compliance with all restrictive debt covenants as of December 31, 2024.

### ***Financing Lease Facilities***

We have uncommitted financing lease facilities with certain third parties that provide us with the ability to enter into financing leases for network equipment and services. As of December 31, 2024, we have entered into \$9.9 billion of financing leases under these financing lease facilities, of which \$1.2 billion was executed during the year ended December 31, 2024. We expect to enter into up to a total of \$1.2 billion in financing lease commitments during the year ending December 31, 2025.

### ***Capital Expenditures***

Our liquidity requirements for capital expenditures have been driven primarily by capital expenditures for spectrum licenses, the construction, expansion and upgrading of our network infrastructure, the integration of the networks, spectrum, technology, personnel and customer base of T-Mobile and Sprint, which is substantially complete, and investments in information technology platforms. We expect to maintain our investment in capital expenditures related to these efforts in 2025 compared to



2024, as we continue to build out our nationwide 5G network and our digital transformation. Future capital expenditure requirements will be primarily driven by the deployment of acquired spectrum licenses.

For more information regarding our spectrum licenses, see [Note 7 – Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### ***Stockholder Returns***

On September 6, 2023, our Board of Directors authorized our 2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program of up to \$19.0 billion that ran from October 1, 2023, through December 31, 2024. The 2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program consisted of repurchases of shares of our common stock and the payment of cash dividends.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we repurchased 59,376,922 shares of our common stock at an average price per share of \$187.07 for a total purchase price of \$11.1 billion, all of which were purchased under the 2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we paid an aggregate of \$3.3 billion, in cash dividends to our stockholders, which was presented within Net cash used in financing activities on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

On December 13, 2024, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized our 2025 Stockholder Return Program of up to \$14.0 billion that will run through December 31, 2025. The 2025 Stockholder Return Program is expected to consist of additional repurchases of shares of our common stock and the payment of cash dividends. The declaration and payment of all dividends is subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on financial and legal requirements and other considerations. The amount available under the 2025 Stockholder Return Program for share repurchases will be reduced by the amount of any cash dividends declared and paid by us.

The 2025 Stockholder Return Program is the next step consistent with the Company's capital allocation framework outlined at its recent Capital Markets Day. As discussed at Capital Markets Day, the Company expects its business plan to support approximately \$80.0 billion in investments and capital returns between September 18, 2024, and the end of 2027. The Company currently plans to allocate such funds as follows:

- Up to \$50.0 billion for share repurchases and cash dividends, which includes the 2025 Stockholder Return Program;
- Approximately \$19.5 billion in a discretionary and flexible envelope for potential activities, which may include de-levering, investments in our core business, strategic investments, and/or additional capital returns to stockholders beyond the \$50.0 billion initial allocation; and
- Approximately \$10.5 billion to complete pending transactions. See [Note 2 - Business Combinations](#), [Note 3 - Joint Ventures](#) and [Note 7 – Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets](#) for additional information.

On November 21, 2024, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.88 per share on our issued and outstanding common stock, which will be paid on March 13, 2025, to stockholders of record as of the close of business on February 28, 2025.

As of December 31, 2024, \$1.0 billion for dividends payable is presented within Other current liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Subsequent to December 31, 2024, from January 1, 2025, through January 24, 2025, we repurchased 2,855,113 shares of our common stock at an average price per share of \$216.03 for a total purchase price of \$617 million under the 2025 Stockholder Return Program. As of January 24, 2025, we had up to \$13.4 billion remaining under the 2025 Stockholder Return Program for repurchases of shares and quarterly dividends through December 31, 2025.

For additional information regarding the 2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program and the 2025 Stockholder Return Program, see [Note 15 – Stockholder Return Programs](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Contractual Obligations

In connection with the regulatory approvals of the Transactions, we made commitments to various state and federal agencies, including the U.S. Department of Justice and FCC.

For more information regarding these commitments, see [Note 18 – Commitments and Contingencies](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following table summarizes our material contractual obligations and borrowings as of December 31, 2024, and the timing and effect that such commitments are expected to have on our liquidity and capital requirements in future periods:

| (in millions)   | Less Than 1 Year | 1 - 3 Years | 3 - 5 Years | More Than 5 Years | Total      |
|---|------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------------|
| Long-term debt <sup>(1)</sup>                           | \$ 4,069         | \$ 11,735   | \$ 15,388   | \$ 46,799         | \$ 77,991  |
| Interest on long-term debt                              | 3,203            | 5,792       | 4,695       | 22,773            | 36,463     |
| Financing lease liabilities, including imputed interest | 1,242            | 1,166       | 29          | —                 | 2,437      |
| Tower obligations <sup>(2)</sup>                        | 380              | 788         | 835         | 3,677             | 5,680      |
| Operating lease liabilities, including imputed interest | 4,491            | 8,493       | 7,241       | 15,664            | 35,889     |
| Purchase obligations <sup>(3) (4) (5) (6)</sup>         | 4,589            | 5,050       | 2,240       | 2,338             | 14,217     |
| Spectrum leases and service credits <sup>(7)</sup>      | 289              | 613         | 641         | 3,807             | 5,350      |
| IP transit services liability <sup>(8)</sup>            | 100              | 183         | —           | —                 | 283        |
| Total contractual obligations                           | \$ 18,363        | \$ 33,820   | \$ 31,069   | \$ 95,058         | \$ 178,310 |

- (1) Represents principal amounts of long-term debt to affiliates and third parties at maturity, excluding unamortized premiums, discounts, debt issuance costs, consent fees, and financing lease obligations. See [Note 9 – Debt](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.
- (2) Future minimum payments, including principal and interest payments, related to the tower obligations. See [Note 10 – Tower Obligations](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.
- (3) The minimum commitment for certain obligations is based on termination penalties that could be paid to exit the contracts. Termination penalties are included in the above table as payments due as of the earliest we could exit the contract, typically in less than one year. For certain contracts that include fixed volume purchase commitments and fixed prices for various products, the purchase obligations are calculated using fixed volumes and contractually fixed prices for the products that are expected to be purchased. This table does not include open purchase orders as of December 31, 2024 under normal business purposes. See [Note 18 – Commitments and Contingencies](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.
- (4) On August 8, 2022, we entered into License Purchase Agreements to acquire spectrum in the 600 MHz band from Channel 51 License Co LLC and LB License Co, LLC in exchange for total cash consideration of \$3.5 billion. As of December 31, 2024, the remaining deferred licenses from the second tranche of \$604 million are subject to regulatory approval and are excluded from our reported purchase commitments above. On September 12, 2023, we entered into a License Purchase Agreement to acquire spectrum in the 600 MHz band from Comcast in exchange for total cash consideration of between \$1.2 billion and \$3.3 billion. On January 13, 2025, we and Comcast entered into an amendment to the License Purchase Agreement pursuant to which we will acquire additional spectrum. Subsequent to the amendment, the total cash consideration for the transaction is between \$1.2 billion and \$3.4 billion. The agreement, as amended, remains subject to an application for FCC approval. Total consideration for this License Purchase Agreement is excluded from our reported purchase obligations above. See [Note 7 – Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.
- (5) On May 1, 2024, we completed the Ka’ena Acquisition and based on the amount of the adjusted upfront payment, up to an additional \$420 million in future cash and T-Mobile common stock is payable in satisfaction of the earnout and is excluded from our reported purchase commitments above. Additionally, on May 24, 2024, we entered into a securities purchase agreement with UScellular for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$4.4 billion, payable in cash and the assumption of up to \$2.0 billion of debt, as well as entered into a master license agreement with estimated minimum lease payments of \$1.4 billion over 15 years post-closing. On December 20, 2024, we entered into an agreement and plan of merger for the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of Vistar Media Inc. for a purchase price of approximately \$625 million. These transactions are subject to customary closing conditions and receipt of certain regulatory approvals and are excluded from our reported purchase obligations above. See [Note 2 – Business Combinations](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.
- (6) On April 24, 2024, we entered into a definitive agreement with Fund VI to establish a joint venture between us and Fund VI to acquire Lumos. We expect to invest approximately \$950 million in the joint venture. In addition, pursuant to the definitive agreement, we expect to make an additional capital contribution of approximately \$500 million in 2027 or 2028 under the existing business plan. Additionally, on July 18, 2024, we entered into a definitive agreement with KKR to establish a joint venture to acquire Metronet. At closing, we expect to invest approximately \$4.9 billion in the joint venture. These transactions are subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals and are excluded from our reported purchase obligations above. See [Note 3 – Joint Ventures](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.
- (7) Spectrum lease agreements are typically for terms of five to 10 years with automatic renewal provisions, bringing the total term of the agreements up to 30 years.
- (8) On May 1, 2023, Cogent Infrastructure, Inc. and the Company completed the Wireline Transaction. Under the terms of the Wireline Sale Agreement, the Company agreed to make payments pursuant to an IP transit services agreement totaling \$700 million, consisting of (i) \$350 million in equal monthly installments during the first year after the closing and (ii) \$350 million in equal monthly installments over the subsequent 42 months. For more information regarding the Wireline Transaction, see [Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Certain commitments and obligations are included in the table based on the year of required payment or an estimate of the year of payment. Other long-term liabilities have been omitted from the table above due to the uncertainty of the timing of payments, combined with the lack of historical trends to predict future payments.

The purchase obligations reflected in the table above are primarily commitments to purchase spectrum licenses, wireless devices, network services, equipment, software, marketing sponsorship agreements and other items in the ordinary course of business. These amounts do not represent our entire anticipated purchases in the future but represent only those items for which we are contractually committed. Where we are committed to make a minimum payment to the supplier regardless of whether we take delivery, we have included only that minimum payment as a purchase obligation. The acquisition of spectrum licenses is subject to regulatory approval and other customary closing conditions.

### **Related Party Transactions**

We have related party transactions associated with DT, SoftBank or their respective affiliates in the ordinary course of business, including intercompany servicing and licensing.

As of January 24, 2025, DT and SoftBank held, directly or indirectly, approximately 51.5% and 7.5%, respectively, of the outstanding T-Mobile common stock, with the remaining approximately 41.0% of the outstanding T-Mobile common stock held by other stockholders. As a result of the Proxy, Lock-Up and ROFR Agreement, dated April 1, 2020, by and between DT and SoftBank, DT has voting control, as of January 24, 2025, over approximately 58.7% of the outstanding T-Mobile common stock.

### **Disclosure of Iranian Activities under Section 13(r) of the Exchange Act**

Section 219 of the Iran Threat Reduction and the Syria Human Rights Act of 2012 added Section 13(r) to the Exchange Act. Section 13(r) requires an issuer to disclose in its annual or quarterly reports, as applicable, whether it or any of its affiliates knowingly engaged in certain activities, transactions or dealings relating to Iran or with designated natural persons or entities involved in terrorism or the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction. Disclosure is required even where the activities, transactions or dealings are conducted outside the U.S. by non-U.S. affiliates in compliance with applicable law, and whether or not the activities are sanctionable under U.S. law.

As of the date of this report, we are not aware of any activity, transaction or dealing by us or any of our affiliates for the year ended December 31, 2024, that requires disclosure in this report under Section 13(r) of the Exchange Act, except as set forth below with respect to affiliates that we do not control and that are our affiliates solely due to their common control with either DT or SoftBank. We have relied upon DT and SoftBank for information regarding their respective activities, transactions and dealings.

DT, through certain of its non-U.S. subsidiaries, is party to roaming and interconnect agreements with the following mobile and fixed line telecommunication providers in Iran, some of which are or may be government-controlled entities: Irancell Telecommunications Services Company, Telecommunication Kish Company, Mobile Telecommunication Company of Iran, and Telecommunication Infrastructure Company of Iran. In addition, during the year ended December 31, 2024, DT, through certain of its non-U.S. subsidiaries, provided basic telecommunications services to five customers in Germany identified on the Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List maintained by the U.S. Department of Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control: Bank Melli, Europäisch-Iranische Handelsbank, CPG Engineering & Commercial Services GmbH, Golgozar Trade and Technology GmbH and International Trade and Industrial Technology ITRITEC GmbH. These services have been terminated or are in the process of being terminated. For the year ended December 31, 2024, gross revenues of all DT affiliates generated by roaming and interconnection traffic and telecommunications services with the Iranian parties identified herein were less than \$0.1 million, and the estimated net profits were less than \$0.1 million.

In addition, DT, through certain of its non-U.S. subsidiaries that operate a fixed-line network in their respective European home countries (in particular, Germany), provides telecommunications services in the ordinary course of business to the Embassy of Iran in those European countries. Gross revenues and net profits recorded from these activities for the year ended December 31, 2024, were less than \$0.1 million. We understand that DT intends to continue these activities.

Separately, SoftBank, through one of its non-U.S. subsidiaries, provides roaming services in Iran through Irancell Telecommunications Services Company. During the year ended December 31, 2024, SoftBank had no gross revenues from such services, and no net profit was generated. We understand that the SoftBank subsidiary intends to continue such services. This subsidiary also provides telecommunications services in the ordinary course of business to accounts affiliated with the Embassy of Iran in Japan. During the year ended December 31, 2024, SoftBank estimates that gross revenues and net profit

generated by such services were both under \$0.1 million. We understand that the SoftBank subsidiary is obligated under contract and intends to continue such services.

In addition, SoftBank, through one of its non-U.S. indirect subsidiaries, provides office supplies to the Embassy of Iran in Japan. SoftBank estimates that gross revenues and net profit generated by such services during the year ended December 31, 2024, were both under \$0.1 million. We understand that the SoftBank subsidiary intends to continue such activities.

### **Critical Accounting Estimates**

Our significant accounting policies are fundamental to understanding our results of operations and financial condition as they require that we use estimates and assumptions that may affect the value of our assets or liabilities and financial results. See [Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

Two of these policies, discussed below, relate to critical estimates because they require management to make difficult, subjective and complex judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain and because it is likely that materially different amounts would be reported under different conditions or using different assumptions. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Management and the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors have reviewed and approved the accounting policies associated with these critical estimates.

### ***Depreciation***

Our property and equipment balance represents a significant component of our consolidated assets. We record property and equipment at cost, and we generally depreciate property and equipment on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. If all other factors were to remain unchanged, we expect that a one-year increase in the useful lives of our in-service property and equipment would have resulted in a decrease of approximately \$3.2 billion in our 2024 depreciation expense and that a one-year decrease in the useful life would have resulted in an increase of approximately \$4.6 billion in our 2024 depreciation expense.

See [Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies](#) and [Note 6 – Property and Equipment](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding depreciation of assets, including management’s underlying estimates of useful lives.

### ***Income Taxes***

We account for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in the financial statements in accordance with the accounting guidance for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. We assess whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination based on the technical merits of the position and adjust the unrecognized tax benefits in light of changes in facts and circumstances, such as changes in tax law, interactions with taxing authorities and developments in case law.

The income tax laws of the jurisdictions in which we operate are complex and subject to different interpretations by management and the relevant government taxing authorities. In establishing a provision for income tax expense, we must make judgments about the application of these inherently complex tax laws. We must also make estimates about when in the future certain items will affect taxable income in the various tax jurisdictions. Our interpretations may be subjected to review during examination by taxing authorities and disputes may arise over the respective tax positions. We attempt to resolve these disputes during the tax examination and audit process and ultimately through the court system when applicable.

We monitor relevant tax authorities and revise our estimate of accrued income taxes due to changes in income tax laws and their interpretation by the courts and regulatory authorities on a quarterly basis. Revisions of our estimate of accrued income taxes also may result from our own income tax planning and from the resolution of income tax controversies. Such revisions in our estimates may be material to our Income tax expense for any given quarter.

### **Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted**

For information regarding recently issued accounting standards, see [Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

We are exposed to economic risks in the normal course of business, primarily from changes in interest rates, including changes in investment yields and changes in spreads due to credit risk and other factors. These risks, along with other business risks, impact our cost of capital. Our policy is to manage exposure related to fluctuations in interest rates in order to manage capital costs, control financial risks and maintain financial flexibility over the long term. We have established interest rate risk limits that are closely monitored by measuring interest rate sensitivities of our debt portfolio. As of December 31, 2024, we held €2.0 billion in EUR-denominated Senior Notes, which are subject to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations. We have entered into cross-currency swap agreements that qualify and have been designated as fair value hedges of our EUR-denominated debt, mitigating our exposure to foreign currency transaction gains and losses. We do not foresee significant changes in the strategies used to manage market risk in the near future.

Certain potential sources of financing available to us, including our Revolving Credit Facility, bear interest that is indexed to a benchmark rate plus a fixed margin. As of December 31, 2024, we did not have outstanding balances under these facilities. See [Note 9 – Debt](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

## Item 8. Financial Statements

### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of T-Mobile US, Inc.

#### Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of T-Mobile US, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by COSO.

#### Basis for Opinions

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting included in Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements and an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures to respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

#### Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Critical Audit Matter**

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current-period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

### ***Revenues – Refer to Notes 1 and 11 to the consolidated financial statements***

#### *Critical Audit Matter Description*

The Company generates revenues from providing wireless communications services and selling devices and accessories to customers. The processing and recording of service revenues related to monthly wireless services billings is highly automated and is based on contractual terms with customers. Equipment revenues related to device and accessory sales are typically recognized at a point in time when control of the device or accessory is transferred to the customer or dealer. The Company's service and equipment revenues consist of a significant volume of low-dollar transactions accumulated from multiple systems and databases.

Given the large volume of low-dollar service and equipment revenue transactions which are initiated, accumulated, and recorded in multiple systems and databases, auditing service and equipment revenues was complex and challenging due to the extent of audit effort required and the need for professionals with expertise in information technology (IT) to identify, evaluate, and test the Company's systems, databases, automated controls, and system interface controls.

#### *How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit*

Our audit procedures related to the Company's service and equipment revenue transactions included the following, among others:

- With the assistance of our IT specialists, we:
  - Identified the relevant systems and databases used to process service and equipment revenue transactions and tested the relevant IT controls over each of those systems and databases.
  - Performed testing of automated business controls and system interface controls within service and equipment revenues.
- We tested internal controls in the revenue accounting processes, including those in place to (a) establish revenue recognition accounting policies for promotional offers, (b) record revenue and the related promotional offers in accordance with the established accounting policies and (c) reconcile the various systems to the Company's general ledger.
- We created data visualizations to evaluate recorded service and equipment revenue and trends in the related subscriber data.
- For a selection of wholesale service revenue and equipment revenue transactions, we compared the amounts recognized to contractual agreements or other source documents and tested the mathematical accuracy of the recorded revenue.
- We developed an expectation of postpaid and prepaid service revenue amounts using historical service revenue and subscriber information and compared it to the recorded amount.
- We tested the accuracy and completeness of the subscriber information used in our audit procedures by selecting a sample of the subscriber information and for those selections agreeing the selected subscriber information to supporting documentation.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP  
Seattle, Washington  
January 31, 2025

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2022.

**T-Mobile US, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Balance Sheets**

| (in millions, except share and per share amounts)   | December 31,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>   |                      |                      |
| Current assets  |                      |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | \$ 5,409             | \$ 5,135             |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for credit losses of \$176 and \$161  | 4,276                | 4,692                |
| Equipment installment plan receivables, net of allowance for credit losses and imputed discount of \$656 and \$623  | 4,379                | 4,456                |
| Inventory   | 1,607                | 1,678                |
| Prepaid expenses  | 880                  | 702                  |
| Other current assets  | 1,853                | 2,352                |
| Total current assets  | 18,404               | 19,015               |
| Property and equipment, net   | 38,533               | 40,432               |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets   | 25,398               | 27,135               |
| Financing lease right-of-use assets   | 3,091                | 3,270                |
| Goodwill  | 13,005               | 12,234               |
| Spectrum licenses   | 100,558              | 96,707               |
| Other intangible assets, net  | 2,512                | 2,618                |
| Equipment installment plan receivables due after one year, net of allowance for credit losses and imputed discount of \$158 and \$150   | 2,209                | 2,042                |
| Other assets  | 4,325                | 4,229                |
| Total assets  | \$ 208,035           | \$ 207,682           |
| <b>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>   |                      |                      |
| Current liabilities   |                      |                      |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  | \$ 8,463             | \$ 10,373            |
| Short-term debt   | 4,068                | 3,619                |
| Deferred revenue  | 1,222                | 825                  |
| Short-term operating lease liabilities  | 3,281                | 3,555                |
| Short-term financing lease liabilities  | 1,175                | 1,260                |
| Other current liabilities   | 1,965                | 1,296                |
| Total current liabilities   | 20,174               | 20,928               |
| Long-term debt  | 72,700               | 69,903               |
| Long-term debt to affiliates  | 1,497                | 1,496                |
| Tower obligations   | 3,664                | 3,777                |
| Deferred tax liabilities  | 16,700               | 13,458               |
| Operating lease liabilities   | 26,408               | 28,240               |
| Financing lease liabilities   | 1,151                | 1,236                |
| Other long-term liabilities   | 4,000                | 3,929                |
| Total long-term liabilities   | 126,120              | 122,039              |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 18)   |                      |                      |
| Stockholders' equity  |                      |                      |
| Common stock, par value \$0.00001 per share, 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 1,271,074,364 and 1,262,904,154 shares issued, 1,144,579,681 and 1,195,807,331 shares outstanding | —                    | —                    |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 68,798               | 67,705               |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 126,494,683 and 67,096,823 shares  | (20,584)             | (9,373)              |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss  | (857)                | (964)                |
| Retained earnings   | 14,384               | 7,347                |
| Total stockholders' equity  | 61,741               | 64,715               |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity  | \$ 208,035           | \$ 207,682           |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



**T-Mobile US, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

| (in millions, except share and per share amounts)   | Year Ended December 31, |               |               |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
|   | 2024                    | 2023          | 2022          |
| <b>Revenues</b>   |                         |               |               |
| Postpaid revenues   | \$ 52,340               | \$ 48,692     | \$ 45,919     |
| Prepaid revenues  | 10,399                  | 9,767         | 9,857         |
| Wholesale and other service revenues  | 3,439                   | 4,782         | 5,547         |
| Total service revenues  | 66,178                  | 63,241        | 61,323        |
| Equipment revenues  | 14,263                  | 14,138        | 17,130        |
| Other revenues  | 959                     | 1,179         | 1,118         |
| Total revenues  | 81,400                  | 78,558        | 79,571        |
| <b>Operating expenses</b>   |                         |               |               |
| Cost of services, exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below   | 10,771                  | 11,655        | 14,666        |
| Cost of equipment sales, exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below  | 18,882                  | 18,533        | 21,540        |
| Selling, general and administrative   | 20,818                  | 21,311        | 21,607        |
| Impairment expense  | —                       | —             | 477           |
| (Gain) loss on disposal group held for sale   | —                       | (25)          | 1,087         |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 12,919                  | 12,818        | 13,651        |
| Total operating expenses  | 63,390                  | 64,292        | 73,028        |
| Operating income  | 18,010                  | 14,266        | 6,543         |
| <b>Other expense, net</b>   |                         |               |               |
| Interest expense, net   | (3,411)                 | (3,335)       | (3,364)       |
| Other income (expense), net   | 113                     | 68            | (33)          |
| Total other expense, net  | (3,298)                 | (3,267)       | (3,397)       |
| Income before income taxes  | 14,712                  | 10,999        | 3,146         |
| Income tax expense  | (3,373)                 | (2,682)       | (556)         |
| Net income  | \$ 11,339               | \$ 8,317      | \$ 2,590      |
| Net income  | \$ 11,339               | \$ 8,317      | \$ 2,590      |
| <b>Other comprehensive income, net of tax</b>   |                         |               |               |
| Reclassification of loss from cash flow hedges, net of tax effect of \$60, \$56 and \$52  | 176                     | 163           | 151           |
| Reclassification of loss from fair value hedges, net of unrealized loss on fair value hedges, net of tax effect of \$5, \$0 and \$0                         | 16                      | —             | —             |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax effect of \$0, \$0 and \$(1)  | —                       | 9             | (9)           |
| Actuarial (loss) gain, net of amortization and reclassification, on pension and other postretirement benefits, net of tax effect of \$(29), \$(31) and \$61 | (85)                    | (90)          | 177           |
| Other comprehensive income  | 107                     | 82            | 319           |
| Total comprehensive income  | \$ 11,446               | \$ 8,399      | \$ 2,909      |
| <b>Earnings per share</b>   |                         |               |               |
| Basic   | \$ 9.70                 | \$ 7.02       | \$ 2.07       |
| Diluted   | \$ 9.66                 | \$ 6.93       | \$ 2.06       |
| <b>Weighted-average shares outstanding</b>  |                         |               |               |
| Basic   | 1,169,195,373           | 1,185,121,562 | 1,249,763,934 |
| Diluted   | 1,173,213,898           | 1,200,286,264 | 1,255,376,769 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**T-Mobile US, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

| (in millions)   | Year Ended December 31, |          |          |
|---|-------------------------|----------|----------|
|   | 2024                    | 2023     | 2022     |
| <b>Operating activities</b>   |                         |          |          |
| Net income  | \$ 11,339               | \$ 8,317 | \$ 2,590 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities                  |                         |          |          |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 12,919                  | 12,818   | 13,651   |
| Stock-based compensation expense  | 649                     | 667      | 595      |
| Deferred income tax expense   | 3,120                   | 2,600    | 492      |
| Bad debt expense  | 1,192                   | 898      | 1,026    |
| Losses from sales of receivables  | 62                      | 165      | 214      |
| Impairment expense  | —                       | —        | 477      |
| Loss on remeasurement of disposal group held for sale   | —                       | 9        | 377      |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities   |                         |          |          |
| Accounts receivable   | (3,088)                 | (5,038)  | (5,158)  |
| Equipment installment plan receivables  | (523)                   | 170      | (1,184)  |
| Inventory   | 131                     | 197      | 744      |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets   | 3,480                   | 3,721    | 5,227    |
| Other current and long-term assets  | (411)                   | (358)    | (754)    |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  | (2,041)                 | (1,126)  | 558      |
| Short- and long-term operating lease liabilities  | (3,879)                 | (3,785)  | (2,947)  |
| Other current and long-term liabilities   | (678)                   | (839)    | 459      |
| Other, net  | 21                      | 143      | 414      |
| Net cash provided by operating activities   | 22,293                  | 18,559   | 16,781   |
| <b>Investing activities</b>   |                         |          |          |
| Purchases of property and equipment, including capitalized interest of \$(34), \$(104) and \$(61) | (8,840)                 | (9,801)  | (13,970) |
| Purchases of spectrum licenses and other intangible assets, including deposits                    | (3,471)                 | (1,010)  | (3,331)  |
| Proceeds from sales of tower sites  | —                       | 12       | 9        |
| Proceeds related to beneficial interests in securitization transactions                           | 3,579                   | 4,816    | 4,836    |
| Acquisition of companies, net of cash acquired  | (373)                   | —        | (52)     |
| Other, net  | 33                      | 154      | 149      |
| Net cash used in investing activities   | (9,072)                 | (5,829)  | (12,359) |
| <b>Financing activities</b>   |                         |          |          |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt  | 8,587                   | 8,446    | 3,714    |
| Repayments of financing lease obligations   | (1,367)                 | (1,227)  | (1,239)  |
| Repayments of long-term debt  | (5,073)                 | (5,051)  | (5,556)  |
| Repurchases of common stock   | (11,228)                | (13,074) | (3,000)  |
| Dividends on common stock   | (3,300)                 | (747)    | —        |
| Tax withholdings on share-based awards  | (269)                   | (297)    | (243)    |
| Other, net  | (165)                   | (147)    | (127)    |
| Net cash used in financing activities   | (12,815)                | (12,097) | (6,451)  |
| Change in cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash and cash held for sale             | 406                     | 633      | (2,029)  |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash and cash held for sale</b>                |                         |          |          |
| Beginning of period   | 5,307                   | 4,674    | 6,703    |
| End of period   | \$ 5,713                | \$ 5,307 | \$ 4,674 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**T-Mobile US, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity**

| (in millions, except share and per share amounts)                                 | Common Stock Outstanding | Treasury Shares Outstanding | Treasury Shares at Cost | Par Value and Additional Paid-in Capital | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | (Accumulated Deficit) Retained Earnings | Total Stockholders' Equity |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2021</b>  | 1,249,213,681            | 1,537,468                   | \$ (13)                 | \$ 73,292                                | \$ (1,365)                           | \$ (2,812)                              | \$ 69,102                  |
| Net income  | —                        | —                           | —                       | —  | —                                    | 2,590                                   | 2,590                      |
| Other comprehensive income  | —                        | —                           | —                       | —  | 319                                  | —                                       | 319                        |
| Stock-based compensation  | —                        | —                           | —                       | 656                                      | —                                    | —                                       | 656                        |
| Stock issued for employee stock purchase plan                                     | 2,079,086                | —                           | —                       | 227                                      | —                                    | —                                       | 227                        |
| Issuance of vested restricted stock units   | 5,796,891                | —                           | —                       | —  | —                                    | —                                       | —                          |
| Shares withheld related to net share settlement of stock awards and stock options | (1,900,710)              | —                           | —                       | (243)                                    | —                                    | —                                       | (243)                      |
| Repurchases of common stock   | (21,361,409)             | 21,361,409                  | (3,000)                 | —  | —                                    | —                                       | (3,000)                    |
| Other, net  | 132,539                  | 17,572                      | (3)                     | 9  | —                                    | (1)                                     | 5                          |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2022</b>  | 1,233,960,078            | 22,916,449                  | (3,016)                 | 73,941                                   | (1,046)                              | (223)                                   | 69,656                     |
| Net income  | —                        | —                           | —                       | —  | —                                    | 8,317                                   | 8,317                      |
| Dividends declared (\$0.65 per share)   | —                        | —                           | —                       | —  | —                                    | (747)                                   | (747)                      |
| Other comprehensive income  | —                        | —                           | —                       | —  | 82                                   | —                                       | 82                         |
| Stock-based compensation  | —                        | —                           | —                       | 687                                      | —                                    | —                                       | 687                        |
| Stock issued for employee stock purchase plan                                     | 1,771,475                | —                           | —                       | 210                                      | —                                    | —                                       | 210                        |
| Issuance of vested restricted stock units   | 6,074,565                | —                           | —                       | —  | —                                    | —                                       | —                          |
| Shares withheld related to net share settlement of stock awards and stock options | (2,027,800)              | —                           | —                       | (297)                                    | —                                    | —                                       | (297)                      |
| Repurchases of common stock   | (92,925,044)             | 92,925,044                  | (13,255)                | —  | —                                    | —                                       | (13,255)                   |
| SoftBank contingent shares settlement <sup>(1)</sup>                              | 48,751,557               | (48,751,557)                | 6,901                   | (6,849)                                  | —                                    | —                                       | 52                         |
| Other, net  | 202,500                  | 6,887                       | (3)                     | 13                                       | —                                    | —                                       | 10                         |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2023</b>  | 1,195,807,331            | 67,096,823                  | (9,373)                 | 67,705                                   | (964)                                | 7,347                                   | 64,715                     |
| Net income  | —                        | —                           | —                       | —  | —                                    | 11,339                                  | 11,339                     |
| Dividends declared (\$3.71 per share)   | —                        | —                           | —                       | —  | —                                    | (4,302)                                 | (4,302)                    |
| Other comprehensive income  | —                        | —                           | —                       | —  | 107                                  | —                                       | 107                        |
| Stock-based compensation  | —                        | —                           | —                       | 619                                      | —                                    | —                                       | 619                        |
| Stock issued for employee stock purchase plan                                     | 1,519,242                | —                           | —                       | 191                                      | —                                    | —                                       | 191                        |
| Issuance of vested restricted stock units   | 4,740,186                | —                           | —                       | —  | —                                    | —                                       | —                          |
| Shares withheld related to net share settlement of stock awards and stock options | (1,552,111)              | —                           | —                       | (269)                                    | —                                    | —                                       | (269)                      |
| Repurchases of common stock   | (59,376,922)             | 59,376,922                  | (11,206)                | —  | —                                    | —                                       | (11,206)                   |
| Ka'ena Acquisition upfront consideration  | 3,264,952                | —                           | —                       | 536                                      | —                                    | —                                       | 536                        |
| Other, net  | 177,003                  | 20,938                      | (5)                     | 16                                       | —                                    | —                                       | 11                         |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2024</b>  | 1,144,579,681            | 126,494,683                 | \$ (20,584)             | \$ 68,798                                | \$ (857)                             | \$ 14,384                               | \$ 61,741                  |

(1) Represents the issuance of the SoftBank Specified Shares pursuant to the Letter Agreement. See [Note 16 – Earnings Per Share](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**T-Mobile US, Inc.**  
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**T-Mobile US, Inc.**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Description of Business**

T-Mobile US, Inc. (“T-Mobile,” “we,” “our,” “us” or the “Company”), together with its consolidated subsidiaries, is a leading provider of wireless communications services, including voice, messaging and data, under its flagship brands, T-Mobile, Metro™ by T-Mobile (“Metro by T-Mobile”) and Mint Mobile, in the United States, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Substantially all of our revenues were earned in, and substantially all of our long-lived assets are located in, the U.S., Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands. We provide wireless communications services primarily using our 5G technology network and our 4G Long Term Evolution (“LTE”) network. We also offer a wide selection of wireless devices, including handsets, tablets and other mobile communication devices, and accessories for sale, as well as financing through equipment installment plans (“EIP”). We provide reinsurance for device insurance policies and extended warranty contracts offered to our wireless communications customers. In addition to our wireless communications services, we offer High Speed Internet utilizing our nationwide 5G network.

**Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the balances and results of operations of T-Mobile and our consolidated subsidiaries. We consolidate majority-owned subsidiaries over which we exercise control, as well as variable interest entities (“VIEs”) for which we are deemed to be the primary beneficiary and VIEs, which cannot be deconsolidated, such as those related to our Tower obligations as discussed in [Note 10 – Tower Obligations](#). Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. We operate as a single operating segment.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) requires our management to make estimates and assumptions which affect our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Estimates are based on historical experience, where applicable, and other assumptions which our management believes are reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates are inherently subject to judgment and actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid money market funds and U.S. Treasury securities with remaining maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase.

**Receivables and Related Allowance for Credit Losses**

***Accounts Receivable***

Accounts receivable balances are predominantly comprised of amounts currently due from customers (e.g., for wireless communications services), device insurance administrators, wholesale partners, other carriers and third-party retail channels. Accounts receivable are presented on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at their amortized cost basis (i.e., the receivables’ unpaid principal balance (“UPB”) as adjusted for any written-off amounts relating to impairment), net of the allowance for credit losses. We have an arrangement to sell certain of our customer service accounts receivable on a revolving basis, which are treated as sales of financial assets. See [Note 5 – Sales of Certain Receivables](#) for further information.

***Equipment Installment Plan Receivables***

We offer certain customers the option to pay for their devices and other purchases in installments, generally over a period of 24 months, using an EIP. EIP receivables are presented on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at their amortized cost basis (i.e., the receivables’ UPB as adjusted for any written-off amounts due to impairment and unamortized discounts), net of the allowance for credit losses. At the time of an installment sale, we impute a discount for interest if the term exceeds 12 months as there is no stated rate of interest on the receivables. The receivables are recorded at their present value, which is determined by discounting expected future cash payments at the imputed interest rate. This adjustment results in a discount or reduction in the transaction price of the contract with a customer, which is allocated to the performance obligations of the arrangement such as Service and Equipment revenues on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. The imputed discount rate reflects a current market interest rate and includes a component for estimated credit risk underlying the EIP receivable, reflecting the

estimated credit worthiness of the customer. The imputed discount on receivables is amortized over the financed installment term using the effective interest method and recognized as Other revenues on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The current portion of the EIP receivables is included in Equipment installment plan receivables, net and the long-term portion of the EIP receivables is included in Equipment installment plan receivables due after one year, net on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We have an arrangement to sell certain EIP receivables on a revolving basis, which are treated as sales of financial assets. See [Note 5 – Sales of Certain Receivables](#) for further information. Additionally, certain of our EIP receivables included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets secure our asset-backed notes (“ABS Notes”). See [Note 9 – Debt](#) for further information.

#### ***Allowance for Credit Losses***

We maintain an allowance for credit losses by applying an expected credit loss model. Each period, management assesses the appropriateness of the level of allowance for credit losses by considering credit risk inherent within each portfolio segment (i.e., accounts receivable and EIP receivable portfolio segments) as of period end. Each portfolio segment is comprised of pools of receivables that are evaluated collectively based on similar risk characteristics. Our allowance levels consider estimated credit risk over the contractual life of the receivables and are influenced by receivable volumes, receivable delinquency status, historical loss experience and other conditions that affect loss expectations, such as changes in credit and collections policies and forecasts of macroeconomic conditions. While we attribute portions of the allowance to our respective portfolio segments, the entire allowance is available to credit losses related to the total receivable portfolio.

We consider a receivable past due and delinquent when a customer has not paid us by the contractually specified payment due date. Account balances are written off against the allowance for credit losses if collection efforts are unsuccessful and the receivable balance is deemed uncollectible (customer default), based on factors such as customer credit ratings as well as the length of time the amounts are past due.

If there is a deterioration of our customers’ financial condition or if future actual default rates on receivables in general differ from those currently anticipated, we will adjust our allowance for credit losses accordingly.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist primarily of wireless devices and accessories, which are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined using standard cost, which approximates average cost. Shipping and handling costs paid to wireless device and accessories vendors as well as costs to refurbish used devices are included in the standard cost of inventory. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of disposal and transportation. We record inventory write-downs to net realizable value for obsolete and slow-moving items based on inventory turnover trends and historical experience.

#### **Recourse Guarantee Liabilities and Deferred Purchase Price Assets**

In connection with the sales of certain service and EIP accounts receivable pursuant to the sale arrangements, we have recourse guarantee liabilities, beginning on November 1, 2024, and deferred purchase price assets, prior to November 1, 2024, measured at fair value that are based on a discounted cash flow model using unobservable Level 3 inputs, including estimated customer default rates and credit worthiness. See [Note 5 – Sales of Certain Receivables](#) for further information.

#### **Long-Lived Assets**

Long-lived assets include assets that do not have indefinite lives, such as property and equipment and certain intangible assets.

#### ***Property and Equipment***

Property and equipment consists of buildings and equipment, including certain network server equipment, wireless communications systems, leasehold improvements, capitalized software, leased wireless devices and construction in progress. Wireless communications systems include assets to operate our wireless network and information technology data centers, including tower assets, leasehold improvements and asset retirement costs. Leasehold improvements include asset improvements other than those related to the wireless network.

Property and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairments, if any, in Property and equipment, net on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We generally depreciate property and equipment over the period the property and equipment provide economic benefit using the straight-line method. Depreciable life studies are performed periodically to confirm the appropriateness of depreciable lives for certain categories of property and equipment. These studies take into account actual usage, physical wear and tear, replacement history and assumptions about technology evolution. When these factors indicate the useful life of an asset is different from the previous assessment, the remaining book value is depreciated prospectively over the adjusted remaining estimated useful life. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the related lease term.

Costs of major replacements and improvements are capitalized. Repair and maintenance expenditures which do not enhance or extend the asset's useful life are charged to operating expenses as incurred. Construction costs, labor and overhead incurred in the expansion or enhancement of our wireless network are capitalized. Capitalization commences with pre-construction period administrative and technical activities, which include obtaining zoning approvals and building permits, and ceases at the point at which the asset is ready for its intended use. We capitalize interest associated with the acquisition or construction of certain property and equipment. Capitalized interest is reported as a reduction in interest expense and depreciated over the useful life of the related asset.

We record an asset retirement obligation for the estimated fair value of legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and a corresponding increase in the carrying amount of the related asset in the period in which the obligation is incurred. In periods subsequent to initial measurement, we recognize changes in the liability resulting from the passage of time and revisions to either the timing or the amount of the original estimate. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Our obligations relate primarily to certain legal obligations to remediate leased property on which our network infrastructure and administrative assets are located.

We capitalize certain costs incurred in connection with developing or acquiring internal use software. Capitalization of software costs commences once the final selection of the specific software solution has been made and management authorizes and commits to funding the software project and ceases once the project is ready for its intended use. Capitalized software costs are included in Property and equipment, net on our Consolidated Balance Sheets and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset. Costs incurred during the preliminary project stage, as well as maintenance and training costs, are expensed as incurred.

#### ***Other Intangible Assets***

Intangible assets that do not have indefinite useful lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives.

Customer relationships are amortized using the sum-of-the-years digits method. The remaining finite-lived intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method.

See [Note 7 - Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets](#) for further information.

#### ***Impairment***

We assess potential impairments to our long-lived assets when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. If any indicators of impairment are present, we test recoverability. The carrying value of a long-lived asset or asset group is not recoverable if the carrying value exceeds the sum of the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated from the use and eventual disposition of the asset or asset group. If the estimated undiscounted future cash flows do not exceed the asset or asset group's carrying amount, then an impairment loss is recorded, measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset or asset group exceeds its estimated fair value.

#### ***Business Combinations***

Assets acquired and liabilities assumed as part of a business combination are generally recorded at their fair value at the date of acquisition. The excess of purchase price over the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill. Determining fair value of identifiable assets, particularly intangibles, and liabilities acquired requires management to make estimates, which are based on all available information and in some cases assumptions with respect to the timing and amount of future revenues and expenses associated with an asset or liability. See [Note 2 – Business Combinations](#) for further discussion of our acquisitions.

## **Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets**

### ***Goodwill***

Goodwill consists of the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired in a business combination and is assigned to our one reporting unit: wireless.

### ***Spectrum Licenses***

Spectrum licenses are carried at costs incurred to acquire the spectrum licenses and the costs to prepare the spectrum licenses for their intended use, such as costs to clear acquired spectrum licenses. The FCC issues spectrum licenses which provide us with the exclusive right to utilize designated radio frequency spectrum within specific geographic service areas to provide wireless communications services. Spectrum licenses are issued for a fixed period of time, typically up to 15 years; however, the FCC has granted license renewals routinely and at a nominal cost. The spectrum licenses acquired expire at various dates and we believe we will be able to meet all requirements necessary to secure renewal of our spectrum licenses at a nominal cost. Moreover, we determined that there are currently no legal, regulatory, contractual, competitive, economic or other factors that limit the useful lives of our spectrum licenses. The utility of radio frequency spectrum does not diminish while activated on our network nor does it otherwise deteriorate over time. Therefore, we determined the spectrum licenses should be treated as indefinite-lived intangible assets.

At times, we enter into agreements to sell or exchange spectrum licenses. Upon entering into a sale or exchange arrangement, if the transaction has been deemed to have commercial substance and the spectrum licenses meet the held for sale criteria, the licenses are classified as held for sale at their carrying value, as adjusted for any impairment recognized, included in Other current assets or Other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets until approval and completion of the sale or an exchange. Upon closing of the transaction, spectrum licenses acquired as part of an exchange of nonmonetary assets are recorded at fair value and the difference between the fair value of the spectrum licenses obtained, carrying value of the spectrum licenses transferred and cash paid, if any, is recognized as a gain or loss on disposal of spectrum licenses included in Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. Our fair value estimates of spectrum licenses are based on information for which there is little or no observable market data. If the transaction lacks commercial substance or the fair value is not measurable, the acquired spectrum licenses are recorded at our carrying value of the spectrum assets transferred or exchanged.

We have lease agreements (the “Agreements”) with various educational and non-profit institutions that provide us with the right to use Federal Communications Commission (“FCC”) spectrum licenses (known as “Educational Broadband Services” or “EBS” spectrum) in the 2.5 GHz band. The Agreements are typically for terms of five to 10 years with automatic renewal provisions, bringing the total term of the Agreements up to 30 years. A majority of the Agreements include a right of first refusal to acquire, lease or otherwise use the license at the end of the automatic renewal periods.

Leased FCC spectrum licenses are recorded as executory contracts, and contractual lease payments are recognized on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the arrangement, including renewals, and are presented in Cost of services on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The spectrum licenses we hold plus the spectrum leases enhance the overall value of our spectrum licenses as the collective value is higher than the value of individual bands of spectrum within a specific geography. This value is derived from the ability to provide wireless service to customers across large geographic areas and maintain the same or similar wireless connectivity quality. This enhanced value from combining owned and leased spectrum licenses is referred to as an aggregation premium.

The aggregation premium is a component of the overall fair value of our owned FCC spectrum licenses.

### ***Impairment***

We assess the carrying value of our goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets, such as our spectrum license portfolio, for potential impairment annually as of December 31 or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate such assets might be impaired.

We test goodwill on a reporting unit basis by comparing the estimated fair value of the reporting unit to its book value. If the fair value exceeds the book value, then no impairment is measured. As of December 31, 2024, we have identified one reporting unit: wireless. The wireless reporting unit consists of all the assets and liabilities of T-Mobile US, Inc.



When assessing goodwill for impairment we may elect to first perform a qualitative assessment to determine if the quantitative impairment test is necessary. If we do not perform a qualitative assessment, or if the qualitative assessment indicates it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, we perform a quantitative test. We recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value; however, the loss recognized would not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. We employ a qualitative approach to assess the wireless reporting unit. The fair value of the wireless reporting unit is determined using a market approach, which is based on market capitalization. We recognize that market capitalization is subject to volatility and will monitor changes in market capitalization to determine whether declines, if any, necessitate an interim impairment review. In the event market capitalization does decline below its book value, we will consider the length, severity and reasons for the decline when assessing whether potential impairment exists, including considering whether a control premium should be added to the market capitalization. We believe short-term fluctuations in share price may not necessarily reflect the underlying aggregate fair value. No events or change in circumstances have occurred that indicate the fair value of the wireless reporting unit may be below its carrying amount at December 31, 2024.

We test our spectrum licenses for impairment on an aggregate basis, consistent with our management of the overall business at a national level. We may elect to first perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of an intangible asset is less than its carrying value. If we do not perform the qualitative assessment, or if the qualitative assessment indicates it is more likely than not that the fair value of the intangible asset is less than its carrying amount, we calculate the estimated fair value of the intangible asset. If the estimated fair value of the spectrum licenses is lower than their carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized for the difference. We employ the qualitative method.

We estimate fair value of spectrum licenses using the Greenfield methodology. The Greenfield methodology values the spectrum licenses by calculating the cash flow generating potential of a hypothetical start-up company that goes into business with no assets except for the asset to be valued (in this case, spectrum licenses) and makes investments required to build an operation comparable to current use. The value of the spectrum licenses is the present value of the cash flows of this hypothetical start-up company. We base the assumptions underlying the Greenfield methodology on a combination of market participant data and our historical results, trends and business plans. Future cash flows in the Greenfield methodology are based on estimates and assumptions of market participant revenues, EBITDA margin, network build-out period and a long-term growth rate for a market participant. The cash flows are discounted using a weighted-average cost of capital. No events or change in circumstances have occurred that indicate the fair value of the Spectrum licenses may be below their carrying amount at December 31, 2024.

The valuation approaches utilized to estimate fair value for the purposes of the impairment tests of goodwill and spectrum licenses may require that management make difficult, subjective and complex judgements about matters that are inherently uncertain. If actual results or future expectations are not consistent with the assumptions used in our estimate of fair value, it may result in the recording of significant impairment charges on goodwill or spectrum licenses. The most significant assumptions within the valuation models are the discount rate based on the weighted-average cost of capital, revenues, EBITDA margins, capital expenditures and long-term growth rate.

For more information regarding our impairment assessments of indefinite-lived intangible assets, see [Note 7 – Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets](#).

## **Fair Value Measurements**

We carry certain assets and liabilities at fair value. Fair value is defined as an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The three-tier hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value, which prioritizes the inputs based on the observability as of the measurement date, is as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than the quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities; and
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require us to develop assumptions of what market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the placement of assets and liabilities being measured within the fair value hierarchy.

The carrying values of Cash and cash equivalents, Accounts receivable and Accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate fair value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The carrying values of EIP receivables approximate fair value as the receivables are recorded at their present value using an imputed interest rate. With the exception of certain long-term fixed-rate debt, there were no financial instruments with a carrying value materially different from their fair value. See [Note 8 – Fair Value Measurements](#) for a comparison of the carrying values and fair values of our short-term and long-term debt.

