28 K ⁺		DOCKET NO.	TC 03-082
APPRO AN INTE BETWE A N D	MATTER OF THE FILING FOR VAL OF AN AMENDMENT TO ERCONNECTION AGREEMENT EN QWEST CORPORATION MIDCONTINENT JNICATIONS, INC.		
	· · · ·		ı

1

Public Utilities Commission of the State of South Dakota

DATE	MEMORANDA
5 9 03	Filed and Docketed;
5/15 03	Heekly Filing;
6/26 03	Ander appround amendment to agreement;
6/26 03	Docket Clased.
	· · · ·
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	1
<u></u>	

STATE PUBLISHING CO., PIERRE, SOUTH DAKOTA-SMEAD 104 SP14130

TC 03 - 082 BOYCE, GREENFIELD, PASHBY & WELK, L.L.P.

Russell R. Greenfield Gary J. Pashby Thomas J. Welk Michael S. McKnight Gregg S. Greenfield Roger A. Sudbeck Lisa Hansen Marso Heather R. Springer Heith R. Janke Darin W. Larson 101 North Phillips Avenue, Suite 600 Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57104 P.O. Box 5015 Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57117-5015

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Telephone 605 336-2424 Facsimile 605 334-0618 www.bgpw.com

May 8, 2003

Pam Bonrud, Executive Director Public Utilities Commission of the State of South Dakota 500 East Capitol Avenue Pierre, SD 57501 J.W. Boyce (1884-1915)

Writer's Direct Dial: (605) 731-0208

Writer's Email: tjwelk@bgpw.com

RECEIVED

MAY 0 9 2003

SOUTH DAKOTA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Re: Filing of Performance Assurance Plan Amendment to Agreement between Qwest Corporation and Midcontinent Communications Our File No. 2104.078

Dear Ms. Bonrud:

Pursuant to ARSD 20:10:32:21 enclosed for filing are an original and ten (10) copies of the Performance Assurance Plan Amendment to the Interconnection Agreement between Midcontinent Communications (f/k/a Midco Communications, Inc.) ("Midco") and Qwest Corporation ("Qwest") for approval by the Commission. This is an amendment to the negotiated agreement between Midco and Qwest which was approved by the Commission effective May 5, 1999 in Docket No. TC99-023.

The Amendment is made in order to add to the Agreement the Performance Assurance Plan as approved by the Commission and the Performance Indicator Definitions, as set forth in Attachments 1 and 2 attached to the Amendment.

Midco has authorized Qwest to submit these Agreements on Midco's behalf.

Sincerely yours,

GREENHIELD, PASHBY & WELK, L.L.P. BOYCE.

Thomas J. Welk

TJW/vjj Enclosures cc: W. Tom Simmons, Midco (enclosure letter only) Colleen Sevold Mary Sullivan

TC03-082

RECEIVED

MAY 0 9 2003

Performance Assurance Plan Amendment to the Interconnection Agreement between Qwest Corporation and

SOUTH DAKOTA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Midcontinent Communications (f/k/a Midco Communications, Inc.) for the State of South Dakota

This is an Amendment ("Amendment") to the Interconnection Agreement between Qwest Corporation (f/k/a U S WEST Communications, Inc.) ("Qwest"), a Colorado corporation, and Midcontinent Communications (f/k/a Midco Communications, Inc.) ("CLEC").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Parties entered into an Interconnection Agreement, for service in the State of South Dakota, that was approved by the South Dakota Public Utilities Commission on May 5, 1999, as referenced in Docket No. TC99-023 ("Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Parties wish to amend the Agreement under the terms and conditions contained herein.

AGREEMENT

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual terms, covenants and conditions contained in this Amendment and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:

1. AMENDMENT TERMS

Service Performance

The Performance Assurance Plan ("PAP") as approved by the Commission and the Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs") included as Exhibit B to the Commission approved Statement of Generally Acceptable Terms and Conditions ("SGAT") are hereby incorporated into this Agreement as Attachments 1 and 2, respectively. Modifications to PIDs that apply to the PAP shall be made in accordance with section 16.0 of the PAP. Changes made pursuant to section 16.0 shall apply to and modify this Agreement, subject to and in accordance with terms therein and any applicable subsequent judicial review.

Consistent with section 13.0 of the PAP, CLEC elects the PAP as a part of its Interconnection Agreement with Qwest. Therefore, all references in the Agreement to performance standards and measurements and accompanying payment mechanisms (including, but not limited to, Direct Measures of Quality (DMOQ) and Supplier Performance Quality Management System) are superceded by this Amendment.

Force Majeure

Pursuant to section 13.3 of the PAP, section 5.7 (Force Majeure) of the SGAT, attached hereto as Attachment 3 to this Amendment, is hereby incorporated into the Amendment for the sole purpose of implementing the PAP.

Implementation Date

If the FCC has granted Section 271 authorization for the State, the PAP will be implemented on the date the Amendment is executed by both parties. If the FCC had not granted Section 271 authorization for the State as of the date the Amendment was executed by both parties, the PAP will be implemented on the date the FCC grants Section 271 approval for the State. In the initial month of implementation, payments to CLEC under the PAP will be pro-rated to reflect the applicable percentage of the monthly payment.

CLEC Information

CLEC agrees that for amounts owed under the PAP that are not credited to CLEC's bill as allowed by the PAP, payments shall be made by the use of electronic fund transfers, or check, if the option of electronic fund transfer is not available. CLEC agrees that monthly performance reports shall be delivered via a password-protected website. In order to implement these provisions, CLEC shall provide specific information in response to the Performance Assurance Plan Amendment Questionnaire. To accommodate this need, CLEC shall generate an updated Performance Assurance Plan Amendment Questionnaire within 30 days.

2. FURTHER AMENDMENTS

Except as modified herein, the provisions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect. The provisions of this Amendment, including the provisions of this sentence, may not be amended, modified or supplemented, and waivers or consents to departures from the provisions of this Amendment may not be given without the written consent thereto by both Parties' authorized representative. No waiver by any Party of any default, misrepresentation, or breach of warranty or covenant hereunder, whether intentional or not, will be deemed to extend to any prior or subsequent default, misrepresentation, or breach of warranty or covenant hereunder or affect in any way any rights arising by virtue of any prior or subsequent such occurrence.

3. ENTIRE AGREEMENT

This Amendment (including the documents referred to herein) constitutes the full and entire understanding and agreement between the Parties with regard to the subjects of this Amendment and supersedes any prior understandings, agreements, or representations by or between the Parties, written or oral, to the extent they relate in any way to the subjects of this Amendment.

The Parties intending to be legally bound have executed this Amendment as of the dates set forth below, in multiple counterparts, each of which is deemed an original, but all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument.

Midcontinent Communications

Signature

 $\underline{\,\,}$). 1an Name Printed/Typed

VICE Title

4/28/03

Date

Qwest Corporation

Signature

L. T. Christensen Name Printed/Typed

Director – Business Policy

Title Date



Service Performance Indicator Definitions (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 5.0

 $\frac{1}{2}$

QWEST'S SERVICE PERFORMANCE INDICATOR DEFINITIONS (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 5.0

Introduction

Qwest will report performance results for the service performance indicators defined herein. Qwest will report separate performance results associated with the services it provides to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) in aggregate (except as noted herein), to CLECs individually and, as applicable, to Qwest's retail customers in aggregate. Within these categories, performance results related to service provisioning and repair will be reported for the products listed in each definition. Reports for CLECs individually will be subject to agreements of confidentiality and/or nondisclosure.

The definitions in this version of the PID are the same as in the ROC 271 Working PID Version 5.0 (which is the reason for using the same version number). State specific standards for Arizona and Colorado, where unique, have been shown separately under affected PIDs to facilitate the creation of this unified PID document for the 14 states of Qwest's local service region. (As used herein, "ROC¹ States" refers to these 14 states, except where individual states are specified separately, in which case, "ROC States," refers to all other states in the 14-state region.)

¹ The Regional Oversight Committee or "ROC" is an organization of state regulatory commissions in Qwest's 14-state local services region.

Qwest's Service Performance Indicator Definitions

Table of Contents

ELECTRONIC GATEWAY AVAILABILITY	
GA-1 – Gateway Availability – IMA-GUI	
GA-2 – Gateway Availability – IMA-EDI	
GA-3 – Gateway Availability – EB-TA	6
GA-4 – System Availability – EXACT	7
GA-6 – Gateway Availability – GUI - Repair	8
GA-7 – Timely Outage Resolution following Software Releases	
PRE-ORDER/ORDER	
PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times	
PO-2 – Electronic Flow-through	13
PO-3 – LSR Rejection Notice Interval	
PO-4 – LSRs Rejected	
PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time	
PO-6 – Work Completion Notification Timeliness	
PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness	21
PO-8 – Jeopardy Notice Interval	23
PO-9 – Timely Jeopardy Notices	
PO-10 – LSR Accountability	
PO-15 – Number of Due Date Changes per Order	
PO-16 – Timely Release Notifications	
PO-19 – Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy	
ORDERING AND PROVISIONING	30
OP-2 – Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Provisioning Center	30
OP-3 – Installation Commitments Met	
OP-4 – Installation Interval	
OP-5 – New Service Installation Quality	
OP-6 – Delayed Days	39
OP-7 – Coordinated "Hot Cut" Interval – Unbundled Loop	
OP-8 – Number Portability Timeliness	43
OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop	44
OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date	
OP-17 – Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders	
MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR	
MR-2 – Calls Answered within 20 Seconds – Interconnect Repair Center	
MR-3 – Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours	52
MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours	52 54
MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours	52 54 56
MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore	52 54 56 58
MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours	52 54 56 58
MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate MR-8 – Trouble Rate	52 54 56 58 60 63
MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate MR-8 – Trouble Rate MR-9 – Repair Appointments Met	52 54 56 58 60 63 65
MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate MR-8 – Trouble Rate	52 54 56 58 60 63 65 66

South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03

Attachment 1

MR-12 – LNP Trouble Reports – Mean Time to Restore Measurement dropped from PII	
BILLING	
BI-1 – Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records	
BI-2 – Invoices Delivered within 10 Days	
BI-3 – Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors	. 73
BI-4 – Billing Completeness	
DATABASE UPDATES	
DB-1 – Time to Update Databases	
DB-2 – Accurate Database Updates	
DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE	
DA-1 – Speed of Answer – Directory Assistance	
OPERATOR SERVICES	
OS-1 – Speed of Answer – Operator Services	
NETWORK PERFORMANCE	. 80
NI-1 – Trunk Blocking	. 80
NP-1 – NXX Code Activation	
COLLOCATION	
CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval	
CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals CP-3 – Collocation Feasibility Study Interval	
CP-3 – Collocation Feasibility Study Interval	
DEFINITION OF TERMS	
GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS	

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-GUI electronic gateway and two associated systems, focusing on the extent they are actually available to CLECs.

Description:

- GA-1A: Measures the availability of the IMA (Interconnect Mediated Access- graphical user interface), and reports the percentage of Scheduled Availability Time the IMA interface is available for view and/or input.
 - Scheduled Up Time hours for preorder, order, and provisioning transactions are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- GA-1B: Measures the availability of the "Fetch-N-Stuff" system, which facilitates access for the IMA-GUI interface and the IMA-EDI interface (see GA-2), and reports the percentage of scheduled time the Fetch-N-Stuff system is available. Scheduled times will be no less than the same hours as listed for IMA and EDI.
- GA-1C: Measures the availability of the Data Arbiter system, which facilitates access for the IMA-GUI interface and the IMA-EDI interface (see GA-2), and reports the percentage of scheduled time the Data Arbiter system is available. Scheduled times will be no less than the same hours as listed for IMA and EDI.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-GUI, Fetch-N-Stuff, or Data Arbiter), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.		
	Results will be reported as follows:		
	GA-1A IMA Graphical User Interface Gateway		
	GA-1B "Fetch–N-Stuff" system		
	GA-1C Data Arbiter system		
Formula:			
([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available	to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and		
Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Repor	ting Period]) x 100		
Exclusions: None			
Product Reporting: None	Standard: 99.25 percent		
Availability:	Notes:		
Available			

GA-2 – Gateway Availability – IMA-EDI

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the EDI electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EDI (Electronic Data Interchange) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EDI Interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for EDI based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-EDI), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. (See GA-1 for reporting of "Fetch-n-Stuff" and Data Arbiter systems availability.)
Formula:	

([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period]) x 100

Exclusions: None	· · ·	
Product Reporting: None	Standard: 99.25 percent	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

GA-3 – Gateway Availability – EB-TA

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the EB-TA interface, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EB-TA (Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EB-TA Interface is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EB-TA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	

Formula:

([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During Reporting Period]) x 100

Exclusions: None			
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent	
Availability: Available	Notes:		

<u>GA-4 – System Availability – EXACT</u>

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC batch access to the EXACT electronic access service request system, focusing on the extent the system is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EXACT system and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EXACT system is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: <u>http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html</u>.
- Time System is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the system is not available due to
 maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or
 upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EXACT), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.
Formula	

Formula:

([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During Reporting Period]) x 100

Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
Availability: Available	Notes:	
Available		

<u>GA-6 – Gateway Availability – GUI - Repair</u>

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the GUI Repair electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of the GUI (Graphical User Interface) repair electronic interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time" hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., GUI-Repair), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.
Formula:	

[Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period ÷ Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period] x 100

Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
Availability: Available	Notes:	

GA-7 – Timely Outage Resolution following Software Releases

Purpose:

Measures the timeliness of resolution of gateway or system outages attributable to software releases for specified OSS interfaces, focusing on CLEC-affecting software releases involving the specified gateways or systems.

Description:

- Measures the percentage of gateway or system outages, which are attributable to OSS system software releases and which occur within two weeks after the implementation of the OSS system software releases, that are resolved ^{NOTE 1} within 48 hours of detection by the Qwest monitoring group or reporting by a CLEC/co-provider.
- Includes software releases associated with the following OSS interfaces in Qwest: IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI, and CEMR ^{NOTE 2}, Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT)^{NOTE 3}, Electronic Bonding– Trouble Administration (EB -TA) ^{NOTE 4}
- An outage for this measurement is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component, affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers or data loss NOTE 5 on the Qwest side of the interface. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.
- The outage resolution time interval considered in this measurement starts at the time Qwest's monitoring group detects a failure, or at the date/time of the first transaction sent to Qwest that cannot be processed (i.e. lost data), and ends with the time functionality is restored or the lost data is recovered.

Reporting Period: Monthly	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

Formula:

[(Total outages detected within two weeks of a Software Release that are resolved within 48 hours of the time Qwest detects the outage) \div (Total number of outages detected within two weeks of Software Releases resolved in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Outages in releases prior to any CLEC migrating to the release.
- Duplicate reports attributable to the same software defect.

Product Reporting: Nor	le Standard:	
	Volume = 1-20: 1 miss	
	Volume > 20: 95%	
Availability:	Notes:	
	1. "Resolved" means that service is restored to the reporting CLEC, as experienced	
Available	by the CLEC.	
	2. CEMR replaced CTAS in April 01. CTAS has been retired.	
	3. EXACT is a Telecordia system. Only releases for changes initiated by	
	Qwest for hardware or connectivity will be included in this measurement.	
	4. Outages reported under EB-TA are the same as outages in MEDIACC.	
	5. For data loss to be considered for GA-7, a functional acknowledgement	
	must have been provided for the data in question (e.g., EDI 997, LSR ID or	
	trouble ticket number).	

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of responses to specific preordering/ordering queries for CLECs through the use of Qwest's Operational Support Systems (OSS). Qwest's OSS are accessed, through the specified gateway interface.

Description:

PO-1A & PO-1B:

Measures the time interval between query and response for specified pre-order/order transactions through the electronic interface.

- Measurements are made using a system that simulates the transactions of requesting pre-ordering/ordering information from the underlying existing OSS. These simulated transactions are made through the operational production interfaces and existing systems in a manner that reflects, in a statistically-valid manner, the transaction response times experienced by CLEC service representatives in the reporting period.
- The time interval between query and response consists of the period from the time the transaction request was "sent" to the time it is "received" via the gateway interface.
- A query is an individual request for the specified type of information.
- PO-1C:
- Measures the percentage of all IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B transmitted in the reporting period that timeout before receiving a response.

PO-1D:

• Measures the average response time for a sampling of rejected queries across preorder transaction types. The response time measured is the time between the issuance of a pre-ordering transaction and the receipt of an error message associated with a "rejected query." A rejected query is a transaction that cannot be successfully processed due to the provision of incomplete or invalid information by the sender, which results in an error message back to the sender. NOTE 5

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
	PO-1A, PO-1B, & PO-1D: Seconds
	PO-1C: Percent

South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03 Attachment 1

Attachment 1	
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. Results are reported as follows:
Comparisons:	PO-1A Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA
CLEC aggregate.	PO-1B Pre-Order/Order Response Time for EDI
	Results are reported separately for each of the following transaction types: NOTE 1
	1. Appointment Scheduling (Due Date Reservation, where appointment is
	required)
	2. Service Availability Information
	3. Facility Availability
	4. Street Address Validation
	5. Customer Service Records
	6. Telephone Number
	7. Loop Qualification Tools ^{NOTE 9}
	8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification
	9. Connecting Facility Assignment NOTE 7
	10. Meet Point Inquiry ^{NOTE 8}
	10. Meet I olik inquily
	For PO-1A (transactions via IMA), in addition to reporting total response time, response times for each of the above transactions will be reported in two parts: (a) time to access the request screen, and (b) time to receive the response for the specified transaction.
	For PO-1B (transactions via EDI), request/response will be reported as a combined number.
	For PO-1A 6. Telephone Number, a third part (c) accept screen, will be reported. NOTE 6
	PO-1C Results for PO-1C will be reported according to the gateway interface used: 1. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA
	2. Percent of Preorder Transactions that
	Timeout EDI
	1 micout ED1
	PO-1D Results for PO-1D will be reported according to the gateway interface used: 1. Rejected Response Times for IMA
	2. Rejected Response Times for EDI
Formula:	
PO-1A & PO-1B =	Σ [(Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of Queries Submitted in Reporting Period)
PO-1C =	[(Number of IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B that Timeout before receiving response) ÷ (Number of IRTM Queries Transmitted in Reporting Period)] x 100
PO-1D =	Σ [(Rejected Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of Rejected Query Transactions Simulated by IRTM)
Exclusions: PO-1A & PO-1B:	
	s/errors, and timed out transactions
 Rejected requered PO-1D: 	sts and errors
 Timed out trans 	actions

South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03 Attachment 1

Attachment 1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	IMA	EDI
	Total Response Time:		
	1. Appointment Scheduling	<10 seconds	<10 seconds
	2. Service Availability	<25 seconds ²	<25 seconds ²
	Information		
	3. Facility Availability	<25 seconds ³	<25 seconds ³
	4. Street Address Validation	<10 seconds	<10 seconds
	5. Customer Service Records	<12.5 seconds ³	<12.5 seconds ³
	6. Telephone Number	<10 seconds	<10 seconds
	7. Loop Qualification Tools	≤ 20 seconds ⁴	\leq 20 seconds
	 Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification 	≤ 20 seconds ⁴	\leq 20 seconds
	9. Connecting Facility	ROC States: TBD	ROC States: TBD
	Assignment	AZ: ≤ 25 seconds	AZ: ≤ 25 seconds
	10. Meet Point Inquiry	ROC States: TBD	ROC States: TBD
		AZ: \leq 30 seconds	AZ: \leq 30 seconds
	PO-1C-1	0.5	
	PO-1C-2	0.5	%
	PO-1D-1 & 2	Diagn	ostic
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	1. As additional transactions, curre		
	will be measured and added to or included in the above list of transactions,		
	 as applicable. 2. Effective 9/1/00 Qwest reduced the Service Availability Benchmark from 30 		
	seconds to 25 seconds.		
	3. Times reflect non-complex services, including residential, simple business,		
	or POTS account. Does not include ADSL or accounts >25 lines.		
	 Benchmark applies to response time only. Request time and Total time will 		
	also be reported.		
	5. As agreed to in the January 25 & 26 PID workshop, rejected query		
	types used in PO-1D will be those developed for internal Qwest		
1	diagnostic purposes.		
	6. With IMA 7.0, effective April 23, 2001, Appointment Scheduling for		
	GUI and EDI and Telephone Number for EDI no longer include an		
	accept screen. Therefore beginning with April 2001 results, the		
	accept screen results will no longer be reported.		
	7. Results based on Connecting Facility Assignment by Unit Query.		
	8. Results based on Meet Point Query, POTS Splitter option for Shared		
	loops.		
	9. Effective with Feb 02 data, results based on a weighted combination		
	of ADSL Loop Qualification and Raw Loop Data Tool. For Jan 02		
	data and prior, results for transaction 7 were based on ADSL Loop		
	Qualification only.	······································	

PO-2 – Electronic Flow-through

Purpose:

Monitors the extent Qwest's processing of CLEC Local Service Requests (LSRs) is completely electronic, focusing on the degree that electronically-transmitted LSRs flow directly to the service order processor without human intervention or without manual retyping.

Description:

PO-2A - Measures the percentage of all electronic LSRs that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the Service Order Processor (SOP) without any human intervention.

• Includes all LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

PO-2B – Measures the percentage of all flow-through-eligible LSRs ^{NOTE 1} that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the SOP without any human intervention.

• Includes all flow-through-eligible LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting	Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC		gate,	 Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multi-state system serving the state). Results for PO-2A and PO-2B will be reported according to the gateway interface* used to submit the LSR: LSRs received via IMA LSRs received via EDI
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		*CO also reports an aggregate of IMA and EDI results.
 Formula: PO-2A = [(Number of Electronic LSRs that pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Total Number of Electronic LSRs that pass through the Gateway Interface)] x 100 PO-2B = [(Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs that actually pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs that actually pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs that actually pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs received through the Gateway Interface)] x 100 			
 Non- Reco Reco Dupli 	cted LSRs and LSRs conta electronic LSRs (e.g., via fa rds with invalid product coo rds missing data essential	ax or co des. to the c	EC-caused non-fatal errors. urier). alculation of the measurement per the PID. be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to

Invalid start/stop dates/times.

South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03 Attachment 1

Product Reporting: Standard: • Resale PO-2A: • Unbundled Loops (with or without Local Number Portability) ROC States: Diagnostic • Local Number Portability PO-2B: • Local Number Portability ROC States:						
• UNE-P (POTS)	,	Beginning →		Jan 02	Jul 02	Jan 03
、 <i>、 、</i>		Resale:		90%	95%	95%
		Unb Loops:		70%	80%	85%
		LNP:		90%	95%	95%
	ł	UNE-P:		75%	90%	95%
			AZ&C	O ^{NOTE 3}		المحمي فكي بخالصة بمحمة
		Beginning →	Jan 02		Jan 03	Jul 03
	:	Resale:	80%	90%	95%	95%
	i	Unb Loops:	60%	70%	80%	85%
		LNP:	80%	90%	95%	95%
		UNE-P:	60%	75%	90%	95%
Availability: Available	 The list of the "LSR availability through t Effective exclusion In Colorat either PC benchmat PO-2A-2 	 the "LSRs Eligible for Flow Through" matrix. This matrix also includes availability for enhancements to flow through. Matrix will be distributed through the CMP process. 2. Effective with Mar 02 data results reflect the implementation of the exclusion for LSRs containing CLEC-caused non-fatal errors. 				

