Table 1: Anticipated Permits or Reviews for the Project in South Dakota						
			ESTIMATED APPLICATION			
AGENCY	PERMIT	AGENCY ACTION	SUBMITTAL DATE			
Federal						
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Omaha District - South Dakota Regulatory Office	Sections 404 Clean Water Act for discharge of fill in water of the U.S.; Section 10 Rivers and Harbors Act Permit for crossing navigable waters of the U.S.	Authorization of discharge of fill material into waters of the U.S. and structures crossing navigable waters	Submitted October 2022 Addendum Submitted March 2023			
	Section 408 Review	USACE determined there are no USACE interest properties, no review required	NA			
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	Section 7 Consultation - Endangered Species Act	Federally listed threatened and endangered species affect determination review and concurrence.	October 2022 <u>; BA to be</u> <u>submitted Q3 2023</u>			
State Historic Preservation Officer	Section 106 Consultation - National Historic Preservation Act	Effects Determination and associated mitigation.	Initial review of 2021 survey results February 2022 <u>; Updated memo</u> provided to SHPO week of 8/28/23 for route and survey status; full report to be completed after survey season in 2023.			
Pipeline Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA)	49 CFR Part 195	Integrity Management Plan and Emergency Response Plan	Prior to operations			
Federal Highways Administration	Crossing Permit	Issuance of permits for the crossing of federally funded highways.	<u>Q3 2023</u>			
State						
South Dakota Department of Agriculture and Natural	401 Water Quality Certification (WQC)	Issuance of certification occurs with USACE NWP 58 issuance.	Issued with USACE NWP 58			
Resources	Surface Water Discharge General Permit for Temporary Discharge Activities and a Temporary Water Rights Use Permit (SDG070000)	Issuance of permit for hydrostatic test water discharge and construction dewatering to waters of the State, and Temporary Water Use Permit.	<u>Q1//Q2 2024</u>			
	Surface Water Discharge General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with	Issuance of permits for discharges associated with activity that causes land	<u>Q1/Q2 2024</u>			

Table 1: Anticipated Permits or Reviews for the Project in South Dakota							
AGENCY	PERMIT	AGENCY ACTION	ESTIMATED APPLICATION SUBMITTAL DATE				
	Construction Activities Permit (SDR100000)	disturbance equal to or greater than one acre.					
	Standard Water Rights Permit	Review and make a recommendation for appropriation of water from a state jurisdictional waterbody during construction activities if authorization is not issued under the Temporary Water Rights Use Permit.	<u>Q1/Q2 2024</u>				
South Dakota Department of Transportation	Application for Permit to Occupy Right of Way	Issuance of permits to occupy right of way.	<u>Q3 2023</u>				
South Dakota Department of Game, Fish, and Parks	State Listed Species Review	Review and authorization.	Concurrent with USFWS BA review				
Local							
County Road Departments	Crossing Permits	Issuance of permits for crossing county roads.	<u>Q1/Q2 2024</u>				
	Road Haul Agreements	Negotiated agreements between counties and the Applicant.	<u>Q1/Q2 2024</u>				
County and Local Authorities	Floodplain, Conditional Use, and building permits	Review and approval.	<u>Q1</u> 2024				
	Special or Conditional Use Permits, where required	Review and approval.	<u>Q1 2024</u>				
	Municipal Water Use Agreements (if required)	<u>Negotiated agreements</u> <u>between municipalities and</u> the Applicant.	<u>Q2 2024</u>				

Table 2: Project Facilities in South Dakota							
			NOMINAL				
ID	FACILITY TYPE <sup>1</sup>	LENGTH (miles) <sup>2</sup>	(inches)	COUNTY	MILEPOST	END	PIPELINE
Pipelines		(					
NDM-106	Main Line	<u>26.14</u>	24	McPherson	0.00	<u>26.14</u>	NA
NDT-211	Trunk Line	3.00	12	Brown	88 <u>.78</u>	91 <u>.78</u>	NA
NDT-211	Trunk Line	21 <u>.96</u>	12	McPherson	91. <u>78</u>	113 <u>.74</u>	NA
SDL-320	Lateral	19 <u>.78</u>	6	Sully	0.00	19. <u>78</u>	NA
SDL-320	Lateral	18 <u>.82</u>	6	Hyde	19. <mark>78</mark>	38. <u>60</u>	NA
SDL-320	Lateral	31. <mark>36</mark>	6	Hand	38. <u>60</u>	<u>69.96</u>	NA
SDL-320	Lateral	10.3 <mark>9</mark>	6	Spink	69.96	80 <u>.34</u>	NA
SDL-335	<u>Lateral</u>	0.43	4	Edmunds	0.00	0 <u>.43</u>	NA
SDL-336	<u>Lateral</u>	0. <u>54</u>	4	Spink	0.00	0. <u>54</u>	NA
SDM-104	Main Line	23. <mark>32</mark>	24	Lincoln	<u>27.19</u>	<u>50.52</u>	NA
SDM-104	Main Line	3 <u>.07</u>	24	Turner	<u>50.52</u>	<u>53.58</u>	NA
SDM-104	Main Line	27. <u>61</u>	24	Minnehaha	<u>53.58</u>	<u>81.20</u>	NA
SDM-104	Main Line	2.24	24	McCook	<u>81.20</u>	<u>83.43</u>	NA
SDM-104	Main Line	18.90	24	Lake	<u>83.43</u>	<u>102.33</u>	NA
SDM-104	Main Line	15 <u>.38</u>	24	Miner	<u>102.33</u>	<u>117.71</u>	NA
SDM-104	Main Line	29. <u>43</u>	24	Kingsbury	<u>117.71</u>	<u>147.14</u>	NA
SDM-104	Main Line	4. <u>12</u>	24	Beadle	<u>147.14</u>	<u>151.26</u>	NA
SDM-105	Main Line	7. <u>39</u>	24	Beadle	0.00	7.39	NA
SDM-105	Main Line	51. <mark>80</mark>	24	Spink	7. <u>39</u>	<u>59.19</u>	NA
SDM-105	Main Line	15. <u>10</u>	24	Brown	59.19	<u>74.30</u>	NA
SDM-105	Main Line	22. <u>16</u>	24	Edmunds	74.30	<u>96.46</u>	NA
SDM-105	Main Line	12. <u>11</u>	24	McPherson	96 <u>.46</u>	108. <u>57</u>	NA
SDT-206	Trunk Line	14. <u>51</u>	6	Lake	0.00	14. <u>51</u>	NA
SDT-207	Trunk Line	23. <u>77</u>	6	Beadle	0.00	23. <u>77</u>	NA
SDT-208	Trunk Line	<u>12.84</u>	6	Codington	0.00	<u>12.84</u>	NA
SDT-208	Trunk Line	13. <u>17</u>	6	Hamlin	<u>12.84</u>	<u>26.00</u>	NA
SDT-208	Trunk Line	22.01	6	Clark	26 <u>.00</u>	48. <u>01</u>	NA
SDT-208	Trunk Line	2.54	8	Beadle	48. <u>01</u>	50. <u>56</u>	NA
SDT-209	Trunk Line	12. <u>41</u>	8	Spink	0.00	12. <u>41</u>	NA
SDT-210	Trunk Line	10. <u>13</u>	6	Brown	0.00	10. <u>13</u>	NA
SDT-210	Trunk Line	1.81	6	Edmunds	<u>10.13</u>	<u>11.94</u>	NA
Pump Stations							
Hartford	Pump Station	NA	NA	Minnehaha	<u>69.57</u>	<u>69.57</u>	SDM-104
Manchester (MPS-05)	Pump Station	NA	NA	Beadle	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>	SDM-105

	Table 2: Project Facilities in South Dakota							
	<b>ΕΔΟΙΙ ΙΤΧ</b>	LENGTH	NOMINAL		BEGINNING	END		
ID	TYPE <sup>1</sup>	(miles) <sup>2</sup>	(inches)	COUNTY	MILEPOST	MILEPOST	PIPELINE	
<u>Ashton</u> (MPS-06 )	Pump Station	NA	NA	Brown	<u>71.73</u>	<u>71.73</u>	SDM-105	
<u>Leola</u> (MPS-07)	Pump Station	NA	NA	McPherson	0.07	0.07	NDM-106	
Mainline Valves	1		1					
MLV-106-01*	MLV	NA	NA	McPherson	0. <u>12</u>	0. <u>12</u>	NDM-106	
<u>MLV-106-01-A</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>McPherson</u>	<u>9.45</u>	<u>9.45</u>	<u>NDM-106</u>	
MLV-106-02	MLV	NA	NA	McPherson	15. <u>26</u>	15. <u>26</u>	NDM-106	
MLV-211-09	MLV	NA	NA	Brown	89. <u>70</u>	89. <u>70</u>	NDT-211	
MLV-211-09-A	MLV	NA	NA	McPherson	103. <u>95</u>	103. <u>95</u>	NDT-211	
MLV-211-10*	MLV	NA	NA	McPherson	113 <u>.61</u>	113. <u>61</u>	NDT-211	
MLV-320-01*	MLV	NA	NA	Sully	0.00	0.00	SDL-320	
MLV-320-01-A	MLV	NA	NA	Sully	3. <u>59</u>	3. <u>59</u>	SDL-320	
MLV-320-02	MLV	NA	NA	Hyde	22. <mark>87</mark>	22. <u>87</u>	SDL-320	
MLV-320-03	MLV	NA	NA	Hand	42.63	42 <u>.63</u>	SDL-320	
MLV-320-04	MLV	NA	NA	Hand	61. <u>34</u>	61. <u>34</u>	SDL-320	
MLV-320-05*	MLV	NA	NA	Spink	80. <u>34</u>	80. <u>34</u>	<u>SDL</u> -320	
MLV-335-01*	MLV	NA	NA	Edmunds	0.00	0.00	SDL-335	
MLV-335-02*	MLV	NA	NA	Edmunds	0 <u>.41</u>	0. <u>41</u>	SDL-335	
MLV-336-01*	MLV	NA	NA	Spink	0.00	0.00	SDL-336	
MLV-336-02*	MLV	NA	NA	Spink	0.53	0.53	SDL-336	
MLV-104-06	MLV	NA	NA	Lincoln	<u>27.46</u>	<u>27.46</u>	SDM-104	
MLV-104-07	MLV	NA	NA	Lincoln	43 <u>.61</u>	43. <u>61</u>	SDM-104	
<u>MLV-104-07-A</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Lincoln</u>	<u>50.50</u>	<u>50.50</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	
MLV-104-08-B	MLV	NA	NA	Minnehaha	<u>62.02</u>	<u>62.02</u>	SDM-104	
MLV-104-08*	MLV	NA	NA	Minnehaha	<u>69.53</u>	<u>69.53</u>	SDM-104	
MLV-104-08-A*	MLV	NA	NA	Minnehaha	<u>69.61</u>	<u>69.61</u>	SDM-104	
MLV-104-09*	MLV	NA	NA	Lake	<u>85.56</u>	<u>85.56</u>	SDM-104	
<u>MLV-104-09-A</u>	MLV	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Lake</u>	<u>94.40</u>	<u>94.40</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	
MLV-104-10	MLV	NA	NA	Lake	<u>100.41</u>	<u>100.41</u>	SDM-104	
<u>MLV-104-10-A</u>	MLV	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Miner</u>	<u>113.55</u>	<u>113.55</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	
MLV-104-11	MLV	NA	NA	Kingsbury	118 <u>.84</u>	118. <u>84</u>	SDM-104	
<u>MLV-104-11-A</u>	<u>MLV</u>	NA	<u>NA</u>	<u>Kingsbury</u>	<u>130.83</u>	<u>130.83</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	

Table 2: Project Facilities in South Dakota							
			NOMINAL				
ID	FACILITY TYPE <sup>1</sup>	LENGTH (miles) <sup>2</sup>	DIAMETER (inches)	COUNTY	BEGINNING	END MILEPOST	ASSOCIATED
MLV-104-11-B*	<u>MLV</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Beadle</u>	<u>150.61</u>	<u>150.61</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>
MLV-104-12*	MLV	NA	NA	Beadle	<u>151.21</u>	<u>151.21</u>	SDM-104
MLV-104-13*	MLV	NA	NA	Beadle	0 <u>.06</u>	0. <u>06</u>	SDM-10 <u>5</u>
MLV-105-01-C	<u>MLV</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Spink</u>	<u>8.42</u>	<u>8.42</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>
MLV-105-01	MLV	NA	NA	Spink	<u>18.88</u>	<u>18.88</u>	SDM-105
<u>MLV-105-01-B</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Spink</u>	<u>27.27</u>	<u>27.27</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>
MLV-105-01-A*	MLV	NA	NA	Spink	35. <u>78</u>	35 <u>.78</u>	SDM-105
MLV-105-03	MLV	NA	NA	Spink	<u>51.32</u>	<u>51.32</u>	SDM-105
MLV-105-04	MLV	NA	NA	Spink	<u>53.32</u>	<u>53.32</u>	SDM-105
MLV-105-05	<u>MLV</u>	NA	NA	Brown	<u>62.70</u>	<u>62.70</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>
MLV-105-06	MLV	NA	NA	Brown	<u>65.58</u>	<u>65.58</u>	SDM-105
MLV-105-02*	MLV	NA	NA	Brown	<u>71.73</u>	<u>71.73</u>	SDM-105
MLV-105-07*	MLV	NA	NA	<u>Edmunds</u>	81.83	81.83	SDM-105
<u>MLV-105-08</u>	MLV	NA	NA	<u>Edmunds</u>	<u>88.24</u>	<u>88.24</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>
<u>MLV-105-08-A</u>	MLV	NA	NA	McPherson	101.07	101.07	<u>SDM-105</u>
MLV-105-09*	MLV	NA	NA	<u>McPherson</u>	108. <mark>56</mark>	108 <u>.56</u>	SDM-105
MLV-206-01*	MLV	NA	NA	Lake	0.00	0.00	SDT-206
MLV-206-02	MLV	NA	NA	Lake	2.95	2.95	SDT-206
MLV-206-03	MLV	NA	NA	Lake	4.65	4.65	SDT-206
MLV-206-04*	MLV	NA	NA	Lake	14. <u>50</u>	14 <u>.50</u>	SDT-206
MLV-207-01*	MLV	NA	NA	Beadle	0.00	0.00	SDT-207
<u>MLV-207-01-A</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Beadle</u>	<u>3.91</u>	<u>3.91</u>	<u>SDT-207</u>
MLV-207-02	MLV	NA	NA	Beadle	8. <u>97</u>	8. <u>97</u>	SDT-207
MLV-207-03	MLV	NA	NA	Beadle	12. <u>86</u>	12. <u>86</u>	SDT-207
MLV-207-04*	MLV	NA	NA	Beadle	23. <mark>73</mark>	23. <u>73</u>	SDT-207
MLV-208-01*	MLV	NA	NA	Codington	0.00	0.00	SDT-208
<u>MLV-208-01-C</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Codington</u>	<u>8.54</u>	<u>8.54</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>
MLV-208-01-A	MLV	NA	NA	<u>Hamlin</u>	<u>13.38</u>	<u>13.38</u>	SDT-208
MLV-208-01-B	<u>MLV</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Hamlin</u>	<u>21.13</u>	<u>21.13</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>
MLV-208-02-A	MLV	NA	NA	Clark	27. <u>47</u>	27 <u>.47</u>	SDT-208
MLV-208-03	MLV	NA	NA	Clark	<u>40.79</u>	<u>40.79</u>	SDT-208
MLV-208-04*	MLV	NA	NA	Beadle	50. <u>54</u>	50. <u>54</u>	SDT-208

Table 2: Project Facilities in South Dakota							
ID	FACILITY TYPE <sup>1</sup>	LENGTH (miles) <sup>2</sup>	NOMINAL DIAMETER (inches)	COUNTY	BEGINNING MILEPOST	END MILEPOST	ASSOCIATED PIPELINE
MLV-209-01	MLV	NA	NA	Spink	1.75	1.75	SDT-209
MLV-209-02*	MLV	NA	NA	Spink	12.40	12.40	SDT-209
MLV-210-01*	MLV	NA	NA	Brown	0.00	0.00	SDT-210
<u>MLV-210-01-A</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Brown</u>	<u>7.04</u>	<u>7.04</u>	<u>SDT-210</u>
MLV-210-02*	MLV	NA	NA	Edmunds	<u>11.91</u>	<u>11.91</u>	SDT-210
Launcher-Receive	ers Sites						
PLR-01	Launcher- Receiver	NA	NA	Edmunds	<u>11.93</u>	<u>11.93</u>	SDT-210
PLR-02	Launcher- Receiver	NA	NA	Spink	12. <u>41</u>	12. <u>41</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>
PLR-04	Launcher- Receiver	NA	NA	Beadle	<u>150.63</u>	<u>150.63</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>
PLR-05	Launcher- Receiver	NA	NA	Lake	<u>85.56</u>	<u>85.56</u>	SDM-104
PLR-15	Launcher- Receiver	NA	NA	Edmunds	0. <u>41</u>	0. <u>41</u>	SDL-335
PLR-20	Launcher- Receiver	NA	NA	Spink	<u>0.54</u>	<u>0.54</u>	SDL- <u>336</u>
<u>DELW-LR</u>	<u>Launcher-</u> <u>Receiver</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Lake</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>
<u>GLEA-LR</u>	<u>Launcher-</u> <u>Receiver</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Brown</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>SDT-210</u>
<u>GLEH-LR</u>	<u>Launcher-</u> <u>Receiver</u>	NA	<u>NA</u>	<u>Beadle</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>SDT-207</u>
<u>GLEM-LR</u>	<u>Launcher-</u> <u>Receiver</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Edmunds</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>SDL-335</u>
<u>GLEW-LR</u>	<u>Launcher-</u> <u>Receiver</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Codington</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>
<u>REFO-LR</u>	<u>Launcher-</u> <u>Receiver</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Sully</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>
<u>RFER-LR</u>	<u>Launcher-</u> <u>Receiver</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>Spink</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>SDL-336</u>

There are <u>44</u> temporary access roads for construction and <u>58</u> permanent access roads for operation totaling <u>8.39</u> miles.

 $^{1}$  <u>M</u>ain lines are pipelines that carry CO<sub>2</sub> from trunk lines to the sequestration facility.

Trunk lines are pipelines that carry CO<sub>2</sub> from ethanol plants to mainlines or from lateral pipelines to the mainline.

Laterals are pipelines that carry CO<sub>2</sub> from ethanol plants to trunklines.

<sup>2</sup> Lengths are rounded for presentation purposes.

\*Indicates valves located within pump stations, launcher/receivers, or capture facilities.