### **Foreign Currency Transactions**

On May 8, 2024, we issued €2.0 billion of euro (“EUR”) denominated debt. T-Mobile’s functional currency is the U.S. dollar (“USD”). Each period, we convert activity and balances in EUR into USD using average exchange rates for the period for income statement amounts and using end-of-period or spot exchange rates for assets and liabilities. We record transaction gains and losses resulting from the conversion of transaction currency to functional currency as a component of Other income (expense), net on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### **Derivative and Hedging Instruments**

The Company manages its exposure to foreign exchange rates and interest rates through a risk management program that includes the use of derivative financial instruments, including cross-currency swaps. We designate certain derivatives as accounting hedge relationships. We do not hold derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

We record derivatives on our Consolidated Balance Sheets and recognize them as either assets or liabilities at fair value. Fair value is derived primarily from observable market data, and our derivatives are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Cash flows associated with qualifying hedge derivative instruments are presented in the same category on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows as the item being hedged. For fair value hedges, other than foreign currency hedges, the change in the fair value of the derivative instruments is recognized in earnings through the same income statement line item as the change in the fair value of the hedged item. For cash flow hedges, as well as fair value foreign currency hedges, the change in the fair value of the derivative instruments is reported in Accumulated other comprehensive loss and recognized in earnings when the hedged item is recognized in earnings, again, through the same income statement line item.

### **Revenue Recognition**

We primarily generate our revenue from providing wireless communications services and selling devices and accessories to customers. Our contracts with customers may involve more than one performance obligation, which include wireless services, wireless devices or a combination thereof, and we allocate the transaction price between each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price.

#### ***Wireless Communications Services Revenue***

We generate our wireless communications services revenues from providing access to, and usage of, our wireless communications network. Service revenues also include revenues earned for providing premium services to customers, such as device insurance services. Generally, service contracts are billed monthly in advance of services being transferred or are prepaid. Service revenue is recognized as we satisfy our performance obligation to transfer service to our customers. We typically satisfy our stand-ready performance obligations, including unlimited wireless services, evenly over the contract term as services are transferred to our customers.

The enforceable duration of our postpaid service contracts with customers is typically one month. However, promotional EIP bill credits offered to a customer on an equipment sale that are paid over time and are contingent on the customer maintaining a service contract may result in an extended service contract based on whether a substantive penalty is deemed to exist.

Revenue is recorded net of costs paid to a third party for performance obligations where we facilitate an arrangement for the other party to transfer goods or services to our customer (i.e., when we are acting as an agent). For example, performance obligations relating to services provided by third-party content providers where we neither control a right to the content provider’s service nor control the underlying service itself are presented net.

Consideration payable to a customer is treated as a reduction of the total transaction price, unless the payment is in exchange for a distinct good or service, such as certain commissions paid to dealers, in which case the payment is treated as a purchase of that distinct good or service.

Federal Universal Service Fund (“USF”) and state USF fees are assessed to T-Mobile by various governmental authorities in connection with the services we provide to our customers and are included in Cost of services. When we separately bill and collect these regulatory fees from customers, they are recorded gross in Total service revenues on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we recorded approximately \$386 million, \$317 million and \$185 million, respectively, of USF fees on a gross basis.

We have made an accounting policy election to exclude from the measurement of the transaction price all taxes assessed to the customer by a governmental authority that are both imposed on and concurrent with a specific revenue-producing transaction and collected by us from a customer on behalf of the taxing agency (e.g., sales, use, value added, and some excise taxes).

### ***Equipment Revenues***

We generate equipment revenues from the sale of mobile communication devices and accessories. Equipment revenues related to device and accessory sales are typically recognized at a point in time when control of the device or accessory is transferred to the customer or dealer. We have elected to account for shipping and handling activities that occur after control of the related good transfers as fulfillment activities, as opposed to performance obligations. We estimate variable consideration (e.g., device returns or certain payments to indirect dealers) primarily based on historical experience. Equipment sales for which we determine it is not probable that we will collect substantially all of the transaction price are generally recorded as payments are received. Our assessment of collectibility considers contract terms such as down payments that reduce our exposure to credit risk.

We offer certain customers the option to pay for devices and accessories in installments using an EIP. This financing option is provided at a stated interest of zero and is typically over a 24-month period. We recognize as a reduction of the total transaction price the effects of a financing component in contracts via the imputation of interest when customers purchase their devices and accessories on an EIP, including those financing components that are not considered to be significant to the contract. However, we have elected the practical expedient of not recognizing the effects of a significant financing component for contracts where we expect, at contract inception, that the period between the transfer of a performance obligation to a customer and the customer’s payment for that performance obligation will be one year or less.

### ***Imputed Interest on EIP Receivables***

For EIP with a duration greater than one year, we record the effects of financing via the imputation of interest. This is performed on all such EIP receivables regardless as to whether or not the financing is considered to be significant. The imputation of interest results in a discount of the EIP receivable, thereby adjusting the transaction price of the contract with the customer, which is then allocated to the performance obligations of the arrangement.

Judgment is required to determine the imputed interest rate. For EIP sales, the imputed rate used to adjust the transaction price reflects current market interest rates, including the estimated credit risk of the underlying customers. Customer credit behavior is inherently uncertain. See “Receivables and Related Allowance for Credit Losses” above, for additional discussion on how we assess credit risk.

### ***Contract Balances***

Generally, our devices and service plans are available at standard prices, which are maintained on price lists and published on our website and/or within our retail stores.

For contracts that involve more than one product or service that are identified as separate performance obligations, the transaction price is allocated to the performance obligations based on their relative standalone selling prices. The standalone selling price is the price at which we would sell the good or service separately, on a standalone basis, to similar customers in similar circumstances.

A contract asset is recorded when revenue is recognized in advance of our right to receive consideration (i.e., we must perform additional services in order to receive consideration). Amounts are recorded as receivables when our right to consideration is unconditional.

When consideration is received, or we have an unconditional right to consideration in advance of delivery of goods or services, a contract liability is recorded. The transaction price can include non-refundable upfront fees, which are allocated to the identifiable performance obligations.

Contract assets are included in Other current assets and Other assets and contract liabilities are included in Deferred revenue on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. See [Note 11 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers](#) for further information.

### ***Contract Modifications***

Our service contracts allow customers to frequently modify their contracts without incurring penalties, in many cases. For contract modifications, we evaluate the change in scope or price of the contract to determine if the modification should be treated as a separate contract, as if there is a termination of the existing contract and creation of a new contract, or if the modification should be considered a change associated with the existing contract. We typically do not have significant impacts from contract modifications.

### ***Contract Costs***

We incur certain incremental costs to obtain a contract that we expect to recover, such as sales commissions. We record an asset when these incremental costs to obtain a contract are incurred and amortize them on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates. We capitalize postpaid sales commissions for service activation as costs to acquire a contract and amortize them on a straight-line basis over the estimated period of benefit, currently 24 months.

For capitalized contract costs, determining the amortization period over which such costs are recognized as well as assessing the indicators of impairment requires judgment. Prepaid commissions are expensed as incurred as their estimated period of benefit does not extend beyond 12 months. Commissions paid upon device upgrade are not capitalized if the remaining customer contract is less than one year.

Incremental costs to obtain equipment contracts (e.g., commissions paid on device and accessory sales) are recognized when the equipment is transferred to the customer. See [Note 11 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers](#) for further information.

### ***Wireline Business***

On September 6, 2022, Sprint Communications LLC, a Kansas limited liability company and wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (“Sprint Communications”), Sprint LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and Cogent Infrastructure, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Buyer”) and a wholly owned subsidiary of Cogent Communications Holdings, Inc., entered into a Membership Interest Purchase Agreement (the “Wireline Sale Agreement”), pursuant to which Cogent Infrastructure, Inc. agreed to acquire the U.S. long-haul fiber network and operations (including the non-U.S. extensions thereof) of Sprint Communications and its subsidiaries (the “Wireline Business”). Such transactions contemplated by the Wireline Sale Agreement are collectively referred to as the “Wireline Transaction.” On May 1, 2023, Cogent Infrastructure, Inc. and the Company completed the Wireline Transaction.

Under the terms of the Wireline Sale Agreement, the Company agreed to make payments pursuant to an IP transit services agreement totaling \$700 million, consisting of (i) \$350 million in equal monthly installments during the first year after the closing and (ii) \$350 million in equal monthly installments over the subsequent 42 months.

The present value of the \$700 million liability for fees payable for IP transit services was recognized and treated as part of the consideration exchanged with the Buyer to complete the disposal transaction, as there is a remote likelihood we will use any more than a de minimis amount of the services under the IP transit services agreement. Therefore, we concluded the cash payment obligations under the IP transit services agreement were part of the consideration paid to the Buyer to facilitate the sale of the Wireline Business, and therefore, included in measuring the fair value less costs to sell of the Wireline Business disposal group. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, \$100 million and \$183 million of the liability associated with the IP transit services agreement, including accrued interest, is presented within Other current liabilities, respectively, and \$168 million and \$255 million of this liability, including accrued interest, is presented within Other long-term liabilities, respectively, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, we recognized a pre-tax loss of \$1.1 billion within (Gain) loss on disposal group held for sale and a non-cash expense of \$477 million within Impairment expense on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income related to the disposition of the Wireline Business.

## Leases

### *Cell Site, Retail Store and Office Facility Leases*

We are a lessee for non-cancelable operating and financing leases for cell sites, switch sites, retail stores, network equipment and office facilities. We recognize a right-of-use asset and lease liability for operating leases based on the net present value of future minimum lease payments. The right-of-use asset for an operating lease is based on the lease liability. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the non-cancelable lease term and renewal periods that are considered reasonably certain.

In addition, we have financing leases for certain network equipment. We recognize a right-of-use asset and lease liability for financing leases based on the net present value of future minimum lease payments. The right-of-use asset for a finance lease is based on the lease liability. Expense for our financing leases is comprised of the amortization expense associated with the right-of-use asset and interest expense recognized based on the effective interest method.

We include options to extend or terminate a lease when we are reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. We consider several factors in assessing whether renewal periods are reasonably certain of being exercised, including the continued maturation of our nationwide network, technological advances within the telecommunications industry and the availability of alternative sites. We have generally concluded we are not reasonably certain to exercise the options to extend or terminate our leases. Therefore, as of the lease commencement date, our lease terms generally do not include these options.

In determining the discount rate used to measure the right-of-use asset and lease liability, we use rates implicit in the lease, or if not readily available, we use our incremental borrowing rate. Our incremental borrowing rate is based on an estimated secured rate comprised of a risk-free rate plus a credit spread as secured by our assets. Determining a credit spread as secured by our assets may require judgment.

Certain of our lease agreements include rental payments based on changes in the consumer price index ("CPI"). Lease liabilities are not remeasured as a result of changes in the CPI; instead, changes in the CPI are treated as variable lease payments and are excluded from the measurement of the right-of-use asset and lease liability. These payments are recognized in the period in which the related obligation is incurred. Our lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

Generally, we elected the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components in arrangements. We did not elect the short-term lease recognition exemption; as such, leases with terms shorter than 12 months are included as a right-of-use asset and lease liability.

Rental revenues and expenses associated with co-location tower sites are presented on a net basis under Topic 842. See [Note 17 – Leases](#) for further information.

### **Cell Tower Monetization Transactions**

In 2012, we entered into a prepaid master lease arrangement in which we as the lessor provided the rights to utilize tower sites and we leased back space on certain of those towers. Prior to our merger (the "Merger") with Sprint Corporation ("Sprint"), Sprint entered into a similar lease-out and leaseback arrangement that we assumed in the Merger.

These arrangements are treated as failed sale leasebacks in which the proceeds received are reported as a financing obligation. The principal payments on the tower obligations are included in Other, net within Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Our historical tower site asset costs are reported in Property and equipment, net on our Consolidated Balance Sheets and are depreciated. See [Note 10 – Tower Obligations](#) for further information.

### **Sprint Retirement Pension Plan**

We provide the Sprint Retirement Pension Plan (the "Pension Plan"), which is a defined benefit pension plan providing postretirement benefits to certain employees. As of December 31, 2005, the Pension Plan was amended to freeze benefit plan accruals for participants.

The investments in the Pension Plan are measured at fair value on a recurring basis each quarter using quoted market prices or the net asset value per share as a practical expedient. The projected benefit obligations associated with the Pension Plan are determined based on actuarial models utilizing mortality tables and discount rates applied to the expected benefit term. See [Note 13 – Employee Compensation and Benefit Plans](#) for further information on the Pension Plan.

### **Advertising Expense**

We expense the cost of advertising and other promotional expenditures to market our services and products as incurred. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, advertising expenses included in Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income were \$3.1 billion, \$2.5 billion and \$2.3 billion, respectively.

### **Income Taxes**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on temporary differences between the consolidated financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates expected to be in effect when these differences are realized. A valuation allowance is recorded when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. The ultimate realization of a deferred tax asset depends on the ability to generate sufficient taxable income of the appropriate character and in the appropriate taxing jurisdictions within the carryforward periods available.

We account for uncertainty in income taxes recognized on our consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting guidance for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. We assess whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination based on the technical merits of the position and adjust the unrecognized tax benefits in light of changes in facts and circumstances, such as changes in tax law, interactions with taxing authorities and developments in case law.

### **Other Comprehensive Income**

Other comprehensive income primarily consists of adjustments, net of tax, related to reclassification of loss from cash flow hedges, fair value hedges, foreign currency translation, pension and other postretirement benefits. This is reported in Accumulated other comprehensive loss as a separate component of stockholders' equity until realized in earnings.

### **Stock-Based Compensation**

Stock-based compensation expense for stock awards, which include restricted stock units ("RSUs") and performance-based restricted stock units ("PRsUs"), is measured at fair value on the grant date and recognized as expense, net of expected forfeitures, over the related service period. The fair value of stock awards is based on the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant, adjusted for expected dividend yield. RSUs are recognized as expense using the straight-line method. PRsUs are recognized as expense following a graded vesting schedule with their performance reassessed and updated on a quarterly basis, or more frequently as changes in facts and circumstances warrant.

### **Stockholder Return Programs**

On September 8, 2022, our Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program for up to \$14.0 billion of our common stock through September 30, 2023 (the "2022 Stock Repurchase Program"). On September 6, 2023, our Board of Directors authorized a stockholder return program of up to \$19.0 billion through December 31, 2024 (the "2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program"). The 2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program consisted of additional repurchases of shares of our common stock and the payment of cash dividends. On December 13, 2024, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized our 2025 Stockholder Return Program of up to \$14.0 billion that will run through December 31, 2025 ("2025 Stockholder Return Program"). The 2025 Stockholder Return Program is expected to consist of additional repurchases of shares of our common stock and the payment of cash dividends. The amount available under the 2025 Stockholder Return Program for share repurchases will be reduced by the amount of any cash dividends declared and paid by us.

The cost of repurchased shares, including equity reacquisition costs and related taxes, is included in Treasury stock on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We accrue the cost of repurchased shares and exclude such shares from the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share, as of the trade date. We recognize a liability for share repurchases which have not settled and for which cash has not been paid in Other current liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Cash payments to reacquire our shares, including equity reacquisition costs and related taxes, are included in Repurchases of common stock on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Dividends declared are included as a reduction to Retained earnings on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We recognize a liability for dividends declared but for which cash has not been paid in Other current liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Dividend cash payments to stockholders are included in Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

See [Note 15 - Stockholder Return Programs](#) for further information.

### **Earnings Per Share**

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing Net income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by giving effect to all potentially dilutive common shares outstanding during the period. Potentially dilutive common shares consist of outstanding stock options, RSUs and PRSUs, calculated using the treasury stock method. See [Note 16 – Earnings Per Share](#) for further information.

### **Variable Interest Entities**

VIEs are entities that lack sufficient equity to permit the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties, have equity investors that do not have the ability to make significant decisions relating to the entity's operations through voting rights, do not have the obligation to absorb the expected losses or do not have the right to receive the residual returns of the entity. The most common type of VIE is a special purpose entity (“SPE”). SPEs are commonly used in securitization transactions in order to isolate certain assets and distribute the cash flows from those assets to investors. SPEs are generally structured to insulate investors from claims on the SPEs’ assets by creditors of other entities, including the creditors of the seller of the assets, these SPEs are commonly referred to as being bankruptcy remote.

The primary beneficiary is required to consolidate the assets and liabilities of a VIE. The primary beneficiary is the party which has both the power to direct the activities of an entity that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance, and through its interests in the VIE, the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the VIE which could potentially be significant to the VIE.

In assessing which party is the primary beneficiary, all the facts and circumstances are considered, including each party’s role in establishing the VIE and its ongoing rights and responsibilities. This assessment includes, first, identifying the activities that most significantly impact the VIE’s economic performance; and second, identifying which party, if any, has power over those activities. In general, the parties that make the most significant decisions affecting the VIE (such as asset managers and servicers) or have the right to unilaterally remove those decision-makers are deemed to have the power to direct the activities of a VIE.

We consolidate VIEs when we are deemed to be the primary beneficiary or when the VIE cannot be deconsolidated. See [Note 5 – Sales of Certain Receivables](#), [Note 9 – Debt](#) and [Note 10 – Tower Obligations](#) for further information.

### **Accounting Pronouncements Adopted During the Current Year**

#### ***Segment Reporting Disclosures***

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2023-07, “Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures.” The standard expands reportable segment disclosure requirements for public business entities primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) and included within each reported measure of segment profit (referred to as the “significant expense principle”). We have adopted this standard for our fiscal year 2024 annual financial statements and interim financial statements thereafter and have applied this standard retrospectively for all prior periods presented in the financial statements. See [Note 12 – Segment Reporting](#) for further information.

#### **Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted**

#### ***Income Tax Disclosures***

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, “Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures.” The standard enhances income tax disclosure requirements for all entities by requiring specified categories and greater disaggregation within the rate reconciliation table, disclosure of income taxes paid by jurisdiction, and providing clarification



on uncertain tax positions and related financial statement impacts. The standard will be effective for us for our fiscal year 2025 annual financial statements with early adoption permitted. We plan to adopt the standard when it becomes effective for us beginning in our fiscal year 2025 annual financial statements, and we expect the adoption of the standard will impact certain of our income tax disclosures.

### ***Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses***

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, “Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income—Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses.” The standard requires that public business entities disclose additional information about specific expense categories in the notes to financial statements for interim and annual reporting periods. The standard will become effective for us for our fiscal year 2027 annual financial statements and interim financial statements thereafter and may be applied prospectively to periods after the adoption date or retrospectively for all prior periods presented in the financial statements, with early adoption permitted. We plan to adopt the standard when it becomes effective for us beginning in our fiscal year 2027 annual financial statements, and we are currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on the disclosures included in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **Note 2 – Business Combinations**

### **Acquisition of Ka’ena Corporation**

On March 9, 2023, we entered into a merger and unit purchase agreement (the “Merger and Unit Purchase Agreement”) for the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding equity of Ka’ena Corporation and its subsidiaries, including, among others, Mint Mobile LLC (collectively, “Ka’ena”), for a maximum purchase price of \$1.35 billion to be paid out 39% in cash and 61% in shares of T-Mobile common stock (the “Ka’ena Acquisition”). On March 13, 2024, we entered into Amendment No. 1 to the Merger and Unit Purchase Agreement, which amended, among other things, certain mechanics of the payment of the purchase consideration for the Ka’ena Acquisition, which resulted in a nominal increase in the percentage of cash compared to shares of T-Mobile common stock to be paid out as part of the total purchase price.

Upon the completion of certain customary closing conditions, including the receipt of certain regulatory approvals, on May 1, 2024 (the “Acquisition Date”), we completed the Ka’ena Acquisition, and as a result, Ka’ena became a wholly owned subsidiary of T-Mobile. Concurrently and as agreed upon through the Merger and Unit Purchase Agreement, T-Mobile and Ka’ena entered into certain separate transactions, including the effective settlement of the preexisting wholesale arrangement between T-Mobile and Ka’ena and agreements with certain of the sellers to provide services to T-Mobile during the post-acquisition period.

Ka’ena is a provider of prepaid mobile services in the U.S. through its primary brands, Mint Mobile and Ultra Mobile, and also offers a selection of wireless devices, including handsets and other mobile communication devices. Prior to the Ka’ena Acquisition, Ka’ena was a wholesale partner of the Company for which we recognized service revenues within Wholesale and other service revenues on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, and for which Ka’ena incurred related expenses for the use of our network. On the Acquisition Date, this relationship was effectively terminated, and the Company acquired Ka’ena’s prepaid customer relationships and began to recognize service revenues associated with these customers within Prepaid revenues and operating expenses primarily within Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income subsequent to the Acquisition Date. The Ka’ena Acquisition enhances the Company’s position as a leading prepaid wireless carrier by diversifying our brand identities, enhancing our distribution footprint and preserving the value of our relationship with Ka’ena through its acquisition, including the acquisition of its prepaid customer relationships.

The financial results of Ka’ena from the Acquisition Date through December 31, 2024, were not material to our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, nor were they material to our prior period consolidated results on a pro forma basis. Costs related to the Ka’ena Acquisition were not material to our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### ***Consideration Transferred***

In accordance with the terms of the Merger and Unit Purchase Agreement, the total purchase price is variable, dependent upon specified performance indicators of Ka’ena, and consists of an upfront payment on the Acquisition Date and an earnout payable on August 1, 2026.

On the Acquisition Date and in satisfaction of the upfront payment, we transferred \$420 million in cash and 3,264,952 shares of T-Mobile common stock valued at \$536 million as determined based on its closing market price on April 30, 2024, for a total



payment fair value of \$956 million. An additional amount of the upfront payment payable to certain sellers was deferred and may be paid through January 2026. As of the Acquisition Date, we recognized a liability of \$27 million for the fair value of this deferred amount, which is included in the fair value of consideration transferred in the Ka'ena Acquisition. Furthermore, a portion of the upfront payment made on the Acquisition Date was for the settlement of the preexisting wholesale relationship with Ka'ena and excluded from the fair value of consideration transferred in the Ka'ena Acquisition. The amount of the upfront payment was subject to customary adjustments and as a result of such adjustments, \$17 million of the upfront payment was returned to T-Mobile during the fourth quarter of 2024, which resulted in a commensurate increase in the maximum amount payable in satisfaction of the earnout.

Based on the amount of the adjusted upfront payment, up to an additional \$420 million in future cash and T-Mobile common stock is payable in satisfaction of the earnout, dependent upon Ka'ena's achievement of specified performance indicators.

- \$251 million of the potential earnout amount is payment for the acquired Ka'ena business, and we recognized a liability of \$191 million for the fair value of such contingent consideration. This liability is adjusted to fair value at each future reporting date until settled, with a corresponding offset recorded to Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.
- \$169 million of the potential earnout amount is payment for services to be provided to T-Mobile by certain of the sellers during the post-acquisition period, as well as the replacement of equity awards of certain Ka'ena employees. We recognize expenses as such services are provided during the post-acquisition period within Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, with a corresponding offset to Other current liabilities and Other long-term liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The acquisition-date fair value of consideration transferred in the Ka'ena Acquisition totaled \$1.1 billion, comprised of the following:

| (in millions)   |    | May 1, 2024 |
|---|----|-------------|
| Fair value of T-Mobile common stock issued to Ka'ena stockholders related to the adjusted upfront payment | \$ | 527         |
| Fair value of cash paid to Ka'ena stockholders related to the adjusted upfront payment                    |    | 396         |
| Fair value of contingent consideration  |    | 191         |
| Fair value of deferred consideration  |    | 27          |
| Total fair value of consideration exchanged   | \$ | 1,141       |

The fair value of contingent consideration related to the earnout was estimated using the income approach, a probability-weighted discounted cash flow model, whereby a Monte Carlo simulation method estimated the probability of different outcomes. This fair value measurement is based on significant inputs not observable in the market and, therefore, represents a Level 3 measurement as defined in ASC 820. The key assumptions in applying the income approach for the contingent consideration include forecasted Ka'ena financial information, primarily revenue, marketing costs and customer metrics, the probability of achieving the forecasted financial information and the discount rate.

As of December 31, 2024, \$202 million of liabilities for contingent consideration and \$80 million of liabilities for post-acquisition services were presented within Other long-term liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

#### ***Fair Value of Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed***

We have accounted for the Ka'ena Acquisition as a business combination. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed from Ka'ena were recorded at their provisionally assigned fair values as of the Acquisition Date and consolidated with those of T-Mobile. Assigning fair values to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the Acquisition Date requires the use of judgment regarding estimates and assumptions. For the provisionally assigned fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, we used the cost and income approaches.

The following table summarizes the provisionally assigned fair values for each class of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the Acquisition Date. We retained the services of certified valuation specialists to assist with assigning values to certain acquired assets. We are in the process of finalizing the valuation of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, including income tax-related amounts. Therefore, the provisionally assigned fair values set forth below are subject to adjustment as additional information is obtained and the valuations are completed.

| (in millions)                            | May 1, 2024     |
|--|-----------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents                | \$ 24           |
| Accounts receivable                      | 34              |
| Inventory                                | 3               |
| Prepaid expenses                         | 5               |
| Other current assets                     | 10              |
| Property and equipment                   | 1               |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets      | 2               |
| Goodwill                                 | 771             |
| Other intangible assets                  | 740             |
| Other assets                             | 51              |
| <b>Total assets acquired</b>             | <b>1,641</b>    |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 42              |
| Deferred revenue                         | 297             |
| Short-term operating lease liabilities   | 1               |
| Deferred tax liabilities                 | 86              |
| Operating lease liabilities              | 2               |
| Other long-term liabilities              | 72              |
| <b>Total liabilities assumed</b>         | <b>500</b>      |
| <b>Total consideration transferred</b>   | <b>\$ 1,141</b> |

### *Intangible Assets*

Goodwill with a provisionally assigned value of \$771 million represents the excess of the consideration transferred over the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The provisionally assigned goodwill recognized includes expected growth in customers and service revenues to be achieved from the operations of the combined company, the assembled workforce of Ka’ena and intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition. Of the total provisionally assigned amount of goodwill resulting from the Ka’ena Acquisition of \$771 million, the preliminary amount deductible for tax purposes is \$90 million. All of the goodwill acquired is allocated to the Wireless reporting unit.

Other intangible assets acquired primarily include \$545 million of customer relationships with an estimated weighted-average useful life of six years, \$70 million of tradenames with an estimated weighted-average useful life of eight years and \$125 million of other intangible assets with an estimated weighted-average useful life of four years. The customer relationships are being amortized using the sum-of-the-years digits method over their estimated useful lives, and the tradenames are being amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

The preliminary fair value of customer relationships was estimated using the income approach. This fair value measurement is based on significant inputs not observable in the market, and, therefore, represents a Level 3 measurement as defined in ASC 820. The key assumptions in applying the income approach include forecasted subscriber churn rates, revenue over an estimated period of time, the discount rate and estimated income taxes.

### **Acquisition of UScellular Wireless Operations**

On May 24, 2024, we entered into a securities purchase agreement with United States Cellular Corporation (“UScellular”), Telephone and Data Systems, Inc., and USCC Wireless Holdings, LLC, pursuant to which, among other things, we will acquire substantially all of UScellular’s wireless operations and select AWS, PCS, 600 MHz, 700 MHz and other spectrum assets for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$4.4 billion, payable in cash and the assumption of up to \$2.0 billion of debt through an exchange offer to be made to certain UScellular debtholders prior to closing. To the extent any debtholders do not participate in the exchange, their bonds will continue as obligations of UScellular, and the cash portion of the purchase price will be correspondingly increased. The transaction is expected to close in mid-2025, subject to customary closing conditions and receipt of certain regulatory approvals. Upon closing of the transaction, we expect to account for the UScellular transaction as a business combination and to consolidate the acquired operations.

Following the closing of the transaction, UScellular will retain ownership of its other spectrum, as well as its towers. Subject to the closing of the transaction, we will enter into a 15-year master license agreement to lease space on at least 2,100 towers being retained and to extend our tenancy term on approximately 600 towers where we are already leasing space from UScellular for 15 years post-closing. We estimate the incremental future minimum lease payments associated with the master license agreement will be \$1.4 billion over 15 years post-closing.

#### **Acquisition of Vistar Media Inc.**

On December 20, 2024, we entered into an agreement and plan of merger for the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of Vistar Media Inc., a provider of technology solutions for digital-out-of-home advertisements, for a purchase price of approximately \$625 million. The purchase price is subject to certain agreed-upon working capital and other adjustments. The acquisition is subject to certain customary closing conditions, including certain regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the first quarter of 2025.

### **Note 3 – Joint Ventures**

#### **Lumos and Metronet Joint Ventures**

On April 24, 2024, we entered into a definitive agreement with a fund operated by EQT, Infrastructure VI fund (“Fund VI”), to establish a joint venture between us and Fund VI to acquire Lumos (“Lumos”), a fiber-to-the-home platform, from EQT’s predecessor fund, EQT Infrastructure III. The arrangement is expected to close in the first half of 2025, subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals. At closing, we expect to invest approximately \$950 million in the joint venture to acquire a 50% equity interest and all existing Lumos fiber customers. The funds invested by us will be used by the joint venture to fund future fiber builds. In addition, pursuant to the definitive agreement, we expect to make an additional capital contribution of approximately \$500 million in 2027 or 2028 under the existing business plan.

On July 18, 2024, we entered into a definitive agreement with KKR & Co. Inc. (“KKR”) to establish a joint venture to acquire Metronet Holdings, LLC and certain of its affiliates (collectively, “Metronet”), a fiber-to-the-home platform. This arrangement is expected to close in 2025, subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals. At closing, we expect to invest approximately \$4.9 billion in the joint venture to acquire a 50% equity interest and all existing residential fiber customers, as well as funding the joint venture. We do not anticipate making further capital contributions following the closing under the existing business plan.

Upon closing of the transactions, we expect to account for the Lumos and Metronet joint ventures under the equity method of accounting and recognize service revenues for the acquired Lumos and Metronet fiber customers and wholesale costs paid to the joint ventures for network access within Cost of services on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### **Note 4 – Receivables and Related Allowance for Credit Losses**

We maintain an allowance for credit losses by applying an expected credit loss model. Each period, management assesses the appropriateness of the level of allowance for credit losses by considering credit risk inherent within each portfolio segment as of the end of the period.

We consider a receivable past due when a customer has not paid us by the contractually specified payment due date. Account balances are written off against the allowance for credit losses if collection efforts are unsuccessful and the receivable balance is deemed uncollectible (customer default), based on factors such as customer credit ratings as well as the length of time the amounts are past due.

Our portfolio of receivables is comprised of two portfolio segments: accounts receivable and equipment installment plan receivables.

#### ***Accounts Receivable Portfolio Segment***

Accounts receivable balances are predominately comprised of amounts currently due from customers (e.g., for wireless communications services), device insurance administrators, wholesale partners, other carriers and third-party retail channels.

We estimate credit losses associated with our accounts receivable portfolio segment using an expected credit loss model, which utilizes an aging schedule methodology based on historical information and is adjusted for asset-specific considerations, current economic conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts.

Our approach considers a number of factors, including our overall historical credit losses and payment experience, as well as current collection trends such as write-off frequency and severity. We also consider other qualitative factors such as current and forecasted macroeconomic conditions.

We consider the need to adjust our estimate of credit losses for reasonable and supportable forecasts of future macroeconomic conditions. To do so, we monitor external forecasts of changes in real U.S. gross domestic product and forecasts of consumer credit behavior for comparable credit exposures.

### ***EIP Receivables Portfolio Segment***

Based upon customer credit profiles at the time of customer origination, as well as subsequent credit performance, we classify the EIP receivables segment into two customer classes of “Prime” and “Subprime.” Prime customer receivables are those with lower credit risk, and Subprime customer receivables are those with higher credit risk. Customers may be required to make a down payment on their equipment purchases if their assessed credit risk exceeds established underwriting thresholds. In addition, certain customers within the Subprime category may be required to pay a deposit.

To determine a customer’s credit profile and assist in determining their credit class, we use a proprietary credit scoring model that measures the credit quality of a customer leveraging several factors, such as credit bureau information and consumer credit risk scores, as well as service and device plan characteristics.

EIP receivables had a combined weighted-average effective interest rate of 11.1% and 10.6% as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The following table summarizes the EIP receivables, including imputed discounts and related allowance for credit losses:

| <b>(in millions)</b>   | <b>December 31,<br/>2024</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2023</b> |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| EIP receivables, gross   | \$ 7,402                     | \$ 7,271                     |
| Unamortized imputed discount   | (524)                        | (505)                        |
| EIP receivables, net of unamortized imputed discount   | 6,878                        | 6,766                        |
| Allowance for credit losses  | (290)                        | (268)                        |
| EIP receivables, net of allowance for credit losses and imputed discount   | \$ 6,588                     | \$ 6,498                     |
| <b>Classified on our consolidated balance sheets as:</b>   |                              |                              |
| Equipment installment plan receivables, net of allowance for credit losses and imputed discount                    | \$ 4,379                     | \$ 4,456                     |
| Equipment installment plan receivables due after one year, net of allowance for credit losses and imputed discount | 2,209                        | 2,042                        |
| EIP receivables, net of allowance for credit losses and imputed discount   | \$ 6,588                     | \$ 6,498                     |

Many of our loss estimation techniques rely on delinquency-based models categorized by customer credit class; therefore, delinquency is an important indicator of credit quality in the establishment of our allowance for credit losses for EIP receivables. We manage our EIP receivables portfolio segment using delinquency and customer credit class as key credit quality indicators.

The following table presents the amortized cost of our EIP receivables by delinquency status, customer credit class and year of origination as of December 31, 2024:

| <b>(in millions)</b>                                 | <b>Originated in 2024</b> |                 | <b>Originated in 2023</b> |                 | <b>Originated prior to 2023</b> |                 | <b>Total EIP Receivables, Net of<br/>Unamortized Imputed Discount</b> |                 |              |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|--------------|
|  | <b>Prime</b>              | <b>Subprime</b> | <b>Prime</b>              | <b>Subprime</b> | <b>Prime</b>                    | <b>Subprime</b> | <b>Prime</b>  | <b>Subprime</b> | <b>Total</b> |
| Current - 30 days past due                           | \$ 4,213                  | \$ 1,109        | \$ 1,118                  | \$ 283          | \$ 18                           | \$ 6            | \$ 5,349  | \$ 1,398        | \$ 6,747     |
| 31 - 60 days past due                                | 15                        | 27              | 6                         | 7               | —                               | —               | 21  | 34              | 55           |
| 61 - 90 days past due                                | 9                         | 19              | 4                         | 6               | —                               | —               | 13  | 25              | 38           |
| More than 90 days past due                           | 7                         | 17              | 5                         | 7               | 1                               | 1               | 13  | 25              | 38           |
| EIP receivables, net of unamortized imputed discount | \$ 4,244                  | \$ 1,172        | \$ 1,133                  | \$ 303          | \$ 19                           | \$ 7            | \$ 5,396  | \$ 1,482        | \$ 6,878     |

We estimate credit losses on our EIP receivables segment by applying an expected credit loss model, which relies on historical loss data adjusted for current conditions to calculate default probabilities or an estimate for the frequency of customer default. Our assessment of default probabilities or frequency includes receivables delinquency status, historical loss experience, how long the receivables have been outstanding and customer credit ratings, as well as customer tenure. We multiply these estimated default probabilities by our estimated loss given default, which is the estimated amount of default or the severity of loss.

As we do for our accounts receivable portfolio segment, we consider the need to adjust our estimate of credit losses on EIP receivables for reasonable and supportable forecasts of economic conditions through monitoring external forecasts and periodic internal statistical analyses.

The following table presents write-offs of our EIP receivables by year of origination for the year ended December 31, 2024:

| (in millions) | Originated in 2024 | Originated in 2023 | Originated prior to 2023 | Total  |
|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Write-offs    | \$ 201             | \$ 309             | \$ 68                    | \$ 578 |

Activity for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, in the allowance for credit losses and unamortized imputed discount balances for the accounts receivable and EIP receivables segments were as follows:

| (in millions)  | December 31, 2024             |                           |         | December 31, 2023             |                           |        | December 31, 2022             |                           |        |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|
|  | Accounts Receivable Allowance | EIP Receivables Allowance | Total   | Accounts Receivable Allowance | EIP Receivables Allowance | Total  | Accounts Receivable Allowance | EIP Receivables Allowance | Total  |
| Allowance for credit losses and imputed discount, beginning of period  | \$ 161                        | \$ 773                    | \$ 934  | \$ 167                        | \$ 811                    | \$ 978 | \$ 146                        | \$ 630                    | \$ 776 |
| Bad debt expense   | 592                           | 600                       | 1,192   | 440                           | 458                       | 898    | 433                           | 593                       | 1,026  |
| Write-offs   | (577)                         | (578)                     | (1,155) | (446)                         | (518)                     | (964)  | (412)                         | (518)                     | (930)  |
| Change in imputed discount on short-term and long-term EIP receivables | N/A                           | 199                       | 199     | N/A                           | 220                       | 220    | N/A                           | 262                       | 262    |
| Impact on the imputed discount from sales of EIP receivables           | N/A                           | (180)                     | (180)   | N/A                           | (198)                     | (198)  | N/A                           | (156)                     | (156)  |
| Allowance for credit losses and imputed discount, end of period        | \$ 176                        | \$ 814                    | \$ 990  | \$ 161                        | \$ 773                    | \$ 934 | \$ 167                        | \$ 811                    | \$ 978 |

### Off-Balance-Sheet Credit Exposures

We do not have material off-balance-sheet credit exposures as of December 31, 2024. In connection with the sales of certain service accounts receivable and EIP receivables pursuant to the sale arrangements, we provide guarantees of credit performance (prior to November 1, 2024, this was deferred purchase price assets) included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets measured at fair value that are based on a discounted cash flow model using Level 3 inputs, including estimated customer default rates and credit worthiness, dilutions and recoveries. See [Note 5 – Sales of Certain Receivables](#) for further information.

### Note 5 – Sales of Certain Receivables

We regularly enter into transactions to sell certain service accounts receivable and EIP receivables. The transactions, including our continuing involvement with the sold receivables and the respective impacts to our consolidated financial statements, are described below.

#### Sales of EIP Receivables

##### Overview of the Transaction

In 2015, we entered into an arrangement to sell certain EIP receivables on a revolving basis (the “EIP Sale Arrangement”). The maximum funding commitment of the sale arrangement is \$1.3 billion. On October 22, 2024, we extended the scheduled expiration date of the EIP Sale Arrangement to November 18, 2025.

As of both December 31, 2024 and 2023, the EIP Sale Arrangement provided funding of \$1.3 billion. Sales of EIP receivables occur daily and are settled on a monthly basis.

In connection with this EIP Sale Arrangement, we formed a wholly owned subsidiary, which qualifies as a bankruptcy remote entity (the “EIP BRE”). Pursuant to the EIP Sale Arrangement, selected receivables are transferred to the EIP BRE. The EIP BRE then sells the receivables to a non-consolidated and unaffiliated third-party entity over which we do not exercise any level of control, nor does the third-party entity qualify as a VIE.

#### ***Variable Interest Entity***

We determined that the EIP BRE is a VIE, as its equity investment at risk lacks the obligation to absorb a certain portion of its expected losses. We have a variable interest in the EIP BRE and have determined that we are the primary beneficiary based on our ability to direct the activities that most significantly impact the EIP BRE’s economic performance. Those activities include selecting which receivables are transferred into the EIP BRE and sold in the EIP Sale Arrangement and funding of the EIP BRE. Additionally, our equity interest in the EIP BRE obligates us to absorb losses and gives us the right to receive benefits from the EIP BRE that could potentially be significant to the EIP BRE. Accordingly, we include the balances and results of operations of the EIP BRE in our consolidated financial statements.

The following table summarizes the carrying amounts and classification of assets, which consist primarily of the deferred purchase price, and liabilities, which consist of the recourse guarantee, included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets with respect to the EIP BRE:

| (in millions)               | December 31,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Other current assets        | \$ 1                 | \$ 348               |
| Other assets                | —                    | 103                  |
| Other current liabilities   | 81                   | —                    |
| Other long-term liabilities | 32                   | —                    |

In addition, the EIP BRE is a separate legal entity with its own separate creditors who will be entitled, prior to any liquidation of the EIP BRE, to be satisfied prior to any value in the EIP BRE becoming available to us. Accordingly, the assets of the EIP BRE may not be used to settle our general obligations, and creditors of the EIP BRE have no recourse to our general credit.

#### **Sales of Service Accounts Receivable**

##### ***Overview of the Transaction***

In 2014, we entered into an arrangement to sell certain service accounts receivable on a revolving basis (the “Service Receivable Sale Arrangement”). The maximum funding commitment of the Service Receivable Sale Arrangement is \$950 million, and the facility expires in February 2025. As of both December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Service Receivable Sale Arrangement provided funding of \$775 million. Sales of receivables occur daily and are settled on a monthly basis. The receivables consist of service charges currently due from customers and are short-term in nature.

In connection with the Service Receivable Sale Arrangement, we formed a wholly owned subsidiary, which qualifies as a bankruptcy remote entity, to sell service accounts receivable (the “Service BRE”).

Pursuant to the amended Service Receivable Sale Arrangement, selected receivables are transferred to the Service BRE. The Service BRE then sells the receivables to a non-consolidated and unaffiliated third-party entity over which we do not exercise any level of control and which does not qualify as a VIE.

#### ***Variable Interest Entity***

We determined that the Service BRE is a VIE, as its equity investment at risk lacks the obligation to absorb a certain portion of expected losses. We have a variable interest in the Service BRE and have determined that we are the primary beneficiary based on our ability to direct the activities that most significantly impact the Service BRE’s economic performance. Those activities include selecting which receivables are transferred into the Service BRE and sold in the Service Receivable Sale Arrangement and funding the Service BRE. Additionally, our equity interest in the Service BRE obligates us to absorb losses and gives us the right to receive benefits from the Service BRE that could potentially be significant to the Service BRE. Accordingly, we include the balances and results of operations of the Service BRE in our consolidated financial statements.

The following table summarizes the carrying amounts and classification of assets, which consists primarily of the deferred purchase price, and liabilities included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets with respect to the Service BRE:

| (in millions)             | December 31,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Other current assets      | \$ —                 | \$ 209               |
| Other current liabilities | 328                  | 373                  |

In addition, the Service BRE is a separate legal entity with its own separate creditors who will be entitled, prior to any liquidation of the Service BRE, to be satisfied prior to any value in the Service BRE becoming available to us. Accordingly, the assets of the Service BRE may not be used to settle our general obligations, and creditors of the Service BRE have no recourse to our general credit.

### Sales of Receivables

The transfers of service accounts receivable and EIP receivables to the non-consolidated entities are accounted for as sales of financial assets. Once identified for sale, the receivable is recorded at the lower of cost or fair value. Upon sale, we derecognize the net carrying amount of the receivables.

We recognized the cash proceeds received upon sale in Net cash provided by operating activities on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

On October 22, 2024, we executed an amendment to the EIP Sale Arrangement and an amendment to the Service Receivable Sale Arrangement (together, the “Pledge Amendments”). Prior to the effective date of the Pledge Amendments, the credit enhancement feature of each of the EIP Sale Arrangement and the Service Receivable Sale Arrangement was in the form of a deferred purchase price. Pursuant to the Pledge Amendments, effective on November 1, 2024, the credit enhancement feature of each arrangement is replaced by a recourse guarantee liability, which is collateralized by pledged but unsold receivables. On November 1, 2024, we re-recognized \$193 million of gross service accounts receivables and \$604 million of gross EIP receivables.

Prior to the effective date of the Pledge Amendments, cash proceeds related to beneficial interests in securitization transactions in the form of the deferred purchase price were presented within Net cash used in investing activities on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Following the effective date of the Pledge Amendments, all cash proceeds associated with sold receivables are recognized within Net cash provided by operating activities on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The recourse guarantee, and prior to the effective date of the Pledge Amendments, the deferred purchase price, represents a financial instrument that is primarily tied to the creditworthiness of our customers. At inception, we elected to measure the recourse guarantee liabilities at fair value with changes in fair value included in Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. The fair value of the recourse guarantee liabilities is determined based on a discounted cash flow model which uses primarily Level 3 inputs, including customer default rates. As of December 31, 2024, our recourse guarantee liabilities related to the sales of service receivables and EIP receivables was \$148 million, as collateralized by \$286 million of gross service receivables and \$505 million of gross EIP receivables pledged but unsold, which represent our maximum exposure under the recourse guarantee. As of December 31, 2023, our deferred purchase price assets related to the sales of service receivables and EIP receivables was \$658 million.

The following table summarizes the impact of the sales of certain service receivables and EIP receivables on our Consolidated Balance Sheets:

| (in millions)  | December 31,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Derecognized net service accounts receivable and EIP receivables | \$ 1,616             | \$ 2,388             |
| Other current assets   | 1                    | 557                  |
| <i>of which, deferred purchase price</i>                         | —                    | 555                  |
| Other assets   | —                    | 103                  |
| <i>of which, deferred purchase price</i>                         | —                    | 103                  |
| Other current liabilities  | 409                  | 373                  |
| <i>of which, recourse guarantee</i>                              | 116                  | —                    |
| Other long-term liabilities                                      | 32                   | —                    |
| <i>of which, recourse guarantee</i>                              | 32                   | —                    |
| Net cash proceeds since inception                                | 1,468                | 1,583                |
| Of which:  |                      |                      |
| Change in net cash proceeds during the year-to-date period       | (115)                | (114)                |
| Net cash proceeds funded by reinvested collections               | 1,583                | 1,697                |

We recognized losses from sales of receivables, including changes in fair value of the deferred purchase price assets as well as the recourse guarantee liabilities beginning on November 1, 2024, of \$62 million, \$165 million and \$214 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively, in Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### Continuing Involvement

Pursuant to the EIP Sale Arrangement and Service Receivable Sale Arrangement described above, we have continuing involvement with the service accounts receivable and EIP receivables we sell, as we service the receivables, are required to replace certain receivables, including ineligible receivables, aged receivables and receivables where a write-off is imminent, and may be responsible for absorbing credit losses through performance under our recourse guarantee liabilities. We continue to service the customers and their related receivables, including facilitating customer payment collection, in exchange for a monthly servicing fee. As the receivables are sold on a revolving basis, the customer payment collections on sold receivables may be reinvested in new receivable sales. At the direction of the purchasers of the sold receivables, we apply the same policies and procedures while servicing the sold receivables as we apply to our owned receivables, and we continue to maintain normal relationships with our customers.

### Note 6 – Property and Equipment

The components of property and equipment, excluding amounts transferred to held for sale, were as follows:

| (in millions)                             | Useful Lives    | December 31,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Land                                      |                 | \$ 69                | \$ 72                |
| Buildings and equipment                   | Up to 30 years  | 4,377                | 4,465                |
| Wireless communications systems           | Up to 20 years  | 65,778               | 65,628               |
| Leasehold improvements                    | Up to 10 years  | 2,588                | 2,489                |
| Capitalized software                      | Up to 8 years   | 18,566               | 22,573               |
| Leased wireless devices                   | Up to 16 months | 145                  | 400                  |
| Construction in progress                  | N/A             | 3,377                | 3,286                |
| Accumulated depreciation and amortization |                 | (56,367)             | (58,481)             |
| Property and equipment, net               |                 | \$ 38,533            | \$ 40,432            |

Total depreciation expense relating to property and equipment and financing lease right-of-use assets was \$12.1 billion, \$12.0 billion and \$12.7 billion for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. These amounts include depreciation expense related to leased wireless devices of \$54 million, \$170 million and \$1.1 billion for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.



We capitalize interest associated with the acquisition or construction of certain property and equipment and spectrum intangible assets. We recognized capitalized interest of \$34 million, \$104 million and \$61 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Asset retirement obligations are primarily for certain legal obligations to remediate leased property on which our network infrastructure and administrative assets are located.