South Dakota QPAP Amend	ment 4-2-03	
Attachment 1		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>PO-3 – LSR R</u>	ejection Notice Interval
Purpose:		Co that algotropic and manyal I CDs years rejected
	nich Qwest notifies CLE	ECs that electronic and manual LSRs were rejected.
 standard categories of errors/rea Includes all LSRs submitte Standard reasons for reject: request or LSR/PON (purch affected, no valid contract, affecting order pending, rea Qwest question for clarification Included in the interval is t of rejecting the LSR. With hours: minutes report intervention) and (2) publis 	asons. d through the specified ions are: missing/incom- hase order number), no no valid end user verifi- quest is outside establish ation about the LSR. ime required for efforts ing, hours counted are (shed Gateway Availabil	arvice Request (LSR) and the rejection of the LSR for interface that are rejected during the reporting period. plete/mismatching/unintelligible information, duplicate separate LSR for each account telephone number cation, account not working in Qwest territory, service- hed parameters for service, and lack of CLEC response to by Qwest to work with the CLEC to avoid the necessity 1) business hours for manual rejects (involving human ity hours for auto-rejects (involving no human during normal business hours of the Wholesale Delivery
Service Centers, except for	PO-3C in which hours ently published hours of	counted are workweek clock hours. Gateway Availability f availability found on the following website:
Reporting Period: One month	oresure, emp, essiried esti	Unit of Measure:
		PO-3A-1, PO-3B-1 & PO-3C - Hrs: Mins. PO-3A-2 & PO-3B-2 – Mins: Secs.
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	to submit the LSR: • PO-3A-1, LSRs rd • PO-3A -2, LSRs • PO-3B-1, LSRs rd • PO-3B -2, LSRs	orting: tor are reported according to the gateway interface used eceived via IMA and rejected manually: Statewide received via IMA and auto-rejected: Region wide eceived via EDI and rejected manually: Statewide received via EDI and auto-rejected: Region wide eived via facsimile: Statewide
Formula: Σ [(Date and time of Rejection)	Notice transmittal) $-(D)$	Date and time of LSR receipt)] \div (Total number of LSR

 Σ [(Date and time of Rejection Notice transmittal) – (Date and time of LSR receipt)] ÷ (Total number of LSR Rejection Notifications)

Exclusions:

- Records with invalid product codes. •
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. •
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to • disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/ston dates/times.

Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by ordering interface).	Standard: • PO-3A-1 and -3B-1: ≤ 12 business hours • PO-3A -2 and -3B -2: ≤ 18 seconds • PO-3C: ≤ 24 work week clock hours
Availability: Available	Notes:

	LSKS Rejected	
Purpose:		
Monitors the extent LSRs are rejected as a percentage of all LSRs to provide information to help address		
potential issues that might be raised by the indicator of LSR rejection notice intervals.		
Description:		
Measures the percentage of LSRs rejected (returned to the	he CLEC) for standard categories of errors/reasons.	
	interface that are rejected or FOC'd during the reporting	
period.	interface that are rejected of 1 OC a during the reporting	
	unlate /	
	nplete/mismatching/unintelligible information; duplicate	
	no separate LSR for each account telephone number	
	ication; account not working in Qwest territory; service-	
	ed parameters for service; and lack of CLEC response to	
Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of LSRs	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and	Disaggregation Reporting:	
individual CLEC results	Results for this indicator are reported according to the	
	gateway interface used to submit the LSR:	
	PO-4A-1 LSRs received via IMA and rejected	
	manually – Region wide	
	PO-4A -2 LSRs received via IMA and auto-rejected	
	– Region wide	
	PO-4B-1 LSRs received via EDI and rejected	
	manually – Region wide	
	PO-4B -2 LSRs received via EDI and auto-rejected	
	– Region wide	
	PO-4C LSRs received via facsimile – Statewide	
Formula: [(Total number of LSRs rejected via the specified method	ad in the reporting period) \div (Total of all ISRs that are	
received via the specified interface that were rejected or		
Exclusions:		
Records with invalid product codes.		
Records missing data essential to the calculation of	the measurement per the PID.	
	ed upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow	
duplicate LSR #'s.)		
 Invalid start/stop dates/times. 		
Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by	Standard: Diagnostic	
	Standard: Diagnostic	
ordering interface).	NT-4	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time

	PO-5 – Finit Order Commations (POCS) On Time		
Purpose:			
Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest returns Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) to CLECs in response to			
LSRs/ASRs received from CLECs, focusing on the degree to which FOCs are provided within specified intervals.			
Description:			
Measures the percentage of F	irm Order Confirmations (FOCs) that are provided to CLECs within the intervals		
specified under "Standards" l	below for FOC notifications.		
 Includes all LSRs/ASRs 	that are submitted through the specified interface or in the specified manner (i.e.,		
	FOC during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.		
	separately from an FOC (e.g., EDI 997 transactions are not included.)		
	measured is the period between the LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up		
	nse with a FOC notification (notification date and time).		
	the interval measured is the period between the application date and time, as defined		
	onse with a FOC notification (notification date and time).		
intervention, and (3) for	are those (1) that are received via IMA or EDI, (2) that involve no manual which FOCs are provided mechanically to the CLEC. NOTE 2		
 "Electronic/manual" LSI 	Rs are received electronically via IMA or EDI and involve manual processing.		
 "Manual" LSRs are rece 	ived manually (via facsimile) and processed manually.		
• ASRs are measured only	in business days.		
• LSRs will be evaluated a	according to the FOC interval categories shown in the "Standards" section below,		
	ines/services requested on the LSR or, where multiple LSRs from the same CLEC		
	combined number of lines/services requested on the related LSRs.		
Reporting Period: One mon			
1 0			
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multi-state system serving the		
CLEC aggregate and	state).		
individual CLEC results	Results for this indicator are reported as follows:		
	• PO-5A:* FOCs provided for <u>fully electronic</u> LSRs received via:		
	– PO-5A-1 IMA		
	– PO-5A-2 EDI		
	 PO-5B:*FOCs provided for <u>electronic/manual</u> LSRs received via: 		
	– PO-5B-1 IMA		
	– PO-5B-2 EDI		
	• PO-5C:* FOCs provided for <u>manual</u> LSRs received via Facsimile.		
	 PO-5D: FOCs provided for ASRs requesting LIS Trunks. 		
	* Each of the PO-5A, PO-5B and PO-5C measurements listed above will be		
	further disaggregated as follows:		
	 – (a) FOCs provided for Resale services and UNE-P 		
	 – (b) FOCs provided for Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled 		
	Network Elements		
	 – (c) FOCs provided for LNP 		
Formula:			
PO-5A = {[Count of LSRs for	or which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (LSR received		
date/time (based on scheduled up time))" is within 20 minutes] ÷ (Total Number of original FOC			
Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100			
remember a monited for the best of emegory in the reporting period), it ree			
PO-5B, 5C, & 5D = {[Count	of LSRs/ASRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) -		
(Application Date & Time)" is within the intervals specified for the service category involved] ÷ (Total			
	1 FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x		
100	The service energy in the reporting period)? X		
100			

South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03 Attachment 1

ч,

Attachment 1			
Exclusions:		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
 LSRs/ASRs involving i 			
in the "Standards" sec	tion below, or service/request typ	pes, deemed to be projects.	, ,
Hours on Weekends a	nd holidays. (Except for PO-5A	which only excludes hours out	side the
scheduled up time).	,	······, ·····, ·······················	
	ested FOC arrangements differe	nt from standard FOC arrange	ements
 Records with invalid pr 			
	essential to the calculation of the	measurement per the PID	
 Duplicate LSR number 	rs. (Exclusion to be eliminated up	e measurement per the FID.	nobility to
disallow duplicate LSR		bon implementation of IMA ca	pabliky to
1			
 Invalid start/stop dates Additional PO-5D exclusio 			
	pplication or confirmation dates.		
Product Reporting:	Standards:		
	• For PO-5A (all):	95% within 20 minutes NOTE 2	
• For PO-5A, -5B and -5C:	• For PO-5B (all):	90% within standard FOC in below)	ervals (specified
(a) Resale services	• For PO-5C (manual):	90% within standard FOC int	ervals specified
UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P Centrex		below PLUS 24 hours No.	DTE 3
(b) Unbundled	For PO-5D (LIS Trunks):	85% within eight business day	ys
Loops and			
specified	Standard FOC	Intervals for PO-5B and PO-5C	
•	Product Croup NOTE 1		
Unbundled	1 rouuci Group		FOC Interval
Network Elements.	Resale		
(c) LNP	Residence and Business POTS	1-39 lines	
	ISDN-Basic	1-10 lines	
• For PO-5D: LIS	 Conversion As Is 		24 hours
Trunks.	 Adding/Changing feature 		
		isting to established loop	
	 Add call appearance 		
	Centrex Non-Design	1-19 lines	
	with no Common Block		
	Centrex line feature changes		
	LNP	1-24 lines	
1	Unbundled Loops	1-24 loops	
	2/4 Wire analog		
	DS3 Capable		
	Sub-loop	1-24 sub-loops	
	[included in Product Reporti		-
	Shared-loop/Line-sharing	1-24 shared	
	[included in Product Reporti		4
	Unbundled Network Element-P		
		1 – 39 lines	

	Resale	<u> </u>	
	ISDN-Basic	1-10 lines	
	15DIV-Dasie	Conversion As	
		Conversion As	48 hours
	Specified	Mary Installa	40 110013
	-	New Installs	
	—	Address	
	Changes		
		Change to add	
	Loop		
	ISDN-PRI (Facility)	1-3	
	PBX	1-24 trunks	
	DS0 or Voice Grade Equivalent	1-24	
	DS1 Facility	1-24	
	DS3 Facility	1-3	
	LNP	25-49 lines	
	Resale		
	Centrex (including Centrex 21, Non-desig	'n.	
	Centrex 21 Basic ISDN, Centrex		
	Centron, Centrex Primes)	1-10 lines	
	 With Common Block Configuration 		
	- Initial establishment of Centrex CM	S services	
	 Tie lines or NARs activity 		
	 Subsequent to initial Common Bloc 	k	
	 Station lines 		72 hours
	 Automatic Route Selection 		/2 nours
	 Uniform Call Distribution 		
	 Additional numbers 		
	UNE-P Centrex	1-10 lines	
	UNE-P Centrex 21	1-10 lines	
	Unbundled Loops with Facility Check ^(NOTE 2, 1)		
	2/4 wire Non-loaded	- ···· r -	
	ADSL compatible		
	ISDN capable		
	XDSL-I capable		
	DS1 capable		
	Resale		
	ISDN-PRI (Trunks)	1-12 trunks	96 hours
			8 business
	For PO-5D:	-240 trunk circuits	
A			days
Availability:	Notes: 1. LSRs with quantities above the h		ed for each
	 product type are considered ICB. 2. Unbundled Loop with Facility Check can be processed electronical however, because this category always carries a 72-hour FOC intertible the FOC results for this product will appear in PO-5B if received 		ır FOC interval
	 electronically or PO-5C if receive Unbundled Loop with Facility Cl hours to the 72-hour interval if the 	heck will not add an a	

PO-6 – Work Completion Notification Timeliness

Purpose:

To evaluate the timeliness of Qwest issuing electronic notification at an LSR level to CLECs that provisioning work on all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR have been completed in the Service Order Processor and the service is available to the customer.

Description:

PO-6A & 6B:

- Includes all orders completed in the Qwest Service Order Processor that generate completion notifications in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- The start time is the date/time when the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is posted as completed in the Service Order Processor.
- The end time is when the electronic order completion notice is made available (IMA) ^{NOTE 1} or transmitted ^{NOTE 2} (EDI) to the CLEC via the ordering interface used to place the local service request. The notification is transmitted at an LSR level when all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR are complete.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are during the published Gateway Availability hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Reporting Period:		Unit of Measure:		
One month		PO-6A - 6B:	Hrs:Mins	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results.	 Disaggregation Repor PO-6A Notices tra PO-6B Notices tra 	nsmitted via IMA		

Formula:

For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-GUI:

 $PO-6A = \Sigma((Date and Time Completion Notification made available to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor)) ÷ (Number of completion notifications made available in reporting period)$

For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-EDI:

 $PO-6B = \Sigma((Date and Time Completion Notification transmitted to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor.)) ÷ (Number of completion notifications transmitted in reporting period)$

Exclusions:

PO – 6A & 6B:

- Records with invalid completion dates.
- LSRs submitted manually (e.g., via facsimile).
- ASRs submitted via EXACT.

	Product Reporting:Standard:PO - 6A & 6B Aggregate reporting for all products ordered through6 hours	
IMA-GUI and, se	parately, IMA-EDI (see disaggregation reporting).	
Availability: Available	 Notes: The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-update related to the completion notice in the IMA occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by th window or by using the LSR Notice Inquiry function Initially the end time for PO-6B was the time a notion This is the time Qwest completed processing for the immediately prior to transmission. Qwest developed transmission date and time from EDI and began base date and time effective with Jan 02 data. 	Status Updates database. When this e CLEC using the Status Updates on. ce is "made available" via IMA-EDI. e completion notice in IMA d the ability to capture the

PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness

Purpose:

To evaluate the timeliness with which electronic billing completion notifications are made available or transmitted to CLECs, focusing on the percentage of notifications that are made available or transmitted (for CLECs) or posted in the billing system (for Qwest retail) within five business days.

Description:

- <u>PO-7A & 7B</u>:
- This measurement includes all orders posted in the CRIS billing system for which billing completion notices are made available or transmitted in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time a service order is completed in the SOP to the time billing completion for the order is made available or transmitted to the CLEC.
 - The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI consists of the time Qwest stores the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window.
 - The time a notice is "transmitted" via IMA-EDI consists of the time Qwest actually transmits the completion notice via EDI. Applicable only to those CLECs who are certified and setup to receive the notices via EDI. NOTE 1
- The start time is when the completion of the service order is posted in the Qwest SOP. The end time is when, confirming that the order has been posted in the CRIS billing system, the electronic billing completion notice is made available to the CLEC via the same ordering interface (IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) as used to submit the LSR.

• Intervals counted in the numerator of these measurements are those that are five business days or less. PO-7C:

- This measurement includes all retail orders posted in the CRIS Billing system in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time an order is completed in the SOP to the time it is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- The start time is when the completion of the order is posted in the SOP. The end time is when the order is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of this measurement are those that are five business days or less.

• Intervals counted in the numerator of this measurement are those that are nive business days of less.			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.		
PO-7A and -7B: CLEC aggregate	PO-7A Notices made available via IMA-GUI		
and individual CLEC results.	PO-7B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI		
PO-7C: Qwest retail results.	• PO-7C Billing system posting completions for Qwest Retail		
Formula:	<u>]</u>		
	est generates for LSRs received via IMA:		
PO-7A = (Number of electron	(Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period made available within		
	five business days of posting complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices made available during the reporting period)		
	(Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period transmitted within five		
	business days of posting complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic billing completion		
	notices transmitted during the reporting period)		
For service orders Qwest generates for retail customers (i.e., the retail analogue for PO-7A & -7B):			
that were posted within 5 business days) ÷ (Total number of retail service orders posted in the			
CRIS billing system in the reporting period)			

South Dakota QPAP Amend Attachment 1	Iment 4-2-03		
Exclusions: PO-7A, 7B & 7C		·	
 Services that are not billed Records with invalid comp PO-7A & 7B LSRs submitted manually. ASRs submitted via EXAC 		elay.	
Product Reporting: Aggregate reporting for all pro and, separately, IMA-EDI (see	oducts ordered through IMA-GUI e disaggregation reporting).	Standard: PO-7A and -7B: Parity with PO-7C	
Availability: Available	was "made available". Th IMA-EDI consisted of the	 Prior to Jan 02 the end time for EDI was based on the time a notice was "made available". The time a notice was "made available" via IMA-EDI consisted of the time Qwest completed processing for the completion notice in IMA immediately prior to transmission of the 	

PO-8 – Jeopardy Notice Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of jeopardy notifications, focusing on how far in advance of original due dates jeopardy notifications are provided to CLECs (regardless of whether the due date was actually missed).

Description:

Measures the average time lapsed between the date the customer is first notified of an order jeopardy event and the original due date of the order.

	T 1 1 11 1	1 1		1 1	1
	Includes all orde	rs completed in th	e reporting perio	a that received	jeopardy notifications.
•	monutes an orde	is completed in m	to reporting perio	a mai recorrea	jeopulay nothieutions.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Average Business days NOTE 1
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	(This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used
	the categories shown under Product Reporting.)

Formula:

[Σ (Date of the original due date of orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification – Date of the first jeopardy notification) ÷ Total orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification]

Exclusions:

- Jeopardies done after the original due date is past.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standard:
A Non-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS
B Unbundled Loops (with or without Number	B Parity with Retail POTS
Portability)	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) services
C LIS Trunks	D Parity with Retail POTS
D UNE-P (POTS)	
Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. Effective with Dec 01 data in the Apr 02 report, for
	PO-8A and -D, Saturday is counted as a business day
	for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence,
	Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the
	retail analogues specified above as standards. For
	dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale
	Business, and UNE-P (POTS) and for all other
	products reported under PO-8B and -8C, Saturday is
	counted as a business day when the service order is due
	on Saturday.
	on Saturday.

PO-9 – Timely Jeopardy Notices

Purpose:

When original due dates are missed, measures the extent to which Qwest notifies customers in advance of jeopardized due dates.

Description:

Measures the percentage of late orders for which advance jeopardy notification is provided.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed in the reporting period that missed the original due date. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward line activity (with "I" and "T" action-coded line USOCs).
- Missed due date orders with jeopardy notifications provided on or after the original due date is past will be counted in the denominator of the formula but will not be counted in the numerator.

Unit of Measure: Percent
Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. (This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)

Formula:

(Total missed due date orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification in advance of original due date) \div (Total number of missed due date orders completed in the reporting period) x 100

Exclusions:

- Orders missed for customer reasons.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting: A Non-Designed Services B Unbundled Loops (with or without Number Portability) C LIS Trunks (available) D UNE-P (POTS)	Standard: A Parity with Retail POTS B Parity with Retail POTS C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) Services D Parity with Retail POTS
Availability: Available	 Notes: Prior to Aug 01 results, the specified Change order types (i.e., with "I" & "T" action codes) included some orders that do not strictly represent additional lines (in both wholesale and retail results). Specifically these include changes to existing lines, such as conversions, number changes, PIC changes, and class of service changes. Beginning with Aug 01 results Qwest developed the capability to exclude "Change" service orders that do not involve installation of lines.

PO-10 – LSR Accountability

Purpose:

Evaluates the degree to which Qwest can account for all LSRs received electronically.

Description:

Measures the number of LSRs received via IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI interfaces that Qwest has issued (confirmed) or accounted for in specific status categories, as a percentage of all LSRs received in the reporting period.

- Includes all LSRs that are received via the IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI interfaces, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Status categories accounted for include:
 - Pending (i.e., assigned to a center representative for handling);
 - Supplemented (i.e., subsequent version of request that has not been confirmed or rejected at time of reporting);
 - Cancelled (by the CLEC prior to Qwest returning confirmation to the CLEC);
 - Rejected (i.e., rejection notice has been sent to the CLEC);
 - Issued (i.e., the order has been processed and confirmation has been returned to the CLEC);
 - Error (i.e., auto-logging error indicating a field value mismatch between the electronic interface and the Customer Request Management (CRM) system, at time of reporting, in parallel with the ordering processing in a manner that does not impede timeliness);
 - Project (i.e., routed to project management for handling);

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

Formula:

[(Count of all LSRs issued or in status categories specified above) \div (Total number of LSRs received in reporting period)] x 100 ^{NOTE 1}

Exclusions:

• Front-end rejects (e.g., 997notifications) that would not be eligible for confirmation or rejection

Product Reporting:	None Standard: ROC States: Diagnostic NOTE 2 CO:
	99 percent
Availability: Available	 Notes: Results that nominally exceed 100 percent may be due to timing differences in obtaining the quantities for the status categories (numerator) and for the total LSRs received (denominator). It is also possible for results to nominally fall short of 100 percent for the same reason. Because Qwest has a mechanized auto-logging process for tracking LSRs, Qwest believes the ROC TAG will determine this measurement to be unnecessary after being audited in the ROC Test. Accordingly, Qwest may approach the TAG to withdraw this measurement after the Test, after reporting multiple consecutive months demonstrating that Qwest adequately tracks and accounts for LSRs.

PO-15 – Number of Due Date Changes per Order

*		de Date Glianges per Older		
Purpose:				
To evaluate the extent to which Qwest changes due dates on orders.				
Description:				
Measures the average number of Qwest due date changes per order.				
• Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that have been assigned a due date in				
		y. Change order types for additional lines consist of all ad "T" action coded line USOCs. ^{NOTE 1} .		
• Counts all due date changes made for Qwest reasons following assignment of the original due date.				
Reporting Period: One mon		asure: Average Number of Due Date Changes		
Reporting Comparisons: Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, and Qwest retail results.				
Formula:				
Σ (Count of Qwest due date c	hanges on all orders) ÷ (To	otal orders in reporting period)		
 Records with invalid pr 	ial company services. ue dates or application d roduct codes.	ates. the measurement per the PID.		
Product Reporting:	Product Reporting: Standard:			
None		Diagnostic		
Availability: Available	 Notes: Prior to Aug 01 results the specified Change order types (i.e., with "I" & "T" action codes) included some orders that do not strictly represent additional lines (in both wholesale and retail results). Specifically these include changes to existing lines, such as conversions, number changes, PIC changes, and class of service changes. Beginning with Aug 01 results Qwest developed the capability to exclude "Change" service orders that do not involve installation of lines. 			

PO-16 – Timely Release Notifications

Purpose:

Measures the percent of release notifications for changes to specified OSS interfaces sent by Qwest to CLECs within the intervals specified within the intervals and scope specified within the change management plan found on Qwest's Change Management Process, (CMP) website at http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/whatiscmp.html.

Description:

- Measures the percent of timely release notices that are sent by Qwest within the intervals/timeframes prescribed by the release notification procedure on Qwest's CMP website. NOTE 1
 - Release notices measured are:
 - Draft Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Final Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Draft Release Notices (for GUI interfaces only);
 - For the following OSS interfaces:
 - IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI;
 - CEMR; NOTE 2
 - Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT); NOTE 3
 - Electronic Bonding Trouble Administration (EB -TA); NOTE 4
 - IABS and CRIS Summary Bill Outputs: NOTE 7
 - Loss and Completion Records; NOTE 7
 - New OSS interfaces (for introduction notices only.)^{NOTE 6}
 - Also included are notifications for connectivity or system function changes to Resale Product Database.
 - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest relating to the following products and service categories: LIS/Interconnection, Collocation, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE), Ancillary, and Resale Products and Services.
 - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest to CLECs for the following OSS functions: Pre-Ordering, Ordering, Provisioning, Repair and Maintenance, and Billing.
 - Includes Types of Changes as specified in the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document" (Section 4 – Types of Changes).
 - Includes all OSS interface release notifications pertaining to the above OSS systems, subject to the exclusions specified below.
- Release Notifications sent on or before the date required by the CMP are considered timely. A release notification "sent date" is determined by the date of the e-mail sent by Qwest that provides the Release Notification. NOTE 8
- Release Notifications sent after the date required by the (CMP) are considered untimely. Release Notifications required but not sent are considered untimely.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	

Formula:

[(Number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes made within the reporting period that are sent on or before the date required by the change management plan (CMP) ÷ Total number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes within reporting period)]x100

Exclusions:

- Changes to be implemented on an expedited basis (exception to OSS notification intervals) as mutually agreed upon by CLECs and Qwest through the CMP.
- Changes where Qwest and CLECs agree, through the CMP, that notification is unnecessary.

