Qwest Corporation 125 S. Dakota Ave., 8th Floor Sioux Falls, SD 57194

Qwest.

Spirit of Service

November 30, 2004

Ms. Pam Bonrud

DEC 0 2 2004

SOUTH DAKOTA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Executive Director Public Utilities Commission State Capitol Building Pierre, South Dakota

Dear Pam:

Elec.

Received NOV 3 6 2004

Please find attached 10 copies of Qwest's Notice of Modifications to Exhibit B of the Statement of Generally Available Terms and Conditions and Motion to Modify the Qwest Performance Assurance Plan found in Exhibit K of the SGAT.

An electronic copy of the filing has been sent to the Commission. If you have any questions regarding this filing please call me at 605-335-4596.

Sincerely,

Colleen E. Sevold

Manager-Policy & Law

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that a copy of foregoing QWEST CORPORATION'S NOTICE OF MODIFICATIONS TO EXHIBIT B OF THE STATEMENT OF GENERALLY AVAILABLE TERMS AND CONDITIONS AND MOTION TO MODIFY THE QWEST PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE PLAN FOUND IN EXHIBIT K TO THE STATEMENT OF GENERALLY AVAILABLE TERMS AND CONDITIONS was hand-delivered on November 30th, 2004, to the following:

Pamela Bonrud, Executive Director South Dakota Public Utilities Commission 500 East Capitol Pierre, SD 57501

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

In the Matters of	`	
QWEST CORPORATION'S Performance Assurance Plan)	DEC n 2 2004
AND)) TC04-110	SOUTH DAKOTA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
QWEST CORPORATION'S Statement of Generally Available Terms and Conditions)))	Elle Received NOV 3 0 2004

QWEST CORPORATION'S NOTICE OF MODIFICATIONS TO EXHIBIT B OF THE STATEMENT OF GENERALLY AVAILABLE TERMS AND CONDITIONS

AND

MOTION TO MODIFY THE QWEST PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE PLAN FOUND IN EXHIBIT K TO THE STATEMENT OF GENERALLY AVAILABLE TERMS AND CONDITIONS

I. INTRODUCTION

This filing is prompted by the Stipulation ("Arizona Stipulation") reached by the parties to the Arizona First Six Month Review of the Qwest Performance Assurance Plan ("QPAP") that applies to each of the 14 states within Qwest Corporation's ("Qwest") local service region. Qwest has included a copy of the Arizona Stipulation as part of this filing.

In accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Arizona Stipulation,

Qwest submits an updated Exhibit B to the Statement of Generally Available Terms and

Conditions ("SGAT") comprising Version 8.1, which is the Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs"). Copies of updated Exhibit B are attached.¹

Qwest also submits its revised QPAP found in Exhibit K of the SGAT, 4th Revision, 5th Amended, dated November 30, 2004 for modifications to reflect changes from PID Version 8.1.

The Arizona Stipulation anticipates changes to the QPAP. The revised QPAP effectuating the parties' agreement is attached as an exhibit. The Arizona Stipulation includes resolution on two issues related to OP-5-B, "New Service Quality/New Service Provisioning Quality" that require red-lined changes to Exhibit B and/or Exhibit K: standards and low volume treatment. Qwest intends that the terms of the Arizona Stipulation be available to and benefit CLECs that opt-in to the QPAP in its local service region and, accordingly, makes this filing to effectuate the Arizona Stipulation.

II. AGREED UPON ITEMS AND DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES

A. Standards for OP-5B

As part of the Arizona Stipulation, the stipulating parties agreed to apply a 96.5% benchmark standard to all products reported in OP-5B except for three product disaggregations, which are to remain diagnostic: frame relay, sub-loop unbundling and dark fiber.³ Red-lined changes have been made to Exhibit B and Exhibit K to effectuate this agreement.

B. Low Volume Treatment for OP-5B

The QPAP can also be found as Exhibit K to the SGAT. Qwest submits a "clean" and "red-lined" version of the QPAP, as modified.

Qwest is submitting "clean" and "red-lined" versions of Exhibit B, as modified.

On or about September 15, 2004, Qwest filed changes to Exhibit B in order to give effect to the agreement that Qwest and CLECs reached in the Washington Second Six Month Review. One change was to add a disaggregation for loop splitting on a diagnostic basis in the event the volume criteria, specified in the Washington Stipulation, were met; accordingly, loop splitting disaggregation remains diagnostic and is to remain diagnostic even if volumes are eventually reported.

Additionally, as part of the Arizona Stipulation, the stipulating parties agreed to low volume treatment for OP-5B in Exhibit K. Low volume treatment for OP-5B will apply if both (1) the CLEC volume of orders is less than or equal to 29 (the denominator of OP-5T) and (2) the number of orders with trouble in OP-5A is no more than one. When these two conditions are met, a standard of no more than one order with new service trouble applies. Red-lined changes have been made to Exhibit K to effectuate this agreement.

III. REQUESTED RELIEF

Qwest respectfully requests that the Commission approve the amended Exhibit B and Exhibit K, the QPAP, attached hereto and order them to become effective no later than December 31, 2004. Qwest further requests that pursuant to Section 18 of Exhibit K, the changes shall automatically apply to and modify all existing interconnection agreements that currently contain Exhibit B and Exhibit K as exhibits.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 30th day of November, 2004.

OWEST CORPORATION

Melissa K. Thompson

QWEST SERVICES CORPORATION

1801 California Street, 10th Floor

Denver, CO 80202

(303) 383-6643

Attorney for Qwest Corporation

RECEIVED BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

1. 2 MARC SPITZER **CHAIRMAN** 3 WILLIAM A. MUNDELL 4 **COMMISSIONER** TEFF HATCH-MILLER 5 COMMISSIONER 6 MIKE GLEASON **COMMISSIONER** 7 KRISTIN K. MAYES 8 **COMMISSIONER** 9

AZ COMP COMMISSION DOCUMENT CONTROL

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IN THE MATTER OF QWEST CORPORATION'S PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE PLAN

DOCKET NO. T-01051B-03-0859

STIPULATION OF THE PARTIES

COME NOW MCI, Inc. ("MCI"), Eschelon Telecom, Inc. ("Eschelon"), AT&T 14 Communications of the Mountain States, Inc. and TCG of Phoenix, Inc. (collectively "AT&T"), DIECA Communications Company dba Covad Communications ("Covad"), (collectively, the "CLECs"), the Commission Utilities Division Staff ("Staff") and Owest Corporation ("Qwest") (collectively, the "Stipulating Parties") and submit the following Stipulation, resolving the majority of outstanding issues in the Arizona First 6 Month Review of the Qwest Performance Assurance Plan ("OPAP") Proceeding. A copy of the OPAP may be found in the Statement of 19 Generally Available Terms and Conditions ("SGAT") as Exhibit K.

The Stipulating Parties have agreed and respectfully recommend that the Arizona Corporation Commission ("ACC" or "Commission") issue its Order approving the following disposition of issues identified in the initial issues matrix in this Proceeding that relate to both the QPAP (Exhibit K) and Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs") found in Exhibit B of the SGAT. This Stipulation is intended to be a comprehensive resolution. As such, each Stipulating Party has agreed to compromise its positions, including legal positions, with the goal of achieving an overall resolution that is fair and in the public interest. The CLECs and Qwest have agreed to

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support the Stipulation and bring no additional issues forward during this First 6 Month Review. Staff has agreed to support the Stipulation and bring no additional issues forward except as to the limited issue described herein in this Stipulation. Thus, the Stipulating Parties, at arms' length and with full knowledge of the facts, recommend that this Stipulation be approved by the Commission as it is consistent with the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 ("the Act") and this Commission's prior orders regarding the QPAP.

The Stipulating Parties have entered into this Stipulation with the intent that it be submitted to and recommended by the CLECs and Qwest to the other commissions in Qwest's 14-state region except as to the limited issue raised by Staff.

If the ACC does not adopt the proposal in this Stipulation, in whole or in part, the CLECs and Qwest reserve their rights to take positions on issues in future proceedings in Arizona that may be contrary to this Stipulation. If any other regulatory commission does not adopt the proposal in this Stipulation, in whole or in part, the CLECs and Qwest reserve their rights to take positions on issues in future proceedings in those states that may be contrary to this Stipulation. Except as necessary to effectuate their agreement to promptly submit and recommend this Stipulation to all remaining state regulatory commissions, nothing in this Stipulation may be used as precedent or an admission against interest by any Stipulating Party against any other Stipulating Party in any future proceeding. Any Party may bring to Arizona subsequent agreements reached in other state proceedings on these or other issues for inclusion in the SGAT Exhibits B and K.

Agreement to Resolutions in Washington 2nd 6 Month Review Proceeding

Issues 2, 3, 4, 7, and 9 appearing on the Arizona 6 Month PAP Review Issues Matrix Tentative List filed on August 24, 2004 in this Docket ("Arizona initial issues list") were pending resolution in Washington when submitted in this docket. Subsequently, the CLECs and Qwest reached resolution in that proceeding. The Parties agree to resolve the Arizona issues in the same

 manner as contained in the Washington Stipulation. The following reflects the Stipulating Parties' further resolution as to issues on the Arizona initial issues list matrix:

OP-5, New Service Quality

Summarized Issue: What benchmark should apply to OP-5B?

Resolution: The performance indicator definition OP-5B will be updated to reflect a benchmark of 96.5% for all products except Dark Fiber, Sub-Loop Unbundling and Frame Relay which will remain diagnostic. The QPAP and Minnesota Wholesale Service Quality Plan ("MWSQP") will also be revised to include OP-5A and B.

Further, in the QPAP, OP-5B for all states, and in the MWSQP in Minnesota, apply a standard of no more than one order with new service trouble (of the total orders in OP-5T) when order volumes are ≤ 29 . That is, low volume treatment for OP-5B will only be triggered if both (1) the CLEC volume of orders is less than or equal to 29 (the denominator of OP-5T) and (2) the number of orders with trouble in OP-5A is no more than one.

This resolution eliminates Issues 5 and 6 on the Arizona initial issues list. The Parties do not agree as to whether low volume treatment is appropriate. CLECs will not object to low volume treatment in this one instance to resolve this disputed issue. In agreeing to this compromise, the Parties are making no representations that low volume treatment or the linking of measures to determine low volume treatment is appropriate for any other measurement or purpose. All Parties reserve their rights to their positions as to the low volume treatment in other contexts, and Qwest will not state in any other context that CLECs agreed that low volume relief is appropriate based on this compromise.

In addition, the Parties do not agree as to whether a 96.5% benchmark is appropriate. Qwest will not object to a 96.5% benchmark in the instance of this one sub-measurement, for all states, to resolve this disputed issue. In agreeing to this compromise, the Parties are making no representations that such a standard or benchmark level is appropriate for any other measurement.

¹ The Washington Stipulation was filed in Docket T-01051-B-99-0068 on September 15, 2004 with the clean and redlined versions of both SGAT Exhibits B and K and is also attached to the Arizona initial issues list as an exhibit and filed concurrently with this Stipulation.

All Parties reserve their rights to their positions as to the types and levels of standards for other measurements in other contexts, and CLECs will not state in any other context that Qwest agreed that a 96.5% benchmark is appropriate for the OP measures or for any other measurement.

PO-2, Electronic Flow-Through and BI-5, Billing Claims Adjustments

Summarized Issue: Should PO-2 and BI-5 be added to the QPAP?

Resolution: The Stipulating Parties agree to withdraw PO-2 and BI-5 (Issue 8) from the issues list in this proceeding. The CLECs and Qwest intend by this agreement to maintain the status quo as to PO-2 and BI-5 in all states at least until the next 6 month review cycle following what may currently be started or underway.²

This resolution eliminates Issue 8 on the Arizona initial issues list.

OPAP Modifications Pending from May 3, 2004 SQAT Exhibit B Filing

Summarized Issue: How will the QPAP Exhibit K be modified to reflect applicable changes resulting from the May 3, 2004 SGAT Exhibit B filing in Docket No. T-01051B-99-0068?

Resolution: Changes to modify the Arizona QPAP based on Qwest's May 3, 2004 SGAT Exhibit B filing will be implemented for PID performance beginning with September data as governed by the business rules for each measurement. Application of the QPAP will begin with October data and will be paid pursuant to the applicable section of the QPAP. This resolution eliminates Issue 10 on the Arizona initial issues list.

Changes to PID Administration Process

Summarized Issue: How will PID modifications outside of the 6 month review process be made and issues remaining on the Long Term PiD Administration ("LTPA") issues matrix be handled

² CLECs agree not to seek the addition of PO-2 or BI-5 to any PAP that currently does not contain PO-2 (Arizona, Idaho, Iowa, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah and Wyoming) or BI-5 (all states) until at least the next 6 month review cycle following what may currently be started or underway. Qwest agrees not to seek the removal of PO-2 from the PAPs that currently contain PO-2 (Colorado, Minnesota, New Mexico & Washington) until at least the next 6 month review cycle following what may currently be started or underway and in any case not to begin earlier than January 1, 2005.

going forward?

Resolution: The Stipulating Parties disagree regarding the LTPA process. The CLECs and Qwest reserve all rights and positions if and when the issue arises; however, for the purpose of this Arizona First 6 Month Review Proceeding, with the exception of the staff, the CLECs and Qwest hereby withdraw issues 19 and 20 from the issues list. If Staff decides to pursue this issue, all Parties reserve their right to participate before the Commission. In the event that Staff pursues this issue, it does not void the agreement among the Parties as to the other issues.

Staff Reporting Requests

Summarized Issue: Staff indicated on the October 15, 2004 conference call, that it had two remaining issues relating to Qwest reporting, one of which does not appear on the initial Arizona issues matrix. Staff requested that Tier II payment information be provided directly to the business office and that Qwest provide data regarding CLECs who had not opted-in to the QPAP and the amount of payments that those CLECs may have received had they opted-in to the QPAP. Resolution: The first issue has been resolved with Qwest's agreement to provide the report with its monthly QPAP payment to the business office. The other issue, relating to a data request from Staff has been resolved with Qwest's agreement to provide the data but pending final confidentiality language to be determined by Staff and Qwest. This resolution eliminates Issue 24 from the Arizona initial issues list.

Compromise

The series of resolutions identified above and in the Washington Stipulation appear to resolve all known issues that may require a hearing in this Arizona First 6 Month Review Proceeding except as to the LTPA process which Staff continues to consider.

<u>Implementation</u>

Application of the QPAP in all states and the MWSQP will begin with October data and will be paid pursuant to the applicable section of the QPAP. Qwest agrees to file the Stipulation and such SGAT revisions to Exhibits B and K by November 12, 2004 in Arizona and by

I	November 30, 2004 in Qwest's other	er 13 states. This Stipulation may be ex	ecuted in counterparts.
2	Changes to Exhibits B and K in oth	ner states resulting from this Arizona S	stipulation are intended
3	to be applicable to all CLECs that h	ave adopted the QPAP in those states a	nd in the MWSQP, and
4	Qwest will request that the interco	nnection agreements be so amended.	Party CLECs will not
5	object to Qwest's request.		
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6	So have we all stipulated.		
7 8	RESPECTFULLY SUBMIT	TED this 1st day of Notember	, 2004.
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11	QWEST CORPORATION		
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12	Almeron H (11) Tich		
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17	COMMISSION STAFF		
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19			Dated
20	Maureen A. Scott		Data
21	Attorney, Legal Division 1200 West Washington Street		
22	Phoenix, AZ 85007		
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Implementation

Application of the QPAP in all states and the MWSQP will begin with October data and will be paid pursuant to the applicable section of the OPAP. Owest agrees to file the Stipulation and such SGAT revisions to Exhibits B and K by November 12, 2004 in Arizona and by November 30, 2004 in Qwest's other 13 states. This Stipulation may be executed in counterparts. Changes to Exhibits B and K in other states resulting from this Arizona Stipulation are intended to be applicable to all CLECs that have adopted the QPAP in those states and in the MWSQP, and Qwest will request that the interconnection agreements be so amended. Party CLECs will not object to Qwest's request.

So have we all stipulated.

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Dated

Norman Curtright Counsel for Qwest Corporation 4041 N. Central Ave Phoenix, AZ 85012

COMMISSION UTILITIES DIVISION STAFF

Maureen A. Scott Attorney, Legal Division

1200 West Washington Street

Phoenix, AZ 85007

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PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE PLAN

1.0 Introduction

1.1 As set forth in this Agreement, Qwest and CLEC voluntarily agree to the terms of the following Performance Assurance Plan ("PAP"), prepared in conjunction with Qwest's application for approval under Section 271 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "Act") to offer in-region long distance service.

2.0 Plan Structure

- 2.1 The PAP is a two-tiered, self-executing remedy plan. CLEC shall be provided with Tier 1 payments if, as applicable, Qwest does not provide parity between the service it provides to CLEC and that which it provides to its own retail customers, or Qwest fails to meet applicable benchmarks.
- 2.1.1 As specified in section 7.0, if Qwest fails to meet parity and benchmark standards on an aggregate CLEC basis, Qwest shall make Tier 2 payments to a Fund administered by the state regulatory commission or, if required by existing law, to the state general fund.
- 2.2 As specified in sections 6.0 and 7.0 and Attachments 1 and 2, payment is generally on a per occurrence basis, (i.e., a set dollar payment times the number of non-conforming service events). For the performance measurements which do not lend themselves to per occurrence payment, payment is on a per measurement basis, (i.e., a set dollar payment). The level of payment also depends upon the number of consecutive months of non-conforming performance, (i.e., an escalating payment the longer the duration of non-conforming performance).
- 2.3 Qwest shall be in conformance with the parity standard when service Qwest provides to CLEC is equivalent to that which it provides to its retail customers. The PAP relies upon statistical scoring to determine whether any difference between CLEC and Qwest performance results is significant, that is, not attributable to simple random variation. Statistical parity shall exist when performance results for CLEC and for Qwest retail analogue result in a z-value that is no greater than the critical z-values listed in the Critical Z-Statistical Table in section 5.0.
- 2.4 For performance measurements that have no Qwest retail analogue, agreed upon benchmarks shall be used. Benchmarks shall be evaluated using a "stare and compare" method. For example, if the benchmark is for a particular performance measurement is 95% or better, Qwest performance results must be at least 95% to meet the benchmark. Percentage benchmarks will be adjusted to round the allowable number of misses up or down to the closest integer, except when a benchmark standard and low CLEC volume are such that a 100% performance result

would be required to meet the standard and has not been attained. In such a situation, the determination of whether Qwest meets or fails the benchmark standard will be made using performance results for the month in question, plus a sufficient number of consecutive months so that a 100% performance result would not be required to meet the standard. For purposes of section 6.2, a meet or fail determined by this procedure shall count as a single month.

3.0 Performance Measurements

3.1 The performance measurements included in the PAP are set forth in Attachment 1. Each performance measurement identified is defined in the Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs") developed in the ROC Operational Support System ("OSS") collaborative, and which are included in the SGAT at Exhibit B. The measurements have been designated as Tier 1, Tier 2, or both Tier 1 and Tier 2 and given a High, Medium, or Low designation.

4.0 Statistical Measurement

- 4.1 Qwest uses a statistical test, namely the modified "z-test," for evaluating the difference between two means (i.e., Qwest and CLEC service or repair intervals) or two percentages (e.g., Qwest and CLEC proportions), to determine whether a parity condition exists between the results for Qwest and the CLEC(s). The modified z-tests shall be applicable if the number of data points are greater than 30 for a given measurement. For testing measurements for which the number of data points are 30 or less, Qwest will use a permutation test to determine the statistical significance of the difference between Qwest and CLEC.
- 4.2 Qwest shall be in conformance when the monthly performance results for parity measurements (whether in the form of means, percents, or proportions and at the equivalent level of disaggregation) are such that the calculated z-test statistics are not greater than the critical z-values as listed in Table 1, section 5.0.
- 4.3 Qwest shall be in conformance with benchmark measurements when the monthly performance result equals or exceeds the benchmark, if a higher value means better performance, and when the monthly performance result equals or is less than the benchmark if a lower value means better performance.

The formula for determining parity using the modified z-test is:

$$z = DIFF / \sigma_{DIFF}$$

Where:

DIFF = Mowest - Molec

Fxhibit K

 M_{QWEST} = Qwest average or proportion

 $M_{CLEC} = CLEC$ average or proportion

 $\sigma_{DIFF} = \text{square root } \Box \sigma^{\Box} Q \text{west } (1/n_{CLEC} + 1/n_{Qwest})]$

 σ^2_{Owest} = calculated variance for Qwest

 n_{Qwest} = number of observations or samples used in Qwest measurement

n_{CLEC} = number of observations or samples used in CLEC measurement

The modified z-tests will be applied to reported parity measurements that contain more than 30 data points.

In calculating the difference between Qwest and CLEC performance, the above formula applies when a larger Qwest value indicates a better level of performance. In cases where a smaller Qwest value indicates a higher level of performance, the order is reversed, i.e., M_{CLEC} - M_{QWEST} .

4.3.1 For parity measurements where the number of data points is 30 or less, Qwest will apply a permutation test to test for statistical significance. Permutation analysis will be applied to calculate the z-statistic using the following logic:

Calculate the modified z-statistic for the actual arrangement of the data Pool and mix the CLEC and Qwest data sets Perform the following 1000 times:

Randomly subdivide the pooled data sets into two pools, one the same size as the original CLEC data set (n_{CLEC}) and one reflecting the remaining data points, and one reflecting the remaining data points, (which is equal to the size of the original Qwest data set or n_{QWEST}).

Page

Compute and store the modified z-test score (Z_s) for this sample.

Count the number of times the z-statistic for a permutation of the data is greater than the actual modified z- statistic

Compute the fraction of permutations for which the statistic for the rearranged data is greater than the statistic for the actual samples

If the fraction is greater than α , the significance level of the test, the hypothesis of no difference is not rejected, and the test is passed. The α shall be .05 when the critical z value is 1.645 and .15 when the critical z value is 1.04.

5.0 Critical Z-Value

5.1 The following table shall be used to determine the critical z-value that is referred to in section 6.0. It is based on the monthly business volume of the CLEC for the particular performance measurements for which statistic testing is being performed.

TABLE 1: CRITICAL Z-VALUE

CLEC volume	LIS Trunks, UDITs,	All Other
(Sample size)	Resale, UBL-DS1 and	
	DS-3	
1-10	1.04*	1.645
11-150	1.645	1.645
151-300	2.0	2.0
301-600	2.7	2.7
601-3000	3.7	3.7
3001 and above	4.3	4.3

^{*} The 1.04 applies for individual month testing for performance measurements involving LIS trunks and DS-1 and DS-3 that are UDITs, Resale, or Unbundled Loops. The performance measurements are OP-3d/e, OP-4d/e, OP-5a, OP-6-4/5, MR-5a/b, MR-7d/e, and MR-8.

For purposes of determining consecutive month misses, 1.645 shall be used. Where performance measurements disaggregate to zone 1 and zone 2, the zones shall be combined for purposes of statistical testing.

6.0 Tier 1 Payments to CLEC

- 6.1 Tier 1 payments to CLEC shall be made solely for the performance measurements designated as Tier 1 on Attachment 1. The payment amount for non-conforming service varies depending upon the designation of performance measurements as High, Medium, and Low and the duration of the non-conforming service condition as described below. Non-conforming service is defined in section 4.0.
- 6.1.1 Determination of Non-Conforming Measurements: The number of performance measurements that are determined to be non-conforming and, therefore, eligible for Tier 1 payments, are limited according to the critical z-value shown in Table 1, section 5.0. The critical z-values are the statistical standard that determines for each CLEC performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity. The critical z-value is selected from Table 1 according to the monthly CLEC volume for the performance measurement. For instance, if the CLEC sample size for that month is 100, the critical z-value is 1.645 for the statistical testing of that parity performance measurement.

- 6.2 Determination of the Amount of Payment: Tier 1 payments to CLEC, except as provided for in sections 6.3 and 10.0, are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of performance measurements exceeding the critical z-value. Payments will be made on either a per occurrence or per measurement basis, depending upon the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 2 below. The dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is designated High, Medium, or Low and escalate depending upon the number of consecutive months for which Qwest has not met the standard for the particular measurement.
- 6.2.1 The escalation of payments for consecutive months of non-conforming service will be matched month for month with de-escalation of payments for every month of conforming service. For example, if Qwest has four consecutive monthly "misses" it will make payments that escalate from month 1 to month 4 as shown in Table 2. If, in the next month, service meets the standard, Qwest makes no payment. A payment "indicator" de-escalates down from month 4 to month 3. If Qwest misses the following month, it will make payment at the month 3 level of Table 2 because that is where the payment "indicator" presently sits. If Qwest misses again the following month, it will make payments that escalate back to the month 4 level. The payment level will de-escalate back to the original month 1 level only upon conforming service sufficient to move the payment "indicator" back to the month 1 level.
- 6.2.2 For those performance measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps," payment to a CLEC in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 2 below for the "Per Measurement" category. For those performance measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payments," payment to a CLEC will be the amount set forth in Table 2 below under the section labeled "per measurement."

TABLE 2: TIER-1 PAYMENTS TO CLEC

Per Occurrence						1	
Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6	Each following month after Month 6 add
High	\$150	\$250	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800	\$100
Medium	\$ 75	\$150	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600	\$100
Low	\$ 25	\$ 50	\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400	\$100

Per

Measurement

Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6	Each following month after Month 6 add
High	\$25,000	\$50,00	\$75,00	\$100,00	\$125,00	\$150,000	\$25,000
		0	0	0	0		
Medium	\$10,000	\$20,00	\$30,00	\$	\$	\$ 60,000	\$ 10,000
		0	0	40,000	50,000		
Low	\$ 5,000	\$10,00	\$15,00	\$	\$	\$ 30,000	\$ 5,000
		0	0	20,000	25,000		

6.3 For collocation, CP-2 and CP-4 performance measurements shall be relied upon for delineation of collocation business rules. For purposes of calculating Tier 1 payments, collocation jobs and collocation feasibility studies that are later than the due date will have a per day payment applied according to Table 3. The per day payment will be applied to any collocation job in which the feasibility study is provided or the collocation installation is completed later than the scheduled date. The calculation of the payment amount will be performed by applying the per day payment amounts as specified in Table 3. Thus, for days 1 through 10, the payment is \$150 per day. For days 11 through 20, the payment is \$300 per day and so on.

TABLE 3: TIER-1 COLLOCATION PAYMENTS TO CLECS

Days Late	Completion Date	Feasibility Study
1 to 10 days	\$150/day	\$45/day
11 to 20 days	\$300/day	\$90/day
21 to 30 days	\$450/day	\$135/day
31 to 40 days	\$600/day	\$180/day
More than 40 days	\$1,000/day	\$300/day

6.4 A minimum payment calculation shall be performed at the end of each year for each CLEC with annual order volumes of no more than 1,200. The payment shall be calculated by multiplying \$2,000 by the number of months in which at least one payment was made to the CLEC. To the extent that the actual CLEC payment for the year is less than the product of the preceding calculation, Qwest shall make an additional payment equal to the difference.

7.0 Tier 2 Payments to the State

7.1 Payments to the State shall be limited to the performance measurements designated in section 7.4 for Tier 2 per measurement payments and in Attachment 1 for per occurrence payments and which have at least 10 data points each month for the period payments are being calculated. Similar to the Tier 1 structure, Tier 2

measurements are categorized as High, Medium, and Low and the amount of payments for non-conformance varies according to this categorization.

- 7.2 Determination of Non-Conforming Measurements: The determination of non-conformance will be based upon the aggregate of all CLEC data for each Tier 2 performance measurement. Non-conforming service is defined in section 4.2 (for parity measurements) and 4.3 (for benchmark measurements), except that a 1.645 critical z-value shall be used for all parity measurements but MR-2 and OP-2. The critical z-value is the statistical standard that determines for each performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity.
- 7.3 Determination of the Amount of Payment: Except as provided in section 7.4, Tier 2 payments are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of performance measurements exceeding the critical z-value, identified in section 7.2, in a single month. Payment will be made on either a per occurrence or per measurement basis, whichever is applicable to the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 4 or Table 5 below. Except as provided in section 7.4, the dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is designated High, Medium, or Low.
- 7.3.1 For those Tier 2 measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps," payment to the State in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 4 for the "Per Measurement" category.

TABLE 4: TIER-2 PAYMENTS TO STATE FUNDS

Per Occurrence

Julio	
Meas	urement Group
High	
	\$500
Medi	um
•	\$300
Low	
	\$200

Per Measurement/Cap

Measurement Group	
High	\$75,000
Medium	\$30,000
Low	\$20,000

7.4 <u>Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payment</u>: The following Tier 2 performance measurements shall have their performance results measured on a region-wide (14 state) basis. Failure to meet the performance standard, therefore, will result in a per measurement payment in each of the Qwest in-region 14 states adopting this PAP. The performance measurements are:

GA-1: Gateway Availability - IMA-GUI

GA-2: Gateway Availability - IMA-EDI

GA-3: Gateway Availability – EB-TA GA-4: System Availability – EXACT

GA-6: Gateway Availability - GUI-Repair

PO-1: Pre-Order/Order Response Times

OP-2: Call Answered within Twenty Seconds - Interconnect Provisioning

Center

MR-2: Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Repair Center

GA-1 has two sub-measurements: GA-1A and GA-1D. PO-1 shall have two sub-measurements: PO-1A and PO-1B. PO-1A and PO-1B shall have their transaction types aggregated together.

For these measurements, Qwest will make a Tier 2 payment based upon monthly performance results according to Table 5: Tier 2 Per Measurement Payments to State Funds.

TABLE 5: TIER-2 PER MEASUREMENT PAYMENTS TO STATE FUNDS

Measurement	Performance	State	14 State
		Payment	Payment
GA-1,2,3,4,6	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>1% to 3%	\$10,000	\$140,000
	>3% to 5%	\$20,000	\$280,000
	>5%	\$30,000	\$420,000
PO-1	2 sec. Or less	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>2 sec. to 5	\$5,000	\$70,000
,	sec.		
	>5 sec. to 10	\$10,000	\$140,000
	sec.		
	>10 sec.	\$15,000	\$210,000
OP-2/MR-2	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>1% to 3%	\$5,000	\$70,000
	>3% to 5%	\$10,000	\$140,000
	>5%	\$15,000	\$210,000

7.5 Payment of Tier 2 Funds: Payments to a state fund shall be used for any purpose determined by the Commission that is allowed to it by state law. If the Commission is not permitted by state law to receive or administer Tier 2 payments, payments shall be made to the state general fund or to such other source as may be provided for under state law.

8.0 Step by Step Calculation of Monthly Tier 1 Payments to CLEC

- 8.1 Application of the Critical Z-Values: Qwest shall identify the Tier 1 parity performance measurements that measure the service provided to CLEC by Qwest for the month in question and the critical z-value from Table 1 in section 5.0 that shall be used for purposes of statistical testing for each particular performance measurement. The statistical testing procedures described in section 4.0 shall be applied. For the purpose of determining the critical z-values, each disaggregated category of a performance measurement is treated as a separate sub-measurement. The critical z-value to be applied is determined by the CLEC volume at each level of disaggregation or sub-measurement.
- 8.2 Performance Measurements for which Tier 1 Payment is Per Occurrence:
- 8.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:
- 8.2.1.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the average or the mean that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 8.2.1.2 Step 2: The percentage differences between the actual averages and the calculated averages shall be calculated. The calculation is % diff = (CLEC result Calculated Value)/Calculated Value.
- 8.2.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the percentage calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amounts from the Tier 1 Payment Table shall determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 8.2.2 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:
- 8.2.2.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the percentage that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z- statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 8.2.2.2 Step 2: The difference between the actual percentages for the CLEC and the calculated percentages shall be determined.
- 8.2.2.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step, and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 1 Payment Table, to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.

- 8.2.3 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:
- 8.2.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement the ratio that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 8.2.3.2 Step 2: The absolute difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate shall be determined.
- 8.2.3.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference calculated in the previous step, and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 1 Payment Table, to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 8.3 Performance Measurements for which Tier 1 Payment is Per Measure:
- 8.3.1 For each performance measurement where Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment to the CLEC shall be the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of Table 2: Tier 1 Payments to CLEC.

9.0 Step by Step Calculation of Monthly Tier 2 Payments to State Funds

- 9.1 Application of the Critical Z-Values: Qwest shall identify the Tier 2 parity performance measurements that measure the service provided to all CLECs by Qwest for the month in question. The statistical testing procedures described in section 4.0 shall be applied, except that a 1.645 critical z-value shall be used for all parity measurements except MR-2 and OP-2. If Qwest misses a performance standard and there are at least 10 data points for the performance measurement, a Tier 2 payment will be calculated and paid as described below and will continue in each succeeding month until Qwest's performance meets the applicable standard.
- 9.2 Performance Measurements for which Tier 2 Payment is Per Occurrence:
- 9.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:
- 9.2.1.1 Step 1: The monthly average or the mean for each performance measurement that would yield the critical z-value for each month shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 9.2.1.2 Step 2: The percentage difference between the actual averages and the calculated averages for each month shall be calculated. The calculation for parity measurements is % diff = (actual average calculated average)/calculated average.

- 9.2.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points for the non-conforming month shall be multiplied by the percentage calculated in the previous step and multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 9.3 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:
- 9.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the monthly percentage that would yield the critical z-value for each month shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 9.3.1.2 Step 2: The difference between the actual percentages and the calculated percentages for the non-conforming month shall be calculated. The calculation for parity measurement is diff = (CLEC result calculated percentage). This formula shall be applicable where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula shall be reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.
- 9.3.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points for the non-conforming month shall be multiplied by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step and multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State.
- 9.4 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:
- 9.4.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the ratio that would yield the critical z-value for each month shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 9.4.1.1 Step 2: The difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate for the non-conforming month shall be calculated. The calculation is: diff = (CLEC rate calculated rate). This formula shall apply where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula shall be reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.
- 9.4.1.2 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference calculated in the previous step for the non-conforming month and multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State.

- 9.5 Performance Measurements for which Tier 2 Payment is Per Measure:
- 9.5.1 For each performance measurement where Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment to the State Fund shall be the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of the Tier 2 Payment Table.