Activity in our asset retirement obligations was as follows:

| (in millions)  | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2024 | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2023 |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Asset retirement obligations, beginning of year          | \$ 1,716                        | \$ 1,852                        |
| Liabilities incurred                                     | 21                              | 28                              |
| Liabilities settled                                      | (307)                           | (399)                           |
| Accretion expense  | 69                              | 71                              |
| Changes in estimated cash flows                          | 36                              | 164                             |
| Asset retirement obligations, end of period              | \$ 1,535                        | \$ 1,716                        |
| <b>Classified on the consolidated balance sheets as:</b> |                                 |                                 |
| Other current liabilities                                | \$ 109                          | \$ 133                          |
| Other long-term liabilities                              | 1,426                           | 1,583                           |

The corresponding assets, net of accumulated depreciation, related to asset retirement obligations were \$423 million and \$462 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

## Note 7 – Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets

### Goodwill

The change in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

| (in millions)   | Goodwill  |
|---|-----------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2022, net of accumulated impairment losses of \$10,984 | \$ 12,234 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2023   | 12,234    |
| Preliminary goodwill from the Ka'ena Acquisition in 2024                          | 771       |
| Balance as of December 31, 2024, net of accumulated impairment losses of \$10,984 | \$ 13,005 |

### Goodwill Impairment Assessment

Certain non-financial assets, including goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets such as Spectrum licenses, are not required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis and are reported at carrying value. However, these assets are required to be assessed for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that carrying value may not be recoverable, and at least annually for goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets. The nonrecurring measurements of the fair value of these assets, for which observable market information may be limited, are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. In the event an impairment is required, the asset is adjusted to its estimated fair value using market-based assumptions, to the extent they are available, as well as other assumptions that may require significant judgment.

For our annual assessment of the wireless reporting unit, we employed a qualitative approach. The fair value of the wireless reporting unit was estimated using a market approach, which is based on market capitalization. In addition to performing an assessment under the market approach we also considered any events or change in circumstances that occurred, noting no indication that the fair value of the wireless reporting unit may be below its carrying amount at December 31, 2024.

## Spectrum Licenses

The following table summarizes our spectrum license activity for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

| (in millions)                                  | 2024              | 2023             | 2022             |
|--|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Spectrum licenses, beginning of year           | \$ 96,707         | \$ 95,798        | \$ 92,606        |
| Spectrum license acquisitions                  | 4,822             | 103              | 3,152            |
| Spectrum licenses transferred to held for sale | (1,024)           | (2)              | (64)             |
| Costs to clear spectrum                        | 53                | 808              | 104              |
| Spectrum licenses, end of year                 | <u>\$ 100,558</u> | <u>\$ 96,707</u> | <u>\$ 95,798</u> |

Cash payments to acquire spectrum licenses and payments for costs to clear spectrum are included in Purchases of spectrum licenses and other intangible assets, including deposits, on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

## Spectrum Auctions

In January 2022, the FCC announced that we were the winning bidder of 199 licenses in Auction 110 (3.45 GHz spectrum) for an aggregate purchase price of \$2.9 billion.

In September 2022, the FCC announced that we were the winning bidder of 7,156 licenses in Auction 108 (2.5 GHz spectrum) for an aggregate price of \$304 million. At inception of Auction 108 in June 2022, we deposited \$65 million. We paid the FCC the remaining \$239 million for the licenses won in the auction in September 2022. On February 29, 2024, the FCC issued to us the licenses won in Auction 108, and substantially all of these licenses were deployed in March 2024. The licenses are included in Spectrum licenses on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2024.

## Spectrum Exchange Transactions

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we recognized non-cash spectrum license acquisitions associated with the closing of certain spectrum exchange transactions of \$1.2 billion, including \$985 million associated with the closing of an agreement with a third party for the exchange of certain of our 39 GHz spectrum licenses for certain of their 24 GHz spectrum license on October 15, 2024.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we recognized gains associated with the closing of certain spectrum exchange transactions of \$202 million, including a \$137 million gain associated with the closing of an agreement with a third party for the exchange of certain of our 39 GHz spectrum licenses for certain of their 24 GHz spectrum license on October 15, 2024, as a reduction to Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. There were no gains or losses associated with spectrum exchange transactions during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

## License Purchase Agreements

### DISH Network Corporation

On July 1, 2020, we and DISH Network Corporation (“DISH”) entered into a License Purchase Agreement (the “DISH License Purchase Agreement”) pursuant to which DISH agreed to purchase certain 800 MHz spectrum licenses for a total of approximately \$3.6 billion. On October 15, 2023, we and DISH entered into an amendment (the “LPA Amendment”) to the DISH License Purchase Agreement pursuant to which, among other things, the parties agreed that (1) DISH will pay us a \$100 million non-refundable extension fee (in lieu of the approximately \$72 million termination fee that had previously been agreed to), (2) the closing for the purchase of the spectrum licenses by DISH will occur no later than April 1, 2024, (3) if DISH has not purchased the spectrum licenses by such date for any reason (including failure to receive the required FCC approval prior to such date), then the DISH License Purchase Agreement will automatically terminate, and we will retain the \$100 million extension fee, (4) if DISH does purchase the spectrum by April 1, 2024, the \$100 million extension fee will be credited against the \$3.6 billion purchase price, and (5) we are permitted to commence auction of the spectrum prior to April 1, 2024 at our discretion (and subject to DISH’s purchase right). The LPA Amendment was approved by the Court and became effective on October 23, 2023. On October 25, 2023, we received a payment of \$100 million from DISH for the extension fee and recorded a corresponding liability within Other current liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

DISH did not purchase the 800 MHz spectrum by April 1, 2024. As such, we recognized a gain for the \$100 million extension fee previously paid by DISH during the year ended December 31, 2024, within Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and relieved the liability that was initially recorded upon receipt of the

payment. On October 1, 2024, we concluded the auction process for the disposition of the spectrum as required under the final judgment agreed to by us, Deutsche Telekom AG (“DT”), Sprint LLC, SoftBank Group Corp. (“SoftBank”) and DISH with the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia, which was approved by the Court on April 1, 2020, to offer the licenses for sale. We did not receive a qualifying bid and have been relieved of the obligation to sell the spectrum licenses. We are currently exploring alternatives to sell or utilize the spectrum licenses.

*Channel 51 License Co LLC and LB License Co, LLC*

On August 8, 2022, we, Channel 51 License Co LLC and LB License Co, LLC (together with Channel 51 License Co LLC, the “Sellers”) entered into License Purchase Agreements pursuant to which we will acquire spectrum in the 600 MHz band from the Sellers in exchange for total cash consideration of \$3.5 billion. The licenses will be acquired without any associated networks and are currently being utilized by us through exclusive leasing arrangements with the Sellers.

On March 30, 2023, we and the Sellers entered into Amended and Restated License Purchase Agreements pursuant to which we and the Sellers agreed to separate the transaction into two tranches of licenses, with the closings on the acquisitions of certain licenses in Chicago, Dallas and New Orleans being deferred in order to potentially expedite the regulatory approval process for the remainder of the licenses. Subsequently, on August 25, 2023, we and the Sellers entered into Amendments No. 1 to the Amended and Restated License Purchase Agreements, which deferred the closings of certain additional licenses in Chicago and Dallas into the second closing tranche. Together, the licenses with closings deferred into the second closing tranche represent \$1.1 billion of the aggregate \$3.5 billion cash consideration. The licenses being acquired by us, and the total consideration being paid for the licenses, remain the same under the original License Purchase Agreements and subsequent amendments.

The FCC approved the purchase of the first tranche on December 29, 2023. The first tranche closed on June 24, 2024, and the associated payment of \$2.4 billion was made on August 5, 2024.

The FCC approved the purchase of the Dallas licenses included in the second tranche on October 22, 2024. The purchase of the Dallas licenses closed on December 6, 2024, and the associated payment of \$541 million was made on the same day.

We anticipate that the remaining deferred licenses from the second tranche of \$604 million will close in 2025.

The parties have agreed that each of the closings will occur within 180 days after the receipt of the applicable required regulatory approvals, and payment of each portion of the aggregate \$3.5 billion purchase price will occur no later than 40 days after the date of each respective closing.

*Comcast Corporation*

On September 12, 2023, we entered into a License Purchase Agreement with Comcast Corporation and its affiliate, Comcast OTR1, LLC (together with Comcast Corporation, “Comcast”), pursuant to which we will acquire spectrum in the 600 MHz band from Comcast in exchange for total cash consideration of between \$1.2 billion and \$3.3 billion, subject to an application for FCC approval. The licenses will be acquired without any associated networks. We anticipate the closing will occur in the first half of 2028.

The final purchase price will be determined, in the aggregate and on a per license basis, based on the set of licenses subject to the License Purchase Agreement at the time the parties make required transfer filings with the FCC. Prior to the time of such filings, Comcast has the right to remove any or all of a certain specified subset of the licenses, totaling \$2.1 billion (the “Optional Sale Licenses”), from the License Purchase Agreement. The removal of any Optional Sale Licenses would reduce the final purchase price by the assigned value of each such license, from the maximum purchase price of \$3.3 billion.

The licenses are subject to an exclusive leasing arrangement between us and Comcast, which were entered into contemporaneously with the License Purchase Agreement. If Comcast elects to remove an Optional Sale License from the License Purchase Agreement, the associated lease for such Optional Sale License will terminate, but no sooner than two years from the date of the License Purchase Agreement (with us having a minimum period of time after any such termination to cease transmitting on such license’s associated spectrum).

On January 13, 2025, we and Comcast entered into an amendment to the License Purchase Agreement pursuant to which we will acquire additional spectrum. Subsequent to the amendment, the total cash consideration for the transaction is between \$1.2 billion and \$3.4 billion.

### N77 License Co LLC

On September 10, 2024, we entered into a License Purchase Agreement with N77 License Co LLC (“Buyer”), pursuant to which Buyer has the option to purchase all or a portion of our remaining 3.45 GHz spectrum licenses in exchange for a range of cash consideration, with the specific licenses sold to be determined based upon the amount of committed financing raised by Buyer. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the licenses subject to the License Purchase Agreement were held at cost of \$2.7 billion in Spectrum licenses on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We maintain the right to terminate the License Purchase Agreement no later than February 7, 2025, as we did not receive written notice of committed financing as of December 9, 2024, from the Buyer at or above a certain target level of cash consideration. The transaction is subject to FCC approval. We do not expect the transaction to have a material impact on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### Impairment Assessment

For our assessment of Spectrum license impairment, we employed a qualitative approach. No events or change in circumstances have occurred that indicate the fair value of the Spectrum licenses may be below its carrying amount at December 31, 2024.

### Other Intangible Assets

The components of Other intangible assets were as follows:

| (in millions)                         | Useful Lives   | December 31, 2024 |                          |                 | December 31, 2023 |                          |                 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
|                                       |                | Gross Amount      | Accumulated Amortization | Net Amount      | Gross Amount      | Accumulated Amortization | Net Amount      |
| Customer relationships <sup>(1)</sup> | Up to 8 years  | \$ 5,427          | \$ (4,123)               | \$ 1,304        | \$ 4,883          | \$ (3,451)               | \$ 1,432        |
| Reacquired rights                     | Up to 9 years  | 770               | (323)                    | 447             | 770               | (231)                    | 539             |
| Tradenames and patents <sup>(1)</sup> | Up to 19 years | 338               | (157)                    | 181             | 208               | (134)                    | 74              |
| Favorable spectrum leases             | Up to 27 years | 620               | (169)                    | 451             | 686               | (148)                    | 538             |
| Other <sup>(1)</sup>                  | Up to 10 years | 478               | (349)                    | 129             | 353               | (318)                    | 35              |
| Other intangible assets               |                | <u>\$ 7,633</u>   | <u>\$ (5,121)</u>        | <u>\$ 2,512</u> | <u>\$ 6,900</u>   | <u>\$ (4,282)</u>        | <u>\$ 2,618</u> |

(1) Includes intangible assets acquired in the Ka’ena Acquisition. See [Note 2 - Business Combinations](#) for more information.

Amortization expense for intangible assets subject to amortization was \$857 million, \$888 million and \$1.2 billion for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The estimated aggregate future amortization expense for intangible assets subject to amortization is summarized below:

| (in millions)                     | Estimated Future Amortization |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Twelve Months Ending December 31, |                               |
| 2025                              | \$ 749                        |
| 2026                              | 571                           |
| 2027                              | 404                           |
| 2028                              | 253                           |
| 2029                              | 171                           |
| Thereafter                        | 364                           |
| Total                             | <u>\$ 2,512</u>               |

Substantially all of the estimated future amortization expense is associated with intangible assets acquired through our business combinations.

## Note 8 – Fair Value Measurements

The carrying values of Cash and cash equivalents, Accounts receivable and Accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate fair value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The carrying values of EIP receivables approximate fair value as the receivables are recorded at their present value using an imputed interest rate.

### *Derivative Financial Instruments*

We use derivatives to manage exposure to market risk, such as exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. We designate certain derivatives as hedging instruments in a qualifying hedge accounting relationship to mitigate fluctuations in values or cash flows related to such risks caused by foreign currency or interest rate volatility. We do not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

Cash flows associated with qualifying hedge derivative instruments are presented in the same category on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows as the item being hedged. For fair value hedges, other than foreign currency hedges, the change in the fair value of the derivative instruments is recognized in earnings through the same income statement line item as the change in the fair value of the hedged item. For cash flow hedges, as well as fair value foreign currency hedges, the change in the fair value of the derivative instruments is reported in Accumulated other comprehensive loss and recognized in earnings when the hedged item is recognized in earnings, again, through the same income statement line item.

We record derivatives on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value that is derived primarily from observable market data, including exchange rates, interest rates and forward curves. These market inputs are utilized in the discounted cash flow calculation considering the instrument's term, notional amount, discount rate and credit risk. Significant inputs to derivative valuations are generally observable in active markets and, as such, are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

### *Cross-Currency Swaps*

We enter into cross-currency swaps to offset changes in value of our payments on foreign-denominated debt in USD and to mitigate the impact of foreign currency transaction gains and losses.

On April 30, 2024, we entered into cross-currency swap agreements, with the same notional amounts as the EUR-denominated debt issuance on May 8, 2024, to effectively convert €2.0 billion to USD borrowings, with the same maturities of five, eight and 12 years. The swaps qualify and have been designated as fair value hedges of our EUR-denominated debt, mitigating our exposure to foreign currency transaction gains and losses.

Accordingly, all changes in the fair value of the swaps will be initially recorded through Accumulated other comprehensive loss on our Consolidated Balance Sheets and reclassified to earnings in an amount that exactly offsets the periodic transaction gain or loss on remeasuring the debt, such that there will be no earnings volatility due to changes in foreign-currency exchange rates. Transaction gains or losses on remeasuring the EUR-denominated debt, as well as the offsetting swap amounts, are recorded within Other income (expense), net on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Changes in the fair value of the swaps may be different from the current period transaction gain or loss on remeasurement of the debt, in which case the difference will remain in Accumulated other comprehensive loss on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. These differences generally represent credit or liquidity risk, referred to as a basis spread, and the time value of money (“excluded components”). The value of the excluded components is recognized in earnings using a systematic and rational method by accruing the current-period swap settlements into Interest expense, net, on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. If an amount remains in Accumulated other comprehensive loss on our Consolidated Balance Sheets upon settlement of the derivative, those amounts will be reclassified to earnings at that time.

The following table summarizes the activity of our cross-currency swaps:

| (in millions)  | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2024 |      |
|--|---------------------------------|------|
| <b>Other income (expense), net</b>   |                                 |      |
| Pre-tax transaction gain on remeasurement of EUR-denominated debt  | \$                              | 79   |
| Amount recognized in Other income (expense), net reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss                  |                                 | (79) |
| <b>Accumulated other comprehensive loss</b>  |                                 |      |
| Amount recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive loss reclassified to Other income (expense), net                    | \$                              | 79   |
| Loss associated with the change in fair value of cross-currency swaps recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive loss |                                 | (58) |

### Interest Rate Lock Derivatives

In April 2020, we terminated our interest rate lock derivatives entered into in October 2018.

Aggregate changes in the fair value of our interest rate lock derivatives, which were terminated in April 2020, of \$960 million and \$1.1 billion are presented in Accumulated other comprehensive loss on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, \$236 million, \$219 million and \$203 million, respectively, were amortized from Accumulated other comprehensive loss into Interest expense, net, on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. We expect to amortize \$254 million of the Accumulated other comprehensive loss associated with the derivatives into Interest expense, net, over the 12 months ending December 31, 2025.

### Recourse Guarantee Liabilities and Deferred Purchase Price Assets

In connection with the sales of certain service and EIP accounts receivable, we have recourse guarantee liabilities, and prior to the effective date of the Pledge Amendments, deferred purchase price assets, measured at fair value on a recurring basis that are based on a discounted cash flow model using unobservable Level 3 inputs, including estimated customer default rates and credit worthiness, dilutions and recoveries. See [Note 5 – Sales of Certain Receivables](#) for further information.

The carrying amount of our recourse guarantee liabilities was \$148 million as of December 31, 2024. The carrying amount of our deferred purchase price assets was \$658 million as of December 31, 2023. Both of which are included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets for the periods indicated.

### Debt

The fair values of our Senior Notes and spectrum-backed Senior Secured Notes to third parties were determined based on quoted market prices in active markets. Accordingly, our Senior Notes and spectrum-backed Senior Secured Notes to third parties were classified as Level 1 within the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of our Senior Notes to affiliates was determined based on market interest rates of instruments with similar terms and maturities. Accordingly, our Senior Notes to affiliates were classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of our Senior Notes to third parties (EUR-denominated) and asset-backed notes (“ABS Notes”) was primarily based on quoted prices in inactive markets for identical instruments and observable changes in market interest rates, both of which are Level 2 inputs. Accordingly, our Senior Notes to third parties (EUR-denominated) and ABS Notes were classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy.

Although we have determined the estimated fair values using available market information and commonly accepted valuation methodologies, judgment was required in interpreting market data to develop fair value estimates for the Senior Notes to third parties (EUR-denominated), Senior Notes to affiliates and ABS Notes. The fair value estimates were based on information available as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. As such, our estimates are not necessarily indicative of the amount we could realize in a current market exchange.

The carrying amounts and fair values of our short-term and long-term debt included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows:

| (in millions)                                   | Level within the Fair Value Hierarchy | December 31, 2024 |            | December 31, 2023 |            |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
|   |                                       | Carrying Amount   | Fair Value | Carrying Amount   | Fair Value |
| Liabilities:                                    |                                       |                   |            |                   |            |
| Senior Notes to third parties                   | 1                                     | \$ 71,783         | \$ 65,631  | \$ 70,493         | \$ 65,962  |
| Senior Notes to third parties (EUR-denominated) | 2                                     | 2,058             | 2,125      | —                 | —          |
| Senior Notes to affiliates                      | 2                                     | 1,497             | 1,491      | 1,496             | 1,499      |
| Senior Secured Notes to third parties           | 1                                     | 1,361             | 1,330      | 2,281             | 2,207      |
| ABS Notes to third parties                      | 2                                     | 1,566             | 1,570      | 748               | 748        |

## Note 9 – Debt

Debt was as follows:

| (in millions)                                  | December 31,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| 7.125% Senior Notes due 2024                   | \$ —                 | \$ 2,500             |
| 3.500% Senior Notes due 2025                   | 3,000                | 3,000                |
| 4.738% Series 2018-1 A-1 Notes due 2025        | 131                  | 656                  |
| 7.625% Senior Notes due 2025                   | —                    | 1,500                |
| 1.500% Senior Notes due 2026                   | 1,000                | 1,000                |
| 2.250% Senior Notes due 2026                   | 1,800                | 1,800                |
| 2.625% Senior Notes due 2026                   | 1,200                | 1,200                |
| 7.625% Senior Notes due 2026                   | 1,500                | 1,500                |
| 3.750% Senior Notes due 2027                   | 4,000                | 4,000                |
| 5.375% Senior Notes due 2027                   | 500                  | 500                  |
| 2.050% Senior Notes due 2028                   | 1,750                | 1,750                |
| 4.750% Senior Notes due 2028                   | 1,500                | 1,500                |
| 4.750% Senior Notes to affiliates due 2028     | 1,500                | 1,500                |
| 4.800% Senior Notes due 2028                   | 900                  | 900                  |
| 4.910% Class A Senior ABS Notes due 2028       | 570                  | 750                  |
| 4.950% Senior Notes due 2028                   | 1,000                | 1,000                |
| 5.152% Series 2018-1 A-2 Notes due 2028        | 1,194                | 1,562                |
| 6.875% Senior Notes due 2028                   | 2,475                | 2,475                |
| 2.400% Senior Notes due 2029                   | 500                  | 500                  |
| 2.625% Senior Notes due 2029                   | 1,000                | 1,000                |
| 3.375% Senior Notes due 2029                   | 2,350                | 2,350                |
| 3.550% Senior Notes due 2029 (EUR-denominated) | 621                  | —                    |
| 4.200% Senior Notes due 2029                   | 700                  | —                    |
| 4.250% Class A Senior ABS Notes due 2029       | 500                  | —                    |
| 4.850% Senior Notes due 2029                   | 1,000                | —                    |
| 5.050% Class A Senior ABS Notes due 2029       | 500                  | —                    |
| 3.875% Senior Notes due 2030                   | 7,000                | 7,000                |
| 2.250% Senior Notes due 2031                   | 1,000                | 1,000                |
| 2.550% Senior Notes due 2031                   | 2,500                | 2,500                |
| 2.875% Senior Notes due 2031                   | 1,000                | 1,000                |
| 3.500% Senior Notes due 2031                   | 2,450                | 2,450                |
| 2.700% Senior Notes due 2032                   | 1,000                | 1,000                |
| 3.700% Senior Notes due 2032 (EUR-denominated) | 777                  | —                    |
| 8.750% Senior Notes due 2032                   | 2,000                | 2,000                |
| 5.050% Senior Notes due 2033                   | 2,600                | 2,600                |
| 5.200% Senior Notes due 2033                   | 1,250                | 1,250                |
| 5.150% Senior Notes due 2034                   | 1,250                | —                    |
| 5.750% Senior Notes due 2034                   | 1,000                | 1,000                |
| 4.700% Senior Notes due 2035                   | 900                  | —                    |
| 3.850% Senior Notes due 2036 (EUR-denominated) | 673                  | —                    |
| 4.375% Senior Notes due 2040                   | 2,000                | 2,000                |
| 3.000% Senior Notes due 2041                   | 2,500                | 2,500                |
| 4.500% Senior Notes due 2050                   | 3,000                | 3,000                |
| 3.300% Senior Notes due 2051                   | 3,000                | 3,000                |
| 3.400% Senior Notes due 2052                   | 2,800                | 2,800                |
| 5.650% Senior Notes due 2053                   | 1,750                | 1,750                |
| 5.750% Senior Notes due 2054                   | 1,250                | 1,250                |
| 6.000% Senior Notes due 2054                   | 1,000                | 1,000                |
| 5.250% Senior Notes due 2055                   | 900                  | —                    |
| 5.500% Senior Notes due 2055                   | 750                  | —                    |
| 3.600% Senior Notes due 2060                   | 1,700                | 1,700                |
| 5.800% Senior Notes due 2062                   | 750                  | 750                  |
| Unamortized premium on debt to third parties   | 775                  | 1,011                |
| Unamortized discount on debt to third parties  | (223)                | (223)                |
| Debt issuance costs and consent fees           | (278)                | (263)                |
| Total debt                                     | 78,265               | 75,018               |
| Less: Current portion of Senior Notes          | 4,068                | 3,619                |
| Total long-term debt                           | \$ 74,197            | \$ 71,399            |

Long-term debt was classified as follows:

| (in millions)                | December 31,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Long-term debt               | \$ 72,700            | \$ 69,903            |
| Long-term debt to affiliates | 1,497                | 1,496                |
| Total long-term debt         | <u>\$ 74,197</u>     | <u>\$ 71,399</u>     |

Our effective interest rate, excluding the impact of derivatives and capitalized interest, was approximately 4.1% and 4.0% on weighted-average debt outstanding of \$78.3 billion and \$75.4 billion for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The weighted-average debt outstanding was calculated by applying an average of the monthly ending balances of total short-term and long-term debt to third parties and short-term and long-term debt to affiliates, net of unamortized premiums, discounts, debt issuance costs and consent fees.

## Senior Notes

The Senior Notes are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by the Company and certain of our consolidated subsidiaries. They are redeemable at our discretion, in whole or in part, at any time. The redemption price is calculated by reference to the date on which such notes are redeemed and generally includes a premium that steps down gradually as the Senior Notes approach their par call date, on or after which they are redeemable at par. The amount of time by which the par call date precedes the maturity date of the respective series of Senior Notes varies from one month to three years.

## Issuances and Borrowings

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we issued the following Senior Notes and ABS Notes:

| (in millions)                                  | Principal Issuances | Discounts and Issuance<br>Costs | Net Proceeds from<br>Issuance of Long-Term<br>Debt | Issue Date         |
|--|---------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| 4.850% Senior Notes due 2029                   | \$ 1,000            | \$ (6)                          | \$ 994   | January 12, 2024   |
| 5.150% Senior Notes due 2034                   | 1,250               | (11)                            | 1,239  | January 12, 2024   |
| 5.500% Senior Notes due 2055                   | 750                 | (7)                             | 743  | January 12, 2024   |
| 3.550% Senior Notes due 2029 (EUR-denominated) | 645                 | (3)                             | 642  | May 8, 2024        |
| 3.700% Senior Notes due 2032 (EUR-denominated) | 806                 | (4)                             | 802  | May 8, 2024        |
| 3.850% Senior Notes due 2036 (EUR-denominated) | 699                 | (7)                             | 692  | May 8, 2024        |
| 4.200% Senior Notes due 2029                   | 700                 | (4)                             | 696  | September 26, 2024 |
| 4.700% Senior Notes due 2035                   | 900                 | (6)                             | 894  | September 26, 2024 |
| 5.250% Senior Notes due 2055                   | 900                 | (10)                            | 890  | September 26, 2024 |
| Total of Senior Notes issued                   | <u>\$ 7,650</u>     | <u>\$ (58)</u>                  | <u>\$ 7,592</u>                                    |                    |
| 5.050% Class A Senior ABS Notes due 2029       | \$ 500              | \$ (3)                          | \$ 497   | February 14, 2024  |
| 4.250% Class A Senior ABS Notes due 2029       | 500                 | (2)                             | 498  | October 9, 2024    |
| Total of ABS Notes issued                      | <u>\$ 1,000</u>     | <u>\$ (5)</u>                   | <u>\$ 995</u>                                      |                    |

## Credit Facilities

We maintain a revolving credit facility (the “Revolving Credit Facility”) with an aggregate commitment amount of \$7.5 billion, including a letter of credit sub-facility of up to \$1.5 billion and a swingline loan sub-facility of up to \$500 million. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, we did not have an outstanding balance under the Revolving Credit Facility.



### Note Redemptions and Repayments

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we made the following note redemptions and repayments:

| (in millions)                                   | Principal Amount | Payment Date      |
|---|------------------|-------------------|
| 7.125% Senior Notes due 2024                    | \$ 2,500         | June 15, 2024     |
| 7.625% Senior Notes due 2025                    | 1,500            | November 15, 2024 |
| Total Redemptions                               | <u>\$ 4,000</u>  |                   |
| 4.738% Secured Series 2018-1 A-1 Notes due 2025 | \$ 525           | Various           |
| 5.152% Series 2018-1 A-2 Notes due 2028         | 368              | Various           |
| 4.910% Class A Senior ABS Notes due 2028        | 180              | Various           |
| Total Repayments                                | <u>\$ 1,073</u>  |                   |

### Asset-backed Notes

In connection with issuing the ABS Notes, we formed a wholly owned subsidiary, which qualifies as a bankruptcy remote entity (the “ABS BRE”), and a trust (the “ABS Trust” and together with the ABS BRE, the “ABS Entities”), in which the ABS BRE holds a residual interest. The ABS BRE’s residual interest in the ABS Trust represents the rights to all funds not needed to make required payments on the ABS Notes and other related payments and expenses.

Under the terms of the ABS Notes, our wholly owned subsidiary, T-Mobile Financial LLC (“FinCo”), and certain of our other wholly owned subsidiaries (collectively, the “Originators”) transfer EIP receivables to the ABS BRE, which in turn transfers such receivables to the ABS Trust, which issued the ABS Notes. The Class A senior ABS Notes have an expected weighted average life of approximately 2.5 years. Under the terms of the transaction, there is a two-year revolving period during which we may transfer additional receivables to the ABS Entities as collections on the receivables are received. The EIP receivables transferred to the ABS Entities and related assets, consisting primarily of restricted cash, will only be available for payment of the ABS Notes and expenses related thereto, payments to the Originators in respect of additional transfers of device payment plan agreement receivables, and other obligations arising from our ABS Notes transactions, and will not be available to pay our other obligations until the associated ABS Notes and related obligations are satisfied. The third-party investors in the Class A senior ABS Notes have legal recourse only to the assets of the ABS Trust securing the ABS Notes and do not have any recourse to T-Mobile with respect to the payment of principal and interest. The receivables transferred to the ABS Trust will only be available for payment of the ABS Notes and other obligations arising from the transaction and will not be available to pay any obligations or claims of T-Mobile’s creditors.

Under a parent support agreement, T-Mobile has agreed to guarantee the performance of the obligations of FinCo, which will continue to service the receivables, and the other T-Mobile entities participating in the transaction. However, T-Mobile does not guarantee any principal or interest on the ABS Notes or any payments on the underlying EIP receivables.

Cash collections on the EIP receivables are required at certain specified times to be placed into segregated accounts. Deposits to the segregated accounts are considered restricted cash and are included in Other current assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

As of December 31, 2024, \$1.6 billion of our ABS Notes were secured in total by \$2.0 billion of gross EIP receivables and future collections on such receivables. Our ABS Notes and the assets securing this debt are included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The expected maturities of our ABS Notes as of December 31, 2024, were as follows:

| (in millions) | Expected Maturities |
|---------------|---------------------|
| 2025          | \$ 570              |
| 2026          | 594                 |
| 2027          | 406                 |
| Total         | <u>\$ 1,570</u>     |

### Variable Interest Entities

The ABS Entities meet the definition of a VIE for which we have determined that we are the primary beneficiary as we have the power to direct the activities of the ABS Entities that most significantly impact their performance. Those activities include selecting which receivables are transferred into the ABS Entities, servicing such receivables, and funding of the ABS Entities. Additionally, our equity interest and residual interest in the ABS BRE and the ABS Trust, respectively, obligate us to absorb losses and give us the right to receive benefits from the ABS Entities that could potentially be significant to the ABS Entities. Accordingly, we include the balances and results of operations of the ABS Entities in our consolidated financial statements.

The following table summarizes the carrying amounts and classification of assets and liabilities included in our Consolidated Balance Sheets with respect to the ABS Entities:

| (in millions)  | December 31,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>  |                      |                      |
| Equipment installment plan receivables, net                    | \$ 1,472             | \$ 739               |
| Equipment installment plan receivables due after one year, net | 352                  | 168                  |
| Other current assets   | 151                  | 101                  |
| <b>Liabilities</b>   |                      |                      |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities                       | 2                    | 1                    |
| Short-term debt  | 570                  | 198                  |
| Long-term debt   | 996                  | 550                  |

See [Note 4 – Receivables and Related Allowance for Credit Losses](#) for additional information on the EIP receivables used to secure the ABS Notes.

### Spectrum Financing

On April 1, 2020, in connection with the closing of the Merger, we assumed Sprint’s spectrum-backed notes, which are collateralized by the acquired, directly held and third-party leased Spectrum licenses (collectively, the “Spectrum Portfolio”) transferred to wholly owned bankruptcy-remote special purpose entities (collectively, the “Spectrum Financing SPEs”). As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the total outstanding obligations under these Notes were \$1.3 billion and \$2.2 billion, respectively.

In October 2016, certain subsidiaries of Sprint Communications, Inc. transferred the Spectrum Portfolio to the Spectrum Financing SPEs, which was used as collateral to raise an initial \$3.5 billion in senior secured notes (the “2016 Spectrum-Backed Notes”) bearing interest at 3.360% per annum under a \$7.0 billion securitization program. The 2016 Spectrum-Backed Notes were repayable over a five-year term, with interest-only payments over the first four quarters and amortizing quarterly principal payments thereafter commencing December 2017 through September 2021. We fully repaid the 2016 Spectrum-Backed Notes in 2021.

In March 2018, Sprint issued approximately \$3.9 billion in aggregate principal amount of senior secured notes (the “2018 Spectrum-Backed Notes” and together with the 2016 Spectrum-Backed Notes, the “Spectrum-Backed Notes”) under the existing \$7.0 billion securitization program, consisting of two series of senior secured notes. The first series of notes totaled \$2.1 billion in aggregate principal amount, bears interest at 4.738% per annum, and has quarterly interest-only payments until June 2021, with additional quarterly principal payments commencing in June 2021 through March 2025. As of December 31, 2024, \$131 million of the aggregate principal amount was classified as Short-term debt on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The second series of notes totaled approximately \$1.8 billion in aggregate principal amount, bears interest at 5.152% per annum, and has quarterly interest-only payments until June 2023, with additional quarterly principal payments commencing in June 2023 through March 2028. As of December 31, 2024, \$368 million of the aggregate principal amount was classified as Short-term debt on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Spectrum Portfolio, which also serves as collateral for the Spectrum-Backed Notes, remains substantially identical to the original portfolio from October 2016.

Simultaneously with the October 2016 offering, Sprint Communications, Inc. entered into a long-term lease with the Spectrum Financing SPEs for the ongoing use of the Spectrum Portfolio. Sprint Communications, Inc. is required to make monthly lease payments to the Spectrum Financing SPEs in an aggregate amount that is market-based relative to the spectrum usage rights as of the closing date and equal to \$165 million per month. The lease payments, which are guaranteed by T-Mobile subsidiaries subsequent to the Merger, are sufficient to service all outstanding series of the 2016 Spectrum-Backed Notes and the lease also

constitutes collateral for the senior secured notes. Because the Spectrum Financing SPEs are wholly owned T-Mobile subsidiaries subsequent to the Merger, these entities are consolidated and all intercompany activity has been eliminated.

Each Spectrum Financing SPE is a separate legal entity with its own separate creditors who will be entitled, prior to and upon the liquidation of the respective Spectrum Financing SPE, to be satisfied out of the Spectrum Financing SPE's assets prior to any assets of such Spectrum Financing SPE becoming available to T-Mobile. Accordingly, the assets of each Spectrum Financing SPE are not available to satisfy the debts and other obligations owed to other creditors of T-Mobile until the obligations of such Spectrum Financing SPE under the Spectrum-Backed Notes are paid in full. Certain provisions of the Spectrum Financing facility require us to maintain specified cash collateral balances. Amounts associated with these balances are considered to be restricted cash.

#### **Restricted Cash**

Certain provisions of our debt agreements require us to maintain specified cash collateral balances. Amounts associated with these balances are considered to be restricted cash.

#### **Commercial Paper**

On July 25, 2023, we established an unsecured short-term commercial paper program with the ability to borrow up to \$2.0 billion from time to time. This program supplements our other available external financing arrangements, and proceeds are expected to be used for general corporate purposes. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, there was no outstanding balance under this program.

#### **Standby Letters of Credit**

For the purposes of securing our obligations to provide device insurance services and for the purposes of securing our general purpose obligations, we maintain an agreement for standby letters of credit with certain financial institutions. Our outstanding standby letters of credit were \$152 million and \$238 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### **ECA Facility**

Subsequent to December 31, 2024, on January 31, 2025, our wholly owned subsidiary, T-Mobile USA, Inc., entered into a credit agreement with certain financial institutions, backed by an Export Credit Agency (the "ECA Facility"), providing for a loan of up to \$1.0 billion to finance network equipment-related purchases. The obligations under the ECA Facility are also guaranteed by us and by all of our wholly owned domestic restricted subsidiaries (subject to customary exceptions). Any borrowing under the ECA Facility will mature on March 15, 2036. As of January 31, 2025, the ECA Facility is undrawn.

#### **Note 10 – Tower Obligations**

##### ***Existing CCI Tower Lease Arrangements***

In 2012, we conveyed to Crown Castle International Corp. ("CCI") the exclusive right to manage and operate approximately 6,200 tower sites ("CCI Lease Sites") via a master prepaid lease with site lease terms ranging from 23 to 37 years. CCI has fixed-price purchase options for the CCI Lease Sites totaling approximately \$2.0 billion, exercisable annually on a per-tranche basis at the end of the lease term during the period from December 31, 2035, through December 31, 2049. If CCI exercises its purchase option for any tranche, it must purchase all the towers in the tranche. We lease back a portion of the space at certain tower sites.

Assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the tower sites were transferred to special purpose entities ("SPEs"). Assets included ground lease agreements or deeds for the land on which the towers are situated, the towers themselves and existing subleasing agreements with other mobile network operator tenants that lease space at the tower sites. Liabilities included the obligation to pay ground lease rentals, property taxes and other executory costs.

We determined the SPEs containing the CCI Lease Sites ("Lease Site SPEs") are VIEs as they lack sufficient equity to finance their activities. We have a variable interest in the Lease Site SPEs but are not the primary beneficiary as we lack the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the Lease Site SPEs' economic performance. These activities include managing tenants and underlying ground leases, performing repair and maintenance on the towers, the obligation to absorb expected losses and the right to receive the expected future residual returns from the purchase option to acquire the CCI Lease

Sites. As we determined that we are not the primary beneficiary and do not have a controlling financial interest in the Lease Site SPEs, the Lease Site SPEs are not included on our consolidated financial statements.

However, we also considered if this arrangement resulted in the sale of the CCI Lease Sites for which we would derecognize the tower assets. By assessing whether control had transferred, we concluded that transfer of control criteria, as discussed in the revenue standard, were not met. Accordingly, we recorded this arrangement as a financing whereby we recorded debt, a financial obligation, and the CCI Lease Sites tower assets remained on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We recorded long-term financial obligations in the amount of the net proceeds received and recognize interest on the tower obligations. The tower obligations are increased by interest expense and amortized through contractual leaseback payments made by us to CCI and through net cash flows generated and retained by CCI from the operation of the tower sites.

### ***Acquired CCI Tower Lease Arrangements***

Prior to the Merger, Sprint entered into a lease-out and leaseback arrangement with Global Signal Inc., a third party that was subsequently acquired by CCI, that conveyed to CCI the exclusive right to manage and operate approximately 6,400 tower sites (“Master Lease Sites”) via a master prepaid lease. These agreements were assumed upon the close of the Merger, at which point the remaining term of the lease-out was approximately 17 years with no renewal options. CCI has a fixed price purchase option for all (but not less than all) of the leased or subleased sites for approximately \$2.3 billion, exercisable one year prior to the expiration of the agreement and ending 120 days prior to the expiration of the agreement. We lease back a portion of the space at certain tower sites.

We considered if this arrangement resulted in the sale of the Master Lease Sites for which we would derecognize the tower assets. By assessing whether control had transferred, we concluded that transfer of control criteria, as discussed in the revenue standard, were not met. Accordingly, we recorded this arrangement as a financing whereby we recorded debt, a financial obligation, and the Master Lease Sites tower assets remained on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

We recognize interest expense on the tower obligations. The tower obligations are increased by the interest expense and amortized through contractual leaseback payments made by us to CCI. The tower assets are reported in Property and equipment, net on our Consolidated Balance Sheets and are depreciated to their estimated residual values over the expected useful life of the towers, which is 20 years.

### ***Leaseback Arrangement***

On January 3, 2022, we entered into an agreement (the “Crown Agreement”) with CCI. The Crown Agreement extends the current term of the leasebacks by up to 12 years and modifies the leaseback payments for both the Existing CCI Tower Lease Arrangements and the Acquired CCI Tower Lease Arrangements. As a result of the Crown Agreement, there was an increase in our financing obligation as of the effective date of the Crown Agreement of approximately \$1.2 billion, with a corresponding decrease to Other long-term liabilities associated with unfavorable contract terms. The modification resulted in a revised interest rate under the effective interest method for the tower obligations: 11.6% for the Existing CCI Tower Lease Arrangements and 5.3% for the Acquired CCI Tower Lease Arrangements. There were no changes made to either of our master prepaid leases with CCI.

The following table summarizes the balances associated with both of the tower arrangements on our Consolidated Balance Sheets:

| <b>(in millions)</b>        | <b>December 31,<br/>2024</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2023</b> |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Property and equipment, net | \$ 2,069                     | \$ 2,220                     |
| Tower obligations           | 3,664                        | 3,777                        |
| Other long-term liabilities | 554                          | 554                          |

Future minimum payments related to the tower obligations are approximately \$380 million for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2025, \$788 million in total for both of the 12-month periods ending December 31, 2026 and 2027, \$835 million in total for both of the 12-month periods ending December 31, 2028 and 2029, and \$3.7 billion in total thereafter.

We are contingently liable for future ground lease payments through the remaining term of the CCI Lease Sites and the Master Lease Sites. These contingent obligations are not included in Operating lease liabilities, as any amount due is contractually owed by CCI based on the subleasing arrangement. Under the arrangement, we remain primarily liable for ground lease

payments on approximately 900 sites and have included lease liabilities of \$251 million in our Operating lease liabilities as of December 31, 2024.

## Note 11 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers

### Disaggregation of Revenue

We provide wireless communications services to three primary categories of customers:

- Postpaid customers generally include customers who are qualified to pay after receiving wireless communications services utilizing phones, High Speed Internet, mobile internet devices (including tablets and hotspots), wearables, DIGITS and other connected devices (including SyncUP and IoT);
- Prepaid customers generally include customers who pay for wireless communications services in advance; and
- Wholesale customers include Machine-to-Machine and Mobile Virtual Network Operator customers that operate on our network but are managed by wholesale partners.

Postpaid service revenues, including postpaid phone revenues and postpaid other revenues, were as follows:

| (in millions)                    | Year Ended December 31, |                  |                  |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                                  | 2024                    | 2023             | 2022             |
| <b>Postpaid service revenues</b> |                         |                  |                  |
| Postpaid phone revenues          | \$ 45,762               | \$ 43,449        | \$ 41,711        |
| Postpaid other revenues          | 6,578                   | 5,243            | 4,208            |
| Total postpaid service revenues  | <u>\$ 52,340</u>        | <u>\$ 48,692</u> | <u>\$ 45,919</u> |

The balances presented in each revenue line item on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income represent categories of revenue from contracts with customers disaggregated by type of product and service. Postpaid and prepaid service revenues also include revenues earned for providing premium services to customers, such as device insurance services. Revenue generated from the lease of mobile communication devices is included in Equipment revenues on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### Contract Balances

The contract asset and contract liability balances from contracts with customers as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, were as follows:

| (in millions)                   | Contract Assets | Contract Liabilities |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2023 | \$ 607          | \$ 812               |
| Balance as of December 31, 2024 | 720             | 1,219                |
| Change                          | <u>\$ 113</u>   | <u>\$ 407</u>        |

Contract assets primarily represent revenue recognized for equipment sales with promotional bill credits offered to customers that are paid over time and are contingent on the customer maintaining a service contract.

The change in the contract asset balance reflects customer activity related to new promotions, offset by billings on existing contracts and impairment, which is recognized as bad debt expense. The current portion of our contract assets of \$492 million and \$495 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, was included in Other current assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Contract liabilities are recorded when fees are collected, or we have an unconditional right to consideration (a receivable) in advance of delivery of goods or services. Changes in contract liabilities are primarily related to the activity of prepaid customers, including customers acquired through the Ka'ena Acquisition. Contract liabilities are primarily included in Deferred revenue on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Revenues for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, include the following:

| (in millions)  | Year Ended December 31, |        |        |
|--|-------------------------|--------|--------|
|  | 2024                    | 2023   | 2022   |
| Amounts included in the beginning of year contract liability balance | \$ 787                  | \$ 747 | \$ 760 |

### Remaining Performance Obligations

As of December 31, 2024, the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining service performance obligations for postpaid contracts with subsidized devices and promotional bill credits that result in an extended service contract is \$1.5 billion. We expect to recognize revenue as the service is provided on these postpaid contracts over an extended contract term of 24 months from the time of origination.

Information about remaining performance obligations that are part of a contract that has an original expected duration of one year or less has been excluded from the above, which primarily consists of monthly service contracts.

Certain of our wholesale, roaming and service contracts include variable consideration based on usage and performance. This variable consideration has been excluded from the disclosure of remaining performance obligations. As of December 31, 2024, the aggregate amount of the contractual minimum consideration for wholesale, roaming and service contracts is \$1.4 billion, \$1.4 billion and \$1.7 billion for 2025, 2026 and 2027 and beyond, respectively. These contracts have a remaining duration ranging from less than one year to seven years.

### Contract Costs

The balance of deferred incremental costs to obtain contracts with customers was \$2.0 billion and \$2.1 billion for December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and is included in Other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Deferred contract costs incurred to obtain postpaid service contracts are amortized over a period of 24 months. The amortization period is monitored to reflect any significant change in assumptions. Amortization of deferred contract costs included in Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income were \$2.0 billion, \$1.8 billion and \$1.5 billion for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The deferred contract cost asset is assessed for impairment on a periodic basis. There were no impairment losses recognized on deferred contract cost assets for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

### Note 12 – Segment Reporting

We manage our business activities on a consolidated basis and operate as a single operating segment: Wireless. We primarily derive our revenue in the United States by providing wireless communications services to customers using our wireless networks and selling devices that provide customers access to our wireless networks. The accounting policies of the Wireless segment are the same as those described in [Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies](#).

Our CODM is our President and Chief Executive Officer, G. Michael Sievert. The CODM uses Net income, as reported on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, in evaluating performance of the Wireless segment and determining how to allocate resources of the Company as a whole, including investing in our networks and customers, stockholder return programs and acquisition strategy. The CODM does not review assets in evaluating the results of the Wireless segment, and therefore, such information is not presented.

The following table provides the operating financial results of our Wireless segment:

| (in millions)                                | Year Ended December 31, |           |           |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|  | 2024                    | 2023      | 2022      |
| Total revenues                               | \$ 81,400               | \$ 78,558 | \$ 79,571 |
| Less: Significant and other segment expenses |                         |           |           |
| Cost of equipment sales                      | 18,882                  | 18,533    | 21,540    |
| Employee expenses                            | 7,041                   | 7,629     | 7,626     |
| Lease expense                                | 5,066                   | 5,398     | 6,998     |
| Advertising expense                          | 3,067                   | 2,515     | 2,306     |
| Bad debt expense                             | 1,192                   | 898       | 1,026     |
| Other segment items <sup>(1)</sup>           | 15,223                  | 16,526    | 18,317    |
| Impairment expense                           | —                       | —         | 477       |
| (Gain) loss on disposal group held for sale  | —                       | (25)      | 1,087     |
| Depreciation and amortization                | 12,919                  | 12,818    | 13,651    |
| Interest expense, net                        | 3,411                   | 3,335     | 3,364     |
| Other (income) expense, net                  | (113)                   | (68)      | 33        |
| Income tax expense                           | 3,373                   | 2,682     | 556       |
| Segment net income                           | \$ 11,339               | \$ 8,317  | \$ 2,590  |

(1) Other segment items included in Segment net income primarily includes certain third-party commissions, external labor and services and backhaul expenses.

### Note 13 – Employee Compensation and Benefit Plans

In June 2023, the stockholders of the Company approved the T-Mobile US, Inc. 2023 Incentive Award Plan (the “2023 Plan”), which replaced the 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan and the Sprint Corporation Amended and Restated 2015 Omnibus Incentive Plan that T-Mobile assumed in connection with the closing of the Merger (collectively, with the 2023 Plan, the “Incentive Plans”). Under the 2023 Plan, we are authorized to issue up to 33 million shares of our common stock and can grant stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, RSUs and PRSUs to eligible employees, consultants, advisors and non-employee directors. As of December 31, 2024, there were approximately 29 million shares of common stock available for future grants under the 2023 Plan.

We grant RSUs to eligible employees, key executives and certain non-employee directors and PRSUs to eligible key executives. RSUs entitle the grantee to receive shares of our common stock upon vesting (with vesting generally occurring annually over a three-year service period), subject to continued service through the applicable vesting date. PRSUs entitle the holder to receive shares of our common stock at the end of a performance period of generally up to three years, if the applicable performance goals are achieved, and generally subject to continued service through the applicable performance period. The number of shares ultimately received by the holder of PRSUs is dependent on our business performance against the specified performance goal(s) over a pre-established performance period. We also maintain an employee stock purchase plan (“ESPP”), under which eligible employees can purchase our common stock at a discounted price.