Table 3: Land Requirements for the Project (Acres)						
FACILITY	CONSTRUCTION <sup>1</sup>	OPERATIONS <sup>2</sup>				
Pipelines	<u>5,873.4</u>	<u>2,890.1</u>				
Pump Stations	<u>8.9</u>	<u>8.9</u>				
MLVs	<u>2.3</u>	<u>2.3</u>				
Launcher-Receivers	<u>3.1</u>	<u>3.1</u>				
Access Roads	<u>29.9</u>	<u>11.7</u>				
ATWS	<u>523.6</u>	<u>0.00</u>				
TOTAL	<u>6,441.2</u>	<u>2,916.1</u>				
Notes:						
<sup>1</sup> Acreage for construction includes both construction (temporary) and operations (permanent) footprint.						
<sup>2</sup> Acreage for operations includes only permanent footprint.						

Table 4: Collocation of Pipelines in South Dakota						
ROUTE	PIPELINE LENGTH (miles)	COLLOCATION LENGTH (miles)	PERCENT COLLOCATED			
SDL-320	80.34	3.20	3.98%			
SDL-335	0.43	0.15	34.74%			
SDL-336	0.54	0.00	0.00%			
NDT-211	24.96	2.18	8.72%			
SDT-206	14.51	1.78	12.25%			
SDT-207	23.77	2.65	11.14%			
SDT-208	50.56	27.35	54.10%			
SDT-209	12.41	0.27	2.21%			
SDT-210	11.94	4.26	35.71%			
SDM-104	124.06	60.95	49.12%			
SDM-105	108.57	8.23	7.58%			
NDM-106	26.14	5.45	21.87%			
ALL PIPELINES	478.23	116.47	24.35%			

Table 5: Route Variance Log <sup>1</sup>						
ROUTE ID	MILEPOST START	MILEPOST STOP	LENGTH CHANGE (+/- IN FT)	REASON FOR CHANGE		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>0.09</u>	<u>0.39</u>	<u>203.1</u>	Avoidance of landowner's property		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>0.58</u>	<u>2.02</u>	<u>169.3</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources and wetlands. Adjustment of route to HDD under sensitive resources		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>2.36</u>	<u>2.85</u>	<u>-27.6</u>	Adjusted route to remain in survey corridor		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>5.66</u>	<u>5.77</u>	<u>10.8</u>	Adjusted route for road crossing		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>7.24</u>	<u>8.30</u>	<u>-368.3</u>	Adjustment of route to HDD under sensitive resources		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>8.72</u>	<u>8.99</u>	<u>66.0</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources. Relocated temporary workspace.		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>9.45</u>	<u>9.45</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Addition of MLV 106-01-A to protect Long Lake Other Populated Area (OPA)		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>9.86</u>	<u>10.30</u>	<u>14.9</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources. Modification to flatten PIs		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>10.81</u>	<u>11.75</u>	<u>1,028.4</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources and protected wetlands		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>11.89</u>	<u>12.29</u>	<u>33.6</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>15.29</u>	<u>16.46</u>	<u>435.2</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources and undisturbed areas		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>17.13</u>	<u>17.84</u>	<u>358.0</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources and protected wetlands		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>20.73</u>	<u>21.90</u>	<u>-2.7</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources and adjustment for HDD crossing		
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>22.23</u>	<u>22.55</u>	<u>71.3</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources		
<u>NDT-211</u>	<u>104.75</u>	<u>105.06</u>	<u>101.7</u>	Addition of bore to avoid sensitive resources		
<u>NDT-211</u>	<u>105.28</u>	<u>106.20</u>	<u>499.0</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources and protected wetlands. Engineering modifications to better pipeline route.		
<u>NDT-211</u>	<u>106.27</u>	<u>107.38</u>	<u>22.4</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources		
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>42.57</u>	<u>42.60</u>	<u>8.6</u>	Modification to remove workspace from within the roadside fence		
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>45.37</u>	<u>45.68</u>	<u>1.4</u>	Moved centerline away from existing pipeline		
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>46.26</u>	<u>46.32</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Addition of HDD to avoid impacts to waterline		

Table 5: Route Variance Log <sup>1</sup>							
ROUTE ID	MILEPOST START	MILEPOST STOP	LENGTH CHANGE (+/- IN FT)	REASON FOR CHANGE			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>46.66</u>	<u>46.86</u>	<u>-0.5</u>	Moved centerline away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>48.86</u>	<u>49.12</u>	<u>-21.8</u>	Moved centerline away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>50.50</u>	<u>50.50</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Addition of MLV MLB-104-07-A to protect OPAs near Sioux Falls			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>51.99</u>	<u>52.13</u>	<u>13.0</u>	Engineering modification to better the crossing angle			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>53.55</u>	<u>54.12</u>	<u>0.9</u>	Moved centerline away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>56.09</u>	<u>56.35</u>	<u>1.1</u>	Moved workspace away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>58.90</u>	<u>59.00</u>	<u>33.9</u>	Adjust temporary workspace. Engineering modification to revise crossing angle.			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>59.65</u>	<u>59.85</u>	<u>9.7</u>	Moved centerline and workspace away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>62.91</u>	<u>63.58</u>	<u>-12.4</u>	Engineering modification to straighten pipeline and remove a PI.			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>64.22</u>	<u>64.56</u>	<u>-23.1</u>	Engineering modification to straighten pipeline.			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>65.95</u>	<u>66.33</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Workspace modification to avoid impacts to wetland.			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>68.45</u>	<u>68.48</u>	<u>10.6</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>74.61</u>	<u>74.76</u>	<u>38.3</u>	Engineering modification to adjust crossing angle			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>76.83</u>	<u>77.56</u>	<u>2.0</u>	Adjust temporary workspace to avoid impacts to wetlands			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>83.64</u>	<u>83.99</u>	<u>0.5</u>	Moved workspace away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>85.55</u>	<u>85.58</u>	<u>-0.1</u>	Addition of additional temporary workspace for road crossing			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>91.16</u>	<u>92.46</u>	<u>-0.8</u>	Moved centerline away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>94.40</u>	<u>94.40</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Addition of MLV-104-09-A to protect Winfred OPA			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>95.36</u>	<u>95.48</u>	<u>42.1</u>	Moved workspace away from existing pipeline. Engineering modification to revise crossing angle			

Table 5: Route Variance Log <sup>1</sup>							
ROUTE ID	MILEPOST START	MILEPOST STOP	LENGTH CHANGE (+/- IN FT)	REASON FOR CHANGE			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>107.15</u>	<u>107.47</u>	<u>15.2</u>	Engineering modification to revise crossing angle			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>109.01</u>	<u>109.35</u>	<u>8.0</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>112.73</u>	<u>112.82</u>	<u>14.7</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>113.55</u>	<u>113.55</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Addition of MLV-104-10-A to protect Colony OPA			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>124.75</u>	<u>124.98</u>	<u>-1.2</u>	Moved centerline and workspace away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>125.35</u>	<u>125.38</u>	<u>5.2</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>126.65</u>	<u>126.85</u>	<u>-3.3</u>	Moved centerline and workspace away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>127.01</u>	<u>127.19</u>	<u>11.6</u>	Moved centerline and workspace away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>127.41</u>	<u>128.22</u>	<u>4.1</u>	Moved centerline and workspace away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>129.48</u>	<u>129.76</u>	<u>0.3</u>	Moved centerline and workspace away from existing pipeline			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>134.68</u>	<u>134.71</u>	<u>1.5</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>138.04</u>	<u>138.10</u>	<u>3.0</u>	Engineering modification to better road crossing angle			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>143.17</u>	<u>143.18</u>	<u>7.4</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>144.93</u>	<u>144.97</u>	<u>19.3</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>145.87</u>	<u>147.13</u>	<u>9.5</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>150.61</u>	<u>150.65</u>	<u>32.2</u>	Route modifications within the launcher/receiver facility to accommodate the new MLV			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>8.42</u>	<u>8.42</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Addition of MLV-105-01-C to protect OPA			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>10.16</u>	<u>10.30</u>	<u>22.1</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>22.85</u>	<u>22.98</u>	<u>18.3</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>27.27</u>	<u>27.27</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Addition of MLV-105-01-B to protect Camrose Colony OPA			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>36.49</u>	<u>36.52</u>	<u>2.8</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>36.54</u>	<u>36.57</u>	<u>0.9</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>37.35</u>	<u>37.44</u>	<u>11.4</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>41.05</u>	<u>41.12</u>	<u>5.7</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing			

Table 5: Route Variance Log <sup>1</sup>						
ROUTE ID	MILEPOST START	MILEPOST STOP	LENGTH CHANGE (+/- IN FT)	REASON FOR CHANGE		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>42.28</u>	<u>42.45</u>	<u>89.4</u>	Avoidance of sensitive resources		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>43.09</u>	<u>43.51</u>	<u>-4.0</u>	Engineering modification to straighten centerline and avoid a power pole		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>51.33</u>	<u>53.36</u>	<u>-104.1</u>	Avoidance of impacts to sensitive features		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>53.67</u>	<u>53.74</u>	<u>4.4</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>58.19</u>	<u>58.26</u>	<u>4.6</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>60.64</u>	<u>62.06</u>	<u>-810.7</u>	Reduction of route length		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>63.57</u>	<u>63.63</u>	<u>0.7</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>66.69</u>	<u>67.25</u>	<u>23.0</u>	Modification to flatten PIs		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>71.63</u>	<u>71.79</u>	<u>1.8</u>	Modification to accommodate pump station layout		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>75.87</u>	<u>75.89</u>	<u>0.5</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>78.18</u>	<u>78.28</u>	<u>3.4</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>84.06</u>	<u>84.20</u>	<u>5.1</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>87.80</u>	<u>88.22</u>	<u>-52.6</u>	Adjustment to centerline to be within survey corridors		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>94.32</u>	<u>94.36</u>	<u>18.2</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>99.55</u>	<u>99.66</u>	<u>17.7</u>	Adjustment for bore crossing		
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>101.07</u>	<u>101.07</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Addition of MLV-105-08-A to protect potential future OPA Deerfield Colony		
<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>14.49</u>	<u>14.51</u>	<u>68.9</u>	Adjustment of pipeline due to launcher/receive facility modifications		
<u>SDT-207</u>	<u>3.91</u>	<u>3.91</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Addition of MLV-207-01-A to protect Huron OPA		
<u>SDT-207</u>	<u>4.62</u>	<u>5.53</u>	<u>463.6</u>	Modification of centerline due to landowner request		
<u>SDT-207</u>	<u>9.65</u>	<u>10.63</u>	<u>1.4</u>	Adjustment of workspace to avoid impacts to protected wetland		
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>0.03</u>	<u>0.27</u>	<u>-0.1</u>	Adjustment of centerline due to modifications of launcher/receiver <u>facility</u>		
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>8.54</u>	<u>8.54</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Addition of MLV-208-01-C to protect Watertown OPA		
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>14.53</u>	<u>14.64</u>	<u>20.3</u>	Addition of temporary workspace		

Table 5: Route Variance Log <sup>1</sup>									
ROUTE ID	MILEPOST START	MILEPOST STOP	LENGTH CHANGE (+/- IN FT)	REASON FOR CHANGE					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>14.84</u>	<u>15.03</u>	<u>6.3</u>	Moved centerline away from existing pipeline. Addition of neckdown at wetland crossing and additional temporary workspace adjacent to wetland					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>19.66</u>	<u>19.84</u>	<u>-1.7</u>	Moved centerline away from existing pipeline.					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>21.13</u>	<u>21.13</u>	<u>0.0</u>	Addition of MLV-208-01-B to protect OPAs					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>26.91</u>	<u>27.07</u>	<u>-1.2</u>	Moved centerline away from existing pipeline.					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>29.48</u>	<u>29.72</u>	<u>-13.6</u>	Engineering modification to straighten centerline across existing pipeline					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>30.21</u>	<u>30.56</u>	<u>3.5</u>	Moved centerline and workspace away from existing pipeline.					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>30.96</u>	<u>31.06</u>	<u>-5.7</u>	Moved centerline away from road intersection and temporary workspace away from existing pipeline.					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>31.13</u>	<u>31.51</u>	<u>-2.6</u>	Moved centerline away from intersection and moved to collocate with existing pipeline					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>39.00</u>	<u>39.35</u>	<u>-1.9</u>	Moved centerline and workspace away from existing pipeline.					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>39.65</u>	<u>41.54</u>	<u>1.0</u>	Moved centerline away from existing pipeline.					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>50.11</u>	<u>50.56</u>	<u>38.7</u>	Modification to flatten PIs					
<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>3.39</u>	<u>3.83</u>	<u>12.7</u>	Modification to flatten PIs					
$\frac{1 \text{ Variances between fil}}{2 \text{ MLV} - \text{ Mainline Valve}}$	ed route on May 2, 20 ; HDD – Horizontal Dire	<u>23 and current route</u> ectional Drill; OPA – O	as of August 23, 20 ther Populated Are	1 <u>23.</u> ea; PI – Point of Inflection					

Table 6: Potential Soil Hazards Summary Table										
SOIL CHARACTERISTIC	CONSTRUC	CTION FOOTPR	INT (Acres)	OPERATIONS FOOTPRINT (Acres)						
	PIPELINE	ABOVE GROUND FACILITIES	ACCESS ROADS	PIPELINE	ABOVE GROUND FACILITIES	ACCESS ROADS				
Prime Farmland	<u>1,453.8</u>	<u>1.3</u>	<u>7.0</u>	<u>648.1</u>	<u>1.3</u>	<u>3.3</u>				
Farmland of Statewide Importance	<u>1,703.1</u>	<u>9.7</u>	<u>2.4</u>	<u>759.9</u>	<u>9.7</u>	<u>1.0</u>				
Prime Farmland if Irrigated or Drained	<u>1,246.2</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>5.9</u>	<u>562.3</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>2.5</u>				
Hydric	<u>338.4</u>	<u>0.3</u>	2.6	<u>169.9</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>1.7</u>				
Saline	<u>131.7</u>	0.1	<u>1.2</u>	<u>65.8</u>	0.1	<u>0.6</u>				
Sodic	<u>76.3</u>	0.0	<u>0.5</u>	<u>36.1</u>	0.0	0.0				
Shallow Bedrock/ Restrictive Layer	<u>9.0</u>	0.0	0.0	<u>4.1</u>	0.0	0.0				
Poor Revegetation Potential	<u>987.0</u>	<u>1.5</u>	9.0	<u>462.4</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>3.4</u>				
Severe Wind Erosion	<u>26.5</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>13.9</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>				
Severe Water Erosion	<u>2,389.8</u>	<u>2.1</u>	<u>9.2</u>	<u>1,079.6</u>	<u>2.1</u>	<u>4.1</u>				
Notes:										

<sup>1</sup> Acres are rounded up for presentation purposes.

<sup>2</sup> Construction footprint includes impacts from both construction and operation.

Table 7: Areas of Soils in the Project Area with High Susceptibility to Water Erosion								
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>₄</sup> (acres)		
Aberdeen-Nahon silt loams, till substratum, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>125.6</u>	<u>0.3</u>		
<u>Aberdeen-Nahon silty clay</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDL-336</u>	=	=	<u>1.4</u>		
<u>Aberdeen-Nahon silty clay</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.02</u>		
<u>Aberdeen-Nahon silty clay</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	=	=	<u>0.2</u>		
<u>Aberdeen-Nahon silty clay</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	Launcher/ Receiver	<u>SDL-320</u>	=	=	<u>0.01</u>		
<u>Aberdeen-Nahon silty clay</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.1</u>		
<u>Aberdeen-Nahon silty clay</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-336</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,113.8</u>	<u>2.7</u>		
<u>Aberdeen-Nahon silty clay</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>32, 33, 34, 35 36,</u> <u>38, 39 41, 42, 46,</u> <u>48, 49 54, 55, 61,</u> <u>62, 63, 64, 65</u>	<u>22,101.9</u>	<u>59.0</u>		
Aberdeen-Nahon silty clay loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>0, 11, 12</u>	<u>2,669.9</u>	<u>5.5</u>		
Aberdeen-Nahon-Hiel silt loams, till substratum, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>277.0</u>	<u>0.9</u>		
Alcester silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>187.1</u>	<u>0.3</u>		
Alcester silty clay loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>32.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>		
Alcester silty clay loam, cool, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>250.3</u>	<u>0.8</u>		
Badger-Tonka silty clay loams, coteau, 0 to 1 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>189.1</u>	<u>0.5</u>		

Table 7: Areas of Soils in the Project Area with High Susceptibility to Water Erosion								
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>₄</sup> (acres)		
<u>Badus silty clay loam</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	=	=	<u>0.9</u>		
Badus silty clay loam	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>85, 89</u>	<u>1,257.8</u>	<u>3.2</u>		
Badus silty clay loam	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>2, 12, 14</u>	<u>2,137.2</u>	<u>4.3</u>		
Bearden silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>50, 51</u>	<u>1,344.6</u>	<u>4.1</u>		
Bearden silt loam, saline, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>63, 54</u>	<u>335.7</u>	<u>1.1</u>		
Bearden-Huffton silt loams, <u>1 to 6 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>269.9</u>	<u>1.3</u>		
<u>Bearden-Tonka, silty</u> <u>substratum silt loams, 0 to</u> <u>2 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>904.6</u>	<u>3.0</u>		
Beotia silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>52, 57, 59, 60, 61</u>	<u>5,859.3</u>	<u>14.4</u>		
<u>Beotia silt loam, 0 to 2</u> percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>834.4</u>	<u>1.9</u>		
<u>Beotia-Rondell silt loams, 0</u> <u>to 2 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>60, 61</u>	<u>806.5</u>	<u>2.7</u>		
Beotia-Winship silt loams, O to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>50, 54, 58, 60, 61,</u> <u>63</u>	<u>1,758.9</u>	<u>5.0</u>		
<u>Beotia-Winship silt loams,</u> <u>0 to 2 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>1, 2, 9, 11</u>	<u>1040.1</u>	<u>2.3</u>		
<u>Beotia-Winship silt loams,</u> <u>till substratum, 0 to 2</u> <u>percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>207.9</u>	<u>0.5</u>		
<u>Bon-Northville complex,</u> <u>nearly level</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>51, 65</u>	<u>414.6</u>	<u>2.0</u>		
Brookings silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>2, 3</u>	<u>297.9</u>	<u>0.9</u>		
<u>Bryant silt loam, 2 to 6</u> percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>74, 75, 92, 95</u>	<u>3,454.3</u>	<u>9.0</u>		
Bryant silt loam, 6 to 9 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>74, 75, 95</u>	<u>559.6</u>	<u>1.8</u>		
<u>Chancellor-Viborg silty clay</u> <u>loams</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	=	=	<u>0.02</u>		
<u>Chancellor-Viborg silty clay</u> <u>loams</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>29, 30, 31, 34, 43,</u> <u>44</u>	<u>2,262.4</u>	<u>6.3</u>		