Product Reporting:	None	Standard:				
			Vol. 1-10: No	more	than	one
			unti	mely no	otificati	on
			Vol. > 10:	92	2.5% tim	ely noti
Availability:	Notes:					
Available						

1. The Change Management Process (CMP) specifies the intervals for release notifications
by type of notification. These intervals are documented in the change management plan.
2. CEMR replaced CTAS in April 01. CTAS will not be included in this measure because
it is scheduled for retirement at the end of May 01.
3. EXACT is a Telecordia system. Only release notifications for changes initiated by
Qwest for hardware or connectivity will be included in this measurement.
4. EB-TA is the same system as MEDIACC.
5. The documents described in section "9.0 - Retirement of Existing OSS
Interfaces" of the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process
Document" as "Initial Retirement Notice" and "Final Retirement Notice."
6. The documents described in section "7.0 - Introduction of New OSS
 Interface" of the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process
Document" as "Initial Release Announcement and Preliminary
Implementation Plan" (new App to App only), "Initial Interface Technical
Specification" (new App to App only), "Final Interface Technical
Specifications (new App to App only), "Release Notification" (new GUI
only). CMP notices for "Introduction of a New OSS" are to be included in
this measurement even though the new system is not explicitly listed in
the "Description" section of this PID. However, once implemented, the
system will not be added to the measurement for purposes of measuring
release, change and retirement notifications unless specifically
incorporated as an authorized change to the PID.
7. CRIS, IABS, and Loss and Completions will adhere to the notification intervals
documented in section 8.1 – Changes to Existing Application to Application Interface.
8. Prior to April 4, 2002 the interval used to determine timeliness was based on CICMP
guidelines. Effective April 4, 2002 the intervals used to determine timeliness are based
on CMP guidelines.
-

PO-19 – Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy

Purpose:

Evaluates Qwest's ability to provide accurate production-like tests to CLECs for testing both new releases and between releases in the SATE environment.

Description:

- Measures the percentage of test transactions published in the *IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE)* that are successfully executed in SATE at the time a new IMA Release is deployed to SATE. In months where no release activity occurs, measures the percentage of test transactions published in the current IMA EDI Data Document-for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are successfully executed in SATE during the mid-release monthly performance test.
- Includes one test transaction for each scenario published in the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).
- Test transactions will be executed for each of the IMA releases supported in SATE utilizing all current versions of the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).
- The successful execution of a transaction is determined by the Qwest Test Engineer according to:
 - The expected results of the test scenario as described in the *IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand* Alone Test Environment (SATE) and the EDI disclosure document.
 - The transactions strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Disclosure Documentation for each release and the associated Addenda.
- For this measurement, Qwest will execute the test transactions in the Stand-Alone Test Environment.
 - Release related test transactions will be executed when a full or point release of IMA is installed in SATE.
 These transactions will be executed within five business days of the numbered release being originally installed in SATE. This five-business day period will be referred to as the "Testing Window."¹
 - Mid-release monthly performance test transactions will be executed in the months when no Testing Window for a release is completed. These transactions will be executed on the 15th, or the nearest working day to the 15th of the month, in the months when no release related test transactions are executed.
- Test transaction results will be included in the Reporting Period during which the release transactions or midrelease test transactions are completed.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure:	Percent
Reporting Comparisons: None		Disaggregation Reporting: None	· · ·

Formula:

[(Total number of successfully completed SATE test transactions executed for a Software Release or Mid-release performance test completed in the Reporting Period) \div (Total number of SATE test transactions executed for a Software Release or Mid-release performance test completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions: None	
Product Reporting: None	Standard: 95% NOTE 2
Availability: Available	 Notes: 1. Due to accelerated implementation schedule for this PID the "Testing Window" associated with the 8.1 release will be within 12 business days of the 8.1 release being originally installed in SATE. 2. The 95% benchmark became effective with Mar 02 data.

South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03 Attachment 1 Ordering and Provisioning

OP-2 - Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds - Interconnect Provisioning Center

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of CLEC access to Qwest's interconnection provisioning center(s) and retail customer access to the Business Office, focusing on the extent calls are answered within 20 seconds

Description:

Measures the percentage of (Interconnection Provisioning Center or Retail Business Office) calls that are answered by an agent within 20 seconds of the first ring.

- Includes all calls to the Interconnect Provisioning Center/Retail Business Office during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Abandoned calls are counted as missed.
- First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic Call Distributor).
- Answer is defined as when the call is first picked up by the Qwest agent.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Formula: [(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds) ÷	(Total Calls received by Center)] x 100	
Explanation: Percentage is derived from total number of of calls received.	calls answered within 20 seconds divided by total number	
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU Voice Response Un	it is not counted.	
Product Reporting: Not applicable Standard: Parity		
Availability: Available	Notes:	

OP-3 – Installation Commitments Met

	OP-3 – Installation Commitments Met	
Purpose:		
Evaluates the extent to which Qwest installs services for Customers by the scheduled due date.		
Description:		
	age of orders for which the scheduled due date is met.	
	(Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and	
	leted/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions	
specified below.	Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders	
representing inwa	ard activity (with "I" and "T" action coded line USOCs). NOTE 1 Also included are	
orders with custor	mer-requested due dates longer than the standard interval.	
	on or before the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest is counted as a met due	
	able Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer,	
the most recently	revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest	
reasons, the App	licable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to	
the original due d	ate and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.	
Reporting Period: One	e month Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level,	
Comparisons: CLEC	 Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type 	
aggregate, individual	Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:	
CLEC and Qwest	OP-3A Dispatches within MSAs;	
Retail results	OP-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and	
	OP-3C No dispatches.	
	Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type	
	Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:	
	OP-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and	
	OP-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.	
Formula:		
	ed in the reporting period on or before the Applicable Due Date) ÷ (Total Orders Completed	
in the Reporting Period)] x 100	
	nt commitments met is obtained by dividing the total number of service orders completed	
	able Due Date (as defined in the description above) by the total number of service orders	
completed during the m	leasurement period.	
Exclusions:		
	n (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.	
	d for standard categories of customer and non-Qwest reasons. Standard	
	tomer reasons are: previous service at the location did not have a customer-	
	nect order issued, no access to customer premises, and customer hold for	
	ard categories of non-Qwest reasons are: Weather, Disaster, and Work Stoppage.	
 Records involving official company services. 		
Records with invalid due dates or application dates.		
 Records with invalid completion dates. 		
	•	
	1	
 Records with invalid completion dates. Records with invalid product codes. 		

Attachment 1			
Product Reporting:	Standards:		
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	1		
• Resale			
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service		
Business single line service	Parity with retail service		
Centrex	Parity with retail service		
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service		
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service		
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21		
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex		
 Unbundled Loop – Analog (non-designed) 	90%		
Shared Loop/Line Sharing	ROC States: 95%		
	CO: 90%		
Sub-Loop Unbundling	ROC States: Diagnostic		
	CO: 90%		
Zone-Type Disaggregation -			
• Resale			
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
	Parity with retail service		
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service		
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service		
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)		
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT) 	Turty with Found Group D (uggroguto)		
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line		
UDIT – DST level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level		
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic		
Unbundled Loops:	0004		
Analog Loop (designed provisioning)	90%		
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	90%		
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line		
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line		
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI		
ADSL-qualified Loop	90%		
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line		
(aggregate)	services (aggregate)		
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic		
Loops with Conditioning	90%		
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks		
 Enhanced Extended Links (EELs) 	90%		

Availability:	Notes:
ble (except as noted below_	 Prior to Aug 01 results the specified Change order types (i.e., with "I" & "T" action codes) included some orders that do not strictly represent additional lines (in both wholesale and retail results). Specifically these include changes to existing lines, such as conversions, number changes, PIC changes, and class of service changes.
 Development: Reporting of UNE-P Centrex 21 – beginning with Dec 01 	Beginning with Aug 01 results Qwest developed the capability to exclude "Change" service orders that do not involve installation of lines.
data on the Jun 02 report.	

OP-4 – Installation Interval

Purpose: Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of services for customers, focusing on the average time to install service.

Description:

Measures the average interval (in business days)^{NOTE 1} between the application date ^{NOTE 4} and the completion date for service orders accepted and implemented.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all C orders representing inward activity (with "I" and "T" action coded line USOCs).^{NOTE 2}
- Intervals for each measured event are counted in whole days: the application date is day zero (0); the day following the application date is day one (1).
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. NOTE 3
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Average Business Days	
Reporting Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Comparisons: • Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Typ		listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type	
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	OP-4A Dispatches within MSAs;		
 Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations: OP-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and OP-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas. 		ggregated according to installations:	

Formula:

 Σ [(Order Completion Date) – (Order Application Date) – (Time interval between the Original Due Date and the Applicable Date) – (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ Total Number of Orders Completed in the reporting period

<u>Explanation</u>: The average installation interval is derived by dividing the sum of installation intervals for all orders (in business days)^{NOTE 1} by total number of service orders completed in the reporting period.

- Orders with customer requested original due dates greater than the current standard interval. (This exclusion does <u>not</u> apply to LIS trunks, E911 and products involving dispatches reported under "MSA-Type Disaggregation," for which orders for all requested intervals are included. These exceptions to this exclusion will be removed as Qwest develops the corresponding measurement capability, at which time this definition will be updated.)
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
 Unbundled Loop – Analog (non-designed) 	6 days
Shared Loop/Line Sharing	3.3 days
Sub-Loop Unbundling	ROC States: Diagnostic
· •	CO: 6 days
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	· ·
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN(designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop (designed provisioning)	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	6 days
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
(aggregate)	(aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning	15 days
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Links (EELs)	Diagnostic

 Availability: Available: (except as specified below) Under Development: Refinement of application date treatment for LSRs received after specified cutoff times (per Note 4) – beginning with Dec 01 data on the Jun 02 report. Reporting of UNE-P Centrex 21 – beginning with Dec 01 data on the Jun 02 report. Reporting 15 day benchmark on results report – beginning on Jun 02 report. 	 For OP-4C, Saturday is counted as a business day for all orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other products under OP-4C and for all products under OP-4A, -4B, -4D, and -4E (effective with Dec 01 results and forward, beginning in the Apr 02 report). Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due or completed on Saturday. Prior to Aug 01 results the specified Change order types (i.e., with "I" & "T" action codes) included some orders that do not strictly represent additional lines (in both wholesale and retail results). Specifically these include changes to existing lines, such as conversions, number changes, PIC changes, and class of service changes. Beginning with Aug 01 results Qwest developed the capability to exclude "Change" service orders that do not involve installation of lines. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further change) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any Following the first Qwest- initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer- initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiat
	that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest- initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer- initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The

OP-5 – New Service Installation Quality

Purpose:

Evaluates quality of ordering and installation of services, focusing on the percentage of average monthly new order installations that were free of trouble reports for thirty (30) calendar days following installation, including the percentage of new service installations that experienced a trouble report on the installation date after the order is reported as work complete by the technician.

Description:

- OP-5 Measures the monthly average percentage of new installations that are free of trouble reports within 30 calendar days of initial installation.
- New installation orders used in calculating this performance indicator (appearing in the numerator and the denominator of the OP-5 formula shown below) are all inward orders for the current and previous reporting periods, including Change (C-type) orders for additional lines. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward activity (with "I" and "T" action coded line USOCs), ^{NOTE 1} (The average monthly number of new installation orders calculated in the denominator of the formula shown below will be rounded up to the nearest integer whole number.)
- All trouble reports (for both out-of-service and service-affecting conditions) closed within the reporting period, which were received within thirty (30) days of the original installation of service, including on the day the order is installed are measured (for use in the numerator of the formula shown below), subject to exclusions shown below.
- Because the trouble reports in the numerator of this measurement are reported on a per-line basis and therefore may exceed the number of orders it is possible for the numerator, and thus the reported result, to be negative. Accordingly, a lower limit of zero will be applied to the numerator of this measurement, reflecting that there cannot be a negative number of "new service installations."
- Includes both out of service and service affecting trouble reports, subject to exclusions shown below.

boloti		
Reporting Period: One month (for trouble reports); Average of prior and		Unit of Measure: Percent
current reporting month (for new installation activity)		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation Re	porting: Statewide level
individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results		

Formula:

[((Number of New Installation Orders completed in the [prior + current months]/2*) - (Total Number of New Installation-related Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period within 30 Calendar Days of Order Completion, including on the day the order is installed)) \div (Number of New Installation Orders completed in the [prior + current months]/2*)] x 100

* The value of the two-month average New Installation Orders completed is rounded up to an integer value.

- Trouble reports coded as follows (applies to the trouble reports subtracted from the New Installation Orders in the numerator of OP-5):
 - For products measured from MTAS data trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Non-Telco Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider (13);
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data, trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE)
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble on the installed service before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates, application dates, or start dates.
- Records with invalid completion, cleared, or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.

Attachment 1		
	sential to the calculation of t	he measurement per the PID.
Product Reporting:		Standards:
Resale		
Residential single li		Parity with retail service
Business single line	service	Parity with retail service
Centrex		Parity with retail service
Centrex 21		Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks		Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN		Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL		Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN		Parity with retail service
DS0		Parity with retail service
DS1		Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-	rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay		Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Network Ele	ment – Platform (UNE-P)	Parity with like retail service
(POTS)		
• Unbundled Network Ele	ment – Platform (UNE-P)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
(Centrex 21)		
• Unbundled Network Ele	ment – Platform (UNE-P)	Parity with retail Centrex
(Centrex)		
 Shared Loop/Line Sha 	aring	Parity with retail RES & BUS POTS
 Sub-Loop Unbundling 		Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
 Unbundled Dedicated 	Interoffice Transport (UD	
UDIT – DS1 level		Parity with retail DS1 Private Lines
UDIT – Above DS1	level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF		Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:		
Analog Loop		Parity with retail Res & Bus POTS with dispatch
Non-loaded Loop (2	2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4	I-wire)	Parity with retail DS1
DS1-capable Loop		Parity with retail DS1
ISDN-capable Loop		Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop		Parity with retail Qwest DSL with dispatch
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates		Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
(aggregate)		(aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop		Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks		Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
 Enhanced Extended Links (EELs) 		Diagnostic
Availability: Notes:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Available (except as 1. Prior to Aug 01 results		s, the specified Change order types (i.e., with "I" & "T"
noted below) action codes) included		d some orders that do not strictly represent additional
		le and retail results). Specifically these include changes
 Reporting of UNE-P 	to existing lines, such	as conversions, number changes, PIC changes, and
Centrex 21 –		es. Beginning with Aug 01 results Qwest developed
beginning with Dec 01		de "Change" service orders that do not involve
data on Jun 02 report.	installation of lines.	

	OF-0 - Delayeu Days
Purpose: Evaluates the extent Owes	t is late in installing services for customers, focusing on the average number of days that
	beyond the committed due date.
Description:	
OP-6A – Measures the ave Date for non-fac Includes all the reportin	erage number of business days ^{NOTE 1} that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due cility reasons attributed to Qwest. inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during g period, later, due to non-facility reasons, than the Applicable Due Date recorded by ject to exclusions specified below.
Date for facility Includes all the reportin 	erage number of business days ^{NOTE 1} that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due reasons attributed to Qwest. I inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during g period later due to facility reasons than the original due date recorded by Qwest, subject as specified below.
For both OP-6A and O	P-6B.
	s for additional lines consist of "C" orders with "I" and "T" action coded line
recently revised due the Applicable Due original due date an	e Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most e date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the nd (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. ^{NOTE 3} ated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due
Date, as applied in the	e formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, able Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.
Reporting Period: One m	nonth Unit of Measure: Average Business Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail resultsDi •••	 isaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for products/services listed under Product Reporting under "MSA-type Disaggregation" will be reported for OP-6A and OP-6B according to orders involving: Dispatches within MSAs; Dispatches outside MSAs; and No dispatches. Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations: In Interval Zone 1 areas; and In Interval Zone 2 areas.
(Time intervals	npletion Date of late order for non-facility reasons) – (Applicable Due Date of late order) – s associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the le Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for non-facility reasons completed in the od)
Date of late changes or	ual Completion Date of late order for facility reasons) – (Applicable Due e order)] – (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date) ÷ (Total Number of Late acility reasons completed in the reporting period)

Atta	ichment 1		
	lusions:		
	Orders affected only by delays that are solely for	customer and/or CLEC reasons	
•	Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) a		
•			
	 Records with invalid due dates or application dates. 		
	Design of the forward of the second of the s		
•	Records with invalid completion dates.		
•	Records missing data essential to the calculation	of the measurement per the DID	
Dro		Standards:	
	duct Reporting: A-Type Disaggregation -	Standarus:	
•	Resale	Derity with rotail acquire	
	Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
	Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
	Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
	Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
	DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service	
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex	
•	Unbundled Loop – Analog (non-designed)	Parity with retail Res & Bus POTS with dispatch	
•	Shared Loop/Line Sharing	Diagnostic	
•	Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	
Zor	ne-type Disaggregation -		
•	Resale		
	Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	DS1	Parity with retail service	
	PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service	
	(aggregate)		
	Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
•	LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI		
•	UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line- Service	
	UDIT DST level	Parity with retail Private Line- Service	
		level	
L	Dark fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
•	Unbundled Loops:		
	Analog Loop (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch	
	Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
	Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
	DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
	ISDN-capable Loop ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch	

Attachment 1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Loop types of DS3 a	and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)		Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop		Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks		Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Lin	ks (EELs)	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:	
 Dark Fiber – Loop E911/911 Trunks Enhanced Extended Links (EELs) Availability: Availability:		6B-3, Saturday is counted as a business day for all dence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as s specified above as standards. For all other products P-6B-3, and for all products under OP-6A-1, -6A-2, - 6B-2, -6B-4, and -6B-5 (effective with Dec 01 results g in the Apr 02 report). Saturday is counted as a e service order is due or completed on Saturday. s the specified Change order types (i.e., with "I" & "T" d some orders that do not strictly represent additional le and retail results). Specifically these include changes as conversions, number changes, PIC changes, and class Beginning with Aug 01 results Qwest developed the "Change" service orders that do not involve installation of inition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per nitiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was west-initiated due date change, if any. Following the ue date change, any further customer-initiated due date measured as time intervals that are subtracted as all. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in ugh infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated in the stated method for calculating delay intervals is f Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent e date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and icated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that ets on intervals are not counted in the reported

OP-7 - Coordinated "Hot Cut" Interval - Unbundled Loop

Purpose:

Evaluates the duration of completing coordinated "hot cuts" of unbundled loops, focusing on the time actually involved in disconnecting the loop from the Qwest network and connecting/testing the loop.

Description:

Measures the average time to complete coordinated "hot cuts" for unbundled loops, based on intervals beginning with the "lift" time and ending with the completion time of Qwest's applicable tests for the loop.

- Includes all coordinated hot cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- "Hot cut" refers to moving the service of existing customers from Qwest's switch/frames to the CLEC's equipment, via unbundled loops, that will serve the customers.
- "Lift" time is defined as when Qwest disconnects the existing loop.
- "Completion time" is defined as when Qwest completes the applicable tests after connecting the loop to the CLEC.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes
Reporting Comparisons: CLECDisaaggregate and individual CLECresults	ggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula: \sum [Completion time – Lift time] ÷ (Total Num reporting period)	ber of unbundled loops with coordinated cutovers completed in the
 Exclusions: Time intervals associated with CLEC-cau Records missing data essential to the calc Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid so 	ulation of the measurement per the PID.
 Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled Reported separately for: Analog Loops All other Loop Types 	
Availability: Available	Notes:

OP-8 – Number Portability Timeliness

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of cutovers of local number portability (LNP).

Description:

- OP-8B LNP Timeliness with Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of coordinated LNP triggers set prior to the scheduled start time for the loop.
 - All orders for LNP coordinated with unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below.

OP-8C – LNP Timeliness without Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of LNP triggers set prior to the Frame Due Time or scheduled start time for the LNP cutover as applicable.

- All orders for LNP for which coordination with a loop was not requested that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured (including standalone LNP coordinated with other than Qwest-provided Unbundled Loops and non-coordinated, standalone LNP), subject to exclusions specified below.
- For purposes of these measurements (OP-8B and -8C), "trigger" refers to the "10-digit unconditional trigger" or Line Side Attribute (LSA) that is set or translated by Qwest.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated time. In the case of LNP cutovers coordinated with loops, the scheduled time used in this measurement will be no later than the "lay" time for the loop.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of triggers set on time
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

OP-8B = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the scheduled time for the coordinated loop cutover) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations coordinated with unbundled loops completed)] x 100

OP-8C = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the Frame Due Time or Scheduled Start Time) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations without loop cutovers completed)] x 100

- CLEC-caused delays in trigger setting.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique telephone numbers and Centrex 21).
- LNP requests for which the records used as sources of data for these measurements have the following types of errors:
 - Records with no PON (purchase order number) or STATE
 - Records where triggers cannot be set due to switch capabilities
 - Records with invalid due dates, application dates, or start dates.
 - Records with invalid completion dates.
 - Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
 - Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid frame due or scheduled date/times.

Product Reporting: None	Standard: 95%
Availability: Available	Notes:

<u>OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop</u>

Purpose:	cuts of unbundled loops that are completed on time, focusing on outs	
Evaluates the percentage of coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed on time, focusing on cuts completed within one hour of the committed order due time and the percent that were started without CLEC		
approval.		
Description:		
	uts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting	
period, subject to exclusions specifi		
	of LSRs (CLEC orders) for all coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that	
	For coordinated loop cuts to be counted as "on time" in this	
	e to the start time, and Qwest must (1) receive verbal CLEC approval	
	loop, (2) complete the physical work and appropriate tests, (3) complete	
	LNP orders and (4) call the CLEC with completion information, all	
	defined by the committed order due time.	
	of all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are actually	
started without CLEC approval.		
• "Scheduled start time" is defined a	s the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly	
negotiated appointment time.		
• The "committed order due time" is	based on the number and type of loops involved in the cut and is	
	time interval from the following list to the scheduled start time:	
 Analog unbundled loops: 		
1 to 16 lines; 1 H	our	
	ours	
	iect*	
– All other unbundled loops:		
1 to 5 lines: 1 H	our	
	ours	
	ours	
	ours	
	ject*	
-	and scheduled start times will be negotiated between CLEC and Qwest,	
but no committed order due time is established. Therefore, projects are not included in OP-13A (see		
exclusion below).	······································	
 "Stop" time is defined as when Qwest notifies the CLEC that the Qwest physical work and the appropriate 		
• Stop time is defined as when Qwest notifies the CLEC that the Qwest physical work and the appropriate tests have been successfully accomplished, including the Qwest portion of any coordinated LNP orders.		
 Time intervals following the scheduled start time or during the cutover process associated with customer- 		
• Time intervals following the scheduled start time of during the cutover process associated with customer- caused delays are subtracted from the actual cutover duration.		
 Where Qwest's records of completed coordinated cut transactions are missing evidence of CLEC approval of the cutover, the cut will be counted as a miss under both OP-13A and OP-13B. 		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting I eriou. One monut	Unit of preasure. I creat	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
aggregate and individual CLEC	Results for this measurement will be reported according to:	
	OB 12 A Cute Completed On Time	

OP-13A Cuts Completed On Time

OP-13B Cuts Started Without CLEC Approval

April 24, 2003/msd/Midcontinent/PAP/SD Amendment to CDS-981117-0175

results

Available		
Availability:	Notes:	
-	OP-13B: Diagnostic	
All Other Loops	AZ: 90 Percent or more	
Analog Loops	ROC States: 95 Percent or more	
Reported separately for:	OP-13A:	
Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled Loops -	Standard:	
 Projects involving 25 or more lines. 		
• Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled dat	e/times.	
designated to be "counted as a miss".		
 Records missing data essential to the calculation of th 	e measurement per the PID which are not otherwise	
 Records with invalid completion dates. 		
OP-13A & OP-13B		
• Loop cuts that involve CLEC-requested non-standard	methodologies, processes, or timelines.	
Applicable to OP-13A:		
Exclusions:	μ	
reporting period/J x 100		
CLEC approval) \div (10tal Number of LSRs to reporting period)] x 100	r Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the	
	= [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts whose actual start time occurs without	
LSKS for Coordinated Onbuilding Loop Cuts	completed in the reporting period)] x 100	
	[(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts completed "On Time") ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100	

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest's pending orders are late, focusing on the average number of days the pending orders are delayed past the Applicable Due Date, as of the end of the reporting period.

