BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

In the Matter of the Petition of Santel Communications Cooperative, Inc. for Suspension or Modification of 47 USC Section 251(b)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934 as Amended

Docket No. TC08-027

DIRECT PRE-FILED TESTIMONY OF RYAN THOMPSON

July 15, 2008

1	Ų:	what is your name and address?
2	A.	My name is Ryan Thompson. My business address is 308 S Dumont Avenue,
3		P.O. Box 67, Woonsocket, SD, 57385. My business telephone number is 605-
4		796-4411.
5	Q:	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
6	A:	I am the General Manager of Santel Communications Cooperative, Inc. (Santel).
7		Santel is a rural independent local exchange carrier that provides local exchange,
8		exchange access and other telecommunications services to 4,780 access lines
9		within its service area, including an average of 180 "lifeline" access lines within
10		its South Dakota service area, which includes the exchanges of Alpena, Artesian,
11		Ethan, Forestburg, Letcher, Mount Vernon, Parkston, Tripp, Wolsey and
12		Woonsocket.
13	Q:	Does your company have any direct points of interconnection with any
14		wireless carrier?
15	A:	Yes. There is a direct connection between Santel and Alltel in Santel's Parkston
16		exchange. There are not existing direct connections between Santel and Verizon
17		or any other wireless carrier.
18	Q:	How would you describe the service area and local calling area of your
19		exchanges, as compared to those of the wireless carriers operating in your
20		area?
21	A:	We are a small company with only ten exchanges. Our service areas are defined
22		by the boundaries of our exchanges, and where we have physical cable plant. The
23		wireless carriers, on the other hand, serve areas licensed by the FCC and by the

1	reach of a radio frequency transmission from a tower site, which makes their
2	wireless local calling area much larger than our exchange boundaries. The
3	boundary of our wireline rate centers and the local calling areas of wireless
4	carriers serving in our area vary greatly.

A:

Q: How does Santel route calls from its subscribers' landline phones to wireless carrier subscribers?

If a wireless number is local to one of Santel's calling areas or EAS areas and the wireless carrier has a direct connection to Santel, the call is routed over the trunks associated with that direct connection. Santel's Parkston wireless subscribers are served via a Nortel Networks DMS-10 remote. The Nortel remote is hosted by the Woonsocket DMS-10. For example, an Alltel wireless number that is local to the Parkston calling area would be routed over the trunks associated with Alltel's direct connection at Parkston (via the Woonsocket DMS-10 host). In all other cases, when a Santel subscriber uses his/her landline phone to call a wireless phone number, the call is routed from the subscriber's landline phone to the appropriate Santel central office switch, where it is determined to be a non-local call and is therefore switched to a toll trunk group from the Woonsocket DMS-10. The toll trunk carries the call to South Dakota Network's (SDN's) Centralized Equal Acess (CEA) tandem, which is located in Sioux Falls, to be routed to the appropriate Point of Interconnection of the wireless carrier.

Q: What is the number of wireless carriers authorized to serve in your company's service area?

23 A: I am aware of four (4) wireless carriers that are providing service in Santel's

1		local exchange area. Vertzon wheress, Amer, Sprint PCS and Nexter.
2	Q:	Have any subscribers requested local number portability (LNP) from your
3		company?
4	A:	To my knowledge, not a single Santel subscriber has requested intermodal LNP
5		portability from Santel.
6	Q:	Have any subscribers ever inquired whether the company could port a
7		number to a VoIP provider or have any carriers requested LNP in
8		connection with service to a VoIP provider?
9	A:	Not to my knowledge.
10	Q:	Has the lack of LNP had an impact on wireless service?
11	A:	Even during the past few years when Santel has had a suspension of intermodal
12		LNP, the number of people who have wireless service has continued to grow
13		throughout the country and in South Dakota. Therefore, I believe there has been
14		no impact on wireless service or competition.
15	Q:	Mr. DeWitte's testimony addresses the cost of transport associated with I
16		ntermodal and VoIP LNP. Are there other costs?
17	A:	Yes. Santel has not implemented LNP throughout its entire service territory, and
18		Santel cannot perform an LNP query to determine which numbers have been
19		ported and to which carriers. The additional costs to Santel to implement LNP are
20		explained in Mr. DeWitte's testimony.

- 1 Q: If there is no demand for intermodal LNP and Santel must incur costs to
 2 implement LNP, including, possibly, transport costs, why didn't you request
 3 a total suspension of LNP like you did before?
- A: For a couple of reasons. First, since the first and second LNP cases, Santel has made upgrades to some of its switches, and other cost elements associated with LNP have been reduced, such that the cost of implementing LNP (other than transport) have fallen. Second, Santel's Petition, in essence, is a compromise to the wireless carriers. Although Santel believes there is no demand for intermodal LNP, some wireless carriers apparently feel it is useful to their business. Rather than ask for a total suspension, Santel will incur the cost of implementing LNP. Santel merely asks that it not be required to pay for transport.

Q: Are there other reasons you filed this Petition?

A:

Yes. Even though to my knowledge there are four wireless carriers authorized to serve in Santel's service area, only two are actively operating and soliciting customers, and any licensed carrier could start operations at any time. As a result of the latest FCC decision, Santel may be required to provide LNP in connection with service to VoIP providers. At this time, Santel does not know who or how many VoIP providers may be involved. Santel has no arrangements in place that would allow for the transport of traffic to numbers ported from Santel to any of these entities. Further, because Santel has no arrangements with these carriers, it cannot transport traffic to numbers ported from Verizon, Alltel, Sprint, or Nextel to any other of these entities.