Stock-based compensation expense and related income tax benefits were as follows:

| (in millions, except shares, per share and contractual life amounts) | As of and for the Year Ended December 31, |           |           |
|--|---|-----------|-----------|
|  | 2024                                      | 2023      | 2022      |
| Stock-based compensation expense                                     | \$ 649                                    | \$ 667    | \$ 596    |
| Income tax benefit related to stock-based compensation               | \$ 129                                    | \$ 130    | \$ 114    |
| Weighted-average fair value per stock award granted                  | \$ 162.99                                 | \$ 143.09 | \$ 126.89 |
| Unrecognized compensation expense                                    | \$ 645                                    | \$ 637    | \$ 635    |
| Weighted-average period to be recognized (years)                     | 1.8                                       | 1.8       | 1.8       |
| Fair value of stock awards vested                                    | \$ 820                                    | \$ 889    | \$ 743    |

## Stock Awards

The following activity occurred under the Incentive Plans during the year ended December 31, 2024:

### Time-Based Restricted Stock Units

| (in millions, except shares, per share and contractual life amounts) | Number of Units or Awards | Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value | Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value |
|--|---------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|
| Nonvested, December 31, 2023   | 7,755,943                 | \$ 136.67                              | 0.9   | \$ 1,244                  |
| Prior year grant adjustment  | (351)                     | 142.60                                 |   |                           |
| Granted  | 3,775,434                 | 163.72                                 |   |                           |
| Vested   | (4,375,499)               | 135.88                                 |   |                           |
| Forfeited  | (518,292)                 | 149.33                                 |   |                           |
| Nonvested, December 31, 2024   | 6,637,235                 | 151.55                                 | 0.8   | 1,465                     |

### Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units

| (in millions, except shares, per share and contractual life amounts) | Number of Units or Awards | Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value | Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value |
|--|---------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|
| Nonvested, December 31, 2023   | 689,806                   | \$ 145.32                              | 1.0   | \$ 111                    |
| Granted  | 146,154                   | 164.65                                 |   |                           |
| Performance award achievement adjustments <sup>(1)</sup>             | 95,503                    | 131.26                                 |   |                           |
| Vested   | (372,099)                 | 127.55                                 |   |                           |
| Nonvested, December 31, 2024   | 559,364                   | 159.79                                 | 0.9   | 123                       |

(1) Represents PRSUs granted prior to 2024 for which the performance achievement period was completed in 2024, resulting in incremental unit awards. These PRSU awards are also included in the amount vested in 2024.

PRSUs included in the table above are shown at target. Share payout can range from 0% to 200% based on different performance outcomes. Weighted-average grant date fair value of RSU and PRSU awards assumed through acquisition is based on the fair value on the date assumed.

Payment of the underlying shares in connection with the vesting of RSU and PRSU awards generally triggers a tax obligation for the employee, which is required to be remitted to the relevant tax authorities. With respect to RSUs and PRSUs settled in shares, we have agreed to withhold shares of common stock otherwise issuable under the RSU and PRSU awards to cover certain of these tax obligations, with the net shares issued to the employee accounted for as outstanding common stock. We withheld 1,552,111, 2,027,800 and 1,900,710 shares of common stock to cover tax obligations associated with the payment of shares upon vesting of stock awards and remitted cash of \$269 million, \$297 million and \$243 million to the appropriate tax authorities for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Our ESPP allows eligible employees to contribute up to 15% of their eligible earnings toward the semi-annual purchase of our shares of common stock at a discounted price, subject to an annual maximum dollar amount. Employees can purchase stock at a 15% discount applied to the closing stock price on the first or last day of the six-month offering period, whichever price is lower. The number of shares issued under our ESPP was 1,519,242, 1,771,475 and 2,079,086 for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. In June 2023, the stockholders of the Company approved an amendment to our ESPP plan, increasing the share reserve to 14,000,000. As of December 31, 2024, the number of securities remaining available for future sale and issuance under the ESPP was 11,772,709.

## Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits Plans

On December 20, 2024, we settled \$572 million of our Sprint Retirement Pension Plan retiree obligations, resulting in a gain of \$80 million, recognized within Other income (expense), net on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. This partial plan settlement is the result of us purchasing a nonparticipating annuity that involves the transfer of significant risk from us to the insurance company (commonly referred to as a “buy-out”). This transaction is an irrevocable action, relieves us of our



responsibility for the postretirement benefit obligations that were settled, and eliminates the risks related to the obligation and the assets used to effect the settlement.

The objective for the investment portfolio of the Pension Plan is to achieve a long-term nominal rate of return, net of fees, that exceeds the Pension Plan's long-term expected rate of return on investments for funding purposes. To meet this objective, our investment strategy is governed by an asset allocation policy, whereby a targeted allocation percentage is assigned to each asset class as follows: 48% to equities; 39% to fixed income investments; and 13% to real estate, infrastructure and private assets. Actual allocations are allowed to deviate from target allocation percentages within a range for each asset class as defined in the investment policy. The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets was 7% for both the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, while the actual rate of return on plan assets was 6% and 11% for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The long-term expected rate of return on investments for funding purposes is 8% for the year ended December 31, 2025.

The components of net benefit recognized for the Pension Plan were as follows:

| (in millions)   | Year Ended December 31, |                |               |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|---------------|
|   | 2024                    | 2023           | 2022          |
| Interest on projected benefit obligations             | \$ 83                   | \$ 86          | \$ 65         |
| Gain on settlement and amortization of actuarial gain | (119)                   | (59)           | —             |
| Expected return on pension plan assets                | (99)                    | (97)           | (71)          |
| Net pension benefit                                   | <u>\$ (135)</u>         | <u>\$ (70)</u> | <u>\$ (6)</u> |

The net benefit associated with the Pension Plan is included in Other income (expense), net on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Investments of the Pension Plan are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which is determined using quoted market prices or estimated fair values. As of December 31, 2024, 26% of the investment portfolio was valued at quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, 62% was valued using quoted prices for similar assets in active or inactive markets, or other observable inputs, and 12% was valued using unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity. As of December 31, 2023, 17% of the investment portfolio was valued at quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, 79% was valued using quoted prices for similar assets in active or inactive markets, or other observable inputs, and 4% was valued using unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity, the majority of which used the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient to measure the fair value.

The fair values of our Pension Plan assets and certain other postretirement benefit plan assets in aggregate were \$626 million and \$1.3 billion as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Our accumulated benefit obligations in aggregate were \$895 million and \$1.6 billion as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As a result, the plans were underfunded by approximately \$269 million and \$350 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and were recorded in Other long-term liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. In determining our pension obligation for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we used a weighted-average discount rate of 6% and 5%, respectively.

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we made contributions of \$52 million and \$32 million, respectively, to the benefit plans. We expect to make contributions to the Plan of \$66 million through the year ending December 31, 2025.

Future benefits expected to be paid are approximately \$51 million for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2025, \$110 million in total for both of the 12-month periods ending December 31, 2026 and 2027, \$119 million in total for both of the 12-month periods ending December 31, 2028 and 2029, and \$320 million in total thereafter.

### Employee Retirement Savings Plan

We sponsor retirement savings plans for the majority of our employees under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and similar plans. The plans allow employees to contribute a portion of their pre-tax and post-tax income in accordance with specified guidelines. The plans provide that we match a percentage of employee contributions up to certain limits. Employer matching contributions were \$159 million, \$171 million and \$175 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## Note 14 – Income Taxes

Our sources of Income before income taxes were as follows:

| (in millions)              | Year Ended December 31, |           |          |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|----------|
|                            | 2024                    | 2023      | 2022     |
| U.S. income                | \$ 14,607               | \$ 10,943 | \$ 3,116 |
| Foreign income             | 105                     | 56        | 30       |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 14,712               | \$ 10,999 | \$ 3,146 |

Income tax expense is summarized as follows:

| (in millions)                  | Year Ended December 31, |            |          |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|----------|
|                                | 2024                    | 2023       | 2022     |
| Current tax (expense) benefit  |                         |            |          |
| Federal                        | \$ (57)                 | \$ (42)    | \$ 22    |
| State                          | (179)                   | (28)       | (64)     |
| Foreign                        | (17)                    | (12)       | (22)     |
| Total current tax expense      | (253)                   | (82)       | (64)     |
| Deferred tax (expense) benefit |                         |            |          |
| Federal                        | (2,743)                 | (2,150)    | (628)    |
| State                          | (348)                   | (417)      | 77       |
| Foreign                        | (29)                    | (33)       | 59       |
| Total deferred tax expense     | (3,120)                 | (2,600)    | (492)    |
| Total income tax expense       | \$ (3,373)              | \$ (2,682) | \$ (556) |

The reconciliation between the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate and our effective income tax rate is as follows:

|                                     | Year Ended December 31, |        |        |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|
|                                     | 2024                    | 2023   | 2022   |
| Federal statutory income tax rate   | 21.0 %                  | 21.0 % | 21.0 % |
| State taxes, net of federal benefit | 3.3                     | 4.2    | 4.5    |
| Effect of law and rate changes      | 0.1                     | (0.1)  | (5.3)  |
| Change in valuation allowance       | (0.2)                   | (0.2)  | (0.8)  |
| Foreign taxes                       | 0.3                     | 0.4    | 0.7    |
| Permanent differences               | 0.3                     | (0.1)  | (0.2)  |
| Federal tax credits                 | (1.1)                   | (0.8)  | (2.4)  |
| Equity-based compensation           | (0.3)                   | (0.4)  | (1.2)  |
| Non-deductible compensation         | (0.1)                   | 0.5    | 1.2    |
| Other, net                          | (0.4)                   | (0.1)  | 0.2    |
| Effective income tax rate           | 22.9 %                  | 24.4 % | 17.7 % |

Significant components of deferred income tax assets and liabilities, tax effected, are as follows:

| (in millions)  | December 31,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Deferred tax assets                                      |                      |                      |
| Loss carryforwards                                       | \$ 3,844             | \$ 6,227             |
| Lease liabilities  | 7,781                | 8,355                |
| Reserves and accruals                                    | 958                  | 1,177                |
| Other  | 3,959                | 4,459                |
| Deferred tax assets, gross                               | 16,542               | 20,218               |
| Valuation allowance                                      | (259)                | (306)                |
| Deferred tax assets, net                                 | 16,283               | 19,912               |
| Deferred tax liabilities                                 |                      |                      |
| Spectrum licenses  | 19,527               | 19,006               |
| Property and equipment                                   | 5,874                | 6,142                |
| Lease right-of-use assets                                | 6,508                | 7,043                |
| Other  | 1,074                | 1,179                |
| Total deferred tax liabilities                           | 32,983               | 33,370               |
| Net deferred tax liabilities                             | \$ 16,700            | \$ 13,458            |
| <b>Classified on the consolidated balance sheets as:</b> |                      |                      |
| Deferred tax liabilities                                 | \$ 16,700            | \$ 13,458            |

As of December 31, 2024, we have tax effected federal net operating loss (“NOL”) carryforwards of \$2.9 billion, state NOL carryforwards of \$1.6 billion and foreign NOL carryforwards of \$4 million, expiring through 2044. Federal and certain state NOLs of \$2.8 billion generated in and after 2018 do not expire. As of December 31, 2024, our tax effected federal, state and foreign NOL carryforwards for financial reporting purposes were approximately \$167 million, \$701 million and \$4 million, respectively, less than our NOL carryforwards for federal, state and foreign income tax purposes, due to unrecognized tax benefits of the same amount. The unrecognized tax benefit amounts exclude offsetting tax effects of \$181 million in other jurisdictions.

As of December 31, 2024, we have research and development, corporate alternative minimum tax and other general business credit carryforwards with a combined value of \$582 million for federal income tax purposes, an immaterial amount of which begins to expire in 2039.

As of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, our valuation allowance was \$259 million, \$306 million and \$375 million, respectively. The change from December 31, 2023 to December 31, 2024 primarily related to a reduction in the valuation allowance against federal and state deferred tax assets resulting from a change in expected utilization of accumulated capital losses. The change from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2023 primarily related to a reduction in the valuation allowance against deferred tax assets in certain state jurisdictions resulting from expiration of the related state tax attributes.

We file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and in various state and foreign jurisdictions. We are currently under examination by various states. Management does not believe the resolution of any of the audits will result in a material change to our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. The IRS has concluded audits of certain of our federal tax returns, most recently the 2020 tax year; however, NOL and other carryforwards for certain prior periods remain open for examination. U.S. federal, state and foreign examination for years prior to 2005 are generally closed.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits were as follows:

| (in millions)  | Year Ended December 31, |          |          |
|--|-------------------------|----------|----------|
|  | 2024                    | 2023     | 2022     |
| Unrecognized tax benefits, beginning of year               | \$ 1,477                | \$ 1,254 | \$ 1,217 |
| Gross increases to tax positions in prior periods          | 140                     | 19       | 31       |
| Gross decreases to tax positions in prior periods          | (201)                   | (39)     | (65)     |
| Gross increases to current period tax positions            | 132                     | 256      | 77       |
| Gross decreases due to settlements with taxing authorities | (11)                    | —        | (3)      |
| Gross decreases due to statute of limitations lapse        | (67)                    | (13)     | (3)      |
| Unrecognized tax benefits, end of year                     | \$ 1,470                | \$ 1,477 | \$ 1,254 |

As of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we had \$1.3 billion, \$1.3 billion and \$962 million, respectively, in unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect our annual effective tax rate. Penalties and interest on income tax assessments are included in Selling, general and administrative and Interest expense, respectively, on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. The accrued interest and penalties associated with unrecognized tax benefits are insignificant. It is possible that the amount of unrecognized tax benefits related to our uncertain tax positions may change within the next 12 months.

## **Note 15 – Stockholder Return Programs**

### ***2022 Stock Repurchase Program***

On September 8, 2022, our Board of Directors authorized our 2022 Stock Repurchase Program for up to \$14.0 billion of our common stock through September 30, 2023. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we repurchased 77,460,937 shares of our common stock at an average price per share of \$141.57 for a total purchase price of \$11.0 billion under the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program. All shares purchased during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, were purchased at market price.

### ***2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program***

On September 6, 2023, our Board of Directors authorized our 2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program of up to \$19.0 billion that ran from October 1, 2023, through December 31, 2024. The 2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program consisted of repurchases of shares of our common stock and the payment of cash dividends.

On September 25, 2023, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.65 per share on our issued and outstanding common stock, which was paid on December 15, 2023, to stockholders of record as of the close of business on December 1, 2023.

On January 24, 2024, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.65 per share on our issued and outstanding common stock, which was paid on March 14, 2024, to stockholders of record as of the close of business on March 1, 2024.

On March 15, 2024, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.65 per share on our issued and outstanding common stock, which was paid on June 13, 2024, to stockholders of record as of the close of business on May 31, 2024.

On June 13, 2024, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.65 per share on our issued and outstanding common stock, which was paid on September 12, 2024, to stockholders of record as of the close of business on August 30, 2024.

On September 18, 2024, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.88 per share on our issued and outstanding common stock, which was paid on December 12, 2024, to stockholders of record as of the close of business on November 27, 2024.

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we paid an aggregate of \$3.3 billion and \$747 million, respectively, in cash dividends to our stockholders, which was presented within Net cash used in financing activities on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, of which during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, \$1.7 billion and \$393 million, respectively, was paid to DT.

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we repurchased 59,376,922 shares of our common stock at an average price per share of \$187.07 for a total purchase price of \$11.1 billion and 15,464,107 shares of our common stock at an average price per share of \$144.95 for a total purchase price of \$2.2 billion, respectively, under the 2023-2024 Stockholder Return Program. All shares repurchased during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, were purchased at market price.

### ***2025 Stockholder Return Program***

On December 13, 2024, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized our 2025 Stockholder Return Program of up to \$14.0 billion that will run through December 31, 2025. The 2025 Stockholder Return Program is expected to consist of additional repurchases of shares of our common stock and the payment of cash dividends. The amount available under the 2025 Stockholder Return Program for share repurchases will be reduced by the amount of any cash dividends declared and paid by us.

Under the 2025 Stockholder Return Program, share repurchases can be made from time to time using a variety of methods, which may include open market purchases, Rule 10b5-1 plans, accelerated share repurchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise, all in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and other applicable legal requirements. The specific timing and amount of any share repurchases, and the specific timing and amount of any dividend payments, under the 2025 Stockholder Return Program will depend on prevailing share prices, general economic and market conditions, Company performance, and other considerations. In addition, the specific timing and amount of any dividend payments are subject to being declared on future dates by the Board in its sole discretion. The 2025 Stockholder Return Program does not obligate the Company to acquire any particular amount of common stock or to declare and pay any particular amount of dividends, and the 2025 Stockholder Return Program may be suspended or discontinued at any time at the Company's discretion.

On November 21, 2024, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.88 per share on our issued and outstanding common stock, which will be paid on March 13, 2025, to stockholders of record as of the close of business on February 28, 2025. As of December 31, 2024, \$1.0 billion for dividends payable is presented within Other current liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, of which \$518 million is payable to DT.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we did not repurchase any shares of our common stock under the 2025 Stockholder Return Program. As of December 31, 2024, we had up to \$14.0 billion remaining under the 2025 Stockholder Return Program.

Subsequent to December 31, 2024, from January 1, 2025, through January 24, 2025, we repurchased 2,855,113 shares of our common stock at an average price per share of \$216.03 for a total purchase price of \$617 million. As of January 24, 2025, we had up to \$13.4 billion remaining under the 2025 Stockholder Return Program for repurchases of shares and quarterly dividends through December 31, 2025.

## Note 16 – Earnings Per Share

The computation of basic and diluted earnings per share was as follows:

| (in millions, except shares and per share amounts)  | Year Ended December 31, |               |               |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
|   | 2024                    | 2023          | 2022          |
| Net income  | \$ 11,339               | \$ 8,317      | \$ 2,590      |
| Weighted-average shares outstanding – basic   | 1,169,195,373           | 1,185,121,562 | 1,249,763,934 |
| Effect of dilutive securities:  |                         |               |               |
| Outstanding stock options, unvested stock awards and SoftBank contingent consideration <sup>(2)</sup> | 4,018,525               | 15,164,702    | 5,612,835     |
| Weighted-average shares outstanding – diluted   | 1,173,213,898           | 1,200,286,264 | 1,255,376,769 |
| Earnings per share – basic  | \$ 9.70                 | \$ 7.02       | \$ 2.07       |
| Earnings per share – diluted  | \$ 9.66                 | \$ 6.93       | \$ 2.06       |
| Potentially dilutive securities:  |                         |               |               |
| Outstanding stock options and unvested stock awards   | 25,652                  | 148,537       | 16,616        |
| SoftBank contingent consideration <sup>(1)</sup>  | —                       | —             | 48,751,557    |
| Ka'ena Acquisition contingent consideration <sup>(3)</sup>  | 750,162                 | —             | —             |

- (1) Represents the weighted-average number of shares ("SoftBank Specified Shares") that were contingently issuable from the Merger date of April 1, 2020, pursuant to a letter agreement dated February 20, 2020, between T-Mobile, SoftBank and DT (the "Letter Agreement").
- (2) During 2023, the SoftBank Specified Shares were issued and included in our calculations of basic and diluted weighted-average shares outstanding as further described below.
- (3) The weighted-average number of shares contingently issuable related to the Ka'ena Acquisition earnout consideration ("Ka'ena Contingent Shares") are included in potentially dilutive securities based on the maximum number of shares contingently issuable for the earnout and the 20 trading day volume-weighted average price as of December 31, 2024. No Ka'ena Contingent Shares were outstanding during the year ended December 31, 2024, as the threshold specified performance indicators had not been achieved.

As of December 31, 2024, we had authorized 100 million shares of preferred stock, with a par value of \$0.00001 per share. There was no preferred stock outstanding as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. Potentially dilutive securities were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share if to do so would have been anti-dilutive.

The SoftBank Specified Shares of 48,751,557 shares of T-Mobile common stock was determined to be contingent consideration for the Merger and was not dilutive until the defined volume-weighted average price per share was reached.

The issuance of the SoftBank Specified Shares was contingent on the trailing 45-trading day volume-weighted average (“VWAP”) per share of T-Mobile common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market being equal to or greater than \$150.00 (the “Threshold Price”), at any time during the period commencing on April 1, 2022, and ending on December 31, 2025 (the “Measurement Period”). In accordance with the terms of the Letter Agreement, the Threshold Price was subject to downward adjustment by the per share amount of any cash dividends or other cash distributions declared or paid on our common stock during the Measurement Period.

As of the close of trading on December 22, 2023, the 45-trading day VWAP exceeded \$149.35, the then-current Threshold Price, and the Company delivered the SoftBank Specified Shares to SoftBank in accordance with the Letter Agreement on December 28, 2023, by reissuing Company treasury shares. Upon reissuance of treasury shares, the Company recorded a reclassification from Treasury shares to Additional paid-in capital of \$6.9 billion, calculated based on the cost of treasury shares reissued.

The SoftBank Specified Shares issued are included in the calculation of basic and diluted weighted-average shares outstanding from the date the contingency associated with the issuance of the SoftBank Specified Shares was resolved and the beginning of the Company’s fourth quarter of 2023, respectively.

## Note 17 – Leases

### *Lessee*

We are a lessee for non-cancelable operating and financing leases for cell sites, switch sites, retail stores, network equipment and office facilities with contractual terms that generally extend through 2035. The majority of cell site leases have a non-cancelable term of five to 15 years with several renewal options that can extend the lease term for five to 50 years. In addition, we have financing leases for network equipment that generally have a non-cancelable lease term of three to five years. The financing leases do not have renewal options and contain a bargain purchase option at the end of the lease.

The components of lease expense were as follows:

| (in millions)                       | Year Ended December 31, |          |          |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|
|                                     | 2024                    | 2023     | 2022     |
| Operating lease expense             | \$ 4,787                | \$ 4,987 | \$ 6,514 |
| Financing lease expense:            |                         |          |          |
| Amortization of right-of-use assets | 787                     | 684      | 733      |
| Interest on lease liabilities       | 111                     | 79       | 68       |
| Total financing lease expense       | 898                     | 763      | 801      |
| Variable lease expense              | 279                     | 411      | 484      |
| Total lease expense                 | \$ 5,964                | \$ 6,161 | \$ 7,799 |

Information relating to the lease term and discount rate is as follows:

|  | Year Ended December 31, |       |       |
|--|-------------------------|-------|-------|
|  | 2024                    | 2023  | 2022  |
| <b>Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term (Years)</b> |                         |       |       |
| Operating leases                                     | 8                       | 9     | 10    |
| Financing leases                                     | 2                       | 2     | 2     |
| <b>Weighted-Average Discount Rate</b>                |                         |       |       |
| Operating leases                                     | 4.4 %                   | 4.3 % | 4.1 % |
| Financing leases                                     | 5.3 %                   | 4.6 % | 3.2 % |

Maturities of lease liabilities as of December 31, 2024, were as follows:

| (in millions)                     | Operating Leases | Finance Leases |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Twelve Months Ending December 31, |                  |                |
| 2025                              | \$ 4,491         | \$ 1,242       |
| 2026                              | 4,400            | 809            |
| 2027                              | 4,093            | 357            |
| 2028                              | 3,763            | 25             |
| 2029                              | 3,478            | 4              |
| Thereafter                        | 15,664           | —              |
| Total lease payments              | 35,889           | 2,437          |
| Less: imputed interest            | 6,199            | 111            |
| Total                             | \$ 29,690        | \$ 2,326       |

Interest payments for financing leases were \$111 million, \$79 million and \$68 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

As of December 31, 2024, we have additional operating leases for commercial properties that have not yet commenced with future lease payments of approximately \$24 million.

As of December 31, 2024, we were contingently liable for future ground lease payments related to certain tower obligations. These contingent obligations are not included in the above table as the amounts owed are contractually owed by CCI based on the subleasing arrangement. See [Note 10 – Tower Obligations](#) for further information.

## Note 18 – Commitments and Contingencies

### Purchase Commitments

We have commitments for non-dedicated transportation lines with varying expiration terms that generally extend through 2038. In addition, we have commitments to purchase wireless devices, network services, equipment, software, marketing sponsorship agreements and other items in the ordinary course of business, with various terms through 2043.

Such purchase commitments are approximately \$4.6 billion for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2025, \$5.1 billion in total for both of the 12-month periods ending December 31, 2026 and 2027, \$2.2 billion in total for both of the 12-month periods ending December 31, 2028 and 2029, and \$2.3 billion in total thereafter. These amounts are not reflective of our entire anticipated purchases under the related agreements but are determined based on the non-cancelable quantities or termination amounts to which we are contractually obligated.

On April 24, 2024, we entered into a definitive agreement with a fund operated by EQT, Fund VI, to establish a joint venture between us and Fund VI to acquire Lumos, a fiber-to-the-home platform, from EQT's predecessor fund, EQT Infrastructure III. At closing, we expect to invest approximately \$950 million in the joint venture to acquire a 50% equity interest and all existing Lumos fiber customers. The funds invested by us will be used by the joint venture to fund future fiber builds. In addition, pursuant to the definitive agreement, we expect to make an additional capital contribution of approximately \$500 million in 2027 or 2028 under the existing business plan. The agreement remains subject to regulatory approval, and the estimated purchase price is excluded from our reported purchase commitments above. See [Note 3 – Joint Ventures](#) for additional details.

On May 24, 2024, we entered into a securities purchase agreement with UScellular, Telephone and Data Systems, Inc., and USCC Wireless Holdings, LLC, pursuant to which, among other things, we will acquire substantially all of UScellular's wireless operations and select spectrum assets for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$4.4 billion, payable in cash and the assumption of up to \$2.0 billion of debt through an exchange offer to be made to certain UScellular debtholders prior to closing. To the extent any debtholders do not participate in the exchange, their bonds will continue as obligations of UScellular, and the cash portion of the purchase price will be correspondingly increased. Following the closing of the transaction, we will enter into a 15-year master license agreement and estimate the incremental future minimum lease payments will be \$1.4 billion over 15 years post-closing. The securities purchase agreement remains subject to regulatory approval. The estimated purchase price and incremental minimum lease payments are excluded from our reported purchase commitments above. See [Note 2 – Business Combinations](#) for additional details.

On July 18, 2024, we entered into a definitive agreement with KKR to establish a joint venture to acquire Metronet, a fiber-to-the-home platform. At closing, we expect to invest approximately \$4.9 billion in the joint venture to acquire a 50% equity interest and all existing residential fiber customers, as well as funding the joint venture. The agreement remains subject to regulatory approval, and the estimated purchase price is excluded from our reported purchase commitments above. See [Note 3 – Joint Ventures](#) for additional details.

On December 20, 2024, we entered into an agreement and plan of merger for the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of Vistar Media Inc., for a purchase price of approximately \$625 million. The agreement remains subject to certain regulatory approvals, and the estimated purchase price is excluded from our reported purchase commitments above. See [Note 2 – Business Combinations](#) for additional details.

### ***Spectrum***

We lease spectrum from various parties. These leases include service obligations to the lessors. Certain spectrum leases provide for minimum lease payments, additional charges, renewal options and escalation clauses. Leased spectrum agreements have varying expiration terms that generally extend through 2050. We expect that all renewal periods in our spectrum leases will be exercised by us. Certain spectrum leases also include purchase options and right-of-first refusal clauses in which we are provided the opportunity to exercise our purchase option if the lessor receives a purchase offer from a third party. The purchase of the leased spectrum is at our option and, therefore, the option price is not included in the commitments below.

Our spectrum lease and service credit commitments, including renewal periods, are approximately \$289 million for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2025, \$613 million in total for both of the 12-month periods ending December 31, 2026 and 2027, \$641 million in total for both of the 12-month periods ending December 31, 2028 and 2029, and \$3.8 billion in total thereafter.

On August 8, 2022, we entered into License Purchase Agreements to acquire spectrum in the 600 MHz band from Channel 51 License Co LLC and LB License Co, LLC in exchange for total cash consideration of \$3.5 billion. The first tranche closed on June 24, 2024, and the associated payment of \$2.4 billion was made on August 5, 2024. The purchase of the Dallas licenses closed on December 6, 2024, and the associated payment of \$541 million was made on the same day. The remaining deferred licenses from the second tranche of \$604 million remain subject to regulatory approval and are excluded from our reported purchase commitments above. See [Note 7 – Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets](#) for additional details.

On September 12, 2023, we entered into a License Purchase Agreement with Comcast pursuant to which we will acquire spectrum in the 600 MHz band from Comcast in exchange for total cash consideration of between \$1.2 billion and \$3.3 billion, subject to an application for FCC approval. The licenses are subject to an exclusive leasing arrangement between us and Comcast entered into contemporaneously with the License Purchase Agreement. On January 13, 2025, we and Comcast entered into an amendment to the License Purchase Agreement pursuant to which we will acquire additional spectrum. Subsequent to the amendment, the total cash consideration for the transaction is between \$1.2 billion and \$3.4 billion. The agreement remains subject to an application for FCC approval and is excluded from our reported purchase commitments above. See [Note 7 – Goodwill, Spectrum License Transactions and Other Intangible Assets](#) for additional details.

### ***Merger Commitments***

In connection with the regulatory proceedings and approvals of the Merger pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement with Sprint and the other parties named therein (as amended, the “Business Combination Agreement”) and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (collectively, the “Transactions”), we have commitments and other obligations to various state and federal agencies and certain nongovernmental organizations, including pursuant to the Consent Decree agreed to by us, DT, Sprint, SoftBank and DISH and entered by the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia, and the FCC’s memorandum opinion and order approving our applications for approval of the Merger. These commitments and obligations include, among other things, extensive 5G network build-out commitments, obligations to deliver high-speed wireless services to the vast majority of Americans, including Americans residing in rural areas, and the marketing of an in-home broadband product where spectrum capacity is available. Other commitments relate to national security, pricing, service, employment and support of diversity initiatives. Many of the commitments specify time frames for compliance and reporting. Failure to fulfill our obligations and commitments in a timely manner could result in substantial fines, penalties, or other legal and administrative actions.



## **Contingencies and Litigation**

### ***Litigation and Regulatory Matters***

We are involved in various lawsuits and disputes, claims, government agency investigations and enforcement actions, and other proceedings (“Litigation and Regulatory Matters”) that arise in the ordinary course of business, which include claims of patent infringement (most of which are asserted by non-practicing entities primarily seeking monetary damages), class actions, and proceedings to enforce FCC or other government agency rules and regulations. Those Litigation and Regulatory Matters are at various stages, and some of them may proceed to trial, arbitration, hearing, or other adjudication that could result in fines, penalties, or awards of monetary or injunctive relief in the coming 12 months if they are not otherwise resolved. We have established an accrual with respect to certain of these matters, where appropriate. The accruals are reflected on our consolidated financial statements, but they are not considered to be, individually or in the aggregate, material. An accrual is established when we believe it is both probable that a loss has been incurred and an amount can be reasonably estimated. For other matters, where we have not determined that a loss is probable or because the amount of loss cannot be reasonably estimated, we have not recorded an accrual due to various factors typical in contested proceedings, including, but not limited to, uncertainty concerning legal theories and their resolution by courts or regulators, uncertain damage theories and demands, and a less than fully developed factual record. For Litigation and Regulatory Matters that may result in a contingent gain, we recognize such gains on our consolidated financial statements when the gain is realized or realizable. We recognize legal costs expected to be incurred in connection with Litigation and Regulatory Matters as they are incurred. Except as otherwise specified below, we do not expect that the ultimate resolution of these Litigation and Regulatory Matters, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on our financial position, but we note that an unfavorable outcome of some or all of the specific matters identified below, or other matters that we are or may become involved in could have a material adverse impact on results of operations or cash flows for a particular period. This assessment is based on our current understanding of relevant facts and circumstances. As such, our view of these matters is subject to inherent uncertainties and may change in the future.

On February 28, 2020, T-Mobile and Sprint each received a Notice of Apparent Liability for Forfeiture and Admonishment from the FCC, which proposed a penalty for allegedly violating section 222 of the Communications Act and the FCC’s regulations governing the privacy of customer information. On April 29, 2024, the FCC issued Forfeiture Orders against T-Mobile and Sprint that largely adopted the allegations and conclusions of the Notices of Apparent Liability and imposed penalties on T-Mobile and Sprint. T-Mobile and Sprint paid those penalties under protest, and on June 27, 2024, T-Mobile and Sprint filed Petitions for Review challenging the FCC’s Forfeiture Orders in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia. We are unable to predict the potential outcome of those proceedings.

On April 1, 2020, in connection with the closing of the Merger, we assumed the contingencies and litigation matters of Sprint. Those matters include a wide variety of disputes, claims, government agency investigations and enforcement actions, and other proceedings. These matters include, among other things, certain ongoing FCC and state government agency investigations into Sprint’s Lifeline program. In September 2019, Sprint notified the FCC that it had claimed monthly subsidies for serving subscribers, even though these subscribers may not have met usage requirements under Sprint’s usage policy for the Lifeline program, due to an inadvertent coding issue in the system used to identify qualifying subscriber usage that occurred in July 2017 while the system was being updated. Sprint has made a number of payments to reimburse the federal government and certain states for excess subsidy payments.

We note that, pursuant to Amendment No. 2, dated as of February 20, 2020, to the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of April 29, 2018, by and among the Company, Sprint and the other parties named therein, SoftBank agreed to indemnify us against certain specified matters and losses, including those relating to the Lifeline matters described above. Resolution of these matters could require us to make additional reimbursements and pay additional fines and penalties, which we do not expect to have a significant impact on our financial results. We expect that any additional liabilities related to these indemnified matters would be indemnified and reimbursed by SoftBank.

On June 1, 2021, a putative shareholder class action and derivative lawsuit was filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery, *Dinkevich v. Deutsche Telekom AG, et al.*, Case No. C.A. No. 2021-0479, against DT, SoftBank and certain of our current and former officers and directors, asserting breach of fiduciary duty claims relating to the repricing amendment to the Business Combination Agreement and to SoftBank’s monetization of its T-Mobile shares. We are also named as a nominal defendant in the case. We are unable to predict the potential outcome of these claims.

On August 12, 2021, we became aware of a cybersecurity issue involving unauthorized access to T-Mobile’s systems (the “August 2021 cyberattack”). We immediately began an investigation and engaged cybersecurity experts to assist with the assessment of the incident and to help determine what data was impacted. Our investigation uncovered that the perpetrator had illegally gained access to certain areas of our systems on or about March 18, 2021, but only gained access to and took data of

current, former, and prospective customers beginning on or about August 3, 2021. With the assistance of our outside cybersecurity experts, we located and closed the unauthorized access to our systems and identified current, former and prospective customers whose information was impacted and notified them, consistent with state and federal requirements. We also undertook a number of other measures to demonstrate our continued support and commitment to data privacy and protection. We also coordinated with law enforcement. Our forensic investigation is complete, and we believe we have a full view of the data compromised.

As a result of the August 2021 cyberattack, we have become subject to numerous lawsuits, including mass arbitration claims and multiple class action lawsuits that have been filed in numerous jurisdictions seeking, among other things, unspecified monetary damages, costs and attorneys' fees arising out of the August 2021 cyberattack. In December 2021, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation consolidated the federal class action lawsuits in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Missouri under the caption *In re: T-Mobile Customer Data Security Breach Litigation*, Case No. 21-md-3019-BCW. On July 22, 2022, we entered into an agreement to settle the lawsuit. On June 29, 2023, the Court issued an order granting final approval of the settlement. All appeals have been resolved, and the settlement is now final. Under the terms of the settlement, we have paid an aggregate of \$350 million to fund claims submitted by class members, the legal fees of plaintiffs' counsel and the costs of administering the settlement. As required under the terms of the settlement, we have spent an aggregate of \$150 million for data security and related technology in 2022 and 2023. The settlement provides a full release of all claims arising out of the August 2021 cyberattack by class members who did not opt out, against all defendants, including us, our subsidiaries and affiliates, and our directors and officers. The settlement contains no admission of liability, wrongdoing or responsibility by any of the defendants.

We anticipate that this settlement of the class action, along with other settlements of separate consumer claims that have been previously completed or are currently pending, will resolve substantially all of the claims brought to date by our current, former and prospective customers who were impacted by the 2021 cyberattack. In connection with the class action settlement and the separate settlements, we recorded a total pre-tax charge of approximately \$400 million in the second quarter of 2022. During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we recognized \$105 million, \$50 million and \$100 million, respectively, in reimbursements from insurance carriers for costs incurred related to the August 2021 cyberattack, which is included as a reduction to Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In addition, in September 2022, a purported Company shareholder filed a derivative action in the Delaware Court of Chancery under the caption *Harper v. Sievert et al.*, Case No. 2022-0819-SG, against our current directors and certain of our former directors, alleging claims for breach of fiduciary duty relating to the Company's cybersecurity practices. We are also named as a nominal defendant in the lawsuit. On May 31, 2024, the court issued an opinion dismissing the plaintiff's complaint in its entirety. The plaintiff has appealed that decision. We are unable at this time to predict the potential outcome of this lawsuit or whether we may be subject to further private litigation.

We have also received inquiries and contested legal proceedings from various government agencies, law enforcement and other governmental authorities related to the August 2021 cyberattack, which could result in substantial fines or penalties. We reached an agreement with the FCC, which was announced on September 30, 2024, to resolve one of those inquiries. We will continue to cooperate fully with the other agencies and regulators inquiring about the matter with an aim to resolve all of these matters. While we hope to resolve them in the near term, we cannot predict the timing or outcome of any of these matters or whether we may be subject to further regulatory inquiries, investigations, or enforcement actions.

In light of the inherent uncertainties involved in such matters, and based on the information currently available to us, in addition to the previously recorded pre-tax charge of approximately \$400 million noted above, we believe it is reasonably possible that we could incur additional losses associated with these proceedings and inquiries, and we will continue to evaluate information as it becomes known and will record an estimate for losses at the time or times when it is both probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Ongoing legal and other costs related to these proceedings and inquiries, as well as any potential future actions, may be substantial, and losses associated with any adverse judgments, settlements, penalties or other resolutions of such proceedings and inquiries could be material to our business, reputation, financial condition, cash flows and operating results.

On June 17, 2022, plaintiffs filed a putative antitrust class action complaint in the Northern District of Illinois, *Dale et al. v. Deutsche Telekom AG, et al.*, Case No. 1:22-cv-03189, against DT, T-Mobile, and SoftBank, alleging that the Merger violated the antitrust laws and harmed competition in the U.S. retail cell service market. Plaintiffs seek injunctive relief and trebled monetary damages on behalf of a purported class of AT&T and Verizon customers whom plaintiffs allege paid artificially inflated prices due to the Merger. We are vigorously defending this lawsuit, but we are unable to predict the potential outcome.

On January 5, 2023, we identified that a bad actor was obtaining data through a single Application Programming Interface (“API”) without authorization. Based on our investigation, the impacted API is only able to provide a limited set of customer account data, including name, billing address, email, phone number, date of birth, T-Mobile account number and information, such as the number of lines on the account and plan features. The result from our investigation indicates that the bad actor(s) obtained data from this API for approximately 37 million current postpaid and prepaid customer accounts, though many of these accounts did not include the full data set. We believe that the bad actor first retrieved data through the impacted API starting on or around November 25, 2022. We have notified individuals whose information was impacted consistent with state and federal requirements.

In connection with the January 2023 cyberattack, we became subject to consumer class actions and regulatory inquiries, to which we will continue to respond in due course and may incur significant expenses. However, we cannot predict the timing or outcome of any of these potential matters or whether we may be subject to additional legal proceedings, claims, regulatory inquiries, investigations, or enforcement actions. In addition, we are unable to predict the full impact of this incident on customer behavior in the future, including whether a change in our customers’ behavior could negatively impact our results of operations on an ongoing basis, although we presently do not expect that it will have a material effect on our operations.

## Note 19 – Restructuring Costs

### *Merger Restructuring Initiatives*

Upon closing the Merger in April 2020, we began implementing restructuring initiatives to realize cost efficiencies and reduce redundancies. The major activities associated with the Merger restructuring initiatives included contract termination costs associated with the rationalization of retail stores, distribution channels, duplicative network and backhaul services and other agreements, severance costs associated with the integration of redundant processes and functions and the decommissioning of certain small cell sites and distributed antenna systems to achieve Merger synergies in network costs.

As of June 30, 2024, we have incurred substantially all restructuring and integration costs associated with the Merger and, accordingly, no longer separately disclose Merger-related costs. The cash payments for the Merger-related costs incurred extend beyond 2024.

The following table summarizes the expenses incurred in connection with our Merger restructuring initiatives:

| (in millions)                     | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2022 | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2023 | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2024 | Incurred to Date |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Contract termination costs        | \$ 231                          | \$ 45                           | \$ 4                            | \$ 472           |
| Severance costs                   | 169                             | 3                               | —                               | 574              |
| Network decommissioning           | 796                             | 289                             | 91                              | 1,857            |
| Total restructuring plan expenses | \$ 1,196                        | \$ 337                          | \$ 95                           | \$ 2,903         |

The expenses associated with our Merger restructuring initiatives are included in Cost of services and Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Our Merger restructuring initiatives also included the acceleration or termination of certain of our operating and financing leases for cell sites, switch sites, retail stores, network equipment and office facilities. Incremental expenses associated with terminated leases and leases for which we have recognized accelerated lease expense were \$91 million, \$390 million and \$1.7 billion for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and are included in Cost of services and Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### *2023 Workforce Reduction*

In August 2023, we implemented an initiative to reduce the size of our workforce by approximately 5,000 positions, just under 7% of our total employee base, primarily in corporate and back-office functions, and some technology roles.

The following table summarizes the expenses incurred in connection with our workforce reduction initiative:

| (in millions)                | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2023 | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2024 | Incurred to Date |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Severance costs (recoveries) | \$ 462                          | \$ (5)                          | \$ 457           |

The expenses associated with our workforce reduction initiative are included in Cost of services and Selling, general and administrative expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

## Note 20 – Additional Financial Information

### Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are summarized as follows:

| (in millions)                               | December 31,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Accounts payable                            | \$ 4,242             | \$ 5,573             |
| Payroll and related benefits                | 1,072                | 1,142                |
| Property and other taxes, including payroll | 1,524                | 1,704                |
| Accrued interest                            | 905                  | 818                  |
| Other accrued liabilities                   | 720                  | 1,136                |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities    | <u>\$ 8,463</u>      | <u>\$ 10,373</u>     |

Book overdrafts included in accounts payable were \$460 million and \$740 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

### Related Party Transactions

We have related party transactions associated with DT, SoftBank or their respective affiliates in the ordinary course of business, including intercompany servicing and licensing.

The following table summarizes the impact of significant transactions with DT or its affiliates included in Operating expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income:

| (in millions)                               | Year Ended December 31, |       |       |
|---|-------------------------|-------|-------|
|   | 2024                    | 2023  | 2022  |
| Fees incurred for use of the T-Mobile brand | \$ 80                   | \$ 80 | \$ 80 |
| International long distance agreement       | 19                      | 20    | 25    |

We have an agreement with DT for the reimbursement of certain administrative expenses, which was \$4 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we paid an aggregate of \$3.3 billion and \$747 million in cash dividends to our stockholders, of which \$1.7 billion and \$393 million was paid to DT, respectively. See [Note 15 - Stockholder Return Programs](#) for further information.

### Supplemental Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Information

The following table summarizes T-Mobile's supplemental cash flow information:

| (in millions)  | Year Ended December 31, |          |          |
|--|-------------------------|----------|----------|
|  | 2024                    | 2023     | 2022     |
| Interest payments, net of amounts capitalized  | \$ 3,683                | \$ 3,546 | \$ 3,485 |
| Operating lease payments   | 5,162                   | 5,062    | 4,205    |
| Income tax payments  | 211                     | 149      | 76       |
| <b>Non-cash investing and financing activities</b>   |                         |          |          |
| Non-cash beneficial interest obtained in exchange for securitized receivables              | \$ 2,421                | \$ 3,990 | \$ 4,192 |
| Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities for purchases of property and equipment | 105                     | (860)    | 133      |
| Increase in Tower obligations from contract modification                                   | —                       | —        | 1,158    |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations             | 1,741                   | 2,141    | 7,462    |
| Financing lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations             | 1,222                   | 1,224    | 1,256    |
| Contingent and other deferred consideration related to the Ka'ena Acquisition              | 218                     | —        | —        |

### ***Cash and Cash Equivalents, Including Restricted Cash***

Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash, presented on our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows were included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as follows:

| (in millions)  | December 31,<br>2024 | December 31,<br>2023 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents                            | \$ 5,409             | \$ 5,135             |
| Restricted cash (included in Other current assets)   | 231                  | 101                  |
| Restricted cash (included in Other assets)           | 73                   | 71                   |
| Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash | <u>\$ 5,713</u>      | <u>\$ 5,307</u>      |

### **Note 21 – Subsequent Events**

Subsequent to December 31, 2024, from January 1, 2025, through January 24, 2025, we repurchased 2,855,113 shares of our common stock at an average price per share of \$216.03 for a total purchase price of \$617 million. See [Note 15 - Stockholder Return Programs](#) for additional information.

Subsequent to December 31, 2024, on January 31, 2025, our wholly owned subsidiary, T-Mobile USA, Inc., entered into the ECA Facility, providing for a loan of up to \$1.0 billion to finance network equipment-related purchases. The obligations under the ECA Facility are also guaranteed by us and by all of our wholly owned domestic restricted subsidiaries (subject to customary exceptions). Any borrowing under the ECA Facility will mature on March 15, 2036. As of January 31, 2025, the ECA Facility is undrawn.

### **Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure**

None.

### **Item 9A. Controls and Procedures**

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) designed to ensure information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Our disclosure controls are also designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, we carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-K.

The certifications required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 are filed as exhibits [31.1](#) and [31.2](#), respectively, to this Form 10-K.

#### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act, during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. We are currently preparing to implement a new global enterprise resource planning (“ERP”) system, which will replace many of our operating and financial systems. The ERP system is designed to accurately maintain our financial records, support integrated billing, supply chain and other operational functionality, facilitate data analysis and accelerate information reporting to our management team related to the operation of the business. The implementation is expected to occur in phases over the next several years.

As the phased implementation of the new ERP system continues, we could have changes to our processes and procedures which, in turn, could result in changes to our internal control over financial reporting. As such changes occur, we will evaluate quarterly whether such changes materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

### **Management’s Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal control over financial reporting includes maintaining records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect our transactions, providing reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary for preparation of our financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, providing reasonable assurance that receipts and expenditures are made in accordance with management authorization, and providing reasonable assurance that unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of company assets that could have a material effect on our financial statements would be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with policies and procedures may deteriorate.

Management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework and criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013), issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this evaluation, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2024.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024 has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report herein.

### **Item 9B. Other Information**

On November 6, 2024, Michael Katz, President, Marketing, Strategy and Products, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell up to 2,500 shares of the Company’s common stock between May 15, 2025, and December 31, 2025, and up to 6,204 shares of the Company’s common stock to be acquired on February 15, 2025, upon the vesting of certain time-based restricted stock unit awards, between February 18, 2025, and December 31, 2025, subject to certain conditions. The duration of this trading plan is 420 days.

On November 12, 2024, Callie Field, President, Business Group, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell on February 18, 2025, all of her T-Mobile US, Inc. common stock to be acquired on February 15, 2025, upon the vesting of certain time-based restricted stock unit awards and performance-based restricted stock unit awards (“PRSUs”), up to a total of 43,582 shares assuming PRSUs will vest at maximum value, subject to certain conditions. The duration of this trading plan is 99 days.

On November 14, 2024, G. Michael Sievert, President and Chief Executive Officer, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell up to 180,000 shares of T-Mobile US, Inc. common stock between February 25, 2025, and November 18, 2025, subject to certain conditions. The duration of this trading plan is 370 days.

On November 25, 2024, Ulf Ewaldsson, the Company’s President, Technology, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell up to 19,407 shares of the Company’s common stock on February 21, 2025, subject to certain conditions. The duration of this trading plan is 89 days.

On November 26, 2024, Peter Osvaldik, the Company’s Chief Financial Officer, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell up to 25,000 shares of the Company’s common stock between February 27, 2025, and November 28, 2025, subject to certain conditions. The duration of this trading plan is 367 days.

On December 13, 2024, Raul Marcelo Claire, a member of the Company’s Board of Directors, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell up to 620,400 shares of the Company’s common stock between April 12, 2025, and December 31, 2025, subject to certain conditions. The duration of this trading plan is 383 days.

### **Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections**

Not applicable.

## **PART III.**

### **Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance**

We maintain a code of ethics applicable to our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer, Treasurer, and Controller, which is a “Code of Ethics for Senior Financial Officers” as defined by applicable rules of the SEC. This code is publicly available on our website at investor.t-mobile.com. If we make any amendments to this code other than technical, administrative or other non-substantive amendments, or grant any waivers, including implicit waivers, from a provision of this code we will disclose the nature of the amendment or waiver, its effective date and to whom it applies on our website at investor.t-mobile.com or in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC.