Description:

OP-15A – Measures the average number of business days that pending orders are delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for reasons attributed to Qwest.

- Includes all pending inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) for which the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest has been missed, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity (with "I" and "T" action coded line USOCs). NOTE 2
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. NOTE 3
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due
 Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any,
 following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.

OP-15B – Reports the number of pending orders measured in the numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: OP-15A – Average Business Days ^{NOTE 4} OP-15B – Number of orders pending facilities
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, Qwest retail	Statewide

Formula:

OP-15A = ∑[(Last Day of Reporting Period) – (Applicable Due Date of Late Pending Order) - (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Pending Orders Delayed for Qwest reasons as of the last day of Reporting Period)

OP-15B =Count of pending orders measured in numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards: OP-15B = diagnostic only For OP-15A:
Resale	<u>1010F-15A</u> .
	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with rotail convice)
Residential single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Business single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centrex	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centex 21	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
PBX Trunk	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS0	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS1	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Frame Relay	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
 Unbundled Network Element Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex)
 Shared Loop/Line Sharing 	Diagnostic
 Sub-Loop Unbundling 	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Feature Group E (aggregate)) (separately reported)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (U	
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with DS1 Private Line- Service)
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Private Line- Services above DS1 level)
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch)
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail ISDN BRI)
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with ISDN-BRI)
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSI with dispatch)
Loop types of DS3 or higher bit rate (aggregate)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks)
 Enhanced Extended Links (EELs) 	Diagnostic

.

 Available (except as specified below) Under Development: Reporting of UNE-P Centrex 21 - beginning with Dec 01 data on the Jun 02 report. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date ser summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the reported interval, and customer-initiated due date change are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the reported interval, and customer-initiated method for calculating the subtracted as indicated in the reported interval, and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are counded in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are counded in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are counded in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are counded in the reported interval, and customer-initia	Availability:	Notes:	
 Under Development: Reporting of UNE-P Centrex 21 – beginning with Dec 01 data on the Jun 02 report. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest- initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due date change and subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest- 	Available (except as	Through Jan 01 results reported include products that flow through the design only. Beginning with Feb 01, results reported include both design flow and new products are specified.	
 initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval. For OP-15A, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for non-dispatched orders in the retail analogues specified above as standards (effective with Dec 01 results and forward, beginning in the Apr 02 report). For all other non-dispatched products and for all dispatched products under OP-15A, Saturday is not counted as a business day. 	• Reporting of UNE-P Centrex 21 – beginning with Dec 01 data on the Jun	 Prior to Aug 01 results the specified Change order types (i.e., with "I" & "T" is codes) included some orders that do not strictly represent additional lines (in the wholesale and retail results). Specifically these include changes to existing lines such as conversions, number changes, PIC changes, and class of service change Beginning with Aug 01 results Qwest developed the capability to exclude "Cr service orders that do not involve installation of lines. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per success customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-id due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixe with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as tim intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals that are subtracted due date changes occur, the stated method for calcula delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date changes or delay. The intervals thus ca from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qw initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval. For OP-15A, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders in the retail analogues specified above as standards (effective Dec 01 results and forward, beginning in the Apr 02 report). For all other nor dispatched products and for all dispatched products under OP-15A, Saturday 	both nes, ges. hange" sive initiated d (i.e., st- change, he ervals e ating alculated then vest- er- lers for ve with n-

OP-17 – Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of Qwest completing LNP telephone number porting, focusing on the degree to which porting occurs without implementing associated disconnects before the scheduled time/date.

Description:

OP-17A

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
 - Focuses on disconnects associated with timely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects or no requests for delays.
 - The scheduled time/date is defined as 11:59 p.m. on (1) the due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest
 or (2) the delayed disconnect date requested by the CLEC, where the CLEC submits a timely request for
 delay of disconnection.
 - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest.

OP-17B

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
 - Includes only disconnects associated with untimely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects.
 - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered "untimely" if received by Qwest after 8:00
 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the current due date.
- Disconnects are defined as the removal of switch translations, including the 10-digit trigger.
- Disconnects that are implemented early, and thus counted as a "miss" under this measurement, are those that the CLEC identifies as such to Qwest via trouble reports, within four calendar days of the actual disconnect date, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time.
- Includes all CLEC orders for LNP TNs completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide

Formula:

[(Total number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period – Number of TNs with qualifying trouble reports notifying Qwest that disconnection before the scheduled time has occurred) ÷ Total Number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period] x 100

Exclusions:

OP-17A only

• Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC has failed to submit timely requests to have disconnects held for later implementation.

OP-17A & B

- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique TNs, and Centrex 21).
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared, closed or due dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-17B only

 Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC did not submit its untimely requests by 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the LNP due date to have disconnects held for later implementation.

South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03 Attachment 1	
Product Reporting: LNP	Standard: OP-17A – 98.25% OP-17B – Diagnostic only, in light of its measuring only requests for delay of disconnect that are defined as untimely.
Availability: Available	Notes:

ι.

Maintenance and Repair

MR-2 - Calls Answered within 20 Seconds - Interconnect Repair Center

Purpose:		
Evaluates Customer access to Qwest's Interconnection and/or Retail Repair Center(s), focusing on the number of		
calls answered within 20 seconds.		
Description:		
Measures the percentage of Interconnection and/or Retail	Repair Center calls answered within 20 seconds of the	
first ring.	r repair conter cans answered within 20 seconds of the	
-		
-	ter during the reporting period, subject to exclusions	
specified below.		
-	is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic Call	
Distributor).		
 Answer is defined as when the call is first picked up 	by the Qwest agent.	
• Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as not a	nswered within 20 seconds.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
r · 0		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Qwest Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.		
Retail levels.		
Formula:		
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100		
Evaluation, Descentage is derived from total number	of calls answered within 20 seconds divided by total	
Explanation: Percentage is derived from total number of calls answered within 20 seconds divided by total		
number of calls received.		
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Response Unit) is not counted.		
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

MR-3 - Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours

reports were cleared w	Purpose: Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports where the out-of-service trouble reports were cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 24 hours for out-of-service	
conditions).		
 Description: Measures the percentage of out of service trouble reports, involving specified services, that are cleared within 24 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers. Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service that is out- 		
of-service (i.e., ur	nable to place or receive calls), subject to exclusions specified below.	
	s from date and time of receipt to date and time trouble is indicated as cleared.	
Reporting Period: Or	ne month Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	 Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving: MR-3A Dispatches within MSAs; MR-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and 	
	 MR-3C No dispatches. Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving: MR-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas. 	
 <u>Explanation</u>: Percentage is obtained by dividing the total number of OOS reports cleared within 24 hours by the total number of OOS reports closed during the measurement period. Exclusions: Trouble reports coded as follows: For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Non-Telco Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate 		
 Trouble reports control For production disaggregation Non-Telco Non-Display 	reports closed during the measurement period. oded as follows: ucts measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type ation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous patch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate	
 Trouble reports can disaggrega Non-Telco Non-Dis Provider (1 For product type disagg Customer P 	reports closed during the measurement period. Toded as follows: ucts measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type ation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous patch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate 13); ts measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone- rregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Provided Equipment (CPE).	
 Trouble reports can be addressed and the second seco	reports closed during the measurement period. Toded as follows: ucts measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type ation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous patch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate 13); ts measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone- pregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Provided Equipment (CPE). uble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed. ets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes. e to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in ing under "Zone-type Disaggregation". easured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble	
 Trouble reports can be addressed on the second secon	reports closed during the measurement period. Toded as follows: ucts measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type ation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous patch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate 13); Its measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone- regation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Provided Equipment (CPE). uble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed. ets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes. e to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in ing under "Zone-type Disaggregation". easured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble g a "no access" delay. on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer	
 Trouble reports can be addressed on the second secon	reports closed during the measurement period. Hoded as follows: ucts measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type ation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous patch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate 13); Is measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone- regation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Provided Equipment (CPE). uble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed. ets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes. e to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in ing under "Zone-type Disaggregation". easured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble g a "no access" delay.	
 Trouble reports can be addressed on the second secon	reports closed during the measurement period. Toded as follows: ucts measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type ation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous patch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate 13); Its measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone- regation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Provided Equipment (CPE). uble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed. ets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes. e to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in ing under "Zone-type Disaggregation". easured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble g a "no access" delay. on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer g official company services. alid trouble receipt dates.	

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	-	
• Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with appropriate retail service	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex	
Shared Loop/Line Sharing	ROC States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS	
5	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	ROC States: Diagnostic	
	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI	
Zone-type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	
Unbundled Loops		
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS	
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with ISDN-BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available (except at noted below)		
Under Development:		
Reporting of UNE-P Centrex 21 – beginning		
with Dec 01 data on the Jun 02 report.		

MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports of all types (both out of service and service affecting) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 48 hours for service-affecting conditions).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports, for specified services, that are cleared within 48 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

• Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.

• Time measured is from date and time of receipt to date and time trouble is indicated as cleared.

Reporting Period: Or	ne month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	 Disaggregation" will be direports involving: MR-4A Dispatches with MR-4B Dispatches out MR-4C No dispatches. Results for products/service 	thin MSAs; tside MSAs; and ices listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type saggregated according to trouble reports involving: ine 1 areas; and

Formula:

[(Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 48 hours) \div (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Non-Telco Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider (13);
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
MSA-Type Disaggregation -		
• Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	
 Unbundled Network Element Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with appropriate retail service	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex	
Shared Loop/Line Sharing	Parity with RES and BUS POTS	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	
Zone-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	
Unbundled Loops:		
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS	
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	
Availability: Available (except at noted below)	Notes:	
Under Development:		
 Reporting of UNE-P Centrex 21 – beginning with Dec 01 data on the Jun 02 report. 		

MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on all trouble reports of all types (including out of service and service affecting troubles) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 4 hours).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for specified services that are cleared within 4 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time of receipt to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.Results for listed products will be disaggregated according to troublereports:MR-5AIn Interval Zone 1 areas; andMR-5BIn Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 4 hours) \div (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured using WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD	IT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Line Services above DS1 level
Unbundled Loops:	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
(aggregate)	(aggregate)
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Links (EELs)	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	•

MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore

Purpose:			
Evaluates timeliness of repair, focusing how long it takes to restore services to proper operation.			
Description:			
Measures the time a	Measures the time actually taken to clear trouble reports.		
 Includes all trou 			
		yed reports, and test assist reports that result in a	
trouble report.			
 Time measured is from date and time of receipt to date and time trouble is cleared. 			
Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes			
Reporting renou. O	ne montin	Unit of Measure. Hours and Minutes	
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.		
Comparisons:		es listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type	
CLEC aggregate,		ported according to trouble reports involving::	
individual CLEC	MR-6A Dispatches wit	hin MSAs;	
and Qwest Retail	MR-6B Dispatches out	iside MSAs; and	
results	MR-6C No dispatches.		
	Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type		
		saggregated according to trouble reports involving:	
	MR-6D In Interval Zo		
	MR-6E In Interval Zone 2 areas.		
Formula:			

 \sum [(Date & Time Trouble Report Cleared) – (Date & Time Trouble Report Opened)] ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Non-Telco Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider (13);
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Shared Loop/Line Sharing	ROC States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
Sub-Loop Unbundling	ROC States: Diagnostic
	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	[]
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
E911/911 Trunks Enhanced Extended Links (EELs)	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Links (EELs)	
Availability: Available (except at noted below)	Notes: 1. Saturday is counted as a business day when the repair is completed on Saturday.
 Under Development: Reporting of UNE-P Centrex 21 – beginning with Dec 01 data on the Jun 02 report. 	

MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate

Purpose:

Evaluates the accuracy of repair actions, focusing on the number of repeated trouble reports received for the same trouble within a specified period (30 calendar days).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports that are repeated within 30 days on end user lines and circuits.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period that are received within thirty (30) days of the previous trouble report for the same service (regardless of whether the report is about the same type of trouble for that service), subject to exclusions specified below.
- In determining same service Qwest will compare the end user telephone number or circuit number of the trouble reports with reports received in the prior 30 days.
- Includes reports due to Qwest network or system causes, customer-direct and customer-relayed reports.
- The 30-day period applied in the numerator of the formula below is from the date and time that the immediately-preceding trouble report is closed to the date and time that the next, or "repeat" trouble report is received (i.e., opened).

Reporting Period	: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	 Disaggregation" will be reported MR-7A Dispatches within MR-7B Dispatches outside MR-7C No dispatches. Results for products/service 	listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type orted according to trouble reports involving: a MSAs; de MSAs; and es listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type ggregated according to trouble reports involving: a 1 areas; and

Formula:

[(Total repeated trouble reports closed within the reporting period that were received within 30 calendar days of when the preceding initial trouble report closed) \div (Total number of Trouble Reports Closed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Non-Telco Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider (13);
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Shared Loop/Line Sharing	ROC States: Diagnostic Comparison with Qwest Retail DSL
	AZ & CO: Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
Sub-Loop Unbundling	ROC States: Diagnostic
	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT) 	. <u>. </u>
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line
(aggregate)	services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks

Availability: Available (except at noted below)	Notes:
 Under Development: Reporting of UNE-P Centrex 21 – beginning with Dec 01 data on the Jun 02 report. 	

MR-8 – Trouble Rate

Purpose:

Evaluates the overall rate of trouble reports as a percentage of the total installed base of the service or element. **Description:**

Measures trouble reports by product and compares them to the number of lines in service.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes all applicable trouble reports, including those that are out of service and those that are only service-affecting.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

[(Total number of trouble reports closed in the reporting period involving the specified service grouping) \div (Total number of the specified services that are in service in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Non-Telco Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider (13);
 - For products measured from WFA data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
• Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL	Parity with Qwest DSL service	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	
DS0	Parity with retail service	
DS1	Parity with retail service	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service	
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with like retail service	
(UNE-P) (POTS)		
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
(UNE-P) (Centrex 21)		
Unbundled Network Element –	Parity with retail Centrex	
Platform(UNE-P) (Centrex)		
Shared Loop/Line Sharing	ROC States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS	
• Shared Loop/Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Quest DSL	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	ROC States: Diagnostic	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI	
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT) 		
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line Service	
	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level	
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic	
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:		
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services	
(aggregate)	(aggregate)	
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic	
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks	
 Enhanced Extended Links (EELs) 	Diagnostic	
Availability: Available (except at noted below)	Notes:	
 Under Development: Reporting of UNE-P Centrex 21 – beginning with Dec 01 data on the Jun 02 report. 		

MR-9 – Repair Appointments Met

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest repairs services for Customers by the appointment date and time. **Description:**

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for which the appointment date and time is met.

• Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Time measured is from d	ate and time of	receipt to	date and tir	ne trouble	is indicated as cleared.

Reporting Period: One mor	nth	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.			
CLEC aggregate,	Results for listed services will be disaggregated and reported according to			
individual CLEC and	trouble reports involving:			
Owest Retail results	MR-9A	Dispatches within MSAs;		
	MR-9B	Dispatches outside MSAs; and		
	MR-9C	No dispatches.		

Formula:

[(Total Trouble Reports Cleared by appointment date and time) \div (Total Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Non-Telco Plant (11); Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider (13);
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time by using the rescheduled appointment time to determine if the repair appointment is met.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standard: Parity
Resale:	
Residential single line service	
Business single line service	
Centrex	
PBX Trunks	
Basic ISDN	
Unbundled Elements – Platform (UNE-P)	
(POTS)	
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

MR-10 – Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent that trouble reports were customer related, and provides diagnostic information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the core maintenance and repair performance indicators.

Description:

Measures the percentage of all trouble reports that are attributed to the customer as a percentage of all trouble reports resolved during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Includes trouble reports closed during the reporting period coded as follows:

- For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action (6); Non-Telco Plant (11), Trouble Beyond the Network Interface (12); and Miscellaneous Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider (13); and trouble reports involving a "no access" delay for MSA type disaggregated products.
- For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports coded to disposition codes specified above) \div (Total Number of Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Diagnostic
Business single line service	Diagnostic
Centrex	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Diagnostic
Resale	
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic
DS0	Diagnostic
DS1	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic
Frame Relay	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic
Availability: Available (except at noted below)	Notes:
 Under Development: Reporting of UNE-P Centrex 21 – beginning with Dec 01 data on the Jun 02 report. 	

Attachment 1 MR-11 – LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours		
	eports Cleared within 24 Hours	
Purpose: Evaluates timeliness of clearing LNP trouble reports, focusing on the degree to which residence and business, disconnect-related, out-of-service trouble reports are cleared within four business hours and all LNP-related trouble reports are cleared within 48 hours.		
Description:		
MR-11A: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only (i.e., not unbundled-loop), residence and business, out-of- service trouble reports that are cleared within four business hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.		
 Includes only trouble reports that are received on or before the currently-scheduled due date of the actual LNP-related disconnect time/date, or the next business day, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time, and that are closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. 		
 MR-11B: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only trouble reports that are cleared within 48 hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs. Includes all LNP-only trouble reports, received within four calendar days of the actual LNP-related disconnect dateand closed during the reporting period. 		
 The "currently-scheduled due date/time" is the original due date/time established by Qwest in response to CLEC/customer request for disconnection of service ported via LNP or, if CLEC submits to Qwest a timely or untimely request for delay of disconnection, it is the CLEC/customer-requested later date/time. A request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date that Qwest has on record at the time of the request. A request for delay of disconnection is considered untimely if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date that Qwest has on record at the time of the request. 		
 date and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day af Time measured is from the date and time Qwest cleared. 	ter the due date receives the trouble report to the date and time trouble is	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (all are "non-dispatched").	
Formula: MR-11A = [(Number of specified out-of-service LNP-only Trouble Reports, for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects, that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period and cleared within four business hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified out of service LNP- only Trouble Reports for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period)] x 100		
MR-11B = [(Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that were cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100		
 Exclusions: Trouble reports attributed to customer or non-Q Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) Subsequent trouble reports of LNP trouble befor For MR-11B only: Trouble reports involving a " Information tickets generated for internal Qwest Records involving official company services. 	for LNP and associated disconnects. ore the original trouble report is closed. no access" delay.	

- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.

Attachment	
 Records with invalid produce 	ct codes.
 Records missing data essent 	tial to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
Product Reporting: LNP	 Standards: <u>MR-11A</u>: If OP-17 result meets its standard, the MR-11A standard is Diagnostic. If OP-17 result does not meet its standard, the MR-11A standard is as follows: For 0-20 trouble reports*: No more than 1 ticket cleared in > four business hours For > 20 trouble reports*: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-3C results
	for Retail Residence and Business <u>MR-11B</u> : For 0-20 trouble reports**: No more than 1 ticket cleared > 48 hours For > 20 trouble reports**: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-4C results for Retail Residence and Based on MR-11A denominator. ** Based on MR-11B denominator.
Availability: Available	Notes:

April 24, 2003/msd/Midcontinent/PAP/SD Amendment to CDS-981117-0175

BI-1 – Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records

BI-1 – Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records		
Purpose:		
Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest provides recorded daily usage records to CLECs.		
 Description: Measures the average time interval from date of recorded daily usage to date usage records are transmitted or made available to CLECs as applicable. BI-1A – Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access, ^{NOTE 1} local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below. BI-1B – Measures the percent of recorded daily usage for Jointly provided switched access, usually via 2-way Feature Group X trunk groups for Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, Phone to Phone IP Telephony, &XX access, and 900 access and their successors or similar Switched Access services. BI-1C – Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows: BI-1C – Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows: BI-1C – Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows: BI-1C – Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows: BI-1C – Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows: BI-1C – Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows: BI-1C – Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows: BI-1C – Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows: BI-1C – Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access, ^{NOTE 1} subject to exclusions specified below. 		
below.	riced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Average Business Days BI-1B: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: State level.	
 Formula: BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2 (for specified products & records) = ∑(Date Record Transmitted or made available – Date Usage Recorded) ÷ (Total number of records) BI-1B = [(# of daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access sent within four days) ÷ (Total daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access in the report period)] x 100 		
Exclusions:	as transmission or availability	
Instances where the CLEC requests other than daily usa Product Reporting: • UNEs and Resale • Jointly-provided Switched Access	Standard: BI-1A: Parity with Qwest retail. BI-1B: 95% within 4 business days BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Diagnostic Comparison with the Qwest Retail results used in standard for BI-1A	
 Availability: Available (except as noted below) Under Development: Disaggregation of 110XXX records in BI-1C- 1 and CAT 10 records in BI-1C-2 beginning with Jun 02 data on the July 02 report 	Notes: 1. "Feature group switched access" includes all type 110XXX detail records for Feature Groups A, B, C, and D	

BI-2 – Invoices Delivered within 10 Days

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest delivers industry standard electronically transmitted bills to CLECs, focusing on the percent delivered within ten calendar days.

Description:

Measures the percentage of invoices that are delivered within ten days, based on the number of days between the bill date and bill delivery.

