BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

NORTHWESTERN ENERGY DOCKET NO. NG07-013

TESTIMONY & EXHIBITS OF DAVID A. JACOBSON ON BEHALF OF THE COMMISSION STAFF OCTOBER 19, 2007

David A. Jacobson PUC Staff Docket NG07-013 Page 1

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1 Q. What is your name and by whom are you employed? 2 3 My name is David A. Jacobson and I am presently employed as a Utility Analyst with the Α. 4 Commission Staff of the Public Utilities Commission (Commission). My business 5 address is Public Utilities Commission, State Capitol Building, Pierre, South Dakota 6 57501. 7 Q. Please describe your educational background and experience. 8 Α. I received a Bachelor of Science Degree in Business Administration majoring in 9 business management from the University of South Dakota in 1980. I subsequently 10 returned to the University in 1982 and completed major course work in accounting. I 11 have been with the Commission since 1984. I have previously presented testimony in 16 12 general rate case applications and also numerous other docketed matters before the 13 Commission. 14 What is the purpose of your testimony in this Docket? Q. 15 Α. I shall present testimony addressing NorthWestern Energy (Company) proposed 16 adjustments to operating income identified as Adjustment No. 3 - Other Revenues. Adjustment No. 15 - Stock Grants and Adjustment No. 18 - General Terms Proposed 17 18 Changes. I shall also propose an adjustment to pension and benefit expense related to certain employees involved in misconduct proceedings before the United States Security 19 20 Exchange Commission (SEC). I shall also offer testimony regarding the Company's

proposed changes to customer charges for Residential and General Service customer
 classes.

#### 3 Q. What did the company propose in Adjustment No. 3, Other Revenues?

A. Company Witness Decker proposed to include revenues for the categories of late
payment charges, miscellaneous service charges (largely connect/reconnect fees), and
other gas revenues (largely affiliate rents) using a three year average of these revenues
as opposed to test year revenue amounts.

#### 8 Q. What is your opinion regarding the company's proposed treatment?

9 A. The Company has offered no explanation or evidence as to why test year amounts
10 would be inappropriate to include in this case. It is my opinion that unless such evidence
11 is presented, test year amounts, as the most current information available, are the best
12 measure of these revenues. Also, Staff witness Knadle has removed late payment
13 charges from the company's revenues as part of his Working Capital analysis. An
14 explanation of that action can be found in his testimony.

# 15 Q. Have you reviewed Company Adjustment No. 15 relating to amortization of Stock 16 Grants over a three year period?

A. Yes, I have reviewed the Incentive plans that precipitated the stock grants and have
found no evidence as to why they should be denied. Although the plans are relatively
new, at this time I have found no evidence which would show that a three year
amortization is unreasonable.

# Q. Have you analyzed the company's Adjustment No. 18 concerning proposed changes to the General Terms and Conditions section of their tariff?

- 23 Α. Yes. The Company has proposed several changes which I will discuss and comment on 24 individually. Currently the Company charges \$15 for connecting customers to the utility 25 after normal working hours. The Company's tariff also specifies that the charge for being 26 reconnected to service after being disconnected for non-payment, will be based on "the 27 Company's hourly rates for service work with a one hour minimum" or in 2006, \$60.52. 28 The company has proposed to increase the charge for both types of connection to \$125. 29 The Company shows costs in this range largely because union contracts specify 30 employees be paid 2 hours minimum when called back to work after normal hours. 31 Have you accepted the Company's proposal regarding these connection charges? Q.
- A. The company should be allowed to increase the connection/reconnection charge to \$75
  at this time, but with the condition that customers be individually informed of the after

hours charge each time a request is made for after hours connection/reconnection. I
would suggest that language also be added to the tariff to make this requirement clear.
Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. currently has such language on Sheet 1.14 of Section 5 of
its gas tariff which would be appropriate for this purpose. I would also suggest that the
language in this section of the tariff be clarified in order to be more easily understood.
The result of this adjustment is reflected in Exhibit\_\_(KAS-1), Schedule 3, page 3 of 5,
Column (t).

- Q. What is your opinion regarding the Company's proposal to increase the
   connection charge for seasonal customers from \$10 during regular work hours to
   \$80 and from \$15 after normal working hours to \$125.
- 11 Seasonal customers or any customer who disconnects and reconnects on a continuing Α. 12 basis normally do so in order to avoid paying monthly customer charges during the time 13 when service is not being utilized. The problem with such behavior is that most of the 14 delivery cost of serving natural gas customers is fixed in nature and avoiding monthly customer charges, tends to shift costs to customers who stay connected year round. 15 16 Other utilities regulated by the Commission have tariff provisions requiring customers who disconnect and reconnect at the same location within a 12 month period of time, to 17 18 pay the customer charges avoided during the time of being disconnected, and also pay 19 the normal connection charge. That may well be the preferred method to address this 20 situation but could be perceived as too drastic a change by customers at this time. The 21 Company is making a reasonable move in that direction with this change, and it may well 22 be possible to adopt the policy tariffed by the other companies in the next rate case. I 23 would accept the Company's proposed seasonal customer connection/reconnection 24 charges.

Q. What has the Company requested regarding line extension costs to newcustomers?

A. For Residential customers requiring up to 150 feet of service line, no change is
proposed. In the case where a Residential service extension exceeds 150 feet, or where
customers request service without utilizing it for both space heating and water heating,
the Company has proposed to possibly require an Advance for Construction or a
Contribution in Aid of Construction based on the results of an economic feasibility
analysis. Commercial and Industrial customers line extensions, which previously were
not addressed in the tariff, would also possibly require customer contributions based on

an economic feasibility analysis. The proposed tariff language however, does not explain 1 2 or describe the methodology or factors considered in the proposed economic feasibility 3 determination. It is understood that the Company is requesting flexibility in this matter 4 however the Commission has the responsibility to make sure that all charges are just and reasonable and are applied in a consistent and non-discriminatory manner to all 5 6 customers. The Company should be required to place in the tariff a formula or 7 methodology that can be utilized by customers, the Commission, or other interested 8 parties, to reasonably determine what line extension costs would be in a given situation. 9 The Company has proposed language very similar to that currently in effect in MidAmerican Energy's tariff but I would propose that this issue also be addressed with 10 11 MidAmerican Energy in their next rate change application.

12 Q. Do you have any comments regarding line extension tariffs and policy in general?

13 Α. Yes. Recovery of line extension costs pursuant to tariffed provisions are meant to 14 address cost recovery of the incremental facilities provided to serve a particular 15 customer or group of customers and are not meant to derive the entire rate applicable to 16 a customer(s). They do not address the appropriate contribution customers should make 17 to paying their fair share of costs related to the facilities and operation of the utility's 18 integrated system. In order to provide a transparent and supportable basis for a total rate to a given customer, these two elements must be considered separately. Witness Keith 19 20 Senger has recommended the Company provide a class cost of service for certain large 21 customers at the time of the next filing and I would strongly support that. I would also 22 require that the Company track and report line extension costs separately for each class 23 of service.

# Q. Should line extension tariffs recover the entire cost of each individual line extension from each individual customer?

26 Α. In a perfect world, this may well be the fairest way to assess line extension costs, but as 27 a practical matter it may well lead to excessive administrative costs. Many line extension 28 tariffs such as the Company's Residential line extension tariff offer a standard allowance based somewhat on average cost. Many companies discount line extension costs in 29 30 order to make initial service hookup more affordable. However the further one goes from 31 assessing customers the true cost of line extension facilities, and as such costs escalate 32 over time, the greater the problem of cross subsidization becomes which penalizes 33 existing customers to the benefit of new customers. Inadequate line extension

contributions can also cause recovery lag and lead to more frequent rate increase filings.
The problem can become extremely acute when line extensions costing millions of
dollars are constructed to serve particular large customers. Risk of stranded investment
also becomes a big factor when such a large investment is dedicated to a single
customer. Also related to risk is the amount of time a customer is given to pay for his line
extension.

# Q. Are the line extension tariffs of other natural gas utilities regulated by the Commission adequate in your opinion?

- 9 A. The Commission has not addressed line extension allowances offered by the other
  10 utilities for some time but I would opine that they are not suitable for very large
  11 customers requiring very expensive line extensions. Simply too much cross
  12 subsidization would occur. To my knowledge, very large customers of the other utilities
  13 have either not required very expensive line extensions or have been served by
  14 contracts with deviations.
- 15 Q. Should all customers be forced to follow a generic line extension policy?
- 16 Line extension policies need to be applied consistently and in a non-discriminatory Α. 17 manner however the Commission has in the past made exceptions in circumstances where both the Company and most importantly, the customer, provided clear and 18 19 compelling evidence that a discount was needed to avoid bypass or address competitive situations. In such cases, the Contract with Deviation is allowed by statute to address 20 21 these situations. However, even in these situations, the customer must pay for the 22 incremental costs it creates and the customer and company should strive to recover all 23 costs fairly assigned and allocated.

24Q.What is your opinion regarding the Company's proposal allowing it to recover the25added costs of installing service lines outside of the regular construction season?

A. The proposed language is reasonable and such tariff language has been approved for
other utilities regulated by the Commission. The Company's testimony in this regard
mentions added cost due to frozen ground. I would have the Company modify the
language they have proposed to allow extra charges during times when the ground is
frozen rather than referring to a "regular construction season." Prior experience with
customers concerning this matter has convinced me this is the best way to address this
matter.

# Q. Do you have any comments regarding the Company's proposed language requiring final grading before service installation?

- 3 A. I would approve of this tariff language.
- 4 Q. Do you have an opinion regarding the proposal allowing the Company to charge a
  5 \$20 fee if access to a meter is denied for three consecutive months?
- A. I would approve allowing the Company to assess this charge because of the added cost
  created by such a customer. I would note that the tariff states the Company "may"
  assess the charge which leaves the possibility of waiving the fee if circumstances
  warrant. I would also note that the tariff states the Company "will" notify the customer
  after each unsuccessful attempt to read the meter and not merely try to contact the
  customer.

12 Q. Is the proposed tariff language requiring a customer to be present during service
 13 connection reasonable in your opinion?

- A. I would suggest that the language be changed so that the Company may require a
  customer be present during service connection. This allows the Company the ability to
  enforce this provision but to waive it when circumstances allow.
- Q. What is your opinion concerning the Company's proposal to recover the cost of
   damage caused by tampering or bypassing metering facilities.
- A. I believe the intent of the new language is reasonable. When it can be reasonably shown
  that the damage was caused by intentional tampering or attempted bypass, the
  person(s) responsible should be held accountable. I would suggest a slight change in
  wording within this new tariff section to make clear that a customer is not necessarily
  held responsible for acts of God or other such circumstances.

# Q. Have you reviewed the proposed changes to the Company's Budget PaymentPlan?

- A. Yes. The proposed changes reflect the Budget Payment Plan currently in effect for
  NorthWestern's electric customers and are reasonable.
- 28 Q. Have you proposed an adjustment to the Company's Pension and Benefit
  29 Expense?
- A. Yes. Without going into a detailed description of the Company's history and performance
   over the last many years, among the results of that history were proceedings before the
   Securities and Exchange Commission which resulted in punitive actions being taken.
- 33 The conduct leading to SEC's corrective action angered and affected untold numbers of

NorthWestern ratepayers, employees, shareholders and the communities served by
NorthWestern. Citizen's residing throughout the Company's service territory have
contacted the Commission expressing extreme dissatisfaction with the Company's past
actions. I don't believe ratepayers should compensate these individuals for those actions
and this should serve as deterrent to such actions in the future. The adjustment removes
test year pension and benefits expense related to these employees. This adjustment is
reflected in Exhibit\_(KAS-1), Schedule 3, page 4 of 5, Column (ah).

## Q. Do you have an opinion regarding the Company's proposed monthly customer 9 charges for Residential and General Service rates?

Yes. The Company has proposed increasing the Residential customer charge from \$6 to 10 Α. \$8 and the customer charge for General Service from \$7 to \$9. While the cost analysis 11 12 performed by both the Company and Staff justify such an increase, I would suggest the 13 increase to Residential customers be set at \$1 and that the General Service increase of 14 \$2 be accepted. Residential customers in particular have in the past expressed deep concern regarding significant changes to this charge. While Staff agrees that this rate 15 should eventually recover the appropriate assigned cost, movement towards that goal 16 should be gradual. Business customers can more easily tolerate this increase as they 17 18 are generally larger customers and have the ability to pass this cost along. 19 Q. I have no further questions.