We have adopted a Policy on Securities Trading that governs the purchase, sale, and/or other dispositions of our securities by directors, officers and employees that is reasonably designed to promote compliance with insider trading laws, rules and regulations and NASDAQ listing standards. A copy of our Policy on Securities Trading is filed as Exhibit 19.1 to this report.

The remaining information required by this item, including information about our Directors, Executive Officers and Audit Committee will be incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A or will be included in an amendment to this Report.

### **Item 11. Executive Compensation**

The information required by this item will be incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A or will be included in an amendment to this Report.

### **Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters**

The information required by this item will be incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A or will be included in an amendment to this Report.

### **Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence**

The information required by this item will be incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A or will be included in an amendment to this Report.

### **Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services**

The information required by this item will be incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A or will be included in an amendment to this Report.

## **PART IV.**

### **Item 15. Exhibit and Financial Statement Schedules**

(a) Documents filed as a part of this Form 10-K

#### **1. Financial Statements**

The following financial statements are included in Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K:

#### **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID: 34)**

Consolidated Balance Sheets  
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity  
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

## **2. Financial Statement Schedules**

All other schedules have been omitted because they are not required, not applicable or the required information is otherwise included.

## **3. Exhibits**

See the [Index to Exhibits](#) immediately following “Item 16. Form 10-K Summary” of this Form 10-K.

## **Item 16. Form 10–K Summary**

None.



# INDEX TO EXHIBITS

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Description   | Incorporated by Reference |                |                | Included Herewith |
|-------------|---|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |   | Form                      | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 2.1         | <a href="#">Business Combination Agreement, dated as of April 29, 2018, by and among T-Mobile US, Inc., Huron Merger Sub LLC, Superior Merger Sub Corporation, Sprint Corporation, Starburst I, Inc., Galaxy Investment Holdings, Inc., and for the limited purposes set forth therein, Deutsche Telekom AG, Deutsche Telekom Holding B.V. and SoftBank Group Corp.</a>   | 8-K                       | 4/30/2018      | 2.1            |                   |
| 2.2         | <a href="#">Amendment No. 1, dated as of July 26, 2019, to the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of April 29, 2018, by and among T-Mobile US, Inc., Huron Merger Sub LLC, Superior Merger Sub Corporation, Sprint Corporation, Starburst I, Inc., Galaxy Investment Holdings, Inc., and for the limited purposes set forth therein, Deutsche Telekom AG, Deutsche Telekom Holding B.V., and SoftBank Group Corp.</a>     | 8-K                       | 7/26/2019      | 2.2            |                   |
| 2.3         | <a href="#">Amendment No. 2, dated as of February 20, 2020, to the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of April 29, 2018, by and among T-Mobile US, Inc., Huron Merger Sub LLC, Superior Merger Sub Corporation, Sprint Corporation, Starburst I, Inc., Galaxy Investment Holdings, Inc., and for the limited purposes set forth therein, Deutsche Telekom AG, Deutsche Telekom Holding B.V., and SoftBank Group Corp.</a> | 8-K                       | 2/20/2020      | 2.1            |                   |
| 2.4*        | <a href="#">Membership Interest Purchase Agreement, dated as of September 6, 2022, by and among Sprint LLC, Sprint Communications LLC, and Cogent Infrastructure, Inc.</a>  | 8-K                       | 9/7/2022       | 2.1            |                   |
| 3.1         | <a href="#">Fifth Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of T-Mobile US, Inc.</a>  | 8-K                       | 4/1/2020       | 3.1            |                   |
| 3.2         | <a href="#">Seventh Amended and Restated Bylaws of T-Mobile US, Inc.</a>  | 8-K                       | 4/1/2020       | 3.2            |                   |
| 4.1         | <a href="#">Indenture, dated as of April 28, 2013 among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the guarantors party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>   | 8-K                       | 5/2/2013       | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.2         | <a href="#">Eleventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 2013 among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the guarantors party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 8-K                       | 5/2/2013       | 4.12           |                   |
| 4.3         | <a href="#">Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 11, 2014, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 10/28/2014     | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.4         | <a href="#">Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 28, 2015, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 10/27/2015     | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.5         | <a href="#">Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 16, 2017, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 5.375% Senior Note due 2027.</a>   | 8-K                       | 3/16/2017      | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.6         | <a href="#">Thirty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 25, 2018, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 4.750% Senior Note due 2028.</a>  | 8-K                       | 1/25/2018      | 4.2            |                   |
| 4.7         | <a href="#">Thirty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 26, 2018, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 5/1/2018       | 4.5            |                   |
| 4.8         | <a href="#">Thirty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 30, 2018, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 4.750% Senior Note due 2028-1.</a>  | 8-K                       | 5/4/2018       | 4.2            |                   |

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|-------------|--|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |  | Form                      | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 4.9         | <a href="#">Thirty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 20, 2018, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the guarantors party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas.</a>  | 8-K                       | 5/21/2018      | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.10        | <a href="#">Thirty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 20, 2018, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the guarantors party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas.</a>  | 8-K                       | 12/21/2018     | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.11        | <a href="#">Fortieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 27, 2019, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 10/28/2019     | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.12        | <a href="#">Forty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>   | 10-Q                      | 8/6/2020       | 4.12           |                   |
| 4.13        | <a href="#">Forty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 14, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 2.250% Senior Note due 2026.</a>  | 8-K                       | 1/14/2021      | 4.2            |                   |
| 4.14        | <a href="#">Forty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 14, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 2.625% Senior Note due 2029.</a> | 8-K                       | 1/14/2021      | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.15        | <a href="#">Forty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 14, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 2.875% Senior Note due 2031.</a>  | 8-K                       | 1/14/2021      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.16        | <a href="#">Forty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 23, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 2.625% Senior Note due 2026.</a>    | 8-K                       | 3/23/2021      | 4.2            |                   |
| 4.17        | <a href="#">Forty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 23, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.375% Senior Note due 2029.</a>  | 8-K                       | 3/23/2021      | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.18        | <a href="#">Forty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 23, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., the other guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.500% Senior Note due 2031.</a>   | 8-K                       | 3/23/2021      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.19        | <a href="#">Forty-Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 30, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the guarantors party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>   | 10-Q                      | 8/3/2021       | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.20        | <a href="#">Fiftieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 21, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the guarantors party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 7/31/2024      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.21        | <a href="#">Indenture, dated as of April 9, 2020 by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 8-K                       | 4/13/2020      | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.22        | <a href="#">First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 9, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.500% Senior Secured Note due 2025.</a>                     | 8-K                       | 4/13/2020      | 4.2            |                   |

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|-------------|--|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |  | Form                      | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 4.23        | <a href="#">Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 9, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.750% Senior Secured Note due 2027.</a>        | 8-K                       | 4/13/2020      | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.24        | <a href="#">Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 9, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.875% Senior Secured Note due 2030.</a>         | 8-K                       | 4/13/2020      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.25        | <a href="#">Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 9, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 4.375% Senior Secured Note due 2040.</a>        | 8-K                       | 4/13/2020      | 4.5            |                   |
| 4.26        | <a href="#">Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 9, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 4.500% Senior Secured Note due 2050.</a>         | 8-K                       | 4/13/2020      | 4.6            |                   |
| 4.27        | <a href="#">Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 24, 2020 by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 1.500% Senior Secured Note due 2026.</a>        | 8-K                       | 6/26/2020      | 4.2            |                   |
| 4.28        | <a href="#">Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 24, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 2.050% Senior Secured Note due 2028.</a>        | 8-K                       | 6/26/2020      | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.29        | <a href="#">Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 24, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 2.550% Senior Secured Note due 2031.</a>         | 8-K                       | 6/26/2020      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.30        | <a href="#">Tenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 6, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 8-K                       | 10/6/2020      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.31        | <a href="#">Eleventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 6, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>   | 8-K                       | 10/6/2020      | 4.5            |                   |
| 4.32        | <a href="#">Twelfth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 6, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.000% Senior Secured Note due 2041.</a>     | 8-K                       | 10/6/2020      | 4.6            |                   |
| 4.33        | <a href="#">Thirteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 6, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.300% Senior Secured Note due 2051.</a>  | 8-K                       | 10/6/2020      | 4.7            |                   |
| 4.34        | <a href="#">Fourteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 28, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 2.250% Senior Secured Note due 2031.</a> | 8-K                       | 10/28/2020     | 4.4            |                   |

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Description   | Incorporated by Reference |                |                | Included Herewith |
|-------------|---|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |   | Form                      | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 4.35        | <a href="#">Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 28, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 8-K                       | 10/28/2020     | 4.5            |                   |
| 4.36        | <a href="#">Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 28, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 8-K                       | 10/28/2020     | 4.6            |                   |
| 4.37        | <a href="#">Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 28, 2020, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.600% Senior Secured Note due 2060.</a>   | 8-K                       | 10/28/2020     | 4.7            |                   |
| 4.38        | <a href="#">Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 30, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the guarantors party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>   | S-4                       | 3/30/2021      | 4.19           |                   |
| 4.39        | <a href="#">Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 13, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.400% Senior Secured Note due 2052.</a>     | 8-K                       | 8/13/2021      | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.40        | <a href="#">Twentieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 13, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>   | 8-K                       | 8/13/2021      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.41        | <a href="#">Twenty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 6, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 2.400% Senior Secured Note due 2029.</a>  | 8-K                       | 12/6/2021      | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.42        | <a href="#">Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 6, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 2.700% Senior Secured Note due 2032.</a> | 8-K                       | 12/6/2021      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.43        | <a href="#">Twenty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 6, 2021, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>   | 8-K                       | 12/6/2021      | 4.5            |                   |
| 4.44        | <a href="#">Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 21, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the guarantors party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 7/31/2024      | 4.5            |                   |
| 4.45        | <a href="#">Indenture, dated as of September 15, 2022 by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 8-K                       | 9/15/2022      | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.46        | <a href="#">First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 15, 2022, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 5.200% Senior Note due 2033.</a>               | 8-K                       | 9/15/2022      | 4.2            |                   |
| 4.47        | <a href="#">Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 15, 2022, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 5.650% Senior Note due 2053.</a>              | 8-K                       | 9/15/2022      | 4.3            |                   |

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Description  | Incorporated by Reference |                |                | Included Herewith |
|-------------|--|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |  | Form                      | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 4.48        | <a href="#">Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 15, 2022, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 5.800% Senior Note due 2062.</a>    | 8-K                       | 9/15/2022      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.49        | <a href="#">Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 9, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 4.950% Senior Note due 2028.</a>     | 8-K                       | 2/9/2023       | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.50        | <a href="#">Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 9, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 5.050% Senior Note due 2033.</a>      | 8-K                       | 2/9/2023       | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.51        | <a href="#">Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 9, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>   | 8-K                       | 2/9/2023       | 4.5            |                   |
| 4.52        | <a href="#">Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 11, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 4.800% Senior Note due 2028.</a>        | 8-K                       | 5/11/2023      | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.53        | <a href="#">Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 11, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee</a>   | 8-K                       | 5/11/2023      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.54        | <a href="#">Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 11, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 5.750% Senior Note due 2054.</a>          | 8-K                       | 5/11/2023      | 4.5            |                   |
| 4.55        | <a href="#">Tenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 14, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 5.750% Senior Note due 2034.</a>    | 8-K                       | 9/14/2023      | 4.2            |                   |
| 4.56        | <a href="#">Eleventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 14, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 6.000% Senior Note due 2054.</a> | 8-K                       | 9/14/2023      | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.57        | <a href="#">Twelfth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 12, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 4.850% Senior Note due 2029.</a>    | 8-K                       | 1/12/2024      | 4.2            |                   |
| 4.58        | <a href="#">Thirteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 12, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 5.150% Senior Note due 2034.</a> | 8-K                       | 1/12/2024      | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.59        | <a href="#">Fourteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 12, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 5.500% Senior Note due 2055.</a> | 8-K                       | 1/12/2024      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.60        | <a href="#">Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 8, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.550 % Senior Note due 2029.</a>      | 8-K                       | 5/8/2024       | 4.2            |                   |

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Description  | Incorporated by Reference        |                |                | Included Herewith |
|-------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |  | Form                             | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 4.61        | <a href="#">Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 8, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.700% Senior Note due 2032.</a>   | 8-K                              | 5/8/2024       | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.62        | <a href="#">Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 8, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 3.850 % Senior Note due 2036.</a>  | 8-K                              | 5/8/2024       | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.63        | <a href="#">Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 21, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the guarantors party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee.</a>  | 10-Q                             | 7/31/2024      | 4.6            |                   |
| 4.64        | <a href="#">Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 26, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 4.200% Senior Note due 2029.</a>   | 8-K                              | 9/26/2024      | 4.2            |                   |
| 4.65        | <a href="#">Twentieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 26, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 4.700% Senior Note due 2035.</a>  | 8-K                              | 9/26/2024      | 4.3            |                   |
| 4.66        | <a href="#">Twenty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 26, 2024, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, including the Form of 5.250% Senior Note due 2055.</a>   | 8-K                              | 9/26/2024      | 4.4            |                   |
| 4.67        | <a href="#">Indenture, dated as of October 1, 1998, by and among Sprint Capital Corporation, Sprint Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Bank One, N.A.)</a>   | 10-Q<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 11/2/1998      | 4(b)           |                   |
| 4.68        | <a href="#">First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 15, 1999, by and among Sprint Capital Corporation, Sprint Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Bank One, N.A.)</a>   | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721)  | 2/3/1999       | 4(b)           |                   |
| 4.69        | <a href="#">Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 15, 2001, by and among Sprint Capital Corporation, Sprint Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Bank One, N.A.)</a>  | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721)  | 10/29/2001     | 99             |                   |
| 4.70        | <a href="#">Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 11, 2013, by and among Sprint Corporation, Sprint Capital Corporation, Sprint Communications, Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Bank One, N.A.)</a>  | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721)  | 9/11/2013      | 4.5            |                   |
| 4.71        | <a href="#">Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 18, 2018, by and among Sprint Capital Corporation, Sprint Communications, Inc., and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Bank One, N.A.)</a>  | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721)  | 5/18/2018      | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.72        | <a href="#">Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2020, by and among Sprint Capital Corporation, Sprint Communications, Inc., Sprint Corporation, T-Mobile US, Inc., T-Mobile USA, Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Bank One, N.A.), as trustee.</a> | 10-Q/A                           | 8/10/2020      | 4.19           |                   |
| 4.73        | <a href="#">Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 17, 2023, by and among Sprint Capital Corporation, Sprint Communications LLC and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.</a>   | 8-K                              | 3/20/2023      | 4.1            |                   |

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|-------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |  | Form                            | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 4.74        | <a href="#">Indenture, dated as of September 11, 2013, by and between Sprint Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.</a>   | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 9/11/2013      | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.75        | <a href="#">Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 22, 2018, by and among Sprint Corporation, Sprint Communications, Inc., and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.</a>   | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 2/22/2018      | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.76        | <a href="#">Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 14, 2018, by and between Sprint Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.</a>  | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 5/14/2018      | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.77        | <a href="#">Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2020, by and among Sprint Corporation, Sprint Communications, Inc., T-Mobile US, Inc., T-Mobile USA, Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee.</a>                           | 10-Q/A                          | 8/10/2020      | 4.36           |                   |
| 4.78        | <a href="#">Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 17, 2023, by and between Sprint LLC and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.</a>  | 8-K                             | 3/20/2023      | 4.2            |                   |
| 4.79        | <a href="#">Indenture, dated as of October 27, 2016, by and among Sprint Spectrum Co LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co III LLC and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Trustee and Securities Intermediary.</a>                                    | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 11/2/2016      | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.80        | <a href="#">First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 12, 2018, by and among Sprint Spectrum Co LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co III LLC and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee and securities intermediary.</a>                   | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 3/12/2018      | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.81        | <a href="#">Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 6, 2018, to the Indenture, dated as of October 27, 2016, by and among Sprint Spectrum Co LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co III LLC and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas as trustee.</a> | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 6/6/2018       | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.82        | <a href="#">Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 10, 2018, by and among Sprint Spectrum Co LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co III LLC and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee and securities intermediary.</a>                | 10-Q (SEC File No. 001-04721)   | 1/31/2019      | 4.1            |                   |
| 4.83        | <a href="#">Series 2018-1 Supplement, dated as of March 21, 2018 by and among Sprint Spectrum Co LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co III LLC and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee and securities intermediary.</a>                        | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 3/21/2018      | 10.1           |                   |
| 4.84        | <a href="#">Proxy, Lock-Up and ROFR Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2020, by and between Deutsche Telekom AG and SoftBank Group Corp.</a>  | 13D                             | 4/2/2020       | 6              |                   |
| 4.85        | <a href="#">Description of Securities.</a>   |                                 |                |                | X                 |
| 10.1        | <a href="#">Master Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2012, among T-Mobile USA, Inc., Crown Castle International Corp., and certain T-Mobile and Crown subsidiaries.</a>   | 10-Q                            | 8/8/2013       | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.2        | <a href="#">Amendment No. 1, dated as of November 30, 2012, to Master Agreement, dated as of November 30, 2012, among Crown Castle International Corp., and certain T-Mobile and Crown subsidiaries.</a>   | 10-Q                            | 8/8/2013       | 10.2           |                   |



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|-------------|---|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |   | Form                      | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 10.3        | <a href="#">Settlement and Amendment No. 2, dated as of May 8, 2014, to Master Agreement, dated as of November 2012, among Crown Castle International Corp., and certain T-Mobile and Crown subsidiaries.</a>   | 10-K                      | 2/7/2019       | 10.3           |                   |
| 10.4        | <a href="#">Master Prepaid Lease, dated as of November 30, 2012, by and among T-Mobile USA Tower LLC, T-Mobile West Tower LLC, T-Mobile USA, Inc. and CCTMO LLC.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 8/8/2013       | 10.3           |                   |
| 10.5        | <a href="#">MPL Site Master Lease Agreement, dated as of November 30, 2012, by and among Cook Inlet/VS GSM IV PCS Holdings, LLC, T-Mobile Central LLC, T-Mobile South LLC, Powertel/Memphis, Inc., Voicestream Pittsburgh, L.P., T-Mobile West LLC, T-Mobile Northeast LLC, Wireless Alliance, LLC, Suncom Wireless Operating Company, L.L.C., T-Mobile USA, Inc. and CCTMO LLC.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 8/8/2013       | 10.4           |                   |
| 10.6        | <a href="#">First Amendment, dated as of November 30, 2012, to MPL Site Master Lease Agreement, dated as of November 30, 2012, by and among Cook Inlet/VS GSM IV PCS Holdings, LLC, T-Mobile Central LLC, T-Mobile South LLC, Powertel/Memphis, Inc., Voicestream Pittsburgh, L.P., T-Mobile West LLC, T-Mobile Northeast LLC, Wireless Alliance, LLC, Suncom Wireless Operating Company, L.L.C., T-Mobile USA, Inc. and CCTMO LLC.</a>                       | 10-Q                      | 8/8/2013       | 10.5           |                   |
| 10.7        | <a href="#">Second Amendment, dated as of October 31, 2014, to MPL Site Master Lease Agreement, dated as of November 30, 2012, by and among Cook Inlet/VS GSM IV PCS Holdings, LLC, T-Mobile Central LLC, T-Mobile South LLC, Powertel/Memphis, Inc., Voicestream Pittsburgh, L.P., T-Mobile West LLC, T-Mobile Northeast LLC, Suncom Wireless Operating Company, L.L.C., T-Mobile USA, Inc.</a>  | 10-K                      | 2/7/2019       | 10.7           |                   |
| 10.8        | <a href="#">Sale Site Master Lease Agreement, dated as of November 30, 2012, by and among Cook Inlet/VS GSM IV PCS Holdings, LLC, T-Mobile Central LLC, T-Mobile South LLC, Powertel/Memphis, Inc., Voicestream Pittsburgh, L.P., T-Mobile West LLC, T-Mobile Northeast LLC, Wireless Alliance, LLC, Suncom Wireless Operating Company, L.L.C., T-Mobile USA, Inc., T3 Tower 1 LLC and T3 Tower 2 LLC.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 8/8/2013       | 10.6           |                   |
| 10.9        | <a href="#">First Amendment, dated as of November 30, 2012, to Sale Site Master Lease Agreement, dated as of November 30, 2012, by and among Cook Inlet/VS GSM IV PCS Holdings, LLC, T-Mobile Central LLC, T-Mobile South LLC, Powertel/Memphis, Inc., Voicestream Pittsburgh, L.P., T-Mobile West LLC, T-Mobile Northeast LLC, Wireless Alliance, LLC, Suncom Wireless Operating Company, L.L.C., T-Mobile USA, Inc., T3 Tower 1 LLC and T3 Tower 2 LLC.</a> | 10-Q                      | 8/8/2013       | 10.7           |                   |
| 10.10       | <a href="#">Second Amendment, dated as of October 31, 2014, to Sale Site Master Lease Agreement, dated as of November 30, 2012, by and among Cook Inlet/VS GSM IV PCS Holdings, LLC, T-Mobile Central LLC, T-Mobile South LLC, Powertel/Memphis, Inc., Voicestream Pittsburgh, L.P., T-Mobile West LLC, T-Mobile Northeast LLC, Suncom Wireless Operating Company, L.L.C., T-Mobile USA, Inc., T3 Tower 1 LLC and T3 Tower 2 LLC.</a>                         | 10-K                      | 2/7/2019       | 10.10          |                   |
| 10.11       | <a href="#">Settlement Technical Closing Agreement, dated as of October 1, 2014, among Crown Castle International Corp., and certain T-Mobile and Crown subsidiaries.</a>   | 10-K                      | 2/7/2019       | 10.11          |                   |



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|-------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |  | Form                            | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 10.12       | <a href="#">Management Agreement, dated as of November 30, 2012, by and among Suncom Wireless Operating Company, L.L.C., Cook Inlet/V5 GSM IV PCS Holdings, LLC, T-Mobile Central LLC, T-Mobile South LLC, Powertel/Memphis, Inc., Voicestream Pittsburgh, L.P., T-Mobile West LLC, T-Mobile Northeast LLC, Wireless Alliance, LLC, Suncom Wireless Property Company, L.L.C., T-Mobile USA Tower LLC, T-Mobile West Tower LLC, CCTMO LLC, T3 Tower 1 LLC and T3 Tower 2 LLC.</a> | 10-Q                            | 8/8/2013       | 10.8           |                   |
| 10.13       | <a href="#">Second Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of June 22, 2020, by and among T-Mobile US, Inc., Deutsche Telekom AG and SoftBank Group Corp.</a>   | S-3ASR                          | 6/22/2020      | 4.2            |                   |
| 10.14       | <a href="#">Financing Matters Agreement, dated as of April 29, 2018, by and between T-Mobile USA, Inc. and Deutsche Telekom AG.</a>  | 8-K                             | 4/30/2018      | 10.3           |                   |
| 10.15       | <a href="#">Letter Agreement, dated as of February 20, 2020, by and among T-Mobile US, Inc., Deutsche Telekom AG and SoftBank Group Corp.</a>  | 8-K                             | 2/20/2020      | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.16       | <a href="#">License Agreement dated as of April 30, 2013 by and between T-Mobile US, Inc. and Deutsche Telekom AG.</a>   | 8-K                             | 5/2/2013       | 10.2           |                   |
| 10.17       | <a href="#">Supplemental Agreement, effective as of June 3, 2019, to the License Agreement, dated as of April 30, 2013, by and between T-Mobile US, Inc. and Deutsche Telekom AG.</a>  | 10-Q                            | 7/26/2019      | 10.5           |                   |
| 10.18       | <a href="#">Amendment No. 1, dated as of April 1, 2020, to the License Agreement, dated as of April 30, 2013, by and between T-Mobile US, Inc. and Deutsche Telekom AG.</a>  | 8-K                             | 4/1/2020       | 10.3           |                   |
| 10.19*      | <a href="#">Master Network Services Agreement, dated as of July 1, 2020, between T-Mobile USA, Inc., DISH Purchasing Corporation and solely for the purposes of Section 13, DISH Network Corporation.</a>  | 10-Q                            | 11/5/2020      | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.20*      | <a href="#">License Purchase Agreement, dated as of July 1, 2020, by and between T-Mobile USA, Inc. and DISH Network Corporation.</a>  | 10-Q                            | 11/5/2020      | 10.2           |                   |
| 10.21*      | <a href="#">Amendment, dated as of October 15, 2023, to the License Purchase Agreement, dated as of July 1, 2020, by and between T-Mobile USA, Inc. and DISH Network Corporation, as approved by the Court on October 23, 2023.</a>  | 10-K                            | 2/2/2024       | 10.21          |                   |
| 10.22       | <a href="#">Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated October 17, 2022, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., the lenders, swingline lenders and L/C issuers party thereto, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent.</a>  | 10-K                            | 2/14/2023      | 10.21          |                   |
| 10.23       | <a href="#">Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated October 27, 2016, among Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, Sprint Spectrum PledgeCo LLC, Sprint Spectrum PledgeCo II LLC, Sprint Spectrum PledgeCo III LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder II LLC and Sprint Spectrum License Holder III LLC.</a>   | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 11/2/2016      | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.24       | <a href="#">Intra-Company Spectrum Lease Agreement, dated as of October 27, 2016, among Sprint Spectrum License Holder LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder II LLC and Sprint Spectrum License Holder III LLC, Sprint Communications, Inc., Sprint Intermediate HoldCo LLC, Sprint Intermediate HoldCo II LLC, Sprint Intermediate HoldCo III LLC and the guarantors.</a>   | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 11/2/2016      | 10.2           |                   |
| 10.25       | <a href="#">First Amendment to Intra-Company Spectrum Lease Agreement, dated as of March 12, 2018, among Sprint Spectrum License Holder, LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder II LLC and Sprint Spectrum License Holder III LLC, Sprint Communications, Inc., Sprint Intermediate HoldCo LLC, Sprint Intermediate HoldCo II LLC, Sprint Intermediate HoldCo III LLC.</a>  | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 3/12/2018      | 10.1           |                   |

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|-------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |  | Form                            | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 10.26       | <a href="#">Second Amendment to Intra-Company Spectrum Lease Agreement, dated as of June 6, 2018, among Sprint Spectrum License Holder, LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder II LLC and Sprint Spectrum License Holder III LLC, Sprint Communications, Inc., Sprint Intermediate HoldCo LLC, Sprint Intermediate HoldCo II LLC, Sprint Intermediate HoldCo III LLC, Sprint Corporation and the subsidiary guarantors.</a>             | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 6/6/2018       | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.27       | <a href="#">Guarantee Assumption Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2020, by and among Sprint Spectrum License Holder, LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder II LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder III LLC, T-Mobile, T-Mobile USA and certain subsidiary guarantors.</a>  | 10-Q/A                          | 8/10/2020      | 10.13          |                   |
| 10.28       | <a href="#">Guarantee Assumption Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2021, by and among Sprint Spectrum License Holder, LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder II LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder III LLC and certain subsidiary guarantors.</a>   | 10-Q                            | 8/3/2021       | 10.3           |                   |
| 10.29       | <a href="#">Guarantee Assumption Agreement, dated as of May 21, 2024, by and among Sprint Spectrum License Holder, LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder II LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder III LLC and certain subsidiary guarantors.</a>   | 10-Q                            | 7/31/2024      | 10.3           |                   |
| 10.30       | <a href="#">Master Framework Agreement, dated as of June 22, 2020, by and among SoftBank Group Corp., SoftBank Group Capital Ltd, Delaware Project 4 L.L.C., Delaware Project 6 L.L.C., Claure Mobile LLC, Deutsche Telekom AG, T-Mobile US, Inc. and T-Mobile Agent LLC.</a>  | 8-K                             | 6/26/2020      | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.31       | <a href="#">Term Sheet, dated as of June 15, 2022, by and between the Company and DISH Network Corporation.</a>  | 10-Q                            | 7/29/2022      | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.32*      | <a href="#">Amended and Restated License Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile License LLC, Nextel West Corp., and Channel 51 License Co LLC.</a>  | 10-Q                            | 4/27/2023      | 10.3           |                   |
| 10.33       | <a href="#">Amendment No.1, dated as of August 25, 2023, to the Amended and Restated License Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile License LLC, Nextel West Corp., and Channel 51 License Co LLC and to the License Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile License LLC, Nextel West Corp., and Channel 51 License Co LLC.</a> | 10-Q                            | 10/25/2023     | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.34*      | <a href="#">Amended and Restated License Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile License LLC, Nextel West Corp., and LB License Co, LLC.</a>   | 10-Q                            | 4/27/2023      | 10.4           |                   |
| 10.35       | <a href="#">Amendment No.1, dated as of August 25, 2023, to the Amended and Restated License Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile License LLC, Nextel West Corp., and LB License Co, LLC and to the License Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile License LLC, Nextel West Corp., and LB License Co, LLC.</a>               | 10-Q                            | 10/25/2023     | 10.2           |                   |
| 10.36*      | <a href="#">License Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile License LLC, Nextel West Corp., and Channel 51 License Co LLC.</a>   | 10-Q                            | 4/27/2023      | 10.5           |                   |
| 10.37*      | <a href="#">License Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile License LLC, Nextel West Corp., and LB License Co, LLC.</a>  | 10-Q                            | 4/27/2023      | 10.6           |                   |

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|-------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |   | Form                             | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 10.38*      | <a href="#">License Purchase Agreement, dated as of September 12, 2023, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile License LLC, T-Mobile US, Inc., Comcast OTR1, LLC, and Comcast Corporation.</a>   | 10-Q                             | 10/25/2023     | 10.4           |                   |
| 10.39       | <a href="#">First Amendment to License Purchase Agreement and Long-term Spectrum Manager Lease Agreement, dated as of January 10, 2025, by and among T-Mobile USA, Inc., T-Mobile License LLC, T-Mobile US, Inc., Comcast OTR1, LLC, and Comcast Corporation.</a> |                                  |                |                | x                 |
| 10.40**     | <a href="#">Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of March 9, 2023, by and between the Company and G. Michael Sievert.</a>  | 10-Q                             | 4/27/2023      | 10.2           |                   |
| 10.41*      | <a href="#">Form of Indemnification and Advancement Agreement.</a>  | 10-K                             | 2/8/2018       | 10.76          |                   |
| 10.42**     | <a href="#">Amended and Restated T-Mobile US, Inc. Non-Qualified Deferred Executive Compensation Plan.</a>  | 10-Q                             | 7/31/2024      | 10.2           |                   |
| 10.43**     | <a href="#">T-Mobile US, Inc. Executive Continuity Plan as Amended and Restated Effective as of January 1, 2014.</a>  | 8-K                              | 10/25/2013     | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.44**     | <a href="#">T-Mobile US, Inc. 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (as amended and restated on August 7, 2013).</a>  | 10-Q                             | 8/8/2013       | 10.20          |                   |
| 10.45**     | <a href="#">Amendment to T-Mobile US, Inc. 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (as amended and restated on August 7, 2013).</a>   | Schedule 14A                     | 4/26/2018      | Annex A        |                   |
| 10.46**     | <a href="#">Annual Incentive Award Notice under the 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan.</a>  | 10-Q                             | 5/4/2021       | 10.4           |                   |
| 10.47**     | <a href="#">T-Mobile US, Inc. Amended and Restated 2014 Employee Stock Purchase Plan.</a>   | Schedule 14A                     | 4/28/2023      | Annex B        |                   |
| 10.48**     | <a href="#">Sprint Corporation 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan.</a>   | 8-K<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721)  | 9/20/2013      | 10.2           |                   |
| 10.49**     | <a href="#">Sprint Corporation Amended and Restated 2015 Omnibus Incentive Plan.</a>  | 10-Q<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 2/6/2017       | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.50**     | <a href="#">T-Mobile US, Inc. 2023 Incentive Award Plan.</a>  | Schedule 14A                     | 4/28/2023      | Annex A        |                   |
| 10.51**     | <a href="#">Form of Sprint Corporation Award Agreement (awarding stock options) under the Sprint Corporation 2015 Amended and Restated Omnibus Incentive Plan.</a>  | 10-Q<br>(SEC File No. 001-04721) | 8/3/2017       | 10.3           |                   |
| 10.52**     | <a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Time-Vesting) for Executive Officers under the Sprint Corporation 2015 Amended and Restated Omnibus Incentive Plan.</a>  | 10-Q                             | 5/4/2021       | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.53**     | <a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Performance-Vesting) for Executive Officers under the Sprint Corporation 2015 Amended and Restated Omnibus Incentive Plan.</a>   | 10-Q                             | 5/4/2021       | 10.2           |                   |
| 10.54**     | <a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Time-Vesting) for Executive Officers under the T-Mobile US, Inc. 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan.</a>  | 10-Q                             | 5/6/2020       | 10.7           |                   |
| 10.55**     | <a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Performance-Vesting) (Stock Settled) for Executive Officers under the T-Mobile US, Inc. 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan.</a>   | 10-Q                             | 5/6/2020       | 10.8           |                   |

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|-------------|--|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |  | Form                      | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 10.56**     | <a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for Non-Employee Directors under the T-Mobile US, Inc. 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan.</a>  | 8-K                       | 6/4/2013       | 10.2           |                   |
| 10.57**     | <a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for Non-Employee Directors under the T-Mobile US, Inc. 2023 Incentive Award Plan.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 7/27/2023      | 10.4           |                   |
| 10.58**     | <a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Performance-Vesting) (Cash Settled) for Executive Officers under the T-Mobile US, Inc. 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan.</a>   | 10-Q                      | 5/4/2021       | 10.3           |                   |
| 10.59**     | <a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Time-Vesting) for Executive Officers under the T-Mobile US, Inc. 2023 Incentive Award Plan.</a>   | 10-Q                      | 7/27/2023      | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.60**     | <a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Performance-Vesting) (Stock Settled) for Executive Officers under the T-Mobile US, Inc. 2023 Incentive Award Plan.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 7/27/2023      | 10.2           |                   |
| 10.61**     | <a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Performance-Vesting) (Cash-Settled) for Executive Officers under the T-Mobile US, Inc. 2023 Incentive Award Plan.</a>   | 10-Q                      | 7/27/2023      | 10.3           |                   |
| 10.62**     | <a href="#">Amended Director Compensation Program effective as of May 1, 2013 (amended June 4, 2014 and further amended on June 1, 2015, June 16, 2016, June 13, 2017, June 13, 2019, June 4, 2020 and June 13, 2024).</a> | 10-Q                      | 7/31/2024      | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.63**     | <a href="#">Employment Agreement, effective October 11, 2021, between T-Mobile US, Inc. and Mark Nelson.</a>   | 10-Q                      | 5/6/2022       | 10.1           |                   |
| 10.64A**    | <a href="#">Compensation Term Sheet, dated as of September 12, 2024, by and between T-Mobile US, Inc. and Peter Osvaldik.</a>  | 10-Q                      | 10/23/2024     | 10.1           |                   |
| 19.1        | <a href="#">T-Mobile US, Inc. Policy on Securities Trading</a>   |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 19.2        | <a href="#">Frequently Asked Questions Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plans</a>   |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 21.1        | <a href="#">Subsidiaries of Registrant.</a>  |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 22.1        | <a href="#">List of Guarantor Subsidiaries.</a>  |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 23.1        | <a href="#">Consent of Deloitte &amp; Touche LLP.</a>  |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 24.1        | Power of Attorney, pursuant to which amendments to this Form 10-K may be filed (included on the signature page contained in Part IV of the Form 10-K).   |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 31.1        | <a href="#">Certifications of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>   |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 31.2        | <a href="#">Certifications of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>   |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 32.1***     | <a href="#">Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>  |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 32.2***     | <a href="#">Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>  |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 97.1        | <a href="#">T-Mobile US, Inc. Amended and Restated Executive Incentive Compensation Recoupment Policy.</a>   | 10-K                      | 2/2/2024       | 97.1           |                   |
| 101.INS     | XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.  |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 101.SCH     | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.   |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 101.CAL     | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.   |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 101.DEF     | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.  |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 101.LAB     | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.   |                           |                |                | X                 |

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Description   | Incorporated by Reference |                |                | Included Herewith |
|-------------|---|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|             |   | Form                      | Date of Filing | Exhibit Number |                   |
| 101.PRE     | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.   |                           |                |                | X                 |
| 104         | Cover Page Interactive Data File (the cover page XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document). |                           |                |                |                   |

- \* Certain confidential information contained in this exhibit has been omitted because it is both (i) not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm if publicly disclosed.
- \*\* Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
- \*\*\* Furnished herewith.
- Certain instruments defining the rights of holders of long-term debt securities of the registrant and its consolidated subsidiaries are omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(4)(iii)(A) of Regulation S-K. The registrant hereby undertakes to furnish to the SEC, upon request, copies of any such instruments.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

### T-MOBILE US, INC.

January 31, 2025

/s/ G. Michael Sievert

G. Michael Sievert  
Chief Executive Officer

Each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints G. Michael Sievert and Peter Osvaldik, and each or any of them, his or her true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, each acting alone, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him or her and in his or her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any or all amendments or supplements (including post-effective amendments) to this Report, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and all documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or his or her substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities indicated as of January 31, 2025.

#### Signature

#### Title

/s/ G. Michael Sievert

G. Michael Sievert

Chief Executive Officer and  
Director (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Peter Osvaldik

Peter Osvaldik

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ Dara Bazzano

Dara Bazzano

Senior Vice President, Finance and Chief Accounting  
Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

/s/ Timotheus Höttges

Timotheus Höttges

Chairman of the Board

/s/ André Almeida

André Almeida

Director

/s/ Marcelo Claure

Marcelo Claure

Director

/s/ Srikant M. Datar

Srikant M. Datar

Director

/s/ Srinivasan Gopalan

Srinivasan Gopalan

Director

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| <u>/s/ Christian P. Illek</u><br>Christian P. Illek   | Director |
| <u>/s/ James J. Kavanaugh</u><br>James J. Kavanaugh   | Director |
| <u>/s/ Raphael Kübler</u><br>Raphael Kübler           | Director |
| <u>/s/ Thorsten Langheim</u><br>Thorsten Langheim     | Director |
| <u>/s/ Dominique Leroy</u><br>Dominique Leroy         | Director |
| <u>/s/ Letitia A. Long</u><br>Letitia A. Long         | Director |
| <u>/s/ Teresa A. Taylor</u><br>Teresa A. Taylor       | Director |
| <u>/s/ Kelvin R. Westbrook</u><br>Kelvin R. Westbrook | Director |

**DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

T-Mobile US, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company,” “we” or “our”), currently has four classes of securities registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended:

- the Company’s common stock, par value \$0.00001 per share (the “Common Stock”);
- the 3.550% Senior Notes due 2029 (the “2029 Notes”) issued by T-Mobile USA, Inc. (“T-Mobile USA” or the “Issuer”) and guaranteed by the Company and certain of T-Mobile USA’s subsidiaries;
- the 3.700% Senior Notes due 2032 (the “2032 Notes”) issued by T-Mobile USA and guaranteed by the Company and certain of T-Mobile USA’s subsidiaries; and
- the 3.850% Senior Notes due 2036 (the “2036 Notes” and together with the 2029 Notes and the 2032 Notes, the “Notes”) issued by T-Mobile USA and guaranteed by the Company and certain of T-Mobile USA’s subsidiaries.

**Description of Common Stock**

The following summary includes a brief description of the Common Stock as well as certain related information.

The following summary does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by, the full text of our Fifth Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (the “Certificate of Incorporation”), our Seventh Amended and Restated Bylaws (the “Bylaws”), our Second Amended and Restated Stockholders’ Agreement, dated as of June 22, 2020 (the “Stockholders’ Agreement”), by and among the Company, Deutsche Telekom AG (“Deutsche Telekom”) and SoftBank Group Corp. (“SoftBank”) and the Proxy, Lock-Up and ROFR Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2020, by and between Deutsche Telekom and SoftBank (the “SoftBank Proxy Agreement”). For additional information please refer to the Certificate of Incorporation, Bylaws and Stockholders’ Agreement, each of which are exhibits to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, and applicable provisions of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

**General**

Pursuant to the Certificate of Incorporation, the total number of shares of capital stock that the Company is authorized to issue is two billion one hundred million (2,100,000,000). The total number of shares of Common Stock that the Company is authorized to issue is two billion (2,000,000,000), with a par value of \$0.00001 per share, and the total number of shares of preferred stock that the Company is authorized to issue is one hundred million (100,000,000), with a par value of \$0.00001 per share (the “Preferred Stock”). The rights and privileges of holders of Common Stock are subject to the rights and privileges of the holders of any series of Preferred Stock that we may issue in the future.

*Voting Rights*

Holders of our Common Stock have the right to vote on every matter submitted to a vote of our stockholders other than any matter on which only the holders of Preferred Stock are entitled to vote separately as a class. There are no cumulative voting rights. Accordingly, holders of a majority of shares entitled to vote in an election of directors are able to elect all of the directors standing for election.



### *Classification of the Board of Directors*

All of the directors of the Company shall be of one class and shall be elected annually. Each director shall hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders and shall serve until his successor shall have been duly elected and qualified or until his earlier death, resignation, retirement, disqualification or removal.

### *Dividend, Liquidation and Other Rights*

Subject to the prior rights of holders of all classes of stock at the time outstanding having prior rights as to dividends (including holders of Preferred Stock), the holders of Common Stock will share equally on a per share basis any dividends when, as and if declared by our board of directors out of funds legally available for that purpose. If we are liquidated, dissolved or wound up, the holders of our Common Stock will, after satisfaction of all of our liabilities and subject to the prior rights of holders of all classes of stock at the time outstanding having prior rights as to distributions in the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up (including holders of Preferred Stock), be entitled to a ratable share of any distribution to stockholders. Our Common Stock carries no preemptive or other subscription rights to purchase shares of our Common Stock and is not convertible, assessable or entitled to the benefits of any sinking fund.

### *Redemption Provisions*

Pursuant to our Certificate of Incorporation, if a holder of our Common Stock acquires additional shares of our Common Stock or otherwise is attributed with ownership of such shares that would cause us to violate specified Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") rules or regulations, we may, at the option of the board of directors, redeem from the holder or holders causing the violation of the FCC's rules shares of our Common Stock sufficient to eliminate the violation.

The redemption price will be a price mutually determined by us and our stockholders, but if no agreement can be reached, the redemption price will be either:

- 75% of the fair market value of our Common Stock being redeemed, if the holder caused the FCC violation; or
- 100% of the fair market value of our Common Stock being redeemed, if the FCC violation was not caused by the holder.

The determination of whether such party caused the FCC violation will be made, in good faith, by the disinterested members of our board of directors.

The foregoing redemption rights do not apply to any shares of our Common Stock or Preferred Stock beneficially owned by Deutsche Telekom or SoftBank. If any waivers or approvals are required from the FCC in order for Deutsche Telekom or any of its controlled affiliates to acquire or hold any shares of our Common Stock or Preferred Stock, Deutsche Telekom and any of its controlled affiliates are required by the Certificate of Incorporation to cooperate to secure such waivers or approvals and abide by any conditions related to such waivers or approvals. If any waivers or approvals are required from the FCC in order for SoftBank or any of its controlled affiliates to acquire or hold any shares of our Common Stock or Preferred Stock, SoftBank and any of its controlled affiliates are required by the Certificate of Incorporation to cooperate to secure such waivers or approvals and abide by any conditions related to such waivers or approvals.

### *Provisions Regarding Existing or Prospective Holders*

The Company is subject to Section 203 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware ("Section 203"), which generally provides that an "interested stockholder" cannot engage in a "business combination" (as those terms are defined in Section 203) with the Company for a period of three years after the stockholder became

an “interested stockholder,” subject to exceptions. Our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws do not opt-out of Section 203.

### **Certain Other Provisions of Our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws**

The following provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws could be deemed to have an anti-takeover effect and could delay, defer or prevent a takeover attempt that a stockholder might consider to be in the stockholders’ best interests.

- Advance notice of director nominations and matters to be acted upon at meetings. Our Bylaws contain advance notice requirements for nominations by stockholders for the election of directors to serve on our board of directors and for proposing other items of business that can be acted upon by stockholders at stockholder meetings.
- Amendment to Bylaws. Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that our Bylaws may be amended upon the affirmative vote of the holders of shares having a majority of the aggregate voting power of all outstanding shares of our capital stock then entitled to vote on amendments to our Bylaws. Our Certificate of Incorporation also provides that our board of directors is authorized to make, alter or repeal our Bylaws without further stockholder approval.
- Special meeting of stockholders. Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that a special meeting of our stockholders (i) may be called by the chairperson of the board or our chief executive officer and (ii) must be called by our secretary at the request of (a) a majority of our board of directors or (b) as long as Deutsche Telekom beneficially own 25% or more of the outstanding shares of our Common Stock, the holders of not less than 33- 1/3% of the voting power of all of the outstanding voting stock of our Company entitled to vote generally for the election of directors.
- Stockholder Action by Written Consent. Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that as long as Deutsche Telekom beneficially own 25% or more of the outstanding shares of our Common Stock, stockholders may act by written consent in lieu of a meeting.
- Board representation. Our Certificate of Incorporation incorporates provisions of the Stockholders’ Agreement providing Deutsche Telekom with certain rights to designate a number of designees to our board of directors as described below.
- Special consent rights. Our Certificate of Incorporation provides Deutsche Telekom with the same consent rights as are set forth in the Stockholders’ Agreement with respect to our ability to take certain actions.
- Authorized but unissued shares. The authorized but unissued shares of our Common Stock and Preferred Stock are available for future issuance without stockholder approval. These additional shares may be used for a variety of corporate purposes, such as for additional public offerings, acquisitions and employee benefit plans. The existence of authorized but unissued and unreserved Common Stock and Preferred Stock could render more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control of our Company by means of a proxy contest, tender offer, merger or otherwise.
- Cumulative voting. Our Certificate of Incorporation does not permit cumulative voting in the election of directors. Instead, any election of directors will be decided by a plurality of the votes cast (in person or by proxy) by holders of our stock entitled to vote thereon.

### **Stockholders’ Agreement**

Pursuant to the Stockholders’ Agreement, Deutsche Telekom has certain rights to designate individuals to be nominees for election to our board of directors and certain committees thereof. Pursuant to the Stockholders’

Agreement, at all times when Deutsche Telekom, SoftBank and Marcelo Claure beneficially own at least 50% of the outstanding Common Stock and any other securities of the Company that are entitled to vote in the election of directors (collectively, “T-Mobile Voting Securities”) in the aggregate and any such T-Mobile Voting Security continues to be subject to the voting proxy (the “SoftBank Proxy”) pursuant to the SoftBank Proxy Agreement, the Company and Deutsche Telekom will take all actions necessary to ensure that: (i) the Company’s board of directors will consist of a total of 14 directors (except in cases of resignations, retirements, deaths or removals, pending any new appointments), (ii) Deutsche Telekom has the right to designate a specified number of nominees for election to the Company’s board of directors in accordance with the terms of the Stockholders’ Agreement, subject to certain requirements, including requirements with respect to the “independence” of certain nominees under applicable stock exchange listing standards and rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, (iii) the chairperson of the Company’s board of directors will be a Deutsche Telekom designee and (iv) the Company’s board of directors will have certain committees, which committees will be comprised in the manner specified in the Stockholders’ Agreement. The Stockholders’ Agreement further provides that at all times when Deutsche Telekom, SoftBank and Marcelo Claure beneficially own less than 50% of the outstanding T-Mobile Voting Securities in the aggregate or no T-Mobile Voting Security continues to be subject to the SoftBank Proxy, then, in each case, (i) Deutsche Telekom has the right to designate a number of nominees for election to the Company’s board of directors equal to the percentage of T-Mobile Voting Securities that each beneficially owns (*provided* that such percentage is 10% or more) multiplied by the number of directors on the Company’s board of directors, rounded to the nearest whole number greater than zero and (ii) board committees will comprise designees of Deutsche Telekom in percentages determined by the Stockholders’ Agreement, subject to certain exceptions.