• Includes all industry standard electronically transmitted invoices for local exchange services and toll, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: Combined Qwest	Disaggregation Reporting: State level
Retail/CLEC results (Parity by design)	

Formula:

[(Count of Invoices for which Bill Transmission Date to Bill Date is ten calendar days or less) ÷ (Total Number of Invoices)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Bills transmitted via paper, magnetic tape, CD-ROM, diskette.
- Records with missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:UNEs and Resale	Standard: Parity by design.
Availability: Available	Notes:

BI-3 - Billing Accuracy - Adjustments for Errors

Purpose:		
Evaluates the accuracy with which Qwest bills CLECs, focusing on the percentage of billed revenue adjusted due to errors.		
Description:		
Measures the billed revenue minus amounts adjusted off revenue.	bills due to errors, as a percentage of total billed	
• Both the billed revenue and amounts adjusted off bill reporting period.	lls due to error are calculated from bills rendered in the	
• "Amounts adjusted off bills due to errors" is the sum of all bill adjustments made in the reporting period that involve, either in part or in total, adjustment codes related to billing errors. (Each adjustment thus qualifying is added to the sum in its entirety.)		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individualDisaggregation Reporting: State level.CLECs, and Qwest Retail results		
Formula: $[\Sigma(\text{Revenue Billed without Error}) \div (\text{Total Billed Revenue billed in Reporting Period}] x 100$		
 Exclusions: BI-3A - UNEs and Resale – None BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use – Billing adjustments as a result of CLEC-caused errors in return of minutes of use 		
 Product Reporting: BI-3A - UNEs and Resale BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) 	 Standard: BI-3A – UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest retail bills. BI-3B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) – 95% 	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

BI-4 – Billing Completeness

<u>BI-4 – Billing Completeness</u>		
Purpose:		
 UNEs and Resale – Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects non-recurring and recurring 		
charges associated with completed service orders on t		
• Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) – E		
the revenue for Local Minutes of Use associated with		
Description:		
beschiption.		
BI-4A – UNEs and Resale: Measures the percentage of n	on-recurring and recurring charges associated with	
completed service orders appear on the correct bill.*		
BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): Measures the	e percentage of revenue associated with local minutes of	
use appearing on the correct (current) bill.*		
* Correct bill = next available bill		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
CLECs, and Qwest Retail results		
Formula:		
BI-4A – UNEs a	and Resale = $\sum(Count of service orders with)$	
	non-recurring and recurring charges associated	
	th completed service orders on the bills that	
	e billed on the correct bill + total count of	
	ervice orders with non-recurring and recurring	
	narges associated with completed service	
or	ders billed on the bill)] x 100	
BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation MOU = $[\Sigma(\text{Revenue})]$	for Local Minutes of Use billed on the correct* bill ÷	
Total revenue for Local Minutes of Use collect	ed during the month)] x 100	
Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting:	Standard:	
UNEs and Resale	BI-4A - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest Retail	
 Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) 	bills.	
	BI-4B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): 95%	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

Database Updates

Purpose:

DB-1 - Time to Update Databases

Evaluates the time required for updates to the databases of E911, LIDB, and Listing Services System (LSS). Description:

- Measures the average time required to update the databases of E911, LIDB, and LSS.
- Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting per
- For DB-1A the time to update the E911 database is provided by the third party vendor that performs the update. The elapsed time is captured automatically by the database system. There are no "individual E911 database update records" provided with which to measure the database update process.
- The numerator of DB-1A is calculated by multiplying the vendor-calculated results (Average Minutes in Process Time) by the denominator (Count of records Processed). This method produces a result from the vendor data that is the same as that which would be produced by totalling the update times from individual E911 database update records.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of M	easure:
	E911 – Hr	s: Mins.
	LIDB & D	irectory Listings – Seconds
Reporting Comparisons:		ation Reporting:
DB-1A-E911: Combined results for Qwest Retail and	DB-1A:	E911 for Qwest Retail and Reseller
Reseller CLEC Aggregate;		CLEC-State level;
DB-1B – LIDB: Combined results for all Qwest Retail,	DB-1B:	LIDB for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC
Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC updates;		and Facilities Based CLEC – Multi state
DB-1C-1 Listings: Combined results for all Provider	ł	region-wide level
types including Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and	DB-1C-1:	Listings for all Provider types including
Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and Unknown Provider,		Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and
Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed		Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and
updates; NOTE 1		Unknown Provider, Electronically
DB-1C-2 Listings: Combined results for all Provider		Submitted, Electronically Processed-Sub-
types including Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, CLEC		region applicable to state
Aggregate for Facilities-based, ILEC, and Unknown	DB-1C-2:	Listings for all Provider types including
Provider Manually Processed updates. NOTE 1, NOTE 2		Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, Facilities-
		Based CLEC, ILEC and Unknown
		Provider – Manually Processed – region-
· · · · · · ·	1	wide level
Formula:		

[(Date and Time of database update for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) – (Date and Time of submissions of data for entry into the database for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) ÷ Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period]

Exclusion:

• Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Product Reporting:		Standard:	
Not applicable (Reported by da	atabase type)	DB-1A-E911: Parity by design	
		DB-1B-LIDB: Parity by design	
		DB-1C-1 – Listings: Parity by design	
		DB-1C-2 – Listings: Parity with DB-1C-1 results for	
		all Provider types combined Qwest Retail, Reseller	
		CLEC, Facilities Based, ILEC, and Unknown	
		Provider, Electronically Submitted, Electronically	
	;	Processed, updates	
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	1. Because they cannot	t be separated, results for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC,	
	Facilities-based CLECs, ILEC and Unknown Provider updates are reported combined within these disaggregations.		
	2. Because the data could not be separated, Qwest included in this		
	measurement updates submitted through facsimile as well as updates		
	submitted electronically. However, in May 01 Qwest discontinued reporting		
	this disaggregation when Qwest began electronically updating electronic submissions and discontinued separately reporting faxed submissions.		

DB-2 - Accurate Database Updates

DB-2 – Accurate Database Updates			
Purpose:			
Evaluates the accuracy of database updates completed without errors in the reporting period.			
Description:			
Measures the percentage	of database updates complexity	eted without errors in the reporting period.	
		aggregation Reporting completed during the reporting per	
Reporting Period: One mor		Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons:		Disaggregation Reporting:	
DB-2C-1 Listings - Combine	ed results for all Owest	DB-2C-1, Listings for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC,	
Retail, Reseller CLEC and F		and Facilities Based CLEC Electronically Submitted,	
Electronically Submitted, Electronically		Electronically Processed updates: Statewide	
updates		DB-2C-2, Facilities-Based and Reseller CLEC,	
DB-2C-2 Listings – CLEC A	goregate for Reseller and	Manually Processed updates: Statewide NOTE 1	
Facilities-Based CLEC – Ma		in the second and the second sec	
Formula:			
	ecified under Disaggregatic	on Reporting completed without errors in the reporting	
		gregation Reporting completed in the reporting period]	
x 100	tes as specified under Disag	gregation reporting completed in the reporting period	
X 100			
Exclusions:		سی سی سی ان اور	
Invalid start/stop dates/times			
invand start stop dates times	•		
Product Reporting:		Standard:	
Not applicable (Reported by	database type)	DB-2C-1 – Listings: Parity by design $^{NOTE 2}$	
fiel applicable (Reperied by		DB-2C-2 – Listings: Parity with DB-2C-1 results for	
		combined Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and Facilities	
		Based and Reseller CLEC Electronically Submitted,	
		Electronically Processed updates	
Availability:	Notes:	_ Electromeany Trocessed updates	
Available			
/ Wallable		measurement updates submitted through facsimile as well as updates	
	submitted electronically. However, in May 01 Qwest discontinued reporting this disaggregation when Qwest began electronically updating		
	electronic submissions and discontinued separately reporting faxed		
		submissions.	
		2. Qwest retail and Reseller CLECs are parity by design. Because	
	Facilities based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically		
	Processed cannot be separated out from Reseller CLECs they are		
reported combined within this disaggregation.			

Directory Assistance

DA-1 -- Speed of Answer -- Directory Assistance

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's Directory Assistance operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

Description:

Measures the average time following first ring until a call is first picked up by the Qwest agent/system to answer Directory Assistance calls.

- Includes all calls to Qwest directory assistance during the reporting period.
- Because a system (electronic voice) prompts for city, state, and listing requested before the actual operator comes on the line, the first ring is defined as when the voice response unit places the call into queue.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds
Reporting Comparisons: Results for Qwest and all CLECs are combined.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state

Formula:

 Σ [(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)

Explanation: Average speed of answer is obtained by dividing the sum of all answer times recorded (minutes/seconds) by the total number of calls answered at the center in a given month.

Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.

Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Operator Services

OS-1 – Speed of Answer – Operator Services

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

Description:

Measures the time following first ring until a call is answered by the Qwest agent.

- Includes all calls to Qwest's operator services during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds	
Reporting Comparisons: Qwest and all CLECs are aggregated in a single measure.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state	
Formula:		
Σ [(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of	First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)	
Explanation: Average speed of answer is obtained by div (minutes/seconds) by the total number of calls answered	0	
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.		
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

NI-1 – Trunk Blocking

	NI-1 – Trunk Blocking	
Purpose:		
	mpletion of calls from Qwest end offices to CLEC end offices, compared with the	
completion of calls from Qwest end offices to other Qwest end offices, focusing on average busy-hour blocking		
percentages in interconnection		
Description:		
	nks blocking in interconnection and interoffice final trunks.	
 Includes blocking percenta 	ges on all direct final and alternate final interconnection and interoffice trunk groups	
that are in service during the	ne reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.	
Reporting Period: One month		
	onn of measure. I creat blockage	
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
CLEC aggregate, individual	Reports the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection final trunks, reported by:	
CLEC, and Qwest Interoffice	NI-1A Interconnection (LIS) trunks to Qwest tandem offices, with TGSR-	
trunk blocking results.	related exclusions applied as specified below;	
	NI-1B LIS trunks to Qwest end offices, with TGSR-related	
	exclusions applied as specified below;	
	NI-1C LIS trunks to Qwest tandem offices, without TGSR-related	
	exclusions;	
	NI-1D LIS trunks to other Qwest end offices, without TGSR-related	
	exclusions.	
{[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Fina		
{[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Fina Explanation: Actual average pe	1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of	
$\{\sum(Blockage in Final Trunk GFinal Trunk Circuits in all FinaExplanation: Actual average petrunk circuits blocking by the to$	1 Trunk Groups)} x 100	
$\{ [\Sigma(Blockage in Final Trunk GFinal Trunk Circuits in all FinaExplanation: Actual average petrunk circuits blocking by the toExclusions:$	1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of	
$\{ [\Sigma(Blockage in Final Trunk GFinal Trunk Circuits in all FinaExplanation: Actual average petrunk circuits blocking by the toExclusions:For NI-1A and NI-1B only:$	l Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of otal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured.	
{[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Fina Explanation: Actual average petrunk circuits blocking by the tetr Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in	1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of otal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which:	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Fina Explanation: Actual average petrunk circuits blocking by the to Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service 	l Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of otal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: ee Request (TGSR) ^{NOTES 1 & 2} has been issued in the reporting period; or	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Fina Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the ter Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit. 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: ee Request (TGSR) ^{NOTES 1 & 2} has been issued in the reporting period; or , within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR; 	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Fina Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the ter Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit. 	l Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of otal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: ee Request (TGSR) ^{NOTES 1 & 2} has been issued in the reporting period; or	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Fina Explanation: Actual average petrunk circuits blocking by the term circuits by the term circuits blocking by the t	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of calculated average of the type being measured. 	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G) Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average performed by the term of the second structure blocking in - A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in th	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G) Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average petrunk circuits blocking by the test of the sector of the sect	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bala number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of calendar days of receiving a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); for affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). 	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G) Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average petrunk circuits blocking by the test Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c) Notification of tra 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: ee Request (TGSR) ^{NOTES 1 & 2} has been issued in the reporting period; or within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). d NI-1D: 	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G) Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average pertrunk circuits blocking by the to Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c) Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking i 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent average number of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent average number of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent average number of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons NOTE 3); b or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). a <u>NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in 	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G) Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the term circuits blocking in For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; circuits circu	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent adapted for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}; for affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). <u>d NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in a regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: 	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the to Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in – A Trunk Group Service – CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c) Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking i time to incorporate in the – Trunk group out-of-se 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent average number of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent average number of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent average number of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons NOTE 3); b or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). a <u>NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in 	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the ter Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c) Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking i time to incorporate in the circumstances, 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). <u>d NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in e regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure 	
{[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the ter Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in – A Trunk Group Servic – CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c) Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking i time to incorporate in the – Trunk group out-of-s circumstances,	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent adapted for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}; for affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). <u>d NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in a regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: 	
{[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the ter Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in - A Trunk Group Service - CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c) Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking i time to incorporate in the - Trunk group out-of-s circumstances, - The CLEC placing the	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). <u>d NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in e regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure runks in a "busy" condition. 	
[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average petrunk circuits blocking by the te Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking in time to incorporate in the circumstances, The CLEC placing to Lack of interconnect 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). <u>d NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in e regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure runks in a "busy" condition. 	
[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the ter Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in – A Trunk Group Service – CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c) Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking i time to incorporate in the – Trunk group out-of-s circumstances, – The CLEC placing te – Lack of interconnect forecast to Qwest. (1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of botal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). d NI-1D: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in a regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure runks in a "busy" condition. tion facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS 	
[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the ter Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c) Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking i time to incorporate in the circumstances, The CLEC placing to b CLEC placing to circuast to Qwest. (requests could not b 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of botal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); for affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). d NI-1D: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in a regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure runks in a "busy" condition. tion facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month 	
{[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average petrunk circuits blocking by the te Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c) Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking i time to incorporate in the Trunk group out-of-s circumstances, The CLEC placing te Lack of interconnect forecast to Qwest. (requests could not be following facility ava 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of total number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). <u>d NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in a regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure runks in a "busy" condition. tion facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month ilability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be 	
 Final Trunk Circuits in all Fina Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the term of the sector of the se	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent adays of receiving a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). <u>d NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in a regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure runks in a "busy" condition. tion facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month ilability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be a sooner ^{NOTE 4}); or 	
 {[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G) Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average pertrunk circuits blocking by the to Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; 6 c) Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking in time to incorporate in the Trunk group out-of-scircumstances, The CLEC placing to Lack of interconnect forecast to Qwest. (requests could not be following facility ava fulfilled, whichever is 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent adays of receiving a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). <u>d NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in a regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure runks in a "busy" condition. tion facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month ilability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be a sooner ^{NOTE 4}); or 	
{[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the ter Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c) Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking i time to incorporate in the – Trunk groups, blocking i time to incorporate in the – Trunk group out-of-scircumstances, The CLEC placing ter forecast to Qwest. ((requests could not be following facility ava fulfilled, whichever is 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bala number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent adapted to the reporting period; or within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR: (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). <u>d NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in e regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure runks in a "busy" condition. tion facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month ilability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be a sooner ^{NOTE 4}); or 	
{[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk G Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Explanation: Actual average per trunk circuits blocking by the ter Exclusions: For NI-1A and NI-1B only: Trunk groups, blocking in A Trunk Group Service CLECs do not submit, a) Responsive ASRs b) Trouble Tickets; c) Notification of tra For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and Trunk groups, blocking i time to incorporate in the – Trunk groups, blocking it time to incorporate in the – Trunk group out-of-scircumstances, The CLEC placing the – Lack of interconnect forecast to Qwest. (' requests could not be following facility ava fulfilled, whichever is Isolated incidences not recurring or pers 	 1 Trunk Groups)} x 100 ercentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of bal number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured. excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which: excess of one percent adays of receiving a TGSR: a (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3}); or affic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). <u>d NI-1D</u>: n excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in a regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to: service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure runks in a "busy" condition. tion facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month ilability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be a sooner ^{NOTE 4}); or 	

- Trunk groups recently activated that have not been in service for a full "20-high-day, busy hour" review period.
- Toll trunks, non-final trunks, and trunks that are not connected to the public switched network.
- One-way trunks originating at CLEC end offices.
- Qwest official services trunks, local interoffice operator and directory assistance trunks, and local interoffice 911/E911 trunks.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- rds missing data essential to the calculation of the magazirament ner the DID Ð

 Records m 	issing data essenti	al to the calculation of th	e measurement per the PID.
Product Repor	rting:	Standard:	
LIS Trunks		Where NI-1A \leq 1%:	1 %
		Where NI-1A $> 1\%$:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to tandems
		Where NI-1B \leq 1%:	1%
		Where NI-1B $> 1\%$:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to end offices Diagnostic NOTE 5
		NI-1C and NI-1D:	Diagnostic NOTE 5
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	determined to ASRs to prov 20 days that blocking refer routing of tra 2. The TGSR- month in whi in one month TGSR ends i trunk group of CLEC's resp action at any 3. CLEC delar a) Qwest-init delay due b) Qwest-init counted a upon. c) CLEC de Qwest-ess measurem 4. The limitat of time that facilities ne a) Given th exclusion b) Neverthe available recognize for the A NI-1D wi c) This limit	be persistent. To respond vide necessary trunk augr it is initiating a Trouble F perenced by the TGSR, or affic within 20 days to all related exclusion is appli- ich the above-specified 2 will not be excluded in the n that month, (b) there is for (c) an exception docum- onse to the previous TGS time to augment the trun- ys are reflected by CLEC triated due date delays, in dates, shall not be count itiated due date changes to a CLEC delay in this main lays (e.g., "customer not tablished due date being nent. tion on part (3) of this e- treats the unforecaste eded. at forecast advance into n to apply for no longer less, this limitation to the sooner and, if so, reduce the sthat, absent a CLEC for SR, although in a longer ill be reported for inform tation may change depen interconnection forecasti	ied in the month in which the TGSR is issued and in the 0-day response period ends. Thus, any trunk group excluded the next month, unless there is (a) a 20-day period following a another TGSR applicable to the next month for the same nented, in lieu of issuing a subsequent TGSR, where the SR indicated that, for its own reasons, it plans to take no nk group. C-initiated order supplements that move the due date later. neuding supplements made pursuant to Qwest requests to teed as CLEC delays in this measurement. to earlier dates that the CLEC does not meet shall not be neasurement unless the earlier dates were mutually agreed- ready" in advance of a due date) that do not contribute to a missed shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this exclusion is intended to bound its applicability to a period d ASR as if it were, in effect, the first forecast for the tervals are currently six months, this provision allows the r than that period of time. e exclusion also recognizes that facilities may become as the limitation accordingly. In that context, this limitation precast, Qwest still retains a responsibility to provide facilities timeframe than for ASRs covered by forecasts. NI-1C and ation purposes only, with no standard to be applied. ding on the outcome of separate workshops dealing with

NP-1 – NXX Code Activation

Purpose: Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's NXX code activation effective date, as set forth herein.	n prior to the LERG effective date or by the "revised"
the tes "re	s the percentage of NXX codes activated in e reporting period that are actually loaded and sted prior to the LERG effective date or the evised" date, subject to exclusions shown elow.
NP-1B: Measure the LE ca ex ac su co int Qu	es the percentage of NXX codes activated in e reporting period that are delayed beyond the ERG date or "revised" date due to Qwest- nused Interconnection facility delays, subject to acclusions shown below. Included among stivations counted as a Qwest delay in this ab-measurement are cases in which "2-6 odes" ^{NOTE 1} associated with the Qwest terconnection facilities are provided late by west to the CLEC.
 but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection than 25 days prior to the LERG Due Date or Revise. The "revised" date, for purposes of this measurement effective date that is no less than 25 days after Qwest required for code activation, which includes but is no groups associated with the activation. The NXX code activation notice is provided by the analysis. 	nt, is a CLEC-initiated renegotiation of the activation st receives complete and accurate routing information ot limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection trunk LERG (Local Exchange Routing Guide) to Qwest. Il translations associated with the new NXX are identified in the LERG or the "revised" date (if different
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results.	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.
Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in t	the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100
	west Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ (Number of NXX I, including NXX codes loaded and tested in the
Exclusions: NP-1A:	
 NXX code activations completed after the I installation of Qwest provided interconnect 	ERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the ion facilities associated with the activations.
NP-1A and NP-1B:	" dates resulting in loading intervals shorter than

• NXX codes where QWEST received complete and accurate routing information required for code activations less than 25 days prior to the LERG due date or Revised due date.

Product Reporting: None	Standard: NP1-A: Parity NP1-B: Diagnostic
Availability: Available	 Notes: "2-6 codes" are industry-standard designators for local interconnection trunk groups, consisting of 2 alpha letters and six numeric digits. Only Qwest-provided interconnection facilities are noted in this exclusion, because delays related to facilities provided by CLECs or others are accounted for by revising the due date.

.

Collocation

<u>CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval</u>

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of collocation arrangements for CLECs, focusing on the average time to complete such arrangements.

Description:

Measures the interval between the Collocation Application Date and Qwest's completion of the collocation installation.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a Ready For Service (RFS) date by Qwest and completed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications include conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- Completion of the collocation installation is the date on which the requested collocation arrangement is "Ready for Service" as defined in the Definition of Terms section herein.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established according to intervals specified in interconnection agreements. Where an interconnection agreement does not specify intervals, or where the CLEC requests, RFS dates are established as follows: NOTE 2
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest <u>53</u> calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest <u>53</u> calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready – for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: <u>45</u> calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: <u>75</u> calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready –

Attachment 1		
 for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than <u>53</u> calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be: <u>Forecasted Collocations</u>: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date. <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date. <u>All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure</u> <u>Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals. When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-1A, -1B, or -1C according to the interval criteria specified below for these measurements. Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled RFS dates may be extended beyond the above intervals for CLEC reasons, or for reasons beyond Qwest's control, but not for Qwest reasons. Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty days of the quote date, the application is considered expired. 		
CP-1A Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 90 calendar days or less.		
CP-1B Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 91 to 120 calendar days.		
CP-1C Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 121 to 150 calendar days.		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Calendar Days	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.	

Formula: (for CP-1A, CP-1B and CP-1C)

 Σ [(Collocation Completion Date) – (Complete Application Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Collocations Completed in Reporting Period)

. .

.. .

Exclusions:

- CP-1A: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals longer than 90 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1B: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 91 calendar days or longer than 120 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1C: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 121 calendar days or longer than 150 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.

 Cancelled or expired appl 	ications.
Product Reporting: None	Standards:
	CP-1A: 90 calendar days
	CP-1B: 120 calendar days
	CP-1C: 150 calendar days
Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As
	 additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state). 2. The criteria set forth in the Description above, under "Establishment of RFS Dates," may be changed depending upon the outcome of workshops on interconnection and collocation

CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest completes collocation arrangements for CLECs within the standard intervals or intervals established in interconnection agreements.

Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation applications that are completed within standard intervals, including intervals set forth in interconnection agreements.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a Ready for Service RFS date by Qwest and that are completed within the reporting period, including those with CLEC-requested RFS dates longer than the standard
- interval and those with extended RFS dates negotiated with the CLEC (including supplemented collocation orders that extend the RFS date) subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.^{NOTE 1}
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications are defined as conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- A collocation arrangement is counted as met under this measurement if its RFS date is met.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established as follows, except where interconnection agreements require different intervals, in which case the intervals specified in the interconnection agreements apply: NOTE 2
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest <u>53</u> calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest <u>53</u> calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than <u>53</u> calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: <u>75</u> calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than <u>53</u> calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:

- Forecasted Collocations: <u>45</u> calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: <u>75</u> calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure <u>Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, <u>45</u> calendar days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-2A, -2B, or -2C according to the criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty calendar days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-2A** Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC provides a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2B Non-Forecasted and Late Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2C All Collocations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and Collocations with intervals longer than 120 days: Measures all collocation installations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and collocations for which the RFS date is more than 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula: (for CP-2A, CP-2B and CP-2C)

[(Count of Collocations for which the RFS is met) \div (Total Number of Collocations Completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- RFS dates missed for reasons beyond Qwest's control.
- Cancelled or expired requests.

Product Reporting: None	Standard:
	CP-2A & -2B: 90%
	CP-2C: 90%

Availability:	Notes:
Available	 Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state). The criteria set forth in the Description above, under "Establishment of RFS Dates," may be changed depending upon the outcome of workshops on interconnection and collocation

<u>CP-3 – Collocation Feasibility Study Interval</u>

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of the Qwest sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC.

Description:

Measures average interval to respond to collocation studies for feasibility of installation.

- Includes feasibility studies, for collocations of types specified herein that are completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- Interval begins with the Collocation Application Date and ends with the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Calendar Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

 Σ [(Date Feasibility Study provided to CLEC) – (Date Qwest receives CLEC request for Feasibility Study)] ÷ (Total Feasibility Studies Completed in the Reporting Period)

Exclusions:

• CLEC-caused delays of, or CLEC requests for feasibility study completions resulting in greater than ten calendar days from Collocation Application Date to scheduled feasibility study completion date.