10.0 Low Volume, Developing Markets

- 10.1 For certain qualifying performance standards, if the aggregate monthly volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP are more than 10, but less than 100, Qwest will make Tier 1 payments to CLECs for failure to meet the parity or benchmark standard for the qualifying performance sub-measurements. The qualifying sub-measurements are the UNE-P (POTS), megabit resale, and ADSL qualified loop product disaggregation of OP-3, OP-4, OP-5a, MR-3, MR-5, MR-7, and MR-8. If the aggregate monthly CLEC volume is greater than 100, the provisions of this section shall not apply to the qualifying performance sub-measurement.
- 10.2 The determination of whether Qwest has met the parity or benchmark standards will be made using aggregate volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP. In the event Qwest does not meet the applicable performance standards, a total payment to affected CLECs will be determined in accordance with the high, medium, low designation for each performance measurement (see Attachment 1) and as described in section 8.0, except that CLEC aggregate volumes will be used. In the event the calculated total payment amount to CLECs is less than \$5,000, a minimum payment of \$5,000 shall be made. The resulting total payment amount to CLECs will be apportioned to the affected CLECs based upon each CLEC's relative share of the number of total service misses.
- 10.3 At the six (6)-month reviews, Qwest will consider adding to the above list of qualifying performance sub-measurements, new products disaggregation representing new modes of CLEC entry into developing markets.

11.0 Payment

11.1 Payments to CLEC, the State, or the Special Fund shall be made one month following the due date of the performance measurement report for the month for which payment is being made. Qwest will pay interest on any late payment and underpayment at the prime rate as reported in the Wall Street Journal. On any overpayment, Qwest is allowed to offset future payments by the amount of the overpayment plus interest at the prime rate.

- 11.2 Payment to CLEC shall be made via bill credits. Bill credits shall be identified on a summary format substantially similar to that distributed as a prototype to the CLECs and the Commissions. To the extent that a monthly payment owed to CLEC under this PAP exceeds the amount owed to Qwest by CLEC on a monthly bill, Qwest will issue a check or wire transfer to CLEC in the amount of the overage. Payment to the State shall be made via check or wire transfer.
- 11.3 Upon the execution of a memorandum of understanding with the South Dakota Commission, a South Dakota Special Fund and a South Dakota Discretionary Fund shall be created for the purposes and in accordance with section 11.0. The South Dakota Commission shall authorize disbursement of funds. All claims against the funds shall be presented to the Commission and shall be the responsibility of the South Dakota Commission.
- 11.3.1 Qwest shall establish the South Dakota Special Fund and the South Dakota Discretionary Fund as separate interest bearing escrow accounts. Upon Qwest receiving effective section 271 authority from the FCC for the state of South Dakota, the Commission shall determine and direct Qwest to deposit into the South Dakota Special Fund either 1) one-fifth of all Tier 1 payments that exceed the month 1 payment amounts in Table 2 and one-third of all Tier 2 payments or 2) 50% of all Tier 2 payments. Qwest shall deposit any other Tier 2 payments into the South Dakota Discretionary Fund. The costs of the escrow accounts will be paid for from the accounts' funds.
- 11.3.2 The South Dakota Special Fund shall be created to pay the independent auditor and audit costs for the purpose of regional or state audits as specified in section 15.1 or, and to pay expenses incurred by the Commission in participating in any regional review of the PIDs. Disbursements from the South Dakota Special Fund shall first be from Tier 2 funds and second from Tier 1 funds. Not less than every two years, Tier 1 funds that are not needed to meet the continuing obligations of the Special Fund shall be returned on a pro-rata basis to CLECs, including any interest not used for fund administration. Other than the transfer of funds allowed in section 11.3.2.1, disbursements from the South Dakota Discretionary Fund shall be for, but not limited to, South Dakota telecommunications initiatives. Any excess funds in the South Dakota Special Fund may be transferred to the South Dakota Discretionary Fund at the Commission's discretion.
- 11.3.2.1 If the South Dakota Commission chooses not to participate in the regional audit pursuant to section 15.1 and the account balance of the South Dakota Special Fund escrow account is less than \$50,000 at the time of any state audit described in section 15.1, a transfer of funds from the South Dakota Discretionary Fund to the South Dakota Special Fund shall be allowed in the amount necessary to bring the South Dakota Special Fund balance to \$50,000.

11.3.3 Notwithstanding the provisions herein, Qwest shall advance sufficient funds to any consolidated Special Fund established by participating states, set up for the purpose of a regional audit as specified in sections 15.1, not to exceed \$200,000 (or \$500,000 in the event 6 or more states participate in the regional audit) in order to meet initial claims against that Fund to the extent that contributions from Tier 1 and/or Tier 2 payments are insufficient. Qwest shall be allowed to recover any such advances plus interest at the rate that such an escrow account would have earned from future Tier 2 payments.

12.0 Cap on Tier 1 and Tier 2 Payments

- 12.1 There shall be a cap on the total payments made by Qwest for a 12-month period beginning with the effective date of the PAP for the State of South Dakota. The annual cap for the State of South Dakota shall be 36% of the prior year's ARMIS Net Return, or \$15,000,000, whichever is greater, subject to any applicable adjustments permitted pursuant to section 12.2. Qwest shall submit to the Commission the calculation of each year's cap no later than 30 days after submission of ARMIS results to the FCC. CLEC agrees that this amount constitutes a maximum annual cap that shall apply to the aggregate total of Tier 1 liquidated damages, including any such damages paid pursuant to this Agreement, any other interconnection agreement, or any other payments made for the same underlying activity or omission under any other contract, order or rule and Tier 2 assessments or payments made by Qwest for the same underlying activity or omission under any other contract, order or rule and Tier 2 assessments or payments made by Qwest for the same underlying activity or omission under any other contract, order or rule.
- 12.2 If Qwest payments equal or exceed the annual cap for two years in a row or equal or exceed 1/3rd of the annual cap in a combination of two consecutive months, the Commission shall have the authority to open a proceeding to request Qwest to explain the non-conforming performance and show that it did not result from Qwest's failure to act in a prudent manner to avoid reasonably foreseeable consequences. The Commission may raise the cap to the amount which Qwest would have paid in the higher of the prior two years, may ask the Federal Communication Commission ("FCC") to halt Qwest's in-region interLATA long distance marketing authority for a particular interval, or may take other appropriate action.
- 12.3 If the annual cap is reached, each CLEC shall, as of the end of the plan year, be entitled to receive the same percentage of its total calculated Tier 1 payments. In order to preserve the operation of the annual cap, the percentage of equalization shall take place as follows:
- 12.3.1 The amount by which any month's total year-to-date Tier 1 and Tier 2 payments exceeds the cumulative monthly cap (defined as $1/12^{th}$ of the annual cap times the cumulative number of months to date) shall be calculated and apportioned between Tier 1 and Tier 2 according to the percentage that each bore of total payments for the year-to-date. The Tier 1 apportionment resulting of this calculation shall be known as the "Tracking Account."

- 12.3.2 The Tier 1 apportionment shall be debited against the monthly payment due to each CLEC, by applying to the year-to-date payments received by each the percentage necessary to generate the required total Tier 1 amount.
- 12.3.3 The Tracking Amount shall be apportioned among all CLECs so as to provide each with payments equal in percentage of its total year to date Tier 1 payment calculations.
- 12.3.4 This calculation shall take place in the first month that the year-to-date total Tier 1 and Tier 2 payments are expected to exceed the cumulative monthly cap and for each month of that year thereafter. Qwest shall recover any debited amounts by reducing payments due to any CLEC for that month and any succeeding months, as necessary.

13.0 Limitations

- 13.1 The PAP shall not become available in the State unless and until Qwest receives effective section 271 authority from the FCC for that State.
- 13.2 Qwest will not be liable for Tier 1 payments to CLEC in an FCC approved state until the Commission has approved an interconnection agreement between CLEC and Qwest which adopts the provisions of this PAP.
- Qwest shall not be obligated to make Tier 1 or Tier 2 payments for any measurement if and to the extent that non-conformance for that measurement was the result of any of the following: 1) with respect to performance measurements with a benchmark standard, a Force Majeure event as defined in section 5.7 of the SGAT. Qwest will provide notice of the occurrence of a Force Majeure event within 72 hours of the time Qwest learns of the event or within a reasonable time frame that Qwest should have learned of it; 2) an act or omission by a CLEC that is contrary to any of its obligations under its interconnection agreement with Qwest or under federal or state law; an act or omission by CLEC that is in bad faith. Examples of bad faith conduct include, but are not limited to: unreasonably holding service orders and/or applications, "dumping" orders or applications in unreasonably large batches, "dumping" orders or applications at or near the close of a business day, on a Friday evening or prior to a holiday, and failing to provide timely forecasts to Qwest for services or facilities when such forecasts are explicitly required by the SGAT; 3) problems associated with third-party systems or equipment, which could not have been avoided by Qwest in the exercise of reasonable diligence, provided, however, that this third party exclusion will not be raised in the State more than three times within a calendar year. If a Force Majeure event or other excusing event recognized in this section merely suspends Qwest's ability to timely perform an activity subject to a performance measurement that is an interval measure, the applicable time frame in which Qwest's compliance with the parity or benchmark criterion is measured will be

extended on an hour-for-hour or day-for-day basis, as applicable, equal to the duration of the excusing event.

- 13.3.1 Qwest will not be excused from Tier 1 or Tier 2 payments for any reason except as described in Section 13.0. Qwest will have the burden of demonstrating that its non-conformance with the performance measurement was excused on one of the grounds described in this PAP. A party may petition the Commission to require Qwest to deposit disputed payments into an escrow account when the requesting party can show cause, such as grounds provided in the Uniform Commercial Code for cases of commercial uncertainty.
- 13.3.2 Notwithstanding any other provision of this PAP, it shall not excuse performance that Qwest could reasonably have been expected to deliver assuming that it had designed, implemented, staffed, provisioned, and otherwise provided for resources reasonably required to meet foreseeable volumes and patterns of demands upon its resources by CLECs.
- 13.4 Qwest's agreement to implement these enforcement terms, and specifically its agreement to pay any "liquidated damages" or "assessments" hereunder, will not be considered as an admission against interest or an admission of liability in any legal, regulatory, or other proceeding relating in whole or in part to the same performance.
- 13.4.1 CLEC may not use: 1) the existence of this enforcement plan; or 2) Qwest's payment of Tier –1 "liquidated damages" or Tier 2 "assessments" as evidence that Qwest has discriminated in the provision of any facilities or services under Sections 251 or 252, or has violated any state or federal law or regulation. Qwest's conduct underlying its performance measures, however are not made inadmissible by its terms.
- 13.4.2 By accepting this performance remedy plan, CLEC agrees that Qwest's performance with respect to this remedy plan may not be used as an admission of liability or culpability for a violation of any state or federal law or regulation. (Nothing herein is intended to preclude Qwest from introducing evidence of any Tier 1 "liquidated damages" under these provisions for the purpose of offsetting the payment against any other damages or payments a CLEC might recover.) The terms of this paragraph do not apply to any proceeding before the Commission or the FCC to determine whether Qwest has met or continues to meet the requirements of section 271 of the Act.
- 13.5 By incorporating these liquidated damages terms into the PAP, Qwest and CLEC accepting this PAP agree that proof of damages from any non-conforming performance measurement would be difficult to ascertain and, therefore, liquidated damages are a reasonable approximation of any contractual damages that may result from a non-conforming performance measurement. Qwest and CLEC further agree that Tier 1 payments made pursuant to this PAP are not intended to be a

penalty. The application of the assessments and damages provided for herein is not intended to foreclose other non-contractual legal and non-contractual regulatory claims and remedies that may be available to a CLEC.

- 13.6 This PAP contains a comprehensive set of performance measurements, statistical methodologies, and payment mechanisms that are designed to function together, and only together, as an integrated whole. To elect the PAP, CLEC must adopt the PAP in its entirety in its interconnection agreement with Qwest in lieu of other alternative standards or relief. Where alternative standards or remedies for Qwest's wholesale performance are available under rules, orders, or contracts, including interconnection agreements, CLEC will be limited to either PAP standards and remedies or the standards and remedies available under rules, orders or contracts and CLECs choice of remedies shall be specified in its interconnection agreement.
- 13.7 Any liquidated damages payment by Qwest under these provisions is not hereby made inadmissible in any proceeding related to the same conduct where Qwest seeks to offset the payments against any other damages a CLEC may recover; whether or not the nature of the damages sought by the CLEC is such that an offset is appropriate will be determined in the relevant proceeding.
- 13.8 To the extent Qwest believes that some Tier 2 payments required to be made under this PAP would duplicate payments that have been assessed by or on behalf of the Commission pursuant to any service quality rules or Commission orders, Qwest may make such Tier 2 payments to a special interest bearing escrow account and then dispute the payments before the South Dakota Commission. If Qwest can show that the payments relate to the same underlying activity or omission, it may retain the Tier 2 payments and any interest accrued on such payments.
- 13.9 Whenever a Qwest Tier 1 payment to an individual CLEC exceeds \$3 million in a month, Qwest may commence a proceeding to demonstrate why it should not be required to pay any amount in excess of the \$3 million. Upon timely commencement of the proceeding, Qwest must pay the balance of payments owed in excess of \$3 million into escrow, to be held by a third-party pending the outcome of the proceeding. To invoke these escrow provisions, Qwest must file, not later than the due date of the Tier 1 payments, its application. Qwest will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, it would be unjust to require it to make the payments in excess of \$3 million. If Qwest reports non-conforming performance to CLEC for three consecutive months on 20% or more of the measurements reported to CLEC and has incurred no more than \$1 million in liability to CLEC, then CLEC may commence a similar proceeding. In any such proceeding CLEC will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, justice requires Qwest to make payments in excess of the amount calculated pursuant to the terms of the PAP. The disputes identified in this section shall be resolved in a manner specified in the Dispute Resolution section of the SGAT with the CLEC.

- 13.10 Any payments made by Qwest as a result of the PAP should not: 1) be included as expenses in any Qwest revenue requirement, or 2) be reflected in increased rates to CLECs for services and facilities provided pursuant to Section 251(c) of the Telecommunication Act of 1996 and priced pursuant to Section 252(d) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996.
- 13.11 This Exhibit K may be assigned as a part of any agreement to which SGAT Section 5.12.1 is applicable.

14.0 Reporting

- 14.1 Upon receiving effective section 271 authority from the FCC for a state, Qwest will provide CLEC that has an approved interconnection agreement with Qwest, a monthly report of Qwest's performance for the measurements identified in the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Qwest will collect, analyze, and report performance data for the measurements listed on Attachment 1 in accordance with the most recent version of the PIDs. Upon CLEC's request, data files of the CLEC's raw data, or any subset thereof, will be transmitted, without charge, to CLEC in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission medium.
- Qwest will also provide the Commission a monthly report of aggregate CLEC performance results pursuant to the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Individual CLEC reports of participating CLECs will also be available to the Commission upon request. By accepting this PAP, CLEC consents to Qwest providing CLEC's report and raw data to the State Commission. Pursuant to the terms of an order of the Commission, Qwest may provide CLEC-specific data that relates to the PAP, provided that Qwest shall first initiate any procedures necessary to protect the confidentiality and to prevent the public release of the information pending any applicable Commission procedures and further provided that Qwest provides such notice as the Commission directs to the CLEC involved, in order to allow it to prosecute such procedures to their completion. Data files of participating CLEC raw data, or any subset thereof, will be transmitted, without charge, to the Commission in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission form.
- 14.3 In the event Qwest does not provide CLEC and the Commission with a monthly report by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported, Qwest will pay to the State a total of \$500 for each business day for which performance reports are 6 to 10 business days past the

due date; \$1,000 for each business day for which performance reports are 11 to 15 business days past the due date; and \$2,000 for each business day for which performance results are more than 15 business days past the due date. If reports are on time but are missing performance results, Qwest will pay to the State a total of one-fifth of the late report amount for each missing performance measurement, subject to a cap of the full late report amount. These amounts represent the total payments for omitting performance measurements or missing any report deadlines, rather than a payment per report. Prior to the date of a payment for late reports, Qwest may file a request for a waiver of the payment, which states the reasons for the waiver. The Commission may grant the waiver, deny the waiver, or provide any other relief that may be appropriate.

14.4 To the extent that Qwest recalculates payments made under this PAP, such recalculation shall be limited to the preceding three years (measured from the later of the provision of a monthly credit statement or payment due date). Qwest shall retain sufficient records to demonstrate fully the basis for its calculations for long enough to meet this potential recalculation obligation. CLEC verification or recalculation efforts should be made reasonably contemporaneously with Qwest measurements. In any event, Qwest shall maintain the records in a readily useable format for one year. For the remaining two years, the records may be retained in archived format. Any payment adjustments shall be subject to the interest rate provisions of section 11.1.

15.0 Integrated Audit Program/Investigations of Performance Results

- 15.1 Audits of the PAP shall be conducted under the auspices of the Commission in accordance with a detailed audit plan developed by an independent auditor and approved by the Commission. The Commission shall select the independent auditor with input from Qwest and the CLECs. The Commission will determine, based upon requests and upon its own investigation, which results and/or measures should be audited. The Commission may, at its discretion, conduct audits through participation in a collaborative process with other states.
- 15.1.1 The initial audit plan shall be conducted over two years, with audit periods subsequent to the initial audit to be determined by the Commission. The Commission will determine the scope of and procedure for the audit plan, which, at a minimum, will identify the specific performance measurements to be audited, the specific tests to be conducted, and the entity to conduct them. The initial audit plan will give priority to auditing the higher risk areas identified in the Final OSS Report.
- 15.1.2 The Commission will attempt to coordinate its audit plan with other audit plans that may be conducted by other state commissions so as to avoid duplication. The audit shall be conducted so as not to impede Qwest's ability to comply with the other provisions of the

PAP and should be of a nature and scope that it can be conducted in accordance with the reasonable course of Qwest's business operations.

- 15.1.3 Any dispute arising out of the audit plan, the conduct of the audit, or audit results shall be resolved by the Commission.
- 15.2 Qwest must report to the Commission monthly any changes it makes to the automated or manual processes used to produce performance results including data collection, generation, and reporting. The reports must include sufficient detail to enable the parties to understand the scope and nature of the changes.
- 15.3 In the event of a disagreement between Qwest and CLEC as to any issue regarding the accuracy or integrity of data collected, generated, and reported pursuant to the PAP, Qwest and the CLEC shall first consult with one another and attempt in good faith to resolve the issue. If an issue is not resolved within 45 days after a request for consultation, CLEC and Qwest may, upon a demonstration of good cause (e.g., evidence of material errors or discrepancies), request an independent audit to be conducted, at the initiating party's expense. The independent auditor will assess the need for an audit based upon whether there exists a material deficiency in the data or whether there exists an issue not otherwise addressed by the audit plan for the current cycle. The Commission will resolve any dispute by any party questioning the independent auditor's decision to conduct or not conduct a CLEC requested audit and the audit findings, should such an audit be conducted. Audit findings will include: (a) general applicability of findings and conclusions (i.e., relevance to CLECs or jurisdictions other than the ones causing test initiation), (b) magnitude of any payment adjustments required and, (c) whether cost responsibility should be shifted based upon the materiality and clarity of any Qwest nonconformance with measurement requirements (no pre-determined variance is appropriate, but should be based on the auditor's professional judgment). CLEC may not request an audit of data more than three years from the later of the provision of a monthly credit statement or payment due date.
- 15.4 Expenses for the audit of the PAP and any other related expenses incurred by the Commission, except that which may be assigned under section 15.3, shall be paid first from the Tier 2 funds in the Special Fund. If no Special Fund is in existence or Tier 2 funds are not otherwise sufficient to cover audit costs in whole or in part, the Commission will develop an additional funding method that will include contributions from CLECs' Tier 1 payments and from Qwest.
- 15.5 Any party may petition the Commission to request that Qwest investigate any consecutive Tier 1 miss or any second consecutive Tier 2 miss to determine the cause of the miss and to identify the action needed in order to meet the standard set forth in the performance measurements. Qwest will report the results of its investigation to the Commission, and to the extent an investigation determines that a CLEC was responsible in whole or in part for the Tier 2 misses, Qwest may petition the Commission to request that it receive credit against future Tier 2 payments in an amount equal to the Tier 2

payments that should not have been made. Qwest may also request that the relevant portion of subsequent Tier 2 payments will not be owed until any responsible CLEC problems are corrected. For the purposes of this sub-section, Tier 1 performance measurements that have not been designated as Tier 2 will be aggregated and the aggregate results will be investigated pursuant to the terms of this agreement.

16.0 Reviews

- 16.1 Every six (6) months beginning six months after the effective date of 271 approval by the FCC for the state of South Dakota, Qwest, CLECs, and the Commission shall participate in a review of the performance measurements to determine whether the measurements should be added, deleted, or modified: whether the applicable benchmark standards should be modified or replaced by standards; and whether to move a classification of a measurement to High, Medium, or Low or Tier 1 to Tier 2. Criteria for review of performance measurement, other than for possible reclassification, shall be whether there exists an omission or failure to capture intended performance, and whether there is duplication of another measurement. After the Commission considers changes proposed in the six month review process, it shall determine what, if any, changes shall be made by Qwest. The Commission retains its independent authority under state law to initiate a proceeding to review the PAP at any time and to order changes to any provisions of the PAP, after notice and hearing, and consistent with due process and other rights of all parties. No new performance measurements shall be added to the PAP that have not been subject to observation as a diagnostic measurement for a period of six (6) months, unless ordered otherwise by the Commission. Any changes made pursuant to this section shall apply to and modify this agreement.
- 16.1.1 Notwithstanding section 16.1, if any agreements on adding, modifying, deleting, performance measurements as permitted by section 16.1 are reached between Qwest and CLECs participating in an industry Regional Oversight Committee (ROC) PID administration forum, those agreements shall be incorporated into the QPAP and modify the agreement between CLEC and Qwest at any time those agreements are submitted to and approved by the Commission, whether before or after a six-month review.
- 16.1.2 Nothing in this PAP precludes the Commission from modifying the PAP based upon its independent state law authority, subject to judicial challenge. Nothing in this PAP constitutes a grant of authority by either party to this agreement nor does it constitute a waiver by either party to this agreement of any claim either party may have that the Commission lacks jurisdiction to make any modifications to this PAP,

including any modifications resulting from the process described in Section 16.0.

- 16.2 Two years after the effective date of the first FCC 271 approval of the PAP, the Commission, by itself or in conjunction with other state commissions, may conduct a review by a independent third party to examine the continuing effectiveness of the PAP as a means of inducing compliant performance. Except for expenses which may be assigned under section 15.3, the expenses of any review by the state of South Dakota, or if the Commission participates in a multistate review, the expenses shall be paid first from the Tier 2 funds in the Special Fund. If no Special Fund is in existence or Tier 2 funds are not otherwise sufficient to cover audit costs in whole or in part, the Commission will develop an additional funding method that will include contribution from CLECs' Tier 1 payments and from Qwest.
- 16.3 Qwest will make the PAP available for CLEC interconnection agreements. Upon Qwest's elimination of its Section 272 affiliate or upon it exiting the interLATA market, Qwest may petition the Commission to phase out the PAP. At that time, a review of the PAP shall be conducted to determine whether a phase-out of the PAP is appropriate.

17.0 (Reserved for Future Use)

18.0 Dispute Resolution

Except as otherwise provided in the PAP, the Commission shall resolve any disputes.

Attachment 1: Tier 1 and Tier 2 Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence **Payment**

Performance Measurement		Tier	1 Paym	ents	Tier	2 Paym	nents
		Low	Med	High	Low	. Med	High
GATEWAY							
Timely Outage Resolution	GA-7						X
PRE-ORDER/ORDERS							
LSR Rejection Notice Interval	PO-3 ^a	Χ					
Firm Order Confirmations On Time	PO-5	Х				X	
Work Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-6 ^b	Х					
Billing Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-7 ^b	Χ					
Jeopardy Notice Interval	PO-8	X					
Timely Jeopardy Notices	PO-9	X					
Release Notifications	PO-16						X
(Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy	PO-20°		X				
ORDERING AND PROVISIONING			<u> </u>				-
Installation Commitments Met	OP-3		 	X		X	
Installation Intervals	OP-4 ^d			X	<u> </u>	X	<u> </u>
New Service Quality	OP-5a,b ⁶		 	X	<u> </u>	X	<u> </u>
Delayed Days	OP-6 ^t		 	X		X	
Number Portability Timeliness	OP-8		<u> </u>	X		X	
Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loops	OP-13a			X		X	
LNP Disconnect Timeliness	OP-17			X		Х	
MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR							
Out of Service Cleared within 24 hours	MR-3			X			
All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours	MR-5			X			
Mean time to Restore	MR- 6a,b,c,d ^g , e ^g			X			
Repair Repeat Report Rate	MR-7			X		X	
Trouble Rate	MR-8			X		X	
LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours	MR-11			Х		Х	
BILLING							
Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records	BI-1	X					X
Billing Accuracy-Adjustments for Errors	BI-3	Х					
Billing Completeness	BI-4	Х	1			X	
NETWORK PERFORMANCE			 	 		-	+
Trunk Blocking	NI-1			X		1	X
NXX Code Activation	NP-1	1		X	1	1	X

- a. PO-3 is limited to PO-3a-1, PO-3b-1, and PO-3c.
- b. PO-6 is included with PO-7 as two "families:" PO-6a/PO-7a and PO-6b/PO-7b. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurements with the highest payment being paid.
- c. Low Volume Exception: In lieu of Section 2.4 for PO-20, where CLEC order volumes for a given month are less than 17 in Phase 1, less than 13 in Phase 2, and less than 10 in Phase 3 and subsequent phases, a benchmark standard of "no more than one order with PO-20 errors" is applied. Under this provision, no payment applies if there is only one order with errors.

Stabilization Period: For each phase beginning with Phase 1, there will be no more than a 3-month measurement stabilization period for all fields introduced in that phase. Performance results that include all such fields are not subject to payments during the measurement stabilization period.

- d. OP-4 is included with OP-6 as five "families:" OP-4a/OP-6-1, OP-4b/OP-6-2, OP-4c/OP-6-3, OP-4d/OP-6-4, and OP-4e/OP-6-5. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurement with the highest payment being paid.
- e. Low volume treatment for OP-5b will apply if both (1) the CLEC volume of orders is less than or equal to 29 (the denominator of OP-5t) and (2) the number of orders with trouble in OP-5a is no more than one. When these two conditions are met, a standard of no more than one order with new service trouble applies.
- f. For purposes of the PAP, OP-6a and OP-6b will be combined and treated as one. The combined OP-6 breaks down to OP-6-1 (within MSA), OP-6-2 (outside MSA), OP-6-3 (no dispatch), OP-6-4 (zone 1), and OP-6-5 (zone 2).
- g. Applicable only to xDSL-I capable loops.

Attachment 2: Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps

Billing

Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records – BI-1 (Tier 1/Tier 2) Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors – BI-3 (Tier 1) Billing Completeness – BI-4 (Tier 1/Tier 2)

PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE PLAN

1.0 Introduction

1.1 As set forth in this Agreement, Qwest and CLEC voluntarily agree to the terms of the following Performance Assurance Plan ("PAP"), prepared in conjunction with Qwest's application for approval under Section 271 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "Act") to offer in-region long distance service.

2.0 Plan Structure

- 2.1 The PAP is a two-tiered, self-executing remedy plan. CLEC shall be provided with Tier 1 payments if, as applicable, Qwest does not provide parity between the service it provides to CLEC and that which it provides to its own retail customers, or Qwest fails to meet applicable benchmarks.
- 2.1.1 As specified in section 7.0, if Qwest fails to meet parity and benchmark standards on an aggregate CLEC basis, Qwest shall make Tier 2 payments to a Fund administered by the state regulatory commission or, if required by existing law, to the state general fund.
- 2.2 As specified in sections 6.0 and 7.0 and Attachments 1 and 2, payment is generally on a per occurrence basis, (i.e., a set dollar payment times the number of non-conforming service events). For the performance measurements which do not lend themselves to per occurrence payment, payment is on a per measurement basis, (i.e., a set dollar payment). The level of payment also depends upon the number of consecutive months of non-conforming performance, (i.e., an escalating payment the longer the duration of non-conforming performance).
- 2.3 Qwest shall be in conformance with the parity standard when service Qwest provides to CLEC is equivalent to that which it provides to its retail customers. The PAP relies upon statistical scoring to determine whether any difference between CLEC and Qwest performance results is significant, that is, not attributable to simple random variation. Statistical parity shall exist when performance results for CLEC and for Qwest retail analogue result in a z-value that is no greater than the critical z-values listed in the Critical Z-Statistical Table in section 5.0.
- 2.4 For performance measurements that have no Qwest retail analogue, agreed upon benchmarks shall be used. Benchmarks shall be evaluated using a "stare and compare" method. For example, if the benchmark is for a particular performance measurement is 95% or better, Qwest performance results must be at least 95% to meet the benchmark. Percentage benchmarks will be adjusted to round the allowable number of misses up or down to the closest integer, except when a benchmark standard and low CLEC volume are such that a 100% performance result

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would be required to meet the standard and has not been attained. In such a situation, the determination of whether Qwest meets or fails the benchmark standard will be made using performance results for the month in question, plus a sufficient number of consecutive months so that a 100% performance result would not be required to meet the standard. For purposes of section 6.2, a meet or fail determined by this procedure shall count as a single month.

3.0 Performance Measurements

3.1 The performance measurements included in the PAP are set forth in Attachment 1. Each performance measurement identified is defined in the Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs") developed in the ROC Operational Support System ("OSS") collaborative, and which are included in the SGAT at Exhibit B. The measurements have been designated as Tier 1, Tier 2, or both Tier 1 and Tier 2 and given a High, Medium, or Low designation.

4.0 Statistical Measurement

- 4.1 Qwest uses a statistical test, namely the modified "z-test," for evaluating the difference between two means (i.e., Qwest and CLEC service or repair intervals) or two percentages (e.g., Qwest and CLEC proportions), to determine whether a parity condition exists between the results for Qwest and the CLEC(s). The modified z-tests shall be applicable if the number of data points are greater than 30 for a given measurement. For testing measurements for which the number of data points are 30 or less, Qwest will use a permutation test to determine the statistical significance of the difference between Qwest and CLEC.
- 4.2 Qwest shall be in conformance when the monthly performance results for parity measurements (whether in the form of means, percents, or proportions and at the equivalent level of disaggregation) are such that the calculated z-test statistics are not greater than the critical z-values as listed in Table 1, section 5.0.
- 4.3 Qwest shall be in conformance with benchmark measurements when the monthly performance result equals or exceeds the benchmark, if a higher value means better performance, and when the monthly performance result equals or is less than the benchmark if a lower value means better performance.

The formula for determining parity using the modified z-test is:

 $z = DIFF / \sigma_{DIFF}$

Where:

DIFF = M_{Qwest} - M_{CLEC}

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 $M_{QWEST} = Qwest$ average or proportion

 $M_{CLEC} = CLEC$ average or proportion

 $\sigma_{DIFF} = \text{square root } \Box \sigma^{\Box} \text{Qwest } (1/\text{ n }_{CLEC} + 1/\text{ n }_{Qwest})]$

 σ^2_{Qwest} = calculated variance for Qwest

 $n_{\mbox{\scriptsize Qwest}} = \mbox{\scriptsize number}$ of observations or samples used in Qwest measurement

 $n_{\text{CLEC}} = \text{number}$ of observations or samples used in CLEC measurement

The modified z-tests will be applied to reported parity measurements that contain more than 30 data points.

In calculating the difference between Qwest and CLEC performance, the above formula applies when a larger Qwest value indicates a better level of performance. In cases where a smaller Qwest value indicates a higher level of performance, the order is reversed, i.e., M_{CLEC} - M_{QWEST}.

4.3.1 For parity measurements where the number of data points is 30 or less, Qwest will apply a permutation test to test for statistical significance. Permutation analysis will be applied to calculate the z-statistic using the following logic:

Calculate the modified z-statistic for the actual arrangement of the data Pool and mix the CLEC and Qwest data sets Perform the following 1000 times:

Randomly subdivide the pooled data sets into two pools, one the same size as the original CLEC data set (n_{CLEC}) and one reflecting the remaining data points, and one reflecting the remaining data points, (which is equal to the size of the original Qwest data set or n_{QWEST}). Compute and store the modified z-test score (Z_{S}) for this sample.

Count the number of times the z-statistic for a permutation of the data is

greater than the actual modified z- statistic

Compute the fraction of permutations for which the statistic for the rearranged data is greater than the statistic for the actual samples

If the fraction is greater than α , the significance level of the test, the hypothesis of no difference is not rejected, and the test is passed. The α shall be .05 when the critical z value is 1.645 and .15 when the critical z value is 1.04.

5.0 Critical Z-Value

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5.1 The following table shall be used to determine the critical z-value that is referred to in section 6.0. It is based on the monthly business volume of the CLEC for the particular performance measurements for which statistic testing is being performed.

TABLE 1: CRITICAL Z-VALUE

CLEC volume (Sample size)	LIS Trunks, UDITs, Resale, UBL-DS1 and DS-3	All Other
1-10	1.04*	1.645
11-150	1.645	1.645
151-300	2.0	2.0
301-600	2.7	2.7
601-3000	3.7	3.7
3001 and above	4.3	4.3

* The 1.04 applies for individual month testing for performance measurements involving LIS trunks and DS-1 and DS-3 that are UDITs, Resale, or Unbundled Loops. The performance measurements are OP-3d/e, OP-4d/e, OP-5a, OP-6-4/5, MR-5a/b, MR-7d/e, and MR-8.

For purposes of determining consecutive month misses, 1.645 shall be used. Where performance measurements disaggregate to zone 1 and zone 2, the zones shall be combined for purposes of statistical testing.

6.0 Tier 1 Payments to CLEC

- 6.1 Tier 1 payments to CLEC shall be made solely for the performance measurements designated as Tier 1 on Attachment 1. The payment amount for non-conforming service varies depending upon the designation of performance measurements as High, Medium, and Low and the duration of the non-conforming service condition as described below. Non-conforming service is defined in section 4.0.
- 6.1.1 Determination of Non-Conforming Measurements: The number of performance measurements that are determined to be non-conforming and, therefore, eligible for Tier 1 payments, are limited according to the critical z-value shown in Table 1, section 5.0. The critical z-values are the statistical standard that determines for each CLEC performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity. The critical z-value is selected from Table 1 according to the monthly CLEC volume for the performance measurement. For instance, if the CLEC sample size for that month is 100, the critical z-value is 1.645 for the statistical testing of that parity performance measurement.

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- 6.2 Determination of the Amount of Payment: Tier 1 payments to CLEC, except as provided for in sections 6.3 and 10.0, are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of performance measurements exceeding the critical z-value. Payments will be made on either a per occurrence or per measurement basis, depending upon the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 2 below. The dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is designated High, Medium, or Low and escalate depending upon the number of consecutive months for which Qwest has not met the standard for the particular measurement.
- 6.2.1 The escalation of payments for consecutive months of non-conforming service will be matched month for month with de-escalation of payments for every month of conforming service. For example, if Qwest has four consecutive monthly "misses" it will make payments that escalate from month 1 to month 4 as shown in Table 2. If, in the next month, service meets the standard, Qwest makes no payment. A payment "indicator" de-escalates down from month 4 to month 3. If Qwest misses the following month, it will make payment at the month 3 level of Table 2 because that is where the payment "indicator" presently sits. If Qwest misses again the following month, it will make payments that escalate back to the month 4 level. The payment level will de-escalate back to the original month 1 level only upon conforming service sufficient to move the payment "indicator" back to the month 1 level.
- 6.2.2 For those performance measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps," payment to a CLEC in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 2 below for the "Per Measurement" category. For those performance measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payments," payment to a CLEC will be the amount set forth in Table 2 below under the section labeled "per measurement."