In addition, pursuant to the Stockholders’ Agreement, until the DT Specified Actions Termination Date (as defined in the Stockholders’ Agreement), we will not take certain actions without Deutsche Telekom’s prior written consent, including (a) incurring indebtedness above certain levels based on a specified debt to cash flow ratio, (b) taking any action that would cause a default under any instrument evidencing indebtedness to which Deutsche Telekom or any of its affiliates is a party, (c) acquiring or disposing of assets or entering into mergers or similar acquisitions in excess of \$1.0 billion, (d) changing the size of our board of directors, (e) subject to certain exceptions, issuing equity of 10% or more of the then-outstanding shares of Common Stock, or issuing equity to redeem debt held by Deutsche Telekom, (f) repurchasing or redeeming equity securities or making any extraordinary or in-kind dividend other than on a pro rata basis, or (g) making certain changes involving our chief executive officer. In addition, we have agreed that, without the prior written consent of Deutsche Telekom, we will not amend our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws in any manner that could limit, restrict or adversely affect Deutsche Telekom’s rights under the Stockholders’ Agreement as long as Deutsche Telekom beneficially owns 5% or more of the outstanding shares of our Common Stock.

During the term of the Stockholders’ Agreement, Deutsche Telekom is not permitted to, and is required to cause the Deutsche Telekom designees then serving as directors on our board of directors not to, support, enter into or vote in favor of (a) any transaction in which the aggregate amount involved exceeds, or may be expected to exceed, \$120,000 between or involving both (i) the Company and (ii) Deutsche Telekom and its affiliates, unless such transaction is approved unanimously by the audit committee of our board of directors or, for amendments to previously approved transactions, by a majority of the audit committee of our board of directors.

Pursuant to the Stockholders’ Agreement, Deutsche Telekom and its affiliates are generally prohibited from acquiring Common Stock that would cause their collective beneficial ownership to exceed a certain percentage of the outstanding T-Mobile Voting Securities (as that term is defined in the Stockholders’ Agreement) unless such acquiring stockholder makes an offer to acquire all of the then-remaining outstanding shares of Common Stock at the same price and on the same terms and conditions as the proposed acquisition from all other stockholders of the Company, which is either (i) accepted or approved by a majority of the directors on the Company’s board of directors, which majority includes a majority of the directors who are not affiliated with Deutsche Telekom or SoftBank under the terms of the Stockholders’ Agreement (the “Required Approval”), or (ii) accepted or approved by holders (other than Deutsche Telekom, SoftBank and their respective affiliates) of a majority of the shares of Common Stock (other than shares held by Deutsche Telekom, SoftBank and their respective affiliates). Deutsche Telekom is also prohibited from transferring any shares of Common Stock in any transaction that would result in the transferee owning more than 30% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, subject to certain exceptions, unless

the transfer is approved by our board of directors (including the Required Approval) or the transferee offers to acquire all of the then outstanding shares of Common Stock at the same price and on the same terms and conditions as the proposed transfer.

Subject to specified limitations, Deutsche Telekom has the right to request that we file, from time to time, a registration statement or prospectus supplement to a registration statement for the resale of shares of our Common Stock and debt securities beneficially owned by Deutsche Telekom. In addition, Deutsche Telekom has piggyback registration rights with respect to any offering that we initiate. Any transferee of Deutsche Telekom who acquires at least 5% of either the registrable equity securities or the registrable debt securities pursuant to a transaction that is not registered under the Securities Act will be entitled to enjoy the same registration rights as Deutsche Telekom, as applicable, as long as the registrable securities held by such transferee may not be sold or disposed of pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act without volume limitations.

### **Description of Notes**

The following summary description of the Notes does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by, the full text of the indenture (the “Base Indenture”), dated as of September 15, 2022, among the Issuer, Parent and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee (together with its successors and assigns, the “Trustee”), as supplemented (i) with respect to the 2029 Notes by the Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 8, 2024 (the “Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture”), (ii) with respect to the 2032 Notes by the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 8, 2024 (the “Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture”) and (iii) with respect to the 2036 Notes by the Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 8, 2024 (the “Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture” and each of the Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture, the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture and the Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, with respect to the applicable series, the “Supplemental Indenture”), in each case, among the Issuer, Parent, the Subsidiary Guarantors, the Trustee, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as paying agent and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as registrar and transfer agent. In this summary, the term “Indenture” refers to the Base Indenture, as supplemented separately by the Supplemental Indenture for the applicable series of Notes, each of which are exhibits to Parent’s Annual Report on Form 10-K. The terms of the Notes of each series include those stated in the Indenture and those made part of the Indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the “Trust Indenture Act”). In this summary, (i) the “Issuer” refers only to T-Mobile USA, Inc. and not to any of its Subsidiaries and (ii) “Parent” refers only to T-Mobile US, Inc. and not to any of its Subsidiaries (unless a successor Person shall have become the “Issuer” or “Parent” in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Indenture, if any, and thereafter the “Issuer” or “Parent” shall mean such successor Person).

The obligations and covenants of the Issuer described in this summary are only of the Issuer, and not of Parent. Although Parent is a guarantor of the Notes, Parent and any of its Subsidiaries that are not the Issuer or the Issuer’s Subsidiaries are generally not subject to any of the obligations and covenants described hereunder.

The registered holder of a Note is treated as the owner of such Note for all purposes. Only registered holders have rights under the Indenture.

### *General*

The Notes of each series:

- are general unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer;
- are senior in right of payment to any future indebtedness of the Issuer to the extent that such future indebtedness provides by its terms that it is subordinated in right of payment to the Notes;
- rank equal in right of payment with any of the Issuer’s existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities that are not by their terms subordinated in right of payment to the Notes, including, without

limitation, the obligations under the Credit Agreement, the Existing T-Mobile Unsecured Notes, the Existing Sprint Unsecured Notes and the Tower Obligations;

- are effectively subordinated to all existing and future secured indebtedness of the Issuer, to the extent of the value of the Issuer's assets securing such indebtedness;
- are structurally subordinated to all of the liabilities and other obligations of the Issuer's subsidiaries that are not obligors with respect to the Notes, including the Existing ABS Notes, the Existing Sprint Spectrum-Backed Notes, factoring arrangements and tower obligations; and
- are unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by Parent and the Subsidiary Guarantors.

#### *The Note Guarantees*

The Notes are guaranteed (i) initially by Parent and any Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of the Issuer that (x) is not an Excluded Subsidiary and (y) is an obligor under the Credit Agreement and (ii) by any future direct or indirect Subsidiary of Parent that is not a Subsidiary of the Issuer or any other Guarantor that directly or indirectly owns Capital Stock of the Issuer. The initial guarantors include the Issuer's Domestic Subsidiaries that are Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries of the Issuer (other than special purpose securitization entities, Immaterial Subsidiaries and the Reinsurance Entity), including each of Sprint and its Subsidiaries that meet the foregoing requirements. These Note Guarantees are joint and several obligations of the Guarantors. The obligations of each Guarantor under its Note Guarantee are limited as necessary to prevent that Note Guarantee from constituting a fraudulent conveyance under applicable law.

Each Note Guarantee of the Notes by a Guarantor:

- is a general unsecured, unsubordinated obligation of such Guarantor;
- is senior in right of payment to any future indebtedness of that Guarantor to the extent that such future indebtedness provides by its terms that it is subordinated in right of payment to such Guarantor's Note Guarantee;
- is equal in right of payment with any of the Guarantor's existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities that are not by their terms subordinated in right of payment to the Notes, including, without limitation, obligations under the Credit Agreement, the Existing T-Mobile Unsecured Notes and the Existing Sprint Unsecured Notes;
- is effectively subordinated to any Guarantor's existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets of such Guarantor securing such indebtedness; and
- is structurally subordinated to all of the indebtedness and other obligations of any Subsidiaries of such Guarantor that are not obligors with respect to the Notes.

In the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation or reorganization of any non-guarantor Subsidiaries, the non-guarantor Subsidiaries will pay their trade creditors and the holders of their other debt and obligations before they will be able to distribute any of their assets to the Issuer.

The Note Guarantee of a Guarantor will be automatically and unconditionally released in respect of the Notes of any series:

- (1) only in the case of a Subsidiary Guarantor, at such time as such Subsidiary Guarantor (i) is not, (ii) is released or relieved as, or (iii) ceases (or substantially concurrently will cease) to be, a borrower or guarantor under the Credit Agreement, except by or as a result of payment under such guarantee or direct obligation;

- (2) only in the case of a Subsidiary Guarantor, in connection with any sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of that Subsidiary Guarantor (including by way of merger or consolidation) to a Person that is not (either before or after giving effect to such transaction) the Issuer or a Subsidiary Guarantor;
- (3) only in the case of a Subsidiary Guarantor, if for any reason such Subsidiary Guarantor ceases to be a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of the Issuer; *provided*, that any Subsidiary Guarantor that ceases to constitute a Subsidiary Guarantor or becomes an Excluded Subsidiary solely by virtue of no longer being a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary (a “Partially Disposed Subsidiary”) shall only be released from its Note Guarantee to the extent that the other person taking an equity interest in such Partially Disposed Subsidiary is not an affiliate of the Issuer that is controlled by Parent, Deutsche Telekom or any of their respective subsidiaries or an employee of any of the foregoing;
- (4) upon the legal defeasance, covenant defeasance, or satisfaction and discharge of the Indenture as provided below under the captions “—Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance” and “—Satisfaction and Discharge”;
- (5) upon the liquidation or dissolution of any Subsidiary Guarantor, *provided* that no Event of Default has occurred that is continuing;
- (6) upon the merger or consolidation of any Guarantor with and into the Issuer or another Guarantor that is the surviving Person in such merger or consolidation; or
- (7) in the case of a Subsidiary Guarantor, if, immediately following such release and any concurrent releases of other Guarantees by such Subsidiary Guarantor, the aggregate principal amount of Indebtedness for Borrowed Money of Subsidiaries that are not Guarantors and not Excluded Subsidiaries (excluding any Indebtedness under any Permitted Receivables Financing and any Indebtedness of an “Unrestricted Subsidiary” (or the equivalent thereof) under the Credit Agreement or Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary) that would remain incurred or issued and outstanding would not exceed \$2,000.0 million.

#### *Principal, Maturity and Interest*

The Issuer issued €2,000,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of Notes on May 8, 2024, of which €600,000,000 in aggregate principal amount is 2029 Notes, €750,000,000 in aggregate principal amount is 2032 Notes and €650,000,000 in aggregate principal amount is 2036 Notes.

The Issuer may issue further additional Notes of any series from time to time, and such additional Notes of such series may be issued under the Base Indenture as supplemented either by the Supplemental Indenture for such series of Notes or one or more other supplemental indentures. Any issuance of additional Notes is subject to all of the covenants in the Indenture. The Notes of any series and any additional Notes of such series subsequently issued will be treated as a single series for all purposes under the Indenture, including, without limitation, waivers, amendments, redemptions and offers to purchase; *provided* that any additional Notes that are not fungible with the Notes of any series (or with any other additional Notes of that series) for U.S. federal income tax purposes will have a separate CUSIP, ISIN, common code or other identifying number, as applicable.

The Issuer issued the Notes in minimum denominations of €100,000 and integral multiples of €1,000 in excess thereof. The 2029 Notes will mature on May 8, 2029, the 2032 Notes will mature on May 8, 2032 and the 2036 Notes will mature on May 8, 2036.

Interest on the Notes accrues from the date of original issuance or, if interest has already been paid, from the date it was most recently paid. If an interest payment date or the maturity date falls on a day that is not a Business Day, the related payment of principal or interest will be made on the next succeeding Business Day as if made on the date the payment was due, and no interest shall accrue for the intervening period. Interest on the Notes

is computed on the basis of (i) the actual number of days in the period for which interest is being calculated and (ii) the actual number of days from and including the last date on which interest was paid on the Notes (or from and including the Series Issue Date, if no interest has been paid on the Notes), to but excluding the next scheduled interest payment date. This payment convention is referred to as ACTUAL/ACTUAL (ICMA) as defined in the rulebook of the International Capital Markets Association. The amount of interest payable for any period shorter than a full monthly period shall be computed on the basis of the actual number of calendar days elapsed in such a period.

Interest on the 2029 Notes accrues at the rate of 3.550% per annum. Interest on the 2029 Notes is payable annually in arrears on May 8, commencing on May 8, 2025. The Issuer will make each interest payment to the holders of record of the 2029 Notes on the Business Day immediately preceding such interest payment date.

Interest on the 2032 Notes accrues at the rate of 3.700% per annum. Interest on the 2032 Notes is payable annually in arrears on May 8, commencing on May 8, 2025. The Issuer will make each interest payment to the holders of record of the 2032 Notes on the Business Day immediately preceding such interest payment date.

Interest on the 2036 Notes accrues at the rate of 3.850% per annum. Interest on the 2036 Notes is payable annually in arrears on May 8, commencing on May 8, 2025. The Issuer will make each interest payment to the holders of record of the 2036 Notes on the Business Day immediately preceding such interest payment date.

Payments of principal of and interest on the Notes issued in book-entry form or definitive form, if any, will be made as described below under the caption “—Methods of Receiving Payments on the Notes.”

Each series of Notes initially is deposited with a common depository and evidenced by one or more global notes registered in the name or held by the common depository for the accounts of Euroclear Bank SA/NV (“Euroclear”) and Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme* (“Clearstream”) or its nominee.

#### *Listing*

The 2029 Notes, the 2032 Notes and the 2036 Notes are listed on the Nasdaq Bond Exchange under the trading symbols “TMUS29,” “TMUS32” and “TMUS36,” respectively. The Issuer has no obligation to maintain such listing and the Issuer may delist the Notes of any series at any time.

#### *Methods of Receiving Payments on the Notes*

If a holder of a definitive note has given wire transfer instructions to the Issuer and the Issuer is the paying agent, the Issuer will pay all principal, interest and premium, if any, on that holder’s Notes in accordance with those instructions until given written notice to the contrary. All other payments on the Notes will be made at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, unless the Issuer elects to make interest payments by check mailed to the noteholders at their address set forth in the books and records of the registrar.

#### *Paying Agent and Registrar for the Notes*

The Trustee initially acts as paying agent, registrar and transfer agent where Notes may be presented for payment. The Issuer may change the paying agent, registrar or transfer agent without prior notice to the holders of the Notes, and the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries may act as paying agent or registrar.

#### *Transfer and Exchange*

Except as set forth below, the global notes may be transferred, in whole and not in part, only to another nominee of Euroclear or Clearstream, as applicable, or to a successor of Euroclear or Clearstream, as applicable, or its nominee.

A holder of a definitive note may transfer or exchange Notes in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture. The registrar and the Trustee may require a holder, among other things, to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents in connection with a transfer of Notes. Holders will be required to pay all taxes relating to, arising out of, or in connection with such transfer. The Issuer is not required to transfer or exchange any Note selected for redemption. Also, the Issuer is not required to transfer or exchange any Note for a period of 15 days before a selection of Notes to be redeemed.

*Mandatory Redemption; Offers to Purchase; Open Market Purchases*

The Issuer is not required to make any mandatory redemption or sinking fund payments with respect to the Notes.

*Optional Redemption*

Prior to the applicable Par Call Date with respect to each series of Notes, the Issuer may redeem the Notes of such series at its option, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time, at a redemption price (expressed as a percentage of principal amount and rounded to three decimal places) equal to the greater of:

- 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed; and
- (a) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest thereon, not including any portion of these payments of interest accrued as of the date of which the notes are to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date (assuming that such Notes matured on their applicable Par Call Date) on an annual basis (ACTUAL/ACTUAL (ICMA)) at the applicable Comparable Government Bond Rate (as defined below) plus 15 basis points in the case of the 2029 Notes, 20 basis points in the case of the 2032 Notes and 20 basis points in the case of the 2036 Notes less (b) unpaid interest accrued to the date of redemption (any excess of the amount described in this bullet point over the amount described in the immediately preceding bullet point, the “Make-Whole Premium”);

plus, in either case, accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date.

On or after the applicable Par Call Date with respect to each series of Notes, the Issuer may redeem the Notes of such series, in whole or in part, at any time or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes being redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date.

“Comparable Government Bond” means, in relation to any Comparable Government Bond Rate calculation, at the discretion of an independent investment bank selected by the Issuer, a German government bond whose maturity is closest to the applicable Par Call Date of the Notes to be redeemed, or if such independent investment bank in its discretion determines that such similar bond is not in issue, such other German government bond as such independent investment bank may, with the advice of three brokers of, and/or market makers in, German government bonds selected by the Issuer, determine to be appropriate for determining the Comparable Government Bond Rate.

“Comparable Government Bond Rate” means the yield to maturity, expressed as a percentage (rounded to three decimal places, with 0.0005 being rounded upwards), on the third Business Day prior to the date fixed for redemption, of the Comparable Government Bond on the basis of the middle market price of the Comparable Government Bond prevailing at 11:00 a.m. (London time) on such Business Day as determined by an independent investment bank selected by the Issuer.

“Par Call Date” means (i) with respect to the 2029 Notes, April 8, 2029 (one month prior to the maturity date of such 2029 Notes), (ii) with respect to the 2032 Notes, February 8, 2032 (three months prior to the maturity date of such 2032 Notes) and (iii) with respect to the 2036 Notes, February 8, 2036 (three months prior to the maturity date of such 2036 Notes).



The Issuer's actions and determinations in determining the redemption price shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes, absent manifest error.

Notice of any redemption will be mailed or electronically delivered (or otherwise transmitted in accordance with the depository's procedures) at least 10 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each holder of Notes to be redeemed.

The Trustee shall have no responsibility whatsoever for calculating the redemption price for any Note.

Unless the Issuer defaults in the payment of the redemption price, interest will cease to accrue on the Notes of a series or portions thereof called for redemption on the applicable redemption date. At or before 10:00 a.m. (London time) on the redemption date, the Issuer will deposit with the paying agent money sufficient to pay the redemption price of and accrued interest on the Notes to be redeemed on such date. If less than all of the Notes of a series are to be redeemed, the Notes of such series to be redeemed shall be selected in accordance with the procedures of Euroclear or Clearstream, as applicable.

For the avoidance of doubt, the requirement to pay any Make-Whole Premium shall not arise in connection with any recovery of amounts due as a result of any breach of any covenant contained in the Indenture or the applicable Notes except where the transaction resulting in such breach was consummated with the intent to breach such covenant.

The Notes of each series are also subject to redemption if certain events occur involving United States taxation. See "—Tax Redemption."

#### *Additional Amounts*

All payments under or in respect of the Notes, or under or in respect of any Note Guarantee, will be made free and clear of, and without deduction or withholding for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or other governmental charges of whatsoever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by the United States or any political subdivision or taxing authority of or in the United States (collectively, "Taxes"), unless such withholding or deduction is required by law.

In the event any such withholding or deduction of Taxes is required by law, subject to the limitations described below, the Issuer will pay to the holder of any Note such additional amounts ("Additional Amounts") as may be necessary in order that the net amount of each payment received by each beneficial owner (including upon redemption) that is a "Non-U.S. Holder" or an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes one or more of the partners of which is a Non-U.S. Holder, after deduction or withholding for or on account of such Taxes, by any applicable withholding agent (including any such withholding or deduction in respect of Additional Amounts), will equal the amount provided for in such Note to be then due and payable before deduction or withholding for or on account of such Taxes.

However, the Issuer's obligation to pay Additional Amounts shall not apply to:

- (a) any Taxes which would not have been so imposed but for:
  - (1) the existence of any present or former connection between such holder or beneficial owner (or between a fiduciary, settlor, beneficiary, member or shareholder or other equity owner of, or a person having a power over, such holder or beneficial owner, if such holder or beneficial owner is an estate, a trust, a limited liability company, a partnership, a corporation or other entity) and the United States, including, without limitation, such holder or beneficial owner (or such fiduciary, settlor, beneficiary, member, shareholder or other equity owner or person having such a power) being or having been a citizen or resident or treated as a resident of the United States or being or having been engaged in a trade or business in the United States or being or having been physically present in the United States or having had a permanent establishment in the United States, except,

in each case, for any connection arising from the acquisition, ownership or disposition of Notes, the receipt of payments thereunder, or under any Note Guarantee, or the enforcement of rights in respect of any Note or any Note Guarantee;

- (2) the failure of such holder or beneficial owner to comply with any requirement under U.S. tax laws and regulations to establish any entitlement to a partial or complete exemption from such Taxes to which such holder or beneficial owner is legally entitled (including, but not limited to, by providing Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN, Form W-8BEN-E, Form W-8ECI, as applicable, or any subsequent versions thereof or successor thereto); or
  - (3) such holder's or beneficial owner's present or former status under the Internal Revenue Code as a personal holding company, a foreign personal holding company, a CFC, a passive foreign investment company, a foreign tax exempt organization or a corporation which accumulates earnings to avoid U.S. federal income tax;
- (b) any Taxes imposed by reason of the holder or beneficial owner:
- (1) owning or having owned, directly or indirectly, actually or constructively, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the Issuer's or Parent's stock, as described in Section 871(h)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code;
  - (2) being a bank receiving interest described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code; or
  - (3) being a CFC that is related to the Issuer by stock ownership within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (c) any Taxes which would not have been so imposed but for the presentation by the holder or beneficial owner of such Note for payment on a date more than 30 days after the date on which such payment became due and payable or the date on which payment of the Note is duly provided for and notice is given to holders, whichever occurs later, except to the extent that the holder or beneficial owner would have been entitled to such Additional Amounts on presenting such Note on any date during such 30-day period;
- (d) any estate, inheritance, gift, sales, transfer, personal property, wealth, excise or similar Taxes;
- (e) any Taxes which are payable otherwise than by withholding in respect of any payment on such Note;
- (f) any Taxes which are payable by a holder that is not the beneficial owner of the Note, or a portion of the Note, or that is a fiduciary, partnership, limited liability company or other similar entity, but only to the extent that a beneficial owner, a beneficiary or settlor with respect to such fiduciary or member of such partnership, limited liability company or similar entity would not have been entitled to the payment of an Additional Amount had such beneficial owner, settlor, beneficiary or member received directly its beneficial or distributive share of the payment;
- (g) any Taxes required to be withheld by any paying agent from any payment of principal of or interest on any Note, if such payment can be made without such withholding by any other paying agent;
- (h) any Taxes imposed under current Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Internal Revenue Code (or any amended or successor provisions that are substantially comparable) and any current or future regulations or official interpretations thereof, and any intergovernmental agreements or treaties (and any related legislation, rules, or official administrative practices) implementing the foregoing;
- (i) any U.S. federal backup withholding Taxes imposed pursuant to Section 3406 of the Internal Revenue Code; or

- (j) any combination of items (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h) and (i).

Any reference in this summary, in the Indenture or in the Notes or any Note Guarantee to any payment in respect of the Notes or any Note Guarantee (including upon redemption) shall be deemed to refer also to any Additional Amounts which may be payable under the provisions of this section.

Except as specifically provided herein, the Issuer will not be required to make any payment with respect to any tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge imposed by any government or any political subdivision or taxing authority of or in the United States.

#### *Tax Redemption*

The Notes of any series may be redeemed at the Issuer's option, in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes of the applicable series to be redeemed, together with interest accrued and unpaid to the date fixed for redemption, at any time, on giving not less than 10 nor more than 60 days' notice in accordance with "Selection and Notice" below if:

- (a) the Issuer has or will become obligated to pay Additional Amounts as a result of any change in or amendment to the laws, regulations or rulings of the United States or any political subdivision or any taxing authority of or in the United States affecting taxation, or any change in or amendment to an official application, or interpretation of such laws, regulations or rulings (including by virtue of a holding of a court of competent jurisdiction), which change or amendment is announced and becomes effective on or after April 30, 2024, or
- (b) any action shall have been taken by a taxing authority, or any decision has been rendered by a court of competent jurisdiction, in the United States or any political subdivision or taxing authority of or in the United States, including any such actions specified in (a) above, whether or not such action was taken or brought, or such decision was rendered, with respect to the Issuer, in any such case on or after April 30, 2024, which action or decision results in a substantial likelihood that the Issuer will be required to pay Additional Amounts on the next interest payment date.

However, no such notice of redemption shall be given (1) earlier than 90 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer would be, in the case of a redemption for the reasons specified in (a) above, or on which there would be a substantial likelihood that the Issuer would be, in the case of a redemption for the reasons specified in (b) above, obligated to pay such Additional Amounts if a payment in respect of the Notes were then due and (2) unless, at the time such notification of redemption is given, such circumstances remain in effect.

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this section, the Issuer will deliver to the Trustee:

- (1) a certificate signed by one of the Issuer's duly authorized officers stating that the Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to the Issuer's right to redeem have occurred, and
- (2) in the case of a redemption for the reasons specified in (a) or (b) above, a written opinion of independent legal counsel of recognized standing to the effect that the Issuer has or will become obligated to pay such Additional Amounts as a result of such change or amendment or that there is a substantial likelihood that the Issuer will be required to pay such Additional Amounts as a result of such action or decision, as the case may be.

Such notice, once delivered by the Issuer to the Trustee, will be irrevocable.

### *Prescription*

Under New York's statute of limitations, any legal action to enforce the payment obligations evidenced by the Notes must be commenced within six years after the payment thereof is due; thereafter the payment obligations will generally become unenforceable. In addition, the Indenture prohibits the Trustee and the holders from accelerating the obligations under the Notes with respect to or as a result of an Event of Default consisting of any action taken, and reported publicly or to holders of Notes, more than two years prior to the declaration of such acceleration.

### *Selection and Notice*

If less than all of the Notes of a series are to be redeemed, the Trustee will select Notes of such series for redemption on a *pro rata* or by lot basis unless otherwise required by law or applicable stock exchange or depository requirements.

No Notes of €100,000 or less can be redeemed in part. Notices of redemption will be sent electronically or mailed by first class mail at least 10 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each holder of Notes to be redeemed at its registered address, except that redemption notices may be sent more than 60 days prior to a redemption date if the notice is issued in connection with a defeasance of the Notes of a series or a satisfaction and discharge of the Indenture with respect to such series. Any such notice of redemption may, at the Issuer's discretion, state that such redemption is subject to one or more conditions precedent, including, but not limited to, completion of an equity offering, other offering, issuance of Indebtedness or other corporate transaction or event. In addition, if such redemption or notice is subject to satisfaction of one or more conditions precedent, such notice shall state that, in the Issuer's discretion, the redemption date may be delayed until such time as any or all such conditions shall be satisfied (or waived by the Issuer in its sole discretion), or such redemption may not occur and such notice may be rescinded in the event that any or all such conditions shall not have been satisfied (or waived by the Issuer in its sole discretion) by the redemption date (whether the original redemption date or the redemption date so delayed). In addition, the Issuer may provide in such notice that payment of the redemption and performance of the Issuer's obligations with respect to such redemption may be performed by another Person.

If any Note is to be redeemed in part only, the notice of redemption that relates to that Note will state the portion of the principal amount of that Note that is to be redeemed. If in definitive form, a new Note in principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion of the original Note will be issued in the name of the holder of Notes upon cancellation of the original note. Except to the extent that a notice of redemption is conditional, Notes called for redemption become due on the date fixed for redemption. On and after the redemption date, interest ceases to accrue on Notes or portions of Notes called for redemption.

### *Certain Covenants*

#### Liens

The Issuer will not, and will not permit any Material Subsidiary to, directly or indirectly, create, incur or assume any Lien securing Indebtedness for Borrowed Money upon any of its or any Material Subsidiary's Principal Property or upon Capital Stock or Indebtedness of any Material Subsidiary that directly owns any Principal Property, except Permitted Liens, unless the Notes are equally and ratably secured with (or, at the Issuer's option, on a senior basis to) the Indebtedness for Borrowed Money so secured. Any Lien created for the benefit of the holders of the Notes pursuant to this paragraph is required to provide by its terms that such Lien shall be automatically and unconditionally released and discharged upon the release and discharge of the Lien that gave rise to such Lien created for the benefit of the holders of the Notes.

For purposes of determining compliance with this "Liens" covenant, (x) a Lien need not be incurred solely by reference to one category of Permitted Liens, but may be incurred under any combination of such categories (including in part under one such category and in part under any other such category) and (y) in the event that a Lien (or any portion thereof) meets the criteria of one or more of such categories of Permitted Liens, the Issuer shall, in

its sole discretion, divide, classify or may subsequently reclassify at any time such Lien (or any portion thereof) in any manner that complies with this “Liens” covenant and the definition of “Permitted Liens.”

#### Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets

The Issuer will not: (1) consolidate or merge with or into another Person (whether or not the Issuer is the surviving corporation); or (2) directly or indirectly sell, assign, lease, transfer, convey or otherwise dispose of (including, in each case, by way of division) all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Issuer and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole, in one or more related transactions, to another Person, unless:

- (1) either: (a) the Issuer is the surviving corporation; or (b) the Person formed by or surviving any such consolidation or merger (if other than the Issuer) or to which such sale, assignment, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition has been made is a corporation, limited liability company or partnership organized or existing under the laws of the United States, any state of the United States or the District of Columbia;
- (2) the Person formed by or surviving any such consolidation or merger (if other than the Issuer) or the Person to which such sale, assignment, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition has been made expressly assumes, by a supplemental indenture, executed and delivered to the Trustee, the payment of the principal of and any premium and interest on the Notes and the performance or observance of every covenant of the Indenture on the part of the Issuer to be performed or observed; and
- (3) immediately after such transaction, no Default or Event of Default exists.

Upon any consolidation or merger, or any sale, assignment, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Issuer and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, in a transaction that is subject to, and that complies with the provisions of, this “Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets” covenant, the successor Person formed by such consolidation or into or with which the Issuer is merged or to which such sale, assignment, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition is made, shall succeed to, and be substituted for, the Issuer (so that from and after the date of such consolidation, merger, sale, assignment, transfer, lease, conveyance or other disposition, the provisions of the Indenture referring to the “Issuer” shall refer instead to the successor Person and not to the Issuer), and may exercise every right and power of the Issuer under the Indenture with the same effect as if such successor Person had been named as the Issuer therein. When the successor Person assumes all of the Issuer’s obligations under the Indenture, the Issuer shall be discharged from its obligations under the Indenture, including the obligation to pay the principal of or interest or premium, if any, on the Notes.

This “Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets” covenant will not apply to (and the following shall be permitted notwithstanding such covenant):

- (1) a merger of the Issuer with a direct or indirect Subsidiary of Parent solely for the purpose of reincorporating the Issuer in another jurisdiction in the United States so long as the amount of Indebtedness of the Issuer and its Subsidiaries is not increased thereby; or
- (2) any consolidation or merger, or any sale, assignment, transfer, conveyance, lease or other disposition of assets between or among the Issuer and its Subsidiaries.

#### Reports

Whether or not required by the rules and regulations of the SEC, so long as any Notes are outstanding, Parent will file a copy of each of the Parent reports referred to in clauses (1) and (2) below with the SEC for public

availability within the time periods (including all applicable extension periods) specified in the SEC rules and regulations applicable to such reports (unless the SEC will not accept such a filing):

- (1) all quarterly and annual financial reports that would be required to be contained in a filing with the SEC on Forms 10-Q and 10-K if Parent were required to file such reports, including a “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and, with respect to the annual information only, a report on the annual financial statements by its certified independent accountants; and
- (2) all current reports that would be required to be filed with the SEC on Form 8-K if Parent were required to file such reports;

*provided* that the availability of the foregoing reports on the SEC’s EDGAR service (or successor thereto) shall be deemed to satisfy the Issuer’s delivery obligations to the Trustee and any holder of Notes.

All such reports will be prepared in all material respects in accordance with all of the rules and regulations applicable to such reports; *provided* that, if Parent is not required under the rules and regulations of the SEC to file such reports with the SEC for public availability, such reports need not be prepared in accordance with all of the rules and regulations applicable to such reports and shall only be required to include the information or disclosure that would be required by such form to the extent that, and in the same general style of presentation as, the same or substantially similar information or disclosure is also included or incorporated by reference in the prospectus supplement pursuant to which the Notes were offered and sold. The Issuer will comply with §314(a) of the Trust Indenture Act.

If the SEC will not accept Parent’s filings for any reason, the Issuer will post the reports referred to in the preceding paragraphs on its website, on intralinks.com or another website within the time periods that would apply if Parent were required to file those reports with the SEC (including all applicable extension periods).

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Issuer will not be deemed to have failed to comply with any of its obligations hereunder for purposes of clause (4) under “—Events of Default and Remedies” until 150 days after the receipt of the written notice delivered thereunder.

For so long as any Notes remain outstanding, if at any time Parent is not required to file with the SEC the reports required by the preceding paragraphs, the Issuer will furnish to the holders of Notes and to securities analysts and prospective investors, upon their request, the information required to be delivered pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”).

Delivery of such reports, information or documents to the Trustee shall be considered for informational purposes only, and the Trustee’s receipt of such reports shall not constitute notice or actual knowledge of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Issuer’s compliance with any of its covenants hereunder (as to which the Trustee is entitled to rely exclusively on an officer’s certificate).

#### *Events of Default and Remedies*

Each of the following is an “Event of Default” in respect of the Notes of a series:

- (1) default for 30 days in the payment when due of interest on the Notes of such series;
- (2) default in the payment when due (at maturity, upon redemption or otherwise) of the principal of, or premium, if any, on, the Notes of such series;
- (3) failure by the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries for 30 days after notice to the Issuer by the Trustee or the holders of at least 30% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of such series then outstanding

voting as a single class to comply with the provisions described under the caption “—Certain Covenants—Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets”;

- (4) failure by the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries for 90 days after notice to the Issuer by the Trustee or the holders of at least 30% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of such series then outstanding voting as a single class to comply with any of the other agreements in the Indenture (other than those described in clauses (1), (2) and (3) above);
- (5) default under any mortgage, indenture or instrument under which there may be issued or by which there may be secured or evidenced any Indebtedness for money borrowed by the Issuer or any of its Significant Subsidiaries (or any of its Subsidiaries that together would constitute a Significant Subsidiary) (or the payment of which Indebtedness for borrowed money is guaranteed by the Issuer or any of its Significant Subsidiaries), whether such Indebtedness or Guarantee now exists, or is created after the Issue Date, if that default:
  - (a) is caused by a failure to pay principal of, or interest or premium, if any, on, such Indebtedness at the later of final maturity and the expiration of any related applicable grace period (a “Payment Default”); or
  - (b) results in the acceleration of such Indebtedness prior to its express maturity;

and, in each case, the principal amount of any such Indebtedness, together with the principal amount of any other such Indebtedness under which there has been a Payment Default or the maturity of which has been so accelerated, aggregates an amount equal to the greater of \$1,500.0 million and 0.675% of Consolidated Total Assets of Parent determined on a pro forma basis for acquisitions, dispositions and Pro Forma Transactions or more, in each case for so long as such failure or acceleration is continuing;

- (6) failure by the Issuer or any of its Significant Subsidiaries (or any of its Subsidiaries that together would constitute a Significant Subsidiary) to pay or discharge final judgments entered by a court or courts of competent jurisdiction aggregating in excess of an amount equal to the greater of \$1,500.0 million and 0.675% of Consolidated Total Assets of Parent determined on a pro forma basis for acquisitions, dispositions and Pro Forma Transactions (to the extent not covered by indemnities or insurance), which judgments are not paid, discharged or stayed for a period of 60 consecutive days following entry of such final judgment or decree during which a stay of enforcement of such final judgment or decree, by reason of pending appeal or otherwise, is not in effect;
- (7) the Issuer or any of its Significant Subsidiaries, or any group of its Subsidiaries that, taken together, would constitute a Significant Subsidiary, pursuant to or within the meaning of any Bankruptcy Law:
  - (a) commences a voluntary case or proceeding;
  - (b) consents to the entry of an order for relief against it in an involuntary case;
  - (c) consents to the appointment of a custodian of it or for all or substantially all of its property;
  - (d) makes a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors; or
  - (e) generally is not paying its debts as they become due;
- (8) a court of competent jurisdiction enters a final order or decree under any Bankruptcy Law that:
  - (a) is for relief against the Issuer or any of its Significant Subsidiaries or any group of Subsidiaries of the Issuer that, taken together, would constitute a Significant Subsidiary of the Issuer in an involuntary case;

- (b) appoints a custodian of the Issuer or any of its Significant Subsidiaries or any group of Subsidiaries of the Issuer that, taken together, would constitute a Significant Subsidiary of the Issuer or for all or substantially all of the property of the Issuer or any of its Significant Subsidiaries or any group of Subsidiaries of the Issuer that, taken together, would constitute a Significant Subsidiary; or
- (c) orders the liquidation of the Issuer or any of its Significant Subsidiaries or any group of Subsidiaries of the Issuer that, taken together, would constitute a Significant Subsidiary of the Issuer;
- (d) and the final order or decree remains unstayed and in effect for 60 consecutive days; and
- (9) except as permitted by the Indenture, (a) any Note Guarantee of a Significant Subsidiary or any group of Subsidiaries of the Issuer that, taken together, would constitute a Significant Subsidiary of the Issuer with respect to Notes of such series (i) is held in any judicial proceeding to be unenforceable or invalid or (ii) ceases for any reason to be in full force and effect, or (b) any Guarantor, or any Person acting on behalf of any such Guarantor, denies or disaffirms its obligations under its Note Guarantee.

In the case of an Event of Default arising from certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency, with respect to the Issuer, any of its Significant Subsidiaries or any group of Subsidiaries of the Issuer that, taken together, would constitute a Significant Subsidiary of the Issuer, all outstanding Notes of such series will become due and payable immediately without further action or notice. However, the effect of such provisions may be limited by applicable laws. If any other Event of Default occurs and is continuing with respect to any series of Notes, the Trustee or the holders, with a copy to the Trustee, of at least 30% in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes of such series may declare all the Notes of such series to be due and payable immediately; *provided* that no such declaration may be made with respect to or as a result of any action taken, and reported publicly or to holders of Notes, more than two years prior to such declaration.

Subject to certain limitations, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes of such series may direct the Trustee in its exercise of any trust or power. The Trustee may withhold from holders of the Notes notice of any continuing Default or Event of Default if it determines that withholding notice is in their interest, except a Default or Event of Default in the payment of the principal of, or the interest or premium, if any, on the Notes of such series.

Subject to the provisions of the Indenture relating to the duties of the Trustee, the Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers under the Indenture or the Notes Documents at the request or direction of any holders of Notes unless such holders have offered to the Trustee indemnity or security satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense. Except to enforce the right to receive payment of principal, premium (if any) or interest when due, a holder may pursue a remedy with respect to the Indenture or the Notes of any series only if:

- (1) such holder gives to the Trustee written notice that an Event of Default is continuing;
- (2) holders of at least 30% in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes of the applicable series have made a written request to the Trustee to institute proceedings in respect of such Event of Default in its own name as trustee;
- (3) such holder or holders offer and, if requested, provide to the Trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against any loss, liability or expense to be incurred in compliance with such request;
- (4) the Trustee does not comply with the request within 90 days after receipt of the request and the offer of indemnity or security; and



- (5) during such 90-day period, holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes of the applicable series have not given the Trustee a direction inconsistent with such request.

The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes of a series by written notice to the Trustee may, on behalf of all holders of Notes of that series, rescind an acceleration or waive any existing Default or Event of Default in respect of such series of Notes and its consequences under the Indenture except a continuing Default or Event of Default in the payment of interest or premium, if any, on, or the principal of, the Notes of such series.

The Issuer and each Guarantor is required to deliver to the Trustee annually a statement regarding compliance with the Indenture. Within 30 days after becoming aware of any Default or Event of Default, the Issuer is required to deliver to the Trustee a statement specifying such Default or Event of Default unless such Default or Event of Default has been cured or waived in such period.

#### *No Personal Liability of Directors, Officers, Employees and Stockholders*

No past, present or future director, officer, member, manager, partner, employee, incorporator or stockholder of any Issuer or any Guarantor, as such, will have any liability for any obligations of any Issuer or any Guarantor under the Notes, the Indenture, the Note Guarantees or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each holder of Notes by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes. The waiver may not be effective to waive liabilities under the federal securities laws and it is the view of the SEC that such a waiver is against public policy.

#### *Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance*

The Issuer may at any time, at the option of its Board of Directors evidenced by a resolution set forth in an officer's certificate, elect to have all of its obligations discharged with respect to the outstanding Notes of any series and all obligations of the Guarantors discharged with respect to their Note Guarantees with respect to such series ("Legal Defeasance") and cure all then existing Defaults and Events of Defaults except for:

- (1) the rights of holders of outstanding Notes of such series to receive payments in respect of the principal of, or interest or premium, if any, on, the Notes when such payments are due from the trust referred to below;
- (2) the Issuer's obligations with respect to the Notes of such series concerning issuing temporary Notes, registration of Notes, mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Notes and the maintenance of an office or agency for payment of money for security payments held in trust;
- (3) the rights, powers, trusts, duties, indemnities and immunities of the Trustee, and the Issuer's and the Guarantors' obligations in connection therewith; and
- (4) the Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance provisions of the Indenture.

In addition, the Issuer may, at its option and at any time with respect to any series of Notes, elect to have the obligations of the Issuer and the Guarantors released with respect to the provisions of the Indenture described above under the caption "—Certain Covenants" (other than the covenant described under the caption "—Certain Covenants—Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets") (such release and termination being referred to as "Covenant Defeasance"), and thereafter any omission to comply with such obligations or provisions will not constitute a Default or Event of Default with respect to such Notes. In the event Covenant Defeasance occurs with respect to any series of Notes in accordance with the Indenture, the Events of Default described under clauses (3) through (9) (in the case of clauses (7) and (8), only with respect to the Issuer's Subsidiaries) under the caption "—Events of Default and Remedies," in each case, will no longer constitute an Event of Default.

In order to exercise either Legal Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance with respect to any series of Notes:

- (1) the Issuer must irrevocably deposit with the Trustee or its designee, in trust, for the benefit of the holders of such series of Notes, cash in euros, European Government Obligations, or a combination thereof, in such amounts as will be sufficient, in the opinion of a nationally recognized investment bank, appraisal firm, or firm of independent public accountants, to pay the principal of, and premium, if any, and interest on, the outstanding Notes of such series on the stated date for payment thereof or on the applicable redemption date, as the case may be, and the Issuer must specify whether such Notes are being defeased to such stated date for payment or to a particular redemption date; *provided* that in connection with any Legal Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance that requires the payment of a premium, the amount deposited shall be sufficient for purposes of the Indenture to the extent that an amount is deposited with the Trustee equal to premium calculated as of the date of the deposit, with any deficit as of the maturity date only required to be deposited with the Trustee on or prior to the maturity date;
- (2) in the case of Legal Defeasance, the Issuer must deliver to the Trustee an opinion of counsel reasonably acceptable to the Trustee (which opinion of counsel may be subject to customary assumptions, qualifications and exclusions) confirming that (a) the Issuer has received from, or there has been published by, the Internal Revenue Service a ruling or (b) since the date Notes of such series were first issued, there has been a change in the applicable U.S. federal income tax law, in either case to the effect that, and based thereon such opinion of counsel shall confirm that, the beneficial owners of the outstanding Notes of such series will not recognize income, gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of such Legal Defeasance and will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such Legal Defeasance had not occurred;
- (3) in the case of Covenant Defeasance, the Issuer must deliver to the Trustee an opinion of counsel reasonably acceptable to the Trustee (which opinion of counsel may be subject to customary assumptions, qualifications and exclusions) confirming that the beneficial owners of the outstanding Notes of such series will not recognize income, gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of such Covenant Defeasance and will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such Covenant Defeasance had not occurred;
- (4) no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing with respect to such series of Notes on the date of such deposit (other than an Event of Default resulting from the borrowing of funds, or the imposition of Liens in connection therewith, to be applied to such deposit, or an Event of Default that will be cured by such Covenant Defeasance or Legal Defeasance) and the deposit will not otherwise result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, any material instrument to which the Issuer or any Guarantor is a party or by which the Issuer or any Guarantor is bound;
- (5) such Legal Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance will not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, any material agreement or instrument (other than the Indenture) to which the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries is a party or by which the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries is bound;
- (6) the Issuer must deliver to the Trustee an officer's certificate stating that the deposit was not made by the Issuer with the intent of preferring the holders of Notes over the other creditors of the Issuer with the intent of defeating, hindering, delaying or defrauding any creditors of the Issuer or others;
- (7) the Issuer must deliver to the Trustee an officer's certificate, stating that all conditions precedent relating to the Legal Defeasance or the Covenant Defeasance have been complied with; and

- (8) the Issuer must deliver to the Trustee an opinion of counsel (which may be subject to customary assumptions, qualifications and exclusions), stating that all conditions precedent set forth in clauses (2) and (3) of this paragraph, as applicable, have been complied with.

*Amendment, Supplement and Waiver*

Except as provided in the next two succeeding paragraphs, the applicable Indenture with respect to the Notes of any series or the related Note Guarantees of the Notes of any series may be amended or supplemented with the consent of the holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes of such series then outstanding (including consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or a tender offer or exchange offer for, Notes of such series), and any existing Default or Event of Default or compliance with any provision of the applicable Indenture with respect to such Notes or the related Note Guarantees may be waived with the consent of the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes of such series (including consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or tender offer or exchange offer for, Notes of such series).

Without the consent of each holder of Notes of the applicable series affected, an amendment, supplement or waiver may not (with respect to any Notes of a particular series held by a non-consenting holder):

- (1) reduce the principal amount of Notes of such series whose holders must consent to an amendment, supplement or waiver;
- (2) reduce the principal of or change the fixed maturity of any Note of such series or alter the provisions with respect to the redemption of the Notes of such series (except with respect to notice periods for redemption);
- (3) reduce the rate of or change the time for payment of interest on any Note of such series;
- (4) waive a Default or Event of Default in the payment of principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on, the Notes of such series (except a rescission of acceleration of the Notes of such series by the holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes of such series and a waiver of the payment default that resulted from such acceleration);
- (5) make any Note of such series payable in money other than that stated in the Notes of such series;
- (6) make any change in the provisions of the Indenture relating to waivers of past Defaults or the rights of holders of Notes of such series to receive payments of principal of, or interest or premium, if any, on, the Notes of such series;
- (7) waive a redemption payment with respect to any Note of such series;
- (8) release any Guarantor from any of its obligations under its related Note Guarantee of the Notes of such series or the applicable Indenture, except in accordance with the terms of such Indenture; or
- (9) make any change in the preceding amendment and waiver provisions.

Notwithstanding the preceding, without the consent of any holder of Notes, the Issuer, the Guarantors and the Trustee may amend or supplement the applicable Indenture, the Notes of such series or the related Note Guarantees:

- (1) to cure any ambiguity, omission, mistake, defect or inconsistency;
- (2) to provide for uncertificated Notes in addition to or in place of certificated Notes;

- (3) to provide for the assumption of the Issuer's or a Guarantor's obligations under the Indenture to holders of Notes of such series and related Note Guarantees in the case of a merger or consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of the Issuer's or such Guarantor's assets, as applicable;
- (4) to effect the release of a Guarantor from its Note Guarantee in respect of such series of Notes and the termination of such Note Guarantee, all in accordance with the provisions of the applicable Indenture governing such release and termination;
- (5) to add any Guarantor or Note Guarantee or to provide for collateral to secure such series or any Note Guarantee in respect of the Notes of any series;
- (6) to make any change that would provide any additional rights or benefits to the holders of Notes of such series or that does not adversely affect the legal rights under the Indenture of any such holder in any material respect;
- (7) to comply with requirements of the SEC in order to effect or maintain the qualification of the Indenture under the Trust Indenture Act;
- (8) to change or eliminate any of the provisions of the applicable Indenture; *provided* that any such change or elimination shall not become effective with respect to any outstanding Notes of any series created prior to the execution of such supplemental indenture which is entitled to the benefit of such provision;
- (9) to provide for the issuance of and establish forms and terms and conditions of a new series of Notes as permitted by the Base Indenture;
- (10) to conform the text of the applicable Indenture, any Notes or any related Note Guarantees to any provision of the "Description of Notes" section of the prospectus supplement applicable to such Notes at the time of the initial sale thereof, in each case, as conclusively evidenced by an officer's certificate;
- (11) to provide for the issuance of additional Notes of such series, *provided* that such additional Notes have the same terms as, and be deemed part of the same series as, the Notes of such series to the extent required under the applicable Indenture;
- (12) to evidence and provide for the acceptance of and appointment by a successor trustee or collateral trustee with respect to the Notes of such series and to add to or change any of the provisions of the Indenture as shall be necessary to provide for or facilitate the administration of the trust by more than one trustee;
- (13) to allow any Guarantor of the Notes of such series to execute a supplemental indenture providing a Note Guarantee with respect to the Notes of such series; and
- (14) to issue exchange notes and related note guarantees as provided for in any registration rights agreement relating to the notes of any series.