Product Reporting: None		Standard:	10 calendar days or less
Availability: Available	As additional typ offered, they will office-based type field connection measurement, or conditions, and p finalized, accepte installations), and	es of central of be included in es of collocatio points) will be of r in new, separ processes for s ed, mature (i.e d ordered in vo	easurement are central office related. ffice collocation are defined and this measurement. Non-central n (such as remote collocation and considered for either inclusion in this rate measurements, after the terms, such collocation types become ., six months of experience from first olumes warranting reporting (i.e., month in any state).

CP-4 – Collocation Feasibility Study Commitments Met

Purpose:

Evaluates the degree that Qwest completes the sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC as committed.

Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation feasibility studies for installations that are completed within the Scheduled Interval

- The Scheduled Interval is ten calendar days from the Collocation Application Date or, if interconnection agreements call for different intervals, within intervals specified in the agreements, or if otherwise delayed by the CLEC, the interval resulting from the delay.
- Includes all feasibility studies for collocations of types specified herein, that are completed in the reporting period. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- Considers the interval from the Collocation Application Date to the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday.
- Subject to superceding terms in the CLEC's interconnection agreement, when a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, feasibility study intervals will be individually negotiated and the resulting intervals used instead of ten calendar days in this measurement.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

[(Total Applicable Collocation Feasibility studies completed within Scheduled Intervals) ÷ (Total applicable Collocation Feasibility studies completed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions: None				
Product Reporting: None		Standard:	90 percent or more	
Availability: Available	As additic offered, th office-bas connectio measurem conditions accepted, installatio	onal types of central of ney will be included if ed types of collocation n points) will be com- nent, or in new, separ s, and processes for s mature (i.e., six mon- ns), and ordered in v	neasurement are central office related. office collocation are defined and in this measurement. Non-central on (such as remote collocation and field sidered for either inclusion in this rate measurements, after the terms, such collocation types become finalized, of experience from first rolumes warranting reporting (i.e., r month in any state).	

Application Date (and Time) – The date (and time) on which Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and accurate local service request (LSR) or access service request (ASR) or retail order, subject to the following:

- For the following types of requests/orders, the application date (and time) is the start of the next business day:
 - (1) LSRs and ASRs received after 3:00PM MT for Designed Services and Local Number Portability (except non-designed, flow-through LNP).
 - (2) Retail orders received after 3:00 PM local time for Designed Services.
 - (3) LSRs received after 7:00PM MT for POTS Resale (Residence and Business), Non-Design Resale Centrex, non-designed UNE-P, Unbundled Loops, and non-designed, flow-through LNP.
 - (4) Retail orders for comparable non-designed services cannot be received after closing time, so the cutoff time is essentially the business office closing time.
- For all types of orders that are received from Friday at 7:00 PM MT through Sunday, or on holidays, and do not flow through, the application date (and time) is the next, non-weekend business day.

Automatic Location Information (ALI) – The feature of E911 that displays at the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) the street address of the calling telephone number. This feature requires a data storage and retrieval system for translating telephone numbers to the associated address. ALI may include Emergency Service Number (ESN), street address, room or floor, and names of the enforcement, fire and medical agencies with jurisdictional responsibility for the address. The Management System (E911) database is used to update the Automatic E911 Location Information databases.

Bill Date – the date shown at the top of the bill, representing the date on which Qwest begins to close the bill. **Blocking** – condition on a telecommunications network where, due to a maintenance problem or an traffic volumes exceeding trunking capacity in a part of the network, some or all originating or terminating calls cannot reach their final destinations. Depending on the condition and the part of the network affected, the network may make subsequent attempts to complete the call or the call may be completely blocked. If the call is completely blocked, the calling party will have to re-initiate the call attempt.

Business Day – Workdays that Qwest is normally open for business. Business Day = Monday through Friday, excluding weekends and Qwest published Holidays including New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. Individual measurement definitions may modify (typically expanding) this definition as described in the Notes section of the measurement definition.

Cleared Trouble Report – a trouble report for which the trouble has been cleared, meaning the customer is "back in service".

Closed Trouble Report – a trouble report that has been closed out from a maintenance center perspective, meaning the ticket is closed in the trouble reporting system following repair of the trouble.

Code Activation (Opening) – Process by which new NPA/NXXs (area code/prefix) is defined, through software translations to network databases and switches, in telephone networks. Code activation (openings) allow for new groups of telephone numbers (usually in blocks of 10,000) to be made available for assignment to an ILEC's or CLEC's customers, and for calls to those numbers to be passed between carriers.

Common Channel Signaling System 7 (CCSS7) – A network architecture used to for the exchange of signaling information between telecommunications nodes and networks on an out-of-band basis. Information exchanged provides for call set-up and supports services and features such as CLASS and database query and response.

Common Transport – Trunk groups between tandem and end office switches that are shared by more than one carrier, often including the traffic of both the ILEC and several CLECs.

Completion - The time in the order process when the service has been provisioned and service is available.

Completion Notice – A notification the ILEC provides to the CLEC to inform the CLEC that the requested service order activity is complete.

Coordinated Customer Conversion Orders that have a due date negotiated between the ILEC, the CLEC, and the customer so that work activities can be performed on a coordinated basis under the direction of the receiving carrier.

Customer Requested Due Date – A specific due date requested by the customer which is either shorter or longer than the standard interval or the interval offered by the ILEC.

Customer Trouble Reports – A report that the carrier providing the underlying service opens when notified that a customer has a problem with their service. Once resolved, the disposition of the trouble is changed to closed.

Dedicated Transport – A network facility reserved to the exclusive use of a single customer, carrier or pair of carriers used to exchange switched or special, local exchange, or exchange access traffic.

Delayed Order - An order which has been completed after the scheduled due date and/or time.

Directory Assistance Database – A database that contains subscriber records used to provide live or automated operator-assisted directory assistance. Including 411, 555-1212, NPA-555-1212.

Directory Listings – Subscriber information used for DA and/or telephone directory publishing, including name and telephone number, and optionally, the customer's address.

DS-0 – Digital Service Level 0. Service provided at a digital signal speed commonly at 64 kbps, but occasionally at 56 kbps.

DS-1 – Digital Service Level 1. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 1.544 Mbps.

DS-3 – Digital Service Level 3. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 44.736 Mbps.

Due Date – The date provided on the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) the ILEC sends the CLEC identifying the planned completion date for the order.

End Office Switch – A switch from which an end users' exchange services are directly connected and offered.

Final Trunk Groups – interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that do not overflow traffic to other trunk groups when busy.

Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) – Notice the ILEC sends to the CLEC to notify the CLEC that it has received the CLECs service request, created a service order, and assigned it a due date.

Flow-Through –The term used to describe whether a LSR electronically is passed from the OSS interface system to the ILEC legacy system to automatically create a service order. LSRs that do not flow through require manual intervention for the service order to be created in the ILEC legacy system.

Interval Zone 1/Zone 2 – Interval Zone 1 areas are wire centers for which Qwest specifies shorter standard service intervals than for Interval Zone 2 areas.

Installation – The activity performed to activate a service.

Installation Troubles – A trouble, which is identified after service order activity and installation, has completed on a customer's line. It is likely attributable to the service activity (within a defined time period).

Interconnection Trunks – A network facility that is used to interconnect two switches generally of different local exchange carriers

Inward Activity – refers to an order for new or additional lines. Change order types for additional lines consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action coded line USOCs that represent new or additional lines, including conversions from retail to CLEC and CLEC to CLEC.

Jeopardy - A condition experienced in the service provisioning process which results potentially in the inability of a carrier to meet the committed due date on a service order

Jeopardy Notice - The actual notice that the ILEC sends to the CLEC when a jeopardy has been identified.

Lack of Facilities – A shortage of cable facilities identified after a due date has been committed to a customer, including the CLEC. The facilities shortage may be identified during the inventory assignment process or during the service installation process, and typically triggers a jeopardy.

Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) – A Bellcore master file that is used by the telecom industry to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information, as well as network element and equipment designations. The file also includes scheduled network changes associated with activity within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP).

Local Exchange Traffic – Traffic originated on the network of a LEC in a local calling area that terminates to another LEC in a local calling area.

Local Number Portability (formerly defined under Permanent Number Portability and also known as – Long Term Number Portability) – A network technology which allows end user customers to retain their telephone number when moving their service between local service providers. This technology does not employ remote call forwarding, but actually allows the customer's telephone number to be moved and redefined in the network of the new service provider. The activity to move the telephone number is called "porting."

Local Service Request (LSR) – transaction sent from the CLEC to the ILEC to order services or to request a change(s) be made to existing services.

South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03

Attachment 1

MSA/Non-MSA – Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with a population of 50,000 or greater. Non-Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with population of less than 50,000. Qwest depicts MSA Non-MSA based on NPA NXX. Where a wire center is predominantly within an MSA, all lines are counted within the MSA.

Mechanized Bill – A bill that is delivered via electronic transmission.

NXX, NXX Code or Central Office Code – The three digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.

Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS) – Refers to basic 2-wire, non-complex analog residential and business services. Can include feature capabilities (e.g., CLASS features).

Projects – Service requests that exceed the line size and/or level of complexity which would allow for the use of standard ordering and provisioning processes. Generally, due dates for projects are negotiated, coordination of service installations/changes is required and automated provisioning may not be practical.

Query Types – Pre-ordering information that is available to a CLEC that is categorized according to standards issued by OBF and/or the FCC.

Ready For Service (RFS) – the status achieved in the installation of a collocation arrangement when all "operational" work has been completed. Operational work consists of the following as applicable to the particular type of collocation:

- Cage enclosure complete;
- DC power is active (including fuses available, BDFB [Battery Distribution Fuse Board] in place, and cables between the CLEC and power terminated);
- Primary AC outlet in place;
- Cable racking and circuit terminations are complete (e.g. fiber jumpers placed between the Outside Plant Fiber Distribution Panel and the Central Office Fiber Distribution Panel serving the CLEC). and
- The following items complete, subject to the CLEC having made required payments to Qwest (e.g., final payment): (If the required CLEC payments have not been made, the following items are not required for RFS):
 - Key turnover made available to CLEC.
 - APOT/CFA complete, as defined/required in the CLEC's interconnection agreement and
 - Basic telephone service and other services and facilities complete, if ordered by CLEC in time to be
 provided on the scheduled RFS date (per Qwest's published standard installation intervals for such
 telephone service).

Ready for Service Date (RFS date) – the due date assigned to a collocation order (typically determined by regulatory rulings, contract terms, or negotiations with CLEC) to indicate when collocation installation is scheduled to be ready for service, as defined above.

Reject – A status that can occur to a CLEC submitted local service request (LSR) when it does not meet certain criteria. There are two types of rejects: (1) syntax, which occur if required fields are not included in the LSR; and (2) content, which occur if invalid data is provided in a field. A rejected service request must be corrected and re-submitted before provisioning can begin.

Repeat Report – Any trouble report that is a second (or greater) report on the same telephone number/circuit ID and at the same premises address within 30 days. The original report can be any category, including excluded reports, and can carry any disposition code.

Service Group Type – The designation used to identify a category of similar services, .e.g., UNE loops.

Service Order – The work order created and distributed in ILECs systems and to ILEC work groups in response to a complete, valid local service request.

Service Order Type - The designation used to identify the major types of provisioning activities associated with a local service request.

Standard Interval – The interval that the ILEC publishes as a guideline for establishing due dates for provisioning a service request. Typically, due dates will not be assigned with intervals shorter than the standard. These intervals are specified by service type and type of service modification requested. ILECs publish these standard intervals in documents used by their own service representatives as well as ordering instructions provided to CLECs in the Qwest Standard Interval Guidelines.

Subsequent Reports -A trouble report that is taken in relation to a previously-reported trouble prior to the date and time the initial report has a status of "closed."

Tandem Switch – Switch used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office switches.

Time to Restore – The time interval from the receipt, by the ILEC, of a trouble report on a customer's service to the time service is fully restored to the customer.

Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) – Combinations of network elements, including both new and conversions, involving POTS (i.e., basic services providing dialtone).

Unbundled Loop - The Unbundled Loop is a transmission path between a Qwest Central Office Distribution Frame, or equivalent, and the Loop Demarcation Point at an end user premises. Loop Demarcation Point is defined as the point where Qwest owned or controlled facilities cease, and CLEC, end user, owner or landlord ownership of facilities begins.

Usage Data – Data generated in network nodes to identify switched call data on a detailed or summarized basis. Usage data is used to create customer invoices for the calls.

GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION	
ACD	Automatic Call Distributor	
ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line	
ALI	Automatic Line Information (for 911/E911 systems)	
ASR	Service Request (processed via Exact system)	
BRI	Basic Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)	
CABS	Carrier Access Billing System	
СКТ	Circuit	
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier	
СО	Central Office	
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment	
CRIS	Customer Record Information System	
CSR	Customer Service Record	
DA	Directory Assistance	
DB	Decibel	
DB	Database	
DS0	Digital Service 0	
DS1	Digital Service 1	
DS1 DS3	Digital Service 3	
E911 MS	E911 Management System	
EAS	Extended Area Service	
EAS EB-TA	Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration	
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange	
EELS	Enhanced Extended Links	
ES	Emergency Services (for 911/E911)	
FOC GUI	Firm Order Confirmation	
HDSL	Graphical User Interface	
	High-bit-rate Digital Subscriber Line	
HICAP	High Capacity Digital Service	
IEC	Interexchange Carrier	
ILEC	Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier	
INP	Interim Number Portability	
IOF	Interoffice Facilities (refers to trunk facilities located between	
	Qwest central offices)	
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network	
IMA	Interconnect Mediated Access	
LATA	Local Access Transport Area	
LERG	Local Exchange Routing Guide	
LIDB	Line Identification Database	
LIS	Local Interconnection Service Trunks	
LNP	Long Term Number Portability	
LSR	Local Service Request	
N, T, C	Service Order Types N (new), T (to or transfer), C (change)	
NANP	North American Numbering Plan	
NDM	Network Data Mover	
NPAC	Number Portability Administration Center	
NXX	Telephone number prefix	
OBF	Ordering and Billing Forum	
OOS	Out of service (type of trouble condition)	
OSS	Operations-al Support Systems	
PBX	Private Branch Exchange	
PON	Purchase Order Number	
POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service	
PRI	Primary Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)	

April 24, 2003/msd/Midcontinent/PAP/SD Amendment to CDS-981117-0175

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION
RFS	Ready for Service (refers to collocation projects)
SOP	Service Order Processor
SOT	Service Order Type
SS7	Signaling System 7
STP	Signaling Transfer Point
TN	Telephone Number
UDIT	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport
UNE	Unbundled Network Element
UNE-P	Unbundled Network Element – Platform
VRU	Voice Response Unit
WFA	Work Force Administration
XDSL	(x) Digital Subscriber Line. (The "x" prefix refers to DSL generically. An "x" replaced by an "A" refers to Asymmetric DSL, and by an "H" refers to High-bit-rate DSL.)

¹ Graphical User Interface

PO-20 – Manual Service Order Accuracy				
Purpose: Evaluates the degree to which Qwest accurately processes CLECs' Local Service Requests (LSRs), which are electronically-submitted and manually processed by Qwest, into Qwest Service Orders.				
 Description: Measures the percentage of Qwest service orders that are p information obtained from CLEC LSRs. Includes only service orders created from CLEC LSRs IMA-EDI) and manually processes in the creation of s subject to exclusions as specified below. Includes only service orders, from the product reportir or feature activity (Change, New, and Transfer order t completed/closed in the reporting period. Change ord orders with "I" and "T" action-coded line or feature U Service orders evaluated in this measurement are eithe inspected for accuracy as defined herein, or (2) when 0 measurement as specified in the Availability section b A service order will be classified as "accurate" and the when evaluation determines that the fields specified in (per the indicated phases), when populated on the LSF Accuracy is defined as the contents of the specified field service, matching the information from the relevant field LSRs. 	s that Qwest receives electronically (via IMA-GUI or ervice orders, regardless of flow through eligibility, ing categories specified below, that request inward line ypes), are assigned a due date by Qwest, and are er types included in this measurement consist of all C SOCs. er (1) those selected randomly ^{NOTE 1} and manually Qwest develops mechanized capabilities for this elow, all service orders satisfying the above criteria. us counted in the numerator in the formula below in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below A, are all accurate, as applicable, on the service order. elds, in the service orders involved in provisioning the elds as provided in the latest version of associated			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Per			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide			
Formula: [(Number of accurate service orders) ÷ (Nu in the reporting period)] x 100	umber of evaluated service orders completed			

Exclusions: Cancelled service orders. • Orders generated from LSRs with non-fatal errors. . Orders that cannot be matched to a corresponding LSR. . **Product Reporting:** Standard: Resale POTS and UNE-P (POTS) 95 percent Unbundled Loops (Analog and Non-Loaded 2-wire) Availability: Notes: 1. Manually-selected orders will consist of 20 Under Development: random, qualifying orders per day per product Phase 0 - Manual, random sampling approach: Jun • reporting category, specified above, from 02 results reported in the Jul 02 report. throughout Qwest's 14-state local service Phase 1 - Mechanized approach, replacing manual region. approach: TBD Service Order Fields Evaluated (by Phase of implementation) Phase 0 – (01 Jun 02 Forward) Random sampling approach; Manual comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR: **Field Code** Field Name Remarks CCNA CLEC ID Order entry validated from LSR Form D/Tsent Date sent to help ID App Order entry validated from LSR Form Name Name of Customer Order entry validated from End User or Directory Listings Forms, when applicable SANO Order entry validated from End User or Service Address Number Directory Listings Forms, when applicable SASD Service Address Direction Order entry validated from End User or Directory Listings Forms, when applicable SASN Service Address Street Name Order entry validated from End User or Directory Listings Forms, when applicable LD1 LOC Order entry validated from End User or Directory Listings Forms, when applicable LV1 LOC # Order entry validated from End User or Directory Listings Forms, when applicable Order entry validated from End User or City City name Directory Listings Forms, when applicable PON Purchase Order Number Order entry validated from LSR Form Date/ FOC'd date Order entry validated from LSR FOC sent to Due Date on Order the CLEC Phase 1 – (Dates TBD) First phase of mechanized measurement: **Field Code Field Name** Remarks Same as Phase Same as Phase 0 Ω Future Phase - TBD in Long Term PID Administration; Additional fields included in mechanization, if any: Remarks Field Code **Field Name** TBD TBD

PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE PLAN

1.0 Introduction

1.1 As set forth in this Agreement, Qwest and CLEC voluntarily agree to the terms of the following Performance Assurance Plan ("PAP"), prepared in conjunction with Qwest's application for approval under Section 271 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "Act") to offer in-region long distance service.

2.0 Plan Structure

2.1 The PAP is a two-tiered, self-executing remedy plan. CLEC shall be provided with Tier 1 payments if, as applicable, Qwest does not provide parity between the service it provides to CLEC and that which it provides to its own retail customers, or Qwest fails to meet applicable benchmarks.

2.1.1 As specified in section 7.0, if Qwest fails to meet parity and benchmark standards on an aggregate CLEC basis, Qwest shall make Tier 2 payments to a Fund administered by the state regulatory commission or, if required by existing law, to the state general fund.

2.2 As specified in sections 6.0 and 7.0 and Attachments 1 and 2, payment is generally on a per occurrence basis, (i.e., a set dollar payment times the number of non-conforming service events). For the performance measurements which do not lend themselves to per occurrence payment, payment is on a per measurement basis, (i.e., a set dollar payment). The level of payment also depends upon the number of consecutive months of non-conforming performance, (i.e., an escalating payment the longer the duration of non-conforming performance).

2.3 Qwest shall be in conformance with the parity standard when service Qwest provides to CLEC is equivalent to that which it provides meet the benchmark. Percentage benchmarks will be adjusted to round the allowable number of misses up or down to the closest integer, except when a benchmark standard and low CLEC volume are such that a 100% performance result would be required to meet the standard and has not been attained. In such a situation, the determination of whether Qwest meets or fails the benchmark standard will be made using performance results for the month in question, plus a sufficient number of consecutive months so that a 100% performance result would not be required to meet the standard. For purposes of section 6.2, a meet or fail determined by this procedure shall count as a single month to its retail customers. The PAP relies upon statistical scoring to determine whether any difference between CLEC and Qwest performance results is significant, that is, not attributable to simple random variation. Statistical parity shall exist when performance results for CLEC and for Qwest retail analogue result in a z-value that is no greater than the critical z-values listed in the Critical Z-Statistical Table in section 5.0

2.4 For performance measurements that have no Qwest retail analogue, agreed upon benchmarks shall be used. Benchmarks shall be evaluated using a "stare and compare" method. For example, if the benchmark is for a particular performance measurement is 95% or better, Qwest performance results must be at least 95% to

3.0 Performance Measurements

3.1 The performance measurements included in the PAP are set forth in Attachment 1. Each performance measurement identified is defined in the Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs") developed in the ROC Operational Support System ("OSS") collaborative, and which are included in the SGAT at Exhibit B. The measurements have been designated as Tier 1, Tier 2, or both Tier 1 and Tier 2 and given a High, Medium, or Low designation.

4.0 Statistical Measurement

4.1 Qwest uses a statistical test, namely the modified "z-test," for evaluating the difference between two means (i.e., Qwest and CLEC service or repair intervals) or two percentages (e.g., Qwest and CLEC proportions), to determine whether a parity condition exists between the results for Qwest and the CLEC(s). The modified z-tests shall be applicable if the number of data points are greater than 30 for a given measurement. For testing measurements for which the number of data points are 30 or less, Qwest will use a permutation test to determine the statistical significance of the difference between Qwest and CLEC.

4.2 Qwest shall be in conformance when the monthly performance results for parity measurements (whether in the form of means, percents, or proportions and at the equivalent level of disaggregation) are such that the calculated z-test statistics are not greater than the critical z-values as listed in Table 1, section 5.0.

4.3 Qwest shall be in conformance with benchmark measurements when the monthly performance result equals or exceeds the benchmark, if a higher value means better performance, and when the monthly performance result equals or is less than the benchmark if a lower value means better performance.

The formula for determining parity using the modified z-test is:

$$z = DIFF / \sigma_{DIFF}$$

Where:

 $\mathsf{DIFF} = \mathsf{M}_{\mathsf{Qwest}} - \mathsf{M}_{\mathsf{CLEC}}$

M_{QWEST} = Qwest average or proportion

 $M_{CLEC} = CLEC$ average or proportion

 σ_{DIFF} = square root $\Box \sigma^{\Box} \text{Qwest} (1/n_{\text{CLEC}} + 1/n_{\text{Qwest}})]$

 σ^{2}_{Qwest} = calculated variance for Qwest

n_{Qwest} = number of observations or samples used in Qwest measurement

n_{CLEC} = number of observations or samples used in CLEC measurement

The modified z-tests will be applied to reported parity measurements that contain more than 30 data points.

In calculating the difference between Qwest and CLEC performance, the above formula applies when a larger Qwest value indicates a better level of performance. In cases where a smaller Qwest value indicates a higher level of performance, the order is reversed, i.e., M_{CLEC} - M_{QWEST}.

4.3.1 For parity measurements where the number of data points is 30 or less, Qwest will apply a permutation test to test for statistical significance. Permutation analysis will be applied to calculate the z-statistic using the following logic:

Calculate the modified z-statistic for the actual arrangement of the data Pool and mix the CLEC and Qwest data sets Perform the following 1000 times:

Randomly subdivide the pooled data sets into two pools, one the same size as the original CLEC data set (n_{CLEC}) and one reflecting the remaining data points, and one reflecting the remaining data points, (which is equal to the size of the original Qwest data set or n_{QWEST}).