TABLE 2: TIER-1 PAYMENTS TO CLEC

Per Occurrence							
Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6	Each following month after Month 6 add
High	\$150	\$250	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800	\$100
Medium	\$ 75	\$150	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600	\$100
Low	\$ 25	\$ 50	\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400	\$100

Per Measurement				
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Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6	Each following month after Month 6 add
High	\$25,000	\$50,00	\$75,00	\$100,00	\$125,00	\$150,000	\$25,000
		0	0	[0 _	[0		
Medium	\$10,000	\$20,00	\$30,00	\$	\$	\$ 60,000	\$ 10,000
		0	0	40,000_	50,000		
Low	\$ 5,000	\$10,00	\$15,00	\$	\$	\$ 30,000	\$ 5,000
		0	0	20,000	25,000		

6.3 For collocation, CP-2 and CP-4 performance measurements shall be relied upon for delineation of collocation business rules. For purposes of calculating Tier 1 payments, collocation jobs and collocation feasibility studies that are later than the due date will have a per day payment applied according to Table 3. The per day payment will be applied to any collocation job in which the feasibility study is provided or the collocation installation is completed later than the scheduled date. The calculation of the payment amount will be performed by applying the per day payment amounts as specified in Table 3. Thus, for days 1 through 10, the payment is \$150 per day. For days 11 through 20, the payment is \$300 per day and so on.

TABLE 3: TIER-1 COLLOCATION PAYMENTS TO CLECS

Days Late	Completion Date	Feasibility Study
1 to 10 days	\$150/day	\$45/day
11 to 20 days	\$300/day	\$90/day ·
21 to 30 days	\$450/day	\$135/day
31 to 40 days	\$600/day	\$180/day
More than 40 days	\$1,000/day	\$300/day

6.4 A minimum payment calculation shall be performed at the end of each year for each CLEC with annual order volumes of no more than 1,200. The payment shall be calculated by multiplying \$2,000 by the number of months in which at least one payment was made to the CLEC. To the extent that the actual CLEC payment for the year is less than the product of the preceding calculation, Qwest shall make an additional payment equal to the difference.

7.0 Tier 2 Payments to the State

7.1 Payments to the State shall be limited to the performance measurements designated in section 7.4 for Tier 2 per measurement payments and in Attachment 1 for per occurrence payments and which have at least 10 data points each month for the period payments are being calculated. Similar to the Tier 1 structure, Tier 2

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measurements are categorized as High, Medium, and Low and the amount of payments for non-conformance varies according to this categorization.

- 7.2 Determination of Non-Conforming Measurements: The determination of non-conformance will be based upon the aggregate of all CLEC data for each Tier 2 performance measurement. Non-conforming service is defined in section 4.2 (for parity measurements) and 4.3 (for benchmark measurements), except that a 1.645 critical z-value shall be used for all parity measurements but MR-2 and OP-2. The critical z-value is the statistical standard that determines for each performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity.
- 7.3 Determination of the Amount of Payment: Except as provided in section 7.4, Tier 2 payments are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of performance measurements exceeding the critical z-value, identified in section 7.2, in a single month. Payment will be made on either a per occurrence or per measurement basis, whichever is applicable to the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 4 or Table 5 below. Except as provided in section 7.4, the dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is designated High, Medium, or Low.
- 7.3.1 For those Tier 2 measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps," payment to the State in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 4 for the "Per Measurement" category.

TABLE 4: TIER-2 PAYMENTS TO STATE FUNDS

Per Occurrence

Measurement Group	
High	
	\$500
Medium	
	\$300
Low	
•	\$200

Per Measurement/Cap

Measurement Group	
High	\$75,000
Medium	\$30,000
Low	\$20,000

7.4 <u>Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payment:</u> The following Tier 2 performance measurements shall have their performance results measured on a region-wide (14 state) basis. Failure to meet the performance standard, therefore, will result in a per measurement payment in each of the Qwest in-region 14 states adopting this PAP. The performance measurements are:

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GA-1: Gateway Availability - IMA-GUI

GA-2: Gateway Availability - IMA-EDI GA-3: Gateway Availability – EB-TA

GA-4: System Availability – EXACT GA-6: Gateway Availability – GUI-Repair PO-1: Pre-Order/Order Response Times

OP-2: Call Answered within Twenty Seconds - Interconnect Provisioning

Center

MR-2: Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds - Interconnect Repair Center

GA-1 has two sub-measurements: GA-1A and GA-1D. PO-1 shall have two sub-measurements: PO-1A and PO-1B. PO-1A and PO-1B shall have their transaction types aggregated together.

For these measurements, Qwest will make a Tier 2 payment based upon monthly performance results according to Table 5: Tier 2 Per Measurement Payments to State Funds.

TABLE 5: TIER-2 PER MEASUREMENT PAYMENTS TO STATE FUNDS

Measurement	Performance	State	14 State		
		Payment	Payment		
GA-1,2,3,4,6	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000		
	>1% to 3%	\$10,000	\$140,000		
	>3% to 5%	\$20,000	\$280,000		
	>5%	\$30,000	\$420,000		
PO-1	2 sec. Or less	\$1,000	\$14,000		
	>2 sec. to 5	\$5,000	\$70,000		
	sec.				
	>5 sec. to 10	\$10,000	\$140,000		
	sec.				
<u> </u>	>10 sec.	\$15,000	\$210,000		
OP-2/MR-2	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000		
	>1% to 3%	\$5,000	\$70,000		
	>3% to 5%	\$10,000	\$140,000		
	>5%	\$15,000	\$210,000		

7.5 Payment of Tier 2 Funds: Payments to a state fund shall be used for any purpose determined by the Commission that is allowed to it by state law. If the Commission is not permitted by state law to receive or administer Tier 2 payments, payments shall be made to the state general fund or to such other source as may be provided for under state law.

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8.0 Step by Step Calculation of Monthly Tier 1 Payments to CLEC

- 8.1 Application of the Critical Z-Values: Qwest shall identify the Tier 1 parity performance measurements that measure the service provided to CLEC by Qwest for the month in question and the critical z-value from Table 1 in section 5.0 that shall be used for purposes of statistical testing for each particular performance measurement. The statistical testing procedures described in section 4.0 shall be applied. For the purpose of determining the critical z-values, each disaggregated category of a performance measurement is treated as a separate sub-measurement. The critical z-value to be applied is determined by the CLEC volume at each level of disaggregation or sub-measurement.
- 8.2 Performance Measurements for which Tier 1 Payment is Per Occurrence:
- 8.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:
- 8.2.1.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the average or the mean that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 8.2.1.2 Step 2: The percentage differences between the actual averages and the calculated averages shall be calculated. The calculation is % diff = (CLEC result Calculated Value)/Calculated Value.
- 8.2.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the percentage calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amounts from the Tier 1 Payment Table shall determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 8.2.2 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:
- 8.2.2.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the percentage that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z- statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 8.2.2.2 Step 2: The difference between the actual percentages for the CLEC and the calculated percentages shall be determined.
- 8.2.2.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step, and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 1 Payment Table, to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.

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- 8.2.3 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:
- 8.2.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement the ratio that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 8.2.3.2 Step 2: The absolute difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate shall be determined.
- 8.2.3.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference calculated in the previous step, and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 1 Payment Table, to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 8.3 Performance Measurements for which Tier 1 Payment is Per Measure:
- 8.3.1 For each performance measurement where Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment to the CLEC shall be the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of Table 2: Tier 1 Payments to CLEC.

9.0 Step by Step Calculation of Monthly Tier 2 Payments to State Funds

- 9.1 Application of the Critical Z-Values: Qwest shall identify the Tier 2 parity performance measurements that measure the service provided to all CLECs by Qwest for the month in question. The statistical testing procedures described in section 4.0 shall be applied, except that a 1.645 critical z-value shall be used for all parity measurements except MR-2 and OP-2. If Qwest misses a performance standard and there are at least 10 data points for the performance measurement, a Tier 2 payment will be calculated and paid as described below and will continue in each succeeding month until Qwest's performance meets the applicable standard.
- 9.2 Performance Measurements for which Tier 2 Payment is Per Occurrence:
- 9.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:
- 9.2.1.1 Step 1: The monthly average or the mean for each performance measurement that would yield the critical z-value for each month shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 9.2.1.2 Step 2: The percentage difference between the actual averages and the calculated averages for each month shall be calculated . The calculation for parity measurements is % diff = (actual average calculated average)/calculated average.

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- 9.2.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points for the non-conforming month shall be multiplied by the percentage calculated in the previous step and multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 9.3 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:
- 9.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the monthly percentage that would yield the critical z-value for each month shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 9.3.1.2 Step 2: The difference between the actual percentages and the calculated percentages for the non-conforming month shall be calculated. The calculation for parity measurement is diff = (CLEC result calculated percentage). This formula shall be applicable where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula shall be reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.
- 9.3.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points for the non-conforming month shall be multiplied by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step and multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State.
- 9.4 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:
- 9.4.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the ratio that would yield the critical z-value for each month shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)
- 9.4.1.1 Step 2: The difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate for the non-conforming month shall be calculated. The calculation is: diff = (CLEC rate calculated rate). This formula shall apply where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula shall be reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.
- 9.4.1.2 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference calculated in the previous step for the non-conforming month and multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State.

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- 9.5 Performance Measurements for which Tier 2 Payment is Per Measure:
- 9.5.1 For each performance measurement where Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment to the State Fund shall be the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of the Tier 2 Payment Table.

10.0 Low Volume, Developing Markets

- 10.1 For certain qualifying performance standards, if the aggregate monthly volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP are more than 10, but less than 100, Qwest will make Tier 1 payments to CLECs for failure to meet the parity or benchmark standard for the qualifying performance sub-measurements. The qualifying sub-measurements are the UNE-P (POTS), megabit resale, and ADSL qualified loop product disaggregation of OP-3, OP-4, OP-5a, MR-3, MR-5, MR-7, and MR-8. If the aggregate monthly CLEC volume is greater than 100, the provisions of this section shall not apply to the qualifying performance sub-measurement.
- 10.2 The determination of whether Qwest has met the parity or benchmark standards will be made using aggregate volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP. In the event Qwest does not meet the applicable performance standards, a total payment to affected CLECs will be determined in accordance with the high, medium, low designation for each performance measurement (see Attachment 1) and as described in section 8.0, except that CLEC aggregate volumes will be used. In the event the calculated total payment amount to CLECs is less than \$5,000, a minimum payment of \$5,000 shall be made. The resulting total payment amount to CLECs will be apportioned to the affected CLECs based upon each CLEC's relative share of the number of total service misses.
- 10.3 At the six (6)-month reviews, Qwest will consider adding to the above list of qualifying performance sub-measurements, new products disaggregation representing new modes of CLEC entry into developing markets.

11.0 Payment

11.1 Payments to CLEC, the State, or the Special Fund shall be made one month following the due date of the performance measurement report for the month for which payment is being made. Qwest will pay interest on any late payment and underpayment at the prime rate as reported in the Wall Street Journal. On any overpayment, Qwest is allowed to offset future payments by the amount of the overpayment plus interest at the prime rate.

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- 11.2 Payment to CLEC shall be made via bill credits. Bill credits shall be identified on a summary format substantially similar to that distributed as a prototype to the CLECs and the Commissions. To the extent that a monthly payment owed to CLEC under this PAP exceeds the amount owed to Qwest by CLEC on a monthly bill, Qwest will issue a check or wire transfer to CLEC in the amount of the overage. Payment to the State shall be made via check or wire transfer.
- 11.3 Upon the execution of a memorandum of understanding with the South Dakota Commission, a South Dakota Special Fund and a South Dakota Discretionary Fund shall be created for the purposes and in accordance with section 11.0. The South Dakota Commission shall authorize disbursement of funds. All claims against the funds shall be presented to the Commission and shall be the responsibility of the South Dakota Commission.
- 11.3.1 Qwest shall establish the South Dakota Special Fund and the South Dakota Discretionary Fund as separate interest bearing escrow accounts. Upon Qwest receiving effective section 271 authority from the FCC for the state of South Dakota, the Commission shall determine and direct Qwest to deposit into the South Dakota Special Fund either 1) one-fifth of all Tier 1 payments that exceed the month 1 payment amounts in Table 2 and one-third of all Tier 2 payments or 2) 50% of all Tier 2 payments. Qwest shall deposit any other Tier 2 payments into the South Dakota Discretionary Fund. The costs of the escrow accounts will be paid for from the accounts' funds.
- 11.3.2 The South Dakota Special Fund shall be created to pay the independent auditor and audit costs for the purpose of regional or state audits as specified in section 15.1 or, and to pay expenses incurred by the Commission in participating in any regional review of the PIDs. Disbursements from the South Dakota Special Fund shall first be from Tier 2 funds and second from Tier 1 funds. Not less than every two years, Tier 1 funds that are not needed to meet the continuing obligations of the Special Fund shall be returned on a pro-rata basis to CLECs, including any interest not used for fund administration. Other than the transfer of funds allowed in section 11.3.2.1, disbursements from the South Dakota Discretionary Fund shall be for, but not limited to, South Dakota telecommunications initiatives. Any excess funds in the South Dakota Special Fund may be transferred to the South Dakota Discretionary Fund at the Commission's discretion.
- 11.3.2.1 If the South Dakota Commission chooses not to participate in the regional audit pursuant to section 15.1 and the account balance of the South Dakota Special Fund escrow account is less than \$50,000 at the time of any state audit described in section 15.1, a transfer of funds from the South Dakota Discretionary Fund to the South Dakota Special Fund shall be allowed in the amount necessary to bring the South Dakota Special Fund balance to \$50,000.

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11.3.3 Notwithstanding the provisions herein, Qwest shall advance sufficient funds to any consolidated Special Fund established by participating states, set up for the purpose of a regional audit as specified in sections 15.1, not to exceed \$200,000 (or \$500,000 in the event 6 or more states participate in the regional audit) in order to meet initial claims against that Fund to the extent that contributions from Tier 1 and/or Tier 2 payments are insufficient. Qwest shall be allowed to recover any such advances plus interest at the rate that such an escrow account would have earned from future Tier 2 payments.

12.0 Cap on Tier 1 and Tier 2 Payments

- 12.1 There shall be a cap on the total payments made by Qwest for a 12-month period beginning with the effective date of the PAP for the State of South Dakota. The annual cap for the State of South Dakota shall be 36% of the prior year's ARMIS Net Return, or \$15,000,000, whichever is greater, subject to any applicable adjustments permitted pursuant to section 12.2. Qwest shall submit to the Commission the calculation of each year's cap no later than 30 days after submission of ARMIS results to the FCC. CLEC agrees that this amount constitutes a maximum annual cap that shall apply to the aggregate total of Tier 1 liquidated damages, including any such damages paid pursuant to this Agreement, any other interconnection agreement, or any other payments made for the same underlying activity or omission under any other contract, order or rule and Tier 2 assessments or payments made by Qwest for the same underlying activity or omission under any other contract, order or rule.
- 12.2 If Qwest payments equal or exceed the annual cap for two years in a row or equal or exceed 1/3rd of the annual cap in a combination of two consecutive months, the Commission shall have the authority to open a proceeding to request Qwest to explain the non-conforming performance and show that it did not result from Qwest's failure to act in a prudent manner to avoid reasonably foreseeable consequences. The Commission may raise the cap to the amount which Qwest would have paid in the higher of the prior two years, may ask the Federal Communication Commission ("FCC") to halt Qwest's in-region interLATA long distance marketing authority for a particular interval, or may take other appropriate action.
- 12.3 If the annual cap is reached, each CLEC shall, as of the end of the plan year, be entitled to receive the same percentage of its total calculated Tier 1 payments. In order to preserve the operation of the annual cap, the percentage of equalization shall take place as follows:
- 12.3.1 The amount by which any month's total year-to-date Tier 1 and Tier 2 payments exceeds the cumulative monthly cap (defined as $1/12^{th}$ of the annual cap times the cumulative number of months to date) shall be calculated and apportioned between Tier 1 and Tier 2 according to the percentage that each bore of total payments for the year-to-date. The Tier 1 apportionment resulting of this calculation shall be known as the "Tracking Account."

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- 12.3.2 The Tier 1 apportionment shall be debited against the monthly payment due to each CLEC, by applying to the year-to-date payments received by each the percentage necessary to generate the required total Tier 1 amount.
- 12.3.3 The Tracking Amount shall be apportioned among all CLECs so as to provide each with payments equal in percentage of its total year to date Tier 1 payment calculations.
- 12.3.4 This calculation shall take place in the first month that the year-to-date total Tier 1 and Tier 2 payments are expected to exceed the cumulative monthly cap and for each month of that year thereafter. Qwest shall recover any debited amounts by reducing payments due to any CLEC for that month and any succeeding months, as necessary.

13.0 Limitations

- 13.1 The PAP shall not become available in the State unless and until Qwest receives effective section 271 authority from the FCC for that State.
- 13.2 Qwest will not be liable for Tier 1 payments to CLEC in an FCC approved state until the Commission has approved an interconnection agreement between CLEC and Qwest which adopts the provisions of this PAP.
- Qwest shall not be obligated to make Tier 1 or Tier 2 payments for any measurement if and to the extent that non-conformance for that measurement was the result of any of the following: 1) with respect to performance measurements with a benchmark standard, a Force Majeure event as defined in section 5.7 of the SGAT. Qwest will provide notice of the occurrence of a Force Majeure event within 72 hours of the time Qwest learns of the event or within a reasonable time frame that Qwest should have learned of it; 2) an act or omission by a CLEC that is contrary to any of its obligations under its interconnection agreement with Qwest or under federal or state law; an act or omission by CLEC that is in bad faith. Examples of bad faith conduct include, but are not limited to: unreasonably holding service orders and/or applications, "dumping" orders or applications in unreasonably large batches, "dumping" orders or applications at or near the close of a business day, on a Friday evening or prior to a holiday, and failing to provide timely forecasts to Qwest for services or facilities when such forecasts are explicitly required by the SGAT; 3) problems associated with third-party systems or equipment, which could not have been avoided by Qwest in the exercise of reasonable diligence, provided, however, that this third party exclusion will not be raised in the State more than three times within a calendar year. If a Force Majeure event or other excusing event recognized in this section merely suspends Qwest's ability to timely perform an activity subject to a performance measurement that is an interval measure, the applicable time frame in which Qwest's compliance with the parity or benchmark criterion is measured will be

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extended on an hour-for-hour or day-for-day basis, as applicable, equal to the duration of the excusing event.

- 13.3.1 Qwest will not be excused from Tier 1 or Tier 2 payments for any reason except as described in Section 13.0. Qwest will have the burden of demonstrating that its non-conformance with the performance measurement was excused on one of the grounds described in this PAP. A party may petition the Commission to require Qwest to deposit disputed payments into an escrow account when the requesting party can show cause, such as grounds provided in the Uniform Commercial Code for cases of commercial uncertainty.
- 13.3.2 Notwithstanding any other provision of this PAP, it shall not excuse performance that Qwest could reasonably have been expected to deliver assuming that it had designed, implemented, staffed, provisioned, and otherwise provided for resources reasonably required to meet foreseeable volumes and patterns of demands upon its resources by CLECs.
- 13.4 Qwest's agreement to implement these enforcement terms, and specifically its agreement to pay any "liquidated damages" or "assessments" hereunder, will not be considered as an admission against interest or an admission of liability in any legal, regulatory, or other proceeding relating in whole or in part to the same performance.
- 13.4.1 CLEC may not use: 1) the existence of this enforcement plan; or 2) Qwest's payment of Tier -1 "liquidated damages" or Tier 2 "assessments" as evidence that Qwest has discriminated in the provision of any facilities or services under Sections 251 or 252, or has violated any state or federal law or regulation. Qwest's conduct underlying its performance measures, however are not made inadmissible by its terms.
- 13.4.2 By accepting this performance remedy plan, CLEC agrees that Qwest's performance with respect to this remedy plan may not be used as an admission of liability or culpability for a violation of any state or federal law or regulation. (Nothing herein is intended to preclude Qwest from introducing evidence of any Tier 1 "liquidated damages" under these provisions for the purpose of offsetting the payment against any other damages or payments a CLEC might recover.) The terms of this paragraph do not apply to any proceeding before the Commission or the FCC to determine whether Qwest has met or continues to meet the requirements of section 271 of the Act.
- 13.5 By incorporating these liquidated damages terms into the PAP, Qwest and CLEC accepting this PAP agree that proof of damages from any non-conforming performance measurement would be difficult to ascertain and, therefore, liquidated damages are a reasonable approximation of any contractual damages that may result from a non-conforming performance measurement. Qwest and CLEC further agree that Tier 1 payments made pursuant to this PAP are not intended to be a

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penalty. The application of the assessments and damages provided for herein is not intended to foreclose other non-contractual legal and non-contractual regulatory claims and remedies that may be available to a CLEC.

- 13.6 This PAP contains a comprehensive set of performance measurements, statistical methodologies, and payment mechanisms that are designed to function together, and only together, as an integrated whole. To elect the PAP, CLEC must adopt the PAP in its entirety in its interconnection agreement with Qwest in lieu of other alternative standards or relief. Where alternative standards or remedies for Qwest's wholesale performance are available under rules, orders, or contracts, including interconnection agreements, CLEC will be limited to either PAP standards and remedies or the standards and remedies available under rules, orders or contracts and CLECs choice of remedies shall be specified in its interconnection agreement.
- 13.7 Any liquidated damages payment by Qwest under these provisions is not hereby made inadmissible in any proceeding related to the same conduct where Qwest seeks to offset the payments against any other damages a CLEC may recover; whether or not the nature of the damages sought by the CLEC is such that an offset is appropriate will be determined in the relevant proceeding.
- 13.8 To the extent Qwest believes that some Tier 2 payments required to be made under this PAP would duplicate payments that have been assessed by or on behalf of the Commission pursuant to any service quality rules or Commission orders, Qwest may make such Tier 2 payments to a special interest bearing escrow account and then dispute the payments before the South Dakota Commission. If Qwest can show that the payments relate to the same underlying activity or omission, it may retain the Tier 2 payments and any interest accrued on such payments.
- Whenever a Qwest Tier 1 payment to an individual CLEC exceeds \$3 million in a month, Qwest may commence a proceeding to demonstrate why it should not be required to pay any amount in excess of the \$3 million. Upon timely commencement of the proceeding. Qwest must pay the balance of payments owed in excess of \$3 million into escrow, to be held by a third-party pending the outcome of the proceeding. To invoke these escrow provisions, Qwest must file, not later than the due date of the Tier 1 payments, its application. Qwest will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, it would be unjust to require it to make the payments in excess of \$3 million. If Qwest reports non-conforming performance to CLEC for three consecutive months on 20% or more of the measurements reported to CLEC and has incurred no more than \$1 million in liability to CLEC, then CLEC may commence a similar proceeding. In any such proceeding CLEC will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, justice requires Qwest to make payments in excess of the amount calculated pursuant to the terms of the PAP. The disputes identified in this section shall be resolved in a manner specified in the Dispute Resolution section of the SGAT with the CLEC.

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- 13.10 Any payments made by Qwest as a result of the PAP should not: 1) be included as expenses in any Qwest revenue requirement, or 2) be reflected in increased rates to CLECs for services and facilities provided pursuant to Section 251(c) of the Telecommunication Act of 1996 and priced pursuant to Section 252(d) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996.
- 13.11 This Exhibit K may be assigned as a part of any agreement to which SGAT Section 5.12.1 is applicable.

14.0 Reporting

- 14.1 Upon receiving effective section 271 authority from the FCC for a state, Qwest will provide CLEC that has an approved interconnection agreement with Qwest, a monthly report of Qwest's performance for the measurements identified in the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Qwest will collect, analyze, and report performance data for the measurements listed on Attachment 1 in accordance with the most recent version of the PIDs. Upon CLEC's request, data files of the CLEC's raw data, or any subset thereof, will be transmitted, without charge, to CLEC in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission medium.
- Qwest will also provide the Commission a monthly report of aggregate CLEC performance results pursuant to the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Individual CLEC reports of participating CLECs will also be available to the Commission upon request. By accepting this PAP, CLEC consents to Qwest providing CLEC's report and raw data to the State Commission. Pursuant to the terms of an order of the Commission, Qwest may provide CLEC-specific data that relates to the PAP, provided that Qwest shall first initiate any procedures necessary to protect the confidentiality and to prevent the public release of the information pending any applicable Commission procedures and further provided that Qwest provides such notice as the Commission directs to the CLEC involved, in order to allow it to prosecute such procedures to their completion. Data files of participating CLEC raw data, or any subset thereof, will be transmitted, without charge, to the Commission in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission form.
- 14.3 In the event Qwest does not provide CLEC and the Commission with a monthly report by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported, Qwest will pay to the State a total of \$500 for each business day for which performance reports are 6 to 10 business days past the

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due date; \$1,000 for each business day for which performance reports are 11 to 15 business days past the due date; and \$2,000 for each business day for which performance results are more than 15 business days past the due date. If reports are on time but are missing performance results, Qwest will pay to the State a total of one-fifth of the late report amount for each missing performance measurement, subject to a cap of the full late report amount. These amounts represent the total payments for omitting performance measurements or missing any report deadlines, rather than a payment per report. Prior to the date of a payment for late reports, Qwest may file a request for a waiver of the payment, which states the reasons for the waiver. The Commission may grant the waiver, deny the waiver, or provide any other relief that may be appropriate.

14.4 To the extent that Qwest recalculates payments made under this PAP, such recalculation shall be limited to the preceding three years (measured from the later of the provision of a monthly credit statement or payment due date). Qwest shall retain sufficient records to demonstrate fully the basis for its calculations for long enough to meet this potential recalculation obligation. CLEC verification or recalculation efforts should be made reasonably contemporaneously with Qwest measurements. In any event, Qwest shall maintain the records in a readily useable format for one year. For the remaining two years, the records may be retained in archived format. Any payment adjustments shall be subject to the interest rate provisions of section 11.1.

15.0 Integrated Audit Program/Investigations of Performance Results

- 15.1 Audits of the PAP shall be conducted under the auspices of the Commission in accordance with a detailed audit plan developed by an independent auditor and approved by the Commission. The Commission shall select the independent auditor with input from Qwest and the CLECs. The Commission will determine, based upon requests and upon its own investigation, which results and/or measures should be audited. The Commission may, at its discretion, conduct audits through participation in a collaborative process with other states.
- 15.1.1 The initial audit plan shall be conducted over two years, with audit periods subsequent to the initial audit to be determined by the Commission. The Commission will determine the scope of and procedure for the audit plan, which, at a minimum, will identify the specific performance measurements to be audited, the specific tests to be conducted, and the entity to conduct them. The initial audit plan will give priority to auditing the higher risk areas identified in the Final OSS Report.
- 15.1.2 The Commission will attempt to coordinate its audit plan with other audit plans that may be conducted by other state commissions so as to avoid duplication. The audit shall be conducted so as not to impede Qwest's ability to comply with the other provisions of the

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PAP and should be of a nature and scope that it can be conducted in accordance with the reasonable course of Qwest's business operations.

- 15.1.3 Any dispute arising out of the audit plan, the conduct of the audit, or audit results shall be resolved by the Commission.
- 15.2 Qwest must report to the Commission monthly any changes it makes to the automated or manual processes used to produce performance results including data collection, generation, and reporting. The reports must include sufficient detail to enable the parties to understand the scope and nature of the changes.
- In the event of a disagreement between Qwest and CLEC as to any issue regarding the accuracy or integrity of data collected, generated, and reported pursuant to the PAP. Qwest and the CLEC shall first consult with one another and attempt in good faith to resolve the issue. If an issue is not resolved within 45 days after a request for consultation, CLEC and Qwest may, upon a demonstration of good cause (e.g., evidence of material errors or discrepancies), request an independent audit to be conducted, at the initiating party's expense. The independent auditor will assess the need for an audit based upon whether there exists a material deficiency in the data or whether there exists an issue not otherwise addressed by the audit plan for the current cycle. The Commission will resolve any dispute by any party questioning the independent auditor's decision to conduct or not conduct a CLEC requested audit and the audit findings, should such an audit be conducted. Audit findings will include: (a) general applicability of findings and conclusions (i.e., relevance to CLECs or jurisdictions other than the ones causing test initiation), (b) magnitude of any payment adjustments required and, (c) whether cost responsibility should be shifted based upon the materiality and clarity of any Qwest nonconformance with measurement requirements (no pre-determined variance is appropriate, but should be based on the auditor's professional judgment). CLEC may not request an audit of data more than three years from the later of the provision of a monthly credit statement or payment due date.
- 15.4 Expenses for the audit of the PAP and any other related expenses incurred by the Commission, except that which may be assigned under section 15.3, shall be paid first from the Tier 2 funds in the Special Fund. If no Special Fund is in existence or Tier 2 funds are not otherwise sufficient to cover audit costs in whole or in part, the Commission will develop an additional funding method that will include contributions from CLECs' Tier 1 payments and from Qwest.
- 15.5 Any party may petition the Commission to request that Qwest investigate any consecutive Tier 1 miss or any second consecutive Tier 2 miss to determine the cause of the miss and to identify the action needed in order to meet the standard set forth in the performance measurements. Qwest will report the results of its investigation to the Commission, and to the extent an investigation determines that a CLEC was responsible in whole or in part for the Tier 2 misses, Qwest may petition the Commission to request that it receive credit against future Tier 2 payments in an amount equal to the Tier 2

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payments that should not have been made. Qwest may also request that the relevant portion of subsequent Tier 2 payments will not be owed until any responsible CLEC problems are corrected. For the purposes of this sub-section, Tier 1 performance measurements that have not been designated as Tier 2 will be aggregated and the aggregate results will be investigated pursuant to the terms of this agreement.

16.0 Reviews

- Every six (6) months beginning six months after the effective date of 271 approval by the FCC for the state of South Dakota, Qwest, CLECs, and the Commission shall participate in a review of the performance measurements to determine whether the measurements should be added, deleted, or modified; whether the applicable benchmark standards should be modified or replaced by standards; and whether to move a classification of a measurement to High, Medium, or Low or Tier 1 to Tier 2. Criteria for review of performance measurement, other than for possible reclassification, shall be whether there exists an omission or failure to capture intended performance, and whether there is duplication of another measurement. After the Commission considers changes proposed in the six month review process, it shall determine what, if any, changes shall be made by Qwest. The Commission retains its independent authority under state law to initiate a proceeding to review the PAP at any time and to order changes to any provisions of the PAP, after notice and hearing, and consistent with due process and other rights of all parties. No new performance measurements shall be added to the PAP that have not been subject to observation as a diagnostic measurement for a period of six (6) months, unless ordered otherwise by the Commission. Any changes made pursuant to this section shall apply to and modify this agreement.
- 16.1.1 Notwithstanding section 16.1, if any agreements on adding, modifying, deleting, performance measurements as permitted by section 16.1 are reached between Qwest and CLECs participating in an industry Regional Oversight Committee (ROC) PID administration forum, those agreements shall be incorporated into the QPAP and modify the agreement between CLEC and Qwest at any time those agreements are submitted to and approved by the Commission, whether before or after a six-month review.
- 16.1.2 Nothing in this PAP precludes the Commission from modifying the PAP based upon its independent state law authority, subject to judicial challenge. Nothing in this PAP constitutes a grant of authority by either party to this agreement nor does it constitute a waiver by either party to this agreement of any claim either party may have that the Commission lacks jurisdiction to make any modifications to this PAP,

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including any modifications resulting from the process described in Section 16.0.

- 16.2 Two years after the effective date of the first FCC 271 approval of the PAP, the Commission, by itself or in conjunction with other state commissions, may conduct a review by a independent third party to examine the continuing effectiveness of the PAP as a means of inducing compliant performance. Except for expenses which may be assigned under section 15.3, the expenses of any review by the state of South Dakota, or if the Commission participates in a multistate review, the expenses shall be paid first from the Tier 2 funds in the Special Fund. If no Special Fund is in existence or Tier 2 funds are not otherwise sufficient to cover audit costs in whole or in part, the Commission will develop an additional funding method that will include contribution from CLECs' Tier 1 payments and from Qwest.
- 16.3 Qwest will make the PAP available for CLEC interconnection agreements. Upon Qwest's elimination of its Section 272 affiliate or upon it exiting the interLATA market, Qwest may petition the Commission to phase out the PAP. At that time, a review of the PAP shall be conducted to determine whether a phase-out of the PAP is appropriate.

17.0 (Reserved for Future Use)

18.0 Dispute Resolution

Except as otherwise provided in the PAP, the Commission shall resolve any disputes.