The consent of the holders of the Notes is not necessary under the Indenture to approve the particular form of any proposed amendment or waiver. It is sufficient if such consent approves the substance of the proposed amendment or waiver.

For the avoidance of doubt, no amendment to, or deletion of any of the covenants described under, "—Certain Covenants," or action taken in compliance with the covenants in effect at the time of such action, shall be deemed to impair or affect any legal rights of any holders of the Notes to receive payment of principal of or premium, if any, or interest on the Notes or to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to such holder's Notes.

### *Satisfaction and Discharge*

The applicable Indenture will be discharged and will cease to be of further effect as to the Notes of a series issued thereunder, when:

- (1) either:
  - (a) all Notes of such series that have been authenticated, except lost, stolen or destroyed Notes that have been replaced or paid and Notes for payment of which money has been deposited in trust and thereafter repaid to the Issuer, have been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation; or
  - (b) all Notes of such series that have not been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation have become due and payable by reason of the sending of a notice of redemption or otherwise or will become due and payable within one year and the Issuer or any Guarantor has irrevocably deposited or caused to be deposited with the Trustee or its designee as trust funds in trust solely for the benefit of the holders of such series of Notes, cash in euros, European Government Obligations, or a combination thereof, in such amounts as will be sufficient, without consideration of any reinvestment of interest, to pay and discharge the entire Indebtedness on the Notes of such series not delivered to the Trustee for cancellation for principal of, and premium, if any, and accrued interest to the date of maturity or redemption; *provided* that upon any redemption that requires the payment of a premium, the amount deposited shall be sufficient for purposes of the Indenture to the extent that an amount is deposited with the Trustee equal to the premium calculated as of the date of the notice of redemption, with any deficit as of the redemption date only required to be deposited with the Trustee on or prior to the redemption date;
- (2) the Issuer or any Guarantor has paid or caused to be paid all sums payable by it under the Indenture with respect to the Notes of such series; and
- (3) the Issuer has delivered irrevocable instructions to the Trustee under the Indenture to apply the deposited money toward the payment of the Notes of such series at maturity or on the redemption date, as the case may be.

In addition, the Issuer must deliver to the Trustee (a) an officer's certificate, stating that all conditions precedent set forth in the Indenture have been satisfied, and (b) an opinion of counsel (which opinion of counsel may be subject to customary assumptions, qualifications and exclusions), stating that all conditions precedent set forth in the Indenture have been satisfied.

### *Issuance in Euro*

All payments of interest and principal, including payments made upon any redemption of such Notes, are payable in euros. If, at any time, the euro is unavailable to the Issuer due to the imposition of exchange controls or other circumstances beyond the Issuer's control or if the euro is no longer being used by the then member states of the European Monetary Union that have adopted the euro as their currency or for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the international banking community, then all payments in respect of the Notes and the Note Guarantees as required pursuant to the Indenture will be made in U.S. dollars until the euro is again available to the Issuer or so used. The amount payable on any date in euros will be converted into U.S. dollars at the rate mandated by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System as of the close of business on the second Business Day prior to the relevant payment date or, if the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has not announced a rate of conversion, on the basis of the most recently available market exchange rate for euro, as determined in the Issuer's sole discretion. Any payment in respect of the Notes so made in U.S. dollars will not constitute an event of default under the Notes or the Indenture. Neither the Trustee nor the paying agent shall have any responsibility for any calculation or conversion in connection with the foregoing, nor shall the Trustee or the paying agent be responsible for determining the unavailability of euro. For the Avoidance of doubt, the Trustee and

paying agent may conclusively rely on the determination of the Issuer to pay the Notes and the Note Guarantees in U.S. Dollars.

#### *Book-Entry, Delivery and Form*

The Notes are initially represented by one or more fully registered global notes. Each such global note has been deposited with, or on behalf of, a common depositary, and registered in the name of the nominee of the common depositary for the accounts of Clearstream and Euroclear. A person owning a beneficial interest in a Note may hold its interests in the global notes in Europe through Clearstream or Euroclear, either as a participant in such systems or indirectly through organizations which are participants in such systems. Clearstream and Euroclear hold interests in the global notes on behalf of their respective participating organizations or customers through customers' securities accounts in Clearstream's or Euroclear's names on the books of their respective depositaries. Book-entry interests in the Notes and all transfers relating to the Notes are reflected in the book-entry records of Clearstream and Euroclear.

Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in the Notes are not entitled to have the Notes registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of the Notes in definitive form and will not be considered the owners or holders of the Notes under the Indenture, including for purposes of receiving any reports delivered pursuant to the Indenture. Accordingly, each person owning a beneficial interest in a Note must rely on the procedures of the depositary and, if such person is not a participant, on the procedures of the participant through which such person owns its interest, in order to exercise any rights of a holder of Notes. Neither the Trustee nor any of its respective agents or affiliates will have any responsibility for the performance by Clearstream, Euroclear or their participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations. The Trustee has no liability or responsibility for the action or inaction of Clearstream or Euroclear or any other depositary. Payments, deliveries, transfers, exchanges, notices and other matters relating to the notes made through Euroclear or Clearstream must comply with the rules and procedures of those systems.

#### *Certificated Notes*

The Issuer will issue Notes to a person owning a beneficial interest in a Note or its nominees, in fully certificated registered form, only if (1) the Issuer advises the Trustee in writing that the depositary is no longer willing or able to discharge its responsibilities properly, and the Issuer is unable to locate a qualified successor within 90 days; (2) an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing under the indenture; or (3) the Issuer, at its option, elects to terminate the book-entry system. If any of the three above events occurs, the Trustee will re-issue the Notes in fully certificated registered form and will recognize the registered holders of the certificated Notes as holders under the Indenture.

Unless and until the Issuer issues the Notes in fully certificated, registered form, (1) a person owning a beneficial interest in a Note will not be entitled to receive a certificate representing its interest in the Notes; (2) all references in this summary to actions by holders will refer to actions taken by the depositary upon instructions from their direct participants; and (3) all references in this summary to payments and notices to holders will refer to payments and notices to the depositary, as the registered holder of the Notes, for distribution to persons owning beneficial interests in Notes in accordance with its policies and procedures.

#### *Governing Law*

The Indenture, the Notes and the Note Guarantees are governed by the laws of the State of New York.

#### *Concerning the Trustee*

The Issuer and the Guarantors maintain ordinary banking relationships with Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas and its affiliates.

If the Trustee becomes a creditor of the Issuer or any Guarantor, the Indenture limits the right of the Trustee to obtain payment of claims in certain cases, or to realize on certain property received in respect of any such claim as security or otherwise. The Trustee will be permitted to engage in other transactions; however, if it acquires any conflicting interest when a Default is continuing it must eliminate such conflict within 90 days of the date such conflict arises, apply to the SEC for permission to continue as trustee or resign.

The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes of the applicable series will have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for exercising any remedy available to the Trustee, subject to certain exceptions. The Indenture provides that in case an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the Trustee will be required, in the exercise of its power, to use the degree of care of a prudent person in the conduct of such person's own affairs.

Subject to such provisions, the Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under the Indenture at the request of any holder of Notes of the applicable series, unless such holder has offered to the Trustee security and indemnity satisfactory to it against the losses, liabilities and expenses that might be incurred by it in compliance with such request or direction.

#### *Certain Definitions*

Set forth below are certain defined terms used in the Indenture. Reference is made to the Indenture for a full disclosure of all defined terms used therein, as well as any other capitalized terms used herein for which no definition is provided.

"Bankruptcy Code" means the United States Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. Section 1.1 et seq.), as amended from time to time.

"Bankruptcy Law" means the Bankruptcy Code or any similar federal, state or foreign law for the relief of debtors.

"Board of Directors" means:

- (1) with respect to a corporation, the board of directors of the corporation or any committee thereof duly authorized to act on behalf of such board;
- (2) with respect to a partnership, the board of directors or managing member of the general partner of the partnership;
- (3) with respect to a limited liability company, the manager, managing member or members or any controlling committee of managing members thereof; and
- (4) with respect to any other Person, the board or committee of such Person serving a similar function.

"Business Combination" means the acquisition by Parent or any of its subsidiaries, whether directly or indirectly, of Sprint.

"Business Day" means, unless otherwise provided by board resolution, officer's certificate or Supplemental Indenture for a particular series, any day except a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday in the City of New York or London or in any place of payment with respect to the Notes on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law, regulation or executive order to close, and on which the Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross Settlement Express Transfer system (the TARGET2 system), or any successor thereto, is open.

"Capital Stock" means:

- (1) in the case of a corporation, corporate stock;

- (2) in the case of an association or business entity, any and all shares, interests, participations, rights or other equivalents (however designated) of corporate stock;
- (3) in the case of an exempted company, shares;
- (4) in the case of a partnership or limited liability company, partnership interests (whether general or limited) or membership interests, respectively; and
- (5) any other interest or participation that confers on a Person the right to receive a share of the profits and losses of, or distributions of assets of, the issuing Person, but excluding from all of the foregoing any debt securities convertible into Capital Stock, whether or not such debt securities include any right of participation with Capital Stock.

“Captive Insurance Subsidiary” means any direct or indirect Subsidiary of the Issuer that bears financial risk or exposure relating to insurance or reinsurance activities (including without limitation the Reinsurance Entity) and any segregated accounts associated with any such Person.

“Cash Equivalents” means:

- (1) United States dollars, pounds sterling, euros, Canadian dollars, Swiss francs, the national currency of any member state of the European Union or any other foreign currencies held by the Issuer and its Subsidiaries from time to time in the ordinary course of business;
- (2) securities issued or directly and fully guaranteed or insured by the government of the United States of America, Canada, the United Kingdom, Switzerland or any country that is a member of the European Union or any agency or instrumentality thereof (*provided* that the full faith and credit of the United States, Canada, the United Kingdom, Switzerland or the relevant member state of the European Union, as the case may be, is pledged in support of those securities) having maturities of not more than two years from the date of acquisition;
- (3) demand deposits, certificates of deposit and eurodollar time deposits with maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition, bankers’ acceptances with maturities not exceeding one year and overnight bank deposits, in each case, with any domestic commercial bank having capital and surplus in excess of \$250.0 million, in the case of U.S. banks, and \$100.0 million (or the foreign currency equivalent thereof), in the case of non-U.S. banks;
- (4) repurchase obligations with a term of not more than 30 days for underlying securities of the types described in clauses (2) and (3) above entered into with any financial institution meeting the qualifications specified in clause (3) above;
- (5) commercial paper having one of the two highest ratings obtainable from a Rating Agency at the date of acquisition and, in each case, maturing within one year after the date of acquisition;
- (6) securities issued and fully guaranteed by any state, commonwealth or territory of the United States, Canada, any country that is a member of the European Union, the United Kingdom or Switzerland or by any political subdivision or agency or instrumentality of the foregoing, rated at least “A” (or the equivalent thereof) by a Rating Agency at the date of acquisition and having maturities of not more than two years after the date of acquisition;
- (7) auction rate securities rated at least “AA-” or “Aa3” (or the equivalent thereof) by a Rating Agency at the time of purchase and with reset dates of one year or less from the time of purchase;
- (8) investments, classified in accordance with GAAP as current assets of the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries, in money market funds, mutual funds or investment programs registered under the



Investment Company Act of 1940, at least 90% of the portfolios of which constitute investments of the character, quality and maturity described in clauses (1) through (7) of this definition;

(9) any substantially similar investment to the kinds described in clauses (1) through (7) of this definition rated at least “P-2” by Moody’s or “A-2” by S&P or the equivalent thereof; and

(10) deposits or payments made to the FCC in connection with the auction or licensing of Governmental Authorizations that are fully refundable.

“CFC” means a “controlled foreign corporation” within the meaning of Section 957 of the Internal Revenue Code.

“Consolidated Net Tangible Assets” means, with respect to any Person, the aggregate amount of assets (less applicable reserves and other properly deductible items) after deducting therefrom (1) all current liabilities, except for (a) notes and loans payable, (b) current maturities of long-term debt and (c) current maturities of obligations under Financing Lease Obligations, and (2) to the extent included in such aggregate amount of assets, all intangible assets, goodwill, trade names, trademarks, patents, organization and development expenses, unamortized debt discount and expenses and deferred charges (other than capitalized unamortized product development costs, such as, without limitation, capitalized hardware and software development costs), determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP consistently applied, as determined on a pro forma basis for acquisitions, dispositions and Pro Forma Transactions, as of the date of the most recent balance sheet of the Issuer.

“Consolidated Net Worth” means, with respect to any Person, at the date of any determination, the consolidated stockholders’ or owners’ equity of the holders of Capital Stock of such Person and its Subsidiaries, determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP consistently applied, as determined on a pro forma basis for acquisitions, dispositions and Pro Forma Transactions.

“Consolidated Total Assets” means, with respect to any Person, the consolidated total assets of such Person and its Subsidiaries as set forth on the most recent balance sheet of such Person prepared in accordance with GAAP, as determined on a pro forma basis for acquisitions, dispositions and Pro Forma Transactions.

“Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee” means, solely for purposes of presenting Notes, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas located at 1 Columbus Circle, 17th Floor, Mail Stop NYC01-1710, New York, NY 10019, and, for all other purposes, the office of the Trustee at which any time its corporate trust business will be administered, which at the date hereof is located at 1 Columbus Circle, 17th Floor, Mail Stop NYC01-1710, New York, NY 10019, or such other address as the Trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the holders and the Issuer, or the principal corporate trust office of any successor trustee (or such other address as such successor trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the holders and the Issuer).

“Credit Agreement” means (a) the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated October 17, 2022, by and among the Issuer, the lenders, swingline lenders and L/C issuers party thereto, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, together with the related documents thereto (including any term loans and revolving loans thereunder, any guarantees and security documents), as further amended, extended, renewed, restated, replaced, supplemented or otherwise modified (in whole or in part, and without limitation as to amount, terms, conditions, covenants and other provisions) from time to time, and (b) any agreement (and related document) governing indebtedness which is incurred to Refinance, in whole or in part, the borrowings and commitments then outstanding or permitted to be outstanding under such Credit Agreement or a successor Credit Agreement, whether by the same or any other lender or group of lenders.

“Crown Towers Transaction Agreements” means (i) the Master Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2012 (as the same may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time) among the Issuer, Crown Castle International Corp., a Delaware corporation, and certain Subsidiaries of the Issuer; and (ii) each of the other transaction documents entered into in connection therewith or contemplated thereby, as they may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

“Default” means any event that is, or with the passage of time or the giving of notice or both would be, an Event of Default; *provided* that any Default that results solely from the taking of an action that would have been permitted but for the continuation of a previous Default will be deemed to be cured if such previous Default is cured prior to becoming an Event of Default.

“Deutsche Telekom” means Deutsche Telekom AG, an *Aktiengesellschaft* organized and existing under the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany.

“Domestic Subsidiary” means any Subsidiary of the Issuer that is not a Foreign Subsidiary.

“Equity Interests” means Capital Stock and all warrants, options or other rights to acquire Capital Stock (but excluding any debt security that is convertible into, or exchangeable for, Capital Stock).

“European Government Obligations” means (A) any security that is (1) a direct and unconditional obligation of the European Union, (2) backed by the European Union’s budgetary and cash resources and by the European Commission’s right to call for additional resources from member states, (3) a direct obligation of any member state of the European Union, for the payment of which the full-faith-and-credit of such country is pledged or (4) an obligation of a Person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of any such country, the payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full-faith-and-credit obligation by such country, which, in any case under the preceding clauses (1) through (4), is not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuer thereof and (B) certificates, depositary receipts or other instruments which evidence a direct ownership interest in obligations described in clause (A) above or in any specific principal or interest payments due in respect thereof.

“Exchange Act” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

“Excluded Subsidiary” means any Subsidiary of Parent that is, at any time of determination, (i) not a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary, (ii) an Immaterial Subsidiary, (iii) a Foreign Subsidiary, (iv) a Domestic Subsidiary that is (x) a FSHCO or (y) a direct or indirect Subsidiary of a Foreign Subsidiary that is a CFC, (v) an “Unrestricted Subsidiary” (or the equivalent thereof) under the Credit Agreement, (vi) a not-for-profit Subsidiary, (vii) a Captive Insurance Subsidiary, (viii) a special purpose securitization vehicle (or similar entity), including any Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary, any Permitted Spectrum Financing Subsidiary or any Permitted Tower Financing Subsidiary, or any of their respective Subsidiaries, (ix) prohibited from guaranteeing the Obligations by any applicable law (including financial assistance, fraudulent conveyance, preference, thin capitalization or other similar laws or regulations) or by any contractual requirement existing on the date of the Base Indenture or on the date of the acquisition of such Subsidiary or the date such Subsidiary became a “Restricted Subsidiary” or the equivalent thereof under the Credit Agreement (in each case not created in contemplation of such acquisition or of such Restricted Subsidiary becoming such a Restricted Subsidiary) (and for so long as such restriction or any replacement or renewal thereof is in effect), including any requirement to obtain the consent, approval, license or authorization of a Governmental Authority or third party (other than a Note Party or “Restricted Subsidiary” under the Credit Agreement) (unless such consent, approval, license or authorization has been obtained), (x) [reserved], (xi) with respect to which the provision of a guarantee would, in the reasonable good faith determination of the Issuer in consultation with the administrative agent under the Credit Agreement (for so long as the Credit Agreement is outstanding), be expected to result in materially adverse tax or regulatory consequences to the Issuer, Parent or any of their respective Subsidiaries or (xii) with respect to which the Issuer and the administrative agent under the Credit Agreement (for so long as the Credit Agreement is outstanding) reasonably determine the cost or other consequences of providing a guarantee is likely to be excessive in relation to the value to be afforded thereby; *provided* that, notwithstanding the foregoing, (a) the Issuer may in its sole discretion designate any Excluded Subsidiary as a Subsidiary Guarantor and may, thereafter, re-designate such Subsidiary as an Excluded Subsidiary (so long as such Subsidiary otherwise then qualifies as an Excluded Subsidiary pursuant to any of clauses (i) through (xii) above), upon which re-designation such Subsidiary shall automatically be released from its Note Guarantee.

“Existing ABS Notes” means the 4.910% Class A senior asset-backed notes and the 5.050% Class A senior asset-backed notes, each issued by a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Issuer and outstanding as of the Series Issue Date.

“Existing Receivables Financing Subsidiaries” means each of T-Mobile Airtime Funding LLC, T-Mobile Handset Funding LLC, SFE 1, LLC and SFE 2, LLC, together with their successors and assigns and any Subsidiary of the foregoing.

“Existing Sprint Spectrum Financing Documents” means the Existing Sprint Spectrum-Backed Notes, the Existing Sprint Spectrum Indenture, the Spectrum Performance Agreement, the Intra-Company Spectrum Lease Agreement, dated as of October 27, 2016, among certain of the Existing Sprint Spectrum Note Entities, Sprint Communications, and the other parties thereto, each “Transaction Document” (as defined in the Existing Sprint Spectrum Indenture) and each other document related thereto, in each case as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

“Existing Sprint Spectrum Indenture” means the Indenture, dated as of October 27, 2016, by and among Sprint Spectrum Co LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co III LLC, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, including as supplemented with respect to each series of Existing Sprint Spectrum-Backed Notes.

“Existing Sprint Spectrum Issuers” means Sprint Spectrum Co LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co III LLC, and their successors and assigns.

“Existing Sprint Spectrum Note Entities” means, collectively, each of Sprint Spectrum Depositor LLC, Sprint Spectrum Depositor II LLC, Sprint Spectrum Depositor III LLC, Sprint Intermediate HoldCo LLC, Sprint Intermediate HoldCo II LLC, Sprint Intermediate HoldCo III LLC, Sprint Spectrum PledgeCo LLC, Sprint Spectrum PledgeCo II LLC, Sprint Spectrum PledgeCo III LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC, Sprint Spectrum Co III LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder LLC, Sprint Spectrum License Holder II LLC and Sprint Spectrum License Holder III LLC, their successors and assigns and any Subsidiary of the foregoing.

“Existing Sprint Spectrum-Backed Notes” means the Existing Sprint Spectrum Issuers’ Series 2018-1 4.738% Senior Secured Notes, Class A-1, Series 2018-1 5.152% Senior Secured Notes, Class A-2, Series 2016-1 3.360% Senior Secured Notes, Class A-1 (the amount remaining outstanding under which was repaid in full on August 20, 2021), and any other note or series of notes issued under the Existing Sprint Spectrum Indenture from time to time.

“Existing Sprint Unsecured Notes” means the notes issued under the Sprint Capital Corporation Indenture and the Sprint Indenture and outstanding as of the Series Issue Date.

“Existing T-Mobile Unsecured Notes” means the notes issued under the T-Mobile 2013 Indenture, T-Mobile 2020 Indenture and T-Mobile 2022 Indenture and outstanding as of the Series Issue Date.

“Fair Market Value” means the value that would be paid by a buyer to an unaffiliated seller, determined in good faith by the Issuer’s Board of Directors or a senior officer of the Issuer, which determination shall be conclusive; *provided* that any sale, lease, license or other disposition of assets in connection with the Business Combination (including any required regulatory divestitures) shall be deemed to be for Fair Market Value regardless of whether such sale, lease, license or other disposition meets the requirement of this definition.

“FCC” means the United States Federal Communications Commission and any successor agency that is responsible for regulating the United States telecommunications industry.

“FCC Licenses” means all licenses or permits now or hereafter issued by the FCC.

“Financing Lease Obligation” means, at the time any determination is to be made, the amount of the liability in respect of a financing lease that would at that time be required to be capitalized and reflected as a liability on a balance sheet prepared in accordance with GAAP.

“Fitch” means Fitch Ratings, Inc. and its successors.

“Foreign Subsidiary” means any Subsidiary of Parent other than a Subsidiary organized under the laws of the United States or any state of the United States or the District of Columbia.

“FSHCO” means any Subsidiary of Parent that owns no material assets (directly or through Subsidiaries) other than Equity Interests (or Equity Interests and Indebtedness) in one or more Foreign Subsidiaries that are CFCs.

“GAAP” means generally accepted accounting principles as in effect on the date of any calculation or determination required under the Notes of the applicable series or the Indenture. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time, (i) the Issuer may elect to apply IFRS accounting principles in lieu of GAAP and, upon any such election, references herein to GAAP or parts of the Accounting Standards Codification or “ASC” shall thereafter be construed to mean IFRS (except as otherwise provided in the Indenture) and (ii) the Issuer, on any date, may elect to establish that GAAP shall mean GAAP as in effect on such date; *provided* that any such election, once made, shall be irrevocable; *provided, further*, that any calculation or determination in the Indenture that requires the application of GAAP for periods that include fiscal quarters ended prior to the Issuer’s election to apply IFRS shall remain as previously calculated or determined in accordance with GAAP. The Issuer shall give notice of any such election made in accordance with this definition to the Trustee and the holders of outstanding Notes.

“Governmental Authority” means any nation or government, any state, province, territory or other political subdivision thereof and any other agency, authority, instrumentality, regulatory body, court, central bank or other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any supra-national bodies such as the European Union or the European Central Bank).

“Governmental Authorization” means any permit, license, authorization, plan, directive, consent, permission, consent order or consent decree of or from any Governmental Authority, including but not limited to FCC Licenses.

“Guarantee” means a guarantee other than by endorsement of negotiable instruments for collection in the ordinary course of business, direct or indirect, in any manner including by way of a pledge of assets or through letters of credit or reimbursement agreements in respect thereof, of all or any part of any Indebtedness (whether arising by virtue of partnership arrangements, or by agreements to keep-well, to purchase assets, goods, securities or services, to take or pay or to maintain financial statement conditions or otherwise); *provided, however*, that the term Guarantee shall not include endorsements of instruments for deposit or collection in the ordinary course of business or customary indemnity obligations in effect on the date of the Base Indenture or entered into in connection with any acquisition or disposition permitted under the Indenture (other than such obligations with respect to Indebtedness). The amount of any Guarantee of any guaranteeing person shall be deemed to be the lower of (a) an amount equal to the stated or determinable amount of the primary obligation (or portion thereof) in respect of which such Guarantee is made and (b) the maximum amount for which such guaranteeing person may be liable pursuant to the terms of the instrument embodying such Guarantee, unless such primary obligation and the maximum amount for which such guaranteeing person may be liable are not stated or determinable, in which case the amount of such Guarantee shall be such guaranteeing person’s maximum reasonably anticipated liability in respect thereof as determined by the Issuer in good faith.

“Guarantor” means, with respect to the Notes of any series, any Person who has guaranteed the obligations of the Issuer under the Indenture until released from its Note Guarantee pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture.

“Hedging Obligations” means, with respect to any specified Person, the obligations of such Person under:

- (1) interest rate swap agreements (whether from fixed to floating or from floating to fixed), interest rate cap agreements and interest rate collar agreements;
- (2) other agreements or arrangements designed to manage interest rates or interest rate risk; and
- (3) other agreements or arrangements designed to protect such Person against fluctuations in currency exchange rates or commodity prices, and any guarantee in respect thereof.

“IFRS” means the international accounting standards promulgated by the International Accounting Standards Board and its predecessors and successors, as adopted by the European Union, as in effect from time to time.

“Immaterial Subsidiary” means any Subsidiary of the Issuer that at any time has Consolidated Total Assets accounting for less than 2.50% of the Issuer’s Consolidated Total Assets; *provided* that the aggregate Consolidated Total Assets of all Immaterial Subsidiaries shall not at any time exceed 5.00% of the Issuer’s Consolidated Total Assets.

“incur” means create, incur, issue, assume, guarantee or otherwise become directly or indirectly liable, contingently or otherwise. The term “incurrence” has a correlative meaning.

“Indebtedness” means, with respect to any specified Person, without duplication,

- (a) any indebtedness of such Person (excluding accrued expenses and trade payables), whether or not contingent:
  - (1) in respect of borrowed money;
  - (2) evidenced by bonds, notes, debentures or similar instruments or letters of credit (or reimbursement agreements in respect thereof);
  - (3) in respect of banker’s acceptances;
  - (4) representing Financing Lease Obligations;
  - (5) representing the balance deferred and unpaid of the purchase price of any property or services due more than six months after such property is acquired or such services are completed, except any such balance that constitutes an accrued expense or a trade payable or escrow for obligations, including indemnity obligations; or
  - (6) representing any Hedging Obligations; and
- (b) any financial liabilities recorded in respect of the upfront proceeds received in connection with Permitted Tower Financing;

in each case, if and only to the extent any of the preceding items (other than letters of credit and Hedging Obligations) would appear as a liability upon a balance sheet of the specified Person prepared in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the term “Indebtedness” includes all Indebtedness of others secured by a Lien on any asset of the specified Person (whether or not such Indebtedness is assumed by the specified Person) and, to the extent not otherwise included, the Guarantee by the specified Person of any Indebtedness of any other Person. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following shall not constitute Indebtedness: (1) accrued expenses and trade accounts payable

arising in the ordinary course of business; (2) any indebtedness that has been defeased in accordance with GAAP or defeased pursuant to the deposit of cash or Cash Equivalents (in an amount sufficient to satisfy all obligations relating thereto at maturity or redemption, as applicable, including all payments of interest and premium, if any) in a trust, escrow or account created or pledged for the sole benefit of the holders of such indebtedness, and in accordance with the other applicable terms of the instrument governing such indebtedness; (3) any obligation arising from the honoring by a bank or other financial institution of a check, draft or similar instrument drawn against insufficient funds in the ordinary course of business; (4) any obligation arising from any agreement providing for indemnities, Guarantees, escrows, purchase price adjustments, holdbacks, contingency payment obligations based on the performance of the acquired or disposed assets or similar obligations (other than Guarantees of Indebtedness) incurred by any Person in connection with the acquisition or disposition of assets; (5) Standard Securitization Undertakings and obligations incurred by a Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary in a Permitted Receivables Financing that is not recourse to Parent, the Issuer or any of the “Restricted Subsidiaries” under the Credit Agreement other than (A) one or more Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiaries and (B) pursuant to Standard Securitization Undertakings; (6) accruals for payroll and other liabilities accrued in the ordinary course of business; (7) purchase price holdbacks in respect of a portion of the purchase price of an asset to satisfy warranty or other unperformed obligations of the seller; (8) all intercompany liabilities among the Issuer and/or the Subsidiaries having a term not exceeding 364 days (inclusive of any rollover or extensions of terms) and made in the ordinary course of business and (9) any operating lease that must be recognized on the balance sheet of such Person as a lease liability and right-of-use asset in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board Update No. 2016-02, dated February 2016 (Leases (Topic 842)), which adopts Accounting Standards Codification 842.

The amount of any Indebtedness outstanding as of any date will be:

- (a) the accreted value of the Indebtedness, in the case of any Indebtedness issued with original issue discount;
- (b) in the case of Hedging Obligations, the termination value of the agreement or arrangement giving rise to such obligations that would be payable (giving effect to netting) by such Person at such time;
- (c) the principal amount of the Indebtedness, in the case of any other Indebtedness; and
- (d) in respect of Indebtedness of another Person secured by a Lien on the assets of the specified Person, the lesser of:
  - (i) the Fair Market Value of such assets at the date of determination; and
  - (ii) the amount of the Indebtedness of the other Person.

“Indebtedness for Borrowed Money” means, with respect to any specified Person, without duplication, the Indebtedness described in clauses (a)(1) and (a)(2) of the definition of “Indebtedness.”

“Internal Revenue Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

“Investments” means, with respect to any Person, all direct or indirect investments by such Person in other Persons (including affiliates) in the forms of loans (including Guarantees), advances (excluding commission, travel, entertainment, drawing accounts and similar advances to directors, officers and employees made in the ordinary course of business and excluding the purchase of assets, equipment, property or accounts receivables created or acquired in the ordinary course of business) or capital contributions, and purchases or other acquisitions for consideration of Indebtedness, Equity Interests or other securities. If the Issuer or any of its Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries that are “Restricted Subsidiaries” under the Credit Agreement sells or otherwise disposes of any Capital Stock of any direct or indirect Wholly-Owned Subsidiary that is a “Restricted Subsidiary” under the Credit Agreement such that, after giving effect to any such sale or disposition, such Person is no longer a “Restricted Subsidiary” under the Credit Agreement, the Issuer will be deemed to have made an Investment on the date of any such sale or disposition equal to the Fair Market Value of the Issuer’s Investments in such “Restricted Subsidiary”

under the Credit Agreement. Except as otherwise provided in the indenture, the amount of an Investment will be determined at the time the Investment is made and without giving effect to subsequent changes in value.

“Issue Date” means the effective date of the Supplemental Indenture pursuant to which the first series of Notes is issued under the Base Indenture.

“Lien” means, with respect to any asset, any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge, security interest or encumbrance of any kind in respect of such asset, whether or not filed, recorded or otherwise perfected under applicable law, including any conditional sale or other title retention agreement and any lease in the nature thereof; *provided* that in no event shall an operating lease in and of itself constitute a Lien.

“Material Subsidiary” means any Person that is a Domestic Subsidiary if, as of the date of the most recent balance sheet of the Issuer, the aggregate amount of securities of, loans and advances to, and other investments in, such Person held by the Issuer and its Subsidiaries exceeded 10% of the Issuer’s Consolidated Net Worth, *provided* that any Subsidiary that is at any time designated as an “Unrestricted Subsidiary” (or the equivalent thereof) under the Credit Agreement shall not constitute a “Material Subsidiary” for any purpose hereof.

“Moody’s” means Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., and its successors.

“Non-U.S. Holder” means a beneficial owner of a Note that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, an individual, corporation, estate or trust that is not treated as: (i) an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States; (ii) a corporation created or organized under the laws of the United States, any state thereof, or the District of Columbia; (iii) an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income tax regardless of its source; or (iv) a trust if (1) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more “United States persons” (within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the Internal Revenue Code) have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or (2) the trust has a valid election in effect to be treated as a United States person for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

“Note Guarantee” means, with respect to the Notes of any series, the Guarantee by each Guarantor of obligations of the Issuer with respect to the Notes of such series under the Indenture and under the Notes of such series.

“Note Parties” means, collectively, the Issuer and the Guarantors.

“Notes Documents” means the Indenture, the Notes, the Note Guarantees and any other agreements or documents entered into in connection with the Notes.

“Obligations” means any principal, interest, penalties, fees, indemnifications, reimbursements, cash collateral obligations, damages and other liabilities payable under the documentation governing any Indebtedness (including, without limitation, interest, fees or expenses which accrue after the commencement of any bankruptcy case or proceeding, whether or not allowed or allowable as a claim in any such case or proceeding).

“Permitted Acquisition” means:

- (1) any Investment by the Issuer or any Subsidiary of the Issuer in a Person, if as a result of such Investment:
  - (i) such Person becomes a Subsidiary of the Issuer; or
  - (ii) such Person is merged, consolidated or amalgamated with or into, or transfers or conveys substantially all of its assets or any division or business unit to, or is liquidated into, the Issuer or a Subsidiary of the Issuer; and
- (2) acquisitions of spectrum licenses.

“Permitted Liens” means:

- (1) Liens with respect to Obligations that do not exceed 15% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets;
- (2) with respect to any Series of Notes, Liens existing on the Series Issue Date;
- (3) Liens on property of, or on any Capital Stock of, a Person existing at the time such Person becomes a Subsidiary of Issuer or is merged with or into or consolidated with the Issuer or any Subsidiary of the Issuer;
- (4) Liens in favor of the Issuer, any Guarantor or any Domestic Subsidiary;
- (5) Liens in favor of the United States of America, any State thereof, any foreign country or any agency, department or other instrumentality thereof, to secure progress, advance or other payments pursuant to any contract or provision of any statute;
- (6) Liens on property (including Capital Stock) existing at the time of acquisition of the property by the Issuer or any Subsidiary of the Issuer (including acquisition through merger or consolidation) or to secure the payment of all or any part of the purchase price or construction or improvement cost thereof or to secure any Indebtedness incurred prior to, at the time of, or within 12 months after the later of the acquisition of such property or the completion of any such construction or improvement for the purpose of financing all or any part of the purchase price or construction or improvement cost thereof; and
- (7) Liens to secure any modification, refinancing, refunding, restatement, exchange, extension, renewal or replacement (or successive refinancing, refunding, restatement, exchange, extensions, renewals or replacements) as a whole, or in part, of any Indebtedness secured by any Lien included or incorporated by reference in this definition of “Permitted Liens” (including any accrued but unpaid interest thereon and any dividend, premium (including tender premiums), defeasance costs, underwriting discounts and any fees, costs and expenses (including original issue discount, upfront fees or similar fees) incurred in connection with such modification, refinancing, refunding, restatement, exchange, extension, renewal or replacement); *provided, however*, that:
  - (a) the new Lien shall be limited to all or part of the same property and assets that secured or, under the written agreements pursuant to which the original Lien arose, could secure the original Lien (plus improvements and accessions to such property and assets and proceeds or distributions of such property and assets and improvements and accessions thereto); and
  - (b) the Indebtedness secured by the new Lien is not increased to any amount greater than the sum of (x) the outstanding principal amount or, if greater, committed amount, of the Indebtedness being renewed, refunded, refinanced, replaced, defeased or discharged and (y) an amount necessary to pay accrued and unpaid interest, any fees and expenses, including premiums, related to such renewal, refunding, refinancing, replacement, defeasance or discharge;

“Permitted Receivables Financing” means any Receivables Financing of a Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary the terms of which (including financing terms, covenants, termination events and other provisions) (a) have been negotiated at arm’s length and (b) are, in the good faith determination of the Issuer’s Board of Directors or a senior financial officer of the Issuer, which determination shall be conclusive, in the aggregate economically fair and reasonable to the Issuer and its Subsidiaries.

“Permitted Receivables Financing Assets” means financial assets, including accounts receivable, chattel paper and other payment rights, and related assets (including contract rights and insurance payments), and the proceeds thereof.



“Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary” means, collectively, (i) each Existing Receivables Financing Subsidiary, (ii) each other Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of the Issuer that engages in no material activities other than in connection with Permitted Receivables Financings and any business or activities incidental or related to such business and (iii) any other Person formed for the purposes of engaging in a Permitted Receivables Financing in which the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries makes an Investment and to which the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries transfers Permitted Receivables Financing Assets that engages in no material activities other than in connection with Permitted Receivables Financings, and any business or activities incidental or related to such business, and in the case of clause (ii) or (iii) above which is designated by the Board of Directors of the Issuer (as provided below) as a Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary and in each case (a) no portion of the Indebtedness (contingent or otherwise) of which (i) is guaranteed by Parent, the Issuer or any of their Subsidiaries, other than another Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary or (to the extent that it might be deemed a guaranty) pursuant to Standard Securitization Undertakings, or (ii) is recourse to or obligates Parent, the Issuer or any of their Subsidiaries, other than another Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary, in any way other than pursuant to Standard Securitization Undertakings, (b) to which none of Parent, the Issuer or any of their Subsidiaries, other than another Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary, has any obligation to maintain or preserve such entity’s financial condition or cause such entity to achieve certain levels of operating results. Any such designation by the Board of Directors of the Issuer shall be evidenced to the Trustee by delivery to the Trustee of a certified copy of the resolution of the Board of Directors of the Issuer giving effect to such designation and a certificate executed by a Responsible Officer certifying that such designation complied with the foregoing conditions.

“Permitted Spectrum Financing” means the transactions contemplated by the Existing Sprint Spectrum Financing Documents, including the issuance of any Existing Sprint Spectrum-Backed Notes.

“Permitted Spectrum Financing Subsidiary” means, collectively, (i) the Existing Sprint Spectrum Note Entities and (ii) any future special purpose vehicle Subsidiaries of the Issuer (including any “Depositors” and “Intermediate HoldCos”) formed as part of and for the purpose of consummating a future transaction similar to the Permitted Spectrum Financing, together with their successors and assigns and any Subsidiary thereof.

“Permitted Tower Financing” means the transactions contemplated by the Towers Transactions Agreements.

“Permitted Tower Financing Subsidiary” means any financing subsidiary formed in connection with a Permitted Tower Financing.

“Person” means any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization, limited liability company or government or other entity.

“Phoenix Towers Transaction Agreements” means (i) the Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of July 30, 2015 (as the same may be amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time), among the Issuer, certain Subsidiaries of the Issuer, PTI US Acquisitions, LLC, and each sale site subsidiary party thereto; (ii) the Purchase and Sale Agreement (PR Sale Sites), dated as of October 28, 2015 (as the same may be amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time), among the Issuer, certain Subsidiaries of the Issuer, PTI US Acquisitions, LLC, and each sale site subsidiary party thereto; and (iii) each of the other transaction documents entered into in connection therewith or contemplated thereby, as they may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

“Preferred Stock” means, with respect to any Person, any Capital Stock of such Person that has preferential rights to any other Capital Stock of such Person with respect to dividends or payments upon liquidation.

“Principal Property” means the land, land improvements, buildings and fixtures (to the extent they constitute real property interests) (including any leasehold interest therein) constituting the principal corporate office and the equipment located thereon which (a) is owned by the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries; (b) has not been determined in good faith by the Board of Directors of the Issuer not to be materially important to the total business conducted by Issuer and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole; and (c) has a net book value on the date as of which the

determination is being made in excess of 1.0% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets as most recently determined on or prior to such date (including, for purposes of such calculation, the land, land improvements, buildings and such fixtures comprising such office).

“Pro Forma Transactions” means, (x) any incurrence or repayment of Indebtedness (other than working capital or Indebtedness incurred in the ordinary course of business), any Investment that results in a Person becoming a Subsidiary of the Issuer, any Permitted Acquisition or disposition that results in a Subsidiary ceasing to be a Subsidiary or any Investment constituting an acquisition of assets constituting a business unit, line of business or division of another Person or any disposition of a business unit, line of business or division of the Issuer or any Subsidiary of the Issuer, in each case whether by merger, consolidation, amalgamation or otherwise and in each case under this clause (x) with a Fair Market Value in excess of \$25,000,000 and (y) any restructuring or cost saving, operational change or business rationalization initiative or other initiative.

“Rating Agency” means each of Moody’s, S&P, Fitch and, if any of Moody’s, S&P or Fitch ceases to exist or ceases to rate the Notes of the applicable series for reasons outside of the control of the Issuer, any other “nationally recognized statistical rating organization” as such term is defined under Section 3(a)(62) of the Exchange Act selected by the Issuer as a replacement agency.

“Receivables Financing” means any transaction or series of transactions that may be entered into by Parent, the Issuer or any Subsidiary pursuant to which Parent, the Issuer or any Subsidiary of the Issuer may sell, convey or otherwise transfer to (a) a Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary (in the case of a transfer by Parent, the Issuer or any Subsidiary of the Issuer) or (b) any other Person (in the case of a transfer by a Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary), or a Permitted Receivables Financing Subsidiary may grant a security interest in, any Permitted Receivables Financing Assets of Parent, the Issuer or any Subsidiary of the Issuer.

“Refinancing” or “Refinance” shall mean, with respect to any Indebtedness, any other Indebtedness issued as part of a refinancing, extension, renewal, defeasance, discharge, amendment, restatement, modification, supplement, substitution, restructuring, replacement, exchange, refunding or repayment thereof.

“Reinsurance Entity” means TMUS Assurance Corporation, a Hawaii corporation, and any successor thereto.

“Responsible Officer” means, (i) when used with respect to the Trustee, any officer within the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee (or any successor group thereto) or any other officer of the Trustee (or any successor group thereto) who customarily performs functions similar to those performed by any of the above designated officers and also means, with respect to a particular corporate trust matter, any other officer to whom such matter is referred because of his or her knowledge of and familiarity with the particular subject and who has responsibility for the administration of the Indenture and (ii) as to any other Person, the chief executive officer, president, chief financial officer, chief accounting officer, treasurer or director of such Person, but in any event, with respect to financial matters, the chief financial officer, chief accounting officer, treasurer or director of such Person. Unless otherwise qualified or the context otherwise requires, all references to a “Responsible Officer” mean a Responsible Officer of the Issuer.

“S&P” means Standard & Poor’s Financial Services LLC, a subsidiary of S&P Global Inc., and its successors.

“Series Issue Date” means May 8, 2024.

“Significant Subsidiary” means, with respect to any specified Person, any Subsidiary of such Person that as of the end of the most recent fiscal quarter for which financial statements are available, would be a “significant subsidiary” as defined in Article 1, Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X, promulgated pursuant to the Securities Act, as such Regulation is in effect on the Issue Date, of such Person.

“Spectrum” means frequencies of electromagnetic spectrum used to provide fixed or mobile communications services as licensed or authorized by the FCC.

“Spectrum Performance Agreement” means the SCI Payment and Performance Undertaking Agreement, dated as of October 27, 2016, between Sprint Communications, Sprint, the other grantors party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee (as amended from time to time).

“Sprint” means Sprint LLC, formerly known as Sprint Corporation.

“Sprint Capital Corporation Indenture” means that certain Indenture, dated as of October 1, 1998, by Sprint Capital Corporation, Sprint and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Bank One, N.A.), as trustee, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

“Sprint Communications” means Sprint Communications LLC, formerly known as Sprint Communications, Inc.

“Sprint Indenture” means that certain Senior Notes Indenture, dated as of September 11, 2013, between Sprint and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

“Sprint Towers Transaction Agreements” means (i) the towers transactions agreements entered into prior to the Issue Date by Sprint and its affiliates and (ii) each of the other transaction documents entered into in connection therewith or contemplated thereby, as they may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

“Standard Securitization Undertakings” means representations, warranties, covenants and indemnities (including repurchase obligations in the event of a breach of representation and warranty) made or provided, and limited recourse guarantees, performance guarantees and servicing obligations undertaken, by the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries in connection with a Permitted Receivables Financing, a Permitted Spectrum Financing or a Permitted Tower Financing of a character appropriate for the assets being securitized and which have been negotiated at arm’s length with an unaffiliated third party. For the avoidance of doubt, the undertakings included in the Existing Sprint Spectrum Financing Documents (and substantially similar undertakings to the foregoing in any similar arrangements) constitute Standard Securitization Undertakings.

“Subsidiary” means, with respect to any specified Person:

- (1) any corporation, association or other business entity of which more than 50% of the total voting power of shares of Capital Stock entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency and after giving effect to any voting agreement or stockholders’ agreement that effectively transfers voting power) to vote in the election of directors, managers or trustees of the corporation, association or other business entity is at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by such Person or one or more of the other Subsidiaries of such Person (or a combination thereof); and
- (2) any partnership (a) the sole general partner or the managing general partner of which is such Person or a Subsidiary of such Person or (b) the only general partners of which are such Person or one or more Subsidiaries of such Person (or any combination thereof).

“Subsidiary Guarantors” means, collectively, the Guarantors that are Subsidiaries of the Issuer.

“T-Mobile 2013 Indenture” means the Indenture, dated as of April 28, 2013, among the Issuer, the guarantors party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

“T-Mobile 2020 Indenture” means the Indenture, dated as of April 9, 2020, among the Issuer, Parent, the guarantors from time to time party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

“T-Mobile 2022 Indenture” means the Indenture, dated as of September 15, 2022, among the Issuer, Parent, the guarantors from time to time party thereto and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

“Tower Obligations” means long-term financial obligations in the amount of the net proceeds received and recognized interest on the obligations pursuant to the Towers Transactions Agreements.

“Towers Transactions Agreements” means the Crown Towers Transaction Agreements, the Phoenix Towers Transaction Agreements and the Sprint Towers Transaction Agreements.

“Wholly-Owned Subsidiary” of any specified Person means a Subsidiary of such Person, all of the outstanding Capital Stock or other ownership interests of which (other than (a) directors’ qualifying shares and (b) nominal shares issued to foreign nationals to the extent required by applicable legal requirements) is owned by such Person directly or through one or more Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries of such Person. Except if expressly otherwise specified, Wholly-Owned Subsidiary means a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of the Issuer.

**FIRST AMENDMENT TO  
LICENSE PURCHASE AGREEMENT AND**

**LONG-TERM SPECTRUM MANAGER LEASE AGREEMENT**

THIS FIRST AMENDMENT TO LICENSE PURCHASE AGREEMENT AND LONG-TERM SPECTRUM MANAGER LEASE AGREEMENT (this “First Amendment”), dated as of January 10, 2025, is entered into by and among (i) T-MOBILE USA, INC., a Delaware corporation (“T-Mobile”), (ii) T-MOBILE LICENSE LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“T-Mobile License”) and collectively with T-Mobile, the “T-Mobile Parties”), (iii) T-Mobile US, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“Guarantor”), (iv) COMCAST OTR1, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“Comcast License”), and (v) COMCAST CORPORATION, a Pennsylvania corporation (“Comcast” and collectively with Comcast License, the “Comcast Parties”).

WHEREAS, the T-Mobile Parties, the Guarantor and the Comcast Parties entered into that certain License Purchase Agreement, dated as of September 12, 2023 (as amended, the “Purchase Agreement”), for the sale and purchase of certain 600 MHz licenses, which are listed in Schedule A thereto (the “Licenses”);

WHEREAS, T-Mobile License and Comcast License entered into that certain Long-Term Spectrum Manager Lease Agreement, dated as of September 12, 2023 (as amended, the “Lease Agreement”), for the lease of the Licenses, which are listed in Schedule A thereto;

WHEREAS, Comcast License owns and holds the 600 MHz license issued by the FCC with FCC callsign WQZM777 for the Philadelphia, PA market (the “Philadelphia License”);

WHEREAS, the applicable parties hereto have agreed that (i) Comcast License will sell, and T-Mobile License will purchase, the Philadelphia License on the terms and conditions set forth in the Purchase Agreement, as amended hereby, and (ii) Comcast License will grant T-Mobile License the right to use the entirety of the frequencies of the Philadelphia License for the applicable Term (as defined in the Lease Agreement) on the terms and conditions set forth in the Lease Agreement, as amended hereby; and

WHEREAS, in consideration of the foregoing, and pursuant to Section 9.3(b) of the Purchase Agreement and Section 13(d) of the Lease Agreement, as applicable, the applicable parties hereto now desire to amend the Purchase Agreement and the Lease Agreement as set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual representations, warranties, covenants, conditions and agreements hereinafter set forth, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto, intending to be legally bound, agree as follows:

1. Definitions. Any capitalized terms used in Section 2 of this First Amendment but not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Purchase Agreement.