Table 7: Areas of Soils in the Project Area with High Susceptibility to Water Erosion								
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA ⁴ (acres)		
<u>Chancellor-Wakonda-</u> <u>Tetonka complex</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>36, 37, 42</u>	<u>2,363.0</u>	<u>6.0</u>		
<u>Colvin-Oldham silty clay</u> <u>loams</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>16, 21</u>	<u>890.4</u>	<u>1.5</u>		
Cubden silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>8, 9, 34</u>	<u>1,320.1</u>	<u>3.0</u>		
<u>Cubden-Badger silty clay</u> <u>loams, coteau, 0 to 2</u> <u>percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>7, 9, 15, 16, 18,</u> <u>19, 20, 21, 22, 25,</u> <u>26, 30, 35</u>	<u>9,110.1</u>	<u>20.7</u>		
<u>Cubden-Tonka silty clay</u> <u>loams, coteau, 0 to 2</u> <u>percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	=	=	<u>0.08</u>		
<u>Cubden-Tonka silty clay</u> loams, coteau, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	=	=	<u>0.06</u>		
<u>Cubden-Tonka silty clay</u> <u>loams, coteau, 0 to 2</u> <u>percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>10, 11, 12, 13, 14,</u> <u>15, 16, 18, 22, 13,</u> <u>14, 17, 19, 32, 33,</u> <u>36, 37, 38</u>	<u>14,744.1</u>	<u>32.9</u>		
Daglum-Rhoades loams, 0 to 6 percent slopes, shaly	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>8, 9</u>	<u>1,331.0</u>	<u>3.0</u>		
Dempster silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>			<u>0.02</u>		
Dempster silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	=	Ξ	<u>0.7</u>		
Dempster silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	MLV	<u>SDM-104</u>	=	=	<u>0.06</u>		
Dempster silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>750.0</u>	<u>2.4</u>		
Dempster silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>4, 6, 9</u>	<u>4,298.9</u>	<u>11.4</u>		
Dempster silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>1,352.2</u>	<u>2.8</u>		
<u>Dempster silt loam, 2 to 6</u> percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>4, 5</u>	<u>1,984.8</u>	<u>4.3</u>		
<u>Dempster-Delmont</u> complex, 6 to 9 percent <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>4, 5</u>	<u>477.1</u>	<u>1.2</u>		

Table 7: Area	s of Soils	in the Project	: Area with H	igh Susceptibility to V	Vater Erosion	
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>₄</sup> (acres)
Dempster-Graceville silty clay loams, 1 to 5 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>357.6</u>	<u>0.9</u>
Dovecreek silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>432.9</u>	<u>1.2</u>
Dovecreek-Fluvaquents channeled, complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes, flooded	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>1,236.0</u>	<u>4.1</u>
Dudley-Jerauld silt loams, O to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>54, 55, 67, 69</u>	<u>14,121.6</u>	<u>5.4</u>
Dudley-Jerauld silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>143, 144</u>	<u>3,083.6</u>	<u>8.8</u>
<u>Dudley-Jerauld silt loams, 0</u> to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>8, 9, 10</u>	<u>6,795.2</u>	<u>17.8</u>
<u>Dudley-Jerauld silt loams, 0</u> to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-207</u>	<u>Z</u>	<u>1,553.5</u>	<u>3.4</u>
Dudley-Jerauld silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>46, 47</u>	<u>1,621.2</u>	<u>4.3</u>
Durrstein silty clay loam, nearly level	0.4 <u>3</u>	Pipeline	SDL-320	58, 59, 61, 64, <u>65</u>	<u>3,821.6</u>	6.6
Durrstein and Egas soils	0.49	Pipeline	SDL-320	18	<u>835.6</u>	1.4
Eakin-Raber complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	=	=	<u>0.08</u>
Eakin-Raber complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Launcher/</u> <u>Receiver</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	=	=	<u>0.04</u>
Eakin-Raber complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	=	Ξ	<u>0.06</u>
Eakin-Raber complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>0, 1, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10,</u> <u>11, 12, 13, 14, 15</u>	<u>8,390.6</u>	<u>40.6</u>
Eakin-Raber complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,</u> <u>8, 10, 11, 14, 15</u>	<u>8,430.4</u>	<u>40.2</u>
Eckman-Zell very fine sandy loams, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.3</u>
Eckman-Zell very fine sandy loams, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>1.2</u>
Egan silty clay loam, 3 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>28, 29, 30, 32, 25,</u> <u>42, 43, 45, 46, 47</u>	<u>8,691.5</u>	<u>22.8</u>

Table 7: Area	s of Soils	in the Project	Table 7: Areas of Soils in the Project Area with High Susceptibility to Water Erosion								
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA ⁴ (acres)					
Egan silty clay loam, 6 to 11 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>88, 91, 93, 94, 95</u>	<u>3,281.0</u>	<u>8.2</u>					
Egan silty clay loam, 6 to 11 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>483.5</u>	<u>1.1</u>					
Egan-Beadle complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>1,060.1</u>	<u>2.7</u>					
Egan-Beadle complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	=	=	<u>0.05</u>					
Egan-Beadle complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>84, 85, 86, 88, 89,</u> <u>90, 91, 92, 93, 94</u> <u>95</u>	<u>9,090.6</u>	<u>24.7</u>					
Egan-Beadle complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>2, 3, 9, 10, 12, 13</u> <u>14</u>	<u>8,852.9</u>	<u>20.8</u>					
Egan-Beadle complex, 6 to 9 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>88, 89, 90, 92, 93,</u> <u>94, 95</u>	<u>3,755.0</u>	<u>10.1</u>					
Egan-Beadle complex, 6 to 9 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>3, 14</u>	<u>904.7</u>	<u>1.9</u>					
<u>Egan-Chancellor silty clay</u> <u>loams, 0 to 4 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>34, 37, 39, 42</u>	<u>4,860.0</u>	<u>12.7</u>					
Egan-Ethan complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>51, 53, 65, 67, 72,</u> <u>78, 83, 84</u>	<u>11,958.4</u>	<u>33.5</u>					
Egan-Ethan complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>1, 2</u>	<u>1,008.5</u>	<u>2.6</u>					
Egan-Ethan complex, 5 to 9 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>81, 82, 83</u>	<u>3,272.2</u>	<u>8.4</u>					
Egan-Ethan complex, 6 to 9 percent slopes, eroded	<u>0.43</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	=	=	<u>0.004</u>					
Egan-Ethan complex, 6 to 9 percent slopes, eroded	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>94, 85, 86, 87, 90,</u> <u>92, 93, 94, 95, 96</u>	<u>5,243.3</u>	<u>14.3</u>					
Egan-Ethan complex, 6 to 9 percent slopes, eroded	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>0, 1, 2, 3, 8, 9 13,</u> <u>14</u>	<u>6,234.3</u>	<u>14.6</u>					
Egan-Ethan-Trent complex, <u>1 to 6 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>			<u>0.01</u>					
Egan-Ethan-Trent complex, <u>1 to 6 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	=		<u>0.06</u>					

Table 7: Areas of Soils in the Project Area with High Susceptibility to Water Erosion								
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA ⁴ (acres)		
Egan-Ethan-Trent complex, <u>1 to 6 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 79, 80, <u>81</u>	<u>55,230.7</u>	<u>152.6</u>		
Egan-Shindler complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>29, 44, 45, 47, 48,</u> <u>49, 50</u>	<u>10,518.7</u>	<u>30.7</u>		
Egan-Shindler complex, 6 to 9 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>30, 44, 48, 49, 50</u>	<u>2,917.6</u>	<u>9.6</u>		
Egan-Trent silty clay loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>56, 66, 74</u>	<u>2,442.1</u>	<u>5.6</u>		
<u>Egan-Viborg silty clay</u> loams, 0 to 3 percent <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>84, 85, 86</u>	<u>2,750.6</u>	<u>6.6</u>		
Egan-Viborg silty clay loams, 0 to 3 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>7, 11, 13</u>	<u>5,961.4</u>	<u>14.2</u>		
Egan-Wentworth complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	=	=	<u>0.03</u>		
Egan-Wentworth complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	=	=	<u>0.05</u>		
Egan-Wentworth complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>384.2</u>	<u>1.1</u>		
Egan-Wentworth complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	=	=	<u>0.01</u>		
Egan-Wentworth complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Launcher/</u> <u>Receiver</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	=	Ξ	<u>0.5</u>		
Egan-Wentworth complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>52, 53, 84, 85, 86,</u> <u>87, 88, 90, 91, 92,</u> <u>93, 94, 95</u>	<u>17,529.5</u>	<u>48.4</u>		
Egan-Wentworth complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10,</u> <u>11, 12, 13, 14</u>	<u>12,220.6</u>	<u>28.0</u>		
Egan-Wentworth-Trent complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	=		<u>0.03</u>		
Egan-Wentworth-Trent complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>54, 57, 65, 66, 68,</u> <u>70, 73, 74, 75, 78</u>	<u>9,346.6</u>	<u>25.5</u>		

Table 7: Areas of Soils in the Project Area with High Susceptibility to Water Erosion									
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA ⁴ (acres)			
Egan-Worthing complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>1,070.9</u>	<u>2.7</u>			
<u>Estelline-Kampeska silt</u> <u>loams, 2 to 6 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>637.2</u>	<u>1.6</u>			
Exline-Aberdeen-Nahon silt loams, 0-2 % slopes	0.43	Pipeline	SDL-320	79, 80	<u>3,281.8</u>	8.1			
Exline-Aberdeen-Nahon silt loams, 0-2 % slopes	0.43	Pipeline	SDM-105	35, <u>36, 46</u> , 63, 64, 65	<u>1,692.8</u>	<u>4.8</u>			
Exline-Aberdeen-Nahon silt loams, 0-2 % slopes	0.43	Pipeline	SDT-209	4	<u>2,897.1</u>	<u>6.8</u>			
Exline-Aberdeen-Nahon silt loams, till substratum, 0- 2 % slopes	0.43	Pipeline	SDT-209	7, 8, 9	<u>7,224.7</u>	<u>16.6</u>			
Exline-Aberdeen-Nahon silt loams, till substratum, 0- 2 % slopes	0.43	Pipeline	SDL-320	<u>79,</u> 80	<u>317.8</u>	0.9			
Exline-Heil silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>78, 89</u>	<u>814.2</u>	<u>2.3</u>			
Exline-Heil silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>1,282.5</u>	<u>3.4</u>			
Exline-Heil silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>698.0</u>	<u>1.8</u>			
Exline-Heil silt loams, till substratum, 0-2 % slopes	0.49	Pipeline	SDT-209	7	<u>173.9</u>	<u>0.8</u>			
Exline-Putney silt loams, 1- 6 % slopes	0.49	Pipeline	SDM-105	62, 63, 64 <u>, 65</u>	<u>4,095.4</u>	10.8			
Forestburg-Doger loamy fine sands, 0 to 3 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	SDT-207	4, 6	<u>2,874.3</u>	<u>6.3</u>			
<u>Gardena-Glyndon silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>		=	<u>0.2</u>			
<u>Gardena-Glyndon silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.5</u>			
<u>Graceville silty clay loam, 0</u> to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>28, 50</u>	<u>2,561.2</u>	<u>7.3</u>			

Table 7: Areas of Soils in the Project Area with High Susceptibility to Water Erosion								
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>₄</sup> (acres)		
<u>Graceville silty clay loam, 0</u> to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>5, 8</u>	<u>1,501.8</u>	<u>3.7</u>		
<u>Grassna silt loam, 0 to 2</u> percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>NDM-</u> <u>106</u>	<u>9, 25</u>	<u>1,656.4</u>	<u>4.2</u>		
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDL-336</u>	=	=	<u>0.6</u>		
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.5</u>		
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	=		<u>0.02</u>		
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Launcher/</u> <u>Receiver</u>	<u>SDL-336</u>	=		<u>0.04</u>		
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.06</u>		
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	=		<u>0.06</u>		
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-336</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>155.4</u>	<u>0.2</u>		
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	29, 30, 31, 34, 35, 39, 41, 50, 51, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, <u>60, 61</u>	<u>36,554.7</u>	<u>96.1</u>		
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>1, 2, 3, 9, 10</u>	<u>8,620.4</u>	<u>19.8</u>		
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 2 to 6 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDL-336</u>	=		<u>0.2</u>		
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 2 to 6 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>35, 39, 40, 58, 59</u>	<u>1,598.2</u>	<u>4.5</u>		

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SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>₄</sup> (acres)			
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> <u>loams, 2 to 6 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>609.4</u>	<u>1.6</u>			
<u>Great Bend-Beotia silt</u> loams, till substratum, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>1,412.2</u>	<u>3.9</u>			
<u>Great Bend-Putney silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>32, 35, 49, 59, 63</u>	<u>2,006.1</u>	<u>5.5</u>			
<u>Great Bend-Putney silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>64.1</u>	<u>0.3</u>			
<u>Great Bend-Zell silt loams,</u> 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.01</u>			
<u>Great Bend-Zell silt loams,</u> <u>2 to 6 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.06</u>			
<u>Great Bend-Zell silt loams,</u> <u>2 to 6 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>41, 53, 54, 55, 57</u>	<u>3.254.9</u>	<u>9.3</u>			
<u>Great Bend-Zell silt loams,</u> <u>2 to 6 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>810.1</u>	<u>1.9</u>			
<u>Great Bend-Zell silt loams,</u> <u>6 to 9 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.4</u>			
<u>Great Bend-Zell silt loams,</u> <u>6 to 9 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>52, 58</u>	<u>1,962.0</u>	<u>8.1</u>			
<u>Great Bend-Zell silt loams,</u> <u>6 to 9 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>1, 2, 3, 9, 10</u>	<u>5,454.5</u>	<u>13.4</u>			
<u>Harmony-Aberdeen silt</u> <u>loams, till substratum, 0 to</u> <u>2 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.02</u>			
<u>Harmony-Aberdeen silt</u> <u>loams, till substratum, 0 to</u> <u>2 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>		=	<u>0.06</u>			
<u>Harmony-Aberdeen silt</u> <u>loams, till substratum, 0 to</u> <u>2 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>25, 27</u>	<u>8,919.4</u>	<u>22.8</u>			

Table 7: Areas of Soils in the Project Area with High Susceptibility to Water Erosion									
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA ⁴ (acres)			
<u>Harmony-Aberdeen silty</u> <u>clay loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	32, 33, 34, 36, 39, 41, 42, 43, 48, 55, 56, 59, 60, 61, 62, <u>63</u>	<u>23,392.1</u>	<u>64.3</u>			
<u>Harmony-Aberdeen silty</u> <u>clay loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>4, 6, 7, 12</u>	<u>4,618.4</u>	<u>10.5</u>			
<u>Harmony-Beotia silt loams,</u> <u>0 to 2 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>32, 34, 37, 38, 39,</u> <u>41, 49, 50, 54, 56,</u> <u>58, 59</u>	<u>20,837.6</u>	<u>54.0</u>			
<u>Harmony-Beotia silt loams,</u> <u>0 to 2 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>157.7</u>	<u>0.2</u>			
<u>Harmony-Beotia silt loams,</u> <u>till substratum, 0 to 2</u> percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>27, 28, 29, 30</u>	<u>7,582.2</u>	<u>20.2</u>			
Heil silt loam, till substratum, 0-1% slopes	0.43	Pipeline	SDT-209	8, 9	<u>432.9</u>	<u>1.0</u>			
Heil silt loam, till substratum, 0-1% slopes	0.43	Pipeline	<u>SDM</u> -105	24, 35	<u>685.7</u>	<u>1.1</u>			
Heil silt loam, till substratum, 0-1% slopes	0.43	Pipeline	NDT-211	89	<u>253.8</u>	<u>0.7</u>			
<u>Henkin-Blendon fine sandy</u> <u>loams, 2 to 6 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>104.8</u>	<u>0.5</u>			
Henkin-Blendon fine sandy loams, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>258.7</u>	<u>0.6</u>			
<u>Hetland silty clay loam, 0</u> <u>to 2 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>16, 34, 35, 36</u>	<u>7,813.8</u>	<u>18.6</u>			
<u>Hetland silty clay loam, 2</u> <u>to 6 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>36, 37</u>	<u>482.0</u>	<u>1.5</u>			
Highmore silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8,</u> <u>9, 10, 11, 12, 13,</u> <u>14</u>	<u>9,816.9</u>	<u>46.0</u>			
Highmore silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>13, 19</u>	<u>243.9</u>	<u>1.2</u>			

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SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>₄</sup> (acres)
Highmore-DeGrey silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>244.3</u>	<u>1.2</u>
Highmore-Walke silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>715.4</u>	<u>3.4</u>
Hoven silt loam, 0-1 % slopes	0.43	Pipeline	SDL-320	0, 1, <u>7, 8,</u> 17, 20, 21, 22, 26, 28, 32, 33, 36, 38, 44, <u>45,</u> 47, 48, <u>49</u>	<u>8,879.0</u>	<u>13.9</u>
Hoven silt loam, 0-1 % slopes	0.43	Pipeline	SDM-105	0, 2	<u>836.1</u>	2.1
Hoven silt loam, 0-1 % slopes	0.43	Pipeline	SDT-207	6, 7 <u>, 8</u>	<u>1,723.8</u>	4.1
Huntimer silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	=	=	<u>1.0</u>
Huntimer silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Launcher/</u> <u>Receiver</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	=	=	<u>0.04</u>
<u>Huntimer silty clay loam, 0</u> <u>to 2 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>447, 52, 65, 63,</u> <u>64, 67, 69, 72, 74,</u> <u>78, 82, 87, 88, 89,</u> <u>90, 92, 95</u>	<u>11,685.8</u>	<u>31.8</u>
<u>Huntimer silty clay loam, 0</u> to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>0, 1</u>	<u>2,593.7</u>	<u>5.9</u>
Huntimer silty clay loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>60, 64, 73, 78, 79,</u> <u>81, 87, 88, 90, 92,</u> <u>93, 95</u>	<u>8,394.6</u>	<u>23.2</u>
Huntimer silty clay loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>0, 1, 13</u>	<u>2,306.7</u>	<u>5.7</u>
Jerauld-Houdek complex, undulating	0.43	Pipeline	SDL-320	65, 66	<u>3,116.8</u>	<u>5.7</u>
Jerauld-Houdek complex, undulating	0.43	Access Road	SDL-320			1.4
Kings Lake-Buse-Waubay complex, 1 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>468.8</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>Kranzburg-Brookings silty</u> <u>clay loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>2, 3, 4, 5</u>	<u>4,591.3</u>	<u>11.4</u>