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Attachment 1: Tier 1 and Tier 2 Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Payment

Performance Measurement		Tier	1 Paym	nents	Tier	2 Paym	ents	
		Low	Med		Low	Med	High	
GATEWAY				High	-			·
Timely Outage Resolution	GA-7			<u> </u>		ļ		
Timely Outage Resolution	GA-/		-				Х	
PRE-ORDER/ORDERS								
LSR Rejection Notice Interval	PO-3ª	X						i
Firm Order Confirmations On Time	PO-5	X				Х		1
Work Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-6 ^b	Χ						1
Billing Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-7 ^b	X						1
Jeopardy Notice Interval	PO-8	Χ						1
Timely Jeopardy Notices	PO-9	Χ						-1 -1
Release Notifications	PO-16						X	· ·
(Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy	PO-20°		Х					
ORDERING AND PROVISIONING			 		-		<u> </u>	
Installation Commitments Met	OP-3		 	X	 	Х		1
Installation Intervals	OP-4 ^a		 	 x		x		-
New Service Quality	OP-5a,b ^e ,	•	-	X	-	X	 -	<u> </u>
Delayed Days	OP-5a,b.		 	X	-	X		Formatted: Superscript
Number Portability Timeliness	OP-8		 	X	-	X	 -	Deleted: 6
Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled		<u> </u>	 	$\frac{\hat{x}}{x}$		$\frac{1}{x}$	-	
Loops	01-104	l		^		^		1
LNP Disconnect Timeliness	OP-17		+	X		X		-
later personal results and the second			 	 `` 	+	 ^ 		-
MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR		 	1	 	 			†
Out of Service Cleared within 24 hours	MR-3		1	X	 	<u> </u>	 	†
All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours	MR-5		1	X	 	 	†	-
Mean time to Restore	MR-	i	 	X	 		<u> </u>	-
	6a,b,c, <u>d</u> ⁹ ,	ł		-				Deleted: d'
	<u>e</u> g	[1	1	1		1	Deleted: e'
Repair Repeat Report Rate	MR-7			X	†	Х		Deleted; e
Trouble Rate	MR-8			Х		Х	<u> </u>	1
LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours	MR-11			Х		Х		
	ļ		+	 	+	 		-
BILLING			1	 	+	 	 	†
Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records	BI-1	Х		1	†		X	-
Billing Accuracy-Adjustments for Errors	BI-3	X		1	1	 	 	-
Billing Completeness	BI-4	X		 	†	X	 	†
			†	1	1			1
NETWORK PERFORMANCE							1	1
Trunk Blocking	NI-1			X			Х	1
NXX Code Activation	NP-1		1	X			X	Deleted: Fourth
					-1		//	Deleted: September 15
							11	Beleeta oopioition to

Qwest South Dakota SGAT 4th Revision, Fifth Revised, Exhibit K November 30, 2004 Page 23

- a. PO-3 is limited to PO-3a-1, PO-3b-1, and PO-3c.
- b. PO-6 is included with PO-7 as two "families:" PO-6a/PO-7a and PO-6b/PO-7b. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurements with the highest payment being paid.
- c. Low Volume Exception: In lieu of Section 2.4 for PO-20, where CLEC order volumes for a given month are less than 17 in Phase 1, less than 13 in Phase 2, and less than 10 in Phase 3 and subsequent phases, a benchmark standard of "no more than one order with PO-20 errors" is applied. Under this provision, no payment applies if there is only one order with errors.

Stabilization Period: For each phase beginning with Phase 1, there will be no more than a 3-month measurement stabilization period for all fields introduced in that phase. Performance results that include all such fields are not subject to payments during the measurement stabilization period.

- d. OP-4 is included with OP-6 as five "families:" OP-4a/OP-6-1, OP-4b/OP-6-2, OP-4c/OP-6-3, OP-4d/OP-6-4, and OP-4e/OP-6-5. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurement with the highest payment being paid.
- e. Low volume treatment for OP-5b will apply if both (1) the CLEC volume of orders is less than or equal to 29 (the denominator of OP-5t) and (2) the number of orders with trouble in OP-5a is no more than one.

 When these two conditions are met, a standard of no more than one order with new service trouble applies.

	1 1. For purposes of the PAP, OP-6a and OP-6b will be combined and treated		-{ Deleted: e	
	breaks down to OP-6-1 (within MSA), OP-6-2 (outside MSA), OP-6-3 (no dis	patch), OP-6-4 (zone 1), and		_
	OP-6-5 (zone 2).			
1	1			

g. Applicable only to xDSL-I capable loops.

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Attachment 2: Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps

Billing

Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records – BI-1 (Tier 1/Tier 2) Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors – BI-3 (Tier 1) Billing Completeness – BI-4 (Tier 1/Tier 2)

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Service Performance Indicator Definitions (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version <u>8.1</u>

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QWEST'S SERVICE PERFORMANCE INDICATOR DEFINITIONS (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version <u>8.1</u>

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Introduction

Qwest will report performance results for the service performance indicators defined herein. Qwest will report separate performance results associated with the services it provides to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) in aggregate (except as noted herein), to CLECs individually and, as applicable, to Qwest's retail customers in aggregate. Within these categories, performance results related to service provisioning and repair will be reported for the products listed in each definition. Reports for CLECs individually will be subject to agreements of confidentiality and/or nondisclosure.

The definitions in this version of the PID apply in the 14 states of Qwest's local service region: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. Individual state Performance Assurance Plans may specify and apply state specific variations from the Performance Measure definitions and/or standards contained herein.

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Qwest's Service Performance Indicator Definitions

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Electronic Gateway Availability

GA-1 – Gateway Availability – IMA-GUI

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-GUI electronic gateway and one associated system, focusing on the extent they are actually available to CLECs.

Description:

- GA-1A: Measures the availability of the IMA-GUI (Interconnect Mediated Access- Graphical User Interface), and reports the percentage of Scheduled Availability Time the IMA-GUI interface is available for view and/or input.
 - Scheduled Up Time hours for preorder, order, and provisioning transactions are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- GA-1D: Measures the availability of the SIA system, which facilitates access for the IMA-GUI interface and the IMA-EDI interface (see GA-2), and reports the percentage of scheduled time the SIA system is available. Scheduled availability times will be no less than the same hours as listed for IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- · Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-GUI, SIA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Per	cent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Results will be reporte	orting: Region-wide level. ed as follows: I User Interface Gateway		
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period]) x 100				
Exclusions: None				
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent		
Availability: Available	Notes:			

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GA-2 - Gateway Availability - IMA-EDI

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-EDI electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of IMA-EDI (Interconnect Mediated Access - Electronic Data Interchange) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the IMA-EDI Interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for IMA-EDI based on the currently published hours of availability found
 on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html. Time Gateway is
 Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due
 to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine
 maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-EDI), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.			
aggregate results	(See GA-1D for reporting of SIA system availability.)			
Formula:				
([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number				
of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period]) x 100				
Exclusions: None				
Product Reporting: None	Standard: 99.25 percent			
Availability:	Notes:			
Available				

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GA-3 - Gateway Availability - EB-TA

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the EB-TA interface, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EB-TA (Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EB-TA Interface is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due
 to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine
 maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EB-TA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

and/or from mechanized event management syst	•	om the anected customer(s)		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation	Reporting: Region-wide leve	ıl.	
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Durin				
Exclusions: None				
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent		
Availability: Available	Notes:			

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GA-4 - System Availability - EXACT

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC batch access to the EXACT electronic access service request system, focusing on the extent the system is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EXACT system and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EXACT system is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time System is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the system is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EXACT), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.					
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: F	ercent 2			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Re	eporting: Region-wide level.			
Formula:					
([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During Reporting Period]) x 100					
Exclusions: None					
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent			
Availability:	Notes:				
Available					

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GA-6 - Gateway Availability - GUI -- Repair

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the GUI Repair electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of the GUI (Graphical User Interface) repair electronic interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time" hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due
 to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine
 maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., GUI-Repair), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.			
Formula: [Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availabili				
Exclusions: None		,		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent		
Availability: Available	Notes:			

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GA-7 - Timely Outage Resolution following Software Releases

Purpose:

Measures the timeliness of resolution of gateway or system outages attributable to software releases for specified OSS interfaces, focusing on CLEC-affecting software releases involving the specified gateways or systems.

Description:

- Measures the percentage of gateway or system outages, which are attributable to OSS system software releases and which occur within two weeks after the implementation of the OSS system software releases, that are resolved NOTE 1 within 48 hours of detection by the Qwest monitoring group or reporting by a CLEC/co-provider.
- Includes software releases associated with the following OSS interfaces in Qwest: IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI, and CEMR, Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT)^{NOTE 2}, Electronic Bonding—Trouble Administration (EB -TA)
- An outage for this measurement is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component, affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers or data loss NOTE 4 on the Qwest side of the interface. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.
- The outage resolution time interval considered in this measurement starts at the time Qwest's
 monitoring group detects a failure, or at the date/time of the first transaction sent to Qwest that cannot
 be processed (i.e. lost data), and ends with the time functionality is restored or the lost data is
 recovered.

Reporting Period: Monthly	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

Formula:

[(Total outages detected within two weeks of a Software Release that are resolved within 48 hours of the time Qwest detects the outage) ÷ (Total number of outages detected within two weeks of Software Releases resolved in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Outages in releases prior to any CLEC migrating to the release.
- Duplicate reports attributable to the same software defect.

Product Reporting: None		Standards:			
		Volume = 1-20: 1 miss			
		Volume > 20: 95%			
Availability:	Notes:				
-	1. "Resolved" me	eans that service is restored to the reporting CLEC, as			
Available	experienced b	y the CLEC.			
	2. EXACT is a Telecordia system. Only releases for changes initiated by				
	Qwest for hardware or connectivity will be included in this measurement.				
3. Outages reported under EB-TA are the same as outages in ME					
		to be considered for GA-7, a functional acknowledgement			
	must have been provided for the data in question (e.g., EDI 997, LSR ID				
	or trouble ticket number).				

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Pre-Order/Order

PO-1 - Pre-Order/Order Response Times

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of responses to specific preordering/ordering queries for CLECs through the use of Qwest's Operational Support Systems (OSS). Qwest's OSS are accessed through the specified gateway interface.

Description:

PO-1A & PO-1B:

Measures the time interval between query and response for specified pre-order/order transactions through the electronic interface.

- Measurements are made using a system that simulates the transactions of requesting preordering/ordering information from the underlying existing OSS. These simulated transactions are made
 through the operational production interfaces and existing systems in a manner that reflects, in a
 statistically-valid manner, the transaction response times experienced by CLEC service representatives in
 the reporting period.
- The time interval between query and response consists of the period from the time the transaction request
 was "sent" to the time it is "received" via the gateway interface.
- A query is an individual request for the specified type of information.

PO-1C:

 Measures the percentage of all IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B transmitted in the reporting period that timeout before receiving a response.

PO-1D:

Measures the average response time for a sampling of rejected queries across preorder transaction types.
 The response time measured is the time between the issuance of a pre-ordering transaction and the receipt of an error message associated with a "rejected query." A rejected query is a transaction that cannot be successfully processed due to the provision of incomplete or invalid information by the sender, which results in an error message back to the sender.

Willow leading in all error measures brok to the seriaer.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
	PO-1A, PO-1B, & PO-1D: Seconds
	PO-1C: Percent

Deleted: Fifth

PO-1 - Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate.

Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. Results are reported as follows:

PO-1A Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-GUI

PO-1B Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-EDI

- Results are reported separately for each of the following transaction types: NOTE 2 1. Appointment Scheduling (Due Date Reservation, where appointment is required)
 - 2. Service Availability Information
 - 3. Facility Availability
 - 4. Street Address Validation
 - **Customer Service Records** 5.
 - Telephone Number
 - Loop Qualification Tools NOTE 3 7.

 - Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification
 Connecting Facility Assignment NOTE 4
 - 10. Meet Point Inquiry

For PO-1A (transactions via IMA-GUI), in addition to reporting total response time. response times for each of the above transactions will be reported in two parts: (a) time to access the request screen, and (b) time to receive the response for the specified transaction. For PO-1A 6, Telephone Number, a third part (c) accept screen, will be reported.

For PO-1B (transactions via IMA-EDI), request/response will be reported as a combined number.

PO-1C Results for PO-1C will be reported according to the gateway interface used:

- 1. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-GUI
- 2. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-EDI

PO-1D Results for PO-1D will be reported according to the gateway interface used:

- 1. Rejected Response Times for IMA-GUI
- Rejected Response Times for IMA-EDI

Formula:

PO-1A & PO-1B = Σ[(Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of

Queries Submitted in Reporting Period)

PO-1C

= [(Number of IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B that Timeout before receiving response) + (Number of IRTM Queries Transmitted in Reporting Period)] x 100

PO-1D

= Σ[(Rejected Query Response Date & Time) - (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of Rejected Query Transactions Simulated by IRTM)

Exclusions:

PO-1A & PO-1B:

Rejected requests/errors, and timed out transactions

PO-1C:

Rejected requests and errors

PO-1D:

Timed out transactions

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PO-1 - Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards:	IMA-GUI	IMA-EDI		
Product neporting. None	Total Response Time:	IIVIA-GOI	IIVIA EDI		
	, star response rimer				
	 Appointment Scheduling 	<10 seconds	<10 seconds		
	2. Service Availability	<25 seconds	<25 seconds		
	Information	<25 seconds ⁶	<25 seconds ⁶		
	Facility Availability Street Address Validation	<25 seconds	<10 seconds		
	5. Customer Service Records	<12.5 seconds ⁶	<12.5 seconds ⁶		
	6. Telephone Number	<10 seconds	<10 seconds		
	7. Loop Qualification Tools	≤20 seconds ⁷	≤ 20 seconds		
	Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification	≤20 seconds ⁷	≤ 20 seconds		
	Connecting Facility Assignment	≤ 25 seconds	≤ 25 seconds		
	10. Meet Point Inquiry	≤30 seconds	≤30 seconds		
	PO-1C-1	0.1			
	PO-1C-1		5% ·		
	PO-1D-1 & 2	Diagnostic			
Availability:	Notes:				
Available	Rejected query types used in	n PO-1D are those de	veloped for internal		
•	Qwest diagnostic purposes.				
	As additional transactions, or they will be measured and as				
	transactions, as applicable.	adea to or moladea m	the above her or		
	3. Results based on a weighted combination of ADSL Loop Qualification				
	and Raw Loop Data Tool.				
	4. Results based on Connecting Facility Assignment by Unit Query.				
·	5. Results based on meet Point Query, POTS Splitter option for Shared				
	loops. 6. Times reflect non-complex services, including residential, simple				
	business, or POTS account. Does not include ADSL or accounts>25 lines.				
	7. Benchmark applies to respo time will also be reported.	nse time only. Reque	est time and Total		

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PO-2 - Electronic Flow-through

Purpose

Monitors the extent Qwest's processing of CLEC Local Service Requests (LSRs) is completely electronic, focusing on the degree that electronically-transmitted LSRs flow directly to the service order processor without human intervention or without manual retyping.

Description:

PO-2A - Measures the percentage of all electronic LSRs that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the Service Order Processor (SOP) without any human intervention.

 Includes all LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

PO-2B – Measures the percentage of all flow-through-eligible LSRs NOTE 1 that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the SOP without any human intervention.

 Includes all flow-through-eligible LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multistate system serving the state).

Results for PO-2A and PO-2B will be reported according to the gateway interface* used to submit the LSR:

- 1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI
- 2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI

*CO also reports an aggregate of IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI results.

Formula:

PO-2A = [(Number of Electronic LSRs that pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Total Number of Electronic LSRs that pass through the Gateway Interface)] x 100

PO-2B = [(Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs that actually pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) + (Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs received through the Gateway Interface)] x 100

Exclusions:

- · Rejected LSRs and LSRs containing CLEC-caused non-fatal errors.
- · Non-electronic LSRs (e.g., via fax or courier).
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times

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PO-2 - Electronic Flow-through (continued)

Product Reporting:

- Resale
- Unbundled Loops (with or without Local Number Portability)
- Local Number Portability
- UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P (Centrex 21)
- · Line Sharing

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PO-2A:

CO: CO PO-2B benchmarks minus 10 percent NOTE 2
All Other States: Diagnostic

PO-2B: NOTE 2

Resale:	95%
Unbundled Loops:	85%
LNP:	95%
UNE-P (POTS & Centrex 21):	95%
Line Sharing:	Diagnostic NOTES

Availability:

Available (except as follows):

Combined reporting of UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P (Centrex 21) – beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report.

Line Sharing beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report

Notes:

- The list of LSR types classified as eligible for flow through is contained in the "LSRs Eligible for Flow Through" matrix. This matrix also includes availability for enhancements to flow through. Matrix will be distributed through the CMP process.
- In Colorado the standard for PO-2 is considered met if the standard for either PO-2A or PO-2B is met. For both PO-2A and PO-2B, the benchmark percentages shown apply to the aggregations of PO-2A-1 and PO-2A-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2A result) and of PO-2B-1 and PO-2B-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2B result).
- The standard and future disaggregated reporting of the Line Sharing product is TBD, pending resolution of TRO issues.

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PO-3 - LSR Rejection Notice Interval

Purpose

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest notifies CLECs that electronic and manual LSRs were rejected.

Description:

Measures the interval between the receipt of a Local Service Request (LSR) and the rejection of the LSR for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information, duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number), no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected, no valid contract, no valid end user verification, account not working in Qwest territory, service-affecting order pending, request is outside established parameters for service, and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.
- Included in the interval is time required for efforts by Qwest to work with the CLEC to avoid the necessity of rejecting the LSR.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are (1) business hours for manual rejects (involving human intervention) and (2) published Gateway Availability hours for auto-rejects (involving no human intervention). Business hours are defined as time during normal business hours of the Wholesale Delivery Service Centers, except for PO-3C in which hours counted are workweek clock hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure:
PO-3A-1, PO-3B-1 & PO-3C - Hrs: Mins.
PO-3A-2 & PO-3B-2 - Mins: Secs.

Reporting Comparisons:
CI FC aggregate and
Besults for this indicator are reported according to the gateway interface.

CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

Results for this indicator are reported according to the gateway interface used to submit the LSR:

- PO-3A-1, LSRs received via IMA-GUI and rejected manually: Statewide
- PO-3A –2, LSRs received via IMA-GUI and auto-rejected: Region wide
- PO-3B-1, LSRs received via IMA-EDI and rejected manually: Statewide
- PO-3B –2, LSRs received via IMA-EDI and auto-rejected: Region wide
- · PO-3C, LSRs received via facsimile: Statewide

Formula:

 Σ [(Date and time of Rejection Notice transmittal) – (Date and time of LSR receipt)] + (Total number of LSR Rejection Notifications)

Exclusions:

- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by ordering interface).	Standards: • PO-3A-1 and -3B-1: ≤ 12 business hours • PO-3A -2 and -3B -2: ≤ 18 seconds • PO-3C: ≤ 24 work week clock hours
Availability: Available	Notes:

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PO-4 - LSRs Rejected

P	u	rn	O	s	e	

Monitors the extent LSRs are rejected as a percentage of all LSRs to provide information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the indicator of LSR rejection notice intervals.

Description:

Measures the percentage of LSRs rejected (returned to the CLEC) for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected or FOC'd during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information; duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number); no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected; no valid contract; no valid end user verification; account not working in Qwest territory; service-affecting order pending; request is outside established parameters for service; and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of LSRs
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Results for this indicator are reported according to the gateway interface used to submit the LSR: PO-4A-1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and rejected manually – Region wide PO-4A -2 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and auto-rejected – Region wide PO-4B-1 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and rejected manually – Region wide PO-4B -2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and auto-rejected – Region wide PO-4C LSRs received via facsimile – Statewide

Formula:

[(Total number of LSRs rejected via the specified method in the reporting period) \div (Total of all LSRs that are received via the specified interface that were rejected or FOC'd in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)

· Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by	Standard: Diagnostic
ordering interface).	
Availability:	Notes:
Available	·
*	
•	

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PO-5 - Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time

Purpose:

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest returns Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) to CLECs in response to LSRs/ASRs received from CLECs, focusing on the degree to which FOCs are provided within specified intervals.

Description:

Measures the percentage of Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) that are provided to CLECs within the intervals specified under "Standards" below for FOC notifications.

- Includes all LSRs/ASRs that are submitted through the specified interface or in the specified manner (i.e., facsimile) that receive an FOC during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. (Acknowledgments sent separately from an FOC (e.g., EDI 997 transactions are not included.)
- For PO-5A, the interval measured is the period between the LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time) and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- For PO-5B, 5C, and 5D, the interval measured is the period between the <u>application date and time</u>, as defined herein, and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- "Fully electronic" LSRs are those (1) that are received via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI, (2) that involve no
 manual intervention, and (3) for which FOCs are provided mechanically to the CLEC. NOTE 2
- "Electronic/manual" LSRs are received electronically via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI and involve manual processing.
- "Manual" LSRs are received manually (via facsimile) and processed manually.
- · ASRs are measured only in business days.
- LSRs will be evaluated according to the FOC interval categories shown in the "Standards" section below, based on the number of lines/services requested on the LSR or, where multiple LSRs from the same CLEC are related, based on the combined number of lines/services requested on the related LSRs.

Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent Reporting Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multi-state system Comparisons: CLEC serving the state). Results for this indicator are reported as follows: aggregate and individual **CLEC** results PO-5A:* FOCs provided for fully electronic LSRs received via: - PO-5A-1 IMA-GUI PO-5A-2 IMA-EDI PO-5B:* FOCs provided for electronic/manual LSRs received via: PO-5B-1 IMA-GUI PO-5B-2 IMA-EDI PO-5C:* FOCs provided for manual LSRs received via Facsimile. PO-5D: FOCs provided for ASRs requesting LIS Trunks. * Each of the PO-5A, PO-5B and PO-5C measurements listed above will be further disaggregated as follows: FOCs provided for Resale services and UNE-P (a) FOCs provided for Unbundled Loops and specified (b)

Formula:

PO-5A = {[Count of LSRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time))" is within 20 minutes] ÷ (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

Unbundled Network Elements
(c) FOCs provided for LNP

PO-5B, 5C, & 5D = {[Count of LSRs/ASRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (Application Date & Time)" is within the intervals specified for the service category involved] + (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the

(Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)) x 100

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PO-5 - Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

Exclusions:

- LSRs/ASRs involving individual case basis (ICB) handling based on quantities of lines, as specified in the "Standards" section below, or service/request types, deemed to be projects.
- Hours on Weekends and holidays. (Except for PO-5A which only excludes hours outside the scheduled up time).
- LSRs with CLEC-requested FOC arrangements different from standard FOC arrangements.

· Records with invalid product codes.

- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Additional PO-5D exclusion:

Records with invalid application or confirmation dates.

Product Reporting:	Standards:		
	For PO-5A (all):	95% within 20 minutes NOTE 2	
 For PO-5A, -5B and -5C: 	For PO-5B (all):	90% within standard FOC in (specified below)	tervals
(a) Resale services UNE-P (POTS)	For PO-5C (manual):	90% within standard FOC int specified below PLUS 2	4 hours NOTE 3
and UNE-P Centrex	 For PO-5D (LIS Trunks): 	85% within eight business da	iys
(b) Unbundled Loopsand specifiedUnbundled Network		ntervals for PO-5B and PO-50	ì
Elements.	Product Group NOTE 1		FOC Interval
(c) LNP • For PO-5D: LIS Trunks.	Resale Residence and Business POTS ISDN-Basic - Conversion As Is - Adding/Changing feate - Add primary directory - Add call appearance Centrex Non-Design with no Common Block Centrex line feature chang LNP Unbundled Loops 2/4 Wire analog	1-10 lines ures listing to established loop 1-19 lines Configuration	24 hours
	DS3 Capable Sub-loop [included in Product Repo Line Sharing/Line Splitting/Line S	oop Splitting 1-24 shared loops	
	Unbundled Network Element	Platform (UNE-P POTS) 1 39 lines	

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PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

		Resale				
		ISDN-Basic	1-10 lines			
		Conversion As Specified	1-10 111169			
		Conversion As Specified New Installs		48 hours		
				40 110013		
		 Address Changes 	N .			
		 Change to add Loop 				
		ISDN-PRI (Facility)	1-3			
		PBX	1-24 trunks			
	i	DS0 or Voice Grade Equivalent	1-24	•		
		DS1 Facility	1-24			
		DS3 Facility	1-3			
	. [LNP	25-49 lines			
	Ţ	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs)				
		[included in Product Reporting group (b)]	İ			
			24 circuits			
		Resale	_			
		Centrex (including Centrex 21, Non-de				
	İ	Centrex 21 Basic ISDN, Cent	'			
		Centron, Centrex Primes)	1-10 lines			
		 With Common Block Configuration 				
	1		 Initial establishment of Centrex CMS services 			
		 Tie lines or NARs activity 	1			
		 Subsequent to initial Common B 				
		 Station lines 				
		 Automatic Route Selection 	72 hours			
		 Uniform Call Distribution 				
		 Additional numbers 				
		UNE-P Centrex	1-10 lines			
		UNE-P Centrex 21	1-10 lines			
		Unbundled Loops with Facility Check(No.				
		2/4 wire Non-loaded				
		ADSL compatible				
		ISDN capable				
		XDSL-I capable				
		DS1 capable				
		Resale				
	1		1-12 trunks	96 hours		
		ISDN-PRI (Trunks) For PO-5D:	1-12 HUHKS	8 business		
			I-240 trunk circuits			
Availability		Notes:	-240 HUHK CHCUITS	days		
Availability:	Available	11111111	a hiahaat sumbs-s-	position for		
	Available	LSRs with quantities above the sach product type are consider.		Jecilied 101		
		each product type are consider		anad.		
		2. Unbundled Loop with Facility				
		electronically; however, becau				
		72-hour FOC interval the FOC				
		appear in PO-5B if received e	ectronically or PO-	oc it received		
ı		manually.				
		I O I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	lenoitibbe ne			
		3. Unbundled Loop with Facility				
-		24 hours to the 72-hour interv				

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PO-6 - Work Completion Notification Timeliness

Purpose:

To evaluate the timeliness of Qwest issuing electronic notification at an LSR level to CLECs that provisioning work on all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR have been completed in the Service Order Processor and the service is available to the customer.

Description:

PO-6A & 6B:

- Includes all orders completed in the Qwest Service Order Processor that generate completion notifications in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- The start time is the date/time when the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is posted as completed in the Service Order Processor.
- The end time is when the electronic order completion notice is made available (IMA-GUI) NOTE 1 or transmitted (IMA-EDI) to the CLEC via the ordering interface used to place the local service request. The notification is transmitted at an LSR level when all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR are complete.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are during the published Gateway Availability hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Reporting Period: Unit of Measure: One month PO-6A - 6B: Hrs:Mins Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual PO-6A Notices transmitted via IMA-GUI CLEC results.

PO-6B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI

Formula:

For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-GUI:

 $PO-6A = \Sigma((Date and Time Completion Notification made available to CLEC) - (Date and Time the$ last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor)) ÷ (Number of completion notifications made available in reporting period)

For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-EDI:

 $PO-6B = \Sigma((Date and Time Completion Notification transmitted to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of$ the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor.)) + (Number of completion notifications transmitted in reporting period)

Exclusions:

PO - 6A & 6B:

- · Records with invalid completion dates.
- LSRs submitted manually (e.g., via facsimile).
- ASRs submitted via EXACT.

Product Reporting: Standard: PO - 6A & 6B Aggregate reporting for all products ordered through 6 hours IMA-GUI and, separately, IMA-EDI (see disaggregation reporting). Availability: Notes: 1. The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI is the time Qwest stores Available a status update related to the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window or by using the LSR Notice Inquiry

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PO-7 - Billing Completion Notification Timeliness

Purpose:

To evaluate the timeliness with which electronic billing completion notifications are made available or transmitted to CLECs, focusing on the percentage of notifications that are made available or transmitted (for CLECs) or posted in the billing system (for Qwest retail) within five business days.

Description:

PO-7A & 7B:

- This measurement includes all orders posted in the CRIS billing system for which billing completion notices are made available or transmitted in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time a service order is completed in the SOP to the time billing completion for the order is made available or transmitted to the CLEC.
 - The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI consists of the time Qwest stores the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window.
 - The time a notice is "transmitted" via IMA-EDI consists of the time Qwest actually transmits the completion notice via IMA-EDI. Applicable only to those CLECs who are certified and setup to receive the notices via IMA-EDI.
- The start time is when the completion of the service order is posted in the Qwest SOP. The end time is when, confirming that the order has been posted in the CRIS billing system, the electronic billing completion notice is made available to the CLEC via the same ordering interface (IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) as used to submit the LSR.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of these measurements are those that are five business days or less.

PO-7C:

- This measurement includes all retail orders posted in the CRIS Billing system in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time an order is completed in the SOP to the time it is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- The start time is when the completion of the order is posted in the SOP. The end time is when the order is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of this measurement are those that are five business days or

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: PO-7A and -7B: CLEC

aggregate and individual CLEC results.

PO-7C: Qwest retail results.

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- PO-7A Notices made available via IMA-GUI-
- PO-7B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI
- PO-7C Billing system posting completions for Qwest Retail

Formula:

For wholesale service orders Qwest generates for LSRs received via IMA:

PO-7A =

(Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period made available within five business days of posting complete in the SOP) + (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices made available during the reporting period)

PO-7B =

(Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period transmitted within five business days of posting complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices transmitted during the reporting period)

For service orders Qwest generates for retail customers (i.e., the retail analogue for PO-7A & -7B):

PO-7C =

(Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period that were posted within 5 business days) + (Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period)

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PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness (continued)

Exclusions:							
PO-7A, 7B & 7C							
	 Services that are not billed through CRIS, e.g. Resale Frame Relay. 						
 Records with invalid complet 	Records with invalid completion dates.						
PO-7A & 7B							
 LSRs submitted manually. 							
 ASRs submitted via EXACT. 		•					
		•					
Product Reporting: Standard:							
Aggregate reporting for all produced in a separately, IMA-EDI (seporting).		PO-7A and -7B: Parity with PO-7C					
Availability: Notes:							
Available							
Availability: Available							

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PO-8 - Jeopardy Notice Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of jeopardy notifications, focusing on how far in advance of original due dates jeopardy notifications are provided to CLECs (regardless of whether the due date was actually missed).

Description:

Measures the average time lapsed between the date the customer is first notified of an order jeopardy event and the original due date of the order.

Includes all orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notifications.

 includes all orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notifications. 					
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Average Business days				
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. (This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)				

Formula:

 $[\Sigma(Date of the original due date of orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification – Date of the first jeopardy notification) <math>\div$ Total orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification]

Exclusions:

- · Jeopardies done after the original due date is past.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- · Records with invalid completion dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID

 Hecords missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. 				
Product Reporting:	Standards:			
A Non-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS			
B Unbundled Loops (with or without	B Parity with Retail POTS			
Number Portability)				
C LIS Trunks	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) services			
D UNE-P (POTS)	D Parity with Retail POTS			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Availability:	Notes:			
Available	1. For PO-8A and -D, Saturday is counted as a			
	business day for all non-dispatched orders for			
· ·	Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P			
	(POTS), as well as for the retail analogues			
	specified above as standards. For dispatched			
	orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business,			
	and UNE-P (POTS) and for all other products			
	reported under PO-8B and -8C, Saturday is			
	counted as a business day when the service order			
	is due on Saturday.			

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PO-9 - Timely Jeopardy Notices

Purpose:

When original due dates are missed, measures the extent to which Qwest notifies customers in advance of jeopardized due dates.

Description:

Measures the percentage of late orders for which advance jeopardy notification is provided.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by
 Qwest and which are completed/closed in the reporting period that missed the original due date.
 Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward
 activity.
- Missed due date orders with jeopardy notifications provided on or after the original due date is
 past will be counted in the denominator of the formula but will not be counted in the numerator.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
(This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)

Formula:

[(Total missed due date orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification in advance of original due date) ÷ (Total number of missed due date orders completed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- · Orders missed for customer reasons.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:
A Non-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS
B Unbundled Loops (with or without Number	B Parity with Retail POTS
Portability)	
C LIS Trunks	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) Services
D UNE-P (POTS)	D Parity with Retail POTS
Availability:	Notes:
Available	
	•

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PO-15 – Number of Due Date Changes per Order

Purpose:							
To evaluate the extent to which Qwest changes due dates on orders.							
Description:							
Measures the average num	ber of Qwes	st due date (changes per order.				
 Includes all inward orde 	ers (Change	, New, and	Transfer order types) that have been assigned a				
due date in the reportin	due date in the reporting period subject to the exclusions below. Change order types for						
additional lines consist	of all "C" or	ders represe	enting inward activity.				
	anges made	for Qwest r	easons following assignment of the original due				
date.							
Reporting Period: One mo	onth	Unit of Me	asure: Average Number of Due Date Changes				
Reporting Comparisons:			Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.				
CLEC aggregate, individual	ICIEC and	Owast	Disaggregation reporting. Oldlowde level.				
retail results.	i CLLO, and	QWest					
Formula:			×				
	e channes o	n all orders	÷ (Total orders in reporting period)				
2(Oodin of Gwest ade dan	o ontangee e	ii an ordoro,	(Total ordere in Jopening period)				
Exclusions:							
 Customer requested do 	ue date chai	nges.					
 Records involving official 	ial company	services.	•				
Records with invalid du			lates.				
 Records with invalid pr 	oduct codes	3.					
			ion of the measurement per the PID.				
Product Reporting: Standard:							
None			Diagnostic				
Availability:	Notes:						
Available							
;							
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PO-16 - Timely Release Notifications

Purpose:

Measures the percent of release notifications for changes to specified OSS interfaces sent by Qwest to CLECs within the intervals and scope specified within the change management plan found on Qwest's Change Management Process, (CMP) website at http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/whatiscmp.html.

- · Measures the percent of release notices that are sent by Qwest within the intervals/timeframes prescribed by the release notification procedure on Qwest's CMP website.
 - Release notices measured are:
 - Draft Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Final Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Draft Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only);
 - Final Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only); and
 - OSS Interface Retirement Notices. NOTE 2
 - For the following OSS interfaces:
 - IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI;
 - CEMR:
 - Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT); NOTE 3
 - Electronic Bonding Trouble Administration (EB -TA); NOTE 4
 IABS and CRIS Summary Bill Outputs; NOTE 5
 Loss and Completion Records; NOTE 5

 - New OSS interfaces (for introduction notices only.) NOTE 6
 - Also included are notifications for connectivity or system function changes to Resale Product Database.
 - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest relating to the following products and service categories: LIS/Interconnection, Collocation, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE), Ancillary, and Resale Products and Services.
 - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest to CLECs for the following OSS functions: Pre-Ordering, Ordering, Provisioning, Repair and Maintenance, and Billing.
 - Includes Types of Changes as specified in the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document" (Section 4 - Types of Changes).
 - Includes all OSS interface release notifications pertaining to the above OSS systems, subject to the exclusions specified below.
- Release Notifications sent on or before the date required by the CMP are considered timely. A release notification "sent date" is determined by the date of the e-mail sent by Qwest that provides the Release Notification. NOTE 7
- Release Notifications sent after the date required by the (CMP) are considered untimely. Release Notifications required but not sent are considered untimely.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

Formula:

[(Number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes made within the reporting period that are sent on or before the date required by the change management plan (CMP) + Total number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes within reporting period)]x100

Exclusions:

- Changes to be implemented on an expedited basis (exception to OSS notification intervals) as mutually agreed upon by CLECs and Qwest through the CMP.
- Changes where Qwest and CLECs agree, through the CMP, that notification is unnecessary.