1	Q:	Why do you believe it is appropriate for the wireless carriers to pay for the
2		cost of transport?

A:

Because, in the first instance, it is the wireless carrier who makes the decision whether to pursue direct or indirect connection with the ILEC. It also is the wireless carrier that, in the first instance, either pursues a point of interconnection within the LEC's service territory or not. Further, it appears to be the position of Alltel and Verizon that the point of interconnection and direct versus indirect interconnection is within their discretion, although Santel does not agree with this position. Therefore, whether there will be any cost of transport and what the transport cost will be is largely controlled, at least in the first instance, by the wireless carriers.

For example, Mr. DeWitte's exhibits concerning the cost of transport are based on transporting traffic to Sioux Falls. It is my understanding, however, that Sprint and Alltel have said they have the right to require the transport of traffic to any point in the LATA, which is almost any point in South Dakota. If wireless carriers should some day decide that it makes more sense for their traffic to go to some other point in the LATA, the cost of transport could be a lot more than what Mr. DeWitte modeled. And, if they make that decision for their own business purposes, they should be willing to pay for it.

Q: Does the recently announced merger between Alltel and Verizon have any impact on this proceeding and the transport?

Yes. This merger most likely will impact the cost of transport. Verizon and
 Alltel currently operate as two separate entities in Santel's service area. If one of

1		the operations is sold as a result of the merger, then the new carrier may
2		interconnect with Santel in a different manner or at a different location, which
3		would impact the cost of transport. Also, the newly merged Verizon and Alltel
4		could decide to interconnect differently. As the Verizon/Alltel merger is expected
5		to close by December 31, 2008, it may make sense to continue the total
6		suspension of intermodal LNP until after the merger.
7	Q:	What will be the impact on Santel and its customers if its Petition is not
8		granted?
9	A:	Santel is a small rural company with a small customer base. As stated,
10		implementing LNP will impose costs on Santel and its subscribers. The cost of
11		paying for transport will impose an additional burden on Santel and its
12		subscribers. We have few economies of scale; the cost of transport is substantial;
13		and our subscribers have not requested this service. There is little, if any, demand
14		for intermodal or VoIP LNP in our service area. Little or no demand means that
15		the cost of transport imposes a significant adverse economic impact on users and
16		an unduly economically burdensome requirement on the company and
17		subscribers. Further, the vast majority of our customers will have to pay for those
18		few, if any, who decide to port their numbers. It is a very poor bargain for the
19		majority of our customers.
20	Q:	Do you expect the implementation of LNP to result in an increase in
21		customer's rates?
22	A:	It is not known at this time whether Santel will impose an LNP surcharge on its
23		subscribers to recover the costs of implementing LNP, other than transport. With

1		respect to the cost of transport, it is my understanding that Santel may not be
2		allowed to recover the costs associated with transport of ported calls through the
3		LNP surcharge. To the extent this is correct, Santel may be forced to increase
4		local rates or curtail services or investment in the network. For example, its
5		investment in broadband or other network improvements and in the services it is
6		able to provide to customers may be delayed or reduced. If the cost of transport is
7		recovered through local rate increases, some segment of subscribers may
8		discontinue service or decrease the number of lines to which they subscribe,
9		which would further increase the per-subscriber cost of transport.
10	Q:	What do you expect the general reaction of your customers to be if there are
11		new LNP charges or rate increases associated with LNP and transport costs?
12	A:	I would expect the reaction to be negative. Since the vast majority of our
13		customers will gain no benefit from intermodal LNP or VoIP LNP, I expect
14		strong protests if they must pay a cost for a service they do not want and for
15		which they receive no benefit. Many of our customers are elderly, and they will
16		be especially hard hit. For these reasons, our Board of Directors has been very
17		supportive of our efforts to obtain a suspension or modification of the LNP rules.
18	Q:	Does intermodal and VoIP LNP impose any other burdens on the company
19		and subscribers?
20	A:	Yes. Wireline to wireless porting under current routing protocols would impose
21		an unduly economically burdensome requirement by making the network less
22		efficient and by confusing customers. Currently, for calls from a subscriber of
23		Santel to a wireless carrier, Santel does not carry local traffic to a point of

1		interconnection beyond Samer's local canning area (or EAS area). Therefore, if
2		intermodal LNP is implemented before the transport issue has been resolved with
3		all wireless carriers, end users who continue to dial a ported number on a seven-
4		digit basis may receive a message that the call cannot be completed as dialed, or a
5		message instructing the party to redial using 1+ the area code. Thus, callers
6		would have to dial twice, with the resulting network use, to place one call. It
7		appears these issues also may be associated with calls to numbers ported to VoIP
8		providers.
9	Q:	As Santel is not LNP capable, can Santel correctly route calls to a number
10		ported from one wireless carrier to another?
11	A:	No.
12	Q:	In your Petition, you stated Santel would contact wireless carriers and
13		attempt to negotiate a resolution of routing and transport issues. Has Santel
14		done so?
15	A:	Yes. Santel has contacted intervening wireless carriers and attempted to negotiate
16		a solution to the transport/routing issues. The parties have not yet been successful
17		in negotiating a settlement, but Santel is committed to continue negotiations with
18		wireless carriers to reach a resolution of these outstanding issues.
19	Q:	Does this conclude your direct testimony?
20	A:	Yes, although I reserve the opportunity to revise or modify this pre-filed direct
21		testimony at or before the hearing if I receive additional information pertaining to
22		the issues I presented herein.

Certificate of Service

The undersigned, attorney for Petitioner hereby certifies that a true and correct copy of Pre-filed Testimony of Ryan Thompson and Pre-filed Testimony and Confidential Exhibits of John De Witte was sent electronically on this 15th day of July, 2008, upon:

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