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SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>₄</sup> (acres)
<u>Kranzburg-Brookings silty</u> <u>clay loams, 1 to 6 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>2, 3, 4, 5</u>	<u>13,171.5</u>	<u>32.0</u>
<u>Kranzburg-Buse-Waubay</u> complex, 1 to 6 percent <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	=	=	<u>0.05</u>
<u>Kranzburg-Buse-Waubay</u> complex, 1 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>30, 31, 36</u>	<u>1,024.0</u>	<u>2.7</u>
<u>Kranzburg-Cresbard silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>25, 28</u>	<u>1,729.5</u>	<u>4.6</u>
<u>Kranzburg-Cresbard silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>2, 3</u>	<u>2,417.5</u>	<u>5.8</u>
<u>Kranzburg-Zell-Aastad</u> complex, 1 to 6 percent <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDL-336</u>	=		<u>0.0003</u>
<u>Kranzburg-Zell-Aastad</u> complex, 1 to 6 percent <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-336</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>446.2</u>	<u>1.1</u>
<u>Kranzburg-Zell-Aastad</u> complex, 1 to 6 percent <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>30, 31</u>	<u>1,017.6</u>	<u>2.8</u>
<u>Kranzburg-Zell-Aastad</u> complex, 1 to 6 percent <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>0, 1</u>	<u>612.3</u>	<u>1.5</u>
<u>Kranzburg-Zell-Aastad</u> complex, 3 to 9 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>262.5</u>	<u>0.6</u>
<u>La Prairie-Fairdale loams,</u> <u>channeled</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>162.0</u>	<u>0.5</u>
LaDelle silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>31, 40, 41</u>	<u>1,989.7</u>	<u>6.1</u>
LaDelle silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>0, 1, 10</u>	<u>4,618.3</u>	<u>11.8</u>
LaDelle-Fluvaquents, channeled complex, 0 to 2	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>31, 41</u>	<u>1,018.6</u>	<u>1.9</u>

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SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>₄</sup> (acres)
percent slopes, frequently flooded						
LaDelle-Fluvaquents, channeled complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>1, 10</u>	<u>748.3</u>	<u>0.9</u>
Lamo silt loam	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-207</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>1,736.1</u>	<u>2.0</u>
Lamo silty clay loam	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>113</u>	<u>278.1</u>	<u>0.8</u>
Lamo silty clay loam, cool, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>		=	<u>0.02</u>
Lamo silty clay loam, cool, <u>0 to 2 percent slopes,</u> occasionally flooded	<u>0.43</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.06</u>
Lamo silty clay loam, cool, <u>0 to 2 percent slopes,</u> occasionally flooded	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>44, 47, 49, 50, 51,</u> <u>97</u>	<u>3,779.1</u>	<u>10.2</u>
Lamo silty clay loam, cool, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>5, 6, 9</u>	<u>2,744.1</u>	<u>6.7</u>
Lamoure silty clay loam, somewhat poorly drained, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently flooded	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>52, 53</u>	<u>2,263.9</u>	<u>2.6</u>
Lamoure-Rauville silty clay loams, channeled	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>312.1</u>	<u>0.7</u>
Lawet loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>1,107.0</u>	<u>3.8</u>
<u>Mckranz-Badger silty clay</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>2, 3, 4</u>	<u>2,859.1</u>	<u>6.8</u>
<u>McKranz-Hidewood,</u> frequently flooded, silty clay loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>363.1</u>	<u>0.8</u>
Miranda-Heil complex, 0- 3 % slopes	0.43	Pipeline	NDT-211	<u>101</u>	<u>436.0</u>	<u>1.2</u>
Mobridge silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	SDL-320	<u>0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,</u> <u>7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,</u> <u>13, 14, 16, 17, 18</u>	<u>9,871.7</u>	<u>46.0</u>

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SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>₄</sup> (acres)
Nahon-Aberdeen-Exline silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	=	=	<u>0.02</u>
<u>Nahon-Aberdeen-Exline silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	Launcher/ Receiver	<u>SDL-320</u>	=	=	<u>0.04</u>
Nahon-Aberdeen-Exline silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	Launcher/ Receiver	<u>SDM-105</u>	=		<u>0.6</u>
<u>Nahon-Aberdeen-Exline silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-336</u>	<u>0, 1</u>	<u>509.8</u>	<u>1.1</u>
<u>Nahon-Aberdeen-Exline silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>32, 33, 36, 37, 38,</u> <u>39, 42, 43, 45, 46,</u> <u>47, 60, 62, 63, 65</u>	<u>37,318.8</u>	<u>100.5</u>
Nahon-Aberdeen-Exline silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 12</u>	<u>14,561.0</u>	<u>34.9</u>
Nahon-Aberdeen-Exline silt loams, till substratum, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>7, 8, 9</u>	<u>2,491.0</u>	<u>5.7</u>
<u>Obert silty clay loam, 0 to 1</u> percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>182.5</u>	<u>0.5</u>
Onita-Hoven silt loams	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>20, 21</u>	<u>630.2</u>	<u>2.6</u>
Poinsett-Buse-Waubay complex, 1 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	=	=	<u>0.04</u>
Poinsett-Buse-Waubay complex, 1 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	=	=	<u>0.1</u>
Poinsett-Buse-Waubay complex, 1 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28	<u>33,403.2</u>	<u>80.6</u>
Poinsett-Buse-Waubay complex, 2 to 9 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>7, 9, 10, 11, 20, 23</u>	<u>4,527.3</u>	<u>10.7</u>
Poinsett-Rusklyn silty clay loams, 6 to 9 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>32, 34</u>	<u>1,248.0</u>	<u>3.0</u>

Table 7: Areas of Soils in the Project Area with High Susceptibility to Water Erosion						
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>₄</sup> (acres)
Poinsett-Rusklyn-Waubay silty clay loams, 1 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>31, 32, 33, 34, 36,</u> <u>37</u>	<u>6,691.8</u>	<u>16.5</u>
Poinsett-Waubay silty clay loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 17, 18, 20, 21, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37	<u>16,318.5</u>	<u>40.3</u>
Poinsett-Waubay silty clay loams, 1 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u> </u>	=	<u>0.4</u>
Poinsett-Waubay silty clay loams, 1 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>MLV</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	=	=	<u>0.06</u>
Poinsett-Waubay silty clay loams, 1 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>11, 12, 13, 14, 15,</u> <u>16, 17, 18, 20, 21,</u> <u>22, 23, 24, 25, 26,</u> <u>27, 28, 29, 30, 31,</u> <u>32, 33, 37</u>	<u>49,136.0</u>	<u>119.2</u>
<u>Rimlap silt loam, 0 to 1</u> percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>Z</u>	<u>262.8</u>	<u>0.8</u>
<u>Rimlap-Heil silt loams, 0 to</u> <u>1 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-210</u>	=	Ξ	<u>0.02</u>
<u>Rimlap-Heil silt loams, 0 to</u> <u>1 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>196.5</u>	<u>0.4</u>
<u>Rimlap-Heil silt loams, 0 to</u> <u>1 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>4, 5, 6, 7, 10</u>	<u>1,870.3</u>	<u>3.7</u>
Rimlap-Heil, till substratum silt loams, 0 to 1 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>NDT-211</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>62.4</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Salmo silty clay loam	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>415.1</u>	<u>.07</u>
<u>Salmo silty clay loam, very</u> <u>wet</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>54, 61</u>	<u>2,040.3</u>	<u>3.3</u>
Stickney-Dudley silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-207</u>		=	<u>0.2</u>
Stickney-Dudley silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>147, 148, 150</u>	<u>2,652.1</u>	<u>7.7</u>
Stickney-Dudley silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>146.8</u>	<u>0.6</u>
Stickney-Dudley silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-207</u>	<u>0, 2, 3, 7, 9, 10,</u> <u>15, 23</u>	<u>5,299.4</u>	<u>12.0</u>

Table 7: Area	s of Soils	in the Project	: Area with H	igh Susceptibility to V	Vater Erosion	
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA ⁴ (acres)
Stickney-Dudley silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>46, 47, 48, 50</u>	<u>3,938.9</u>	<u>8.6</u>
Stickney-Dudley-Hoven silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	=	=	<u>0.6</u>
<u>Stickney-Dudley-Hoven silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>631.8</u>	<u>2.7</u>
Stickney-Dudley-Hoven silt loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>141, 142, 143,</u> <u>144</u>	<u>5,062.1</u>	<u>13.5</u>
<u>Stickney-Dudley-Hoven silt</u> <u>loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>Z</u>	<u>452.1</u>	<u>0.8</u>
<u>Still lake-Graceland silty</u> <u>clay loams, 0 to 2 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>6, 7</u>	<u>2,337.9</u>	<u>5.5</u>
<u>Still lake-Graceland silty</u> clay loams, 1 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>1,546.5</u>	<u>3.5</u>
Tansem-Roseglen silt loams, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>NDM-</u> <u>106</u>	<u>4, 5, 8</u>	<u>5,474.0</u>	<u>16.1</u>
<u>Temvik-Grassna-Bearpaw</u> complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>NDM-</u> <u>106</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>1,165.6</u>	<u>3.0</u>
<u>Tetonka silt loam, 0 to 1</u> percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>45, 49, 51, 52, 53,</u> <u>55, 57, 58, 62, 63,</u> <u>65, 67, 68, 69</u>	<u>3,348.3</u>	<u>13.7</u>
<u>Tetonka silt loam, 0 to 1</u> percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>52, 53, 110, 111</u>	<u>1,035.6</u>	<u>2.6</u>
<u>Tetonka silt loam, 0 to 2</u> percent slopes, frequently ponded	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>30, 31, 34, 37, 44,</u> <u>91, 98, 100</u>	<u>2,140.1</u>	<u>6.3</u>
<u>Tetonka silt loam, 0 to 2</u> percent slopes, frequently ponded	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	=	=	<u>0.01</u>
<u>Tonka silt loam, silty</u> <u>substratum, 0 to 1 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>35, 60</u>	<u>889.4</u>	<u>1.6</u>

Table 7: Area	s of Soils	in the Project	: Area with H	ligh Susceptibility to V	Vater Erosion	
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA ⁴ (acres)
<u>Tonka silt loam, silty</u> <u>substratum, 0 to 1 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>250.9</u>	<u>0.6</u>
<u>Tonka silty clay loam, 0 to</u> <u>1 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>7, 8, 9, 23, 30</u>	<u>1,374.8</u>	<u>2.5</u>
<u>Viborg silty clay loam, 0 to</u> <u>2 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	=	=	<u>0.2</u>
Viborg silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>86, 87, 88, 89, 90,</u> <u>93, 94, 95, 96</u>	<u>3,614.7</u>	<u>11.1</u>
Viborg silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9, 10,</u> <u>12, 13, 14</u>	<u>6,002.4</u>	<u>14.1</u>
<u>Viborg-Egan silty clay</u> <u>loams, 2 to 6 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>90, 92, 93, 94, 95</u>	<u>2,019.4</u>	<u>5.3</u>
<u>Viborg-Egan silty clay</u> <u>loams, 2 to 6 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>444.1</u>	<u>1.3</u>
<u>Wakonda-Chancellor</u> complex, 0 to 2 percent <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>73, 77, 80</u>	<u>1,615.1</u>	<u>4.8</u>
<u>Waubay-Badger silty clay</u> loams, 0 to 2 percent <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>333.4</u>	<u>0.7</u>
Wentworth silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>		Ξ	<u>0.002</u>
Wentworth silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	MLV	<u>SDM-104</u>	=	=	<u>0.06</u>
Wentworth silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>29, 30, 40, 41, 44, 45, 46, 48, 83</u>	<u>12,889.2</u>	<u>35.4</u>
Wentworth silty clay loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>81, 82, 83</u>	<u>2,048.9</u>	<u>5.4</u>
Wentworth-Chancellor silty clay loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	=	=	<u>0.5</u>
Wentworth-Chancellor silty clay loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 46, 47, 48	<u>48,890.6</u>	<u>135.8</u>

Table 7: Area	s of Soils	in the Project	t Area with H	igh Susceptibility to V	Vater Erosion	
SOIL TYPE	Kw <sup>1</sup>	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST <sup>2</sup>	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>₄</sup> (acres)
Wentworth-Chancellor- Wakonda silty clay loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>61, 64, 65, 72, 77</u>	<u>4,243.8</u>	<u>10.6</u>
<u>Wentworth-Ethan</u> <u>complex, 2 to 5 percent</u> <u>slopes</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>1,378.0</u>	<u>3.9</u>
Wentworth-Trent complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>124.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Whitewood silt loam	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>238.0</u>	<u>0.8</u>
Whitewood silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>73, 85, 86, 87, 88,</u> <u>90, 91, 95, 93, 94,</u> <u>99</u>	<u>6,001.5</u>	<u>15.9</u>
Whitewood silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	<u>0.43</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10,</u> <u>11, 12, 13, 14</u>	<u>4,978.7</u>	<u>12.0</u>
<u>Winship-Tonka silt loams, 0</u> <u>to 1 percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>32, 46, 49, 55, 47,</u> <u>49, 61, 62, 63, 64</u>	<u>3,915.1</u>	<u>11.1</u>
<u>Winship-Tonka silt loams, 0</u> to 1 percent slopes	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	<u>6, 11</u>	<u>526.1</u>	<u>1.1</u>
<u>Winship-Tonka silt loams,</u> <u>till substratum, 0 to 1</u> <u>percent slopes</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>Pipeline</u>	<u>SDT-209</u>	2	<u>290.2</u>	<u>0.8</u>
Zell-Great Bend silt loams, 6- 25 % slopes	0.43	Pipeline	SDM-105	53	<u>374.1</u>	<u>0.4</u>

<sup>1</sup> Kw = erodibility in water factor; Kw over 0.40 considered highly susceptible to erosion by water.

<sup>2</sup> Approximate milepost, in which soils are present; soils are scatted within these areas.

<sup>3</sup> Approximate total length totaled over the centerline; -- signifies the polygon is not crossed by the pipeline centerline.

<sup>4</sup> Approximate acreage within the Project footprint.

<sup>5</sup> Acres are rounded.

Table 8: Areas of Soils	s in the P	roject Area	with High S	Susceptibility	to Wind Erosion	
SOIL TYPE	WEG	FACILITY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST 2	LENGTH <sup>3</sup> (feet)	AREA <sup>3</sup> (acres)
Dickey-Buse-Embden complex, 6-15 % slopes	2	Pipeline	NDT- 211	92	<u>199.7</u>	0.4
Doger loamy fine sand	2	Pipeline	SDT-207	3, 5	<u>846.6</u>	<u>2.2</u>
Elsmere loamy fine sand, loamy substratum	2	Pipeline	SDT-207	5	<u>1,236.1</u>	<u>2.5</u>
Forestburg-Doger loamy fine sands, 0-3 % slopes	2	Pipeline	SDT-207	4, 6	<u>2,874.3</u>	<u>6.3</u>
Loup loamy fine sand	2	Pipeline	SDT-207	2, 4, 5	<u>459.3</u>	<u>1.1</u>
Shue loamy fine sand	2	Pipeline	SDT-207	5, 6	<u>2,482.7</u>	<u>12.9</u>
Shue loamy fine sand	<u>2</u>	<u>Access</u> <u>Road</u>	<u>SDT-207</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3,589.5</u>	<u>0.5</u>
Telfer-Lihen loamy fine sands, 9- 15 %	2	Pipeline	NDM- 106	23	<u>431.1</u>	1.1
Notos						

Notes: <sup>1</sup> WEG = wind erodibility group <sup>2</sup> Approximate milepost, soils are scattered in the area. <sup>3</sup> Approximate total length (feet) and area (acres); -- means the polygon is not crossed by the pipeline centerline. <sup>4</sup> Acres are rounded.

	Table 9	9: Areas with Pote	ential Geologic Haza	ards	I
HAZARDS		APPROXIMATE MILEPOST	CONSTRUCTION IMPACTS <sup>1</sup>	PERMANENT IMPACTS	
PRESENT	PIPELINE / FACILITY	START	ACREAGE	ACREAGE	HAZARD RISK
Karst	SDT-206	0, <u>11</u>	<u>57.4</u>	<u>27.9</u>	Low
	SDT-207; Access Road; Launcher/Receiver; MLV	0, 1, 4, 10	<u>40.8</u>	<u>22.0</u>	Low
	SDT-209	10	<u>3.9</u>	1.7	High
	SDM-104; Access Road; Launcher/Receiver; MLV	<mark>29</mark> , 31, 35, <mark>85</mark> , 97	<u>290.9</u>	<u>123.0</u>	Low
	SDM-105	40, <u>50</u> , 52, 60, 63, 67	<u>135.0</u>	<u>57.7</u>	Low
	SDL-320	66, 74	<u>9.5</u>	<u>4.6</u>	Low
Landslides	SDT-206	0	<u>184.7</u>	<u>90.6</u>	Low Incidence
	SDT-207	0	<u>291.2</u>	<u>145.3</u>	Low Incidence
	SDT-208	0	<u>638.4</u>	<u>309.3</u>	Low Incidence
	SDT-209	0	<u>154.3</u>	<u>75.0</u>	Low Incidence
	SDT-210	0	<u>145.0</u>	<u>73.1</u>	Low Incidence
	SDM-104	27	<u>1,793.1</u>	<u>753.8</u>	Low Incidence
	SDM-105	0, 82	<u>1,547.8</u>	<u>665.3</u>	Low Incidence
	SDL-320	<u>18</u>	<u>217.4</u>	<u>108.3</u>	Moderate Susceptibility & Low Incidence
	SDL-320	<u>0</u>	<u>764.0</u>	<u>379.9</u>	Low Incidence
	SDL-335	0	<u>8.8</u>	<u>5.7</u>	Low Incidence
	SDL-336	0	<u>8.9</u>	5.7	Low Incidence
	NDT-211	<u>89</u>	<u>321.2</u>	<u>150.7</u>	Low Incidence
	NDM-106	0	<u>376.1</u>	<u>163.1</u>	Low Incidence

<sup>1</sup> Construction impacts include impacts from both operations and construction.

<sup>2</sup> Acres are rounded.

	Table 10: Perennial Streams Crossed by the Project by River Basin							
BASIN <sup>1</sup>	PERENNIAL STREAM	LINE / MILEPOST	CROSSING LENGTH (feet)	COUNTY	CROSSING METHOD <sup>2</sup>			
Fort Randall Reservoir	Medicine Knoll Creek	SDL-320 / 17.7	26	Sully	Wet open cut			
James	Redstone Creek	SDM-104 / 12 <mark>8.6</mark>	54	Kingsbury	Wet open cut			
	Dry Run	SDM-105 / 40 <u>.6</u>	<u>82</u>	Spink	Wet open cut			
	Dry Run	SDT-209 / 9.6	99	Spink	HDD			
	<u>Unnamed</u> Waterbody	<u>SDM-105 / 52.1</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>Spink</u>	<u>HDD</u>			
	James River	SDT-209 / 1.0	117	Spink	HDD			
	James River	SDM-105/ <u>52.1</u>	<u>96</u>	Spink	HDD			
	James River	SDT-207 / 11.0	<u>1,997</u>	Beadle	HDD			
	Shue Creek	SDT-207 / 18.0	<u>1</u>	Beadle	Wet open cut			
	Snake Creek	SDM-105 / <u>74.1</u>	<u>17</u>	Brown	Wet open cut			
	Timber Creek	SDM-105 / 3 <u>1.1</u>	<u>84</u>	Spink	Wet open cut			
	Webber Gulch	<u>NDT-211/ 89.0</u>	<u>162</u>	<u>Brown</u>	<u>HDD</u>			
	<u>Shue Creek</u>	<u>SDM-105 / 3.1</u>	<u>9.5</u>	<u>Beadle</u>	<u>Wet open cut</u>			
	<u>Tributary to</u> <u>Shue Creek</u>	<u>SDM-105 / 4.3</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>Beadle</u>	<u>Wet open cut</u>			
	James River	<u>SDM-105 / 52.1</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>Spink</u>	<u>HDD</u>			
	<u>Unnamed</u> Waterbody	<u>SDT-207 / 0.2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>Beadle</u>	<u>Wet open cut</u>			
Big Sioux	Tributary to Big Sioux River	SDT-208 / 8. <u>0</u>	30	Codington	Wet open cut			
	<b>Big Sioux River</b>	SDM-104 / 2 <u>7.2</u>	93	Lincoln	HDD			
	<u>Unnamed</u> Waterbody	<u>SDM-104 / 54.2</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>Minnehaha</u>	Wet open cut			
	Tributary to Beaver Creek	SDM-104 / 4 <u>7.4</u>	4	Lincoln	Wet open cut			
	Big Sioux River	<u>SDT-208 / 0.2</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>Codington</u>	<u>HDD</u>			
	<b>Big Sioux River</b>	<u>SDT-208 / 0.7</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>Codington</u>	<u>HDD</u>			
Lewis and Clark Lake	East Fork Vermillion River	SDM-104 / 9 <u>7.1</u>	89	Lake	Wet open cut			
Notes:								

<sup>1</sup> Identified by the hydrologic unit code (HUC) 6.

 $^{\rm 2}$  Crossing method planned at this time; methods are described in Section 2.2.

Table 13: Ecoregions Crossed by the Project							
LEVEL III	LEVEL III ECORGION VEGETATION <sup>2</sup>	LEVEL IV	PROJ	ECT <sup>1,3</sup>			
ECOREGION <sup>1</sup>		ECOREGION <sup>3</sup>	MILES	PERCENT			
Northwestern Glaciated Plains	Spear grass, blue grama grass ( <i>Bouteloua gracilis</i> ), and wheat grass were once dominant native grasses that covered many parts of the landscape. A variety of shrubs and herbs were also common as well as some sagebrush. On the driest sites yellow cactus and prickly pear ( <i>Opuntia</i> spp) can be found.	Missouri Coteau	<u>71</u>	15%			
	Scrubby quaking aspen (Populus tremuloides), willow (Salix spp), cottonwood (Populus deltoides), and box elder (Acer negundo) occur to a limited extent on shaded slopes of valleys and river terraces. Local saline areas support alkali grass (Puccinellia nuttallii), wild barley, greasewood	Southern Missouri Coteau Slope	19	4%			
	( <i>Sarcobatus vermiculatus</i> ), red sampire ( <i>Salicornia rubra</i> ), and sea blite. There is a low density of streams and rivers across the area. High concentrations of temporary and seasonal wetlands create favorable conditions for waterfowl nesting and migration.	All	<u>90</u>	19%			
Northern Glaciated Plains	Most of the region is now farmland but in its native state, the landscape was characterized by quaking aspen, oak groves, mixed tall shrubs, and	Drift Plains	<u>67</u>	14%			
	intermittent fescue grasslands. Bur oak ( <i>Quercus macrocara</i> ) and grassland communities occupied drier sites. Many areas had transitional grassland	James River Lowland	<u>159</u>	33%			
	containing tallgrass and shortgrass prairie, including big (Andropogon gerardi) and little bluestem (Schizachyrium scoparium), green	Prairie Coteau	<u>90</u>	19%			
	needlegrass ( <i>Nassella viridula</i> ), blue grama, western wheatgrass ( <i>Pascopyrum smithii</i> ), and switchgrass ( <i>Panicum virgatum</i> ). Streams in the	Big Sioux Basin	<u>7</u>	1%			
	region are mostly intermittent, though some are perennial, and there are some larger rivers. The region is drained by the Missouri River system to	Glacial Lake Basins	<u>65</u>	14%			
	the south and to the north by the South Saskatchewan River. In some areas, a high concentration of semi-permanent and seasonal wetlands can be found, locally referred to as Prairie Potholes.	All	388	81%			
Notes: <sup>1</sup> GIS data accessed or <sup>2</sup> Descriptions from CF	nline at <u>https://www.epa.gov/eco-research/ecoregions-north-americ</u>	<u>:a.</u>					

<sup>2</sup> Descriptions from CEC 2011.
 <sup>3</sup> Project centerline miles and percent of total Project centerline miles.

	Table 14: Land Cover Types Traversed by the Project in South Dakota							
	PROJECT CE	NTERLINE						
COVER TYPE <sup>1</sup>	MILES	PERCENT	DESCRIPTION <sup>2</sup>					
Irrigated lands/water sources for organized rural water systems lands/Public use	<u>0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1%</u>	Areas of open water, generally with less than 25% cover of vegetation or soil.					
Irrigated lands/water sources for organized rural water systems lands	<u>0.4</u>	<u>&lt;0.1%</u>	Manmade and natural ponds.					
Existing and potential extractive nonrenewable resources	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1%</u>	Areas of bedrock, desert pavement, scarps, talus, slides, volcanic material, glacial debris, sand dunes, strip mines, gravel pits and other accumulations of earthen material. Generally, vegetation accounts for less than 15% of total cover.					
<u>Rural residences and</u> <u>farmsteads, family</u> <u>farms, and ranches /</u> <u>Residential / Noise</u> <u>Sensitive Land Use</u>	1 <u>.6</u>	<u>0.3%</u>	Includes such land as residential, commercial, industrial, ROW corridors. Vegetation in previously disturbed areas is frequently little to none and is often composed of introduced weedy species. The previously disturbed areas crossed by the Project have been identified through land-use classification as ROW corridors, with a very small portion (<0.1 mile) identified as rural residence. ROW corridors include roads, utility corridors and railroads. These areas have often been replanted with a mixture of grass and forbs.					
Rural residences and farmsteads, family farms, and ranches / Residential / Public use / Noise Sensitive Land Use	<u>10.0</u>	<u>2.1%</u>	Areas with a mixture of some constructed materials, but mostly vegetation in the form of lawn grasses. Impervious surfaces account for less than 20% of total cover. These areas most commonly include large-lot single-family housing units, parks, golf courses, and vegetation planted in developed settings for recreation, erosion control, or aesthetic purposes.					
Land used primarily for row and non-row crops in rotation	33 <u>4.7</u>	70. <u>0</u> %	Areas used for the production of annual crops, which in the Project area are crops such as wheat, corn, and soybeans. Crop vegetation accounts for greater than 20% of total vegetation. This class also includes all land being actively tilled.					
<u>Pasturelands and</u> <u>rangelands /</u> <u>Haylands</u>	6 <u>0.7</u>	1 <u>2.7</u> %	Areas of grasses, legumes, or grass-legume mixtures planted for livestock grazing or the production of seed or hay crops, typically on a perennial cycle. Pasture/hay vegetation accounts for greater than 20% of total vegetation. Dominant vegetation observed in hayfields within the Project area consisted of oat ( <i>Avena sativa</i> ), blue grama ( <i>Bouteloua</i> <i>gracilis</i> ), smooth brome ( <i>Bromus inermis</i> ), redroot ( <i>Ceanothus</i> <i>americanus</i> ), orchardgrass ( <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> ), creeping wildrye ( <i>Elymus repens</i> ), fox-tail barley ( <i>Hordeum jubatum</i> ), alfalfa ( <i>Medicago sativa</i> ), reed canarygrass ( <i>Phalaris</i> <i>arundinacea</i> ), Kentucky bluegrass ( <i>Poa pratensis</i> ), tall false ryegrass ( <i>Schedeonorus arundinaceus</i> ), and common dandelion ( <i>Taraxacum officinale</i> ). (Perennial 2021a, 2022b)					

	Table 14: Lanc	l Cover Types	Traversed by the Project in South Dakota
	PROJECT CE	NTERLINE	
COVER TYPE <sup>1</sup>	MILES	PERCENT	DESCRIPTION <sup>2</sup>
<u>Palustrine Emergent</u> <u>Wetlands (PEM)</u>	2 <u>2.6</u>	4. <u>7</u> %	Areas where perennial herbaceous vegetation accounts for greater than 80% of vegetative cover and the soil or substrate is periodically saturated with or covered with water. See descriptions of PEM wetland vegetation in <b>Section 5.4.</b> Further description is provided in the Project wetlands report (Perennial 2021a, Perennial 2022b) provided in <b>Appendix 9</b> .
<u>Palustrine Forested</u> <u>Wetlands (PFO)</u>	0.1	<u>&lt;0.1%</u>	Areas where forest or shrubland vegetation accounts for greater than 20% of vegetative cover and the soil or substrate is periodically saturated with or covered with water. See descriptions of palustrine scrub shrub (PSS) and palustrine forested (PFO) wetland vegetation in <b>Section 5.4.</b> Additional information is provided in the Project wetlands report (Perennial 2021a) provided in <b>Appendix 9</b> .
<u>Palustrine</u> <u>Scrub/Shrub</u> Wetlands (PSS)	<u>0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1%</u>	Areas where perennial PSS herbaceous vegetation accounts for greater than 80% of vegetative cover and the soil or substrate is periodically saturated with or covered with water.
Public Use	0. <u>8</u>	0. <u>2</u> %	Includes areas of deciduous forest dominated by trees generally greater than 5 meters tall, and greater than 20% of total vegetation cover. More than 75% of the tree species shed foliage simultaneously in response to seasonal change. Forests within the Project area are characterized as hardwood forests. Dominant tree and shrub species in the Project area include boxelder ( <i>Acer negundo</i> ), green ash ( <i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> ), eastern red-cedar ( <i>Juniperus virginiana</i> ), European buckthorn ( <i>Rhamnus cathartica</i> ), American-aster ( <i>Symphyotrichum lanceolatum</i> ), American elm ( <i>Ulmus americana</i> ), and Siberian elm ( <i>Ulmus pumila</i> ). Further description is provided in the habitat assessment (Perennial 2021a, 2022b) provided in <b>Appendix 10</b> . <u>Also includes areas of shrub/scrub dominated by shrubs less than 5 meters tall with shrub canopy typically greater than 20% of total vegetation. This class includes true shrubs, young trees in an early successional stage or trees stunted from environmental conditions.</u>
<u>Undisturbed native</u> grasslands	46. <u>3</u>	9.7%	Areas dominated by graminoid or herbaceous vegetation, generally greater than 80% of total vegetation. These areas are not subject to intensive management such as tilling but can be utilized for grazing.
Potential sources for irrigated lands	<u>0.2</u>	<u>&lt;0.1%</u>	Areas of open water, generally with less than 25% cover of vegetation or soil with an ephemeral or intermittent flow regime.
Potential sources for irrigated lands / Public Use	<u>0.6</u>	<u>&lt;0.1%</u>	Areas of open water, generally with less than 25% cover of vegetation or soil with a perennial flow regime.

Table 14: Land Cover Types Traversed by the Project in South Dakota								
	PROJECT CENTERLINE							
COVER TYPE <sup>1</sup>	MILES	PERCENT	DESCRIPTION <sup>2</sup>					
Public, commercial, and institutional use	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1%</u>	Developed lands include such land as commercial and industrial uses. Vegetation in previously disturbed areas is frequently little to none and is often composed of introduced weedy species.					
Notes:								
All figures are rounded.								
<sup>1</sup> NLCD cover type descriptor	s have been revise	d to reflect SD le	gislation.					
<ul> <li><sup>2</sup> Cover type descriptions have been revised to reliect so registation.</li> <li><sup>2</sup> Cover types of descriptions from National Land Cover Database 2019 (NLCD 2019) Legend online at: &lt;a href="https://www.mrlc.gov/data/legends/national-land-cover-database-2019-nlcd2019-legendw:coverwatabase-2019-nlcd2019-legend#:~:text=National%20Land%20Cover%20Database%202019%20%28NLCD2019%29%20Legend%20,%20%20%20%20%2024%20more%20rogws%20.&lt;/a&gt;</li> </ul>								

Table 15: Horizontal Directional Drill and Bore Crossings of USFWS Grassland Easements and Wetlands									
EASEMENT	COUNTY	PIPELINE ID	MILEPOST	LENGTH	<b>AREA</b> <sup>1</sup>				
				(feet)	(acres)				
Grassland	McPherson	NDM-106	6. <u>4</u>	<u>976.7</u>	<u>1.1</u>				
Grassland <u>and</u> <u>Wetlands</u>	McPherson	NDM-106	7.0	<u>865.6</u>	<u>1.0</u>				
Wetland <sup>2</sup>	<u>McPherson</u>	<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>12.3</u>	<u>128.5</u>	<u>0.2</u>				
Grassland <sup>2</sup>	<u>McPherson</u>	<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>16.4</u>	<u>141.3</u>	<u>0.2</u>				
Wetlands	Edmunds	SDM-105	<u>90.1</u>	1,083.1	1.2				
<u>Grassland<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>Edmunds</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>103.7</u>	<u>328.4</u>	<u>0.4</u>				
Grassland <u>and</u> <u>Wetlands</u>	McPherson	SDM-105	10 <u>7.2</u>	<u>2,897.0</u>	3. <u>3</u>				
Wetlands	Brown	SDT-210	6. <u>1</u>	<u>973.0</u>	<u>1.1</u>				
Wetlands <sup>2</sup>	Brown	<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>6.5</u>	<u>199.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>				
Grassland <u>and</u> <u>Wetlands</u>	<u>Brown</u>	SDT-210	1 <u>0.7</u>	4, <u>190.0</u>	<u>4.8</u>				
<u>Wetlands</u>	<u>Hyde</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>29.5</u>	<u>2,739.6</u>	<u>3.1</u>				
<u>Grassland</u>	<u>Hand</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>40.4</u>	<u>3,534.8</u>	<u>4.1</u>				
<u>Grassland and</u> Wetlands <sup>2</sup>	<u>Hand</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>44.8</u>	<u>219.4</u>	<u>0.3</u>				
Wetlands <sup>2</sup>	<u>Hand</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>52.9</u>	<u>409.2</u>	<u>0.5</u>				
Grassland	Hand	SDL-320	58. <u>6</u>	2,962. <mark>2</mark>	3.4				
<u>Grassland and</u> <u>Wetlands</u>	<u>Hand</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>65.8</u>	<u>1,881.0</u>	<u>2.2</u>				
<u>Grassland and</u> <u>Wetlands</u>	<u>Hand</u>	<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>66.4</u>	<u>2,724.2</u>	<u>3.1</u>				
Grassland	Spink	SDL-320	75.2	<u>570.1</u>	0. <u>7</u>				
Wetlands	Spink	SDL-320	78. <u>5</u>	2, <u>531.4</u>	<u>2.9</u>				
<u>Wetlands</u>	<u>Edmunds</u>	<u>SDL-335</u>	<u>0.1</u>	556.7	<u>0.6</u>				
Notes: <sup>1</sup> Acres are rounded. <u><sup>2</sup> Crossed via bore.</u>									

	Table 16: Noxious Weeds in South Dakota Counties Traversed by the Project																	
	NOXIOUS WEEDS IN COUNTIES TRAVERSED BY THE PROJECT <sup>1,2</sup>																	
NOXIOUS WEED	BEADLE	BROWN	<u>CLARK</u>	<b>CODINGTON</b>	EDMUNDS	<u>HAMLIN</u>	HAND	<u>HYDE</u>	KINGSBURY	LAKE	<u>LINCOLN</u>	мссоок	MCPHERSON	MINER	<b>MINNEHAHA</b>	SPINK	<u>SULLY</u>	<u>TURNER</u>
Absinth wormwood <sup>1</sup>	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	SW	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>
Euphorbia esula																		
Bull thistle <sup>2</sup>	С	С	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>		<u>C</u>	=	<u>C</u>		С	=	С		С			=	=
Cirsium vulgare																		
Canada thistle <sup>1</sup>	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	SW	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>
Cirsium arvense																		
Common burdock <sup>2</sup> Arctium minus			=	=		=	=	=		С	=				=		=	=
Common mullein <sup>2</sup> Verbascum Thapsus			=	=		=	=	<u>C</u>			=				=		=	=
Field bindweed <sup>2</sup> Convolvulus arvensis			=			=	=	=		С	=				=		=	=
Hoary cress <sup>1</sup> Cardana draha	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	SW	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>
Houndstongue <sup>2</sup>			=	=		=	<u>C</u>	=			=				=		=	=
Leafy spurge $^1$	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW
Euphorbia esula	-	-			_				_	-			_	-		-		
Musk thistle <sup>2</sup>	С	С		C		<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	С	С	C	С		С	-	С		
Carduus nutans																		
Palmer Amaranth <sup>2</sup> Amaranthus palmeri			=		<u>C</u>	=	=	<u>C</u>			=						=	=
Perennial sowthistle 1	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	SW	SW	SW	<u>SW</u>	SW	<u>SW</u>	<u>SW</u>
Sonchus arvensis																		
Plumeless thistle <sup>2</sup> Carduus acanthoides	С	С	=	<u>C</u>		<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	С	С	<u>C</u>	С		С	=	C	=	=
Poison hemlock <sup>2</sup>			<u>C</u>	=		<u>C</u>	=	=	С		=				=		=	=
Purple loosestrife <sup>1</sup>	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW
Lvthrum salicaria	0.11	0.11	<u></u>	<u></u>	0.11	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>		011	<u></u>			0.11	<u></u>		<u></u>	<u></u>
Saltcedar <sup>1</sup>	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW
Tamarix spp.																		
Scotch thistle <sup>2</sup> Onopordum acanthium			=	=		=	=			С	=						=	=
Spotted knapweed <sup>2</sup> Centaurea maculosa			<u>C</u>			=	=	=		С	<u>C</u>				=		=	<u>C</u>
Yellow toadflax <sup>2</sup>	С	С			С	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>						С			С	=	=
Linaria vulgaris			_					_			_						_	_
<sup>1</sup> Statewide (SW) noxious week	d species per S.D.	Admin. R. 12:62	:03:01.06 and o	nline at https://danr.	sd.gov/Conservation	on/PlantIndustry	/WeedPest/Wee	dandPestInfo/S	tateNoxious/default.	aspx.								
<sup>2</sup> Localized (C) noxious weed in	noted county pe	er South Dakota L	ocally Noxious	Weed Pest List, availa	ble at https://dan	nr.sd.gov/Conserv	vation/PlantIndu	stry/WeedPest/	docs/noxiousweeds.p	odf.								