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PO-16 Timely Release Notifications (continued)

Product Reporting:	None	Standards:
		Vol. 1-10: No more than one
		untimely notification
		Vol. > 10: 92.5% timely notifications
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		
		ige Management Process Document specifies the
	intervals for release notificat	tions by type of notification. These intervals are
	documented in the change r	management plan.
	2. The documents described in	n section "9.0 – Retirement of Existing OSS
1		holesale Change Management Process Document"
	as "Initial Retirement Notice	" and "Final Retirement Notice."
	EXACT is a Telecordia syst	em. Only release notifications for changes initiated
·	by Qwest for hardware or co	onnectivity will be included in this measurement.
1	EB-TA is the same system a	
		Completions will adhere to the notification intervals
	documented in section 8.1 -	- Changes to Existing Application to Application
	Interface.	
1		n section "7.0 - Introduction of New OSS Interface" of
1	the "Qwest Wholesale Char	nge Management Process Document" as "Initial
	Release Announcement and	d Preliminary Implementation Plan" (new App to App
	only), "Initial Interface Tech	nical Specification" (new App to App only), "Final
		ations (new App to App only), "Release Notification"
		es for "Introduction of a New OSS" are to be included
		hough the new system is not explicitly listed in the
\ \ \ \ \ \		PID. However, once implemented, the system will
		rement for purposes of measuring release, change
		unless specifically incorporated as an authorized
	change to the PID.	
	The intervals used to deterr	nine timeliness are based on CMP guidelines.

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PO-19 - Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy

Purpose:

Evaluates Qwest's ability to provide accurate production-like tests to CLECs for testing new releases in the SATE and production environments and testing between releases in the SATE environment.

Description:

PO-19A

- Measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in the IMA
 EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are successfully executed
 in SATE at the time a new IMA Release is deployed to SATE. In months where no release activity
 occurs, measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in
 the current IMA EDI Data Document-for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are
 successfully executed in SATE during the between-releases monthly performance test.
- Includes one test transaction for each test scenario published in the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).
- Test transactions will be executed for each of the IMA releases supported in SATE utilizing all test scenarios for each of the current versions of the IMA EDI Data Document — for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).
- The successful execution of a transaction is determined by the Qwest Test Engineer according to:
 - The expected results of the test scenario as described in the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) and the EDI disclosure document.
 - The transactions strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Disclosure Documentation for each release and the associated Addenda. NOTE 1
- For this measurement, Qwest will execute the test transactions in the Stand-Alone Test Environment.
 - Release related test transactions will be executed when a full or point release of IMA is installed in SATE. These transactions will be executed within five <u>business days</u> of the numbered release being originally installed in SATE. This five-business day period will be referred to as the "Testing Window."
 - Mid-release monthly performance test transactions will be executed in the months when no
 Testing Window for a release is completed. These transactions will be executed on the 15th, or
 the nearest working day to the 15th of the month, in the months when no release related test
 transactions are executed.
- Test transaction results will be reported by release and included in the Reporting Period during which
 the release transactions or mid-release test transactions are completed.

PO-19E

- Validates the extent that SATE mirrors production by measuring the percentage of IMA EDI test transactions that produce comparable results in SATE and in production.
 - Transactions counted as producing comparable results are those that return correctly formatted data and fields as specified in the release's EDI disclosure document and developer worksheets related to the IMA release being tested.
 - Comparability will be determined by evaluating the data and fields in each EDI message for the
 test transactions against the same data and fields for Preorder queries, LSRs, and
 Supplementals, and returned as Query Responses, Acknowledgements, Firm Order
 Confirmations (FOCs) for flow-through eligible products, and rejects.
- Test transactions are executed one time for each new major IMA release within 7 days after the IMA release
 - Test transactions consist of a defined suite of Product/Activity combinations. Qwest's three regions will be represented. NOTE 2
 - Pre-order, Order, and Post-order transactions (FOCs for flow-through products) are included.
- With respect to the comparability of the structure and content of results from SATE and production
 environments, this measurement focuses only on the validity of the structure and the validity of the
 content, per developer worksheets and EID mapping examples distributed as part of release
 notifications. NOTE 3

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PO-19 Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy (continued)

which release-related test transactions are completed)	
Reporting Comparisons: None	Disaggregation Reporting: PO-19A – Reported separately for each release tested in the reporting period PO-19B None

Formula:

PO-19A

[(Total number of successfully completed SATE test transactions executed for a Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period) \div (Total number of SATE test transactions executed for each Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

PO-19B

[(Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production that produce comparable results for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period) ÷ (Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

For PO-19B:

- Transactions that fail due to the unavailability of a content item (e.g., TN exhaustion in SATE or the
 production environment) or a function in the SATE or production environments (e.g., address
 validation query or CSR query) that is unsuccessful due to an outage in systems that interface with
 IMA-EDI (e.g., PREMIS or SIA).
- Transactions that fail because of differences between the production and SATE results caused when
 an IMA candidate is implemented into IMA and not SATE (i.e., where CMP decides not to implement
 an IMA candidate in a SATE release: e.g., the Reject Duplicate LSR candidate in IMA 12.0). This
 exclusion does not apply during reporting periods in which there are no differences between
 production IMA and SATE caused by SATE releases packaged pursuant to CMP decisions.

production IMA and SATE caused by SATE rele	ases packaged pursuant to CMP decisions.
Product Reporting: None	Standard:
	PO-19A – 95% for each release tested
	PO-19B 95%
Availability:	Notes:
Available	Transactions that are executed and found to have inconsistencies with the data and format rules will be corrected and rerun. Rerun volumes will not be counted in the denominator for PO-19. Such corrections and re-executions are intended to enforce strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Data and Disclosure Documents.
	2. The product and activity combinations that make up the test decks for PO-19B will be updated after each major IMA software release and provided to CLECs with the publication of IMA EDI Draft Interface Technical Specifications for the next major IMA software release as defined in the CMP process. All combinations with EDI transaction volumes > 100 in the previous 12-month period will be
V	included in the test deck. 75 days prior to the execution of the test, Qwest will run a query against IMA to determine which combinations meet the criteria for inclusion (i.e., volumes >

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	3. The intent of this provision is to avoid including the effects of circumstances beyond the SATE environment that could cause differences in SATE and production results that are not due to problems in mirroring production. For example, because of real-time data manipulation in production, an appointment availability query transaction in SATE will not return the same list of available appointments as in production. Available appointments in production are fully dependent on real-time activities that occur there, whereas available appointments in SATE are based on a predefined list that is representative of production.
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PO-20 (Expanded) - Manual Service Order Accuracy

Purpose:

Evaluates the degree to which Qwest accurately processes CLECs' Local Service Requests (LSRs), which are electronically-submitted and manually processed by Qwest, into Qwest Service Orders, based on mechanized comparisons of specified LSR-Service Order fields and focusing on the percentage of manually-processed Service Orders that are accurate/error-free.

Description:

Measures the percentage of manually-processed Qwest Service Orders that are populated correctly, in specified data fields, with information obtained from CLEC LSRs.

- Includes only Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs that Qwest receives NOTE 1 electronically (via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) and manually processes in the creation of Service Orders, regardless of flow through eligibility, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes only Service Orders, from the product reporting categories specified below, that request inward
 line or feature activity (Change, New, and Transfer order types), are assigned a due date by Qwest, and
 are completed/closed in the reporting period. Change Service Order types included in this measurement
 consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action-coded line or feature USOCs.
- All Service Orders satisfying the above criteria and as specified in the Availability section below are evaluated in this measurement.
- An inward line Service Order will be classified as "accurate" and thus counted in the numerator in the formula below when the mechanized comparisons of this measurement determine that the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order. An inward feature Service Order will be classified as "accurate" if the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order and if no CLEC notifications to the call center have generated call center tickets coded to LSR/SO mismatch for that order.
 - Service Orders will be counted as being accurate if the contents of the relevant fields, as recorded in the completed Service Orders involved in provisioning the service, properly match or correspond to the information from the specified fields as provided in the latest version of associated LSRs.
 - Service orders generated from LSRs receiving a PIA (Provider Initiated Activity value will be counted
 as being accurate if each and every mismatch has a correct and corresponding PIA value.
 - Service Orders, including those otherwise considered accurate under the above-described mechanized field comparison, will not be counted as accurate if Qwest corrects errors in its Service Order(s) as a result of contacts received from CLECs no earlier than one business day prior to the original due date.

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to exclude Service Orders that are the subject of call center tickets counted in OP-5B and OP-5T, as having new service problems attributed to Service Order errors.	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide Level
p41	

Formula:

[(Number of accurate, evaluated Service Orders) ÷ (Number of evaluated Service Orders completed in the reporting period)] x 100

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PO-20 (Expanded) - Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

- Service Orders that are the subject of call center tickets counted in OP-5B and OP-5T as having new service problems attributed to Service Order errors.
- Cancelled Service Orders.
- Service Orders that cannot be matched to a corresponding LSR
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:

Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21)

Unbundled Loops (Analog and Non-Loaded 2/4-wire, DS1 Capable, DS3 and higher Capable, ADSL Compatible, XDSL-I Capable, ISDN-BRI Capable)

Standard:

Benchmarks, as follows:

Phase 1	97%
Phase 2	96%
Phase 3 & beyond	95%

Availability:

- Phase 0 PO-20 (Old) (the first version using
- sampling of limited fields). (Available now)
 Phase 1 NOTE PO-20 (Expanded) Mechanized version (as defined herein). All qualifying orders associated with initial LSRs received via IMA version 15.0 or higher beginning with May 2004 data reported in Jul 04.
- Phase 2 Additional fields added. No later than Sep 04 results reported in Nov 04
- Phase 3- Additional fields added. Targeted for 1st Quarter 05
- Phase 4 Additional fields added. (Date TBD).

Notes:

- 1. To be included in the measurement, Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs must be received and completed in the same version of IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI.
- 2. Phase 1: Consists of all manually-processed, qualifying Service Orders per product reporting category specified above, from throughout Qwest's 14-state local service region.

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)					
	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
LSR	CCNA	Customer Carrier Name Abbreviation	CCNA field of LSR form compared to the RSID/ZCID field identifier in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.		
	PON	Purchase Order Number	PON field of LSR form compared to the PON field in Bill Section of the Service Order.		
	D/TSENT	Date and time sent	The D/TSENT field of LSR form from the Firm Order Manager, using applied business day cut-off rules and business typing rules, and compare to the APP (Application Date) used on the Service Order.		
	CHC	Coordinated Hot Cut Requested	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service Order matches the Coordinated Cut request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the TEST field to determine correct USOC.)		
	TEST	Testing required	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service Order matches the TEST request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the CHC field to determine correct USOC.)		
	NC	Network Channel Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. NC field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.		

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PO-20 (Expanded) - Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:	
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:	
	NCI	Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop NCI field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.	
	SECNCI	Secondary Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop orders. SECNCI field on the LSR form compared to the provisioning USOC for CKL2 on the Service Order.	
	PIC	InterLATA Pre- subscription Indicator Code	PIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to PIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order. Note: LSR PIC = None; S.O. PIC = None	
Resale or Centrex	LPIC	IntraLATA Presubscription Indicator Code	LPIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to LPIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order. Note: LSR LPIC = None; S.O. LPIC = 9199 LSR LPIC = DFLT; S.O. LPIC = 5123	
	TNS	Telephone Numbers	Validate that all telephone numbers in the TNS fields in the Service Details section on the Resale or Centrex form requiring inward activity are addressed on the Service Order.	
Resale or Centrex	FA/ FEATURE	Feature Activity/Feature Codes	When the FA = N, T, V Validate line and feature USOCs provided in the FEATURE field on the Resale or Centrex form are addressed with "I" and/or "T" action lines on the Service Order. Note: Comparison will be based on the USOCs associated with line and feature activity listed in the PO-20 USOC List posted on Qwest's public website, on the web page containing the current PID www.qwest.com/wholesale/results). Qwest may add USOCs to the list, delete grand-fathered/ discontinued or obsolete USOCs, or update USOCs assigned to listed descriptions by providing notice in the monthly Summary of Notes and updating the list.	

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PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
	Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:				
	LSR Field				
Form	Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
LS	ECCKT	Exchange Company Circuit ID	Applies to LSRs with ACT = C (only when NC code has not changed, M, or T.		
			ECCKT field on the LS form compared to the CLS field in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.		
LS/ LSNP	CFĄ	Connecting Facility Assignment	CFA field on the LS or LSNP forms compared to the CFA field used in CKL1 of the Service Order. (Verbal acceptance of CFA changes will be FOC'd and PIA'd, which will account for the mismatch and eliminate it as an error in the PO-20 calculation.		
DL – Directory Listings form (Evaluated only for Local Main Listings)	LTY	Listing Type	LTY = 1 (Listed – appears in DA and the directory.) Validate that there is a LN in the List section of the Service Order. LTY = 2 (Non Listed – appears only in DA.) Validate that there is non listing instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order. Central/Western Region: Validate that the left handed field is NLST and (NON-LIST) is contained in the NLST data field in the List section of the Service order. Eastern Region: Validate that the left handed field is NL and (NON LIST) is contained in the NL data field in the List section of the Service Order. LTY = 3 (Non Pub - does not appear in the directory and telephone number does not appear in DA.) Validate that there is non published instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order. Central/Western Regions: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NON-PUB) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order. Eastern Region: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NP LODA) or (NP NODA) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order.		
DL – Dire (Evaluated onl	TOA	Type of Account	Validate TOA entries (only reviewed when BRO field on DL form is not populated): TOA valid entries are B or RP Validate that there is a semi colon (;) within the LN in the List section of the Service Order. TOA valid entries are R or BP Validate that there is a comma (,) within the LN in the List section of the Service Order. Exception: When LSR-TOS = 3, TOA review is Not Applicable. Handled by Complex Listing Group. Requires separate Service Order.		
	DML	Direct Mail List	DML field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OCLS).		
	NOSL ,	No Solicitation Indicator	Arizona Only NOSL field = Y on DL form; Service Order LN contains (NSOL) (OCLS).		

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PO-20 (Expanded) - Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
······································			the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
	TMKT	Telemarketing	Colorado Only TMKT field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OATD). When both the DML and the TMKT fields are populated, DML validation applies.		
	LNLN and LNFN	Listed Name	LNLN and LNFN fields on DL form compared to the LN field in the List section of the Service Order.		
	ADI	Address Indicator	ADI = O on DL form; Service Order LA contains (OAD).		
	LAPR	Listed Address Number Prefix	LAPR field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LANO	Listed Address Number	LANO field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASF	Listed Address Number Suffix	LASF field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASD	Listed Address Street Directional	LASD field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASN	Listed Address Street Name	LASN field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LATH	Listed Address Street Type	LATH field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASS	Listed Address Street Directional Suffix	LASS field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LALOC	Listed Address Locality	LALOC field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		

	Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results				
	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
LSR	DSPTCH	Dispatch	Limited to Unbundled Loops where ACT = Z or V only. If DSPTCH field on the LSR form = Y, validate dispatch USOC in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.		
Centrex	LTC	Line Treatment Code	Applies only to Centrex 21 LTC field numeric value on the Centrex form compared to the data following the CAT field for the Line USOC on the Service Order.		
	cos	Class of Service – Qwest Specific	Applies only to Centrex 21. COS field of the Centrex form compared to the CS field in the ID section of the Service Order.		

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PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results				
LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
		zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:	
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:	
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	As specified in Appendix A of the 14 State Working PID. Comparison would be based on the fields associated with the USOC list referenced under Feature Activity in Phase 1 above.	
			Targeted for 1 st Quarter 05	
			ce Order Fields Evaluated	
		ized comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:	
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:	
Resale or Centrex	BLOCK (Stage 1)	Blocking Type	For each LNUM provided in the Service Detail section of the Resale or Centrex form when BA = E: Note: The BLOCK field may have one or more alpha and/or numeric values per LNUM. This review will only validate based on BA/BLOCK fields and will not address blocking information provided in the "Remark" section on the LSR or the Feature Detail section of the LSR. The values listed below will be considered as follows: If BLOCK contains A, validate FID TBE A is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains B, validate FID TBE B is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains C, validate FID TBE C is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains H, validate FID TBE C is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains H, validate FID BLKD is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM.	

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PO-20 (Expanded) - Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

Phase 4 – Date TBD							
	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated						
Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:							
	LSR Field						
Form	Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:				
LSR	DFDT	Desired Frame Due Time	Applicable only to orders for Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21)				
			DFDT field on the LSR form compared to the FDT field in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.				
	DDD	Desired Due Date	DDD field from the last FOC'd LSR compared to the original or last subsequent due date in the Extended ID section on the Service Order when no CFLAG/PIA is present on the FOC. (i.e. Evaluation includes recognition of valid differences between DDD and Service Order based on population of the CFLAG/PIA field on the LSRC (FOC))				
Listings nly for stings)	LTN	Listed Telephone Number	For Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21): LTN field on the Listing form compared to the Main Account Number of the Service Order.				
- Directory Listings form Evaluated only for ocal Main Listings)			For Unbundled Loop: LTN field on the Listing form compared to the TN floated after the LN in the Listing section of the Service Order.				
DL – I		Letter Name Placement	LNPL field on the Listing form = L, validate that LN on the Service Order follows letter placement versus word placement.				
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	If CLECs propose additional FIDs for review, Qwest will undertake a feasibility evaluation.				
	BLOCK (Stage 2)	Blocking Type	If CLECs identify value in additional Blocking review, Qwest will undertake development. [Requirements to be developed]				

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Ordering and Provisioning

OP-2 - Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds - Interconnect Provisioning Center

Evaluates the timeliness of CLEC access to Qwest's interconnection provisioning center(s) and retail customer access to the Business Office, focusing on the extent calls are answered within 20 seconds. Measures the percentage of (Interconnection Provisioning Center or Retail Business Office) calls that are answered by an agent within 20 seconds of the first ring. • Includes all calls to the Interconnect Provisioning Center/Retail Business Office during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. • Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as calls which are not answered within 20 seconds. • First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic Call Distributor). Answer is defined as when the call is first picked up by the Qwest agent. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. **Qwest Retail results** Formula: [(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds) + (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100 Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU Voice Response Unit is not counted.

Standard: Parity

Notes:

Product Reporting: Not applicable

Available

Availability:

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OP-3 – Installation Commitments Met

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest installs services for Customers by the scheduled due date.

Description:

Measures the percentage of orders for which the scheduled due date is met.

- All inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward activity. Also included are orders with customer-requested due dates longer than the standard interval.
- Completion date on or before the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest is counted as a met due date. The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any,

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:

OP-3A Dispatches within MSAs:

OP-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

OP-3C No dispatches.

Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:

OP-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and

OP-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

[(Total Orders completed in the reporting period on or before the Applicable Due Date) + (Total Orders Completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Due dates missed for standard categories of customer and non-Qwest reasons. Standard categories of customer reasons are: previous service at the location did not have a customerrequested disconnect order issued, no access to customer premises, and customer hold for payment. Standard categories of non-Qwest reasons are: Weather, Disaster, and Work Stoppage.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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OP – 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	Current up.
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with like retail service
(UNE-P) (POTS)	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	95%
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	95%
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 90%
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	90%
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	90%
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	90%
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	90%
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning	90%
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
- L311/011 Harino	

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OP - 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

 Enhanced Ex 	tended Loops (EELs) – (DS0	WA: 90%
level)		All Other States: Diagnostic
 Enhanced Ex level) 	tended Loops (EELs) – (DS1	90%
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)		WA: 90%
		All Other States: Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	 Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months. 	

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OP-4 - Installation Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of services for customers, focusing on the average time to install service.

Description:

Measures the average interval (in <u>business days</u>) NOTE 1 between the <u>application date</u> and the completion date for service orders accepted and implemented.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by
 Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified
 below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Intervals for each measured event are counted in whole days: the application date is day zero (0);
 the day following the application date is day one (1).
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the
 most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest
 reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent
 to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Average Business Days

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:
 - OP-4A Dispatches within MSAs;
 - OP-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and
 - OP-4C No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:

OP-4D In <u>Interval Zone 1</u> areas; and OP-4E In <u>Interval Zone 2</u> areas.

Formula:

 Σ [(Order Completion Date) – (Order Application Date) – (Time interval between the Original Due Date and the Applicable Date) – (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] + Total Number of Orders Completed in the reporting period

Explanation: The average installation interval is derived by dividing the sum of installation intervals for all orders (in business days) NOTE to by total number of service orders completed in the reporting period.

Exclusions:

- Orders with customer requested due dates greater than the current standard interval.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- · Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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OP-4 - Installation Interval (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	3.3 days
Loop Splitting NOTE3	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	3.3 days
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 6 days
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN(designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
(aggregate)	<u> </u>
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (U	DIT)
UDIT - DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Urbundled Loops:	Diagnote
Analog Loop	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Idaho, Iowa, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, Wyoming: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	Arizona, Colorado, Minnesota, New Mexico, South Dakota, Utah, Washington: 5.5 days
xDSL-I capable Loop	6 days
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	6 days
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)

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OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)

Dark Fiber - Loop		Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning		15 days
• E911/911 Trunks		Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loop	ne (EELe) (DS0	Diagnostic
level)	08 (LLL8) ~ (D00	Diagnosio
Enhanced Extended Loop	oc (EELc) (DC1	6 days
level)	03 (EEE3) - (DO 1	l days
Enhanced Extended Loop	ne (EÉLe) — (DS3	Diagnostic
level)	08 (EEE8) - (DOS	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:	<u> </u>
Available	Resale Resident as for the retail at other products ut -4D, and -4E. So service order is 2. According to this per successive at the point, the Afurther changes Qwest-initiated due dat changes or dela subtracted as in are calculated at cases where mustated method for Qwest-initiated initiated due dat from each pairir summed and the	arday is counted as a business day for all orders for ce, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well analogues specified above as standards. For all under OP-4C and for all products under OP-4A, -4B, aturday is counted as a business day when the due or completed on Saturday. It is definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up on a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no e) as the date on which it was set prior to the first due date change, any further customer-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date cys are measured as time intervals that are dicated in the formula. These delay time intervals as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in ultiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the or calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair ad due date change and subsequent customer-tie change or delay. The intervals thus calculated any of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are en subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The proach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals

on intervals are not counted in the reported interval.

3. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts

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OP-5 - New Service Quality

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of ordering and installing new services (inward line service orders), focusing on the percentage of newly-installed service orders that are free of CLEC/customer-initiated trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days following installation completion, and focusing on the quality of Qwest's resolution of such conditions with respect to multiple reports.

Description:

Measures two components of new service provisioning quality (OP-5A and -5B) and also reports a combined result (OP-5T), as described below, each as a percentage of all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period that are free of CLEC/customer-reported provisioning and repair trouble reports, as described below. Also measures the percentage of all provisioning and repair trouble reports that constitute multiple trouble reports for the affected service orders. (OP-5R)

- Orders for new services considered in calculating all components of this performance indicator are all
 inward line service orders completed in the reporting period, including Change (C-type) orders for
 additional lines/circuits, subject to exclusions shown below. Change order types considered in these
 measurements consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Orders for new service installations include conversions (Retail to CLEC, CLEC to CLEC, and same CLEC converting between products).
- Provisioning or repair trouble reports include both out of service and other service affecting conditions, such as features on a line that are missing or do not function properly upon conversion, subject to exclusions shown below.

OP-5A: New Service Installation Quality Reported to Repair

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair trouble reports NOTE 2 within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions below.
- Repair trouble reports are defined as CLEC/customer notifications to Qwest of out-of-service and
 other service affecting conditions for which Qwest opens repair tickets in its maintenance and repair
 management and tracking systems NOTE3 that are closed in the reporting period or the following
 month, NOTE 4 subject to exclusions shown below. NOTE5
- Qwest is able to open repair tickets for repair trouble reports received from CLECs/customers once the service order is completed in Qwest's systems.

OP-5B: New Service Provisioning Quality

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Provisioning trouble reports are defined as CLEC notifications to Qwest of out of service or other service affecting conditions that are attributable to provisioning activities, including but not limited to LSR/service order mismatches and conversion outages. For provisioning trouble reports, Qwest creates call center tickets in its call center database. Subject to exclusions shown below, call center tickets closed in the reporting period or the following month NOTE 4 are captured in this measurement. Call center tickets closed to Network reasons will not be counted in OP-5B when a repair trouble report for that order is captured in OP-5A.

OP-5T: New Service Installation Quality Total

 Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair or provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusion shown below.

OP-5R: New Service Quality Multiple Report Rate

- Evaluates the quality of Qwest's responses to repair and provisioning trouble reports for inward line service orders completed in the reporting period. This measurement reports, for those service orders that were not free of repair or provisioning trouble reports in OP-5A or OP-5B, the percentage of trouble reports affecting the same service orders that were followed by additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, as specified below.
- Measures the percentage of all repair and provisioning trouble reports considered in OP-5A and OP-5B that are additional repair or provisioning trouble reports received by Qwest for the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation

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OP- 5 - New Service Quality (continued)

completion.

Additional repair or provisioning trouble reports are defined as all such reports that are received following the first report (whether the first report is represented by a call center ticket or a repair ticket) relating to the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation completion. In all cases, the trouble reports counted are those that are defined for OP-5A and OP-5B above. NOTE 7

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear Unit of Measure: in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not Percent reported in arrears), in order to cover the 30-day period following installation. Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,

individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level

- **OP-5A** = (Number inward line service orders completed in the reporting period Number of inward line service orders with any repair trouble reports as specified above) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- **OP-5B** = (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period Number of inward line service orders with any provisioning trouble reports as specified above) + (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- OP-5T = ([Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period] Number of inward line service orders with repair or provisioning trouble reports as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, as applicable) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- OP-5R = (Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports, relating to inward line service orders closed in the reporting period as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, that constitute additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, within 30 calendar days following the installation date ÷ Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports relating to inward line service orders closed in the reporting period, as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B) x 100

Exclusions:

Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair trouble reports attributable to CLEC or coded to non-Qwest reasons as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, repair trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
 - Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous -Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider); and Reports from other than the CLEC/customer that result in a charge if dispatched.
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data, repair reports coded to codes for:
 - Carrier Action (IEC); Customer Provided Equipment (CPE); Commercial power failure; Customer requested service order activity; and Other non-Qwest.
 - Repair reports coded to disposition codes for referral to another department (i.e., for non-repair ticket resolutions of non-installation-related problems, except cable cuts, which are not excluded).

Applicable to OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R only:

- Provisioning trouble reports attributable to CLEC or non-Qwest causes.
- Call center tickets relating to activities that occur as part of the normal process of conversion (i.e., while Qwest is actively and properly engaged in process of converting or installing the service). Provisioning trouble reports involving service orders that, at the time of the calls, have fallen out for manual handling and been disassociated from the related service order, as applicable, will be considered as not in the normal process of conversion and will not be excluded.

Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair or provisioning trouble reports related to service orders captured as misses under measurements OP-13 (Coordinated Cuts Timeliness) or OP-17 (LNP Timeliness).
- Subsequent repair or provisioning trouble reports of any trouble on the installed service before the original repair or provisioning trouble report is closed.
- Service orders closed in the reporting period with App Dates earlier than eight months prior to the

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OP-5 - New Service Quality (continued)

beginning of the reporting period.

- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types. When out of service or service affecting problems are reported to the call center on conversion and move requests, the resulting call center ticket will be included in the calculation of the numerator in association with the related inward order type even when the call center ticket reflects the problem was caused by the Disconnect or From order.
- Records involving official Qwest company services.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement as defined herein.

Product Reporting Categories:

 As specified below – one percentage result reported for each bulleted category under the sub-measurements shown.

Standards:

OP-5A: Parity with retail service

OP-5B: Diagnostic for six months following first reporting. After

six months Benchmark (TBD)

OP-5T: Diagnostic

OP-5R: Diagnostic for six months following first reporting.

Possible standard (TBD)

(Where parity comparisons involve multiple service varieties in a product category, weighting based on the retail analogue volumes may be used if necessary to create a comparison that is not affected by different proportions of wholesale and retail analogue volumes in the same reporting category.)

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OP- 5 – New Service Quality (continued)
Product Reporting: Standards:

Product Reporting:	Standards:				
Reported under OP-5A, OP-5B,	OP-5T and OP-5R				
		e parties in Long-Term PID Administra	ation)		
	OP-5A	OP-5B	OP-5T &		Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
			OP-5R	_ /	Benchmark TBD
Resale				/ /	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
Residential single line	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic	11	Benchmark TBD
service				11	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD
Business single line	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic	11	
service	Deducation and a second	00.50/	5	11	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD
Centrex Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic	1/	Santana and the santana and th
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service Parity with retail service	96.5% 96.5%	Diagnostic	1 ,-:	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic		
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic Diagnostic		Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic		
DS0	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic	- \	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD
DS1	Parity with retail service	96.5%,	Diagnostic	- XX	
DS3 and higher bit-	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic	h.`\.	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD
rate services	Tanty with retail service	00.074	- nightinging	11/	
(aggregate)	-			11	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	Diagnostic.	Diagnostic	\ \ \	
Unbundled Network	Parity with like retail	96.5%	Diagnostic	, <u>,</u>	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD
Element – Platform	service		_=.=a.n=n.	7111 1	
(UNE-P) (POTS)				111	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD
Unbundled Network	Parity with retail Centrex	96.5%	Diagnostic	111	<u> </u>
Element - Platform	21			1, 1,	Deleted: 6 mo.
(UNE-P) (Centrex 21)				', ',	Deleted: ; Benchmark TBD
 Unbundled Network 	Parity with retail Centrex	<u>96.5%</u> ,	Diagnostic	\ \	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
Element – Platform				[\ \	Benchmark TBD
(UNE-P) (Centrex)				``	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest	96.5%	Diagnostic	\	Benchmark TBD
NOTE 8	DSL			`\	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
Loop Splitting NOTE 8	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	`\ <u>\</u>	Benchmark TBD
Line Sharing	Parity with retail RES &	96.5%	Diagnostic		Deleted: Diagnostic
Out to an I labouration	BUS POTS	D:	D'		Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	4	Benchmark TBD
Unbundled Loops:	Double with water! Doub	00.50/	D:		Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res & Bus POTS with dispatch	96.5%	Diagnostic		Benchmark TBD
Non-loaded Loop (2-	Parity with retail ISDN	96.5%	Diagnostic	٠ _ ا	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
wire)	BRI	90.376	Diagnostic		Benchmark TBD
Non-loaded Loop (4-	Parity with retail DS1	96.5%	Diagnostic		Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
wire)	Tanty With Telah Do	00.074	Diagnostic		Benchmark TBD
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1	96.5%	Diagnostic	1	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest	96.5%	Diagnostic		Benchmark TBD
т. т. т. т. т. г. г. г.	DSL		1		Deleted: Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN	96.5%	Diagnostic	1	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
	BRI				Benchmark TBD
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest	96.5%	Diagnostic	1	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
	DSL with dispatch				Benchmark TBD
Loop types of DS3 and	Parity with retail DS3	96.5%	Diagnostic	1	Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic;
higher bit-rates	and higher bit-rate		[[Benchmark TBD
(aggregate)	services (aggregate)				Deleted: Fifth
Dark Fiber - Loop	Diagnostic.	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	1 .	(

OP-5 – New Service Quality (continued)

		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Enhanced Extended (EELs) - (DS0 let)		Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	96.5%	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended (EELs) – (DS1 legendred) 		Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	96.5%,	Diagnostic
Enhanced Exten (EELs) - (above level)	ded Loops	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	96.5%	Diagnostic
Reported under OP	-5A and un	der OP-5R (per OP-5A spe	ecifications):	
		OP-5A	OP-5R	
LIS Trunks		Parity with Feature	Diagnostic	
- Lio Haimo		Group D (aggregate)	g	
Unbundled Dedicate	d Interoffice			
UDIT (DS1 Le		Parity with Retail Private Lines (DS1)	Diagnostic	
UDIT (Above I	OS1 Level)	Parity with Retail Private Lines (Above DS1 level)	Diagnostic	
Dark Fiber - IC)F	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	
• E911/911 Trunk	S	Parity with Retail	Diagnostic	
		E911/911 Trunks		
E911/911 Trunks Parity with Retail Diagnostic			etail results). les, such as reports of d after the ion led line/circuit ork Force stem), and bort data for upporting call iquiries (see d (typically four begin lesses that d provisioning rocedures. lers with bunting as a orders, the ill be reduced 5A.	

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Deleted: Diagnostic until volume criteria are met

Deleted: Diagnostic until volume criteria are met

Deleted: 6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD

OP-6 - Delayed Days

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent Qwest is late in installing services for customers, focusing on the average number of days that late orders are completed beyond the committed due date.

Description:

- OP-6A Measures the average number of <u>business days</u> NOTE 1 that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for non-facility reasons attributed to Qwest.
 - Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period, later, due to non-facility reasons, than the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-6B Measures the average number of business days NOTE 1 that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for facility reasons attributed to Qwest.
 - Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period later due to facility reasons than the original due date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.

For both OP-6A and OP-6B:

- Change order types for additional lines consist of "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most
 recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons,
 the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the
 original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. NOTE 2
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Average Business Days

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for products/services listed under Product Reporting under "MSA-type Disaggregation" will be reported for OP-6A and OP-6B according to orders involving:
 - 1. Dispatches within MSAs;
 - 2. Dispatches outside MSAs; and
 - 3. No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:
 - 4. In interval Zone 1 areas; and
 - 5. In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

results

- OP-6A = \(\sum_{\text{(Actual Completion Date of late order for non-facility reasons)} \) (Applicable Due Date of late order) (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] \(\text{(Total Number of Late Orders for non-facility reasons completed in the reporting period)} \)
- OP-6B = \(\subseteq \text{[(Actual Completion Date of late order for facility reasons)} \text{(Applicable Due Date of late order)]} \(\text{(Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)} + \(\text{(Total Number of Late Orders for facility reasons completed in the reporting period)} \)

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OP-6 - Delayed Days (continued)

Exclusions:

- Orders affected only by delays that are solely for customer and/or CLEC reasons.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

	 Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. 				
Produ	uct Reporting:	Standards:			
MSA-	Type Disaggregation -				
. R	esale				
	Residential single line service	Parity with retail service			
	Business single line service	Parity with retail service			
	Centrex	Parity with retail service			
	Centrex 21	Parity with retail service			
	DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
-	Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
		Parity with like retail service			
(i	Inbundled Network Element – Platform UNE-P) (POTS)				
	Inbundled Network Element – Platform UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21			
• (Inbundled Network Element – Platform UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex			
	ine Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL			
• [oop Splitting NOTE3	Diagnostic			
	Line Sharing	Parity with retail Qwest DSL			
		Diagnostic			
	Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic			
	e-type Disaggregation -				
• F	Resale				
	Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	DS1	Parity with retail service			
	PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service			
	(aggregate)				
	Frame Relay	Parity with retail service			
•	LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)			
	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI				
	UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line- Service			
	UDIT - Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Line- Services above DS1			
	CBIT ABOVO BOT IOVO	level			
	Dark Fiber - IOF	Diagnostic			
•	Unbundled Loops:				
	Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch			
	Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI			
	Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line			
 	DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line			
	xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch			
	ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI			
	ADSL-qualified Loop				
,	ADOL-qualified Loop 4				

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OP- 6 - Delayed Days (continued)

OI - 0 - Delayed Bays (continued)	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	OP-6A: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line OP-6B: Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

Availability: Available

Notes:

- For OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, Saturday is counted as a business day for all orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other products under OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, and for all products under OP-6A-1, -6A-2, -6A-4, -6A-5, -6B-1, -6B-2, -6B-4, and -6B-5, Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due or completed on Saturday.
- 2. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwestinitiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwestinitiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval.
- Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

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OP-7 - Coordinated "Hot Cut" Interval - Unbundled Loop

Purpose:

Evaluates the duration of completing coordinated "hot cuts" of unbundled loops, focusing on the time actually involved in disconnecting the loop from the Qwest network and connecting/testing the loop.

