

**BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA**

**IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF WILD SPRINGS SOLAR, LLC FOR AN
ENERGY FACILITY PERMIT FOR THE WILD SPRINGS SOLAR PROJECT**

SD PUC DOCKET EL 20-____

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF MICHAEL MORRIS
ON BEHALF OF WILD SPRINGS SOLAR, LLC

May 15, 2020

1 **I. INTRODUCTION AND QUALIFICATIONS**

2

3 **Q. Please state your name, employer, and business address.**

4 A. My name is Michael Morris. I am the Senior Director, Energy Assessment and
5 Project Planning at Geronimo Energy (“Geronimo”). My business address is
6 8400 Normandale Lake Boulevard, Suite 1200, Bloomington, Minnesota.

7

8 **Q. Briefly describe your educational and professional background and duties.**

9 A. I have a bachelor’s degree (2006) in Meteorology and a master’s degree (2008)
10 in Meteorology from the University of Oklahoma.

11

12 I am a member of the American Meteorological Society and have been working
13 in the renewable energy industry since 2008. I have been responsible for siting,
14 design, and resource assessment activities for over 10,000 megawatts of
15 projects in 14 states. My areas of expertise include atmospheric remote sensing,
16 numerical modeling and statistical analysis of weather data. A copy of my
17 curriculum vitae is provided as Exhibit A3-1.

18

19 **Q. What is your role with respect to the Wild Springs Solar Project (the
20 “Project”)?**

21 A. I am responsible for solar resource assessment of the Project site, Project
22 design, and negotiating equipment supply contracts.

23

24 **II. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY**

25

26 **Q. What is the purpose of your Direct Testimony?**

27 A. The purpose of my testimony is to discuss the Project’s design, including the
28 various components of the facility and the Project’s land requirements.

29

30 **Q. What exhibits are attached to your Direct Testimony?**

31 A. The following exhibit is attached to my Direct Testimony:

32 • Exhibit A3-1: Curriculum Vitae

33

34 **Q. Please identify the sections of the Energy Facility Permit Application**
35 **(“Application”) that you are sponsoring.**

36 A. I am sponsoring the following portions of the Application:

- 37 • Section 4.2: Design
- 38 • Section 4.3: Information Concerning Transmission Facilities
- 39 • Section 4.4: Land Requirements
- 40 • Section 11.4: Applicant’s Burden of Proof
- 41 • Section 12.0: Testimony and Exhibits
- 42 • Appendix B: Site Plan

43

44 **III. PROJECT DESIGN**

45

46 **Q. Please describe the various Project components.**

47 A. The Project will consist of:

- 48 • Solar panels;
- 49 • A tracking rack system;
- 50 • Inverter and transformer skids;
- 51 • Collection and communication lines;
- 52 • A Project substation;
- 53 • Access roads;
- 54 • Operations and maintenance (“O&M”) building and parking lot; and
- 55 • Up to 3 weather stations.

56

57 **Q. Please describe the design of the solar panels.**

58 A. The Project will use solar photovoltaic (“PV”) panels with tempered glass
59 approximately 4 to 7 feet long by 2 to 4 feet wide and 1 to 2 inches thick. To limit
60 reflection, solar PV panels are constructed of dark, light-absorbing materials.
61 Today’s panels reflect as little as two percent of the incoming sunlight depending
62 on the angle of the sun and assuming use of anti-reflective coatings, which will

63 be included on the panels used for the Project. The panels will include heat
64 strengthened front glass and laminate material encapsulation for weather
65 protection.

66

67 **Q. What is the purpose and design of the tracking rack system?**

68 The solar PV panels will be mounted on a tracking rack system, which allows the
69 PV panels to track the solar resource throughout the day. The panels and
70 tracking rack system are generally aligned in rows north and south with the PV
71 panels facing east toward the rising sun in the morning, parallel to the ground
72 during mid-day, and then west toward the setting sun in the afternoon. The
73 panels are rotated by a small motor connected to the tracking rack system to
74 slowly track with the sun throughout the day. The tracking rack system allows
75 the Project to optimize the angle of the panels in relation to the sun throughout
76 the day thereby maximizing production of electricity and the capacity value of the
77 Project.

78

79 The tracking rack system is mounted on top of steel piers that are typically driven
80 into the ground, without the need for excavation or concrete. Piers are typically
81 installed at eight to fifteen feet below the surface. Geotechnical borings will be
82 conducted prior to construction to determine site-specific conditions, which will
83 factor into the final design. Examples of panels installed on the tracking rack
84 system are shown in Section 4.2.1 of the Application. The panels and tracking
85 rack system are constructed in blocks, known as arrays.

86

87 **Q. Please describe the electrical collection system.**

88 A. The electrical collection system consists of two main parts: cables that deliver
89 direct current (“DC”) power to the inverter/transformer skids, and cables that
90 deliver alternating current (“AC”) power from the inverter/transformer skids to the
91 Project substation. The DC portion of the electrical collection system may be
92 installed below-ground or may consist of a hybrid of above-ground/below-ground
93 cables, depending on the geotechnical analysis, constructability, costs, and

94 availability of materials. If installed below-ground, the cabling from the panels to
95 the inverters would be located in a trench approximately 4 feet deep and 1-2 feet
96 wide. If installed using the hybrid method, the electrical collection system would
97 be strung under each row of panels on steel arms and a steel cable attached to
98 the piles. At the end of each row, hanging brackets would connect several
99 racks/rows of cables to a common collection point near their assigned
100 inverter/transformer skid where the cables will be routed below-ground at a
101 minimum depth of at least 4 feet below grade to the inverter/transformer skid. In
102 either scenario, the AC portion of the collection system would be installed below-
103 ground.

104
105 **Q. Please describe the purpose and design of the inverter and transformer**
106 **skids.**

107 A. The inverters convert the power from DC to AC and the transformers step the AC
108 power up to 34.5 kilovolt ("kV"). The inverters, transformers, and Supervisory
109 Control and Data Acquisition ("SCADA") system are co-located on skids, which
110 are placed on top of a concrete slab or pier foundation and typically measure 10
111 feet wide by 25 feet long with a structure height of approximately 12 feet. The
112 final number of inverter/transformer skids for the Project will depend on the
113 specifications of the inverter selected, but 89 inverter/transformer skids are
114 proposed in the Project's preliminary design. From the transformer, the AC
115 power is transmitted to the Project substation via collection lines, as discussed
116 above.

117
118 **Q. Please describe the other Project components.**

119 A. The Project will also include a Project substation, a less than one-mile-long 115
120 kV transmission line extending from the Project substation to the New
121 Underwood Substation, an O&M building with adjacent parking lot, up to three
122 weather stations up to approximately 20 feet in height, access roads, and
123 perimeter fencing. Temporary laydown areas will also be used during Project
124 construction.

125
126
127
128
129
130
131
132
133
134
135
136
137
138
139
140
141
142
143
144
145
146

Q. How will the Project interconnect to the grid?

A. The Project will interconnect to the grid via a less than one-mile-long 115 kV transmission line extending from the Project substation to the existing New Underwood Substation.

Q. What lighting will be used at the Project?

A. The Project will have pole-mounted, down-lit security lighting at the entrances, which will be both switch-controlled and motion activated. Additionally, there will be down-lit lights at each inverter, which will be switch controlled to allow repairs after dark.

Q. Based on the preliminary design, what are the estimated land requirements for the Project components?

A. As shown in Table 4.4-1 of the Application, the Project is estimated to occupy approximately 1,108.1 acres of the 1,499-acre Land Control Area. However, of those acres, only approximately 47.3 acres will be converted to land with impervious surfaces (i.e., the Project substation, O&M building, inverter/transformer skids, parking areas, and access roads). Other areas will be restored and revegetated, and the vegetation will be maintained throughout the life of the Project. See Section 4.4 of the Application.

147

148 **IV. CONCLUSION**

149

150 **Q. Does this conclude your Direct Testimony?**

151 A. Yes.

152

153 Dated this 15th day of May, 2020.

154



155

156 Michael Morris

157

158 70025147