	Table 18: Project ROW Impacts by Land Cover Type in South Dakota								
COVER TYPE <sup>1</sup>	TEMPORA	RY IMPACT <sup>2</sup>	PERMANEN	IT IMPACT <sup>3</sup>	TO <sup>.</sup>	TAL			
	ACRES <sup>4</sup>	PERCENT	ACRES <sup>4</sup>	PERCENT	ACRES <sup>4</sup>	PERCENT			
sources for organized	<0.1	~10/	0.0	0%	0.0	~10/			
rural water systems lands/Public use	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;170</u>	0.0	<u>0%</u>	0.0	<u>&lt;170</u>			
Irrigated lands/water sources for organized	1.0	~1.0/	0.0	0%	1.0	~10/			
<u>rural water systems</u> <u>lands</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>			
Existing and potential extractive									
nonrenewable resources	<u>0.9</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>1.1</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>			
Rural residences and									
farms, and ranches /	<u>16.7</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>5.8</u>	<u>21.6%</u>	<u>22.5</u>	<u>2.2%</u>			
<u>Residential / Noise</u> <u>Sensitive Land Use</u>									
Rural residences and									
farms, and ranches /	133.9	2.1%	3.5	13.0%	137.4	72.3%			
<u>Residential / Public use</u> / Noise Sensitive Land <u>Use</u>									
Land used primarily for	1588 7	72 4%	10.9	40.6%	1599 6	12.8%			
crops in rotation	4388.7	<u>72.470</u>	<u>10.5</u>	40.078	4399.0	12.070			
Pasturelands and rangelands / Haylands	<u>809.7</u>	<u>12.8%</u>	<u>3.2</u>	<u>11.9%</u>	<u>812.9</u>	<u>3.0%</u>			
Palustrine Emergent Wetlands (PEM)	<u>189.3</u>	<u>3.0%</u>	<u>0.03</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>189.33</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>			
<u>Palustrine Forested</u> <u>Wetlands (PFO)</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>1.5%</u>	<u>0.6</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>			
Palustrine Scrub/Shrub Wetlands (PSS)	<u>0.3</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>1.9%</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>			
Public Use	<u>10.7</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>10.9</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>			
<u>Undisturbed native</u> grasslands	585.1	9.2%	<u>1.0</u>	<u>3.7%</u>	<u>586.1</u>	<u>9.2%</u>			
Potential sources for irrigated lands	<u>1.8</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>1.84</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>			
Potential sources for irrigated lands / Public <u>Use</u>	0.9	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>			

Table 18: Project ROW Impacts by Land Cover Type in South Dakota								
	TEMPORA	RY IMPACT <sup>2</sup>	PERMANEN	IT IMPACT <sup>3</sup>	TOTAL			
COVER TYPE *	<b>ACRES</b> <sup>4</sup>	PERCENT	ACRES <sup>4</sup>	PERCENT	ACRES <sup>4</sup>	PERCENT		
Public, commercial, and institutional use	0.2	<u>&lt;1%</u>	<u>1.1</u>	<u>4.1%</u>	<u>1.3</u>	<u>&lt;1%</u>		
Total	<u>6339.4</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>26.9</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>6366.3</u>	<u>100%</u>		

<sup>1</sup> Cover types from and as mapped by National Land Cover Database but revised <u>to include</u> survey and desk top analysis. NLCD cover type descriptors have been revised to reflect SD legislation.

<sup>2</sup> Temporary impacts consist of Project footprint during construction including the operational pipeline ROW and additional temporary workspace (ATWS).

<sup>3</sup> Permanent impacts consist of areas where permanent facilities exist including pump stations, MLVs, launcher/receivers, and access roads.

<sup>4</sup> Acres are rounded.

Table 21: Turkey Management Areas and Hunting Success in Project Counties									
		SPRING 20	SPRING 2021 AND FALL 2020 HUNTING SEASON <sup>4</sup>						
			HUNTER	HARVEST BY	( SEASON				
MANAGEMENT UNIT <sup>1</sup>	PROJECT COUNTY <sup>2</sup>	LICENSES SOLD <sup>3</sup>	SUCCESS <sup>3</sup> (%)	SPRING	FALL	MANAGEMENT GOAL <sup>5,6</sup>			
01A	Minnehaha	80	<u>58</u>	<u>2-9</u>	<u>0-2</u>	increase			
22A	Codington <sup>7</sup>	<u>90</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>2-9</u>		increase			
32A	Clark/Hamlin	<u>20</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>0-2</u>		increase			
40A	Beadle/Hand <sup>8</sup>	<u>20</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>2-9</u>		increase			
44A/44B	Lincoln	<u>100</u>	<u>48 / 21</u>	<u>2-9</u>	<u>0-2</u>	increase			
<u>61A</u>	<u>Turner</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>0-2</u>	<u> </u>	<u>increase</u>			
	McPherson, Edmunds, Brown, Spink, Sully, Hyde, Kingsbury, Miner, Lake, McCook								

Notes: <sup>1</sup> Hunting license not valid outside regulatory Management Unit (SDGFP 2021e).

<sup>2</sup> County within the Management Unit with Project footprint.

 <sup>3</sup> Data from SDGFP 2022 Spring Turkey Harvest Report.
 <sup>4</sup> Data from <u>SDGFP 2021 Spring and 2020 Fall Turkey Harvest Statistics (SDGFP 2021c)</u>; dashes (–) indicate no fall turkey hunting season in these counties, no harvest record.

<sup>5</sup> Data from SDGFP 2021d; dashes (–) indicate no season in the county.

<sup>6</sup> Management goal set by SDGFP (2021d) as increase, maintain, or decrease turkey population.

<sup>7</sup> Management Unit also includes Day County, which has no Project footprint.

<sup>8</sup> Management Unit also includes Jerauld County, which has no Project footprint.

Table 22: Abundance, Priority Habitats, and Harvest of Prairie Grouse in Project Counties											
	SHARP	-TAILED GROU	SE	GREATE		CKEN					
PROJECT	ABUNDANCE <sup>1</sup>	PRIORITY	HABITAT IN <sup>2</sup>	ABUNDANCE <sup>1</sup>	PRIORITY I	HABITAT IN <sup>2</sup>	PRAIRIE GROUSE HARVEST				
COUNTY		COUNTY	FOOTPRINT		COUNTY	FOOTPRINT	(BIRDS/100 SQ MI) <sup>3</sup>				
Beadle	present, <10 Leks	Yes	Yes	present, <10 Leks	Yes		<u>0 - 23</u>				
Brown	present, no known leks	yes	yes	present, <10 leks			<u>0 - 23</u>				
Clark	present, <10 leks	yes	yes	present, <10 leks			<u>0 - 23</u>				
Codington	present, <10 leks	yes		present, no known leks			<u>24 - 78</u>				
Edmunds	present, <10 leks	yes	yes	present, no known leks			<u>0 - 23</u>				
Hamlin	maybe present	yes		possibly present			<u>0 - 23</u>				
Hand	present,>10 leks	yes	yes	present,>10 leks	yes		<u>24 - 78</u>				
Hyde	present,>10 leks	yes	yes	present,>10 leks	yes	yes	<u>0 - 23</u>				
Kingsbury	present, no known leks	yes		possibly present			<u>0 - 23</u>				
Lake	maybe present	yes	yes	possibly present			<u>0 - 23</u>				
Lincoln	probably absent			probably absent			<u>24 - 78</u>				
McCook	maybe present	yes		probably absent			<u>0 - 23</u>				
McPherson	present,>10 leks	yes	yes	present, <10 leks			<u>24 - 78</u>				
Miner	present, no known leks	yes		possibly present			<u>0 - 23</u>				
Minnehaha	maybe present	yes		probably absent			<u>0 - 23</u>				
Spink	present, no known leks	yes	yes	present, <10 leks	yes		<u>0 - 23</u>				
Sully	present,>10 leks	yes	yes	present, <10 leks	yes	yes	<u>24 - 78</u>				
Turner	maybe present			possibly present			<u>0 - 23</u>				

<sup>1</sup> SDGFP (2017) assesses abundance and distribution based on the number of known leks.

<sup>2</sup> Priority habitat within the Project County and within Project footprint per SDGFP Environmental Review Tool accessed on <u>8/25/23</u> at <u>https://ert.gfp.sd.gov/content/map</u>.

<sup>3</sup> Average number of prairie grouse (sharp-tailed grouse and greater prairie chicken) harvested per 100 square miles <u>in 2022</u> per SDGFP <u>2023</u> <u>Prairie Grouse Hunting Forecast Report.</u>

Table 23: Project Waterfowl Production Area Crossings									
PIPELINE ROUTE ID	MILEPOST	CROSSING LENGTH (MILES)	WATERFOWL PRODUCTION AREA	ТҮРЕ	DATA SOURCE <sup>1</sup>				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>2.61</u>	<u>0.27</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>4.37</u>	<u>0.2</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>4.57</u>	<u>0.3</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>4.87</u>	<u>0.67</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>5.53</u>	<u>0.18</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>5.72</u>	<u>0.33</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>6.05</u>	<u>0.3</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>6.35<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.02</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	NCED				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>6.35<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.02</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>6.35<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.02</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>6.37</u>	<u>1.51</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>7.08<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.01</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	NCED				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>7.08<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.01</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>7.88</u>	<u>0.44</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>10.6</u>	<u>0.28</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>10.88</u>	<u>0.4</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>11.29</u>	<u>0.16</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>11.44</u>	<u>0.7</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>12.14</u>	<u>0.12</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>12.26</u>	<u>0.75</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>13.01</u>	<u>0.32</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>15.44<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.29</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	NCED				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>15.44<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.29</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>16.54<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.02</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	NCED				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>16.54<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.82</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>16.54<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.02</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>17.36</u>	<u>0.49</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>17.85</u>	<u>0.54</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>18.38</u>	<u>0.13</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>18.51</u>	<u>0.18</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>18.7</u>	<u>0.17</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>18.87</u>	<u>0.51</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>19.37</u>	<u>0.5</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>19.87</u>	<u>0.52</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDM-106</u>	<u>20.39</u>	<u>0.97</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDT-211</u>	<u>105.42</u>	<u>0.74</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>NDT-211</u>	<u>111.24</u>	<u>0.2</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>27.68</u>	<u>0.5</u>	Hyde County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>29.22</u>	<u>0.5</u>	Hyde County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS				

Table 23: Project Waterfowl Production Area Crossings								
PIPELINE ROUTE ID	MILEPOST	CROSSING LENGTH (MILES)	WATERFOWL PRODUCTION AREA	ТҮРЕ	DATA SOURCE <sup>1</sup>			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>29.72</u>	<u>1.02</u>	Hyde County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>30.83</u>	<u>1.18</u>	Hyde County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>32.01</u>	<u>0.93</u>	Hyde County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>33.45</u>	<u>0.52</u>	Hyde County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>33.97</u>	<u>1.56</u>	Hyde County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>35.53</u>	<u>1.06</u>	Hyde County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>38.6</u>	<u>0.43</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>40.04<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.56</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	NCED			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>40.04<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.53</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>40.04<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.53</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>40.57</u>	<u>0.03</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>40.57</u>	<u>0.03</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>44.81<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.05</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	NCED			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>44.81<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.05</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>44.81<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.05</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>52.51</u>	<u>0.5</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>58.32<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.5</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	<u>NCED</u>			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>58.32<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.5</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>58.32<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.5</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>62.93</u>	<u>0.09</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>63.02</u>	<u>0.43</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>63.46</u>	<u>0.11</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>63.73</u>	<u>0.57</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>64.53</u>	<u>0.05</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>65.66<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.09</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	NCED			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>65.66<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.09</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>65.66<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.09</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>65.75</u>	<u>0.44</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>66.18<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.5</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	NCED			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>66.18<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.5</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>66.18<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.5</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>66.68</u>	<u>1.62</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>68.31</u>	<u>0.48</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>68.86</u>	<u>1.1</u>	Hand County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>72.6</u>	<u>0.5</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>73.1</u>	<u>1.09</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>74.2</u>	<u>1.04</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>75.23</u>	<u>0.07</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>75.23</u>	<u>0.07</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			

Table 23: Project Waterfowl Production Area Crossings								
PIPELINE ROUTE ID	MILEPOST	CROSSING LENGTH (MILES)	WATERFOWL PRODUCTION AREA	ТҮРЕ	DATA SOURCE <sup>1</sup>			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>75.24<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.05</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	<u>NCED</u>			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>75.83</u>	<u>0.4</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>76.39</u>	<u>0.48</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>76.87</u>	<u>0.51</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>77.37</u>	<u>0.5</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>77.87</u>	<u>0.4</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>78.29</u>	<u>0.18</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-320</u>	<u>78.47</u>	<u>0.41</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-335</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0.3</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDL-335</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>0.13</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>58.35</u>	<u>0.17</u>	Minnehaha County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>58.75</u>	<u>0.4</u>	Minnehaha County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>59.88</u>	<u>0.06</u>	Minnehaha County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>77.61</u>	<u>0.3</u>	Minnehaha County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>77.61</u>	<u>0.3</u>	Minnehaha County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>100.39</u>	<u>0.05</u>	Lake County Waterfowl Production Area Of Sd	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>100.44</u>	<u>0.66</u>	Lake County Waterfowl Production Area Of Sd	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>101.73</u>	<u>0.59</u>	Lake County Waterfowl Production Area Of Sd	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>102.33</u>	<u>0.1</u>	Miner County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>102.43</u>	<u>0.52</u>	Miner County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>109.12</u>	<u>0.91</u>	Miner County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>116.76</u>	<u>0.64</u>	Miner County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>126.61</u>	<u>0.03</u>	Kingsbury County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-104</u>	<u>126.98</u>	<u>0.31</u>	Kingsbury County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>35.71</u>	<u>0.06</u>	Spink County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>81.64</u>	<u>0.6</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>82.25</u>	<u>0.77</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>83.02</u>	<u>0.5</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>83.52</u>	<u>0.6</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>84.12</u>	<u>0.1</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>85.99</u>	<u>0.91</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>86.9</u>	<u>0.56</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>87.46</u>	<u>0.49</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>87.95</u>	<u>0.28</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>88.23</u>	<u>0.28</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>88.51</u>	<u>0.27</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>88.94</u>	<u>1.18</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>90.13</u>	<u>0.54</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>90.67</u>	<u>0.8</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS			

	Table 23: Project Waterfowl Production Area Crossings									
PIPELINE ROUTE ID	MILEPOST	CROSSING LENGTH (MILES)	WATERFOWL PRODUCTION AREA	ТҮРЕ	DATA SOURCE <sup>1</sup>					
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>94.29</u>	<u>0.12</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>103.39<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.02</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	NCED					
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>103.39<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.02</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>103.39<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.02</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>103.4</u>	<u>1.38</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>106.87</u>	<u>0.29</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>107.16<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.29</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	NCED					
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>107.16<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.29</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>107.16<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>0.29</u>	McPherson County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-206</u>	<u>1.59</u>	<u>0.28</u>	Lake County Waterfowl Production Area Of Sd	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-207</u>	<u>1.32</u>	<u>0.56</u>	Beadle County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>13.87</u>	<u>0.26</u>	Hamlin County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>14.13</u>	<u>0.37</u>	Hamlin County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>17.64</u>	<u>0.03</u>	Hamlin County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>22.39</u>	<u>0.66</u>	Hamlin County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>29.31</u>	<u>0.15</u>	Clark County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>33.48</u>	<u>0.35</u>	Clark County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>36.2</u>	<u>0.67</u>	Clark County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-208</u>	<u>39.24</u>	<u>0.56</u>	Clark County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>4.39</u>	<u>0.51</u>	Brown County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>4.89</u>	<u>0.52</u>	Brown County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>5.42</u>	<u>0.61</u>	Brown County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>6.03</u>	<u>1.02</u>	Brown County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>7.05</u>	<u>1</u>	Brown County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>10.89</u>	<u>0.25</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
<u>SDT-210</u>	<u>10.89</u>	<u>0.25</u>	Edmunds County Waterfowl Production Area	Conservation Easement	PADUS					
$\frac{1}{2}$ NCED = Natio	nal Conservatior oduction Areas to	Easement Datal	Dase; PADUS = Protected Areas Database of the United States IDD or bore methods.							