Description:

Measures the average time to complete coordinated "hot cuts" for unbundled loops, based on intervals beginning with the "lift" time and ending with the completion time of Qwest's applicable tests for the loop.

- Includes all coordinated hot cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- "Hot cut" refers to moving the service of existing customers from Qwest's switch/frames to the CLEC's equipment, via unbundled loops, that will serve the customers.
- · "Lift" time is defined as when Qwest disconnects the existing loop.
- "Completion time" is defined as when Qwest completes the applicable tests after connecting the loop to the CLEC.

loop to the CLEC,		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Disaggregation aggregate and individual CLEC results	on Reporting: Statewide level.	
Formula:		
Σ[Completion time – Lift time] ÷ (Total Number of u	nbundled loops with coordinated cutovers	
completed in the reporting period)	•	
,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Exclusions:		
Time intervals associated with CLEC-caused delays.		
Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.		
Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled date/times.		
Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled	Standard:	
Loops - Reported separately for:	CO: 1 hour	
Analog Loops	All Other States: Diagnostic in light of OP-13	
All other Loop Types	(Coordinated Cuts On Time)	
1 71		
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	1	
	*	

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OP-8 - Number Portability Timeliness

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of cutovers of local number portability (LNP).

Description:

- OP-8B LNP Timeliness with Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of coordinated LNP triggers set prior to the scheduled start time for the loop.
 - All orders for LNP coordinated with unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-8C LNP Timeliness without Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of LNP triggers set prior to the Frame Due Time or scheduled start time for the LNP cutover as applicable.
 - All orders for LNP for which coordination with a loop was not requested that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured (including standalone LNP coordinated with other than Qwest-provided Unbundled Loops and non-coordinated, standalone LNP), subject to exclusions specified below.
- For purposes of these measurements (OP-8B and -8C), "trigger" refers to the "10-digit unconditional trigger" or Line Side Attribute (LSA) that is set or translated by Qwest.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a
 newly negotiated time. In the case of LNP cutovers coordinated with loops, the scheduled time
 used in this measurement will be no later than the "lay" time for the loop.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of triggers set on time
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

OP-8B = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the scheduled time for the coordinated loop cutover) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations coordinated with unbundled loops completed)] x 100

OP-8C = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the Frame Due Time or Scheduled Start Time) + (Total Number of LNP activations without loop cutovers completed)] x 100

Exclusions:

- · CLEC-caused delays in trigger setting.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique telephone numbers and Centrex 21).
- LNP requests for which the records used as sources of data for these measurements have the following types of errors:
 - Records with no PON (purchase order number) or STATE.
 - Records where triggers cannot be set due to switch capabilities.
 - Records with invalid due dates, application dates, or start dates.
 - Records with invalid completion dates.
 - Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
 - Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid frame due or scheduled date/times.

Product Reporting: None	Standard: 95%
Availability: Available	Notes:

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OP-13 - Coordinated Cuts On Time - Unbundled Loop

Purpose:

Evaluates the percentage of coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed on time, focusing on cuts completed within one hour of the committed order due time and the percent that were started without CLEC approval.

Description:

- Includes all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-13A Measures the percentage of LSRs (CLEC orders) for all coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are started and completed on time. For coordinated loop cuts to be counted as "on time" in this measurement, the CLEC must agree to the start time, and Qwest must (1) receive verbal CLEC approval before starting the cut or lifting the loop, (2) complete the physical work and appropriate tests, (3) complete the Qwest portion of any associated LNP orders and (4) call the CLEC with completion information, all within one hour of the time interval defined by the committed order due time.
- OP-13B Measures the percentage of all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are actually started without CLEC approval.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a
 newly negotiated appointment time.
- The "committed order due time" is based on the number and type of loops involved in the cut and is calculated by adding the applicable time interval from the following list to the scheduled start time:
 - Analog unbundled loops:

1 to 16 lines: 1 Hour 17 to 24 lines: 2 Hours 25+ lines: Project*

All other unbundled loops:

1 to 5 lines: 1 Hour 6 to 8 lines: 2 Hours 9 to 11 lines: 3 Hours 12 to 24 lines: 4 Hours 25+ lines: Project*

*For <u>Projects</u> scheduled due dates and scheduled start times will be negotiated between CLEC and Qwest, but no committed order due time is established. Therefore, projects are not included in OP-13A (see exclusion below).

- "Stop" time is defined as when Qwest notifies the CLEC that the Qwest physical work and the
 appropriate tests have been successfully accomplished, including the Qwest portion of any
 coordinated LNP orders.
- Time intervals following the scheduled start time or during the cutover process associated with customer-caused delays are subtracted from the actual cutover duration.
- Where Qwest's records of completed coordinated cut transactions are missing evidence of CLEC approval of the cutover, the cut will be counted as a miss under both OP-13A and OP-13B.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Results for this measurement will be reported according to:

OP-13A Cuts Completed On Time

OP-13B Cuts Started Without CLEC Approval

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OP-13 - Coordinated Cuts On Time - Unbundled Loop (continued)

Formula:

OP-13A = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts completed "On Time") ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100

OP-13B = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts whose actual start time occurs without CLEC approval) ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

Applicable to OP-13A:

• Loop cuts that involve CLEC-requested non-standard methodologies, processes, or timelines.

OP-13A & OP-13B:

- · Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID which are not otherwise designated to be "counted as a miss".
- Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled date/times.

• Projects involving 25 or more lines.

Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled Loops – Reported separately for: • Analog Loops • All Other Loops	Standards: OP-13A: AZ: 90 Percent or more All Other States: 95 Percent or more
	OP-13B: Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:

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OP-15 - Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest's pending orders are late, focusing on the average number of days the pending orders are delayed past the Applicable Due Date, as of the end of the reporting period.

Description:

OP-15A – Measures the average number of <u>business days</u> that pending orders are delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for reasons attributed to Qwest.

- Includes all pending inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) for which the Applicable
 Due Date recorded by Qwest has been missed, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order
 types included in this measurement consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwestinitiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any. NOTE 1

OP-15B – Reports the number of pending orders measured in the numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: OP-15A – Average Business Days NOTE 2 OP-15B – Number of orders pending facilities	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, Qwest retail	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide	

Formula:

OP-15A = Σ[(Last Day of Reporting Period) – (Applicable Due Date of Late Pending Order) - (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Pending Orders Delayed for Qwest reasons as of the last day of Reporting Period)

OP-15B = Count of pending orders measured in numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons

Exclusions:

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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OP-15 - Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards: OP-15B = diagnostic only
	For OP-15A:
Resale	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Residential single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service) Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Business single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centrex	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centex 21	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
PBX Trunk	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS0	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS1	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Frame Relay	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex 21)
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex)
Line Splitting	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
■ Loop Splitting NOTE3	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
 Sub-Loop Unbundling 	Diagnostic
• LIS Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)) (separately reported)
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with DS1 Private Line- Service)
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Private Line- Services above DS1 level)
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch)
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail ISDN BRI)
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with ISDN-BRI)
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSI with dispatch)
Loop types of DS3 or higher bit rate	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS3 and
(aggregate)	higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks)
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs)	Diagnostic

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OP-15 - Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

Availability: Notes: 1. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per Available successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwestinitiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval. 2. For OP-15A, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for non-dispatched orders in the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other non-dispatched products and for all dispatched products under OP-15A, Saturday is not counted as a business day. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

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OP-17 - Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of Qwest completing LNP telephone number porting, focusing on the degree to which porting occurs without implementing associated disconnects before the scheduled time/date.

Description:

OP-17A

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
 - Focuses on disconnects associated with timely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects or no requests for delays.
 - The scheduled time/date is defined as 11:59 p.m. on (1) the due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest or (2) the delayed disconnect date requested by the CLEC, where the CLEC submits a timely request for delay of disconnection.
 - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest.

OP-17B

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
 - Includes only disconnects associated with untimely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects.
 - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered "untimely" if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the current due date.
- Disconnects are defined as the removal of switch translations, including the 10-digit trigger.
- Disconnects that are implemented early, and thus counted as a "miss" under this measurement, are
 those that the CLEC identifies as such to Qwest via trouble reports, within four calendar days of the
 actual disconnect date, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the
 scheduled time.
- Includes all CLEC orders for LNP TNs completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide

Formula:

[(Total number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period – Number of TNs with qualifying trouble reports notifying Qwest that disconnection before the scheduled time has occurred) ÷ Total Number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period] x 100

Deleted: Fifth

OP-17 - Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders (continued)

Exclusions:

OP-17A only

Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC
has failed to submit timely requests to have disconnects held for later implementation.

OP-17A & E

- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique TNs, and Centrex 21).
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared, closed or due dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-17B only

 Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC did not submit its untimely requests by 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the LNP due date to have disconnects held for later implementation.

Product Reporting: LNP	Standards: OP-17A – 98.25% OP-17B – Diagnostic only, in light of its measuring only requests for delay of disconnect that are defined as untimely.
Availability: Available	Notes:

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Maintenance and Repair

MR-2 - Calls Answered within 20 Seconds - Interconnect Repair Center

Purpose:		
Evaluates Customer access to Qwest's Interconnec	tion and/or Retail Repair Center(s), focusing on	
the number of calls answered within 20 seconds.		
Description:		
Measures the percentage of Interconnection and/o	or Retail Repair Center calls answered within 20	
seconds of the first ring.		
 Includes all calls to the Interconnect Repair 	Center during the reporting period, subject to	
exclusions specified below.		
•	all is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic	
Call Distributor).	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Answer is defined as when the call is first picket	d up by the Owest agent.	
Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as	• •	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
reporting remode one month	offic of modelator i crossic	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Qwest Retail levels.	Disaggregation reporting. Region-wide level.	
Formula:		
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100		
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Response Unit) is not counted.		
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

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MR-3 - Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours

Purpose

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports where the out-ofservice trouble reports were cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 24 hours for out-of-service conditions).

Description:

Measures the percentage of out of service trouble reports, involving specified services, that are cleared within 24 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service
 that is out-of-service (i.e., unable to place or receive calls), subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

 Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving:

MR-3A Dispatches within MSAs;

MR-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-3C No dispatches.

 Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:

MR-3D In <u>Interval Zone 1</u> areas; and MR-3E In <u>Interval Zone 2</u> areas.

Formula:

[(Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 24 hours) ÷ (Total Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- · Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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MR-3 - Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with appropriate retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Loops	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability:	Notes:
Available	 Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

Deleted: Fifth

MR-4 - All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours

Purpose

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports of all types (both out of service and service affecting) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 48 hours for service-affecting conditions).

Description

Measures the percentage of trouble reports, for specified services, that are cleared within 48 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving:
 - MR-4A Dispatches within MSAs;
 - MR-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and
 - MR-4C No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:

MR-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and

MR-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas

Formula:

[(Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Deleted: Fifth

Deleted: September 15

MR-4 - All Troubles Cleared within 48 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with appropriate retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Loops: 	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability:	Notes:
Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

Deleted: Fifth
Deleted: September 15

MR-5 - All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on all trouble reports of all types (including out of service and service affecting troubles) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 4 hours).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for specified services that are cleared within 4 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results MR-5A In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR-5B In Interval Zone 2 areas.	title touble is dealed.	
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results Results for listed products will be disaggregated according to trouble reports: MR-5A In Interval Zone 1 areas; and	Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
WIN-5D III <u>IIITEIVAI ZUITE Z</u> areas.	CLEC aggregate, individual	Results for listed products will be disaggregated according to trouble reports: MR-5A In Interval Zone 1 areas; and
		MH-5B In <u>Interval Zone 2</u> areas.

Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 4 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- · Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured using WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Deleted: Fifth

MR-5 - All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI 	Τ)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Line Services above DS1 level
Unbundled Loops:	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) - (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:

Deleted: Fifth
Deleted: September 15

MR-6 - Mean Time to Restore

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair, focusing how long it takes to restore services to proper operation.

Description:

Measures the time actually taken to clear trouble reports.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes customer direct reports, customer-relayed reports, and test assist reports that result in a trouble report.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving:
 - MR-6A Dispatches within MSAs;

MR-6B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-6C No dispatches.

Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:
 MR-6D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and
 MR-6E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

results

∑[(Date & Time Trouble Report Cleared) – (Date & Time Trouble Report Opened)] ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)

Exclusions:

- · Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Deleted: Fifth

MR-6 - Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Pro	oduct Reporting:	Standards:
	A-Type Disaggregation -	
•	Resale	
	Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
	Business single line service	Parity with retail service
	Centrex	Parity with retail service
	Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
	PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
	Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
•	Unbundled Network Element Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
•	Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
-	Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
_	Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
•	Eno onamy	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
_	Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
•	oub-rook ounding	All Other States: Diagnostic
7^	one-Type Disaggregation -	rai Carlot Clatest Diagnosiio
	Resale	
•		Darity with rotal convince
_	Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
	Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
	DS0	Parity with retail service
	DS1	Parity with retail service
	DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
	Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
	LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
•	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD	DIT)
	UDIT DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
	Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
•	Unbundled Loops:	
	Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
	Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
	Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
	ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
	ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
	Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
r	(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)
	Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic Diagnostic
•	E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
•	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
•	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

Deleted: Fifth

Deleted: September 15

MR-6 - Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

Deleted: Fifth

MR-7 - Repair Repeat Report Rate

Purpose:

Evaluates the accuracy of repair actions, focusing on the number of <u>repeated trouble reports</u> received for the same line/circuit within a specified period (30 calendar days).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports that are repeated within 30 days on end user lines and circuits.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period that have a repeated trouble report
 received within thirty (30) days of the initial trouble report for the same service (regardless of
 whether the report is about the same type of trouble for that service), subject to exclusions
 specified below.
- In determining same service Qwest will compare the end user telephone number or circuit access
 code of the initial trouble reports closed during the reporting period with reports received within 30
 days of when the initial trouble report closed.
- Includes reports due to Qwest network or system causes, customer-direct and customer-relayed reports.
- The 30-day period applied in the numerator of the formula below is from the date and time that the
 initial trouble report is closed to the date and time that the next, or "repeat" trouble report is
 received (i.e., opened).

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to cover the 30-day period following the initial trouble report.

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. . .

- Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving:
 - MR-7A Dispatches within MSAs;
 - MR-7B Dispatches outside MSAs; and
 - MR-7C No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:
 - MR-7D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR-7E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

[(Total trouble reports closed within the reporting period that had a repeated trouble report received within 30 calendar days of when the initial trouble report closed) ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports Closed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- · Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.

Deleted: Fifth

Deleted: September 15

MR-7 - Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate (Con	aniucu)
 Records with invalid cleared or closed dates. 	
 Records with invalid product codes. 	
 Records missing data essential to the calculation 	on of the measurement per the PID.
Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
■ Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
 Line Splitting 	Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
 Line Sharing 	AZ & CO: Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
	All Other States: Diagnostic Comparison with Qwest Retail DSL
 Sub-Loop Unbundling 	CO: Parity with Retail ISDN-BRI
·	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
(aggregate)	
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD 	IIT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Loops: 	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
 E911/911 Trunks 	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks

Deleted: Fifth
Deleted: September 15

MR-7 - Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) 	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic
Availability: Targeted availability with July 2004 results reported in September 2004	Notes: 1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

Deleted: Fifth

Deleted: September 15

MR-8 - Trouble Rate

Purpose:

Evaluates the overall rate of trouble reports as a percentage of the total installed base of the service or element.

Description:

Measures trouble reports by product and compares them to the number of lines in service.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes all applicable trouble reports, including those that are out of service and those that are only service-affecting.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

[(Total number of trouble reports closed in the reporting period involving the specified service grouping) ÷ (Total number of the specified services that are in service in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- · Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
 Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous
 Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Deleted: Fifth

MR-8 - Trouble Rate (continued)

ro	duct Reporting:	Standards:
· [Resale	
	Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
	Business single line service	Parity with retail service
	Centrex	Parity with retail service
	Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
	PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
	Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
	Qwest DSL	Parity with Qwest DSL service
	Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
	DS0	Parity with retail service
	DS1	Parity with retail service
	DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
	Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform(UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
_	Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
•	Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
_	Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
•	Line onding	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
•	Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
		All Other States: Diagnostic
•	LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
•	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD	DIT)
	UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line Service
	UDIT Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
	Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
•	Unbundled Loops:	
	Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
	Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
	Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
	ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
	ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
	Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
	(aggregate)	(aggregate)
	Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
•	E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
•	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
•	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
•	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

Deleted: Fifth

Deleted: September 15

MR-8 - Trouble Rate (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

Deleted: Fifth

MR-9 - Repair Appointments Met

	rn		

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest repairs services for Customers by the appointment date and time.

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for which the appointment date and time is met.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Results for listed services will be disaggregated and reported

according to trouble reports involving:

MR-9A Dispatches within <u>MSAs;</u>

MR-9B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-9C No dispatches.

Formula:

[(Total Trouble Reports Cleared by appointment date and time) \div (Total Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
 Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous
 Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time by using the rescheduled appointment time to determine if the repair appointment is met.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standard: Panty
Resale:	
Residential single line service	
Business single line service	
Centrex	
Centrex 21	
PBX Trunks	
Basic ISDN	
Unbundled Elements – Platform (UNE-P)	
(POTS)	
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

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MR-10 - Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports

Purpose

Evaluates the extent that trouble reports were customer related, and provides diagnostic information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the core maintenance and repair performance indicators.

Description:

Measures the percentage of all trouble reports that are attributed to the customer as a percentage of all trouble reports resolved during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Includes trouble reports closed during the reporting period coded as follows:

- For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer
 Action; Non-Telco Plant, Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous NonDispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider) and trouble
 reports involving a "no access" delay for MSA type disaggregated products.
- For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPF)

tiouble codes for Carrier Action (IEO) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Troporting Fortour one month			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results			
	1		

Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports coded to disposition codes specified above) ÷ (Total Number of Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.

Deleted: Fifth

MR-10 Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Diagnostic
Business single line service	Diagnostic
Centrex	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Diagnostic
Resale	
Primary ISDN_	Diagnostic
DS0	Diagnostic
D\$1	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic
Frame Relay	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI	T)
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic
xDSL-I capable Loop	Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

Deleted: Fifth

Deleted: September 15

MR-11 - LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of clearing LNP trouble reports, focusing on the degree to which residence and business, disconnect-related, out-of-service trouble reports are cleared within four business hours and all LNP-related trouble reports are cleared within 48 hours.

Description

- MR-11A: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only (i.e., not unbundled-loop), residence and business, out-of-service trouble reports that are cleared within four business hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.
 - Includes only trouble reports that are received on or before the currently-scheduled due date
 of the actual LNP-related disconnect time/date, or the next <u>business day</u>, that are confirmed
 to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time, and that are closed
 during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- MR-11B: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only trouble reports that are cleared within 48 hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.
 - Includes all LNP-only trouble reports, received within four calendar days of the actual LNP-related disconnect date and closed during the reporting period.
- The "currently-scheduled due date/time" is the original due date/time established by Qwest in response to CLEC/customer request for disconnection of service ported via LNP or, if CLEC submits to Qwest a timely or untimely request for delay of disconnection, it is the CLEC/customer-requested later date/time.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date that Qwest has on record at the time of the request.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered untimely if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the due date
- Time measured is from the date and time Qwest receives the trouble report to the date and time trouble is cleared.

Houble is cleared.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (all are "non-dispatched").

Formula:

- MR-11A = [(Number of specified out-of-service LNP-only Trouble Reports, for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects, that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period and cleared within four business hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified out of service LNP-only Trouble Reports for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period)] x 100
- MR-11B = [(Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that were cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

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MR-11 - LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

Exclusions:

- · Trouble reports attributed to customer or non-Qwest reasons
- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- Subsequent trouble reports of LNP trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- For MR-11B only: Trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

 Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. 		
Records missing data ess Product Reporting: LNP	Standards: MR-11A: If OP-17 result meets its standard, the MR-11A standard is Diagnostic. If OP-17 result does not meet its standard, the MR-11A standard is as follows: For 0-20 trouble reports*: No more than 1 ticket cleared in > four business hours For > 20 trouble reports*: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-3C results for Retail Residence and Business MR-11B: For 0-20 trouble reports**: No more than 1 ticket cleared > 48 hours For > 20 trouble reports**: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-4C results for Retail Residence and Business	
Availability: Available	** Based on MR-11B denominator. Notes:	

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Billing

BI-1 - Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest provides recorded daily usage records to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the average time interval from date of recorded daily usage to date usage records are transmitted or made available to CLECs as applicable.

- BI-1A Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access, NOTE 1 local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.
- BI-1B Measures the percent of recorded daily usage for Jointly provided switched access provided within four days. This includes usage created by the CLEC and Qwest or IXC providing access, usually via 2-way Feature Group X trunk groups for Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, Phone to Phone IP Telephony, 8XX access, and 900 access and their successors or similar Switched Access services.
- BI-1C Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows:
 - BI-1C-1 Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access, NOTE1 subject to exclusions specified below.
 - BI-1C-2 Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
' -	BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Average Business Days
	BI-1B: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation Reporting: State level.
individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	

Formula:

- BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2 (for specified products & records) = ∑(Date Record Transmitted or made available − Date Usage Recorded) ÷ (Total number of records)
- BI-1B = [(# of daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access sent within four days) ÷ (Total daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access in the report period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Instances where the CLEC requests other than daily usage transmission or availability.
- Duplicate records.

Duplicate records.	
Product Reporting: UNEs and Resale Jointly-provided Switched Access	Standards: BI-1A: Parity with Qwest retail. BI-1B: 95% within 4 business days BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Diagnostic Comparison with the Qwest Retail results used in standard for BI-1A
Availability: Available	Notes: 1. "Feature group switched access" includes all type 110XXX detail records for Feature Groups A, B, C, and D.

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BI-2 - Invoices Delivered within 10 Days

Purpose:		
Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest delivers	industry standard electronically transmitted bills to	
CLECs, focusing on the percent delivered within ter	n calendar days.	
Description:		
Measures the percentage of invoices that are delive	ered within ten days, based on the number of days	
between the bill date and bill delivery.		
	insmitted invoices for local exchange services and	
toll, subject to exclusions specified below.		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: Combined Qwest	Disaggregation Reporting: State level	
Retail/CLEC results (Parity by design)		
Formula:		
[(Count of Invoices for which Bill Transmission Date	to Bill Date is ten calendar days or less) ÷ (Total	
Number of Invoices)] x 100		
Exclusions:		
Bills transmitted via paper, magnetic tape, CD-ROM, diskette.		
Records with missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.		
Product Reporting: Standard:		
UNEs and Resale	Parity by design.	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		
•	1	

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BI-3 - Billing Accuracy - Adjustments for Errors

Purpose

Evaluates the accuracy with which Qwest bills CLECs, focusing on the percentage of billed revenue adjusted due to errors.

Description:

Measures the billed revenue minus amounts adjusted off bills due to errors, as a percentage of total billed revenue.

- Both the billed revenue and amounts adjusted off bills due to error are calculated from bills rendered in the reporting period.
- "Amounts adjusted off bills due to errors" is the sum of all bill adjustments made in the reporting
 period that involve, either in part or in total, adjustment codes related to billing errors. (Each
 adjustment thus qualifying is added to the sum in its entirety.)

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: State level.

Formula:

 $[\Sigma(Total Billed Revenue Billed in Reporting Period - Amounts Adjusted Off Bills Due to Errors) + (Total Billed Revenue billed in Reporting Period)] x 100$

Exclusions:

- BI-3A UNEs and Resale None
- BI-3B Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use Billing adjustments as a result of CLEC-caused errors in return of minutes of use

Product Reporting: BI-3A - UNEs and Resale BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU)	Standards: BI-3A – UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest retail bills. BI-3B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) – 95%
Availability: Available	Notes:

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BI-4 - Billing Completeness

Purpose:

- UNEs and Resale Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills.
- Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects the revenue for Local Minutes of Use associated with CLEC local traffic over Qwest's network on the bills.

Description:

BI-4A – UNEs and Resale: Measures the percentage of non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders appear on the correct bill.*

BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): Measures the percentage of revenue associated with local minutes of use appearing on the correct (current) bill.*

* Correct bill = next available bill

Correct bill = flext available bill	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

- BI-4A UNEs and Resale = $[\Sigma(Count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills that are billed on the correct bill <math>\div$ total count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders billed on the bill)] x 100
- BI-4B Reciprocal Compensation MOU = [∑(Revenue for Local Minutes of Use billed on the correct* bill ÷ Total revenue for Local Minutes of Use collected during the month)] x 100

Product Reporting:

UNEs and Resale
Reciprocal Compensation (MOU)

Availability:

Available

Standards:
BI-4A - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest
Retail bills.
BI-4B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): 95%
Notes:

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Database Updates

DB-1 - Time to Update Databases

Purpose:

Evaluates the time required for updates to the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.

Description:

- Measures the average time required to update the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.
- Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting period.
- For DB-1A the time to update the E911 database is provided by the third party vendor that
 performs the update. The elapsed time is captured automatically by the database system. There
 are no "individual E911 database update records" provided with which to measure the database
 update process.
- The numerator of DB-1A is calculated by multiplying the vendor-calculated results (Average Minutes in Process Time) by the denominator (Count of records Processed). This method produces a result from the vendor data that is the same as that which would be produced by totalling the update times from individual E911 database update records.

totalling the update times from individual E9 i i database update records.		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:	
-	E911 – Hrs: Mins.	
	LIDB & Directory Listings – Seconds	
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:	
DB-1A - E911: Combined results for Qwest Retail	DB-1A: E911 for Qwest Retail and Reseller	
and Reseller CLEC Aggregate;	CLEC-State level	
DB-1B - LIDB: Combined results for all Qwest	DB-1B: LIDB for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC	
Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC	and Facilities Based CLEC - Multi	
updates;	state region-wide level	
DB-1C-1 - Listings: Combined results for all	DB-1C-1: Listings for all Provider types including	
Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller	Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and	
CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and	Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and	
Unknown Provider, Electronically Submitted,	Unknown Provider, Electronically	
Electronically Processed updates. NOTE 1	Submitted, Electronically Processed-	
,	Sub-region applicable to state	
·	1.	

Formula:

 Σ [(Date and Time of database update for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) — (Date and Time of submissions of data for entry into the database for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period)] \div Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period

Exclusion:

· Invalid start/stop dates/times.

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DB-1 - Time to Update Databases (continued)

Product Reporting: Not applicable (Reported by database type)		Standards: DB-1A-E911: Parity by design DB-1B-LIDB: Parity by design DB-1C-1 - Listings: Parity by design
Availability: Available	Notes: 1. Because they cannot be separated, results for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, Facilities-based CLECs, ILEC and Unknown Provider updates are reported combined within these disaggregations.	

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DB-2 - Accurate Database Updates

Purpose: Evaluates the accuracy of database updates completed without errors in the reporting period. Description: Measures the percentage of database updates completed without errors in the reporting period. Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting period. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent **Reporting Comparisons:** Disaggregation Reporting: DB-2C-1 Listings - Combined results for all DB-2C-1, Listings for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and Facilities-Based CLEC Electronically Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities-Based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Submitted, Electronically Processed updates: Electronically Processed updates Statewide Formula: [Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed without errors in the reporting period + Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period] x 100 **Exclusions:** Invalid start/stop dates/times. **Product Reporting:** Standards: DB-2C-1 - Listings: Parity by design NOTE 1 Not applicable (Reported by database type) Availability: Available Qwest retail and Reseller CLECs are parity by design. Because Facilities-based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed cannot be separated out from Reseller CLECs they are reported combined within this disaggregation.

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Directory Assistance

DA-1 - Speed of Answer - Directory Assistance

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's Directory Assistance operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

Description:

Measures the average time following first ring until a call is first picked up by the Qwest agent/system to answer Directory Assistance calls.

- Includes all calls to Qwest directory assistance during the reporting period.
- Because a system (electronic voice) prompts for city, state, and listing requested before the actual
 operator comes on the line, the first ring is defined as when the voice response unit places the call
 into queue.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A
 count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count
 is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds
Reporting Comparisons: Results for Qwest and all CLECs are combined.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state
Formula: $\Sigma[(Date \ and \ Time \ of \ Call \ Answer) - (Date \ and \ Time \ Order)$	e of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in	the total number of calls answered by the center.
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design
Availability: Available	Notes:

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Operator Services

OS-1 - Speed of Answer - Operator Services

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

Description:

Measures the time following first ring until a call is answered by the Qwest agent.

- Includes all calls to Qwest's operator services during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A
 count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count
 is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds	
Reporting Comparisons: Qwest and all CLECs	Disaggregation Reporting:	
are aggregated in a single measure.	Sub-region applicable to state	
Formula:		
Σ[(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)		
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.		
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

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Network Performance

NI-1 - Trunk Blocking

Purpose:

Evaluates factors affecting completion of calls from Qwest end offices to CLEC end offices, compared with the completion of calls from Qwest end offices to other Qwest end offices, focusing on average busy-hour blocking percentages in interconnection or interoffice final trunks.

Description:

Measures the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection and interoffice final trunks.

Includes blocking percentages on all direct final and alternate final interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that are in service during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent Blockage

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, and Qwest Interoffice trunk blocking results.

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Reports the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection final trunks, reported by:

NI-1A Interconnection (LIS) trunks to Qwest tandem offices, with TGSRrelated exclusions applied as specified below;

LIS trunks to Qwest end offices, with TGSR-related exclusions applied as specified below;

LIS trunks to Qwest tandem offices, without TGSR-related NI-1C exclusions;

LIS trunks to other Qwest end offices, without TGSR-related NI-1D exclusions.

Formula:

{[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk Group of Specified Type)x(Number of Circuits in Trunk Group)] ÷ (Total Number of Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Trunk Groups) x 100

Explanation: Actual average percentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of trunk circuits blocking by the total number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured.

Exclusions:

For NI-1A and NI-1B only:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which:

 A Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR) NOTES 1 & 2 has been issued in the reporting period; or
- CLECs do not submit, within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR:
 - a) Responsive ASRs (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons NOTE3);
 - Trouble Reports: or
 - c) Notification of traffic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below).

For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and NI-1D:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in time to incorporate in the regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to:
 - Trunk group out-of-service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure circumstances:
 - The CLEC placing trunks in a "busy" condition;
 - Lack of interconnection facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely forecast to Qwest. (This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month following facility availability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, whichever is sooner NOTE 4); or
 - Isolated incidences of blocking, about which Qwest provides notification to the CLEC, that (a) are not recurring or persistent (affecting the same trunk groups), (b) do not warrant corrective action by CLEC or Qwest, and (c) thus, do not require an actionable TGSR.

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NI-1 - Trunk Blocking (Continued)

- Trunk groups recently activated that have not been in service for a full "20-high-day, busy hour" review period.
- Toll trunks, non-final trunks, and trunks that are not connected to the public switched network.
- · One-way trunks originating at CLEC end offices.
- Qwest official services trunks, local interoffice operator and directory assistance trunks, and local interoffice 911/E911 trunks.
- · Records with invalid product codes.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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Product Reporting:	Standards:	
LIS Trunks	Where NI-1A ≤ 1%:	1 %
	Where NI-1A > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to tandems
	Where NI-1B ≤ 1%:	1 %
		Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to end offices
	NI-1C and NI-1D:	Diagnostic NOTE 5

Availability: Available

Notes:

- Qwest uses TGSRs to notify CLECs when trunk blocking exceeds standard thresholds or is determined to be persistent. To respond properly to TGSRs, a CLEC must (a) submit within 20 days ASRs to provide necessary trunk augmentations to avoid further blocking, (b) notify Qwest within 20 days that it is initiating a Trouble Report where Qwest traffic routing problems are causing the blocking referenced by the TGSR, or (c) notify Qwest that the CLEC will undertake its own re-routing of traffic within 20 days to alleviate the blocking.
- 2. The TGSR-related exclusion is applied in the month in which the TGSR is issued and in the month in which the above-specified 20-day response period ends. Thus, any trunk group excluded in one month will not be excluded in the next month, unless there is (a) a 20-day period following a TGSR ends in that month, (b) there is another TGSR applicable to the next month for the same trunk group or (c) an exception documented, in lieu of issuing a subsequent TGSR, where the CLEC's response to the previous TGSR indicated that, for its own reasons, it plans to take no action at any time to augment the trunk group.
- CLEC delays are reflected by CLEC-initiated order supplements that move the due date later.
 - a) Qwest-initiated due date délays, including supplements made pursuant to Qwest requests to delay due dates, shall not be counted as CLEC delays in this measurement.
 - b) Qwest-initiated due date changes to earlier dates that the CLEC does not meet shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement unless the earlier dates were mutually agreed-upon.
 - c) CLEC delays (e.g., "customer not ready" in advance of a due date) that do not contribute to a Qwest-established due date being missed shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement.
- 4. The limitation on part (3) of this exclusion is intended to bound its applicability to a period of time that treats the unforecasted ASR as if it were, in effect, the first forecast for the facilities needed.
 - a) Given that forecast advance intervals are currently six months, this provision allows the exclusion to apply for no longer than that period of time.
 - b) Nevertheless, this limitation to the exclusion also recognizes that facilities may become available sooner and, if so, reduces the limitation accordingly. In that context, this limitation recognizes that, absent a CLEC forecast, Qwest still retains a responsibility to provide facilities for the ASR, although in a longer timeframe than for ASRs covered by forecasts. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.
 - c) This limitation may change depending on the outcome of separate workshops dealing with issues of interconnection forecasting.
- NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.

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NP-1 - NXX Code Activation

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's NXX code activation prior to the LERG effective date or by the "revised" effective date, as set forth herein.

Description:

- NP-1A: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are actually loaded and tested prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date, subject to exclusions shown below.
- NP-1B: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are delayed beyond the LERG date or "revised" date due to Qwest-caused Interconnection facility delays, subject to exclusions shown below. Included among activations counted as a Qwest delay in this sub-measurement are cases in which "2-6 codes" NOTE 1 associated with the Qwest interconnection facilities are provided late by Qwest to the CLEC.
- Qwest must receive complete and accurate routing information required for code activation, which
 includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection trunk groups associated with the
 activation no less than 25 days prior to the LERG Due Date or Revised Due Date.
- The "revised" date, for purposes of this measurement, is a CLEC-initiated renegotiation of the
 activation effective date that is no less than 25 days after Qwest receives complete and accurate
 routing information required for code activation, which includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for
 all interconnection trunk groups associated with the activation.
- The NXX code activation notice is provided by the LERG (Local Exchange Routing Guide) to Qwest.
- NXX code activation is defined as complete when all translations associated with the new NXX are complete by 11:59 p.m. of the day prior to the date identified in the LERG or the "revised" date (if different than the LERG date).
- The NXX code activation completion process includes testing, including calls to the test number when provided.

when provided.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results.	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.