Compute and store the modified z-test score (Z_S) for this sample.

Count the number of times the z-statistic for a permutation of the data is greater than the actual modified z- statistic

Compute the fraction of permutations for which the statistic for the rearranged data is greater than the statistic for the actual samples

If the fraction is greater than α , the significance level of the test, the hypothesis of no difference is not rejected, and the test is passed. The α shall be .05 when the critical z value is 1.645 and .15 when the critical z value is 1.04.

5.0 Critical Z-Value

5.1 The following table shall be used to determine the critical z-value that is referred to in section 6.0. It is based on the monthly business volume of the CLEC for the particular performance measurements for which statistic testing is being performed.

CLEC volume	LIS Trunks, UDITs,	All Other
(Sample size)	Resale, UBL-DS1 and	
	DS-3	
1-10	1.04*	1.645
11-150	1.645	1.645
151-300	2.0	2.0
301-600	2.7	2.7
601-3000	3.7	3.7
3001 and above	4.3	4.3

TABLE 1: CRITICAL Z-VALUE

* The 1.04 applies for individual month testing for performance measurements involving LIS trunks and DS-1 and DS-3 that are UDITs, Resale, or Unbundled Loops. The performance measurements are OP-3d/e, OP-4d/e, OP-5, OP-6-4/5, MR-5a/b, MR-7d/e, and MR-8.

For purposes of determining consecutive month misses, 1.645 shall be used. Where performance measurements disaggregate to zone 1 and zone 2, the zones shall be combined for purposes of statistical testing.

6.0 Tier 1 Payments to CLEC

6.1 Tier 1 payments to CLEC shall be made solely for the performance measurements designated as Tier 1 on Attachment 1. The payment amount for non-conforming service varies depending upon the designation of performance measurements as High, Medium, and Low and the duration of the non-conforming service condition as described below. Non-conforming service is defined in section 4.0.

6.1.1 Determination of Non-Conforming Measurements: The number of performance measurements that are determined to be non-conforming and, therefore, eligible for Tier 1 payments, are limited according to the critical z-value shown in Table 1, section 5.0. The critical z-values are the statistical standard that determines for each CLEC performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity. The critical z-value is selected from Table 1 according to the monthly CLEC volume for the performance measurement. For instance, if the CLEC sample size for that month is 100, the critical z-value is 1.645 for the statistical testing of that parity performance measurement.

6.2 Determination of the Amount of Payment: Tier 1 payments to CLEC, except as provided for in sections 6.3 and 10.0, are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of performance measurements exceeding the critical z-value. Payments will be made on either a per occurrence or per measurement basis, depending upon the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 2 below. The dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is designated High, Medium, or Low and escalate depending upon the number of consecutive months for which Qwest has not met the standard for the particular measurement.

6.2.1 The escalation of payments for consecutive months of non-conforming service will be matched month for month with de-escalation of payments for every month of conforming service. For example, if Qwest has four consecutive monthly "misses" it will make payments that escalate from month 1 to month 4 as shown in Table 2. If, in the next month, service meets the standard, Qwest makes no payment. A payment "indicator" de-escalates down from month 4 to month 3. If Qwest misses the following month, it will make payment at the month 3 level of Table 2 because that is where the payment "indicator" presently sits. If Qwest misses again the following month, it will make payments that escalate back to the month 4 level. The payment level will de-escalate back to the original month 1 level only upon conforming service sufficient to move the payment "indicator" back to the month 1 level.

6.2.2 For those performance measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps," payment to a CLEC in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 2 below for the "Per Measurement" category. For those performance measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payments," payment to a CLEC will be the amount set forth in Table 2 below under the section labeled "per measurement."

Per Occurrence							
Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6	Each following month after Month 6 add
High	\$150	\$250	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800	\$100
Medium	\$75	\$150	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600	\$100
Low	\$ 25	\$ 50	\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400	\$100

TABLE 2: TIER-1 PAYMENTS TO CLEC

Per Measurement							
Сар							
Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6	Each following month

							after Month 6 add
High	\$25,000	\$50,00	\$75,00	\$100,00	\$125,00	\$150,000	\$25,000
		0	0	0	0		
Medium	\$10,000	\$20,00	\$30,00	\$	\$	\$ 60,000	\$ 10,000
		0	0	40,000	50,000		
Low	\$ 5,000	\$10,00	\$15,00	\$	\$	\$ 30,000	\$ 5,000
÷		0	0	20,000	25,000		

6.3 For collocation, CP-2 and CP-4 performance measurements shall be relied upon for delineation of collocation business rules. For purposes of calculating Tier 1 payments, collocation jobs and collocation feasibility studies that are later than the due date will have a per day payment applied according to Table 3. The per day payment will be applied to any collocation job in which the feasibility study is provided or the collocation installation is completed later than the scheduled date. The calculation of the payment amount will be performed by applying the per day payment amounts as specified in Table 3. Thus, for days 1 through 10, the payment is \$150 per day. For days 11 through 20, the payment is \$300 per day and so on.

	T	
Days Late	Completion Date	Feasibility Study
1 to 10 days	\$150/day	\$45/day
11 to 20 days	\$300/day	\$90/day
21 to 30 days	\$450/day	\$135/day
31 to 40 days	\$600/day	\$180/day
More than 40 days	\$1,000/day	\$300/day

TABLE 3: TIER-1 COLLOCATION PAYMENTS TO CLECS

6.4 A minimum payment calculation shall be performed at the end of each year for each CLEC with annual order volumes of no more than 1,200. The payment shall be calculated by multiplying \$2,000 by the number of months in which at least one payment was made to the CLEC. To the extent that the actual CLEC payment for the year is less than the product of the preceding calculation, Qwest shall make an additional payment equal to the difference.

7.0 Tier 2 Payments to the State

7.1 Payments to the State shall be limited to the performance measurements designated in section 7.4 for Tier 2 per measurement payments and in Attachment 1 for per occurrence payments and which have at least 10 data points each month for the period payments are being calculated. Similar to the Tier 1 structure, Tier 2 measurements are categorized as High, Medium, and Low and the amount of payments for non-conformance varies according to this categorization.

7.2 Determination of Non-Conforming Measurements: The determination of nonconformance will be based upon the aggregate of all CLEC data for each Tier 2 performance measurement. Non-conforming service is defined in section 4.2 (for South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03 Attachment 2

parity measurements) and 4.3 (for benchmark measurements), except that a 1.645 critical z-value shall be used for all parity measurements but MR-2 and OP-2. The critical z-value is the statistical standard that determines for each performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity.

Determination of the Amount of Payment: Except as provided in section 7.4, 7.3 Tier 2 payments are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of performance measurements exceeding the critical z-value, identified in section 7.2. in Payment will be made on either a per occurrence or per a single month. measurement basis, whichever is applicable to the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 4 or Table 5 below. Except as provided in section 7.4, the dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is designated High, Medium, or Low.

7.3.1 For those Tier 2 measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps," payment to the State in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 4 for the "Per Measurement" category.

Per Occu	irrence	
	Measurement Group	
	High	\$500
	Medium	\$300
	Low	

TABLE 4: TIER-2 PAYMENTS TO STATE FUNDS

Per Measurement/Cap

Measurement Group	
High	\$75,000
Medium	\$30,000
Low	\$20,000

\$200

Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payment: The 7.4 following Tier 2 performance measurements shall have their performance results measured on a region-wide (14 state) basis. Failure to meet the performance standard, therefore, will result in a per measurement payment in each of the Qwest in-region 14 states adopting this PAP. The performance measurements are:

GA-1: Gateway Availability - IMA-GUI

GA-2: Gateway Availability - IMA-EDI

GA-3: Gateway Availability - EB-TA

GA-4: System Availability – EXACT

GA-6: Gateway Availability - GUI-Repair

PO-1: Pre-Order/Order Response Times

OP-2: Call Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Provisioning

Center

South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03 Attachment 2

MR-2: Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Repair Center PO-20: Manual Service Order Accuracy

GA-1 has three sub-measurements: GA-1A, GA-1B, and GA-1C. PO-1 shall have two sub-measurements: PO-1A and PO-1B. PO-1A and PO-1B shall have their transaction types aggregated together. PO-20 shall have two product disaggregations – Resale POTS / UNE-P (POTS) and Unbundled Loops (Analog and Non-Loaded 2-Wire).

For these measurements, Qwest will make a Tier 2 payment based upon monthly performance results according to Table 5: Tier 2 Per Measurement Payments to State Funds.

Measurement	Performance	State	14 State
		Payment Payment	
GA-1,2,3,4,6	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>1% to 3%	\$10,000	\$140,000
	>3% to 5%	\$20,000	\$280,000
	>5%	\$30,000	\$420,000
PO-1	2 sec. Or less	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>2 sec. to 5	\$5,000	\$70,000
	Sec.		
	>5 sec. to 10 sec.	\$10,000	\$140,000
	>10 sec.	\$15,000	\$210,000
		1 91 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
OP-2/MR-2	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>1% to 3%	\$5,000	\$70,000
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	>3% to 5%	\$10,000	\$140,000
	>5%	\$15,000	\$210,000
PO-20			
- Resale POTS /	1% or lower	\$500	\$7,000
UNE-P (POTS)	>1% to 3%	\$2,500	\$35,000
	>3% to 5%	\$5,000	\$70,000
	>5%	\$7,500	\$105,000
	-		
- Unbundled Loops	1% or lower	\$500	\$7,000
(Analog and 2- Wire	>1% to 3%	\$2,500	\$35,000
Non-Loaded)	>3% to 5%	\$5,000	\$70,000
	>5%	\$7,500	\$105,000

TABLE 5: TIER-2 PER MEASUREMENT PAYMENTS TO STATE FUNDS

7.5 Payment of Tier 2 Funds: Payments to a state fund shall be used for any purpose determined by the Commission that is allowed to it by state law. If the Commission is not permitted by state law to receive or administer Tier 2 payments, payments shall be made to the state general fund or to such other source as may be provided for under state law.

8.0 Step by Step Calculation of Monthly Tier 1 Payments to CLEC

8.1 Application of the Critical Z-Values: Qwest shall identify the Tier 1 parity performance measurements that measure the service provided to CLEC by Qwest for the month in question and the critical z-value from Table 1 in section 5.0 that shall be used for purposes of statistical testing for each particular performance measurement. The statistical testing procedures described in section 4.0 shall be applied. For the purpose of determining the critical z-values, each disaggregated category of a performance measurement is treated as a separate sub-measurement. The critical z-value to be applied is determined by the CLEC volume at each level of disaggregation or sub-measurement.

8.2 Performance Measurements for which Tier 1 Payment is Per Occurrence:

8.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:

8.2.1.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the average or the mean that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

8.2.1.2 Step 2: The percentage differences between the actual averages and the calculated averages shall be calculated. The calculation is % diff = (CLEC result – Calculated Value)/Calculated Value.

8.2.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the percentage calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amounts from the Tier 1 Payment Table shall determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.

8.2.2 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:

8.2.2.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the percentage that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z- statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

8.2.2.2 Step 2: The difference between the actual percentages for the CLEC and the calculated percentages shall be determined.

8.2.2.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step, and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 1 Payment Table, to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.

8.2.3 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:

8.2.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement the ratio that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

8.2.3.2 Step 2: The absolute difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate shall be determined.

8.2.3.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference calculated in the previous step, and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 1 Payment Table, to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.

8.3 Performance Measurements for which Tier 1 Payment is Per Measure:

8.3.1 For each performance measurement where Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment to the CLEC shall be the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of Table 2: Tier 1 Payments to CLEC.

9.0 Step by Step Calculation of Monthly Tier 2 Payments to State Funds

9.1 Application of the Critical Z-Values: Qwest shall identify the Tier 2 parity performance measurements that measure the service provided to all CLECs by Qwest for the month in question. The statistical testing procedures described in section 4.0 shall be applied, except that a 1.645 critical z-value shall be used for all parity measurements except MR-2 and OP-2. If Qwest misses a performance standard and there are at least 10 data points for the performance measurement, a Tier 2 payment will be calculated and paid as described below and will continue in each succeeding month until Qwest's performance meets the applicable standard.

9.2 Performance Measurements for which Tier 2 Payment is Per Occurrence:

9.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:

9.2.1.1 Step 1: The monthly average or the mean for each performance measurement that would yield the critical z-value for each month shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

9.2.1.2 Step 2: The percentage difference between the actual averages and the calculated averages for each month shall be calculated . The calculation for parity measurements is % diff = (actual average – calculated average)/calculated average.

9.2.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points for the non-conforming month shall be multiplied by the percentage calculated in the previous step and multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State for each non-conforming performance measurement.

9.3 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:

9.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the monthly percentage that would yield the critical z-value for each month shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

9.3.1.2 Step 2: The difference between the actual percentages and the calculated percentages for the non-conforming month shall be calculated. The calculation for parity measurement is diff = (CLEC result – calculated percentage). This formula shall be applicable where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula shall be reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.

9.3.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points for the non-conforming month shall be multiplied by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step and multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State.

9.4 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:

9.4.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the ratio that would yield the critical z-value for each month shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

9.4.1.1 Step 2: The difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate for the non-conforming month shall be calculated. The calculation is: diff = (CLEC rate – calculated rate). This formula shall apply where a high value is

indicative of poor performance. The formula shall be reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.

9.4.1.2 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference calculated in the previous step for the non-conforming month and multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State.

9.5 Performance Measurements for which Tier 2 Payment is Per Measure:

9.5.1 For each performance measurement where Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment to the State Fund shall be the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of the Tier 2 Payment Table.

10.0 Low Volume, Developing Markets

10.1 For certain qualifying performance standards, if the aggregate monthly volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP are more than 10, but less than 100, Qwest will make Tier 1 payments to CLECs for failure to meet the parity or benchmark standard for the qualifying performance sub-measurements. The qualifying sub-measurements are the UNE-P (POTS), megabit resale, and ADSL qualified loop product disaggregation of OP-3, OP-4, OP-5, MR-3, MR-5, MR-7, and MR-8. If the aggregate monthly CLEC volume is greater than 100, the provisions of this section shall not apply to the qualifying performance sub-measurement.

10.2 The determination of whether Qwest has met the parity or benchmark standards will be made using aggregate volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP. In the event Qwest does not meet the applicable performance standards, a total payment to affected CLECs will be determined in accordance with the high, medium, low designation for each performance measurement (see Attachment 1) and as described in section 8.0, except that CLEC aggregate volumes will be used. In the event the calculated total payment amount to CLECs is less than \$5,000, a minimum payment of \$5,000 shall be made. The resulting total payment amount to CLECs will be apportioned to the affected CLECs based upon each CLEC's relative share of the number of total service misses.

10.3 At the six (6)-month reviews, Qwest will consider adding to the above list of qualifying performance sub-measurements, new products disaggregation representing new modes of CLEC entry into developing markets.

11.0 Payment

11.1 Payments to CLEC, the State, or the Special Fund shall be made one month following the due date of the performance measurement report for the month for which payment is being made. Qwest will pay interest on any late payment and

underpayment at the prime rate as reported in the Wall Street Journal. On any overpayment, Qwest is allowed to offset future payments by the amount of the overpayment plus interest at the prime rate.

11.2 Payment to CLEC shall be made via bill credits. Bill credits shall be identified on a summary format substantially similar to that distributed as a prototype to the CLECs and the Commissions. To the extent that a monthly payment owed to CLEC under this PAP exceeds the amount owed to Qwest by CLEC on a monthly bill, Qwest will issue a check or wire transfer to CLEC in the amount of the overage. Payment to the State shall be made via check or wire transfer.

11.3 Upon the execution of a memorandum of understanding with the South Dakota Commission, a South Dakota Special Fund and a South Dakota Discretionary Fund shall be created for the purposes and in accordance with section 11.0. The South Dakota Commission shall authorize disbursement of funds. All claims against the funds shall be presented to the Commission and shall be the responsibility of the South Dakota Commission.

11.3.1 Qwest shall establish the South Dakota Special Fund and the South Dakota Discretionary Fund as separate interest bearing escrow accounts. Upon Qwest receiving effective section 271 authority from the FCC for the state of South Dakota, the Commission shall determine and direct Qwest to deposit into the South Dakota Special Fund either 1) one-fifth of all Tier 1 payments that exceed the month 1 payment amounts in Table 2 and one-third of all Tier 2 payments or 2) 50% of all Tier 2 payments. Qwest shall deposit any other Tier 2 payments into the South Dakota Discretionary Fund. The costs of the escrow accounts will be paid for from the accounts' funds.

11.3.2 The South Dakota Special Fund shall be created to pay the independent auditor and audit costs for the purpose of regional or state audits as specified in section 15.1 or, and to pay expenses incurred by the Commission in participating in any regional review of the PIDs. Disbursements from the South Dakota Special Fund shall first be from Tier 2 funds and second from Tier 1 funds. Not less than every two years, Tier 1 funds that are not needed to meet the continuing obligations of the Special Fund shall be returned on a pro-rata basis to CLECs, including any interest not used for fund administration. Other than the transfer of funds allowed in section 11.3.2.1, disbursements from the South Dakota Discretionary Fund shall be for, but not limited to, South Dakota telecommunications initiatives. Any excess funds in the South Dakota Special Fund may be transferred to the South Dakota Discretionary Fund at the Commission's discretion.

11.3.2.1 If the South Dakota Commission chooses not to participate in the regional audit pursuant to section 15.1 and the account balance of the South Dakota Special Fund escrow account is less than \$50,000 at the time of any state audit described in section 15.1, a transfer of funds from the South Dakota Discretionary Fund to the

South Dakota Special Fund shall be allowed in the amount necessary to bring the South Dakota Special Fund balance to \$50,000.

11.3.3 Notwithstanding the provisions herein, Qwest shall advance sufficient funds to any consolidated Special Fund established by participating states, set up for the purpose of a regional audit as specified in sections 15.1, not to exceed \$200,000 (or \$500,000 in the event 6 or more states participate in the regional audit) in order to meet initial claims against that Fund to the extent that contributions from Tier 1 and/or Tier 2 payments are insufficient. Qwest shall be allowed to recover any such advances plus interest at the rate that such an escrow account would have earned from future Tier 2 payments.

12.0 Cap on Tier 1 and Tier 2 Payments

12.1 There shall be a cap on the total payments made by Qwest for a 12-month period beginning with the effective date of the PAP for the State of South Dakota. The annual cap for the State of South Dakota shall be 36% of the prior year's ARMIS Net Return, or \$15,000,000, whichever is greater, subject to any applicable adjustments permitted pursuant to section 12.2. Qwest shall submit to the Commission the calculation of each year's cap no later than 30 days after submission of ARMIS results to the FCC. CLEC agrees that this amount constitutes a maximum annual cap that shall apply to the aggregate total of Tier 1 liquidated damages, including any such damages paid pursuant to this Agreement, any other interconnection agreement, or any other payments made for the same underlying activity or omission under any other contract, order or rule and Tier 2 assessments or payments made by Qwest for the same underlying activity or omission under any other contract, order or rule.

12.2 If Qwest payments equal or exceed the annual cap for two years in a row or equal or exceed 1/3rd of the annual cap in a combination of two consecutive months, the Commission shall have the authority to open a proceeding to request Qwest to explain the non-conforming performance and show that it did not result from Qwest's failure to act in a prudent manner to avoid reasonably foreseeable consequences. The Commission may raise the cap to the amount which Qwest would have paid in the higher of the prior two years, may ask the Federal Communication Commission ("FCC") to halt Qwest's in-region interLATA long distance marketing authority for a particular interval, or may take other appropriate action.

12.3 If the annual cap is reached, each CLEC shall, as of the end of the plan year, be entitled to receive the same percentage of its total calculated Tier 1 payments. In order to preserve the operation of the annual cap, the percentage of equalization shall take place as follows:

12.3.1 The amount by which any month's total year-to-date Tier 1 and Tier 2 payments exceeds the cumulative monthly cap (defined as 1/12th of the annual cap times the cumulative number of months to date) shall be calculated and apportioned between Tier 1 and Tier 2 according to the percentage that each bore of total payments for the year-to-date. The Tier 1 apportionment resulting of this calculation shall be known as the "Tracking Account."

12.3.2 The Tier 1 apportionment shall be debited against the monthly payment due to each CLEC, by applying to the year-to-date payments received by each the percentage necessary to generate the required total Tier 1 amount.

12.3.3 The Tracking Amount shall be apportioned among all CLECs so as to provide each with payments equal in percentage of its total year to date Tier 1 payment calculations.

12.3.4 This calculation shall take place in the first month that the year-to-date total Tier 1 and Tier 2 payments are expected to exceed the cumulative monthly cap and for each month of that year thereafter. Qwest shall recover any debited amounts by reducing payments due to any CLEC for that month and any succeeding months, as necessary.

13.0 Limitations

13.1 The PAP shall not become available in the State unless and until Qwest receives effective section 271 authority from the FCC for that State.

13.2 Qwest will not be liable for Tier 1 payments to CLEC in an FCC approved state until the Commission has approved an interconnection agreement between CLEC and Qwest which adopts the provisions of this PAP.

13.3 Qwest shall not be obligated to make Tier 1 or Tier 2 payments for any measurement if and to the extent that non-conformance for that measurement was the result of any of the following: 1) with respect to performance measurements with a benchmark standard, a Force Majeure event as defined in section 5.7 of the SGAT. Qwest will provide notice of the occurrence of a Force Majeure event within 72 hours of the time Qwest learns of the event or within a reasonable time frame that Qwest should have learned of it: 2) an act or omission by a CLEC that is contrary to any of its obligations under its interconnection agreement with Qwest or under federal or state law; an act or omission by CLEC that is in bad faith. Examples of bad faith conduct include, but are not limited to: unreasonably holding service orders and/or applications, "dumping" orders or applications in unreasonably large batches, "dumping" orders or applications at or near the close of a business day, on a Friday evening or prior to a holiday, and failing to provide timely forecasts to Qwest for services or facilities when such forecasts are explicitly required by the SGAT; 3) problems associated with third-party systems or equipment, which could not have been avoided by Qwest in the exercise of reasonable diligence, provided, however, that this third party exclusion will not be raised in the State more than three times within a calendar year. If a Force Majeure event or other excusing event recognized in this section merely suspends Qwest's ability to timely perform an activity subject to a performance measurement that is an interval measure, the applicable time frame in which Qwest's compliance with the parity or benchmark criterion is measured will be extended on an hour-for-hour or day-for-day basis, as applicable, equal to the duration of the excusing event.

13.3.1 Qwest will not be excused from Tier 1 or Tier 2 payments for any reason except as described in Section 13.0. Qwest will have the burden of demonstrating that its non-conformance with the performance measurement was excused on one of the grounds described in this PAP. A party may petition the Commission to require Qwest to deposit disputed payments into an escrow account when the requesting party can show cause, such as grounds provided in the Uniform Commercial Code for cases of commercial uncertainty.

13.3.2 Notwithstanding any other provision of this PAP, it shall not excuse performance that Qwest could reasonably have been expected to deliver assuming that it had designed, implemented, staffed, provisioned, and otherwise provided for resources reasonably required to meet foreseeable volumes and patterns of demands upon its resources by CLECs.

13.4 Qwest's agreement to implement these enforcement terms, and specifically its agreement to pay any "liquidated damages" or "assessments" hereunder, will not be considered as an admission against interest or an admission of liability in any legal, regulatory, or other proceeding relating in whole or in part to the same performance.

