Black Hills Power, Inc. South Dakota Revenue Requirement Model Description

Section A

20:10:13:51. Statement A -- Balance Sheet. Statement A shall include balance sheets in the form prescribed in the FERC's uniform systems of accounts for public utilities and licensees or for gas companies, 18 C.F.R. 101 (April 1, 1985), and in any other form if ordered by the commission. They shall be as of the beginning and end of the test period and the most recently available balance sheet containing any applicable footnotes.

Source: 2 SDR 90, effective July 7, 1976; 12 SDR 86, effective November 24, 1985; 12 SDR 151, 12 SDR 155, effective July 1, 1986.

General Authority: SDCL <u>49-34A-4.</u>

Law Implemented: SDCL <u>49-34A-7</u>, <u>49-34A-10</u>, <u>49-34A-12</u>, <u>49-34A-41</u>.

BLACK HILLS POWER, INC. ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS

For the Test Year Ended September 30, 2013

			(a)	(b)
Line No.	Description	FERC Acct.	September 30, 2013 (Test Year)	As of September 30, 2012
1	Utility Plant			
2	Electric Plant in Service	101	\$ 986,835,716	\$ 961,000,020
3	Completed Construction Not Classified	106	6,475,284	14,722,625
4	Construction Work in Progress	107	57,271,302	8,488,508
5	Other-Utility Property	118	25,337,135	25,113,061
6				
7	Gross Utility Plant		1,075,919,437	1,009,324,214
8	Accum. Prov. for Depreciation	108	(349,622,677)	(332,092,226)
9	Elec. Plant Acquisition Adjustment	114	4,870,308	4,870,308
10	Accum. Prov. for Amort. of Acq. Adj.	115	(3,204,984)	(3,107,577)
11	Res. for Depr. Other Utility Property	119	(16,648,968)	(17,470,510)
12	Total Utility Plant		711,313,116	661,524,209
13	,			
14	Non-Utility Property	121	-	5,618
15	Res. for Depr Non-Utility Property	122	-	(3,956)
16	Net Non-Utility Property		-	1,662
17	L/T Notes Receivable	124	38,897	51,607
18	Other Investments	128	4,402,979	4,331,235
19	Total Other Property & Investments		4,441,876	4,384,504
20				
21	Current and Accrued Assets			
22	Cash	131	3,747,159	2,694,924
23	Working Funds	135	4,175	4,175
24	Notes and Accts. Receivables - Net	141-145; 173	242,310,400	41,765,245
25	Accts. Rec. Assoc. Company	146	4,989,118	5,196,864
26	Fuel Stocks	151	5,838,257	6,400,519
27	Materials and Supplies	154-163	15,268,105	14,729,394
28	Prepayments	165	3,826,507	2,812,158
29	Other Current Assets	176	-	-
30	Short Term Def. Tax	190	4,421,996	1,612,963
31	Total Current & Accrued Assets		280,405,717	75,216,242
32				
33	Deferred Debits			
34	Unamortized Debt Expense	181	2,844,868	2,969,056
35	Preliminary Survey	183	2,889,284	653,168
36	Miscellaneous Debits	184, 186	1,014,731	2,028,656
37	Other Regulatory Assets	182	52,025,724	51,540,185
38	Unamortized Loss on Required Debt	189	2,317,825	2,561,452
39	Deferred Income Tax	190	22,247,226	44,104,165
40	Total Deferred Debits		83,339,658	103,856,682
41				
42 43	Total Assets and Other Debits		\$ 1,079,500,367	\$ 844,981,637
43	Note: The Sentember 2013 FERC Form 30 Ou	artorly Einancial Bo	nort including tootnot	tos was tilod with the

Note: The September 2013 FERC Form 3Q, Quarterly Financial Report including footnotes, was filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and is the most recently filed financial statement prescribed in the FERC's uniform system of accounts. Black Hills Power 10Q as of September 30, 2013, prepared on a Generally Accepted Accounting Principle basis, was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in November 2013. Both filings are publicly available.

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BLACK HILLS POWER, INC. LIABILITIES AND OTHER CREDITS For the Test Year Ended September 30, 2013

			(a)	(b)
Line		FERC Acct.	September 30,	As of September
No.	Description	#	2013 (Test Year)	30, 2012
	<u> </u>			
1	Proprietary Capital			
2	Common Stock Issued	201	\$ 23,416,396	\$ 23,416,396
3	Premium on Capital stock	207	42,076,811	42,076,811
4	Capital Stock Expense	214	(2,501,882)	(2,501,882)
5	Unapprop. Retained Earnings	216	271,419,376	251,729,059
6	Other Comprehensive Income	219	(1,356,399)	(1,258,759)
7	Total Proprietary Capital		333,054,302	313,461,625
8				
9	Long Term Debt			
10	Bonds	221	255,000,000	255,000,000
11	Other Long Term Debt	224	15,055,000	15,055,000
12	Unamort. Discount on Long Term Debt	226	(107,985)	12,075
13	Total Long Term Debt		269,947,015	270,067,075
14				
15	Current & Accrued Liability			
16	Accounts Payable	228, 229, 232	22,406,136	9,359,189
16a	Notes Payable Associated Company	233	192,564,778	
17	Accts. Payable Associated Company	234	16,998,582	15,438,012
18	Customer Deposits	235	948,645	948,940
19	Taxes Accrued	236	4,303,933	3,954,713
20	Interest Accrued	237	5,642,152	5,671,665
21	Tax Collections Payable	241	784,600	707,266
22	Misc. Current & Accrued Liab.	242	4,581,177	5,213,849
23	Total Current & Accrued Liability		248,230,003	41,293,634
24	,		, ,	, ,
25	Deferred Credits			
26	Customer Advance for Construction	252	1,193,758	1,482,978
27	Other Deferred Credits	253	27,334,204	27,191,137
28	Acc. Deferred Inv. Tax Credits	254-255	18,660,731	16,614,595
29	Acc. Deferred Income Taxes - Property	282	161,337,807	155,776,454
30	Acc. Deferred Income Taxes - Other	283	19,742,547	19,094,139
31	Total Deferred Credits		228,269,047	220,159,303
32			-,,-	-,,,,
33	Total Liabilities & Other Credits		\$ 1,079,500,367	\$ 844,981,637
34			. , , ,	,,
J-T				

Note: The September 2013 FERC Form 3Q, Quarterly Financial Report including footnotes, was filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and is the most recently filed financial statement prescribed in the FERC's uniform system of accounts. Black Hills Power 10Q as of September 30, 2013, prepared on a Generally Accepted Accounting Principle basis, was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in November 2013. Both filings are publicly available.

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Name of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report	ľ
Black Hills Power, Inc.	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	1 /	End of2013/Q3	roiectmiliee'
NOTE	S TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		10.	1
1. Use the space below for important notes regal Earnings for the year, and Statement of Cash Floroviding a subheading for each statement exception 2. Furnish particulars (details) as to any signification any action initiated by the Internal Revenue Serval a claim for refund of income taxes of a material and cumulative preferred stock. 3. For Account 116, Utility Plant Adjustments, exclusional contemplated, giving references to Consider the subject of	rding the Balance Sheet, Statemer was, or any account thereof. Class of where a note is applicable to mont contingent assets or liabilities exice involving possible assessment mount initiated by the utility. Give plain the origin of such amount, deprended in the origin of such amount, deprended between the analysis of the security o	ify the notes according to re than one statement. kisting at end of year, incl of additional income taxe also a brief explanation of bits and credits during the ations respecting classifications respecting classification 17 of the Uniform Synount of retained earnings in the annual report to the 1, such notes may be inceed in the most recent FEF ent to the end of the most es significant changes sincerent in the preparation of modifications of existing finial contingencies exist, the have occurred.	each basic statement, uding a brief explanation of s of material amount, or of f any dividends in arrears e year, and plan of cation of amounts as plant Debt, are not used, give estem of Accounts. In affected by such the stockholders are eluded herein. In information not IC Annual Report may be a recent year have occurred the most recently f the financial statements; nancing agreements; and e disclosure of such	
PAGE 122 INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLA SEE PAGE 123 FOR REQUIRED INFO	NK	or moraded Horein.		

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report			
Black Hills Power, Inc.	(2) _ A Resubmission	11	2013/Q3			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)						

There have been no significant changes to the footnotes included in the Form-1 dated December 31, 2012

None of December	LThis Deport los	Data of Banast	U Voor/Poriod of Dono →	
Name of Respondent Black Hills Power, Inc.	This Report Is: (1) [X] An Original	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report End of 2012/Q4	
Diack this tower, mo.	(2) A Resubmission	1.1		o ibmig siori
NOTES	TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
1. Use the space below for important notes regard Earnings for the year, and Statement of Cash Flow providing a subheading for each statement except 2. Furnish particulars (details) as to any significan any action initiated by the Internal Revenue Servic a claim for refund of income taxes of a material amon cumulative preferred stock. 3. For Account 116, Utility Plant Adjustments, explidisposition contemplated, giving references to Conadjustments and requirements as to disposition the 4. Where Accounts 189, Unamortized Loss on Rean explanation, providing the rate treatment given 5. Give a concise explanation of any retained ear restrictions. 6. If the notes to financial statements relating to the applicable and furnish the data required by instruct 7. For the 3Q disclosures, respondent must provide misleading. Disclosures which would substantially omitted. 8. For the 3Q disclosures, the disclosures shall be which have a material effect on the respondent. Recompleted year in such items as: accounting princistatus of long-term contracts; capitalization includir changes resulting from business combinations or dmatters shall be provided even though a significant 9. Finally, if the notes to the financial statements applicable and furnish the data required by the above PAGE 122 INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLAN SEE PAGE 123 FOR REQUIRED INFORT	ting the Balance Sheet, Statement is, or any account thereof. Classify where a note is applicable to more to contingent assets or liabilities exicuted involving possible assessment or count initiated by the utility. Give a lain the origin of such amount, debigorial management of the provided where or other authorizations are described. The provided where expendent company appearing the inthe notes sufficient disclosured duplicate the disclosures contained provided where events subsequents and practices; estimates inhered as and practices.	y the notes according to a than one statement. In that one statement is additional income taxes also a brief explanation of the stand credits during classificated Gain on Reacquired on 17 of the Uniform System of retained earnings on the annual report to the so as to make the interstant to the end of the most in the most recent FER at to the end of the most in the preparation of codifications of existing first contingencies exist, the layer occurred.	each basic statement, uding a brief explanation of s of material amount, or of f any dividends in arrears e year, and plan of cation of amounts as plant Debt, are not used, give stem of Accounts. affected by such the stockholders are luded herein. tim information not the Accounts are luded herein. The information in the contract of the most recently the financial statements; thancing agreements; and the disclosure of such	

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)					
Black Hills Power, Inc.	(2) _ A Resubmission	11	2012/Q4				
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)							

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010

(1) BUSINESS DESCRIPTION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Business Description

Black Hills Power, Inc. (the Company, "we," "us" or "our") is an electric utility serving customers in South Dakota, Wyoming and Montana. We are a wholly-owned subsidiary of BHC or the Parent, a public registrant listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements include the accounts of Black Hills Power, Inc. and also our ownership interests in the assets, liabilities and expenses of our jointly owned facilities (Note 4).

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Additionally, these requirements differ from GAAP related to the presentation of certain items including deferred income taxes, and cost of removal liabilities. The Company's notes to the financial statements are prepared in conformity with GAAP. Accordingly, certain footnotes are not reflective of the Company's FERC basis financial statements contained herein.

Use of Estimates and Basis of Presentation

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Regulatory Accounting

Our regulated electric operations are subject to regulation by various state and federal agencies. The accounting policies followed are generally subject to the Uniform System of Accounts of FERC.

Our regulated utility operations follow accounting standards for regulated operations and our financial statements reflect the effects of the different rate making principles followed by the various jurisdictions regulating our electric operations. If rate recovery becomes unlikely or uncertain due to competition or regulatory action, these accounting standards may no longer apply to our regulated operations. In the event we determine that we no longer meet the criteria for following accounting standards for regulated operations, the accounting impact to us could be an extraordinary non-cash charge to operations in an amount that could be material.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Black Hills Power, Inc.	(2) _ A Resubmission	11	2012/Q4

Regulatory assets are included in Regulatory assets, current and Regulatory assets, non-current on the accompanying Balance Sheets. Regulatory liabilities are included in Regulatory liabilities, current and Regulatory liabilities, non-current on the accompanying Balance Sheets.

We had the following regulatory assets and liabilities as follows as of December 31 (in thousands):

	Maximum Recovery		
	Period (in years)	2012	2011
Regulatory assets:			
Unamortized loss on reacquired debt(a)	14	\$ 2,501 \$	2,765
AFUDC(b)	45	8,460	8,552
Employee benefit plans(c)	13	27,001	27,602
Deferred energy costs(a)	1	6,892	6,605
Flow through accounting(a)	35	8,019	5,789
Other(a)	2	369	452
Total regulatory assets		\$ 53,242 \$	51,765
Regulatory liabilities:			
Cost of removal for utility plant(a)	53	\$ 26,630 \$	23,347
Employee benefit plans(d)	13	15,689	15,282
Other(e)	13	1,567	1,845
Total regulatory liabilities		\$ 43,886 \$	40,474

⁽a) Recovery of costs but not allowed a rate of return.

Regulatory assets represent items we expect to recover from customers through probable future rates.

<u>Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt</u> - The early redemption premium on reacquired bonds is being amortized over the remaining term of the original bonds.

AFUDC - The equity component of AFUDC is considered a permanent difference for tax purposes with the tax benefit being flowed through to customers as prescribed or allowed by regulators. If, based on a regulator's action, it is probable the utility will recover the future increase in taxes payable represented by this flow-through treatment through a rate revenue increase, a regulatory asset is recognized. This regulatory asset itself is a temporary difference for which a deferred tax liability must be recognized. Accounting standards for income taxes specifically address AFUDC-equity, and require a gross-up of such amounts to reflect the revenue requirement associated with a rate-regulated environment.

<u>Employee Benefit Plans</u> - Employee benefit plans include the unrecognized prior service costs and net actuarial loss associated with our defined benefit pension plans and post-retirement benefit plans in regulatory assets rather than in accumulated other comprehensive income.

⁽b) In addition to recovery of costs, we are allowed a rate of return.

⁽c) In addition to recovery of costs, we are allowed a return on approximately \$23.5 million.

⁽d) Approximately \$13.2 million is included in our rate base calculation as a reduction to rate base.

⁽e) Approximately \$0.8 million is included in our rate base calculation as a reduction to rate base.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report			
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)				
Black Hills Power, Inc.	(2) _ A Resubmission	1.1	2012/Q4			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)						

<u>Deferred Energy Costs</u> - Deferred energy and fuel cost adjustments represent the cost of electricity delivered to our utility customers that are either higher or lower than the current rates and will be recovered or refunded in future rates. Deferred energy and fuel cost adjustments are recorded and recovered or amortized as approved by the appropriate state commission.

Flow-Through Accounting - Under flow-through accounting, the income tax effects of certain tax items are reflected in our cost of service for the customer in the year in which the tax benefits are realized and result in lower utility rates. This regulatory treatment was applied to the tax benefit generated by repair costs that were previously capitalized for tax purposes in a rate case settlement that was reached in 2010. In this instance, the agreed upon rate increase was less than it would have been absent the flow-through treatment. A regulatory asset established to reflect the future increases in income taxes payable will be recovered from customers as the temporary differences reverse.

Regulatory liabilities represent items we expect to refund to customers through probable future decreases in rates.

<u>Cost of Removal for Utility Plant</u> - Cost of removal for utility plant represents the estimated cumulative net provisions for future removal costs included in depreciation expense for which there is no legal obligation for removal.

Employee Benefit Plans - Employee benefit plans represent the cumulative excess of pension and retiree healthcare costs recovered in rates over pension expense recorded in accordance with accounting standards for compensation - retirement benefits. In addition, this regulatory liability includes the income tax effect of the adjustment required under accounting for compensation - defined benefit plans, to record the full pension and post-retirement benefit obligations. Such income tax effect has been grossed-up to account for the revenue requirement aspect of a rate regulated environment.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable consist of sales to residential, commercial, industrial, municipal and other customers all of which do not bear interest. These accounts receivable are stated at billed and unbilled amounts net of write-offs or payment received.

We maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts which reflects our best estimate of uncollectible trade receivables. We regularly review our trade receivable allowances by considering such factors as historical experience, credit worthiness, the age of the receivable balances and current economic conditions that may affect collectibility. The allowance is calculated by applying estimated write-off factors to various classes of outstanding receivables, including unbilled revenue. The write-off factors used to estimate uncollectible accounts are based upon consideration of both historical collections experience and management's best estimate of future collection success given the existing collections environment.

2012

2011

Following is a summary of accounts receivable at December 31 (in thousands):

Accounts receivable trade	\$	14,965 \$	16,447
Unbilled revenues		9,004	8,364
Total accounts receivable - customers	: 	23,969	24,811
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(102)	(143
Net accounts receivable	\$	23,867 \$	24,668

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	'				
Black Hills Power, Inc.	(2) _ A Resubmission	1.1	2012/Q4				
	NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)						

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement with a fixed or determinable price, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, and collectibility is reasonably assured. Taxes collected from our customers are recorded on a net basis (excluded from Revenue).

Utility revenues are based on authorized rates approved by the state regulatory agencies and the FERC. Revenues related to the sale, transmission and distribution of energy, and delivery of service are generally recorded when service is rendered or energy is delivered to customers. To the extent that deliveries have occurred but a bill has not been issued, we accrue an estimate of the revenue since the latest billing. This estimate is calculated based upon several factors including billings through the last billing cycle in a month, and prices in effect in our jurisdictions. Each month the estimated unbilled revenue amounts are trued-up and recorded in Receivables-customers, net on the accompanying Balance Sheets.

Materials, Supplies and Fuel

Materials, supplies and fuel used for construction, operation and maintenance purposes are generally stated on a weighted-average cost basis.

Deferred Financing Costs

Deferred financing costs are amortized using the effective interest method over the term of the related debt.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Additions to property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost when placed in service. Included in the cost of regulated construction projects is AFUDC, which represents the approximate composite cost of borrowed funds and a return on equity used to finance a regulated utility project. The cost of regulated electric property, plant and equipment retired, or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business, less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation. Removal costs associated with non-legal obligations are reclassified from accumulated depreciation and reflected as regulatory liabilities. Ordinary repairs and maintenance of property, except as allowed under rate regulations, are charged to operations as incurred.

Depreciation provisions for regulated electric property, plant and equipment are computed on a straight-line basis using an annual composite rate of 2.2% in 2012, 2.2% in 2011 and 2.2% in 2010.

Derivatives and Hedging Activities

From time to time we utilize risk management contracts including forward purchases and sales to hedge the price of fuel for our combustion turbines and fixed-for-float swaps to fix the interest on any variable rate debt. Contracts that qualify as derivatives under accounting standards for derivatives, and that are not exempted such as normal purchase/normal sale, are required to be recorded in the balance sheet as either an asset or liability, measured at its fair value. Accounting standards for derivatives require that changes in the derivative instrument's fair value be recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met.

Accounting standards for derivatives allow hedge accounting for qualifying fair value and cash flow hedges. Gain or loss on a derivative instrument designated and qualifying as a fair value hedging instrument as well as the offsetting loss or gain on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk should be recognized currently in earnings in the same accounting period. Conversely, the effective portion of the gain or loss on a derivative instrument designated and qualifying as a cash flow hedging instrument should be reported as a component of other comprehensive income and be reclassified into earnings or as a regulatory asset or regulatory liability, net of tax, in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. The remaining gain or loss on the derivative instrument, if any, is recognized currently in earnings.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report					
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)						
Black Hills Power, Inc.	(2) _ A Resubmission	11	2012/Q4					
	NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)							

Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards for fair value measurements provide a single definition of fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and also requires disclosures and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values giving the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices available in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Pricing inputs include quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 - Pricing inputs include significant inputs that are generally less observable from objective sources.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

We periodically evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred which may affect the estimated useful life or the recoverability of the remaining balance of our long-lived assets. If such events or circumstances were to indicate that the carrying amount of these assets was not recoverable, we would estimate the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition. If the sum of the expected future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) was less than the carrying amount of the long-lived assets, we would recognize an impairment loss.

Income Taxes

We file a federal income tax return with other members of the Parent's consolidated group. For financial statement purposes, federal income taxes are allocated to the individual companies based on amounts calculated on a separate return basis.

We use the liability method in accounting for income taxes. Under the liability method, deferred income taxes are recognized at currently enacted income tax rates, to reflect the tax effect of temporary differences between the financial and tax basis of assets and liabilities, as well as operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Such temporary differences are the result of provisions in the income tax law that either require or permit certain items to be reported on the income tax return in a different period than they are reported in the financial statements. We classify deferred tax assets and liabilities into current and non-current amounts based on the classification of the related assets and liabilities.

It is the Parent's policy to apply the flow-through method of accounting for investment tax credits. Under the flow-through method, investment tax credits are reflected in net income as a reduction to income tax expense in the year they qualify. Another acceptable accounting method and an exception to this general policy is to apply the deferral method whereby the credit is amortized as a reduction of income tax expense over the useful lives of the related property which gave rise to the credits.

We recognize interest income or interest expense and penalties related to income tax matters in Income tax (expense) benefit on the Statements of Income. We account for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in the financial statements in accordance with accounting standards for income taxes. The unrecognized tax benefit is classified in Other - non-current liabilities on the accompanying Balance Sheets. See Note 7 for additional information.

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repo
Black Hills Power, Inc.	(2) _ A Resubmission	/ /	2012/Q4

(2) RECENTLY ADOPTED AND RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

Other Comprehensive Income: Presentation of Comprehensive Income, ASU 2011-05 and Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassification of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update 2011-05 and ASU 2011-12

FASB issued an accounting standards update amending ASC 220 to improve the comparability, consistency and transparency of reporting of comprehensive income. It amends existing guidance by allowing only two options for presenting the components of net income and other comprehensive income: (1) in a single continuous financial statement, statement of comprehensive income or (2) in two separate but consecutive financial statements, consisting of an income statement followed by a separate statement of other comprehensive income. Also, items that are reclassified from other comprehensive income to net income must be presented on the face of the financial statements. ASU No. 2011-05 requires retrospective application, and it is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011, with early adoption permitted. In December 2011, FASB issued ASU 2011-12. ASU 2011-12 indefinitely deferred the provisions of ASU 2011-05 requiring the presentation of reclassification adjustments for items reclassified from other comprehensive income to net income be presented on the face of the financial statements. Ultimately FASB chose not to reinstate the reclassification adjustment requirements in ASU 2011-05 but instead issued ASU 2013-02 in February 2013.

We have elected to early adopt the provisions of ASU 2011-05 as amended by ASU 2011-12. The adoption changed the presentation of certain financial statements and provided additional details in notes to the financial statements, but did not have any other impact on our financial statements. See the accompanying Comprehensive Income Statement and additional disclosures in Note 8.

Fair Value Measurement: Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements, ASU 2011-04

In May 2011, FASB issued an accounting standards update amending ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, to achieve common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements between GAAP and IFRS. Additional disclosure requirements in the update include: (1) for Level 3 fair value measurements - quantitative information about unobservable inputs used, a description of the valuation processes used by the entity, and a qualitative discussion about the sensitivity of the measurements to changes in the unobservable inputs; (2) for an entity's use of a non-financial asset that is different from the asset's highest and best use - the reason for the difference; (3) for financial instruments not measured at fair value but for which disclosure of fair value is required - the fair value hierarchy level in which the fair value measurements were determined; and (4) the disclosure of all transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. ASU 2011-04 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 31, 2011. The amendment required additional details in notes to financial statements, but did not have any other impact on our financial statements. The additional disclosures are included in Note 9.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements and Legislation

Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income, ASU 2013-02

In February 2013, the FASB issued new disclosure requirements for items reclassified out of AOCI to expand the disclosure requirements in ASC 220, Comprehensive Income, for presentation of changes in AOCI. ASU 2013-02 requires disclosure of (1) changes in components of other comprehensive income, (2) for items reclassified out of AOCI and into net income in their entirety, the effect of the reclassification on each affected net income line item and (3) cross references to other disclosures that provide additional detail for components of other comprehensive income that are not reclassified in their entirety to net income. Disclosures are required either on the face of the statements of income or as a separate disclosure in the notes to the financial statements. The new disclosure requirements are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of this standard will not have an impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report		
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)					

(3) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment at December 31 consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

			2012			2011		
			Weighted			Weighted		
			Average			Average	Lives (i	n years)
			Useful Life			Useful Life		
		2012	(in years)		2011	(in years)	Minimum	Maximum
Electric plant:								
Production	\$	510,674	51	\$	504,088	51	45	65
Transmission		115,092	46		115,063	47	40	60
Distribution		304,113	38		289,833	39	16	45
Plant acquisition adjustment (a)		4,870	32		4,870	32	32	32
General		71,802	22		72,045	21	8	45
Construction work in progress		18,217			9,873			
Total electric plant		1,024,768			995,772			
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	_	(322,830)		_	(313,581)			
Electric plant net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	\$	701,938	40	\$	682,191			

⁽a) The plant acquisition adjustment is included in rate base and is being recovered with 18 years remaining.

(4) JOINTLY OWNED FACILITIES

We use the proportionate consolidation method to account for our percentage interest in the assets, liabilities and expenses of the following facilities:

- We own a 20% interest in the Wyodak Plant (the "Plant"), a coal-fired electric generating station located in Campbell County, Wyoming. PacifiCorp owns the remaining ownership percentage and is the operator of the Plant. We receive our proportionate share of the Plant's capacity and are committed to pay our share of its additions, replacements and operating and maintenance expenses.
- We own a 35% interest in, and are the operator of, the Converter Station Site and South Rapid City Interconnection (the transmission tie), an AC-DC-AC transmission tie. Basin Electric owns the remaining ownership percentage. The transmission tie provides an interconnection between the Western and Eastern transmission grids, which provides us with access to both the WECC region and the MAPP region. The total transfer capacity of the transmission tie is 400 MW 200 MW West to East and 200 MW from East to West. We are committed to pay our proportionate share of the additions, replacements and operating and maintenance expenses.
- We own a 52% interest in the Wygen III power plant. MDU and the City of Gillette each owns an undivided ownership interest in Wygen III and are obligated to make payments for costs associated with administrative services and a proportionate share of the costs of operating the plant for the life of the facility. We retain responsibility for plant operations.

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The investments in our jointly owned plants and accumulated depreciation are included in the corresponding captions in the accompanying Balance Sheets. Our share of direct expenses of the Plant is included in the corresponding categories of operating expenses in the accompanying Statements of Income. Each of the respective owners is responsible for providing its own financing.

As of December 31, 2012, our interests in jointly-owned generating facilities and transmission systems included on our Balance Sheets were as follows (in thousands):

		Cons	struction Work in	Accumulated	
Interest in jointly-owned facilities	Plant in Service		Progress	Depreciation	
Wyodak Plant	\$ 109,465	\$	451 \$	47,776	
Transmission Tie	\$ 19,648	\$	— \$	4,414	
Wygen III	\$ 130,267	\$	565 \$	8,376	

(5) LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 was as follows (in thousands):

		Interest		
	Maturity Date	Rate	2012	2011
First Mortgage Bonds due 2032	August 15, 2032	7.23% \$	75,000 \$	75,000
First Mortgage Bonds due 2039	November 1, 2039	6.125%	180,000	180,000
Unamortized discount, First Mortgage Bonds due 2039			(111)	(115)
Pollution control revenue bonds due 2014(a)	October 1, 2014	4.80%	(<u>-</u>	6,450
Pollution control revenue bonds due 2024	October 1, 2024	5.35%	12,200	12,200
Series 94A Debt(b)	June 1, 2024	1.35%	2,855	2,855
Other	May 25, 2012	13.66%	-	37
Total long-term debt		-	269,944	276,427
Less current maturities		·	=	(37)
Net long-term debt		\$	269,944 \$	276,390

⁽a) On May 15, 2012 we repaid in full \$6.5 million principal and interest on the Pollution Control Revenue Bonds originally due to mature on October 1, 2014.

Net deferred financing costs of approximately \$2.9 million and \$3.1 million were recorded on the accompanying Balance Sheets in Other, non-current assets at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and are being amortized over the term of the debt. Amortization of deferred financing costs of approximately \$0.2 million, \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively, are included in Interest expense on the accompanying Statements of Income.

Substantially all of our property is subject to the lien of the indenture securing our first mortgage bonds. First mortgage bonds may be issued in amounts limited by property, earnings and other provisions of the mortgage indentures. We were in compliance with our debt covenants at December 31, 2012.

⁽b) Variable interest rate of 1.35% at December 31, 2012.

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Long-term Debt Maturities

Scheduled maturities of our outstanding long-term debt (excluding unamortized discounts) are as follows (in thousands):

2013	\$ _
2014	\$ _
2015	\$ -
2016	\$ -
2017	\$ -
Thereafter	\$ 270,055

(6) FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The estimated fair values of our financial instruments at December 31 were as follows (in thousands):

		2012			2011			
	Carrying		Carrying					
		Value		Fair Value		Value	Fa	ir Value
Cash and cash equivalents (a)	\$	3,805	\$	3,805	\$	2,812	\$	2,812
Long-term debt, including current maturities (b)	\$	269,944	\$	359,567	\$	276,427	\$ 3	362,055

⁽a) Fair value approximates carrying value due to either short-term length of maturity or variable interest rates that approximate prevailing market rates and therefore is classified in Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of our financial instruments.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Included in cash and cash equivalents is cash and overnight repurchase agreement accounts. As part of our cash management process, excess operating cash is invested in overnight repurchase agreements with our bank. Repurchase agreements are not deposits and are not insured by the U.S. Government, the FDIC or any other government agency and involve investment risk including possible loss of principal. We believe however, that the market risk arising from holding these financial instruments is minimal.

⁽b) Long-term debt is valued using the market approach based on observable inputs of quoted market prices and yields available for debt instruments either directly or indirectly for similar maturities and debt ratings in active markets and therefore is classified in Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. The carrying amount of our variable rate debt approximates fair value due to the variable interest rates with short reset periods. For additional information on our long-term debt, see Note 5 to the Financial Statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)						

(7) INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations for the years ended December 31 was (in thousands):

	2012		2010	
Current	\$ (10,319) \$	14,921 \$	(14,885)	
Deferred	24,628	(2,931)	25,626	
Total income tax expense	\$ 14,309 \$	11,990 \$	10,741	

The temporary differences which gave rise to the net deferred tax liability, for the years ended December 31 were as follows (in thousands):

		2012	2011	
Deferred tax assets:				
Employee benefits	\$	5,094 \$	5,008	
Net operating loss		10,441	28,072	
Regulatory liabilities		13,433	14,644	
Other		2,381	3,049	
Valuation allowance			7-	
Total deferred tax assets	-	31,349	50,773	
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Accelerated depreciation and other plant related differences		(154,989)	(148,254)	
AFUDC		(5,499)	(5,559)	
Regulatory assets		(5,767)	(5,019)	
Employee benefits		(3,610)	(2,356)	
Other		(3,771)	(3,753)	
Total deferred tax liabilities	6	(173,636)	(164,941)	
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	\$	(142,287) \$	(114,168)	

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The effective tax rate differs from the federal statutory rate for the years ended December 31, as follows:

	2012	2011	2010
Federal statutory rate	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%
Amortization of excess deferred and investment tax credits	(0.3)	(0.4)	(0.6)
Equity AFUDC	(0.1)	(0.6)	(2.0)
Flow through adjustments *	(3.5)	(3.4)	(7.4)
Prior year deferred adjustment	3.6	-	_
Other	(0.1)	0.1	0.6
· <u> </u>	34.6%	30.7%	25.6%

^{*} The flow-through adjustments relate primarily to an accounting method change for tax purposes that was filed with the 2008 tax return and for which consent was received from the IRS in September 2009. The effect of the change allows us to take a current tax deduction for repair costs that were previously capitalized for tax purposes. These costs will continue to be capitalized for book purposes. We recorded a deferred income tax liability in recognition of the temporary difference created between book and tax treatment and we flowed the tax benefit through to our customers in the form of lower rates as a result of a rate case settlement that occurred during 2010. A regulatory asset was established to reflect the recovery of future increases in taxes payable from customers as the temporary differences reverse. Due to this regulatory treatment, we recorded an income tax benefit in 2010 that was attributable to the 2008 through 2010 tax years. We continue to record a tax benefit consistent with the flow through method in accordance with such regulatory treatment.

The following table reconciles the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits at the beginning and end of the period (in thousands):

Unrecognized tax benefits at January 1
Additions for prior year tax positions
Reductions for prior year tax positions
Additions for current year tax positions
Unrecognized tax benefits at December 31

	2012	2011
\$	3,595 \$	3,094
	2-0	795
	(1,586)	(294)
	69	-
\$	2,078 \$	3,595
-		

The reductions for prior year tax positions relate to the reversal attributable to otherwise allowed tax depreciation. The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would impact the effective tax rate is approximately \$0.7 million. The unrecognized tax benefit is classified in Other, non-current liabilities on the accompanying Balance Sheets.

During the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the interest expense recognized related to income tax matters was not material to our financial results.

We do not anticipate that total unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change due to the settlement of any audits or the expiration of statutes of limitations prior to December 31, 2013.

At December 31, 2012, we have federal NOL carry forward of \$30.5 million, expiring in 2031. Ultimate usage of this NOL depends upon our ability to generate future taxable income, which is expected to occur within the prescribed carryforward period.

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(8) ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Balances by classification included within Accumulated other comprehensive loss on the accompanying Balance Sheets were as follows (in thousands):

	ves Designated Flow Hedges	Employee Benefit Plans	Total
As of December 31, 2011 Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (801) \$. 41	(489) \$ (171)	(1,290) (130)
As of December 31, 2012	\$ (760) \$	(660) \$	(1,420)
As of December 31, 2010 Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (843) \$ 42	(419) \$ (70)	(1,262) (28)
As of December 31, 2011	\$ (801) \$	(489) \$	(1,290)

Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges relate to a treasury lock entered into in August 2002 to hedge a portion of the \$75.0 million First Mortgage Bonds due on August 15, 2032. The treasury lock cash settled on August 8, 2002, the bond pricing date, and resulted in a \$1.8 million loss. The treasury lock is treated as a cash flow hedge and the resulting loss is carried in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss and is being amortized over the life of the related bonds.

(9) EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Funded Status of Benefit Plans

The funded status of the postretirement benefit plan is required to be recognized in the statement of financial position. The funded status for the pension plan is measured as the difference between the projected benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. The funded status for all other benefit plans is measured as the difference between the accumulated benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. A liability is recorded for an amount by which the benefit obligation exceeds the fair value of plan assets or an asset is recorded for any amount by which the fair value of plan assets exceeds the benefit obligation. The measurement date of the plans is December 31, our year-end balance sheet date. As of December 31, 2012, the funded status of our Defined Benefit Pension Plan was \$(16.4) million, the funded status of our Supplemental Non-qualified Defined Benefit Plans was \$(3.4) million and the funded status of our Non-pension Defined Benefit Postretirement Healthcare Plans was \$(6.8) million.

We apply accounting standards for regulated operations, and accordingly, the unrecognized net periodic benefit cost that would have been reclassified to Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) was alternatively recorded as a regulatory asset or regulatory liability, net of tax.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

We have a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan ("Pension Plan") covering employees who meet certain eligibility requirements. The benefits are based on years of service and compensation levels during the highest five consecutive years of the last ten years of service. Our funding policy is in accordance with the federal government's funding requirements. The Pension Plan's assets are held in trust and consist primarily of equity and fixed income investments.

The Pension Plan has been frozen to new employees and certain employees who did not meet age and service based criteria at the time the Plan was frozen. Plan benefits are based on years of service and calculations of average earnings during a specific time period prior to retirement.

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On October 29, 2012, the Board of Directors approved a new Investment Policy. The objective of the Investment Policy is to manage assets in such a way that will allow the eventual settlement of our obligations to the Plans' beneficiaries. To meet this objective, our pension plan assets are managed by an outside adviser using a structured portfolio strategy that will provide liquidity to meet the Plans' benefit payment obligations and an asset allocation that will comprise a mix of return-seeking and liability-hedging assets. Our Pension Plan funding policy is in accordance with the federal government's funding requirements. The Pension Plan's assets are held in trust and consist primarily of equity and fixed income investments. The expected long-term rate of return for investments was 7.25% and 8.75% for the 2012 and 2011 plan years, respectively.

Pension Plan Assets

The percentages of total plan asset fair value by investment category of our Pension Plan assets at December 31 were as follows:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Equity securities	51%	69%
Fixed income funds	48%	28%
Cash and cash equivalents	1%	3%
Total	100%	100%

Supplemental Non-qualified Defined Benefit Retirement Plans

We have various supplemental retirement plans ("Supplemental Plans") for key executives. The Supplemental Plans are non-qualified defined benefit plans. The Supplemental Plans are subject to various vesting schedules.

Supplemental Plan Assets

We do not fund our Supplemental Plans. We fund on a cash basis as benefits are paid.

Non-pension Defined Benefit Postretirement Healthcare Plan

Employees who are participants in our Non-Pension Postretirement Healthcare Plan ("Healthcare Plan") and who retire on or after attaining minimum age and years of service requirements are entitled to postretirement healthcare benefits. These benefits are subject to premiums, deductibles, co-payment provisions and other limitations. We may amend or change the Healthcare Plan periodically. We are not pre-funding our retiree medical plan. We have determined that the Healthcare Plan's post-65 retiree prescription drug plans are actuarially equivalent and qualify for the Medicare Part D subsidy.

Plan Assets

We do not fund our Healthcare Plans. We fund on a cash basis as benefits are paid.

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Plan Contributions and Estimated Cash Flows

Contributions made to the Pension Plans are cash contributions made directly to the Pension Plan Trust accounts. Healthcare and Supplemental Plan contributions are made in the form of benefit payments. Contributions for the years ended December 31 were as follows (in thousands):

	2012	2011
Defined Benefit Plans		
Defined Benefit Pension Plan	\$ 6,835	\$ -
Non-pension Defined Benefit Postretirement Healthcare Plan	\$ 835	\$ 428
Supplemental Non-qualified Defined Benefit Plan	\$ 256	\$ 130
Defined Contribution Plans		
Company Retirement Contribution	\$ 404	\$ 371
Matching Contributions	\$ 1,328	\$ 1,296

We expect to make a contribution of \$1.6 million to our employee defined benefit pension plan in 2013.

Fair Value Measurements

As required by accounting standards for fair value measurements, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. The following tables set forth, by level within the fair value hierarchy, the assets that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31 (in thousands):

Defined Benefit Pension Plan	2012				
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	535 \$	— \$	-	\$ 535
Common collective trust - equity		=	27,267	-	27,267
Common collective trust - fixed income		_	21,127	-	21,127
Insurance contracts			-	_	
Structured products		_	4,536		4,536
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	535 \$	52,930 \$		\$ 53,465

Defined Benefit Pension Plan	2011					
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40 \$	- \$	_	\$ 40	
Registered investment companies - equity		12,743	-	-	12,743	
Registered investment companies - fixed income		12,603	-	_	12,603	
Common collective trust - equity		_	16,143		16,143	
Insurance contracts		_	1,288	-	1,288	
Structured products			2,200		2,200	
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	25,386 \$	19,631 \$		\$ 45,017	

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Registered Investment Companies: Investments are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Common Collective Trust: The Pension Plan owns units of the Common Collective Trust funds that they are utilizing in their portfolio. The value of each unit of any fund as of any valuation date shall be determined by calculating the total value of such fund's assets as of the close of business on such valuation date, deducting its total liabilities as of such time and date, and then dividing the so-determined net asset value of such fund by the total number of units of such fund outstanding on the date of valuation.

Insurance Contract: These investments are valued on a cash basis on any given valuation date which approximates fair value.

Structured Products: Investments are created through the process of financial engineering (that is, by combining underlying securities like equity, bonds, or indices with derivatives). The value of derivative securities, such as options, forwards and swaps is determined by (respectively, derives from) the prices of the underlying securities.

Plan Reconciliations

The following tables provide a reconciliation of the Employee Benefit Plan's obligations and fair value of assets, components of the net periodic expense and elements of regulatory assets and liabilities and AOCI (in thousands):

Benefit Obligations

					Non-qualified efit Retirement ans		tretirement
	2012	2011	2	2012	2011	2012	2011
Change in benefit obligation: Projected benefit obligation at beginning of							
year	\$ 65,557	\$ 57,7	53 \$	2,292	\$ 2,152		-
Service cost	765	7	98	_	_	214	210
Interest cost	2,969	3,0	92	104	114	343	365
Actuarial loss (gain)	4,510	8	52	1,287	(30)	(1,748)	(308)
Amendments	_					_	
Change in participant assumptions	-					_	171
Discount rate change	-	6,6	58	_	186	-	433
Benefits paid	(2,850	(2,8	99)	(256)	(130)	(835)	(707)
Asset transfer (to) from affiliate	(1,131) (7	07)	-	S	26	(40)
Plan curtailment reduction	-	e, :	_	-	1-	-	
Medicare Part D adjustment	-	e	-	_	-	71	67
Plan participants' contributions	-	e :	_	-	-	488	499
Projected benefit obligation at end of year	69,820	\$ 65,5	57 \$	3,427	\$ 2,292	\$ 6,766 \$	8,207

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A reconciliation of the fair value of Plan assets (as of the December 31 measurement date) is as follows (in thousands):

	Defined Pension				lemental No ned Benefit Plans		Non-pension Defined Benefit Postretirement Healthcare Plan			
	2012		2011	2	012	2011	2012	2011		
Beginning market value of plan assets	\$ 45,017 \$	5	48,228 \$	3	\$		\$			
Investment income	5,240		66		()	:	-	-		
Benefits paid	(2,850)		(2,899)		-		-	_		
Employer contributions	6,835		_		· /	-	-	_		
Asset transfer to affiliate	(777)		(378)		-	-	-	-		
Ending market value of plan assets	\$ 53,465 \$	ß	45,017 \$	3	— \$	— \$	- \$	-		

Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheets at December 31 consist of (in thousands):

	Defined F		Supplemental Non Defined Benefit F Plans	Non-pension Defined Benefit Postretiremen Plan			
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Regulatory asset (liability)	\$ 26,683 \$	27,284	\$ — \$		\$ (2,174) \$	(590)	
Current (liability)	\$ - \$	5	\$ (216) \$	(154)	\$ (438) \$	(658)	
Non-current (liability)	\$ (16,356) \$	(20,540) 3	\$ (3,211) \$	(3,060)	\$ (6,321) \$	(7,497)	

Accumulated Benefit Obligation (dollars in thousands)

				Supple	eme	ental	Non-pension Defined				
Def	ined I	Benefit	No	on-qualit	fied	Defined	ed Benefit Postretirem				
Pe	Pension Plan			nefit Reti	iren	nent Plans	Heal	are Plan			
2012		2011		2012		2011	2012		2011		
\$ 63,41	7 \$	59,823	\$	3,427	\$	2,292	\$ 6,766	\$	8,207		
	Pe: 	Pension 2012	2012 2011	Pension Plan Ber 2012 2011	Defined Benefit Non-quality Pension Plan Benefit Reti 2012 2011 2012	Defined Benefit Non-qualified Pension Plan Benefit Retiren 2012 2011 2012	Pension Plan Benefit Retirement Plans 2012 2011 2012 2011	Defined Benefit Non-qualified Defined Benefit Pension Plan Benefit Retirement Plans Heal 2012 2011 2012 2011 2012	Defined Benefit Non-qualified Defined Benefit Pos Pension Plan Benefit Retirement Plans Healthca 2012 2011 2012 2011 2012		

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Components of Net Periodic Expense (dollars in thousands)

							Supplemental Non-qualified						Non-pension Defined				
							Defined Benefit Retirement						Benefit Postretiremer				
	Ι	Defined !	Be	nefit Pe	ns	ion Plan			Plans				He	alt	hcare	Pla	n
		2012		2011		2010	2012		2011		2010		2012	2	2011	2	2010_
Service cost	\$	765	\$	798	\$	1,214	\$ _	\$	_	\$		\$	214	\$	210	\$	340
Interest cost		2,969		3,092		3,280	104		114		100		343		365		547
Expected return on assets		(3,139)		(3,619)		(3,008)			-		-		-		_		-
Amortization of prior service cost																	
(credits)		57		62		62			777		-		(278)		(314)		(141
Amortization of transition obligation		-		-		_	-		-				-				171
Recognized net actuarial loss (gain)		2,599		1,486		1,378	55		48		30		139		163		-
Curtailment expense	_	-		-		57	-		-		-		-		1-		_=
Net periodic expense	\$	3,251	\$	1,819	\$	2,983	\$ 159	\$	162	\$	130	\$	418	\$	424	\$	917

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Amounts included in AOCI, after-tax, that have not yet been recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost at December 31 were as follows (in thousands):

		Defined Pension			Suppleme Non-qualified Benefit Retiren	Defined	Non-pension Defined Benefit Postretirement Healthcare Plan			
		2012	2011		2012	2011	2012	2011		
Net loss	\$	 \$	_	- \$	(660) \$	(489) \$	— \$			
Prior service cost		_	-	=	-		-	_		
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	\$		- \$	(660) \$	(489) \$	— \$			

The amounts in AOCI, regulatory assets or regulatory liabilities, after-tax, expected to be recognized as a component of net periodic benefit cost during calendar year 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	 efined Benefits Pension Plan	Supplemental Non-qualified Defined Benefit Retirement Plans	Ion-pension Defined enefit Postretirement Healthcare Plan
Net loss	\$ 1,696	\$ 43	\$ 6
Prior service cost	27	_	(181)
Total net periodic benefit cost expected to be recognized during calendar year 2013	\$ 1,723	\$ 43	\$ (175)

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Assumptions

	Defined 2012	Benefit Po Plan 2011	ension 2010	Suppleme Defined E	ntal Non-q Benefit Ret Plans 2011		Non-pe Benefit Hea 2012	ment	
Weighted-average assumptions used to determine benefit obligations:									
Discount rate	4.35%	4.65%	5.50%	4.25%	4.70%	5.50%	3.65%	4.35%	5.00%
Rate of increase in compensation									
levels	3.91%	3.67%	3.70%	N/A	N/A	5.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for plan year:	9								
Discount rate	4.65%	5.50%	6.05%	4.70%	5.00%	6.10%	4.35%	5.00%	5.90%
Expected long-term rate of return on assets* Rate of increase in compensation	7.25%	7.75%	8.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
levels	3.67%	3.70%	4.25%	N/A	N/A	5.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*} The expected rate of return on plan assets is 7.25% for the calculation of the 2013 net periodic pension cost.

The healthcare benefit obligation was determined at December 31 as follows:

	2012	2011
Healthcare trend rate pre-65	-	
Trend for next year	7.75%	9.01%
Ultimate trend rate	4.50%	4.50%
Year Ultimate Trend Reached	2027	2027
Healthcare trend rate post-65		
Trend for next year	6.50%	9.01%
Ultimate trend rate	4.50%	4.50%
Year Ultimate Trend Reached	2026	2027

We do not pre-fund our post-retirement benefit plan. The table below shows the estimated impacts of an increase or decrease to our healthcare trend rate for our Retiree Health Care Plan (dollars in thousands):

		Accumulated Periodic
		Postretirement Benefit
Change in Assumed Trend Rate	Service and Interest Costs	Obligation
1% increase	\$ 11 \$	278
1% decrease	\$ (10) \$	(250)

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The following benefit payments, which reflect future service, are expected to be paid (in thousands):

	 Defined Benefit Pension Plan	N	Supplemental Non-qualified Defined Benefit Retirement Plans	Non-pension Defined Benefit Postretirement Healthcare Plan
2013	\$ 3,150	\$	216	\$ 438
2014	\$ 3,227	\$	215	\$ 489
2015	\$ 3,325	\$	212	\$ 455
2016	\$ 3,417	\$	181	\$ 469
2017	\$ 3,516	\$	212	\$ 498
2018-2021	\$ 20,144	\$	1,187	\$ 2,728

Defined Contribution Plan

The Parent sponsors a 401(k) retirement savings plan in which our employees may participate. Participants may elect to invest up to 50% of their eligible compensation on a pre-tax or after-tax basis, up to a maximum amount established by the Internal Revenue Service. The plan provides for company matching contributions and company retirement contributions. Employer contributions vest at 20% per year and are fully vested when the participant has 5 years of service.

(10) RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Non-Cash Dividend to Parent

We have recorded a non-cash dividend to our Parent for \$44.0 million in 2012 and decreased the utility money pool note receivable, net for the amount of \$44.0 million.

Receivables and Payables

We have accounts receivable and accounts payable balances related to transactions with other BHC subsidiaries. These balances as of December 31 were as follows (in thousands):

	2012	2011
Receivable - affiliates	\$ 5,027 \$	6,998
Accounts payable - affiliates	\$ 21,896 \$	18,598

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Money Pool Notes Receivable and Notes Payable

We have a Utility Money Pool Agreement (the Agreement) with the Parent. Under the agreement, we may borrow from the Parent. The Agreement restricts us from loaning funds to the Parent or to any of the Parent's non-utility subsidiaries; the Agreement does not restrict us from making dividends to the Parent. Borrowings under the agreement bear interest at the daily cost of external funds as defined under the Agreement, or if there are no external funds outstanding on that date, then the rate will be the daily one month LIBOR rate plus 1%.

Advances under this notes receivable bear interest at 1.50% above the daily LIBOR rate (1.71% at December 31, 2012). We had the following balances with the Utility Money Pool as of and for the years ended December 31 (in thousands):

Utility Money Pool	2012	2011	2010
Notes receivable (payable), net	\$ 31,645 \$	50,477 \$	39,862
Net interest income (expense)	\$ 617 \$	1,414 \$	467

Other Balances and Transactions

We have the following Power Purchase and Transmission Services Agreements with affiliated entities:

- Cheyenne Light entered into a PPA with Happy Jack. Under a separate inter-company agreement expiring on September 3, 2028, Cheyenne Light has agreed to sell up to 15 MW of the facility output from Happy Jack to us.
- Cheyenne Light entered into a PPA with Silver Sage. Under a separate inter-company agreement expiring on September 30, 2029, Cheyenne Light has agreed to sell 20 MW of energy from Silver Sage to us.
- A Generation Dispatch Agreement with Cheyenne Light that requires us to purchase all of Cheyenne Light's excess energy.

We had the following related party transactions for the years ended December 31 included in the corresponding captions in the accompanying Statements of Income:

	 2012		2011	2010
		(in	thousands)	
Revenues:				
Energy sold to Cheyenne Light	\$ 2,372	\$	957	\$ 1,200
Rent from electric properties	\$ 2,661	\$	7,523	\$ 7,884
Purchases:				
Purchase of coal from WRDC	\$ 20,690	\$	21,319	\$ 13,569
Purchase of excess energy from Cheyenne Light	\$ 3,139	\$	4,127	\$ 4,126
Purchase of renewable wind energy from Cheyenne Light - Happy Jack	\$ 1,988	\$	1,955	\$ 2,815
Purchase of renewable wind energy from Cheyenne Light - Silver Sage	\$ 3,269	\$	3,281	\$ 1,723
Purchase of natural gas - other	\$ 7	\$	647	\$ 1,652
Corporate support services from Parent, Black Hills Service Company and				,
Black Hills Utility Holdings	\$ 24,163	\$	18,567	\$ 17,145

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(11) SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Years ended December 31,	2012	2011	2010
	(in t	thousands)	
Non-cash investing and financing activities -			
Property, plant and equipment financed with accrued liabilities	\$ 3,969 \$	1,882 \$	7,188
Non-cash decrease to money pool note receivable, net	\$ (43,984) \$	— \$	1 -
Non-cash dividend to Parent company	\$ 43,984 \$	— \$	2-
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Cash (paid) refunded during the period for -			
Interest (net of amounts capitalized)	\$ (17,099) \$	(16,294) \$	(19,554)
Income taxes	\$ 7,176 \$	(15,347) \$	15,805

(12) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Partial Sale of Wygen III

On July 14, 2010, we sold a 23% ownership interest in Wygen III to the City of Gillette for \$62.0 million. The purchase terminated the then current PPA with the City of Gillette, and the Wygen III Participation Agreement has been amended to include the City of Gillette. The Participation Agreement provides that the City of Gillette will pay us for administrative services and share in the costs of operating the plant for the life of the facility. The amount of net fixed assets sold totaled \$55.8 million. We recognized a gain on the sale of \$6.2 million.

Power Purchase and Transmission Services Agreements

We have the following power purchase and transmission agreements, not including related party agreements, as of December 31, 2012 (see Note 10 for information on related party agreements):

- A PPA with PacifiCorp expiring on December 31, 2023, which provides for the purchase by us of 50 MW of electric capacity
 and energy. The price paid for the capacity and energy is based on the operating costs of one of PacifiCorp's coal-fired electric
 generating plants;
- A firm point-to-point transmission access agreement to deliver up to 50 MW of power on PacifiCorp's transmission system to wholesale customers in the western region through December 31, 2023; and
- An agreement with Thunder Creek for gas transport capacity, expiring in October 31, 2019.

Costs incurred under these agreements were as follows for the years ended December 31 (in thousands):

Contract	Contract Type	2012	2011	2010
PacifiCorp	Electric capacity and energy	\$ 13,224	\$ 12,515 \$	12,936
PacifiCorp	Transmission access	\$ 1,215	\$ 1,215 \$	1,215
Thunder Creek	Gas transport capacity	\$ 633	\$ 633 \$	633

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Future Contractual Obligations

The following is a schedule of future minimum payments required under the power purchase, transmission services, facility and vehicle leases, and gas supply agreements (in thousands):

2013	\$ 11,909
2014	\$ 11,904
2015	\$ 11,903
2016	\$ 11,899
2017	\$ 11,895
Thereafter	\$ 30.884

Long-Term Power Sales Agreements

We have the following power sales agreements as of December 31, 2012:

- During periods of reduced production at Wygen III in which MDU owns a portion of the capacity, or during periods when Wygen III is off-line, MDU will be provided with 25 MW from our other generation facilities or from system purchases with reimbursement of costs by MDU;
- During periods of reduced production at Wygen III in which the City of Gillette owns a portion of the capacity, or during periods when Wygen III is off-line, we will provide the City of Gillette with its first 23 MW from our other generating facilities or from system purchases with reimbursement of costs by the City of Gillette. Under this agreement, Black Hills Power will also provide the City of Gillette their operating component of spinning reserves;
- An agreement under which we supply energy and capacity to MEAN expiring on May 31, 2023. This contract is unit-contingent based on up to 10 MW from our Neil Simpson II and up to 10 MW from our Wygen III plants. The energy and capacity purchase requirements decrease over the term of the agreement; and
- A PPA with MEAN, expiring on April 1, 2015. Under this contract, MEAN purchases 5 MW of unit-contingent energy and capacity from Neil Simpson II and 5 MW of unit-contingent capacity from Wygen III.

Oil Creek Fire

On June 29, 2012, a forest and grassland fire occurred in the western Black Hills. It is alleged the fire occurred when a high voltage electrical transmission line maintained by us fell to the ground, and that electrical arcing from the downed line ignited dry grass or brush. The fire burned approximately 60,000 acres of land owned by private landowners as well as the United States Bureau of Land Management and the State of Wyoming. We have received written claims from the State of Wyoming and a landowner seeking recovery of damages for alleged injury to timber, grass, fencing, fire suppression and rehabilitation costs. The total amount of damages currently claimed by the State of Wyoming and the landowners is approximately \$8 million. We have been notified that additional private landowner claims are forthcoming. Our investigation into the cause and origin of the fire is still pending. Based upon information developed in our investigation to date, we expect to deny and will vigorously defend all claims arising out of the fire. Given the uncertainty of litigation, however, a loss relating to the fire and the litigation is reasonably possible. We cannot reasonably estimate the amount of a potential loss because our investigation is ongoing, and because we expect further claims to be presented by other parties. Although we cannot predict the outcome of our investigation or the viability of potential claims, based on information currently available, management believes that any such claims, if determined adversely to us, will not have a material effect on our financial statements.

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Legal Proceedings

We are subject to various legal proceedings, claims and litigation which arise in the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of management, the amount of liability, if any, with respect to these actions would not materially affect our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In the normal course of business, we enter into agreements that include indemnification in favor of third parties, such as information technology agreements, purchase and sale agreements and lease contracts. We have also agreed to indemnify our directors, officers and employees in accordance with our articles of incorporation, as amended. Certain agreements do not contain any limits on our liability and therefore, it is not possible to estimate our potential liability under these indemnifications. In certain cases, we have recourse against third parties with respect to these indemnities. Further, we maintain insurance policies that may provide coverage against certain claims under these indemnities.

Environmental Matters

We are subject to costs resulting from a number of federal, state and local laws and regulations which affect future planning and existing operations. They can result in increased capital expenditures, operating and other costs as a result of compliance, remediation and monitoring obligations. Due to the environmental issues discussed below, we may be required to modify, curtail, replace or cease operating certain facilities or operations to comply with statutes, regulations and other requirements of regulatory bodies.

<u>Air</u>

Our generation facilities are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of air quality. These laws and regulations cover, among other pollutants, carbon monoxide, SO_2 , NO_X , mercury particulate matter and GHG. Power generating facilities burning fossil fuels emit each of the foregoing pollutants and, therefore, are subject to substantial regulation and enforcement oversight by various governmental agencies.

Title IV of the Clean Air Act applies to several of our generation facilities, including the Neil Simpson II, Neil Simpson CT II, Lange CT, Wygen III and Wyodak plants. Title IV of the Clean Air Act created an SO₂ allowance trading program as part of the federal acid rain program. Without purchasing additional allowances, we currently hold sufficient allowances to satisfy Title IV at all such plants through 2042.

The EPA issued the Industrial and Commercial Boiler Regulations for Area Sources of Hazardous Air Pollutants, with updates which impose emission limits, fuel requirements and monitoring requirements. The rule has a compliance deadline of March 21, 2014. In anticipation of this rule we suspended operations at the Osage plant on October 1, 2010 and as a result of this rule, we suspended operations at the Ben French facility on August 31, 2012 with plans to retire Osage, Ben French and Neil Simpson I on or before March 21, 2014. While the net book value of these plants is estimated to be insignificant at the time of retirement, we would reasonably expect any remaining value to be recovered through future rates.

Solid Waste Disposal

Various materials used at our facilities are subject to disposal regulations. Our Osage plant, at which operations have been suspended, has an on-site ash impoundment that is near capacity. An application to close the impoundment was approved by the State of Wyoming on April 13, 2012. Site closure work is underway with post closure monitoring to continue for 30 years.

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(13) QUARTERLY HISTORICAL DATA (Unaudited)

We operate on a calendar year basis. The following table sets forth selected unaudited historical operating results data for each quarter (in thousands):

2012	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Operating revenues	\$ 62,270	\$ 58,372	\$ 61,134	\$ 61,533
Operating income	\$ 12,742	\$ 13,859	\$ 15,361	\$ 15,619
Net income	\$ 6,053	\$ 6,727	\$ 8,147	\$ 6,159
2011				
Operating revenues	\$ 59,194	\$ 56,098	\$ 64,940	\$ 65,399
Operating income	\$ 11,917	\$ 9,181	\$ 19,175	\$ 14,447
Net income	\$ 5,881	\$ 3,741	\$ 10,510	\$ 6,965