Formula:

- NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date) + (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100
- NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or "revised" date affected by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period, including NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or the "revised" date due to Interconnection Facility Delays)] x 100

Exclusions:

NP-1A:

 NXX code activations completed after the LERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the installation of Qwest provided interconnection facilities associated with the activations. NOTE2

NP-1A and NP-1B:

- NXX codes with LERG dates or "revised" dates resulting in loading intervals shorter than industry standard (currently 45 calendar days).
- NXX codes where QWEST received complete and accurate routing information required for code activations less than 25 days prior to the LERG due date or Revised due date.

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NP-1 - NXX Code Activation (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards:
· -	NP-1A: Parity
	NP-1B: Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	 "2-6 codes" are industry-standard designators for local interconnection trunk groups, consisting of 2 alpha letters and six numeric digits. Only Qwest-provided interconnection facilities are noted in this exclusion, because delays related to facilities provided by CLECs or others are accounted for by revising the due date.

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Collocation

CP-1 - Collocation Completion Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of collocation arrangements for CLECs, focusing on the average time to complete such arrangements.

Description:

Measures the interval between the Collocation Application Date and Qwest's completion of the collocation installation.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a <u>Ready for Service (RFS) date</u> by Qwest and completed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physicalline sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid
 application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest
 on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the
 weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications include conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- Completion of the collocation installation is the date on which the requested collocation arrangement is "Ready For Service" as defined in the Definition of Terms section herein.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established according to intervals specified in interconnection agreements. Where an interconnection agreement does not specify intervals, or where the CLEC requests, RFS dates are established as follows:
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also
 with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote
 in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC
 provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation
 Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also
 with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote
 in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC
 provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation
 Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready
 – for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer
 calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest
 more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for

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CP-1 - Collocation Completion Interval (continued)

- collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready –
 for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more
 calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest
 more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-1A, -1B, or -1C according to the interval criteria specified below for these measurements.
- · Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled
- RFS dates may be extended beyond the above intervals for CLEC reasons, or for reasons beyond Qwest's control, but not for Qwest reasons.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- CP-1A Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 90 calendar days or less.
- CP-1B Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 91 to 120 calendar days.
- CP-1C Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 121 to 150 calendar days.

Application Date to Til 3 date is 121 to 130 catendar days.		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Calendar Days	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.	

Formula: (for CP-1A, CP-1B and CP-1C)

 Σ [(Collocation Completion Date) – (Complete Application Date)] \div (Total Number of Collocations Completed in Reporting Period)

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CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)

Exclusions:

- CP-1A: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals longer than 90 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1B: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 91 calendar days or longer than 120 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1C: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 121 calendar days or longer than 150 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.

Cancelled or expired applications.		
Product Reporting: None		Standards:
- "		CP-1A: 90 calendar days
		CP-1B: 120 calendar days
		CP-1C: 150 calendar days
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	Notes: 1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).	

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CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest completes collocation arrangements for CLECs within the standard intervals or intervals established in interconnection agreements.

Description

Measures the percentage of collocation applications that are completed within standard intervals, including intervals set forth in interconnection agreements.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a <u>Ready for Service Date RFS date</u> by
 Qwest and that are completed within the reporting period, including those with CLEC-requested RFS dates
 longer than the standard interval and those with extended RFS dates negotiated with the CLEC (including
 supplemented collocation orders that extend the RFS date) subject to exclusions specified below.
 Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line
 sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid
 application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a
 weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the weekend or
 holiday.
- Major infrastructure Modifications are defined as conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- A collocation arrangement is counted as met under this measurement if its RFS date is met.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established as follows, except where interconnection
 agreements require different intervals, in which case the intervals specified in the interconnection
 agreements apply:
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical
 collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days
 in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with
 Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or
 more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the
 equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date,
 the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for
 virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days
 after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar
 days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - · Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for

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CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:

- Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for
 collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in
 advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure
 <u>Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation
 Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 calendar days following the date equipment to be
 collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are
 required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of,
 such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-2A, -2B, or -2C according to the criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled.

Reporting Period: One month

- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty calendar days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-2A** Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC provides a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2B Non-Forecasted and Late Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2C All Collocations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and Collocations with intervals longer than 120 days: Measures all collocation installations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and collocations for which the RFS date is more than 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date.

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula: (for CP-2A, CP-2B and CP-2C)	
[(Count of Collocations for which the RFS is met) ÷ (To	otal Number of Collocations Completed in the Reporting
Period)] x 100	
Exclusions:	
 RFS dates missed for reasons beyond Qwest's co 	ontrol.
Cancelled or expired requests.	
Product Reporting: None	Standards:
	CP-2A & -2B: 90%
' ' '	CP-2C: 90%

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CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

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CP-3 - Collocation Feasibility Study Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of the Qwest sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC.

Description:

Measures average interval to respond to collocation studies for feasibility of installation.

- Includes feasibility studies, for collocations of types specified herein that are completed in the
 reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical
 cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and
 virtual. NOTE 1
- Interval begins with the Collocation Application Date and ends with the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete
 application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by
 Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u>
 following the weekend or holiday.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Calendar Days

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

 $\Sigma[(Date\ Feasibility\ Study\ provided\ to\ CLEC)-(Date\ Qwest\ receives\ CLEC\ request\ for\ Feasibility\ Study)]$ - (Total Feasibility\ Studies\ Completed\ in\ the\ Reporting\ Period\)

Exclusions:

Product Reporting: None

 CLEC-caused delays of, or CLEC requests for feasibility study completions resulting in greater than ten calendar days from Collocation Application Date to scheduled feasibility study completion date

Standard:

10 calendar days or less

Availability:

Available

1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related.

As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

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CP-4 - Collocation Feasibility Study Commitments Met

Purpose:

Evaluates the degree that Qwest completes the sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC as committed.

Description

Measures the percentage of collocation feasibility studies for installations that are completed within the Scheduled Interval

- The Scheduled Interval is ten calendar days from the Collocation Application Date or, if
 interconnection agreements call for different intervals, within intervals specified in the agreements,
 or if otherwise delayed by the CLEC, the interval resulting from the delay.
- Includes all feasibility studies for collocations of types specified herein, that are completed in the reporting period. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- Considers the interval from the Collocation Application Date to the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete
 application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by
 Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u>
 following the weekend or holiday.
- Subject to superceding terms in the CLEC's interconnection agreement, when a CLEC submits six

 (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, feasibility study intervals
 will be individually negotiated and the resulting intervals used instead of ten calendar days in this measurement.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent			
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results		Disaggregation	Reporting: Statewide level.		
Formula:					
[(Total Applicable Collocation Feasibility studies completed within Scheduled Intervals) ÷ (Total applicable Collocation Feasibility studies completed in the reporting period)] x 100					
Exclusions: None					
Product Reporting: None		Standard:	90 percent or more		
Availability:	Notes:				
Available	1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).				

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DEFINITION OF TERMS

Application Date (and Time) – The date (and time) on which Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and accurate local service request (LSR) or access service request (ASR) or retail order, subject to the following:

- For the following types of requests/orders, the application date (and time) is the start of the next business day:
 - LSRs and ASRs received after 3:00PM MT for Designed Services and Local Number Portability (except non-designed, flow-through LNP).
 - (2) Retail orders received after 3:00 PM local time for Designed Services.
 - (3) LSRs received after 7:00PM MT for POTS Resale (Residence and Business), Non-Design Resale Centrex, non-designed UNE-P, Unbundled Loops, and non-designed, flow-through LNP.
 - (4) Retail orders for comparable non-designed services cannot be received after closing time, so the cutoff time is essentially the business office closing time.
- For all types of orders that are received from Friday at 7:00 PM MT through Sunday, or on holidays, and do not flow through, the application date (and time) is the next, non-weekend business day.

Automatic Location Information (ALI) – The feature of E911 that displays at the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) the street address of the calling telephone number. This feature requires a data storage and retrieval system for translating telephone numbers to the associated address. ALI may include Emergency Service Number (ESN), street address, room or floor, and names of the enforcement, fire and medical agencies with jurisdictional responsibility for the address. The Management System (E911) database is used to update the Automatic E911 Location Information databases.

Bill Date – The date shown at the top of the bill, representing the date on which Qwest begins to close the bill.

Blocking – Condition on a telecommunications network where, due to a maintenance problem or an traffic volumes exceeding trunking capacity in a part of the network, some or all originating or terminating calls cannot reach their final destinations. Depending on the condition and the part of the network affected, the network may make subsequent attempts to complete the call or the call may be completely blocked. If the call is completely blocked, the calling party will have to re-initiate the call attempt.

Business Day – Workdays that Qwest is normally open for business. Business Day = Monday through Friday, excluding weekends and Qwest published Holidays including New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. Individual measurement definitions may modify (typically expanding) this definition as described in the Notes section of the measurement definition.

Cleared Trouble Report – A trouble report for which the trouble has been cleared, meaning the customer is "back in service".

Closed Trouble Report - A trouble report that has been closed out from a maintenance center perspective, meaning the ticket is closed in the trouble reporting system following repair of the trouble.

Code Activation (Opening) – Process by which new NPA/NXXs (area code/prefix) is defined, through software translations to network databases and switches, in telephone networks. Code activation (openings) allow for new groups of telephone numbers (usually in blocks of 10,000) to be made available for assignment to an ILEC's or CLEC's customers, and for calls to those numbers to be passed between carriers.

Common Channel Signaling System 7 (CCSS7) – A network architecture used to for the exchange of signaling information between telecommunications nodes and networks on an out-of-band basis. Information exchanged provides for call set-up and supports services and features such as CLASS and database query and response.

Common Transport – Trunk groups between tandem and end office switches that are shared by more than one carrier, often including the traffic of both the ILEC and several CLECs.

Completion – The time in the order process when the service has been provisioned and service is available.

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DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)

Completion Notice – A notification the ILEC provides to the CLEC to inform the CLEC that the requested service order activity is complete.

Coordinated Customer Conversion -- Orders that have a due date negotiated between the ILEC, the CLEC, and the customer so that work activities can be performed on a coordinated basis under the direction of the receiving carrier.

Customer Requested Due Date — A specific due date requested by the customer which is either shorter or longer than the standard interval or the interval offered by the ILEC.

Customer Trouble Reports – A report that the carrier providing the underlying service opens when notified that a customer has a problem with their service. Once resolved, the disposition of the trouble is changed to closed.

Dedicated Transport -- A network facility reserved to the exclusive use of a single customer, carrier or pair of carriers used to exchange switched or special, local exchange, or exchange access traffic.

Delayed Order - An order which has been completed after the scheduled due date and/or time.

Directory Assistance Database – A database that contains subscriber records used to provide live or automated operator-assisted directory assistance. Including 411, 555-1212, NPA-555-1212.

Directory Listings – Subscriber information used for DA and/or telephone directory publishing, including name and telephone number, and optionally, the customer's address.

DS-0 - Digital Service Level 0. Service provided at a digital signal speed commonly at 64 kbps, but occasionally at 56 kbps.

DS-1 - Digital Service Level 1. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 1.544 Mbps.

DS-3 - Digital Service Level 3. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 44.736 Mbps.

Due Date - The date provided on the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) the ILEC sends the CLEC identifying the planned completion date for the order.

End Office Switch – A switch from which an end users' exchange services are directly connected and offered.

Final Trunk Groups - Interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that do not overflow traffic to other trunk groups when busy.

Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) - Notice the ILEC sends to the CLEC to notify the CLEC that it has received the CLECs service request, created a service order, and assigned it a due date.

Flow-Through –The term used to describe whether a LSR electronically is passed from the OSS interface system to the ILEC legacy system to automatically create a service order. LSRs that do not flow through require manual intervention for the service order to be created in the ILEC legacy system.

Interval Zone 1/Zone 2 – Interval Zone 1 areas are wire centers for which Qwest specifies shorter standard service intervals than for Interval Zone 2 areas.

Installation - The activity performed to activate a service.

Installation Troubles – A trouble, which is identified after service order activity and installation, has completed on a customer's line. It is likely attributable to the service activity (within a defined time period).

Interconnection Trunks – A network facility that is used to interconnect two switches generally of different local exchange carriers

Inward Activity – Refers to all orders for new or additional lines/circuits. For change order types, additional lines/circuits consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action coded line/circuit USOCs that represent new or additional lines/circuits, including conversions from retail to CLEC and CLEC to

Jeopardy – A condition experienced in the service provisioning process which results potentially in the inability of a carrier to meet the committed due date on a service order

Jeopardy Notice – The actual notice that the ILEC sends to the CLEC when a jeopardy has been identified.

Lack of Facilities – A shortage of cable facilities identified after a due date has been committed to a customer, including the CLEC. The facilities shortage may be identified during the inventory assignment process or during the service installation process, and typically triggers a jeopardy.

Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) – A Bellcore master file that is used by the telecom industry to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information, as well as network element and equipment designations. The file also includes scheduled network changes associated with activity within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP).

Local Exchange Traffic - Traffic originated on the network of a LEC in a local calling area that terminates to another LEC in a local calling area.

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DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)

Local Number Portability (formerly defined under Permanent Number Portability and also known as – Long Term Number Portability) – A network technology which allows end user customers to retain their telephone number when moving their service between local service providers. This technology does not employ remote call forwarding, but actually allows the customer's telephone number to be moved and redefined in the network of the new service provider. The activity to move the telephone number is called "porting."

Local Service Request (LSR) - Transaction sent from the CLEC to the ILEC to order services or to

request a change(s) be made to existing services.

MSA/Non-MSA – Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with a population of 50,000 or greater. Non-Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with population of less than 50,000. Qwest depicts MSA Non-MSA based on NPA NXX. Where a wire center is predominantly within an MSA, all lines are counted within the MSA.

Mechanized Bill – A bill that is delivered via electronic transmission.

NXX, NXX Code or Central Office Code – The three digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.

Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS) – Refers to basic 2-wire, non-complex analog residential and business services. Can include feature capabilities (e.g., CLASS features).

Projects – Service requests that exceed the line size and/or level of complexity which would allow for the use of standard ordering and provisioning processes. Generally, due dates for projects are negotiated, coordination of service installations/changes is required and automated provisioning may not be practical.

Query Types - Pre-ordering information that is available to a CLEC that is categorized according to standards issued by OBF and/or the FCC.

Ready For Service (RFS) – The status achieved in the installation of a collocation arrangement when all "operational" work has been completed. Operational work consists of the following as applicable to the particular type of collocation:

· Cage enclosure complete;

- DC power is active (including fuses available, BDFB [Battery Distribution Fuse Board] in place, and cables between the CLEC and power terminated);
- Primary AC outlet in place;
- Cable racking and circuit terminations are complete (e.g. fiber jumpers placed between the Outside Plant Fiber Distribution Panel and the Central Office Fiber Distribution Panel serving the CLEC), and
- The following items complete, subject to the CLEC having made required payments to Qwest (e.g., final payment): (If the required CLEC payments have not been made, the following items are not required for RFS):
 - Key turnover made available to CLEC.
 - APOT/CFA complete, as defined/required in the CLEC's interconnection agreement and
 - Basic telephone service and other services and facilities complete, if ordered by CLEC in time to be provided on the scheduled RFS date (per Qwest's published standard installation intervals for such telephone service).

Ready for Service Date (RFS date) – The due date assigned to a collocation order (typically determined by regulatory rulings, contract terms, or negotiations with CLEC) to indicate when collocation installation is scheduled to be ready for service, as defined above.

Reject – A status that can occur to a CLEC submitted local service request (LSR) when it does not meet certain criteria. There are two types of rejects: (1) syntax, which occur if required fields are not included in the LSR; and (2) content, which occur if invalid data is provided in a field. A rejected service request must be corrected and re-submitted before provisioning can begin.

Repeat Report — Any trouble report that is a second (or greater) report on the same telephone number/circuit ID and at the same premises address within 30 days. The original report can be any category, including excluded reports, and can carry any disposition code.

Service Group Type - The designation used to identify a category of similar services, .e.g., UNE loops.

Service Order – The work order created and distributed in ILECs systems and to ILEC work groups in response to a complete, valid local service request.

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DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)

Service Order Type - The designation used to identify the major types of provisioning activities associated with a local service request.

Standard Interval – The interval that the ILEC publishes as a guideline for establishing due dates for provisioning a service request. Typically, due dates will not be assigned with intervals shorter than the standard. These intervals are specified by service type and type of service modification requested. ILECs publish these standard intervals in documents used by their own service representatives as well as ordering instructions provided to CLECs in the Qwest Standard Interval Guidelines

Subsequent Reports – A trouble report that is taken in relation to a previously-reported trouble prior to the date and time the initial report has a status of "closed."

Tandem Switch – Switch used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office switches.

Time to Restore – The time interval from the receipt, by the ILEC, of a trouble report on a customer's service to the time service is fully restored to the customer.

Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) – Combinations of network elements, including both new and conversions, involving POTS (i.e., basic services providing dial tone).

Unbundled Loop - The Unbundled Loop is a transmission path between a Qwest Central Office Distribution Frame, or equivalent, and the Loop Demarcation Point at an end user premises. Loop Demarcation Point is defined as the point where Qwest owned or controlled facilities cease, and CLEC, end user, owner or landlord ownership of facilities begins.

Usage Data – Data generated in network nodes to identify switched call data on a detailed or summarized basis. Usage data is used to create customer invoices for the calls.

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GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION		
ACD	Automatic Call Distributor		
ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line		
ALI	Automatic Line Information (for 911/E911 systems)		
ASR	Service Request (processed via Exact system)		
BRI	Basic Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)		
CABS	Carrier Access Billing System		
CKT	Circuit		
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier		
CO	Central Office		
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment		
CRIS	Customer Record Information System		
CSR	Customer Service Record		
DA	Directory Assistance		
DB	Decibel		
DB	Database		
DS0	Digital Service 0		
DS1	Digital Service 1		
DS3	Digital Service 3		
E911 MS	E911 Management System		
EAS	Extended Area Service		
EB-TA	Electronic Bonding Trouble Administration		
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange		
EELS	Enhanced Extended Loops		
ES	Emergency Services (for 911/E911)		
FOC	Firm Order Confirmation		
GUI	Graphical User Interface		
HDSL	High-Bit-Rate Digital Subscriber Line		
HICAP	High Capacity Digital Service		
IEC	Interexchange Carrier		
ILEC	Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier		
INP	Interim Number Portability		
IOF	Interoffice Facilities (refers to trunk facilities located between		
	Qwest central offices)		
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network		
IMA	Interconnect Mediated Access		
LATA	Local Access Transport Area		
LERG	Local Exchange Routing Guide		
LIDB	Line Identification Database		
LIS	Local Interconnection Service Trunks		
LNP	Long Term Number Portability		
LSR	Local Service Request		
N, T, C	Service Order Types N (new), T (to or transfer), C (change)		
NANP	North American Numbering Plan		
NDM	Network Data Mover		
NPAC	Number Portability Administration Center		
NXX	Telephone number prefix		
OBF	Ordering and Billing Forum		
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GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS (continued)

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION		
oos	Out of service (type of trouble condition)		
OSS	Operations Support Systems		
PBX	Private Branch Exchange		
PON	Purchase Order Number		
POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service		
PRI	Primary Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)		
RFS	Ready for Service (refers to collocation installations)		
SIA	SAAFE (Strategic Application Architecture Framework and		
	Environment) Information Access		
SOP	Service Order Processor		
SOT	Service Order Type		
SS7	Signaling System 7		
STP	Signaling Transfer Point		
TN	Telephone Number		
UDIT	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport		
UNE	Unbundled Network Element		
UNE-P	Unbundled Network Element – Platform		
VRU	Voice Response Unit		
WFA	Work Force Administration		
XDSL	(x) Digital Subscriber Line. (The "x" prefix refers to DSL		
	generically. An "x" replaced by an "A" refers to Asymmetric		
	DSL, and by an "H" refers to High-bit-rate DSL.)		

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APPENDIX A

PO-20 Feature Detail Fields

Feature Detail

Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21):

CEN

Validate the call forwarding TN

CFNB

Validate the call forwarding TN

CEND

Validate the call forwarding TN

RCYC

FID associated with a call forwarding don't answer USOC that determines how many rings before the call forwards to the TN provided with the CFN or CFND FIDs.

HLN (HLA Hot Line)

FID associated with the USOC HLA (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The Hot Line feature call forwards automatically to a pre-programmed number. This TN is provided following the HLN FID. The data provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the HLN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the TN provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order.

LINK (HME CALL FORWARDING TO CELLULAR)

FID associated with the USOC HME (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The HME feature call forwards a call from the landline telephone number to a cellular telephone number. The LINK FID, along with the PCS telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR, will be validated against the LINK FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the telephone number provided on the LSR matches the telephone number on the service order.

DES on DID MBB

If the CLEC requests a DID voice mailbox the DID number will follow the FID DES on the LSR in the Feature Detail section and on the service order. The DES FID along with the DID telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the DES FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the DID telephone number provided on the matches the telephone number on the service order.

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APPENDIX A (continued)

TN on Custom Ring USOC (RGG1A etc.)

We currently have 9 custom ring USOCs on our PO-20 USOC list. Along with the custom ring USOC is the TN FID. The TN FID along with the custom ring telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the TN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the custom ring telephone provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order. (The validation would only apply if the USOC and FID were present in the Feature Detail section of the LSR.)

CAS (If provided on LSR for SEA)

Call Screening Code Assignment is a FID associated with the selective class of call feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the CAS FID is a two-digit number that indicates what type of screening is being requested. The CAS FID along with a two-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit number matches the two-digit number provided on the LSR.

WW (if provided on LSR for TFM)

Working With is a FID associated with the transfer mailbox feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the WW FID is a ten-digit number that indicates where the voice mailbox is located. The WW FID along with the ten-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit number matches the ten-digit number provided on the LSR.

MBOA (if provided on LSR for VFN)

Mailbox out-dial notification is a FID associated with the message notification feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the MBOA FID is a two-digit alphanumeric combination that indicates where the notification will be sent (i.e., identifies pager type.) The MBOA FID along with the two-digit alphanumeric combination is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit alphanumeric matches the two-digit alphanumeric provided on the LSR.

DES on VGT (if provided on LSR)

Description is a FID associated with the scheduled greeting feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the DES FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the DID mailbox number. The DES FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

WLT (WLS Warm Line)

Warm line timeout is a FID associated with the warm line feature. Along with the WLT FID is a one or two numeric value that indicates the number of seconds that must elapse before the DMS-100 switch sets up the connection for a warm line service number. The WLT FID along with the one or two numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one or two numeric value matches the one or two numeric value provided on the LSR.

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APPENDIX A (continued)

FIDs associated with WFA (800 service line feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

SIT (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special identifying telephone number is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the SIT FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the 800, 888, 877, or 866 service line feature. The SIT FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

SIS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special Identifying Telephone Number Supplemental is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. The SIS FID along with a one-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one-digit number matches the one-digit number provided on the LSR.

ELN (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 Service listed name is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELN FID is a listed name, which follows the format of a business name. The ELN FID along with the name is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the name matches the name provided on the LSR.

ELA (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 listed address is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELA FID is an address, which follows the format of a listed address plus LATA, State, and ZIP code. The ELA FID along with the address is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the address matches the address provided on the LSR.

AOS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Area of service is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the AOS FID are one to two alphanumeric characters and three numeric characters which represents LATA and AC of the address. The AOS FID along with the additional characters are provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the additional characters match the additional characters provided on the LSR.

ALC (if provided on LSR for WFA)

IntraLATA carrier is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. It indicates the IntraLATA carrier for the 800 service. Along with the ALC FID is the three-digit code (OTC) for the IntraLATA carrier. The ALC FID along with the three-digit code is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the three-digit code matches the three-digit code provided on the LSR.

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APPENDIX A (continued)

Resale and UNE-P Centrex 21

FIDs associated with SO3, SO5, SFB, C2TAX (Electronic Business Set USOCs which are on our USOC list to validate):

KEY (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Key Designation (KEY number) is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the KEY FID is a numeric value that indicates the key designated for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the numeric value matches the numeric value provided on the LSR.

MADN (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Multiple Appearance Directory Number Call Arrangement is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the MADN FID is a set of alpha values that indicate the type, appearance and ring status desired for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the alpha values is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha values match the alpha values provided on the LSR.

ROL (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Ring On Line is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the ROL FID is an alpha value that indicates if the line will ring (Y or N). The ROL FID along with the alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha value matches the alpha value provided on the LSR.

TTYD (If provided on LSR for C2TAX)

Terminal Type is a FID associated with the adjunct module feature. Along with the TTYD FID is a 4 character alpha value based on customer equipment. The TTYD FID along with the 4 character alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 4 character alpha value matches the 4 character alpha value provided on the LSR.

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APPENDIX A (continued)

FIDs associated with E3PPK (CALL PICK-UP feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

CPG (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup Group is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPG FID is a 1-3 digit numeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPG FID along with the 1-3 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 1-3 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

CPUO (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Originating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUO FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUO FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

CPUT (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Terminating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUT FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUT FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with GVJ, EZJ, GVZ, GV2, EVH, GVV (Speed Call feature USOCs that are on our USOC list to validate):

SCG (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Call Group is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCG FID is a 7 digit numeric value that identifies the controller of the group. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 7 digit numeric value matches 7 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

CSL (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Change Speed Calling Group List is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the CSL FID is a 2 digit numeric value that identifies the size of the group list. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 2 digit numeric value matches 2 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

SCF (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Calling Feature Name is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCF FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the controller of the shared list. The SCF FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

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Service Performance Indicator Definitions (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 8.1

QWEST'S SERVICE PERFORMANCE INDICATOR DEFINITIONS (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 8.1

Introduction

Qwest will report performance results for the service performance indicators defined herein. Qwest will report separate performance results associated with the services it provides to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) in aggregate (except as noted herein), to CLECs individually and, as applicable, to Qwest's retail customers in aggregate. Within these categories, performance results related to service provisioning and repair will be reported for the products listed in each definition. Reports for CLECs individually will be subject to agreements of confidentiality and/or nondisclosure.

The definitions in this version of the PID apply in the 14 states of Qwest's local service region: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. Individual state Performance Assurance Plans may specify and apply state specific variations from the Performance Measure definitions and/or standards contained herein.

Qwest's Service Performance Indicator Definitions

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Electronic Gateway Availability

GA-1 - Gateway Availability - IMA-GUI

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-GUI electronic gateway and one associated system, focusing on the extent they are actually available to CLECs.

Description:

- GA-1A: Measures the availability of the IMA-GUI (Interconnect Mediated Access- Graphical User Interface), and reports the percentage of Scheduled Availability Time the IMA-GUI interface is available for view and/or input.
 - Scheduled Up Time hours for preorder, order, and provisioning transactions are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- GA-1D: Measures the availability of the SIA system, which facilitates access for the IMA-GUI interface and the IMA-EDI interface (see GA-2), and reports the percentage of scheduled time the SIA system is available. Scheduled availability times will be no less than the same hours as listed for IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-GUI, SIA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. Results will be reported as follows: GA-1A IMA Graphical User Interface Gateway GA-1D SIA system		
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period]) x 100 Exclusions: None			
Product Reporting: None	Standard: 99.25 percent		
Availability: Available	Notes:		

GA-2 – Gateway Availability – IMA-EDI

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-EDI electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of IMA-EDI (Interconnect Mediated Access - Electronic Data Interchange) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the IMA-EDI Interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for IMA-EDI based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html. Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-EDI), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.		
aggregate results Formula:	(See GA-1D for reporting of SIA system availability.)		
([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availab	Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number bility Time During Reporting Period]) x 100		
Exclusions: None			
Product Reporting: None	Standard: 99.25 percent		
Availability: Available	Notes:		

GA-3 – Gateway Availability – EB-TA

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the EB-TA interface, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EB-TA (Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EB-TA Interface is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EB-TA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: F	Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Re	eporting: Region-wide level.
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Durin		
Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
Availability: Available	Notes:	

GA-4 - System Availability - EXACT

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC batch access to the EXACT electronic access service request system, focusing on the extent the system is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EXACT system and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EXACT system is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time System is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the system is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EXACT), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

customer(s) and/or from mechanized event mana	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.
Formula:	
([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is Available t Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During F	
Exclusions: None	
Product Reporting: None	Standard: 99.25 percent
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

GA-6 - Gateway Availability - GUI -- Repair

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the GUI Repair electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of the GUI (Graphical User Interface) repair electronic interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time" hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., GUI-Repair), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Formula:		
[Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is A Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability		
Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
Availability: Available	Notes:	

GA-7 – Timely Outage Resolution following Software Releases

Purpose:

Measures the timeliness of resolution of gateway or system outages attributable to software releases for specified OSS interfaces, focusing on CLEC-affecting software releases involving the specified gateways or systems.

Description:

- Measures the percentage of gateway or system outages, which are attributable to OSS system software releases and which occur within two weeks after the implementation of the OSS system software releases, that are resolved NOTE within 48 hours of detection by the Qwest monitoring group or reporting by a CLEC/co-provider.
- Includes software releases associated with the following OSS interfaces in Qwest: IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI, and CEMR, Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT)^{NOTE 2}, Electronic Bonding

 Trouble Administration (EB -TA) NOTE 3
- An outage for this measurement is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component, affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers or data loss NOTE 4 on the Qwest side of the interface. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.
- The outage resolution time interval considered in this measurement starts at the time Qwest's
 monitoring group detects a failure, or at the date/time of the first transaction sent to Qwest that cannot
 be processed (i.e. lost data), and ends with the time functionality is restored or the lost data is
 recovered.

Reporting Period: Monthly	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

Formula:

[(Total outages detected within two weeks of a Software Release that are resolved within 48 hours of the time Qwest detects the outage) ÷ (Total number of outages detected within two weeks of Software Releases resolved in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Outages in releases prior to any CLEC migrating to the release.
- Duplicate reports attributable to the same software defect.

Product Reporting: No	e Standards:	
	Volume = 1-20: 1 miss	
	Volume > 20: 95%	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	 "Resolved" means that service is restored to the reporting CLEC, as experienced by the CLEC. EXACT is a Telecordia system. Only releases for changes initiated by Qwest for hardware or connectivity will be included in this measurement. Outages reported under EB-TA are the same as outages in MEDIACC. For data loss to be considered for GA-7, a functional acknowledgement must have been provided for the data in question (e.g., EDI 997, LSR ID or trouble ticket number). 	

Pre-Order/Order

PO-1 - Pre-Order/Order Response Times

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of responses to specific preordering/ordering queries for CLECs through the use of Qwest's Operational Support Systems (OSS). Qwest's OSS are accessed through the specified gateway interface.

Description:

PO-1A & PO-1B:

Measures the time interval between query and response for specified pre-order/order transactions through the electronic interface.

- Measurements are made using a system that simulates the transactions of requesting preordering/ordering information from the underlying existing OSS. These simulated transactions are made through the operational production interfaces and existing systems in a manner that reflects, in a statistically-valid manner, the transaction response times experienced by CLEC service representatives in the reporting period.
- The time interval between query and response consists of the period from the time the transaction request was "sent" to the time it is "received" via the gateway interface.
- A query is an individual request for the specified type of information.

PO-1C:

 Measures the percentage of all IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B transmitted in the reporting period that timeout before receiving a response.

PO-1D:

Measures the average response time for a sampling of rejected queries across preorder transaction types.
The response time measured is the time between the issuance of a pre-ordering transaction and the
receipt of an error message associated with a "rejected query." A rejected query is a transaction that
cannot be successfully processed due to the provision of incomplete or invalid information by the sender,
which results in an error message back to the sender.

Which results in all error message back to	the sender.
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
	PO-1A, PO-1B, & PO-1D: Seconds
	PO-1C: Percent

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate.

Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. Results are reported as follows:

PO-1A Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-GUI

PO-1B Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-EDI

Results are reported separately for each of the following transaction types: NOTE 2

- 1. Appointment Scheduling (Due Date Reservation, where appointment is required)
- 2. Service Availability Information
- 3. Facility Availability
- 4. Street Address Validation
- 5. Customer Service Records
- 6. Telephone Number
- 7. Loop Qualification Tools NOTE 3
- 8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification
- Connecting Facility Assignment NOTE 4
 Meet Point Inquiry NOTE 5

For PO-1A (transactions via IMA-GUI), in addition to reporting total response time, response times for each of the above transactions will be reported in two parts: (a) time to access the request screen, and (b) time to receive the response for the specified transaction. For PO-1A 6, Telephone Number, a third part (c) accept screen, will be reported.

For PO-1B (transactions via IMA-EDI), request/response will be reported as a combined number.

PO-1C Results for PO-1C will be reported according to the gateway interface used:

- 1. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-GUI
- 2. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-EDI

PO-1D Results for PO-1D will be reported according to the gateway interface used:

- 1. Rejected Response Times for IMA-GUI
- 2. Rejected Response Times for IMA-EDI

Formula:

PO-1A & PO-1B = Σ[(Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of Queries Submitted in Reporting Period)

PO-1C

= [(Number of IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B that Timeout before receiving response) ÷ (Number of IRTM Queries Transmitted in Reporting Period)] x 100

PO-1D

= Σ[(Rejected Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of Rejected Query Transactions Simulated by IRTM)

Exclusions:

PO-1A & PO-1B:

Rejected requests/errors, and timed out transactions

PO-1C:

Rejected requests and errors

PO-1D:

Timed out transactions

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards:	IMA-GUI	IMA-EDI	
	Total Response Time:			
	Appointment Scheduling	<10 seconds	<10 seconds	
	Service Availability Information	<25 seconds	<25 seconds	
	3. Facility Availability	<25 seconds ⁶	<25 seconds ⁶	
·	4. Street Address Validation	<10 seconds	<10 seconds	
	5. Customer Service Records	<12.5 seconds ⁶	<12.5 seconds ⁶	
	6. Telephone Number	<10 seconds	<10 seconds	
	7. Loop Qualification Tools	≤ 20 seconds ⁷	≤ 20 seconds	
	8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification	≤ 20 seconds ⁷	≤ 20 seconds	
	Connecting Facility Assignment	≤ 25 seconds	≤ 25 seconds	
	10. Meet Point Inquiry	≤ 30 seconds	≤ 30 seconds	
	PO-1C-1	0.	5%	
	PO-1C-2		5%	
	PO-1D-1 & 2	Diag	Diagnostic	
Availability:	Notes:			
Available	Rejected query types used in the second		eveloped for internal	
	Qwest diagnostic purposes. 2. As additional transactions, of		ly are mechanized	
	they will be measured and a			
	transactions, as applicable.	ladea to of moladea in	THE above here.	
	3. Results based on a weighte	ed combination of ADS	L Loop Qualification	
	and Raw Loop Data Tool.			
	4. Results based on Connecting Facility Assignment by Unit Query.			
	5. Results based on meet Point Query, POTS Splitter option for Shared loops.			
	6. Times reflect non-complex services, including residential, simple business, or POTS account. Does not include ADSL or accounts>25			
	lines.			
	7. Benchmark applies to response	onse time only. Reque	est time and Total	
1	time will also be reported.			