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Any capitalized terms used in Section 3 of this First Amendment but not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Lease Agreement.

2. Amendment of the Purchase Agreement.

a. Schedule A (Licenses) of the Purchase Agreement is hereby amended and replaced in its entirety with the Schedule as attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

b. Section 2.1(b) of the Purchase Agreement is hereby amended and replaced in its entirety with the following:

“(b) At each Closing, subject to Schedule D, in consideration for the grant, sale, conveyance, assignment, transfer and delivery of the Licenses subject to such Closing in accordance with Section 2.1, T-Mobile License shall pay or cause to be paid an aggregate amount equal to (i) the sum of the amounts set forth in the “Purchase Price Allocation” column on Schedule A for the Licenses subject to such Closing, minus (ii) the Applicable Prepaid Lease Amount (the “Applicable Purchase Price”), in each case, by wire transfer of immediately available funds to such account(s) as Comcast License shall designate no later than three (3) Business Days prior to the applicable Closing Date.”

c. The Philadelphia License shall be treated as a License and a Part 1B License for all purposes under the Purchase Agreement and shall be subject to all of the terms of the Purchase Agreement as if it had been included on Schedule A (Licenses) as of the date of execution of the Purchase Agreement by the parties hereto.

d. Section 9.5 of the Purchase Agreement is hereby amended and replaced in its entirety with the following:

“Section 9.5 Notices.

Any notice, request, demand, waiver, consent, approval or other communication that is required or permitted hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed given only if delivered personally or sent by registered or certified mail or by Federal Express or other overnight mail service, postage prepaid, or by e-mail (with written confirmation of receipt, other than by means of automatically-generated reply), as follows:

If to the T-Mobile Parties (or any of them), to:

T-Mobile USA, Inc.  
12920 SE 38<sup>th</sup> Street  
Bellevue, Washington 98006  
Attention: General Counsel  
E-mail: Mark.Nelson@T-Mobile.com

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with a required copy (which shall not itself constitute proper notice) to:

T-Mobile USA, Inc.  
12920 SE 38<sup>th</sup> Street  
Bellevue, Washington 98006  
Attention: Dirk Mosa, SVP, Spectrum, Partnerships, Acquisitions and Roaming  
E-mail: Dirk.Mosa@T-Mobile.com

and

DLA Piper LLP (US)  
500 8<sup>th</sup> Street NW  
Washington, DC 20004  
Attention: Nancy Victory and Marc Samuel  
Email: nancy.victory@us.dlapiper.com and marc.samuel@us.dlapiper.com

If to the Comcast Parties, to:

Comcast Corporation  
One Comcast Center  
1701 John F. Kennedy Blvd.  
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2838  
Attention: Chief Legal Officer  
Email: corporate\_legal@comcast.com

with a required copy (which shall not itself constitute proper notice) to:

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP  
450 Lexington Avenue  
New York, NY 10017  
Attention: Brian Wolfe  
Email: brian.wolfe@davispolk.com

or to such other address as the addressee may have specified in a notice duly given to the sender as provided herein. Such notice, request, demand, waiver, consent, approval or other communication will be deemed to have been given as of the date so delivered.”

3. Amendment of the Lease Agreement.

a. Schedule A (Licenses) of the Lease Agreement is hereby amended and replaced in its entirety with the Schedule as attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

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b. Schedule B (Coverage) of the Lease Agreement is hereby amended and replaced in its entirety with the Schedule as attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

c. Section 8(a) of the Lease Agreement is hereby amended and replaced in its entirety with the following:

“a) Lease Fees. In consideration for the Spectrum Usage Rights granted to Lessee hereunder for each calendar quarter during the Term, throughout the Term, Lessee shall make a payment (the “Lease Fee Amount”) in the amount of the “Quarterly Lease” shown in Schedule A for each FCC License then subject to this Lease Agreement and for which the Lease Commencement Date has occurred; provided that the Lease Commencement Date for each Part 1A License shall be deemed to be no later than the first anniversary of the Initial Lease Commencement Date for purposes of this Section 8(a).”

d. The Philadelphia License shall be treated as an FCC License and a Part 1B License for all purposes under the Lease Agreement and shall be subject to all of the terms of the Lease Agreement as of the date of this First Amendment; provided that, notwithstanding anything in the Lease Agreement to the contrary, Lessor shall file a lease notification for the Philadelphia License no later than ten (10) Business Days after the date of this First Amendment or such later date on or prior to January 31, 2025 as the parties may mutually agree.

#### 4. General.

a. Binding Effect. This First Amendment shall be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the parties hereto and their successors and permitted assigns.

b. Full Force and Effect. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, all of the terms and conditions of the Purchase Agreement and the Lease Agreement remain unchanged and continue in full force and effect. All references to the Purchase Agreement or the Lease Agreement in any other document or instrument shall be deemed to mean such Purchase Agreement or the Lease Agreement, as applicable, as amended by this First Amendment.

c. Governing Law. This First Amendment shall be governed by and interpreted and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of New York without reference to any of its choice of law rules that would cause the laws of any other jurisdiction to apply.

d. Counterparts. This First Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and any party hereto may execute any such counterpart, each of which when executed and delivered shall be deemed to be an original and all of which counterparts taken together shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

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[signature page follows]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have duly executed this First Amendment as of the date first above written.

|                                |                                |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| T-MOBILE USA, INC.             | COMCAST CORPORATION            |
| By: <u>/s/ Peter Osvaldik</u>  | By: <u>/s/ Jason Armstrong</u> |
| Name: Peter Osvaldik           | Name: Jason Armstrong          |
| Title: Chief Financial Officer | Title: Chief Financial Officer |

|                                |                                |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| T-MOBILE LICENSE LLC           | COMCAST OTR1, LLC              |
| By: <u>/s/ Peter Osvaldik</u>  | By: <u>/s/ Jason Armstrong</u> |
| Name: Peter Osvaldik           | Name: Jason Armstrong          |
| Title: Chief Financial Officer | Title: Chief Financial Officer |

|                                |
|--------------------------------|
| T-MOBILE US, INC.              |
| By: <u>/s/ Peter Osvaldik</u>  |
| Name: Peter Osvaldik           |
| Title: Chief Financial Officer |

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**EXHIBIT A**

**Schedule A (Licenses)**

See attached.

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**EXHIBIT B**

**Schedule B (Coverage)**

See attached.

## T-MOBILE US, INC.

**POLICY ON SECURITIES TRADING**  
**(As Amended and Restated on June 16, 2023)**

**1. Purpose.** This Policy on Securities Trading (this "*Policy*") provides guidelines with respect to transactions in the securities of T-Mobile US, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("*T-Mobile*" or the "*Company*"). The Company has adopted this Policy to promote compliance by persons subject to this Policy with applicable laws that prohibit certain persons who are aware of material nonpublic information about a company from trading in securities of that company or providing material nonpublic information to other persons who may trade on the basis of that information. **In addition to the requirements of this Policy, persons subject to this Policy must comply with all requirements of securities laws and regulations that apply to trading in the securities of the Company. Any failure to comply with this Policy or applicable securities laws could subject persons to severe legal penalties as well as disciplinary action by the Company, up to and including termination.**

**2. Scope and Responsibility.**

**2.1 Persons Subject to This Policy.** This Policy applies to all directors, officers and employees of T-Mobile. This Policy also applies to Family Members and Controlled Entities (each as defined below) and contractors and consultants who have access to material nonpublic information concerning the Company.

**2.2 Transactions Subject to This Policy.** This Policy applies to transactions in T-Mobile securities, including the Company's common stock, options to purchase common stock, or any other type of securities that the Company may issue, including (but not limited to) preferred stock, bonds, convertible debentures and warrants, as well as derivative securities that are not issued by the Company, such as exchange-traded put or call options or swaps relating to T-Mobile securities.

**2.3 Individual Responsibility.** Each individual subject to this Policy is responsible for making sure that such individual complies with this Policy and that any of their Family Members or Controlled Entities whose transactions are subject to this Policy also comply with this Policy. In all cases, the responsibility for determining whether an individual is aware of material nonpublic information rests with that individual. Any action or guidance on the part of the Company, a Securities Compliance Officer (as defined below), or any other employee or director (pursuant to this Policy or otherwise) does not in any way constitute legal advice or insulate an individual from liability under applicable securities laws. Compliance with this Policy is not a substitute for your compliance with applicable securities laws and regulations. Appropriate judgment should be exercised in connection with all securities trading.

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### 3. Trading Regulations.

**3.1 What is "Material" Information?** Information is material, whether positive or negative, if there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it important in deciding whether to buy, hold or sell a security. Any information that could reasonably be expected to affect the price of the security is material, including information that a material event is likely to happen in the future. While it is not possible to list all types of material information, common examples of potentially material information include:

- Earnings forecasts or unpublished financial or operating results
- Proposed stock buybacks, dividends, changes to dividend policies, stock splits or new equity/debt offerings
- News of possible or planned mergers, acquisitions, tender offers, joint ventures or purchases or sales of significant assets
- Major new products or product developments, or developments regarding strategic transactions
- Important business developments, such as new major contracts or the loss thereof
- A change in senior management or the departure of a director
- Significant bank borrowings or other financing transactions out of the ordinary course
- Status changes or material developments in significant litigation or regulatory proceedings or enforcement actions
- Cybersecurity or data security incidents
- Upcoming media reports or articles that contain material nonpublic information about the Company

Please note that a matter or event may be considered “material” for the purposes of this Policy even if the event does not trigger a Form 8-K filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Questions about whether information or knowledge constitutes material information should be directed to the General Counsel or another Securities Compliance Officer. A good rule of thumb: When in doubt, do not trade.

**3.2 What Is "Nonpublic" Information?** Information is nonpublic if it is not generally known or available to the public. Information is considered to be available to the public only when it has been released broadly to the marketplace (such as by a press release or a filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission) and the investing public has had time to absorb the information fully. For purposes of securities trading, information is generally considered nonpublic until the end of the first full trading day after the information is released.

**3.3 Prohibited Transactions.** If you are aware of material nonpublic information, you are subject to the following obligations and may not assist another to engage in the following:

You may not purchase or sell any of the securities of T-Mobile or any other company about which you are aware of material nonpublic information (including but not limited to Deutsche Telekom AG and its other affiliates and companies with which T-Mobile has a commercial or other business relationship), either for your own account or a third-party account, regardless of whether the material nonpublic information would be the basis of the trade.

**3.3.1** This restriction does not apply to the vesting of restricted stock units, performance stock units, stock options or other awards granted under T-Mobile's equity incentive plans and arrangements, the exercise of such stock options, or the exercise of a tax withholding right pursuant to which you elect to have T-Mobile shares withheld to satisfy tax withholding requirements resulting from the vesting of restricted stock units, performance stock units or other awards or from the exercise of stock options. However, you may not sell any T-Mobile shares acquired upon vesting of restricted stock units, performance stock units or other awards or upon the exercise of stock options (including a sale as part of a broker-assisted cashless exercise of an option) except in compliance with this Policy. This Policy does not apply to your election to participate in any T-Mobile employee purchase plan for any enrollment period (or any subsequent change to your election), or any purchases of T-Mobile securities in the plan resulting from your periodic contribution of money to the plan pursuant to the election you made at the time of your enrollment in the plan, but it does apply to your sales of T-Mobile securities purchased pursuant to the plan. Except to the extent provided herein, *bona fide* gifts of securities are not transactions subject to this Policy, unless when making the gift the donor was aware of material nonpublic information about the security or issuer and knew or was reckless in not knowing that the donee would sell the securities prior to the disclosure of such information. A gift by any person in the Pre-Clearance Group (as defined below) is subject to the pre-clearance requirements of Section 3.7. Any person who is listed on the attached Schedule 1 may make a *bona fide* gift during a blackout period described in Section 3.6 only if the person making the gift has confirmed that the recipient will not sell the securities until after such blackout period has expired. Transactions in mutual funds that are invested in T-Mobile securities are not transactions subject to this Policy. Additionally, transactions in exchange-traded funds ("**ETFs**") are also not subject to this policy, provided that (1) the ETF must hold a broad range of securities, (2) the Company's stock must comprise less than 5% of the total stock (either by value or by number of shares) held in the ETF, and (3) the purchase, sale, hedging or other transactions of ETF shares based on material nonpublic information about the Company or its securities is a violation of this Policy.

**3.3.2** You may not give or provide material nonpublic information to anyone, other than for legitimate corporate purposes.

**3.3.3** Likewise, you are not permitted to recommend to another person ("tip") the purchase, sale or holding of securities on the basis of material nonpublic information, or to induce another person to do so in any other way.

**3.3.4** If you are aware of material nonpublic information when your employment or other relationship with T-Mobile terminates, you will continue to be subject to the restrictions in this Section 3.3 until that information has become public or is no longer material.

**3.4 Transactions by Family Members and Others.** This Policy applies to your family members who reside with you or who are your dependents (including a spouse, a child, a child away at college, stepchildren, grandchildren, parents, stepparents, grandparents, siblings and in-laws), anyone else who lives in your household, and any family members who do not live in your household but whose transactions in T-Mobile securities are directed by you or are subject to your influence or control, such as parents or children who consult with you before they trade in T-Mobile securities (collectively referred to as "**Family Members**"). You are responsible for the transactions of these other persons and therefore should make them aware of the need to confer with you before they trade in T-Mobile securities, and you should treat all such transactions for the purposes of this Policy and applicable securities laws as if the transactions were for your own account. This Policy does not, however, apply to personal securities transactions of Family Members where the purchase or sale decision is made by a third party not controlled by, influenced by or related to you or your Family Members.

**3.5 Transactions by Entities that You Influence or Control.** This Policy applies to any entities that you influence or control, including any corporations, partnerships or trusts (collectively referred to as "**Controlled Entities**"), and transactions by these Controlled Entities should be treated for the purposes of this Policy and applicable securities laws as if they were for your own account.

**3.6 Blackout Periods.** In order to avoid even an unintentional violation - or the mere appearance of a violation - of the securities trading laws, the following limitations on trading in T-Mobile securities also apply:

**3.6.1 Quarterly Blackout Periods.** If your position in the Company is listed on the attached Schedule 1, then neither you nor your Family Members or Controlled Entities may purchase or sell T-Mobile securities during the period beginning on the fifteenth (15th) day of the last calendar month of each fiscal quarter of the Company and ending after the end of the first full business day following the release of the Company's earnings for that quarter.

**3.6.2 Interim Earnings Guidance Blackout Periods.** The Company may on occasion issue interim earnings guidance or other potentially material information by means of a press release, Securities and Exchange Commission filing of a Current Report on Form 8-K, or other means designed to achieve widespread dissemination of the information. Individuals listed on Schedule 1 and additional persons notified by the Company (as well as their Family Members and Controlled Entities) may not purchase or sell T-Mobile securities while the Company is in the process of assembling the information to be released and until the information has been released and fully absorbed by the market.

**3.6.3 Event-Specific Blackout Periods.** From time to time, an event may occur or potential event may arise that is material to the Company and is known by a limited



number of directors, executives, and other employees. So long as the event or potential event remains material and nonpublic, the persons who are aware of the event or potential event, and others that a Securities Compliance Officer (as defined below) may designate, as well as their Family Members and Controlled Entities, may not purchase or sell T-Mobile securities. When such event-specific blackout periods occur, those subject to it will be notified by the Company. The existence of an event specific blackout period will not otherwise be announced, and those subject to it or otherwise aware of it should not disclose it to others. Any failure of the Company to designate a person as being subject to an event specific blackout period or to notify a person of such designation will not relieve that person of the obligation not to purchase or sell while aware of material nonpublic information.

**3.7 Pre-Clearance.** Persons in the "Pre-Clearance Group" may not engage in any transaction involving T-Mobile securities (including a stock plan transaction such as an option exercise, or a gift, loan, contribution to a trust or any other transfer) without first obtaining pre-clearance of the transaction from a designated "**Securities Compliance Officer**" (as defined below). The Pre-Clearance Group consists of (a) members of the Board of Directors of T-Mobile; (b) persons designated as "executive officers"; (c) members of the Company's Senior Leadership Team; (d) persons designated in writing by the General Counsel from time to time as members of the Pre-Clearance Group who, by virtue of their position, are likely to have access to material nonpublic information about T-Mobile; and (e) such persons' Family Members and Controlled Entities. The designated Securities Compliance Officers are the Company's General Counsel, the senior securities attorney at the Vice President level or above, or other individuals designated by the General Counsel. The General Counsel has the sole discretion to decide whether to clear transactions by the other Securities Compliance Officers or the Chief Executive Officer or other persons or entities subject to this Policy as a result of their relationship with them. In the event the General Counsel desires to obtain pre-clearance of a transaction, the Chief Financial Officer or his or her designee will serve as the Securities Compliance Officer for that pre-clearance. The Chief Financial Officer has the sole discretion to decide whether to clear transactions by the General Counsel or any other person or entity that is subject to this Policy as a result of his, her or its relationship with the General Counsel. A request for pre-clearance should be submitted to a Securities Compliance Officer at least two business days in advance of the proposed transaction and should be submitted on the Company's Preclearance Request Form, providing information on the identity of the person requesting pre-clearance, the type of proposed transaction, the proposed date of the transaction and the number of shares or other securities to be involved. Clearance of a transaction is valid only for a five business-day period. If the transaction order is not placed within that five business-day period, clearance of the transaction must be requested again. Any person who has requested pre-clearance may not disclose the approval or denial of the request to any other person.

None of the Company, the Securities Compliance Officers, or any other Company personnel will have any liability for any delay in reviewing, or refusal of, a request for pre-clearance submitted pursuant to this Section 3.7. Notwithstanding any pre-clearance of a transaction pursuant to this Section 3.7, none of the Company, the Securities Compliance Officers, or any other Company personnel assumes any liability for the legality or consequences of such transaction to the person engaging in such transaction.

**3.8 Additional Guidance.** The Company considers it improper and inappropriate for those employed by or associated with the Company to engage in speculative transactions in T-Mobile securities or in other transactions in T-Mobile securities that may lead to inadvertent violations of the insider trading laws. Accordingly, you may not engage in any of the following transactions involving T-Mobile securities:

**3.8.1 Short Sales.** Short sales of T-Mobile securities evidence an expectation on the part of the seller that the securities will decline in value and may signal to the market that the seller has no confidence in the Company or its short-term prospects. In addition, short sales may reduce the seller's incentive to improve the Company's performance. For these reasons, short sales of T-Mobile securities are prohibited by this Policy. In addition, Section 16(c) of the Exchange Act prohibits officers and directors from engaging in short sales.

**3.8.2 Publicly Traded Options.** A transaction in options is, in effect, a bet on the short-term movement of T-Mobile securities and therefore creates the appearance that you are trading based on material nonpublic information. Transactions in options may also focus your attention on short-term performance at the expense of the Company's long-term objectives. Accordingly, transactions involving T-Mobile securities in puts, calls and other derivative securities, on an exchange or in any other organized market, are prohibited by this Policy.

**3.8.3 Margin Accounts and Pledges.** Securities held in a margin account or pledged as collateral for a loan may be sold without your consent by the broker if you fail to meet a margin call or by the lender in foreclosure if you default on the loan. You are prohibited from holding T-Mobile securities in a margin account or pledging T-Mobile securities as collateral for a loan because a margin or foreclosure sale may occur at a time when you are aware of material nonpublic information or otherwise are not permitted to trade in T-Mobile securities by this Policy.

**3.8.4 Hedging Transactions.** Certain forms of hedging or monetization transactions, such as zero-cost collars, prepaid variable forward sale contracts, equity swaps and exchange funds, allow an individual to lock in much of the value of his or her stock holdings, often in exchange for all or part of the potential for upside appreciation in the stock. These transactions allow the individual to continue to own the covered securities, but without the full risks and rewards of ownership. When that occurs, the individual may no longer have the same objectives as the Company's other stockholders. Therefore, you are prohibited from engaging in such transactions with T-Mobile securities.

**3.8.5 Frequent Trading.** Speculation in T-Mobile securities raises the appearance that trading may be motivated by material nonpublic information. Consequently, frequent trading in and out of T-Mobile securities is strongly discouraged.

**4. Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plans.** Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act provides a defense from insider trading liability under Rule 10b-5. In order to be eligible to rely on this defense, a person subject to this Policy must enter into a Rule 10b5-1 plan for transactions in T-Mobile securities that meets certain conditions specified in Rule 10b5-1 (a "**Rule 10b5-1 Plan**"). If the plan meets the requirements of Rule 10b5-1, T-Mobile securities may be purchased or sold

under the plan without regard to certain insider trading restrictions. To comply with this Policy, a Rule 10b5-1 Plan must be pre-cleared by a Securities Compliance Officer and meet the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 and the Company's "Guidelines for Rule 10b5-1 Plans," which may be obtained from a Securities Compliance Officer. In general, a Rule 10b5-1 Plan must be entered into or modified outside of a blackout period and at a time when the person entering into the plan is not aware of material nonpublic information. Once the plan is adopted, the person must not exercise any influence over the amount of securities to be traded, the price at which they are to be traded or the date of the trade. The plan must either specify the amount, pricing and timing of transactions in advance or delegate discretion on these matters to an independent third party.

Any Rule 10b5-1 Plan, modification and/or termination of a plan must be submitted for pre-clearance at least five business days prior to the entry into the Rule 10b5-1 Plan or modification or termination of a plan. No further pre-clearance of transactions conducted pursuant to the Rule 10b5-1 Plan will be required.

**5. Further Guidance.** Your compliance with this Policy is of the utmost importance both for you and for the Company. If you have any questions about this Policy or its application to any proposed transaction, you may obtain additional guidance from the General Counsel or another Securities Compliance Officer. Actions taken by the Company, the Securities Compliance Officers, or any other Company personnel do not constitute legal advice, nor do they insulate you from the consequences of noncompliance with this Policy or applicable laws and regulations relating to trading in securities.

**6. Interpretation and Implementation of This Policy.** The Company's General Counsel shall have the authority to interpret or update this Policy and all related policies and procedures. In particular, such interpretations or updates of the Policy as authorized by the Company's General Counsel may include departures from the terms of this Policy, to the extent consistent with the general purpose of this Policy and applicable securities laws. Notwithstanding the foregoing, decisions on interpretations or updates regarding any individuals in the Pre-Clearance Group shall be made by the Company's Audit Committee rather than the General Counsel.

#### **Additional Resources**

Code of Business Conduct  
Guidelines for Rule 10b5-1 Plans

### **Schedule 1**

- All members of the Company's Board of Directors
- All members of the Pre-Clearance Group, including all “executive officers”
- Any other Chief Officer position reporting to the Chief Executive Officer
- All Senior Vice President level positions or above
- Any Board-appointed officer of T-Mobile US, Inc.
- All members of the Disclosure Committee
- All employees within the Company's Investor Relations Department
- Designated members of the Finance Department who are directly involved in preparing the Company's financial statements
- Any other employee that the General Counsel may designate for purposes of this Policy

**FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS  
RULE 10b5-1 TRADING PLANS**

Adopted on June 16, 2023

**EXECUTIVE SUMMARY<sup>1</sup>**

A Rule 10b5-1 trading plan is a written plan that gives insiders an affirmative defense against insider trading liability. The basic principle of a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan is a quid pro quo: the insider gains significant protection from liability in exchange for giving up some control over trades. If the insider enters into a written trading plan when the insider is not aware of any material non-public information about the Company, and otherwise complies with the requirements of Rule 10b5-1, the insider will generally gain protection from liability regardless of whether the insider's trades under the plan ultimately occur during a blackout period or around the time of significant company events or announcements.

**1. What is a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan?**

A Rule 10b5-1 trading plan is an agreement between a company insider and a broker giving the broker instructions to buy or sell a company's stock based on certain criteria being met. The criteria are based on time (*e.g.*, sell on the first trading day of each quarter), price (*e.g.*, sell when the market price is above \$10 per share), and amount (*e.g.*, sell up to 50,000 shares). These criteria may be expressed in a variety of ways in a trading plan. Sale of shares to pay withholding taxes on vesting of restricted stock units, or to pay the exercise price and withholding taxes on the exercise of stock options, and sales of the remaining shares acquired upon the exercise of stock options, can also be covered by Rule 10b5-1 trading plans. You may enter into, modify, or terminate a plan only during an open trading window and when you are not aware of any material nonpublic information about T-Mobile. As specified in the T-Mobile Policy on Securities Trading, T-Mobile has adopted Guidelines for Rule 10b5-1 Plans (the "Guidelines"). Besides other criteria set forth herein, the Guidelines provide that the first trade under a new or modified Rule 10b5-1 trading plan can only be made after a Cooling-Off Period as follows:

- For Section 16 insiders: the later of 90 days after adoption or modification of a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan or two business days after filing the Form 10-K or Form 10-Q covering the fiscal quarter in which the Rule 10b5-1 trading plan was adopted, up to a maximum of 120 days; and
- For employees and any other persons, other than the Company: 30 days after adoption or modification of a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan.

**2. Why should I consider entering into a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan?**

Rule 10b5-1 trading plans are created pursuant to an SEC rule that provides an affirmative defense against claims of insider trading if the insider's trades are made under a written trading plan that meets certain criteria. Therefore, a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan allows your planned trading in T-Mobile stock to take place even if you become aware of material non-public information about T-Mobile or if the

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<sup>1</sup> As a reminder, each employee is responsible for consulting with his or her own advisors with respect to a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan and for complying with the federal securities laws and the T-Mobile Policy on Securities Trading. T-Mobile and its representatives, including the Securities Compliance Officer(s), represent T-Mobile and not the employee.

Company is in a blackout period, so long as the plan meets all of the relevant criteria. A Rule 10b5-1 trading plan can add certainty to your personal investment planning by removing the uncertainty and restriction caused by not being able to make planned trades if at the time of such proposed trade you are aware of material non-public information about the Company. A trading plan can also give you a powerful tool to head off scrutiny of your trading by the plaintiffs' bar, the SEC and/or the media.

**3. Does T-Mobile have specific criteria that my Rule 10b5-1 plan would have to satisfy?**

Yes. The Guidelines outline the criteria for Rule 10b5-1 trading plans. A copy of the Guidelines is attached as Exhibit A to these FAQs.

**4. What procedures must I follow to set up a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan?**

Your Rule 10b5-1 trading plan must be pre-cleared by a Securities Compliance Officer (as defined in the T-Mobile Policy on Securities Trading). Proposed Rule 10b5-1 trading plans are reviewed and/or pre-cleared by Broady Hodder, Fred Williams or Jen Huang of the T-Mobile Corporate Governance and Strategic Transactions group. *Please see contact information listed below.*

**5. How can I get started on setting up a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan?**

If you are interested in setting up a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan, please contact Fidelity Executive Services at 800 823 0217. Fidelity Executive Services will then coordinate with the Fidelity 10b5-1 trading plan specialists to help set up your plan. Under limited circumstances, a broker other than Fidelity may be considered for Rule 10b5-1 trading plans. Please contact Fred Williams for further information.

**6. Can I enter into a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan before my restricted stock units vest? How will I know how many shares will be in my account after vesting/tax withholding?**

Yes, you can enter into a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan before your restricted stock units vest. Fidelity Executive Services and its 10b5-1 trading plan specialists can assist in drafting your plan to cover the shares that will be available in your account upon vesting and tax withholding.

**7. Can I include shares to be purchased from the Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP") in my Rule 10b5-1 trading plan?**

Yes, you can include shares to be purchased under the ESPP if (i) you are currently enrolled in the ESPP and (ii) agree to not change your ESPP election while those ESPP shares are subject to the Rule 10b5-1 trading plan.

**8. Can I modify or terminate my Rule 10b5-1 trading plan after it is in place?**

After you have entered into a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan, you can modify or terminate it only under extraordinary circumstances and after pre-clearance by a Securities Compliance Officer. Rule 10b5-1 trading plans can be entered into or modified only when you are not aware of material non-public information about T-Mobile and only during an open trading window. A Securities Compliance Officer may, in his or her sole discretion, require additional time between the termination of a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan and entering into a new plan. If you make certain modifications to your existing Rule 10b5-1 trading plan or if you terminate your existing Rule 10b5-1 trading plan and enter into a new Rule

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10b5-1 trading plan, you will be subject to an applicable Cooling-Off Period before the first trade under your plan can occur.

Individuals may not adopt more than one Rule 10b5-1 trading plan at a time, except under the limited circumstances permitted by Rule 10b5-1 and subject to preapproval by a Securities Compliance Officer.

**9. *What happens if I buy or sell T-Mobile stock outside of a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan while I have a current plan in place?***

Trades outside of a Rule 10b5-1 plan will not receive the benefits of trades under such a plan (i.e., an affirmative defense against insider trading claims). Trades outside of a plan might also cancel the benefits of trades under the plan if the non-plan trades reduced or eliminated the economic consequences of the trades under the plan (e.g., offsetting transactions). For example, assume a person has in place a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan to sell 1,000 shares on the first trading day of each calendar quarter. A few months into the plan, the person learns that the company will soon make a very positive public announcement. Two days after the announcement is made and when the person is not aware of any other material non-public information about the Company, the person purchases 500 shares at the same time 500 shares are to be sold under the trading plan. Under this scenario, the plan's sales may lose the protection of the affirmative defense because the non-plan purchases will be viewed as a hedge against the plan's sales.

**SECTION 16 INSIDERS ONLY**

**1. *Will my Rule 10b5-1 trading plan be publicly disclosed?***

If you are a Section 16 insider, your Form 4 filing will note that the trades occurred under a 10b5-1 trading plan and the date the plan was adopted. Similar disclosure must be made on Form 144 filings. The notation in these filings lets the market know why transactions are occurring during a blackout period and will strengthen the affirmative defense provided by the plan. Beginning with its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ending June 30, 2023, T-Mobile will also need to disclose whether any Section 16 insider adopted, modified or terminated a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan during such quarter, and the aggregate amount of securities subject to such plan.

**2. *Does a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan protect insiders against short-swing profit liability under Section 16?***

No. Rule 10b5-1 trading plans are designed to provide a defense only against charges of insider trading. They do not affect the liability to which Section 16 insiders are subject for engaging in short-swing trades (i.e., non-exempt purchases and sales within six months of each other). The 10b5-1 trading plan will provide that the broker will notify us of the transactions so that we may assist you with your Form 4 filings.

***Note that Section 16 officers are subject to certain stock ownership guidelines. A 10b5-1 trading plan must comply with the stock ownership guidelines.<sup>2</sup>***

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<sup>2</sup> Each executive officer is expected to acquire and maintain ownership of shares of TMUS stock equal in value to a multiple of his or her base salary (CEO: 5x; Chief Officers and EVPs: 3x). Until the ownership requirement is met, each executive officer is expected to retain at least 50% of net shares delivered through the TMUS stock plan.

CONTACT INFORMATION

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Fidelity Executive Services</b><br>800-823-0217   | <b>Fred Williams, Senior Director – Corp. Gov. and Strategic Transactions</b><br>[***]<br>[***] |
| <b>Jen Huang, Managing Corporate Counsel – Corp. Gov. and Strategic Transactions</b><br>[***]<br>[***] |   |

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### Guidelines for Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plans

As specified in the T-Mobile US, Inc. Policy on Securities Trading, a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan must be pre-cleared by a designated Securities Compliance Officer and meet the requirements of Rule 10b5-1. In addition, a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan must meet the requirements of these guidelines. Any Rule 10b5-1 trading plan must be submitted for review at least five business days prior to the entry into the plan.

**The following guidelines apply to all Rule 10b5-1 trading plans:**

- You may not enter into or modify a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan during any quarterly or event-specific blackout period or while you are aware of material non-public information about the Company.
  - Generally, you may enter into a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan only with Fidelity. Under limited circumstances, a broker other than Fidelity may be considered for Rule 10b5-1 trading plans.
  - All Rule 10b5-1 trading plans generally must have a duration of at least six months (or such lesser period of time as may be necessary to execute all transactions under the Plan) and no more than one year.
  - You may not commence trading under a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan until after the applicable Cooling-Off Period.
  - For Section 16 insiders, the Rule 10b5-1 trading plan shall include a representation that the Section 16 insider is (1) not aware of any material non-public information about the Company or its securities; and (2) adopting the Rule 10b5-1 trading plan in good faith and not as part of a plan or scheme to evade Rule 10b-5.
  - Any modification or termination of a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan must be pre-cleared by a Securities Compliance Officer and is only allowed under extraordinary circumstances.
  - If you modify a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan and such modifications change the amount, price, or timing of the purchase or sale of the securities underlying the Plan, you must wait until after the applicable Cooling-Off Period to resume trading.
  - If you terminate a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan, you must wait until at least 30 days before trading in T-Mobile securities outside of a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan (subject to the blackout and other restrictions of the Policy on Securities Trading). A Securities Compliance Officer may, in his or her sole discretion, require additional time between the termination of a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan and entering into a new plan.
  - You agree to disclosure of the Rule 10b5-1 trading plan and the transactions thereunder if and as required by T-Mobile and applicable securities laws and regulations.
  - The Rule 10b5-1 trading plan must provide for the suspension of all transactions under the plan in the event that T-Mobile, in its sole discretion, deems such suspension necessary and advisable, including suspensions necessary to comply with trading restrictions imposed in connection with any lockup agreement required in connection with a securities issuance transaction or other similar events.
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- You may not adopt more than one Rule 10b5-1 trading plan at a time except under the limited circumstances permitted by Rule 10b5-1 and subject to preapproval by a Securities Compliance Officer.
- Any Rule 10b5-1 trading plan must either (1) specify the amounts, prices, and dates of all transactions under the plan or (2) provide a written formula, algorithm, or computer program for determining the amount, price, and date of the transactions, and prohibit you from exercising any subsequent influence over the transactions.
- If shares to be purchased under the ESPP are included in the Rule 10b5-1 trading plan, you must agree to not change your ESPP election while those ESPP shares are subject to the Rule 10b5-1 trading plan.

T-Mobile reserves the right to withhold pre-clearance of any Rule 10b5-1 trading plan, modification, deviation or termination based on a Securities Compliance Officer's determination, including if it believes the plan:

- Fails to comply with Rule 10b5-1.
- Exposes T-Mobile or you to liability under any other applicable state or federal rule, regulation or law.
- Creates any appearance of impropriety.
- Fails to meet the Guidelines.
- Otherwise fails to satisfy review by a Securities Compliance Officer for any reason.

Neither T-Mobile, nor any of T-Mobile's officers, partners or other representatives, shall be deemed, solely by their pre-clearance of a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan, to have represented that any plan complies with Rule 10b5-1 or to have assumed any liability or responsibility to you or any other party if such plan fails to comply with the Rule 10b5-1.

The Company's General Counsel is authorized to develop, after the date hereof, further guidelines for individual Rule 10b5-1 trading plans, or to modify, amend, supplement, delete or otherwise change these guidelines, as he or she deems, in his or her sole discretion, necessary or appropriate in order to further the purpose of these guidelines.

## Subsidiaries of Registrant

The following is a list of subsidiaries of T-Mobile US, Inc. as of December 31, 2024. Certain subsidiaries were omitted which, considered in the aggregate, would not constitute a significant subsidiary.

| Name                                      | State of Incorporation |
|---|------------------------|
| APC Realty and Equipment Company, LLC     | Delaware               |
| Assurance Wireless of South Carolina, LLC | Delaware               |
| Assurance Wireless USA, L.P.              | Delaware               |
| ATI Sub, LLC                              | Delaware               |
| Clearwire Communications LLC              | Delaware               |
| Clearwire International, LLC              | Washington             |
| Clearwire Legacy LLC                      | Delaware               |
| Clearwire Spectrum Holdings LLC           | Nevada                 |
| Clearwire Spectrum Holdings II LLC        | Nevada                 |
| Clearwire Spectrum Holdings III LLC       | Nevada                 |
| Connect CCC, LLC                          | Delaware               |
| Finco Depositor I LLC                     | Delaware               |
| Finco Depositor II LLC                    | Delaware               |
| Finco Depositor III LLC                   | Delaware               |
| Finco Depositor IV LLC                    | Delaware               |
| Finco Owner Trust IV                      | Delaware               |
| Finco Owner Trust V                       | Delaware               |
| Finco Owner Trust VI                      | Delaware               |
| Finco Owner Trust VII                     | Delaware               |
| Finco Owner Trust VIII                    | Delaware               |
| Finco Owner Trust IX                      | Delaware               |
| Finco Owner Trust X                       | Delaware               |
| Fixed Wireless Holdings, LLC              | Delaware               |
| IBSV LLC                                  | Delaware               |
| MetroPCS California, LLC                  | Delaware               |
| MetroPCS Florida, LLC                     | Delaware               |
| MetroPCS Georgia, LLC                     | Delaware               |
| MetroPCS Massachusetts, LLC               | Delaware               |
| MetroPCS Michigan, LLC                    | Delaware               |
| MetroPCS Nevada, LLC                      | Delaware               |
| MetroPCS New York, LLC                    | Delaware               |
| MetroPCS Pennsylvania, LLC                | Delaware               |
| MetroPCS Texas, LLC                       | Delaware               |
| Mint Mobile, LLC                          | Delaware               |
| Mint Mobile Incentive Company, LLC        | Delaware               |
| Nextel Systems, LLC                       | Delaware               |
| Nextel West Corp.                         | Delaware               |
| NSAC, LLC                                 | Delaware               |

|  |          |
|--|----------|
| Octopus Interactive Inc.               | Delaware |
| Play Octopus LLC                       | Delaware |
| PRWireless PR, LLC                     | Delaware |
| PushSpring, LLC                        | Delaware |
| Slingshot Merger Sub 2 Inc.            | Delaware |
| Sprint Capital Corporation             | Delaware |
| Sprint Communications LLC              | Delaware |
| Sprint LLC                             | Delaware |
| Sprint Intermediate HoldCo LLC         | Delaware |
| Sprint Intermediate HoldCo II LLC      | Delaware |
| Sprint Intermediate HoldCo III LLC     | Delaware |
| Sprint Solutions LLC                   | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum Co LLC                 | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC              | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum Co III LLC             | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum Depositor LLC          | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum Depositor II LLC       | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum Depositor III LLC      | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum LLC                    | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum License Holder LLC     | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum License Holder II LLC  | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum License Holder III LLC | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum PledgeCo LLC           | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum PledgeCo II LLC        | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum PledgeCo III LLC       | Delaware |
| Sprint Spectrum Realty Company, LLC    | Delaware |
| SprintCom LLC                          | Kansas   |
| STC Five LLC                           | Delaware |
| STC Four LLC                           | Delaware |
| STC One LLC                            | Delaware |
| STC Six Company                        | Delaware |
| STC Three LLC                          | Delaware |
| STC Two LLC                            | Delaware |
| TDI Acquisition Sub, LLC               | Delaware |
| T-Mobile Airtime Funding LLC           | Delaware |
| T-Mobile Central LLC                   | Delaware |
| T-Mobile Fiber JV Holdings LLC         | Delaware |
| T-Mobile Financial LLC                 | Delaware |
| T-Mobile Global Care Corporation       | Delaware |
| T-Mobile Handset Funding LLC           | Delaware |
| T-Mobile Innovations LLC               | Delaware |
| T-Mobile Leasing LLC                   | Delaware |
| T-Mobile License LLC                   | Delaware |
| T-Mobile Northeast LLC                 | Delaware |
| T-Mobile Puerto Rico Holdings LLC      | Delaware |

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| T-Mobile Puerto Rico LLC                        | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile Reserved Subsidiary I LLC              | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile Reserved Subsidiary II LLC             | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile Resources LLC                          | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile Secure Federal Operations LLC          | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile South LLC                              | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile US Trust 2022-1                        | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile US Trust 2024-1                        | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile US Trust 2024-2                        | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile US Trust 2025-1                        | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile USA Foundation                         | Washington  |
| T-Mobile USA Tower LLC                          | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile USA, Inc.                              | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile Ventures LLC                           | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile West LLC                               | Delaware    |
| T-Mobile West Tower LLC                         | Delaware    |
| TMUS Assurance Corporation                      | Hawaii      |
| TMUS International LLC                          | Delaware    |
| TMUS International Argentina S.R.L.             | Argentina   |
| TMUS International Belgium BV                   | Belgium     |
| TMUS International Germany GmbH                 | Germany     |
| TMUS International Japan Corporation            | Japan       |
| TMUS International Netherlands B.V.             | Netherlands |
| TMUS International Services Singapore Pte. Ltd. | Singapore   |
| TMUS International Spain, S.L.                  | Spain       |
| TVN Ventures LLC                                | Delaware    |
| UVNV, LLC                                       | Delaware    |
| VMU GP, LLC                                     | Delaware    |
| WBSY Licensing, LLC                             | Delaware    |

### Subsidiary Guarantors and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities

#### Guaranteed Securities

The following securities (collectively, the “T-Mobile USA Senior Notes”) issued by T-Mobile USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of T-Mobile US, Inc. (the “Company”), were outstanding as of December 31, 2024, including those that may no longer be subject to reporting as provided by Regulation S-X Rule 13-01:

| Description of Notes                             |
|--|
| 3.500% senior notes due 2025                     |
| 1.500% senior notes due 2026                     |
| 2.250% senior notes due 2026                     |
| 2.625% senior notes due 2026                     |
| 3.750% senior notes due 2027                     |
| 5.375% senior notes due 2027                     |
| 4.750% senior notes due 2028                     |
| 4.750% senior notes due 2028-1 held by affiliate |
| 2.050% senior notes due 2028                     |
| 4.950% senior notes due 2028                     |
| 4.800% senior notes due 2028                     |
| 4.850% senior notes due 2029                     |
| 2.625% senior notes due 2029                     |
| 2.400% senior notes due 2029                     |
| 3.375% senior notes due 2029                     |
| 3.550% senior notes due 2029                     |
| 4.200% senior notes due 2029                     |
| 3.875% senior notes due 2030                     |
| 2.550% senior notes due 2031                     |
| 2.875% senior notes due 2031                     |
| 3.500% senior notes due 2031                     |
| 2.250% senior notes due 2031                     |
| 2.700% senior notes due 2032                     |
| 3.700% senior notes due 2032                     |
| 5.200% senior notes due 2033                     |
| 5.050% senior notes due 2033                     |
| 5.750% senior notes due 2034                     |
| 5.150% senior notes due 2034                     |
| 4.700% senior notes due 2035                     |
| 3.850% senior notes due 2036                     |
| 4.375% senior notes due 2040                     |
| 3.000% senior notes due 2041                     |
| 4.500% senior notes due 2050                     |

|                              |
|------------------------------|
| 3.300% senior notes due 2051 |
| 3.400% senior notes due 2052 |
| 5.650% senior notes due 2053 |
| 5.750% senior notes due 2054 |
| 6.000% senior notes due 2054 |
| 5.500% senior notes due 2055 |
| 5.250% senior notes due 2055 |
| 3.600% senior notes due 2060 |
| 5.800% senior notes due 2062 |

The following securities (collectively, the “Sprint Senior Notes”) issued by Sprint LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, were outstanding as of December 31, 2024, including those that may no longer be subject to reporting as provided by Regulation S-X Rule 13-01:

| Description of Notes         |
|------------------------------|
| 7.625% senior notes due 2026 |

The following securities (collectively, the “Sprint Capital Corporation Senior Notes”) issued by Sprint Capital Corporation, a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, were outstanding as of December 31, 2024, including those that may no longer be subject to reporting as provided by Regulation S-X Rule 13-01:

| Description of Notes         |
|------------------------------|
| 6.875% senior notes due 2028 |
| 8.750% senior notes due 2032 |

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## Obligors

As of December 31, 2024, the obligors under the T-Mobile USA Senior Notes consisted of the Company, as a guarantor, and its subsidiaries listed in the following table.

| Name of Subsidiary                        | Jurisdiction of Organization | Obligor Type |
|---|------------------------------|--------------|
| APC Realty and Equipment Company, LLC     | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Assurance Wireless of South Carolina, LLC | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Assurance Wireless USA, L.P.              | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| ATI Sub, LLC                              | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Clearwire Communications LLC              | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Clearwire Legacy LLC                      | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Clearwire Spectrum Holdings II LLC        | Nevada                       | Guarantor    |
| Clearwire Spectrum Holdings III LLC       | Nevada                       | Guarantor    |
| Clearwire Spectrum Holdings LLC           | Nevada                       | Guarantor    |
| Fixed Wireless Holdings, LLC              | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| IBSV LLC                                  | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| MetroPCS California, LLC                  | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| MetroPCS Florida, LLC                     | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| MetroPCS Georgia, LLC                     | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| MetroPCS Massachusetts, LLC               | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| MetroPCS Michigan, LLC                    | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| MetroPCS Nevada, LLC                      | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| MetroPCS New York, LLC                    | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| MetroPCS Pennsylvania, LLC                | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| MetroPCS Texas, LLC                       | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Mint Mobile, LLC                          | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Mint Mobile Incentive Company, LLC        | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Nextel Systems, LLC                       | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Nextel West Corp.                         | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| NSAC, LLC                                 | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| PRWireless PR, LLC                        | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| PushSpring, LLC                           | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Sprint Capital Corporation                | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Sprint Communications LLC                 | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Sprint LLC                                | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Sprint Solutions LLC                      | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Sprint Spectrum LLC                       | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| Sprint Spectrum Realty Company, LLC       | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| SprintCom LLC                             | Kansas                       | Guarantor    |
| T-Mobile Central LLC                      | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| T-Mobile Financial LLC                    | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| T-Mobile Innovations LLC                  | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |
| T-Mobile Leasing LLC                      | Delaware                     | Guarantor    |



|                                   |          |           |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| T-Mobile License LLC              | Delaware | Guarantor |
| T-Mobile Northeast LLC            | Delaware | Guarantor |
| T-Mobile Puerto Rico Holdings LLC | Delaware | Guarantor |
| T-Mobile Puerto Rico LLC          | Delaware | Guarantor |
| T-Mobile Resources LLC            | Delaware | Guarantor |
| T-Mobile South LLC                | Delaware | Guarantor |
| T-Mobile USA, Inc.                | Delaware | Issuer    |
| T-Mobile West LLC                 | Delaware | Guarantor |
| TDI Acquisition Sub, LLC          | Delaware | Guarantor |
| TMUS International LLC            | Delaware | Guarantor |
| TVN Ventures LLC                  | Delaware | Guarantor |
| UVNV, LLC                         | Delaware | Guarantor |
| VMU GP, LLC                       | Delaware | Guarantor |
| WBSY Licensing, LLC               | Delaware | Guarantor |

As of December 31, 2024, the obligors under the Sprint Senior Notes consisted of the Company, as a guarantor; Sprint LLC (a Delaware limited liability company), as issuer and T-Mobile USA, Inc. (a Delaware corporation) and Sprint Communications LLC (a Delaware limited liability company) as guarantors.

As of December 31, 2024, the obligors under the Sprint Capital Corporation Senior Notes consisted of the Company, as a guarantor; Sprint Capital Corporation (a Delaware corporation), as issuer and T-Mobile USA, Inc. (a Delaware corporation), Sprint LLC (a Delaware limited liability company) and Sprint Communications LLC (a Delaware limited liability company) as guarantors.

**CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statement Nos. 333-271553, 333-271557, and 333-279145 on Form S-3 and Registration Statement Nos. 333-189095, 333-202176, 333-225699, 333-236724, 333-237780, 333-237781, 333-253929 and 333-272719 on Form S-8 of our report dated January 31, 2025, relating to the consolidated financial statements of T-Mobile US, Inc. and the effectiveness of T-Mobile US, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP  
Seattle, Washington  
January 31, 2025

**Certifications of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, G. Michael Sievert, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of T-Mobile US, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

January 31, 2025

/s/ G. Michael Sievert

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G. Michael Sievert  
Chief Executive Officer

**Certifications of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Peter Osvaldik, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of T-Mobile US, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

January 31, 2025

/s/ Peter Osvaldik

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Peter Osvaldik  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

**Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of T-Mobile US, Inc. (the “Company”), on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Report”), G. Michael Sievert, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, does hereby certify, pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. § 1350), that to his knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

January 31, 2025

/s/ G. Michael Sievert

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G. Michael Sievert  
Chief Executive Officer

**Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of T-Mobile US, Inc. (the “Company”), on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Report”), Peter Osvaldik, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, does hereby certify, pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. § 1350), that to his knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

January 31, 2025

/s/ Peter Osvaldik

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Peter Osvaldik  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer