South Dakota Public Utilities Commission

Big Stone II
Energy Conversion Facility
Siting Permit
Public Hearing
September 13, 2005





Big Stone II Co-owners





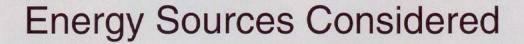






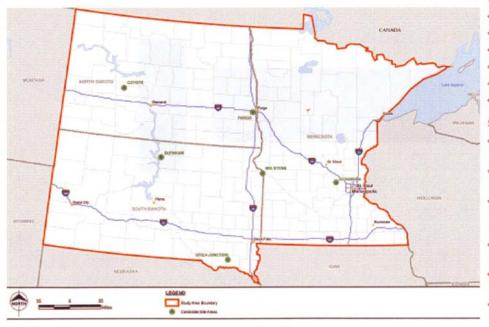






- Wind
- Super-critical pulverized coal
- Atmospheric circulating fluidized bed
- Integrated gasification combined cycle
- Combined cycle gas turbine (natural gas)

Big Stone II Alternative Site Evaluation Study



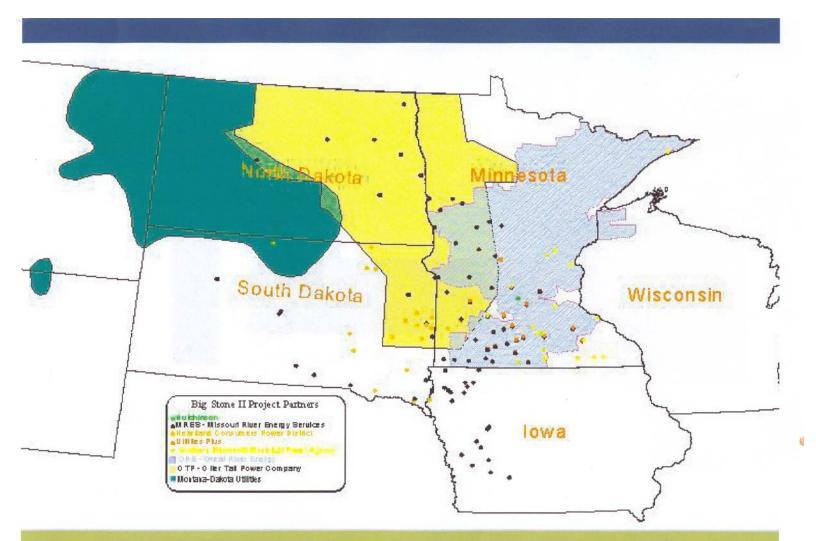
Candidate Sites

- . Big Stone Grant County, South Dakota
- · Coyote Mercer County, North Dakota
- Dickinson Wright County, Minnesota
- · Fargo Cass County, North Dakota
- Glenham Walworth County, South Dakota
- Utica Junction Yankton County, South Dakota

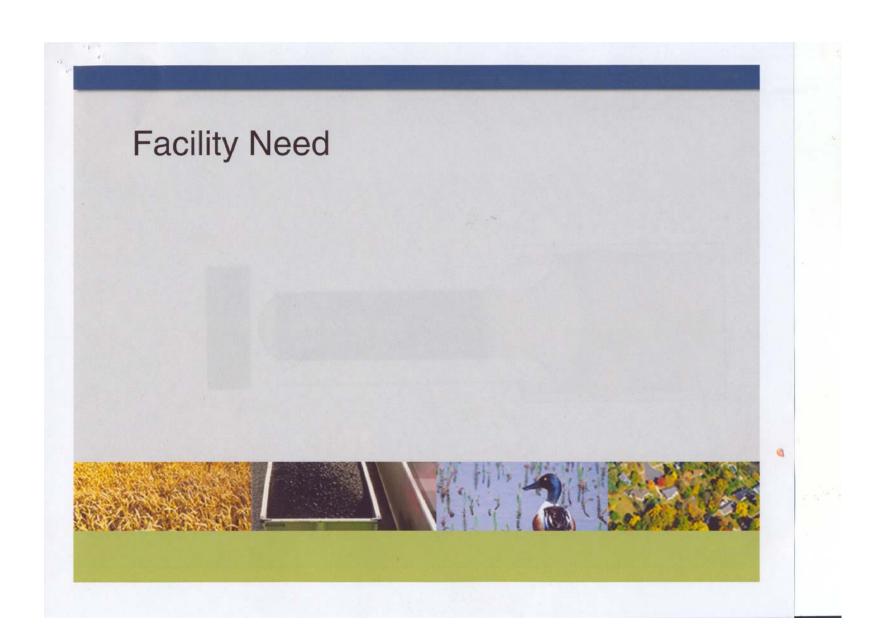
Site evaluation criteria

- Air Impacts: Class I Area and Airspace Restrictions
- Water Supply: Surface Water Proximity and Water Supply Potential
- Environmental: Socioeconomics, Land Use Compatibility, Protected Species Impacts, Noise Impacts, and Wetlands
- Fuel Supply: Rail Line/Mine Proximity, Fuel Delivery Competition, and Reagent Delivery
- Transmission: Proximity to Interconnection Point and Expected System Impacts
- Other: Highway Access, Land Availability and Common Facilities/Staff



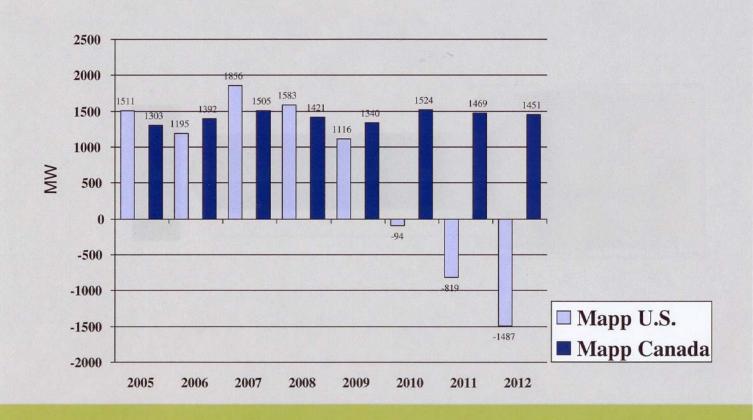


Co-owners' Service Territories

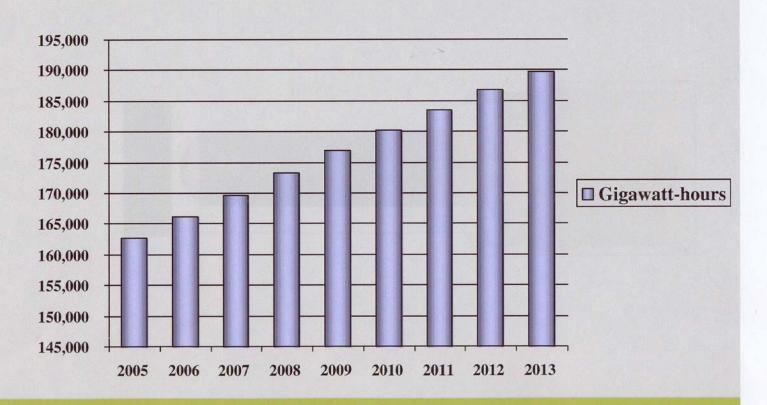


MAPP Region Saskatchewan Manitoba North Dakota Minnesota South Dakota Iowa Nebraska

MAPP Surplus/Deficit Forecast



MAPP U.S. Annual Net Energy Forecast



Baseload, Intermediate and Peaking Facility Relative Cost

Type of Generation	Capital Cost	Fuel Cost	Typical Energy Production
Peaking	Low	High	Low
Intermediate	Medium	Medium	Medium
Baseload	High	Low	High

Project Description



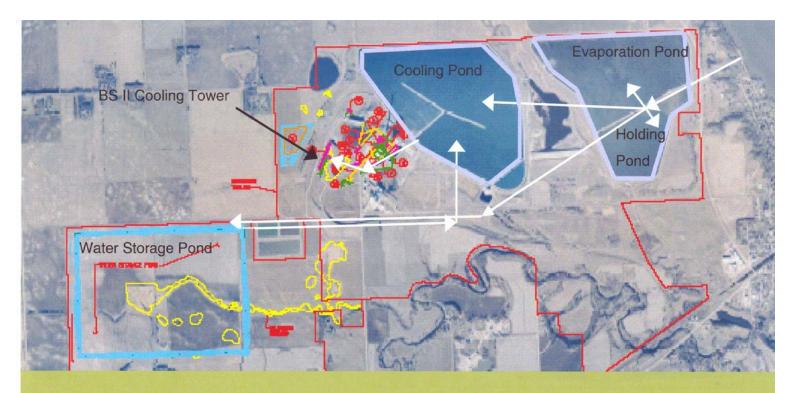


Opportunities to Share Existing Infrastructure

- Cooling water intake structure, pumping system and delivery line
- Plant road and rail spur
- Coal unloading facilities
- Solid waste disposal facilities



Big Stone Site

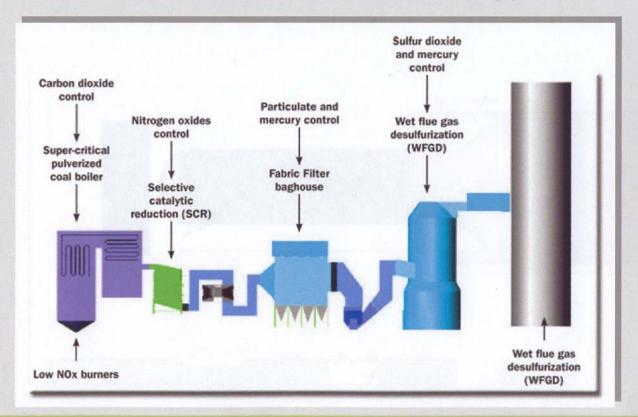


Big Stone Site - Water Appropriations and Storage

10,902 Ac*ft - design annual usage

- Holding pond capacity: 965 Ac*ft
- Evaporation Pond Capacity: 1,436 Ac*ft
- Water storage pond capacity: 9,900 Ac*ft
- Cooling pond useable storage capacity: 3,000 Ac*ft (5440 ac*ft total)
- · Total site useable storage capacity current design: 15,300 Ac*ft

Emissions Control Technology



Wet Scrubber

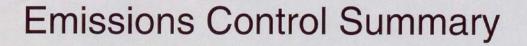
- Historically, dry scrubbers used to remove sulfur dioxide when burning subbituminous coal
- Wet scrubbers are more expensive
- However, wet scrubbers offer
 - More efficient SO2 removal
 - More efficient mercury control
 - Saleable fly ash

Joint Scrubber Possible Because of Wet Scrubber Technology

- Double the size of the scrubber but only 60% increase in cost
- Able to share some equipment and the benefits of redundancy of other components
- Lower per megawatt hour cost for common scrubber

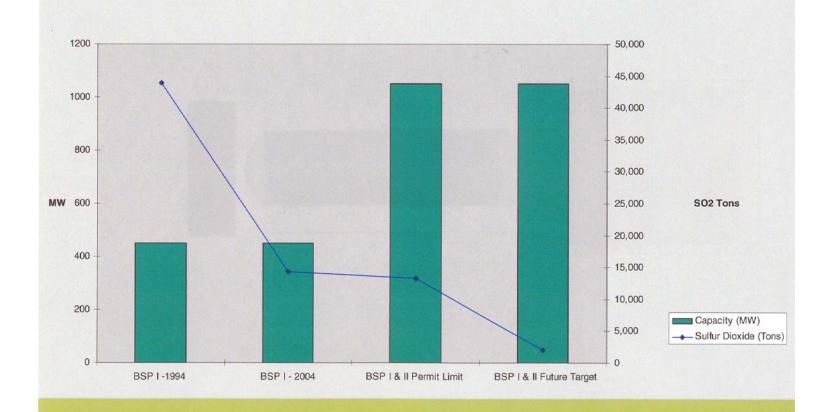
Nitrogen Oxides Control

- Commitment to add Big Stone II and not increase nitrogen oxides emissions from the Big Stone Plant site
- Make Big Stone Plant unit I operational changes to its lower nitrogen oxides emissions
- May also require equipment changes



 Sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, and mercury emissions from both units are targeted to be less than or equal to Unit I's emissions in 2004.

Sulfur Dioxide Emissions



Environmental Information



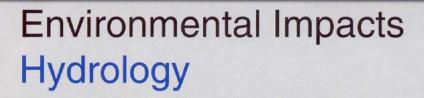
Environmental Impacts

- Physical Environment
- Hydrology
- Terrestrial Ecosystems
- Aquatic Ecosystems
- Land Use
- Water Quality
- Air Quality
- Solid and Radioactive Waste



- Land forms and topography
- Geology
- Soils and Economic Deposits
- Erosion and Sedimentation

Impacts primarily limited to new storage pond area-most other activity within existing plant site



- Surface Water Drainage
- Water Use and Sources

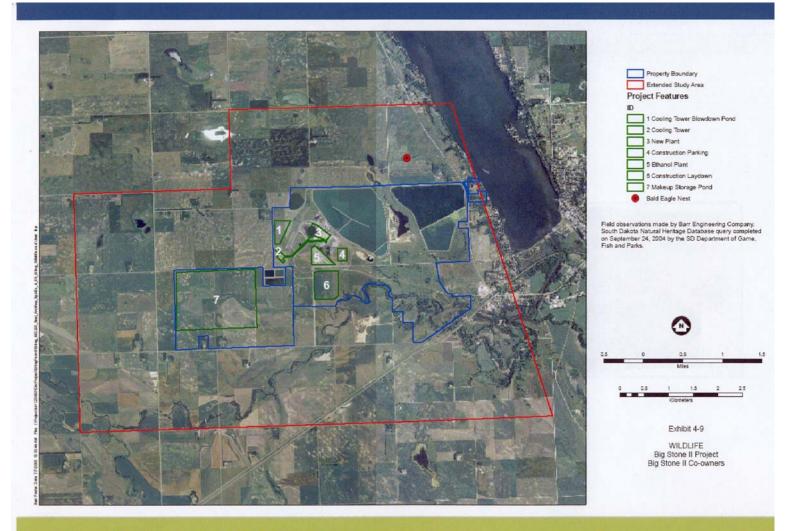
Impacts to drainage primarily limited to new storage pond area

Increased water needs can be met within existing operational constraints on Big Stone Lake withdrawal



- Vegetation Communities
- Wildlife
- Threatened and Endangered Species

No adverse impacts are expected



Big Stone II Wildlife

Environmental Impacts Aquatic Ecosystems

- Fisheries
- Wetlands

No adverse impacts to fisheries are expected

Wetland impacts addressed through USACOE permitting process

Environmental Impacts Land Use and Land Use Controls

- Existing Land Use
- Noise

New unit takes advantage of existing industrial land use and infrastructure Incremental noise impact modeled as insignificant

Environmental Impacts Water Quality

- Whetstone River System
- New Makeup Storage Pond
- Stormwater Management

No impacts expected to Whetstone River

New pond water quality expected to be similar to area shallow lakes

Stormwater will be managed through SWPPP

Environmental Impacts Air Quality

- Common scrubber no increase in sulfur dioxide emissions
- No increase in nitrogen oxide emissions
- Best available control technology for particulate matter emissions
- Targeted mercury emissions at 2004 levels



Propose to use existing permitted solid waste disposal facility

Community Impacts

- Economic Impacts
- Infrastructure Impacts
- Community Services
- Population and Demographics
- Cultural Resources



Community Impacts Study Area

Community Impacts Economic Impacts

- Employment (temporary and permanent)
- Agriculture
- Commercial and Industrial Sectors
- Land Values
- Taxes

Impacts expected to be positive or neutral

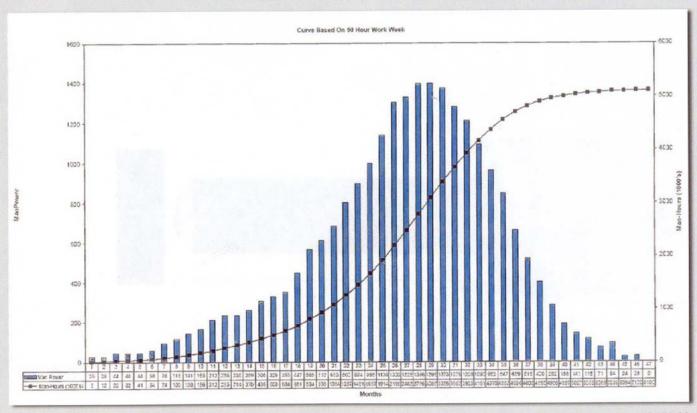


Exhibit 5-2

Estimated Construction Labor Requirement

Community Impacts Infrastructure Impacts

- Housing
- Energy
- Sewer and Water
- Solid Waste Management
- Transportation

Existing infrastructure generally adequate to meet project needs

Community Impacts Community Services

- Health Services and Facilities
- Schools
- Recreation
- Public Safety

Existing services not expected to be overtaxed by project



- Population and Demographics
- Cultural Resources

No adverse impacts expected

Project Schedule

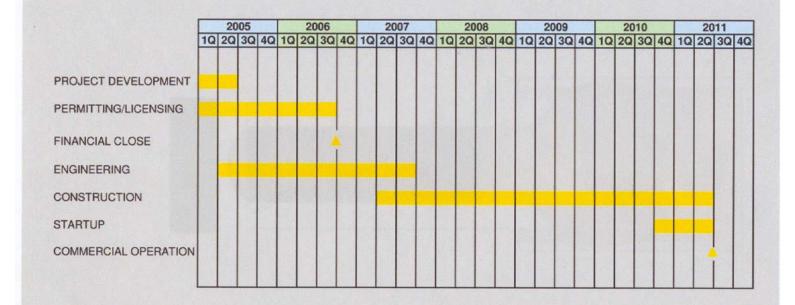


Exhibit 1-4

Big Stone II Project Schedule

BIG STONE II