13.4.1 CLEC may not use: 1) the existence of this enforcement plan; or 2) Qwest's payment of Tier –1 "liquidated damages" or Tier 2 "assessments" as evidence that Qwest has discriminated in the provision of any facilities or services under Sections 251 or 252, or has violated any state or federal law or regulation. Qwest's conduct underlying its performance measures, however are not made inadmissible by its terms.

13.4.2 By accepting this performance remedy plan, CLEC agrees that Qwest's performance with respect to this remedy plan may not be used as an admission of liability or culpability for a violation of any state or federal law or regulation. (Nothing herein is intended to preclude Qwest from introducing evidence of any Tier 1 "liquidated damages" under these provisions for the purpose of offsetting the payment against any other damages or payments a CLEC might recover.) The terms of this paragraph do not apply to any proceeding before the Commission or the FCC to determine whether Qwest has met or continues to meet the requirements of section 271 of the Act.

13.5 By incorporating these liquidated damages terms into the PAP, Qwest and CLEC accepting this PAP agree that proof of damages from any non-conforming performance measurement would be difficult to ascertain and, therefore, liquidated damages are a reasonable approximation of any contractual damages that may result from a non-conforming performance measurement. Qwest and CLEC further agree that Tier 1 payments made pursuant to this PAP are not intended to be a penalty. The application of the assessments and damages provided for herein is not

intended to foreclose other non-contractual legal and non-contractual regulatory claims and remedies that may be available to a CLEC.

13.6 This PAP contains a comprehensive set of performance measurements, statistical methodologies, and payment mechanisms that are designed to function together, and only together, as an integrated whole. To elect the PAP, CLEC must adopt the PAP in its entirety in its interconnection agreement with Qwest in lieu of other alternative standards or relief. Where alternative standards or remedies for Qwest's wholesale performance are available under rules, orders, or contracts, including interconnection agreements, CLEC will be limited to either PAP standards and remedies or the standards and remedies available under rules, orders or contracts and CLECs choice of remedies shall be specified in its interconnection agreement.

13.7 Any liquidated damages payment by Qwest under these provisions is not hereby made inadmissible in any proceeding related to the same conduct where Qwest seeks to offset the payments against any other damages a CLEC may recover; whether or not the nature of the damages sought by the CLEC is such that an offset is appropriate will be determined in the relevant proceeding.

13.8 To the extent Qwest believes that some Tier 2 payments required to be made under this PAP would duplicate payments that have been assessed by or on behalf of the Commission pursuant to any service quality rules or Commission orders, Qwest may make such Tier 2 payments to a special interest bearing escrow account and then dispute the payments before the South Dakota Commission. If Qwest can show that the payments relate to the same underlying activity or omission, it may retain the Tier 2 payments and any interest accrued on such payments.

13.9 Whenever a Qwest Tier 1 payment to an individual CLEC exceeds \$3 million in a month. Qwest may commence a proceeding to demonstrate why it should not be required to pay any amount in excess of the \$3 million. Upon timely commencement of the proceeding, Qwest must pay the balance of payments owed in excess of \$3 million into escrow, to be held by a third-party pending the outcome of the proceeding. To invoke these escrow provisions, Qwest must file, not later than the due date of the Tier 1 payments, its application. Qwest will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, it would be unjust to require it to make the payments in excess of \$3 million. If Qwest reports non-conforming performance to CLEC for three consecutive months on 20% or more of the measurements reported to CLEC and has incurred no more than \$1 million in liability to CLEC, then CLEC may commence a similar proceeding. In any such proceeding CLEC will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, justice requires Qwest to make payments in excess of the amount calculated pursuant to the terms of the PAP. The disputes identified in this section shall be resolved in a manner specified in the Dispute Resolution section of the SGAT with the CLEC.

South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03 Attachment 2

13.10 Any payments made by Qwest as a result of the PAP should not: 1) be included as expenses in any Qwest revenue requirement, or 2) be reflected in increased rates to CLECs for services and facilities provided pursuant to Section 251(c) of the Telecommunication Act of 1996 and priced pursuant to Section 252(d) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996.

13.11 This Exhibit K may be assigned as a part of any agreement to which SGAT Section 5.12.1 is applicable.

14.0 Reporting

14.1 Upon receiving effective section 271 authority from the FCC for a state, Qwest will provide CLEC that has an approved interconnection agreement with Qwest, a monthly report of Qwest's performance for the measurements identified in the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Qwest will collect, analyze, and report performance data for the measurements listed on Attachment 1 in accordance with the most recent version of the PIDs. Upon CLEC's request, data files of the CLEC's raw data, or any subset thereof, will be transmitted, without charge, to CLEC in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission medium.

14.2 Qwest will also provide the Commission a monthly report of aggregate CLEC performance results pursuant to the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Individual CLEC reports of participating CLECs will also be available to the Commission upon request. By accepting this PAP, CLEC consents to Qwest providing CLEC's report and raw data to the State Commission. Pursuant to the terms of an order of the Commission, Qwest may provide CLEC-specific data that relates to the PAP, provided that Qwest shall first initiate any procedures necessary to protect the confidentiality and to prevent the public release of the information pending any applicable Commission procedures and further provided that Qwest provides such notice as the Commission directs to the CLEC involved, in order to allow it to prosecute such procedures to their completion. Data files of participating CLEC raw data, or any subset thereof, will be transmitted, without charge, to the Commission in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission form.

14.3 In the event Qwest does not provide CLEC and the Commission with a monthly report by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported, Qwest will pay to the State a total of \$500 for each business day for which performance reports are 6 to 10 business days past the due date; \$1,000 for each business day for which performance reports are 11 to 15

South Dakota QPAP Amendment 4-2-03 Attachment 2

business days past the due date; and \$2,000 for each business day for which performance results are more than 15 business days past the due date. If reports are on time but are missing performance results, Qwest will pay to the State a total of one-fifth of the late report amount for each missing performance measurement, subject to a cap of the full late report amount. These amounts represent the total payments for omitting performance measurements or missing any report deadlines, rather than a payment per report. Prior to the date of a payment for late reports, Qwest may file a request for a waiver of the payment, which states the reasons for the waiver. The Commission may grant the waiver, deny the waiver, or provide any other relief that may be appropriate.

14.4 To the extent that Qwest recalculates payments made under this PAP, such recalculation shall be limited to the preceding three years (measured from the later of the provision of a monthly credit statement or payment due date). Qwest shall retain sufficient records to demonstrate fully the basis for its calculations for long enough to meet this potential recalculation obligation. CLEC verification or recalculation efforts should be made reasonably contemporaneously with Qwest measurements. In any event, Qwest shall maintain the records in a readily useable format for one year. For the remaining two years, the records may be retained in archived format. Any payment adjustments shall be subject to the interest rate provisions of section 11.1.

15.0 Integrated Audit Program/Investigations of Performance Results

15.1 Audits of the PAP shall be conducted under the auspices of the Commission in accordance with a detailed audit plan developed by an independent auditor and approved by the Commission. The Commission shall select the independent auditor with input from Qwest and the CLECs. The Commission will determine, based upon requests and upon its own investigation, which results and/or measures should be audited. The Commission may, at its discretion, conduct audits through participation in a collaborative process with other states.

15.1.1 The initial audit plan shall be conducted over two years, with audit periods subsequent to the initial audit to be determined by the Commission. The Commission will determine the scope of and procedure for the audit plan, which, at a minimum, will identify the specific performance measurements to be audited, the specific tests to be conducted, and the entity to conduct them. The initial audit plan will give priority to auditing the higher risk areas identified in the Final OSS Report.

15.1.2 The Commission will attempt to coordinate its audit plan with other audit plans that may be conducted by other state commissions so as to avoid duplication. The audit shall be conducted so as not to impede Qwest's ability to comply with the other provisions of the PAP and should be of a nature and scope that it can be conducted in accordance with the reasonable course of Qwest's business operations.

15.1.3 Any dispute arising out of the audit plan, the conduct of the audit, or audit results shall be resolved by the Commission.

15.2 Qwest must report to the Commission monthly any changes it makes to the automated or manual processes used to produce performance results including data collection, generation, and reporting. The reports must include sufficient detail to enable the parties to understand the scope and nature of the changes.

In the event of a disagreement between Qwest and CLEC as to any issue 15.3 regarding the accuracy or integrity of data collected, generated, and reported pursuant to the PAP. Qwest and the CLEC shall first consult with one another and attempt in good faith to resolve the issue. If an issue is not resolved within 45 days after a request for consultation, CLEC and Qwest may, upon a demonstration of good cause (e.g., evidence of material errors or discrepancies), request an independent audit to be conducted, at the initiating party's expense. The independent auditor will assess the need for an audit based upon whether there exists a material deficiency in the data or whether there exists an issue not otherwise addressed by the audit plan for the current cycle. The Commission will resolve any dispute by any party questioning the independent auditor's decision to conduct or not conduct a CLEC requested audit and the audit findings, should such an audit be conducted. Audit findings will include: (a) general applicability of findings and conclusions (i.e., relevance to CLECs or jurisdictions other than the ones causing test initiation), (b) magnitude of any payment adjustments required and, (c) whether cost responsibility should be shifted based upon the materiality and clarity of any Qwest nonconformance with measurement requirements (no pre-determined variance is appropriate, but should be based on the auditor's professional judgment). CLEC may not request an audit of data more than three years from the later of the provision of a monthly credit statement or payment due date.

15.4 Expenses for the audit of the PAP and any other related expenses incurred by the Commission, except that which may be assigned under section 15.3, shall be paid first from the Tier 2 funds in the Special Fund. If no Special Fund is in existence or Tier 2 funds are not otherwise sufficient to cover audit costs in whole or in part, the Commission will develop an additional funding method that will include contributions from CLECs' Tier 1 payments and from Qwest.

15.5 Any party may petition the Commission to request that Qwest investigate any consecutive Tier 1 miss or any second consecutive Tier 2 miss to determine the cause of the miss and to identify the action needed in order to meet the standard set forth in the performance measurements. Qwest will report the results of its investigation to the Commission, and to the extent an investigation determines that a CLEC was responsible in whole or in part for the Tier 2 misses, Qwest may petition the Commission to request that it receive credit against future Tier 2 payments in an amount equal to the Tier 2 payments that should not have been made. Qwest may also request that the relevant portion of subsequent Tier 2 payments will not be owed until any responsible CLEC problems are corrected. For the purposes of this sub-section, Tier 1 performance measurements that have not been designated as Tier 2 will be aggregated and the aggregate results will be investigated pursuant to the terms of this agreement.

16.0 Reviews

Every six (6) months beginning six months after the effective date of 271 16.1 approval by the FCC for the state of South Dakota, Qwest, CLECs, and the Commission shall participate in a review of the performance measurements to determine whether the measurements should be added, deleted, or modified; whether the applicable benchmark standards should be modified or replaced by standards; and whether to move a classification of a measurement to High, Medium, or Low or Tier 1 to Tier 2. Criteria for review of performance measurement, other than for possible reclassification, shall be whether there exists an omission or failure to capture intended performance, and whether there is duplication of another measurement. After the Commission considers changes proposed in the six month review process, it shall determine what, if any, changes shall be made by Qwest. The Commission retains its independent authority under state law to initiate a proceeding to review the PAP at any time and to order changes to any provisions of the PAP, after notice and hearing, and consistent with due process and other rights of all parties. No new performance measurements shall be added to the PAP that have not been subject to observation as a diagnostic measurement for a period of six (6) months, unless ordered otherwise by the Commission. Any changes made pursuant to this section shall apply to and modify this agreement.

16.1.1 Notwithstanding section 16.1, if any agreements on adding, modifying, deleting, performance measurements as permitted by section 16.1 are reached between Qwest and CLECs participating in an industry Regional Oversight Committee (ROC) PID administration forum, those agreements shall be incorporated into the QPAP and modify the agreement between CLEC and Qwest at any time those agreements are submitted to and approved by the Commission, whether before or after a six-month review.

16.1.2 Nothing in this PAP precludes the Commission from modifying the PAP based upon its independent state law authority, subject to judicial challenge. Nothing in this PAP constitutes a grant of authority by either party to this agreement nor does it constitute a waiver by either party to this agreement of any claim either party may have that the Commission lacks jurisdiction to make any modifications to this PAP, including any modifications resulting from the process described in Section 16.0.

16.2 Two years after the effective date of the first FCC 271 approval of the PAP, the Commission, by itself or in conjunction with other state commissions, may conduct a review by a independent third party to examine the continuing effectiveness of the PAP as a means of inducing compliant performance. Except for expenses which may be assigned under section 15.3, the expenses of any review by the state of South Dakota, or if the Commission participates in a multistate review, the expenses shall be paid first from the Tier 2 funds in the Special Fund. If no Special Fund is in existence or Tier 2 funds are not otherwise sufficient to cover audit

costs in whole or in part, the Commission will develop an additional funding method that will include contribution from CLECs' Tier 1 payments and from Qwest.

16.3 Qwest will make the PAP available for CLEC interconnection agreements. Upon Qwest's elimination of its Section 272 affiliate or upon it exiting the interLATA market, Qwest may petition the Commission to phase out the PAP. At that time, a review of the PAP shall be conducted to determine whether a phase-out of the PAP is appropriate.

17.0 (Reserved for Future Use)

18.0 Dispute Resolution

Except as otherwise provided in the PAP, the Commission shall resolve any disputes.

Attachment 1: Tier 1 and Tier 2 Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Payment

Performance Measurement		Tier	1 Paym	ients	Tier	Tier 2 Payments		
		Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High	
GATEWAY				<u>v</u>				
Timely Outage Resolution	GA-7						X	
PRE-ORDER/ORDERS					•			
LSR Rejection Notice Interval	PO-3 ^a	X						
Firm Order Confirmations On Time	PO-5	X				X		
Work Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-6 ^b	X						
Billing Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-7 ^b	X						
Jeopardy Notice Interval	PO-8	X						
Timely Jeopardy Notices	PO-9	X						
Release Notifications	PO-16						X	
		1		1				
ORDERING AND PROVISIONING	······································					1		
Installation Commitments Met	OP-3°			Х	1	X		
Installation Intervals	OP-4 ^ª			X		X		
New Service Installation Quality	OP-5			X		X		
Delayed Days	OP-6°			X		X		
Number Portability Timeliness	OP-8			X		X		
Coordinated Cuts On Time - Unbundled	OP-13a			X		X		
Loops								
LNP Disconnect Timeliness	OP-17			X		X		
MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR								
Out of Service Cleared within 24 hours	MR-3		<u> </u>	X				
All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours	MR-5			X				
Mean time to Restore	MR-			X				
	6a,b,c					<u> </u>		
Repair Repeat Report Rate	MR-7		_	X	_			
Trouble Rate	MR-8			X		X		
LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24	MR-11			X		X		
Hours		_						
							+	
BILLING								
Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records	BI-1	X		. [x	
Billing Accuracy-Adjustments for Errors	BI-3	$\frac{x}{x}$					+	
Billing Completeness	BI-4					X		
	<u>+</u>						+	
NETWORK PERFORMANCE			1				1	
Trunk Blocking	NI-1		1	X			X	
NXX Code Activation	NP-1			X		1	X	

a. PO-3 is limited to PO-3a-1, PO-3b-1, and PO-3c.

b. PO-6 is included with PO-7 as two "families:" PO-6a/PO-7a and PO-6b/PO-7b. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurements with the highest payment being paid.

c.. OP-4 is included with OP-6 as five "families:" OP-4a/OP-6-1, OP-4b/OP-6-2, OP-4c/OP-6-3, OP-4d/OP-6-4, and OP-4e/OP-6-5. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurement with the highest payment being paid.

d. For purposes of the PAP, OP-6a and OP-6b will be combined and treated as one. The combined OP-6 breaks down to OP-6-1 (within MSA), OP-6-2 (outside MSA), OP-6-3 (no dispatch), OP-6-4 (zone 1), and OP-6-5 (zone 2).

Attachment 2: Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps

Billing

Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records – BI-1 (Tier 1/Tier 2) Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors – BI-3 (Tier 1) Billing Completeness – BI-4 (Tier 1/Tier 2)

1.0 Force Majeure

1

Neither Party shall be liable for any delay or failure in performance of any part of this 1.1 Agreement from any cause beyond its control and without its fault or negligence including, without limitation, acts of nature, acts of civil or military authority, government regulations, embargoes, epidemics, terrorist acts, riots, insurrections, fires, explosions, earthquakes, nuclear accidents, floods, work stoppages, power blackouts, volcanic action, other major environmental disturbances, or unusually severe weather conditions (collectively, a Force Majeure Event). Inability to secure products or services of other Persons or transportation facilities or acts or omissions of transportation Carriers shall be considered Force Majeure Events to the extent any delay or failure in performance caused by these circumstances is beyond the Party's control and without that Party's fault or negligence. The Party affected by a Force Majeure Event shall give prompt notice to the other Party, shall be excused from performance of its obligations hereunder on a Day to Day basis to the extent those obligations are prevented by the Force Majeure Event, and shall use reasonable efforts to remove or mitigate the Force Majeure Event. In the event of a labor dispute or strike the Parties agree to provide service to each other at a level equivalent to the level they provide themselves.

South Dakota Public Utilities Commission WEEKLY FILINGS

For the Period of May 8, 2003 through May 14, 2003

If you need a complete copy of a filing faxed, overnight expressed, or mailed to you, please contact Delaine Kolbo within five business days of this report. Phone: 605-773-3705

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

TC03-082 In the Matter of the Filing for Approval of an Amendment to an Interconnection Agreement between Qwest Corporation and Midcontinent Communications, Inc.

On May 9, 2003, the Commission received a filing for approval of an Amendment to an Interconnection Agreement between Midcontinent Communications, Inc. and Qwest Corporation. According to the parties, the amendment is made in order to add to the agreement the Performance Assurance Plan as approved by the Commission and the Performance Indicator Definitions, as set forth in Attachments 1 and 2 to the amendment. The original agreement was approved by the Commission on May 5, 1999, in Docket No. TC99-023. Any party wishing to comment on the agreement may do so by filing written comments with the Commission and the parties to the agreement no later than May 29, 2003. Parties to the agreement may file written responses to the comments no later than twenty days after the service of the initial comments.

Staff Attorney: Kelly Frazier Date Docketed: 05/09/03 Initial Comments Due: 05/29/03

TC03-083 In the Matter of the Filing for Approval of an Amendment to an Interconnection Agreement between Qwest Corporation and McLeodUSA Telecommunications Services, Inc.

On May 9, 2003, the Commission received a filing for approval of an Amendment to an Interconnection Agreement between McLeodUSA Telecommunications Services, Inc. and Qwest Corporation. According to the parties, the amendment is made in order to add the terms, conditions and rates for Unbundled Loops, as set forth in Attachment 1 and Exhibits A and B to the amendment. The original agreement was approved by the Commission on July 23, 1999, in Docket No. TC99-057. Any party wishing to comment on the agreement may do so by filing written comments with the Commission and the parties to the agreement no later than May 29, 2003. Parties to the agreement may file written responses to the comments no later than twenty days after the service of the initial comments.

Staff Attorney: Kelly Frazier Date Docketed: 05/09/03 Initial Comments Due: 05/29/03

TC03-084 In the Matter of the Application of X2Comm, Inc. d/b/a DC Communications for a Certificate of Authority to Provide Interexchange Telecommunications Services in South Dakota.

X2Comm, Inc. d/b/a DC Communications has filed an application for a Certificate of Authority to provide interexchange telecommunications services in South Dakota. The applicant intends to provide inbound (toll free) and outbound long distance services to both residential and business customers. Inbound and outbound services will be available as switched and dedicated service.

Staff Analyst: Bonnie Bjork Staff Attorney: Karen Cremer Date Docketed: 05/09/03 Intervention Deadline: 05/30/03

TC03-085 In the Matter of the Application of Covista, Inc. for a Certificate of Authority to Provide Local Exchange Services in South Dakota.

Covista, Inc. has filed an application for a Certificate of Authority to provide resold and facilities based/UNE-P local exchange services in South Dakota.

Staff Analyst: Bonnie Bjork Staff Attorney: Karen Cremer Date Docketed: 05/12/03 Intervention Deadline: 05/30/03

TC03-086 In the Matter of the Filing for Approval of an Amendment to an Interconnection Agreement between Qwest Corporation and Sprint Communications Company L.P.

On May 12, 2003, the Commission received a filing for approval of an Amendment to an Interconnection Agreement between Sprint Communications Company L.P. and Qwest Corporation. According to the parties, the agreement is amended by adding terms and conditions for Collocation Available Inventory, as set forth in Attachment 1 and Exhibit A to the amendment. The original agreement was approved by the Commission on November 13, 2001, in Docket No. TC01-151. Any party wishing to comment on the agreement may do so by filing written comments with the Commission and the parties to the agreement no later than June 2, 2003. Parties to the agreement may file written responses to the comments no later than twenty days after the service of the initial comments.

Staff Attorney: Kelly Frazier Date Docketed: 05/12/03 Initial Comments Due: 06/02/03

TC03-087 In the Matter of the Filing for Approval of a Boundary Change between West River Telecommunications Cooperative and Qwest Corporation.

West River Telecommunications Cooperative and Qwest Communications have filed a joint petition for Commission approval of an exchange boundary change between West River's McLaughlin Exchange and Qwest's Timber Lake Exchange. Two customers have requested the boundary change in order to be served by West River.

Staff Analyst: Michele Farris Staff Attorney: Karen Cremer Date Docketed: 05/14/03 Intervention Deadline: 05/30/03

> You may receive this listing and other PUC publications via our website or via internet e-mail. You may subscribe or unsubscribe to the PUC mailing lists at http://www.state.sd.us/puc

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

IN THE MATTER OF THE FILING FOR APPROVAL OF AN AMENDMENT TO AN INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT BETWEEN QWEST CORPORATION AND MIDCONTINENT COMMUNICATIONS ORDER APPROVING AMENDMENT TO AGREEMENT

TC03-082

On May 9, 2003, Qwest Corporation (Qwest) filed for approval by the South Dakota Public Utilities Commission (Commission) an amendment to an interconnection agreement between Midcontinent Communications (Midcontinent) and Qwest. The Amendment is made in order to add to the agreement the Performance Assurance Plan as approved by the Commission and the Performance Indicator Definitions, as set forth in Attachments 1 and 2 attached to the amendment.

)

On May 15, 2003, the Commission electronically transmitted notice of the filing of the amendment to interested individuals and entities. The notice stated that any person wishing to comment on the parties' request for approval had until May 29, 2003, to do so. No comments were filed.

At its duly noticed June 17, 2003, meeting, the Commission considered whether to approve the negotiated amendment to the agreement between Qwest and Midcontinent. Commission Staff recommended its approval.

The Commission has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to SDCL Chapter 49-31, and the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996. In accordance with 47 U.S.C. § 252(e)(2), the Commission found that the amendment does not discriminate against a telecommunications carrier that is not a party to the amendment and the amendment is consistent with the public interest, convenience, and necessity. The Commission unanimously voted to approve the amendment to the agreement. It is therefore

ORDERED, that the Commission approves the negotiated amendment to the agreement as described herein.

Dated at Pierre, South Dakota, this <u>36</u> day of June, 2003.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
The undersigned hereby certifies that this document has been served today upon all parties of record in this docket, as listed on the docket service list, by facsimile or by first class mail, in properly addressed envelopes, with charges prepaid thereon.
Date: 6/26/03
(OFFICIAL SEAL)

BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION:

ny

BERT K. SAHR, Chairman

GÁRY HANSÓN, Commissioner