			Res Table 25: Other State Listed Species in	the Project Area			
SPECIES <sup>1</sup>	STATUS <sup>2</sup>	PROJECT COUNTIES <sup>4,5</sup>	KEY HABITATS <sup>3</sup>	IMPACT ASSESSMENT <sup>7</sup>	DETERMINATION OF EFFECTS <sup>7</sup>		
Swift Fox Vulpes velox	ST	Sully, Hyde	Prefers heavily grazed shortgrass or mixed- grass prairies with open, gently rolling topography for high visibility of surrounding area and is usually associated with prairie dog or ground squirrel colonies. They use dens throughout the year and may dig their own dens or occupy abandoned badger dens or prairie dog burrows. Suitable habitat may be present within the Project area, especially in Sully and Hyde Counties (Perennial 2021b)	Suitable habitat may be present within the Project area, especially in Sully and Hyde counties. However, based on coordination with SDGFP, occurrence is unlikely due to minimal habitat and lack of recorded observations in the vicinity of the proposed Project. Therefore, the Project is not likely to adversely affect the swift fox.	Not Likely to Adversely Affect		
Bald eagle <sup>6</sup> Haliaeetus leucocephalus	BGEPA <sup>6</sup>	All	Usually found near water such as rivers, lakes, reservoirs, and coastal areas. Large cottonwood trees are typically used for nesting and roosting. This species requires a large area of clear surface water for feeding. Bald eagles are widespread nesters that nest along many rivers and large wetlands in South Dakota. Wintering birds congregate near Missouri River dams and surrounding forests and also winter in the Black Hills. Eagles can be seen in migration along rivers and large wetlands. Eagles begin nesting in March or April. They typically nest high in trees and often reuse nests from previous years. A typical clutch has 2 eggs which are incubated for 45 days. Both parents care for chicks, which stay in the nest for 10-11 weeks. Suitable habitat for the bald eagle may be present at various locations within the Project area, especially near large rivers and streams such as the Big Sioux River and the Vermillion River.7Although bald eagles were observed	Suitable habitat for the bald eagle may be present at various locations within the Project area in South Dakota, especially near large rivers and streams such as the Big Sioux River and the Vermillion River. Although bald eagles were observed during the survey, eagle nests were not observed within the Project area. In the event a bald eagle is observed prior to or during construction, SCS will coordinate with SDGFP. Additionally, SCS will adhere to the conservation measures established in the USFWS National Bald Eagle Management Guidelines.	Not Likely to Adversely Affect		

Res Table 25: Other State Listed Species in the Project Area									
SPECIES <sup>1</sup>	STATUS <sup>2</sup>	PROJECT COUNTIES <sup>4,5</sup>	KEY HABITATS <sup>3</sup>	IMPACT ASSESSMENT <sup>7</sup>	DETERMINATION OF EFFECTS <sup>7</sup>				
			during the survey, eagle nests were not observed in the Project area (Perennial 2021b)						
Lined snake TropidocInion lineatum	SE	Lincoln, Minnehaha	Prefers open, grassy prairies with rich soils and sparsely wooded areas. Often found on hillsides near rocky areas. Lined snakes are active at night and typically shelter beneath rocks and logs during the day. This species overwinters underground in animal burrows. Suitable habitat for the lined snake may be present in the Project area (Perennial 2021b; 2022a).	Species-specific surveys were conducted in July 2022. Neither lined snakes nor suitable habitat were observed within the Project area. Additional surveys for Lined Snake will take place in Fall of 2023.	<u>Final determination of</u> <u>effects will be made</u> <u>when surveys are</u> <u>complete.</u>				
False map turtle Graptemys pseudogeographica	ST	Sully, Hyde	Large rivers, backwaters, lakes, and flooded floodplains. Turtles need basking sites and aquatic vegetation. Females dig nests in sandy areas near water, laying up to 3 clutches per breeding season. She lays 12- 16 eggs in June and July, and eggs hatch 2 months later. Turtles overwinter in mud or in muskrat dens within wetlands.	Suitable habitat for the false map turtle may be present in the Project area. However, the Project area within the range of this species has largely been converted to agricultural use. One small pond and wetland complex is present within the species range and Project area at GPS coordinates (44.693070°, - 100.054419°), but due to the small size of the feature and its isolation from other lakes, rivers, and ponds, it is highly unlikely to support this species. Therefore, the project is not likely to adversely affect the false map turtle.	<u>Not Likely to Adversely</u> <u>Affect</u>				
Banded killifish Fundulus daphaneus	SE	McPherson, Edmunds, Brown	Habitat is lentic or lotic; it has been detected in quiet, shallow lakes, and in ponds with abundant aquatic vegetation and sandy-gravel substrates but also in streams with muddy bottoms without aquatic vegetation. Reported from a few lakes in west South Dakota. East South Dakota is on the range periphery. Since	Suitable habitat for the banded killifish may be present in the Project area, especially in quiet shallow streams ponds, and lakes within McPherson County (Hydrologic Unit Code 10: 1013010603). However, based on coordination with SDGFP, the proposed Project does not	<u>No Effect</u>				

Res Table 25: Other State Listed Species in the Project Area									
SPECIES <sup>1</sup>	STATUS <sup>2</sup>	PROJECT COUNTIES <sup>4,5</sup>	KEY HABITATS <sup>3</sup>	IMPACT ASSESSMENT <sup>7</sup>	DETERMINATION OF EFFECTS <sup>7</sup>				
			2000, reported banded killifish have been limited to the inlet of Bitter Lake, Day County and Little Eureka Lake, McPherson County (Perennial 2021b).	intersect within 1 mile of this species' known and current range. Therefore, the Project will have no effect on this species					
Blacknose shiner Notropis heterolepis	SE	Brown, Codington	Prefers cool, highly vegetated streams, small rivers, and lakes with sandy substrates. Spawns May to June over sandy substrates. Southern South Dakota, tributaries to the James and Keya Paha River basins. South Dakota is on the western periphery of the range for this species	Suitable habitat for the blacknose shiner may be present in the project area in the tributaries of the James and Paha River basins. However, based on coordination with SDGFP, the proposed Project does not intersect within 1 mile of this species' known and current range. Therefore, the Project will have no effect on this species.	<u>No Effect</u>				
Northern redbelly dace <i>Chrosomus eus</i>	ST	Codington, Miner, Turner, Lincoln, Hamlin, Kingsbury, McCook, Minnehaha	Prefers cool, bogs, ponds, beaver ponds, lakes, and small clear streams. Spawns in clear low to moderate current over sand or gravel substrates during the spring. South central South Dakota- tributaries to the Little White and Keya Paha River basins. South Dakota is on the southern periphery of the range for this species. Suitable habitat for the northern redbelly dace may be present in the Project area in the tributaries of the Missouri and Big Sioux rivers (Perennial 2021b).	Species-specific surveys were conducted in June 2022. Suitable habitat for the northern redbelly dace was observed in the Project area within the South Fork Pearl Creek in Kingsbury County, and Pearl Creek in Beadle County Other waterbodies in the Project vicinity identified as containing potentially suitable habitat were assessed during the 2022 surveys and determined to not support fish populations or provide suitable habitat for northern redbelly dace. SCS will utilize trenchless crossing methods in these waterbodies, such as HDD or bore, to avoid all in-stream impacts. Therefore, the Project is not likely to adversely affect the northern redbelly dace.	<u>No Effect</u>				
Interior Least Tern Sternula antillarum athalassos	SE	Sully	Interior least terns are typically found along large rivers. The nesting areas are barren, treeless beaches of sand, gravel, or shells; dry mudflats and salt flats; and sand and	Suitable habitat for the interior least tern may be present west and south of the Project area. However, this species is only present in South Dakota during the nesting	<u>Not Likely to Adversely</u> <u>Affect</u>				

Res Table 25: Other State Listed Species in the Project Area										
SPECIES <sup>1</sup>	STATUS <sup>2</sup>	PROJECT COUNTIES <sup>4,5</sup>	KEY HABITATS <sup>3</sup>	IMPACT ASSESSMENT <sup>7</sup>	DETERMINATION OF EFFECTS <sup>7</sup>					
			gravel pits along rivers. Interior least terns arrive in South Dakota in early May and leave at the end of the summer. In South Dakota, interior least terns nest along the Missouri and Cheyenne rivers, with the majority nesting below Gavins Point Dam.	season (May-August). Construction activities will start prior to and will continue through when the least tern would be expected to inhabit the area during migration. Therefore, it is anticipated that the least tern would utilize similar habitat beyond the Project area where disturbance is actively occurring. Additionally, this species is highly mobile and would likely avoid the construction area. Therefore, the project is not likely to adversely impact the interior least tern						

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> State listed species in South Dakota, which are also not federally listed, and which are found in South Dakota counties the Project traverses (SDGFP 2021 j,k,l).

<sup>2</sup> Status: ST = State threatened, SE = State endangered, BGEPA = Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act

<sup>3</sup> Key habitats and distribution from SDGFP Wildlife of South Dakota website <u>https://apps.sd.gov/gf43wap/Species.aspx#tab2.</u>

<sup>4</sup> Counties with Project footprint only.

<sup>5</sup> Occurrence / distribution from SDGFP (2021j) mapping website Wildlife of South Dakota accessed on 13 December 2021 at <a href="https://apps.sd.gov/gf43wap/Species.aspx#tab2">https://apps.sd.gov/gf43wap/Species.aspx#tab2</a>; includes more counties than Environmental Review Tool (SDGFP 2021) at <a href="https://apps.sd.gov/content/map">https://apps.sd.gov/gf43wap/Species.aspx#tab2</a>; includes more counties than Environmental Review Tool (SDGFP 2021) at <a href="https://apps.sd.gov/content/map">https://apps.sd.gov/gf43wap/Species.aspx#tab2</a>; includes more counties than Environmental Review Tool (SDGFP 2021) at <a href="https://apps.sd.gov/content/map">https://apps.sd.gov/content/map</a>.

<sup>6</sup> The bald eagle is not currently federally listed or state-listed in South Dakota but is included here due to its protection under the BGEPA.

<sup>7</sup> Impact Assessment and Determination of Effects as included in Threatened and Endangered Species Report – Beadle, Brown, Clark, Codington, Edmunds, Hamlin, Hand, Hyde, Kingsbury, Lake, Lincoln, McCook, McPherson, Miner, Minnehaha, Spink, Sully, and Turner counties, South Dakota, 2022.

Table 28: Wetlands Impacted by the Project										
	PROJECT IMPACTS BY FACILITY TYPE <sup>2,3</sup>									
	PIPELI	NE	ACCESS R	OADS	PUMP STATIONS					
WETLAND TYPE <sup>1</sup>	CONSTRUCTION ROW (ACRES) <sup>4</sup>	OPERATION ROW (ACRES)	CONSTRUCTION OPERATION (ACRES) <sup>4</sup> (ACRES)		CONSTRUCTION	OPERATION (ACRES)				
PEM	<u>188.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>1.3</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>				
PSS	<u>0.8</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>0.0</u>	0.0	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>				
PFO	<u>0.6</u>	0 <u>.4</u>	0.0	0.0	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>				
Total	<u>189.4</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>1.3</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>				

<sup>1</sup> PEM = palustrine emergent, PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub, PFO = palustrine forested.

<sup>2</sup> Area within Project footprint; there are no direct wetland impacts associated with Project facilities not listed here. Project HDD crossings are not included as impacts, the ground disturbance at these locations will be avoided.

<sup>3</sup> Impacts shown consist of wetlands within the Project workspace, including those not crossed by the Project centerline.

<sup>4</sup> Construction impacts include both construction footprint and operation footprint.

Table 29: Named Waterbodies Crossed by the Project										
FEATURE NAME	COUNTY	LINE / MILEPOST	CROSSING METHOD <sup>1</sup>	CROSSING LENGTH <sup>2</sup> (FEET)	IMPACT <sup>3</sup> (ACRES)	ASSOCIATED WETLANDS <sup>4</sup>	STREAM TYPE			
Spring Creek	McPherson	NDM-106 / 21.3	<u>HDD</u>	<u>6.2</u>	<u></u>	PEM	Intermittent			
Webber Gulch	<u>Brown</u>	<u>NDT-211 /</u> <u>89.0</u>	<u>HDD</u>	<u>161.8</u>	=	<u>PEM</u>	<u>Perennial</u>			
<u>Foot Creek</u>	<u>McPherson</u>	<u>NDT-211 /</u> <u>112.1</u>	<u>WOC</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>0.002</u>	=	<u>Ephemeral</u>			
Medicine Knoll Creek	Sully	SDL-320 / 17.7	WOC	26. <u>5</u>	0.03	<u>PEM</u>	<u>Perennial</u>			
Matter Creek	Hand	SDL-320 / 50.7	WOC	11. <u>2</u>	0.02		Ephemeral			
Bryant Creek	Hand	SDL-320 / 63. <u>9</u>	WOC	<u>20.7</u>	0.02	PEM	Intermittent			
E. Fork Vermillion R.	Lake	SDM-104 / <u>97.1</u>	WOC	89. <u>0</u>	0. <u>1</u>		Perennial			
Redstone Creek	Clark	SDT-208 / 43. <u>4</u>	WOC	1 <u>.0</u>	0.001	PEM	Ephemeral			
	Kingsbury	SDM-104 / <u>128.6</u>	WOC	<u>53.6</u>	0. <u>06</u>	PEM	Perennial			
W. Branch Skunk Cr.	Minnehaha	SDM-104 / <u>76.4</u>	WOC	<u>2.4</u>	0.003	<u>PEM</u>	Ephemeral			
Dry Run	Spink	SDM-105 / 40. <u>6</u>	WOC	<u>82.4</u>	0.1	<u>PEM</u>	Perennial			
	Spink	SDT-209 / 9.6	HDD	<u>99.4</u>	==	PEM	Perennial			
James River	Spink	SDT-209 / 1.0	HDD	<u>116.6</u>		PEM	Perennial			
	Spink	SDM-105 / <u>52.1</u>	HDD	<u>81.9</u>		<u>PFO</u>	Perennial			
	Beadle	SDT-207 / 11.0	HDD	<u>1,996.7</u>		PEM	Perennial			
Shue Creek	<u>Beadle</u>	<u>SDM-105 /</u> <u>3.1</u>	<u>WOC</u>	<u>9.5</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>PEM</u>	<u>Perennial</u>			
	Beadle	SDT-207 / <u>18.0</u>	WOC	71. <u>0</u>	0.08		Perennial			
Snake Creek	Brown	SDM-105 / <u>74.1</u>	WOC	<u>17.1</u>	0 <u>.02</u>	PEM	Perennial			
	Brown	SDT-210 / 9 <u>.0</u>	WOC	<u>10.6</u>	0. <u>01</u>	PEM	Ephemeral			
Timber Creek	Spink	SDM-105 / <u>31.1</u>	WOC	<u>83.7</u>	0. <u>1</u>	PEM	Perennial			

Table 29: Named Waterbodies Crossed by the Project											
FEATURE NAME	COUNTY	LINE / MILEPOST	CROSSING METHOD <sup>1</sup>	CROSSING LENGTH <sup>2</sup> (FEET)	IMPACT <sup>3</sup> (ACRES)	ASSOCIATED WETLANDS <sup>4</sup>	STREAM TYPE				
Big Sioux River	Lincoln	SDM-104 / <u>27.2</u>	HDD	<u>92.7</u>			Perennial				
	<u>Codington</u>	<u>SDT-208 /</u> <u>0.2</u>	<u>HDD</u>	<u>59.0</u>		PEM	<u>Perennial</u>				
	<u>Codington</u>	<u>SDT-208 /</u> <u>0.7</u>	<u>HDD</u>	<u>53.0</u>		<u>PEM</u>	<u>Perennial</u>				
<u>Brant</u> Lake	Lake	SDT-206 / 3.4	HDD	187 <u>.2</u>		PEM	Lake				
Foster Creek	<u>Spink</u>	<u>SDM-105 /</u> <u>15.1</u>	<u>WOC</u>	<u>51.5</u>	<u>0.05</u>	<u>PEM</u>	Intermittent				
Notes:											

<sup>1</sup>Crossing method is either HDD (horizontal directional drill) or WOC (wet open cut) as identified in Section 2.2.

<sup>2</sup> Crossing length is centerline and bank to bank.

<sup>3</sup> Impact within stream; there may be additional impact to adjacent associated wetlands.

<sup>4</sup> Associated wetlands are adjacent riparian wetlands but are not included in the impact acreage: PEM = palustrine emergent.

Table 30: Fish Stocked in Named Waterbodies Crossed by the Project									
STREAM	COUNTY <sup>1</sup>	FISH STOCKED <sup>2</sup>	MOST RECENT STOCK YEAR <sup>3</sup>						
Redstone Creek	Sanborn	Walleye	1985						
W. Branch Skunk Cr.	Minnehaha	Black bullhead, black crappie, yellow perch	1935						
James River	Beadle	Black crappie, channel catfish, smallmouth bass, largemouth bass, bluegill, walleye, sauger, muskellunge, northern pike, yellow perch	1995						
James River	<u>Brown</u>	Saugeye, walleye	<u>2023</u>						
James River	<u>Spink</u>	Walleye	<u>2023</u>						
Shue Creek	Beadle	Black bullhead	1935						
Snake Creek	Brown	Black bullhead	1935						
Timber Creek	Spink	Black bullhead, largemouth bass, northern pike, yellow perch	1970						
Big Sioux River	Minnehaha	Black bullhead, Black crappie, white crappie, channel catfish, smallmouth bass, largemouth bass, bluegill, walleye, northern pike, yellow perch	1996						
Round Lake	Lake	Northern pike	1969						
<u>Medicine Knoll</u> <u>Creek</u>	<u>Sully</u>	Bluegill, largemouth bass	<u>2019</u>						
Spring Creek	<u>Campbell</u>	Black bullhead, largemouth bass, yellow perch	<u>1940</u>						
<u>East Fork</u> <u>Vermillion River</u>	<u>McCook</u>	Walleye, black crappie, yellow perch, bluegill, channel catfish, fathead minnow, largemouth bass, northern pike, white crappie	<u>2017</u>						
Notes:									
<sup>1</sup> Stocking location may no	t be in a county cro	issed by the Project.							
Fish species stocked by S <u>https://apps.sd.gov/GF56</u>	DGFP in named stre FisheriesReports/?	eams crossed by the Project per SDGFP stocking reports at: ga=2.236776577.1808269613.1640486355-1162596512.1638215578.							

<sup>3</sup> The most recent year that stocking was conducted by SDGFP for that waterbody.

Table 31: Surface Waterbodies in Project Counties that are Infested by Aquatic Invasive Organisms										
	COUNTY			PLANTS <sup>1</sup>			FI	INVERTEBRATES <sup>1</sup>		
WATERBODY		CURLY PONDWEED	EURASIAN MILFOIL	<u>PURPLE</u> LOOSESTRIFE	FLOWERING RUSH	SILVER CARP	BIGHEAD CARP	GRASS CARP	EUROPEAN RUDD	ZEBRA MUSSEL
James River	Brown			=		х	х	х		X
	Spink			<u></u>		х	х	х		X
	Beadle			<u></u>		x	х	х		X
East Fork	Kingsbury			<u></u>		Х	х			=
Vermillion	Miner			<u></u>		х	х			=
River	Lake			<u></u>		х	х			=
	McCook			<u></u>		Х	х			=
	Turner			<u></u>		х	х			=
Notes:										
<sup>1</sup> Data from SDGFP	(2023) Environme	ental Review Tool w	ebsite at: <u>https://</u>	/ert.gfp.sd.gov/conte	ent/map; and South	Dakota Aqua	itic Invasive spe	cies website	at:	

https://sdleastwanted.sd.gov/maps/default.aspx.

	Table 32: Existing Land Use for the Project (Acres) <sup>1</sup>									
LAND USE	PIPEL	INES	PUMP S	TATIONS	м	vs	LAUNCHER-RECEIVERS		ACCESS ROADS	
	CONS. <sup>2</sup>	OPER.	CONS. <sup>2</sup>	OPER.	CONS. <sup>2</sup>	OPER.	CONS. <sup>2</sup>	OPER.	CONS. <sup>2</sup>	OPER.
<u>Irrigated lands/water sources for organized rural water systems</u> lands/Public use	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.4</u>							=	
<u>Irrigated lands/water sources for organized rural water systems</u> <u>lands</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>2.2</u>	=					=	=	
Existing and potential extractive nonrenewable resources	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0.2</u>						=	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>
<u>Rural residences and farmsteads, family farms, and ranches /</u> <u>Residential / Noise Sensitive Land Use</u>	<u>16.3</u>	<u>9.6</u>			<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>6.5</u>	<u>5.6</u>
Rural residences and farmsteads, family farms, and ranches / Residential / Public use / Noise Sensitive Land Use	<u>119.7</u>	<u>60.2</u>	<u>1.6</u>	<u>1.6</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>2.6</u>	<u>1.2</u>
Land used primarily for row and non-row crops in rotation	<u>4244.1</u>	<u>2023.3</u>	<u>6.1</u>	<u>6.1</u>	<u>1.2</u>	<u>1.2</u>	<u>1.6</u>	<u>1.6</u>	<u>9.0</u>	<u>2.0</u>
Pasturelands and rangelands / Haylands	<u>721.9</u>	<u>366.0</u>	<u>1.2</u>	<u>1.2</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>0.7</u>
Palustrine Emergent Wetlands (PEM)	<u>200.7</u>	<u>137.5</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>				=	<u>1.3</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>
Palustrine Forested Wetlands (PFO)	<u>0.8</u>	<u>0.6</u>	=	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	=	<u> </u>	=
Palustrine Scrub/Shrub Wetlands (PSS)	<u>0.8</u>	<u>0.5</u>	=	=				=	=	=
Public Use	<u>11.0</u>	<u>4.7</u>					<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Undisturbed native grasslands	<u>548.4</u>	<u>279.8</u>	=		<u>0.3</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>&lt;0.1</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>0.7</u>
Potential sources for irrigated lands	2.0	1.4	<0.1	<0.1					<0.1	<0.1
Potential sources for irrigated lands / Public Use	4.1	3.9								
Public, commercial, and institutional use	0.2	<0.1							1.1	1.1
TOTAL <sup>3</sup>	<u>5873.6</u>	<u>2890.2</u>	<u>8.9</u>	<u>8.9</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>3.1</u>	<u>3.1</u>	<u>29.9</u>	<u>11.7</u>

<sup>1</sup>Acreage required for construction includes both construction and operations. Pump stations, MLVs and launcher-receivers have the same footprint for construction and operations.

<sup>2</sup>Acres are rounded.

<sup>3</sup>Totals are rounded to the nearest tenth.

<sup>4</sup>Wetlands and Waterbodies totals are represented in Section 5.4.

ΔΤ₩	s	ΤΟΤΔΙ				
CONS. <sup>2</sup>	OPER.	CONS. <sup>2</sup>	OPER.			
	=	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.4</u>			
	=	<u>2.5</u>	<u>2.2</u>			
<u>0.2</u>		<u>1.1</u>	<u>0.5</u>			
<u>1.4</u>	=	<u>24.4</u>	<u>15.4</u>			
<u>13.9</u>	=	<u>138.5</u>	<u>63.7</u>			
<u>348.8</u>	=	<u>4610.8</u>	<u>2034.2</u>			
<u>107.5</u>	<u></u>	<u>836.3</u>	<u>369.2</u>			
<u>1.2</u>	=	<u>203.2</u>	<u>137.5</u>			
<u></u>	<u></u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>0.6</u>			
	=	<u>0.8</u>	<u>0.5</u>			
<u>0.3</u>	=	<u>11.4</u>	<u>4.8</u>			
<u>50.3</u>		<u>603.5</u>	<u>280.8</u>			
		2.0	1.4			
		4.1	3.9			
<0.1		1.3	1.1			
<u>523.6</u>	=	<u>6441.2</u>	<u>2916.1</u>			

Table 33: Local Land Use Control Permits Anticipated for the Project						
COUNTY	PIPELINES	PUMP STATION	MLV	LAUNCHER-RECEIVER	ACCESS ROADS	PERMITS
Beadle	1	1	1	1	1	Pipeline Construction Review; Zoning Review: Building Permit
Brown	1	<u>√</u>	1	<u> </u>	1	Pipeline Construction Review; Zoning Review: Building Permit
Clark	1		<u> </u>		1	Pipeline Construction Review
Codington	1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	Pipeline Construction Review; Zoning Review; Building Permit
Edmunds	1		<u> </u>	1	1	Pipeline Construction Review; Zoning Review; Building Permit
Hamlin	1		<u> </u>		1	Pipeline Construction Review
Hand	1		<u> </u>		1	Pipeline Construction Review
Hyde	1		<u> </u>		1	Pipeline Construction Review
Kingsbury	1		<u> </u>		1	Pipeline Construction Review; Building Permit; Zoning Application
Lake	1		1	1	1	Pipeline Construction Review; Zoning Review; Building Permit
Lincoln	1		1		1	Pipeline Construction Review
McCook	1					Pipeline Construction Review
McPherson	1	1	1		1	Pipeline Construction Review; Building Permit; Zoning Application
Miner	1		1		<u> </u>	Pipeline Construction Review
Minnehaha	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1	Pipeline Construction Review; Building Permit; Zoning Application
Spink	1		1	1	1	Pipeline Construction Review; Zoning Review; Building Permit
Sully	1		<u>✓</u>	<u> </u>	1	Pipeline Construction Review; Zoning Review/Application; Building Permit
Turner	1					Pipeline Construction Review

Table 34: Impairment Status of Streams with Assigned Beneficial Uses that are Crossed by the Project

WATERBODY <sup>1</sup>	COUNTY	PIPELINE	MP	CROSSING METHOD <sup>2</sup>	BENEFICIAL USES <sup>3</sup>	IMPAIRMENT STATUS <sup>4</sup>	IMPAIRED USE <sup>5</sup> (cause)
Redstone Creek	Kingsbury	SDM-104	<u>128.6</u>	WOC	6,8,9,10		
James River	Spink	SDT-209	1.0	HDD	5,8,9,10	=	-
James River	Spink	SDM-105	<u>52.1</u>	HDD	5,8,9,10	=	
James River SD-JA-R-JAMES_07	Beadle	SDT-207	11. <u>0<del>2</del></u>	HDD	<b>1</b> ,5,8,9,10	<u>5 impaired</u> without TMDL	<u>1 (TDS)</u>
Snake Creek	Brown	SDM-105	<u>74.1</u>	WOC	6,8,9,10		
	Brown	SDT-210	9. <u>0</u>	woc	6,8,9,10		
Timber Creek	Spink	SDM-105	<u>31.1</u>	WOC	6,8,9,10		
Foster Creek	<u>Spink</u>	<u>SDM-105</u>	<u>15.1</u>	<u>WOC</u>	<u>6,8,9,10</u>	=	
Big Sioux River SD-BS-R-BIG_SIOUX_02	Codington	SDT-208	<u>0.2, </u> 0.7	HDD	5,8,9,10	=	
Big Sioux River SD-BS-R-BIG_SIOUX_14	Lincoln	SDM-104	2 <u>7.2</u>	HDD	5,7,8,9,10	4A impaired with approved TMDL	5 (TSS) 7 <u>, 8</u> (E. coli)
Brant Lake SD-BS-L-BRANT_01	Lake	SDT-206	3. <u>4</u>	HDD	4,7,8,9	1 all uses met	

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Table includes only named waterbodies crossed by the Project for which specific beneficial uses have been assigned; see Appen dix 8 for other waterbodies.

<sup>2</sup> Crossing methods are WOC (west open cut) and HDD (horizontal directional drill).

<sup>3</sup> Beneficial uses are those assigned by South Dakota Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources as indicated in the ADNR Surface Water Quality website at: <u>https://sdgis.sd.gov/portal/apps/MapSeries/index.html?appid=f3e56d2e55a34c65b7d78b07ef1e677e</u>

The codes are: (1) domestic water supply; (4) warmwater permanent fish life propagation; (5) warmwater semipermanent fish life propagation; (6) warmwater marginal fish life propagation; (7) immersion recreation; (8) Limited-contact recreation; (9) fish and wildlife propagation, recreation, and stock watering; (10) Irrigation; and (11) commerce and industry. TMDL is Total Maximum Daily Load.

<sup>4</sup> Impaired status per SD DANR's Surface Water Quality website; -- means there is no data, or an assessment has not been made.

See footnote (3) for beneficial use codes; DO = dissolved oxygen, <u>TDS = total dissolved solids; TSS = total suspended solids,</u> E. coli = the bacterium Escherichia coli.

Table 35: South Dakota County Labor Force Crossed by the Project						
COUNTY	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE		
Beadle County	<u>9,439</u>	<u>9,260</u>	<u>179</u>	1. <u>9</u> 0%		
Brown County	<u>20,196</u>	<u>19,791</u>	<u>405</u>	2. <u>0</u> 0%		
Clark County	<u>2,061</u>	<u>2,020</u>	41	2.00%		
Codington County	16 <u>, <b>425</b></u>	<u>16,133</u>	292	1.80%		
Edmunds County	<u>2,011</u>	<u>1,969</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>2.1</u> 0%		
Hamlin County	3, <u>742</u>	3, <u>679</u>	63	1.70%		
Hand County	1,8 <u>57</u>	<u>1,831</u>	<u>26</u>	1. <u>4</u> 0%		
Hyde County	<u>660</u>	<u>647</u>	<u>13</u>	2. <u>0</u> 0%		
Kingsbury County	2, <u>840</u>	2, <u>785</u>	<u>55</u>	1. <u>9</u> 0%		
Lake County	6, <u>918</u>	6, <u>783</u>	<u>135</u>	2. <u>0</u> 0%		
Lincoln County	<u>39,085</u>	<u>38,477</u>	<u>608</u>	1. <u>6</u> 0%		
McCook County	3, <u>220</u>	3, <u>168</u>	<u>52</u>	1. <u>6</u> 0%		
McPherson County	<u>1,005</u>	<u>984</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>2.1</u> 0%		
Miner County	1,2 <mark>83</mark>	1,2 <mark>64</mark>	19	1. <u>5</u> 0%		
Minnehaha County	<u>121,397</u>	<u>119,307</u>	<u>2,090</u>	1.70%		
Spink County	3, <u>055</u>	<u>2,992</u>	<u>63</u>	2. <u>1</u> 0%		
Sully County	83 <u>4</u>	82 <u>1</u>	1 <u>3</u>	1. <u>6</u> 0%		
Turner County	4, <u>905</u>	4, <u>817</u>	8 <u>8</u>	1.80%		

Source:

Labor Market Information Center, South Dakota Department of Labor and Regulation, in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, available at: <u>https://dlr.sd.gov/lmic/lbtables/countylf.aspx</u>. Accessed August <u>2023</u>.

Table 36: Cultural Resources Recorded in the Environmental Survey Corridor					
Site Number	Site Type	NRHP	Management	SHPO	
		Recommendation	Recommendation	Concurrence	
39CK2072	Railroad	Eligible	Avoided via Bore	Yes	
39HD0128	Farmstead	Eligible	Avoidance by reroute	Yes	
39HD0129	Stone Circle	Eligible	Avoided via HDD	Yes	
39MP0015	Stone circle and cairn	Eligible	Avoidance by reroute pending	Pending_	
39MP0110	Stone circle and cairn	Eligible	Avoided via HDD <u>or</u> <u>reroute pending</u>	<u>Pending</u>	
39MP0111	Stone circle	Eligible	Avoided via <u>HDD or</u> reroute <u>pending</u>	Pending_	
39BN0144	Stone circle and cairn	Eligible	Avoided via reroute	<u>Yes</u>	
39CK2007	Railroad	Eligible	Avoided via bore	Yes	
39ED2007	Railroad	Eligible	Avoided via bore	Yes	
39HD0134	Stone circle and cairn	Eligible	Avoided via reroute	<u>Yes</u>	
39HD0136	Stone circle	Eligible	Avoided via reroute	Yes	
39HE0097	Stone circle and cairn	Eligible	Avoided via <u>HDD</u>	Yes	
39HE0099	Stone circle	Eligible	Avoided via reroute	Yes	
39LK2013	Railroad	Eligible	Avoided via HDD	<u>Yes</u>	
39KB0056	Stone Alignment	Eligible	Avoided via reroute	<u>Yes</u>	
39KB2013	Railroad	Eligible	Avoided via <u>HDD</u>	<u>Yes</u>	
39MP0118	Stone circle	Eligible	Avoidance by reroute	Yes	
39MP0119	Stone circle and cairn	Eligible	Avoided via HDD	Yes	
39MP0123	Stone circle	Eligible	Avoided via reroute	Yes	
39MP0134	Stone circle	Eligible	Avoided via reroute	Yes	
39MH2014	Railroad	Eligible	Avoided via <u>HDD</u>	Yes	
39CK0214	Farmstead	Not Eligible	No further work	<u>Yes</u>	
39CK0021	Historic artifact scatter	Not Eligible	No further work	<u>Yes</u>	

Table 36: Cultural Resources Recorded in the Environmental Survey Corridor					
Site Number	Site Type	NRHP	Management	SHPO	
		Recommendation	Recommendation	Concurrence	
39HD0017	School foundation	Not Eligible	No further work	<u>Yes</u>	
39KB0054	Farmstead	Not Eligible	No further work	<u>Yes</u>	
39MN0036	Farmstead	Not Eligible	No further work	<u>Yes</u>	
39LN0068	<u>Historic artifact</u> <u>scatter</u>	Not Eligible	No further work	<u>Yes</u>	
39MH0192	Prehistoric artifact scatter	Not Eligible	No further work	Yes	
39LK0058	Farmstead	Not Eligible	No further work	<u>Yes</u>	
39BE0188	Historic depression	Not Eligible	No further work	Yes	
39ED0066	Historic artifact scatter	Not Eligible	No further work	Yes	
39LK0088	Prehistoric artifact scatter	Not Eligible	No further work	Yes	
39MP0109	Prehistoric artifact scatter	Not Eligible	No further work	Yes	
<u>39KB0055</u>	Farmstead	Not Eligible	No further work	Yes	
<u>39SP0288</u>	<u>Prehistoric open</u> <u>camp</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	Avoided via HDD	<u>Yes</u>	
<u>39LN0138</u>	Historic well/cistern	Not Eligible	<u>No further work</u>	Yes	
<u>39KB2003</u>	<u>Railroad</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	Avoided via HDD	<u>Yes</u>	
<u>39MP2051</u>	<u>Railroad</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	Avoided via bore	<u>Yes</u>	
<u>CS4555MP005</u>	<u>Prehistoric open</u> <u>camp</u>	<u>Pending</u>	<u>Pending</u>	<u>Pending</u>	
<u>CS4333SP001b</u>	<u>Railroad</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Pending, avoided by</u> <u>HDD</u>	<u>Pending</u>	
<u>CS4333SP002</u>	Multicomponent <u>historic and</u> prehistoric artifact <u>scatter</u>	<u>Pending</u>	<u>Pending</u>	<u>Pending</u>	
<u>CS4411CL001</u>	<u>Historic artifact</u> <u>scatter</u>	Pending	Pending	<u>Pending</u>	
<u>CS6363BR001</u>	<u>Railroad</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Pending, avoided by</u> <u>HDD</u>	<u>Pending</u>	
<u>38SP2003</u>	<u>Railroad</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Pending, avoided by</u> <u>HDD</u>	<u>Pending</u>	
<u>CS6363MP001</u>	<u>Prehistoric Stone</u> <u>circle</u>	<u>Pending</u>	<u>Pending</u>	<u>Pending</u>	
CS6363MP002	<u>Prehistoric artifact</u> <u>scatter</u>	Pending	Pending	<u>Pending</u>	
<u>39SP2003</u>	<u>Railroad</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Pending, avoided by</u> <u>HDD</u>	<u>Pending</u>	
<u>39MP2051</u>	Railroad	Eligible	Pending, avoided by <u>HDD</u>	Pending	

Table 36: Cultural Resources Recorded in the Environmental Survey Corridor						
Site Number	Site Type	NRHP Recommendation	Management Recommendation	SHPO Concurrence		
<u>CS4555MP005</u>	<u>Prehistoric open</u> <u>camp</u>	<u>Pending</u>	<u>Pending</u>	<u>Pending</u>		
<u>CS4333SP001b</u>	<u>Railroad</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Pending, avoided by</u> <u>HDD</u>	<u>Pending</u>		
<u>CS4333SP001a</u>	<u>Historic artifact</u> <u>scatter</u>	<u>Pending</u>	<u>Pending</u>	<u>Pending</u>		
<u>CS4333SP001b</u>	<u>Railroad</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Pending, avoided by</u> <u>HDD</u>	<u>Pending</u>		
<u>CS6363LI001</u>	<u>Railroad</u>	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Pending, avoided by</u> <u>HDD</u>	<u>Pending</u>		

Table 37: Project Witnesses					
Application Section	Application Subsections	Witness			
1.0 Introduction	All Sections Section 1.8	Mr. James Powell Dr. Jon Schmidt			
2.0 Project Description	All Sections Section 2.2 Section 2.1.1 Section 2.3.2 (abnormal operations/ERP) Section 2.2 and 2.3	Mr. James Powell/Erik Schovanec Mr. <u>Alex Lange</u> Dr. Jon Schmidt Mr. Rod Dillon Mr. Brigham McCown			
3.0 Demand for Facility	All Sections	Mr. James Powell			
4.0 Alternatives	All Sections	Dr. Jon Schmidt Mr. Erik Schovanec Mr. James Powell			
5.0 Environmental Information and Impact on Physical Environment	All Sections	Dr. Jon Schmidt Mr. Erik Schovanec			
6.0 Community Impact	All Sections All Sections	Mr. James Powell Dr. Jon Schmidt			
7.0 Other Information	7.1 Monitoring of Impacts	Dr. Jon Schmidt Mr. Erik Schovanec			
Appendices	1 <u>and 2</u> <u>1, 2,</u> 3, <u>4, 8,</u> 9, 10, and 12 3, 5-12 <u>13</u>	Mr. <u>Alex Lange</u> Mr. Erik Schovanec Dr. Jon Schmidt <u>Mr. James Powell</u>			