PO-2 – Electronic Flow-through

Purpose:

Monitors the extent Qwest's processing of CLEC Local Service Requests (LSRs) is completely electronic, focusing on the degree that electronically-transmitted LSRs flow directly to the service order processor without human intervention or without manual retyping.

Description:

PO-2A - Measures the percentage of all electronic LSRs that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the Service Order Processor (SOP) without any human intervention.

• Includes all LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

PO-2B – Measures the percentage of all flow-through-eligible LSRs NOTE 1 that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the SOP without any human intervention.

• Includes all flow-through-eligible LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multi- state system serving the state). Results for PO-2A and PO-2B will be reported according to the gateway interface* used to submit the LSR: 1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI 2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI *CO also reports an aggregate of IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI results.	

Formula:

- PO-2A = [(Number of Electronic LSRs that pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Total Number of Electronic LSRs that pass through the Gateway Interface)] x 100
- PO-2B = [(Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs that actually pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs received through the Gateway Interface)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Rejected LSRs and LSRs containing CLEC-caused non-fatal errors.
- Non-electronic LSRs (e.g., via fax or courier).
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

PO-2 – Electronic Flow-through (continued)

Product Reporting:

- Resale
- Unbundled Loops (with or without Local Number Portability)
- Local Number Portability
- UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P (Centrex 21)
- · Line Sharing

Standards:

PO-2A:

CO: CO PO-2B benchmarks minus 10 percent NOTE 2

All Other States: Diagnostic

PO-2B: NOTE 2

Resale:	95%
Unbundled Loops:	85%
LNP:	95%
UNE-P (POTS & Centrex 21):	95%
Line Sharing:	Diagnostic NOTE 3

Availability:

Available (except as follows):

Combined reporting of UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P (Centrex 21) – beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report.

Line Sharing – beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report

Notes:

- The list of LSR types classified as eligible for flow through is contained in the "LSRs Eligible for Flow Through" matrix. This matrix also includes availability for enhancements to flow through. Matrix will be distributed through the CMP process.
- 2. In Colorado the standard for PO-2 is considered met if the standard for either PO-2A or PO-2B is met. For both PO-2A and PO-2B, the benchmark percentages shown apply to the aggregations of PO-2A-1 and PO-2A-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2A result) and of PO-2B-1 and PO-2B-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2B result).
- 3. The standard and future disaggregated reporting of the Line Sharing product is TBD, pending resolution of TRO issues.

PO-3 - LSR Rejection Notice Interval

Purpose:

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest notifies CLECs that electronic and manual LSRs were rejected.

Description:

Measures the interval between the receipt of a Local Service Request (LSR) and the rejection of the LSR for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information, duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number), no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected, no valid contract, no valid end user verification, account not working in Qwest territory, service-affecting order pending, request is outside established parameters for service, and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.
- Included in the interval is time required for efforts by Qwest to work with the CLEC to avoid the necessity of rejecting the LSR.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are (1) business hours for manual rejects (involving human intervention) and (2) published Gateway Availability hours for auto-rejects (involving no human intervention). Business hours are defined as time during normal business hours of the Wholesale Delivery Service Centers, except for PO-3C in which hours counted are workweek clock hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

104,14 011 410 10.1011.19 11		
Reporting Period: One mor	nth	Unit of Measure:
		PO-3A-1, PO-3B-1 & PO-3C - Hrs: Mins.
		PO-3A-2 & PO-3B-2 – Mins: Secs.
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:	
CLEC aggregate and	Results for this indicator are reported according to the gateway interface	
individual CLEC results	used to submit the LSR:	
	 PO-3A-1, LSRs received via IMA-GUI and rejected manually: 	
	Statewide	
	 PO-3A –2, LSRs received via IMA-GUI and auto-rejected: Region 	
	wide	
	PO-3B-1, LSRs received via IMA-EDI and rejected manually:	
	Statewide	•

Formula:

 Σ [(Date and time of Rejection Notice transmittal) – (Date and time of LSR receipt)] \div (Total number of LSR Rejection Notifications)

PO-3C, LSRs received via facsimile: Statewide

PO-3B -2, LSRs received via IMA-EDI and auto-rejected: Region

Exclusions:

- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

wide

 Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)

Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by ordering interface).	Standards: • PO-3A-1 and -3B-1: ≤ 12 business hours • PO-3A -2 and -3B -2: ≤ 18 seconds • PO-3C: ≤ 24 work week clock hours
Availability: Available	Notes:

PO-4 - LSRs Rejected

Purpose:

Monitors the extent LSRs are rejected as a percentage of all LSRs to provide information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the indicator of LSR rejection notice intervals.

Description:

Measures the percentage of LSRs rejected (returned to the CLEC) for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected or FOC'd during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information; duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number); no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected; no valid contract; no valid end user verification; account not working in Qwest territory; service-affecting order pending; request is outside established parameters for service; and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of LSRs	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and	Disaggregation Reporting:	
individual CLEC results	Results for this indicator are reported according to	
	the gateway interface used to submit the LSR:	
	PO-4A-1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and	
	rejected manually – Region wide	
	PO-4A -2 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and	
	auto-rejected – Region wide	
	PO-4B-1 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and	
	rejected manually - Region wide	
	PO-4B -2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and	
	auto-rejected – Region wide	
	PO-4C LSRs received via facsimile –	
	Statewide	

Formula:

[(Total number of LSRs rejected via the specified method in the reporting period) ÷ (Total of all LSRs that are received via the specified interface that were rejected or FOC'd in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)

Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by ordering interface).	Standard: Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:
•	
·	

PO-5 - Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time

Purpose:

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest returns Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) to CLECs in response to LSRs/ASRs received from CLECs, focusing on the degree to which FOCs are provided within specified intervals.

Description:

Measures the percentage of Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) that are provided to CLECs within the intervals specified under "Standards" below for FOC notifications.

- Includes all LSRs/ASRs that are submitted through the specified interface or in the specified manner (i.e., facsimile) that receive an FOC during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. (Acknowledgments sent separately from an FOC (e.g., EDI 997 transactions are not included.)
- For PO-5A, the interval measured is the period between the LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time) and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- For PO-5B, 5C, and 5D, the interval measured is the period between the <u>application date and time</u>, as defined herein, and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- "Fully electronic" LSRs are those (1) that are received via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI, (2) that involve no manual intervention, and (3) for which FOCs are provided mechanically to the CLEC. NOTE 2
- "Electronic/manual" LSRs are received electronically via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI and involve manual processing.
- "Manual" LSRs are received manually (via facsimile) and processed manually.
- ASRs are measured only in business days.
- LSRs will be evaluated according to the FOC interval categories shown in the "Standards" section below, based on the number of lines/services requested on the LSR or, where multiple LSRs from the same CLEC are related, based on the combined number of lines/services requested on the related LSRs.

Reporting Pe	riod: One m	onth	Unit o	of Measui	e: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC

aggregate and individual CLEC results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multi-state system serving the state).

Results for this indicator are reported as follows:

- PO-5A:*
- FOCs provided for fully electronic LSRs received via:
- PO-5A-1
- IMA-GUI
- PO-5A-2 IMA-EDI
- PO-5B:* FOCs provided for <u>electronic/manual</u> LSRs received via:
 - PO-5B-1PO-5B-2
- IMA-GUI IMA-EDI
- PO-5C:* FOCs provided for manual LSRs received via Facsimile.
- PO-5D: FOCs provided for ASRs requesting LIS Trunks.
 - * Each of the PO-5A, PO-5B and PO-5C measurements listed above will be further disaggregated as follows:
 - (a) FOCs provided for Resale services and UNE-P
 - (b) FOCs provided for Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled Network Elements
 - (c) FOCs provided for LNP

Formula:

PO-5A = {[Count of LSRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time))" is within 20 minutes] ÷ (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

PO-5B, 5C, & 5D = {[Count of LSRs/ASRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time)

- (Application Date & Time)" is within the intervals specified for the service category involved)
- ÷ (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

PO-5 - Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

Exclusions:

- LSRs/ASRs involving individual case basis (ICB) handling based on quantities of lines, as specified in the "Standards" section below, or service/request types, deemed to be <u>projects</u>.
- Hours on Weekends and holidays. (Except for PO-5A which only excludes hours outside the scheduled up time).
- LSRs with CLEC-requested FOC arrangements different from standard FOC arrangements.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Additional PO-5D exclusion:

Records with invalid application or confirmation dates.

	Oter-devices.		
Product Reporting:	Standards:		
	For PO-5A (all):	95% within 20 minutes NOTE 2	
For PO-5A, -5B and -5C:	For PO-5B (all):	90% within standard FOC ir (specified below)	ntervals
(a) Resale services UNE-P (POTS)	For PO-5C (manual):	90% within standard FOC in specified below PLUS	24 hours NOTE 3
and UNE-P Centrex	 For PO-5D (LIS Trunks): 	85% within eight business d	ays
(b) Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled Network	Standard FOC In	ntervals for PO-5B and PO-5	<u>2</u>
Elements.	Product Group NOTE 1		FOC Interval
(c) LNP	Resale		
For PO-5D: LIS	Residence and Business POTS		
Trunks.	ISDN-Basic	1-10 lines	04 5
Trunks.	- Conversion As Is		24 hours
	 Adding/Changing feature 		
	1	listing to established loop	
	Add call appearance	4.40 lines	
	Centrex Non-Design	1-19 lines	
	with no Common Block		
	Centrex line feature chang	1-24 lines	1
	Unbundled Loops	1-24 loops	-
1	2/4 Wire analog	1-24 100ps	
	DS3 Capable		
	Sub-loop	1-24 sub-loops	
	[included in Product Report	•	
	Line Sharing/Line Splitting/Le		1
		1-24 shared loops	
·	[included in Product Repo		
	Unbundled Network Element		1
		1 – 39 lines	

PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

		Resale	N-Basic	1-10 lines	
		IOL	Conversion As Specified	1 10 111103	
]	_	New Installs		48 hours
		_			-10 110410
	1	_	Address Changes	,	
		-	Change to add Loop	1-3	
	Ì		N-PRI (Facility)		
		PB:		1-24 trunks	•
	1		0 or Voice Grade Equivalent	1-24	
			1 Facility	1-24 1-3	
	<u>.</u>	LNP	3 Facility	25-49 lines	
	-		and Extended Loons (EELs)	25-49 lines	
			ed Extended Loops (EELs) d in Product Reporting group (b	331	
	1	DS1	a in Product Reporting group (c	1-24 circuits	
		ופע		1-24 Circuits	
	Ī	Resale	. At-	(Sect al.)	
		Ce	ntrex (including Centrex 21, No		
			Centrex 21 Basic ISDN, C		
	, [Centron, Centrex Primes)		
			 With Common Block Configu 	•	
			 Initial establishment of Centre 	ex CMS services	
			 Tie lines or NARs activity 		
		-	Subsequent to initial Common Block		
		Station lines			70.
			 Automatic Route Selection 	n i	72 hours
			 Uniform Call Distribution 		
			 Additional numbers 		
		UNE-P	Centrex	1-10 lines	
			Centrex 21	1-10 lines	
			dled Loops with Facility Che	ck ^(NOTE 2, 3) 1 – 24 loops	
		2/4	1 wire Non-loaded		
		AD	OSL compatible		
			DN capable		
			DSL-I capable		
			S1 capable		***************************************
		Resale			
			DN-PRI (Trunks)	1-12 trunks	96 hours
		For PO			8 business
			S Trunks	1-240 trunk circuits	days
Availability:			Notes:		
	Available		1. LSRs with quantities above		pecified for
			each product type are con		
			2. Unbundled Loop with Faci		
			electronically; however, be		
			72-hour FOC interval the F		
			appear in PO-5B if receive	ed electronically or PO-5	ou if received
			manually.		
		İ	3. Unbundled Loop with Faci		
			24 hours to the 72-hour in	terval if the LSH is subn	nitted
			manually.		
					····

PO-6 – Work Completion Notification Timeliness

Purpose:

To evaluate the timeliness of Qwest issuing electronic notification at an LSR level to CLECs that provisioning work on all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR have been completed in the Service Order Processor and the service is available to the customer.

Description:

PO-6A & 6B:

- Includes all orders completed in the Qwest Service Order Processor that generate completion notifications in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- The start time is the date/time when the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is posted as completed in the Service Order Processor.
- The end time is when the electronic order completion notice is made available (IMA-GUI) NOTE 1 or transmitted (IMA-EDI) to the CLEC via the ordering interface used to place the local service request. The notification is transmitted at an LSR level when all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR are complete.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are during the published Gateway Availability hours.
 Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Reporting Period:		Unit of Measure:		
One month		PO-6A - 6B:	Hrs:Mins	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results.	PO-6A Notices trai PO-6B Notices trai			100000000000000000000000000000000000000

Formula:

For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-GUI:

 $PO-6A = \Sigma((Date \ and \ Time \ Completion \ Notification \ made \ available to \ CLEC)$ - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor)) - (Number of completion notifications made available in reporting period)

For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-EDI:

PO-6B = Σ ((Date and Time Completion Notification transmitted to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor.)) ÷ (Number of completion notifications transmitted in reporting period)

Exclusions:

PO - 6A & 6B:

- Records with invalid completion dates.
- LSRs submitted manually (e.g., via facsimile).
- ASRs submitted via EXACT.

Product Reporti	ng:	Standard:
	ggregate reporting for all products ordered through	6 hours
IMA-GUI and, se	eparately, IMA-EDI (see disaggregation reporting).	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	The time a notice is "made available" via the IN a status update related to the completion notic database. When this occurs, the notice can be CLEC using the Status Updates window or by function.	e in the IMA Status Updates e immediately viewed by the

PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness

Purpose:

To evaluate the timeliness with which electronic billing completion notifications are made available or transmitted to CLECs, focusing on the percentage of notifications that are made available or transmitted (for CLECs) or posted in the billing system (for Qwest retail) within five <u>business days</u>.

Description:

PO-7A & 7B:

- This measurement includes all orders posted in the CRIS billing system for which billing completion notices are made available or transmitted in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time a service order is completed in the SOP to the time billing completion for the order is made available or transmitted to the CLEC.
 - The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI consists of the time Qwest stores the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window.
 - The time a notice is "transmitted" via IMA-EDI consists of the time Qwest actually transmits the completion notice via IMA-EDI. Applicable only to those CLECs who are certified and setup to receive the notices via IMA-EDI.
- The start time is when the completion of the service order is posted in the Qwest SOP. The end
 time is when, confirming that the order has been posted in the CRIS billing system, the electronic
 billing completion notice is made available to the CLEC via the same ordering interface (IMA-GUI
 or IMA-EDI) as used to submit the LSR.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of these measurements are those that are five business days or less.

PO-7C:

- This measurement includes all retail orders posted in the CRIS Billing system in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time an order is completed in the SOP to the time it is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- The start time is when the completion of the order is posted in the SOP. The end time is when the order is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of this measurement are those that are five business days or

Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons:

PO-7A and -7B: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results.

PO-7C: Qwest retail results.

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- PO-7A Notices made available via IMA-GUI
- PO-7B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI
- PO-7C Billing system posting completions for Qwest Retail

Formula:

For wholesale service orders Qwest generates for LSRs received via IMA:

PO-7A = (Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period made available within five business days of posting complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices made available during the reporting period)

PO-7B = (Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period transmitted within five business days of posting complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices transmitted during the reporting period)

For service orders Qwest generates for retail customers (i.e., the retail analogue for PO-7A & -7B):

PO-7C = (Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period that were posted within 5 business days) ÷ (Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period)

PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness (continued)

Exclusions: PO-7A, 7B & 7C Services that are not billed th Records with invalid complet PO-7A & 7B LSRs submitted manually. ASRs submitted via EXACT.	ion dates.	ame Relay.
Product Reporting: Aggregate reporting for all prod GUI and, separately, IMA-EDI (reporting).		Standard: PO-7A and -7B: Parity with PO-7C
Availability: Available	Notes:	

PO-8 - Jeopardy Notice Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of jeopardy notifications, focusing on how far in advance of original due dates jeopardy notifications are provided to CLECs (regardless of whether the due date was actually missed).

Description:

Measures the average time lapsed between the date the customer is first notified of an order jeopardy event and the original due date of the order.

• Includes all orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notifications.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Average Business days NOTE 1
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. (This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)

Formula:

[Σ (Date of the original due date of orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification – Date of the first jeopardy notification) ÷ Total orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification]

Exclusions:

- Jeopardies done after the original due date is past.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:
A Non-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS
B Unbundled Loops (with or without	B Parity with Retail POTS
Number Portability)	
C LIS Trunks	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) services
D UNE-P (POTS)	D Parity with Retail POTS
Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. For PO-8A and -D, Saturday is counted as a
	business day for all non-dispatched orders for
	Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P
	(POTS), as well as for the retail analogues
	specified above as standards. For dispatched
	orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business,
	and UNE-P (POTS) and for all other products
	reported under PO-8B and -8C, Saturday is
	counted as a business day when the service order
	is due on Saturday.

PO-9 - Timely Jeopardy Notices

Purpose:

When original due dates are missed, measures the extent to which Qwest notifies customers in advance of jeopardized due dates.

Description:

Measures the percentage of late orders for which advance jeopardy notification is provided.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by
 Qwest and which are completed/closed in the reporting period that missed the original due date.
 Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward
 activity.
- Missed due date orders with jeopardy notifications provided on or after the original due date is past will be counted in the denominator of the formula but will not be counted in the numerator.

Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. (This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)

Formula:

[(Total missed due date orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification in advance of original due date) ÷ (Total number of missed due date orders completed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- · Orders missed for customer reasons.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:
A Non-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS
B Unbundled Loops (with or without Number	B Parity with Retail POTS
Portability)	
C LIS Trunks	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) Services
D UNE-P (POTS)	D Parity with Retail POTS
	·
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

PO-15 - Number of Due Date Changes per Order

-0-13 - Nulliber of bue bate Changes per Order			
Purpose:			
To evaluate the extent to which Qwest changes due dates on orders.			
Description:			
Measures the average number of Qwe			
		Transfer order types) that have been assigned a	
		exclusions below. Change order types for	
additional lines consist of all "C" or			
 Counts all due date changes made 	e for Qwest r	easons following assignment of the original due	
date.			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Me	asure: Average Number of Due Date Changes	
Reporting Comparisons:		Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, and	d Qwest		
retail results.			
Formula:		·	
Σ(Count of Qwest due date changes on all orders) ÷ (Total orders in reporting period)			
Exclusions:			
 Customer requested due date cha 	inges.		
 Records involving official company 	y services.		
Records with invalid due dates or	application c	lates.	
 Records with invalid product code 	s.		
· Records missing data essential to	the calculati	on of the measurement per the PID.	
·		·	
Product Reporting: Standard:			
None		Diagnostic	
Availability: Notes:	,		
Available			
;			
·			

PO-16 – Timely Release Notifications

Purpose:

Measures the percent of release notifications for changes to specified OSS interfaces sent by Qwest to CLECs within the intervals and scope specified within the change management plan found on Qwest's Change Management Process, (CMP) website at http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/whatiscmp.html.

Description:

- Measures the percent of release notices that are sent by Qwest within the intervals/timeframes
 prescribed by the release notification procedure on Qwest's CMP website.
 - Release notices measured are:
 - Draft Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Final Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Draft Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only);
 - Final Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only); and
 - OSS Interface Retirement Notices. NOTE 2
 - For the following OSS interfaces:
 - IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI;
 - CEMR:
 - Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT): NOTE 3
 - Electronic Bonding Trouble Administration (EB -TA); NOTE 4
 - IABS and CRIS Summary Bill Outputs; NOTE 5
 - Loss and Completion Records: Notes
 - New OSS interfaces (for introduction notices only.) NOTE 6
 - Also included are notifications for connectivity or system function changes to Resale Product Database.
 - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest relating to the following products and service categories: LIS/Interconnection, Collocation, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE), Ancillary, and Resale Products and Services.
 - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest to CLECs for the following OSS functions: Pre-Ordering, Ordering, Provisioning, Repair and Maintenance, and Billing.
 - Includes Types of Changes as specified in the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document" (Section 4 – Types of Changes).
 - Includes all OSS interface release notifications pertaining to the above OSS systems, subject to the exclusions specified below.
- Release Notifications sent on or before the date required by the CMP are considered timely. A
 release notification "sent date" is determined by the date of the e-mail sent by Qwest that provides the
 Release Notification. NOTE 7
- Release Notifications sent after the date required by the (CMP) are considered untimely. Release Notifications required but not sent are considered untimely.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

Formula:

[(Number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes made within the reporting period that are sent on or before the date required by the change management plan (CMP) ÷ Total number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes within reporting period)]x100

Exclusions:

- Changes to be implemented on an expedited basis (exception to OSS notification intervals) as mutually agreed upon by CLECs and Qwest through the CMP.
- Changes where Qwest and CLECs agree, through the CMP, that notification is unnecessary.

PO-16 Timely Release Notifications (continued)

Product Reporting:	None	Standards:
,		Vol. 1-10: No more than one untimely notification
		Vol. > 10: 92.5% timely notifications
Available	intervals for release notificat documented in the change r 2. The documents described in Interfaces" of the "Qwest WI as "Initial Retirement Notice 3. EXACT is a Telecordia system by Qwest for hardware or considerable of the same system at 5. CRIS, IABS, and Loss and Coumented in section 8.1 – Interface. 6. The documents described in the "Qwest Wholesale Charman Release Announcement and only), "Initial Interface Technical Specific (new GUI only). CMP notice in this measurement even the "Description" section of this not be added to the measurement retirement notifications.	Vol. > 10: 92.5% timely notifications ge Management Process Document specifies the ions by type of notification. These intervals are nanagement plan. section "9.0 – Retirement of Existing OSS nolesale Change Management Process Document" and "Final Retirement Notice." em. Only release notifications for changes initiated onnectivity will be included in this measurement.
	change to the PID. 7. The intervals used to determ	nine timeliness are based on CMP guidelines.

PO-19 - Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy

Purpose:

Evaluates Qwest's ability to provide accurate production-like tests to CLECs for testing new releases in the SATE and production environments and testing between releases in the SATE environment.

Description:

PO-19A

- Measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are successfully executed in SATE at the time a new IMA Release is deployed to SATE. In months where no release activity occurs, measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in the current IMA EDI Data Document-for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are successfully executed in SATE during the between-releases monthly performance test.
- Includes one test transaction for each test scenario published in the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).
- Test transactions will be executed for each of the IMA releases supported in SATE utilizing all test scenarios for each of the current versions of the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).
- The successful execution of a transaction is determined by the Qwest Test Engineer according to:
 - The expected results of the test scenario as described in the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) and the EDI disclosure document.
 - The transactions strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Disclosure Documentation for each release and the associated Addenda.
- For this measurement, Qwest will execute the test transactions in the Stand-Alone Test Environment.
 - Release related test transactions will be executed when a full or point release of IMA is installed in SATE. These transactions will be executed within five <u>business days</u> of the numbered release being originally installed in SATE. This five-business day period will be referred to as the "Testing Window."
 - Mid-release monthly performance test transactions will be executed in the months when no Testing Window for a release is completed. These transactions will be executed on the 15th, or the nearest working day to the 15th of the month, in the months when no release related test transactions are executed.
- Test transaction results will be reported by release and included in the Reporting Period during which the release transactions or mid-release test transactions are completed.

PO-19B

- Validates the extent that SATE mirrors production by measuring the percentage of IMA EDI test transactions that produce comparable results in SATE and in production.
 - Transactions counted as producing comparable results are those that return correctly formatted data and fields as specified in the release's EDI disclosure document and developer worksheets related to the IMA release being tested.
 - Comparability will be determined by evaluating the data and fields in each EDI message for the
 test transactions against the same data and fields for Preorder queries, LSRs, and
 Supplementals, and returned as Query Responses, Acknowledgements, Firm Order
 Confirmations (FOCs) for flow-through eligible products, and rejects.
- Test transactions are executed one time for each new major IMA release within 7 days after the IMA release.
 - Test transactions consist of a defined suite of Product/Activity combinations. Qwest's three regions will be represented. NOTE 2
 - Pre-order, Order, and Post-order transactions (FOCs for flow-through products) are included.
- With respect to the comparability of the structure and content of results from SATE and production environments, this measurement focuses only on the validity of the structure and the validity of the content, per developer worksheets and EID mapping examples distributed as part of release notifications.

Reporting Period:	Unit of Measure:	Percent	
PO-19A One month			
PO-19B: One month (for those months in			

PO-19 Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy (continued)

Disaggregation Reporting: PO-19A — Reported separately for each release tested in the reporting period PO-19B None

Formula:

PO-19A

[(Total number of successfully completed SATE test transactions executed for a Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period) \div (Total number of SATE test transactions executed for each Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

PO-19B

[(Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production that produce comparable results for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period) ÷ (Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

For PO-19B:

- Transactions that fail due to the unavailability of a content item (e.g., TN exhaustion in SATE or the
 production environment) or a function in the SATE or production environments (e.g., address
 validation query or CSR query) that is unsuccessful due to an outage in systems that interface with
 IMA-EDI (e.g., PREMIS or SIA).
- Transactions that fail because of differences between the production and SATE results caused when an IMA candidate is implemented into IMA and not SATE (i.e., where CMP decides not to implement an IMA candidate in a SATE release: e.g., the Reject Duplicate LSR candidate in IMA 12.0). This exclusion does not apply during reporting periods in which there are no differences between production IMA and SATE caused by SATE releases packaged pursuant to CMP decisions.

production IMA and SATE caused by S	SATE releases packaged pursuant to CMP decisions.
Product Reporting: None	Standard:
	PO-19A – 95% for each release tested
•	PO-19B – 95%
Availability:	Notes:
Availability: Available	 Transactions that are executed and found to have inconsistencies with the data and format rules will be corrected and rerun. Rerun volumes will not be counted in the denominator for PO-19. Such corrections and re-executions are intended to enforce strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Data and Disclosure Documents. The product and activity combinations that make up the test decks for PO-19B will be updated after each major IMA software release and provided to CLECs with the publication of IMA EDI Draft Interface Technical Specifications for the next major IMA software release as defined in the CMP process. All combinations with EDI transaction volumes > 100 in the previous 12-month period will be
	included in the test deck. 75 days prior to the execution of the test, Qwest will run a query
j ·	against IMA to determine which combinations meet the criteria for inclusion (i.e., volumes >

defined list that is representative of production.
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PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy

Purpose:

Evaluates the degree to which Qwest accurately processes CLECs' Local Service Requests (LSRs), which are electronically-submitted and manually processed by Qwest, into Qwest Service Orders, based on mechanized comparisons of specified LSR-Service Order fields and focusing on the percentage of manually-processed Service Orders that are accurate/error-free.

Description:

Measures the percentage of manually-processed Qwest Service Orders that are populated correctly, in specified data fields, with information obtained from CLEC LSRs.

- Includes only Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs that Qwest receives NOTE 1 electronically (via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) and manually processes in the creation of Service Orders, regardless of flow through eligibility, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes only Service Orders, from the product reporting categories specified below, that request inward line or feature activity (Change, New, and Transfer order types), are assigned a due date by Qwest, and are completed/closed in the reporting period. Change Service Order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action-coded line or feature USOCs.
- All Service Orders satisfying the above criteria and as specified in the Availability section below are
 evaluated in this measurement.
- An inward line Service Order will be classified as "accurate" and thus counted in the numerator in the formula below when the mechanized comparisons of this measurement determine that the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order. An inward feature Service Order will be classified as "accurate" if the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order and if no CLEC notifications to the call center have generated call center tickets coded to LSR/SO mismatch for that order.
 - Service Orders will be counted as being accurate if the contents of the relevant fields, as recorded in the completed Service Orders involved in provisioning the service, properly match or correspond to the information from the specified fields as provided in the latest version of associated LSRs.
 - Service orders generated from LSRs receiving a PIA (Provider Initiated Activity value will be counted
 as being accurate if each and every mismatch has a correct and corresponding PIA value.
 - Service Orders, including those otherwise considered accurate under the above-described mechanized field comparison, will not be counted as accurate if Qwest corrects errors in its Service Order(s) as a result of contacts received from CLECs no earlier than one business day prior to the original due date.

arrears (i.e., results first month later than results not reported in arrears) Orders that are the sub- counted in OP-5B and	One month, reported in st appear in reports one s for measurements that are in order to exclude Service of call center tickets OP-5T, as having new uted to Service Order errors.	Unit of Measure:	Percent
Reporting Comparison CLEC Aggregate a	ons: and individual CLEC	Disaggregation Repo Statewide Level	•
Formula: [(Number of accu	rate, evaluated Service Orders	s) ÷ (Number of evaluate	ed Service Orders completed in

the reporting period)] x 100

PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

Exclusions:

- Service Orders that are the subject of call center tickets counted in OP-5B and OP-5T as having new service problems attributed to Service Order errors.
- · Cancelled Service Orders.
- Service Orders that cannot be matched to a corresponding LSR
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:

- Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21)
- Unbundled Loops (Analog and Non-Loaded 2/4-wire, DS1 Capable, DS3 and higher Capable, ADSL Compatible, XDSL-I Capable, ISDN-BRI Capable)

Standard:

Benchmarks, as follows:

Phase 1	97%
Phase 2	96%
Phase 3 & beyond	95%

Availability:

- Phase 0 PO-20 (Old) (the first version using sampling of limited fields). (Available now)
 Phase 1^{NOTE 2} PO-20 (Expanded) Mechanized
- Phase 1^{NOTE 2} PO-20 (Expanded) Mechanized version (as defined herein). All qualifying orders associated with initial LSRs received via IMA version 15.0 or higher beginning with May 2004 data reported in Jul 04.
- Phase 2 Additional fields added. No later than Sep 04 results reported in Nov 04
- Phase 3– Additional fields added. Targeted for 1st Quarter 05
- Phase 4 Additional fields added. (Date TBD).

Notes:

- To be included in the measurement, Service
 Orders created from CLEC LSRs must be
 received and completed in the same version of
 IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI.
- 2. Phase 1: Consists of all manually-processed, qualifying Service Orders per product reporting category specified above, from throughout Qwest's 14-state local service region.

LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004) Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR: LSR Field Code **LSR Field Name** Form Remarks/Service Order Field: **CCNA** Customer Carrier CCNA field of LSR form compared to the RSID/ZCID field LSR Name identifier in the Extended ID section of the Service Order. Abbreviation PON Purchase Order PON field of LSR form compared to the PON field in Bill Number Section of the Service Order. The D/TSENT field of LSR form from the Firm Order D/TSENT Date and time Manager, using applied business day cut-off rules and sent business typing rules, and compare to the APP (Application Date) used on the Service Order. CHC Coordinated Hot Applies only to Unbundled Loop. **Cut Requested** Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service Order matches the Coordinated Cut request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the TEST field to determine correct USOC.) TEST Testing required Applies only to Unbundled Loop. Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service Order matches the TEST request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the CHC field to determine correct USOC.) NC Network Channel Applies only to Unbundled Loop, NC field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Code Order.

PO-20 (Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy (continued)

LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)			
Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:
	NCI	Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop NCI field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.
	SECNCI	Secondary Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop orders. SECNCI field on the LSR form compared to the provisioning USOC for CKL2 on the Service Order.
Resale or Centrex	PIC	InterLATA Presubscription Indicator Code	PIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to PIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order. Note: LSR PIC = None; S.O. PIC = None
	LPIC	IntraLATA Presubscription Indicator Code	LPIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to LPIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order. Note: LSR LPIC = None; S.O. LPIC = 9199 LSR LPIC = DFLT; S.O. LPIC = 5123
Resale or Centrex	TNS	Telephone Numbers	Validate that all telephone numbers in the TNS fields in the Service Details section on the Resale or Centrex form requiring inward activity are addressed on the Service Order.
	FA/ FEATURE	Feature Activity/Feature Codes	When the FA = N, T, V Validate line and feature USOCs provided in the FEATURE field on the Resale or Centrex form are addressed with "I" and/or "T" action lines on the Service Order. Note: Comparison will be based on the USOCs associated with line and feature activity listed in the PO-20 USOC List posted on Qwest's public website, on the web page containing the current PID www.qwest.com/wholesale/results). Qwest may add USOCs to the list, delete grand-fathered/ discontinued or obsolete USOCs, or update USOCs assigned to listed descriptions by providing notice in the monthly Summary of Notes and updating the list.

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
	Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:				
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
LS	ECCKT	Exchange Company Circuit ID	Applies to LSRs with ACT = C (only when NC code has not changed, M, or T.		
			ECCKT field on the LS form compared to the CLS field in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.		
LS/ LSNP	CFA	Connecting Facility Assignment	CFA field on the LS or LSNP forms compared to the CFA field used in CKL1 of the Service Order. (Verbal acceptance of CFA changes will be FOC'd and PIA'd, which will account for the mismatch and eliminate it as an error in the PO-20 calculation.		
Directory Listings form only for Local Main Listings)	LTY	Listing Type	LTY = 1 (Listed – appears in DA and the directory.) Validate that there is a LN in the List section of the Service Order. LTY = 2 (Non Listed – appears only in DA.) Validate that there is non listing instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order. Central/Western Region: Validate that the left handed field is NLST and (NON-LIST) is contained in the NLST data field in the List section of the Service order. Eastern Region: Validate that the left handed field is NL and (NON LIST) is contained in the NL data field in the List section of the Service Order. LTY = 3 (Non Pub - does not appear in the directory and telephone number does not appear in DA.) Validate that there is non published instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order. Central/Western Regions: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NON-PUB) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order. Eastern Region: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NP LODA) or (NP NODA) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order.		
DL – Direc (Evaluated only	TOA	Type of Account	 Validate TOA entries (only reviewed when BRO field on DL form is not populated): TOA valid entries are B or RP		
:	DML	Direct Mail List	DML field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OCLS).		
	NOSL	No Solicitation Indicator	Arizona Only NOSL field = Y on DL form; Service Order LN contains (NSOL) (OCLS).		

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated					
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)					
	Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:					
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:			
	ТМКТ	Telemarketing	Colorado Only TMKT field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OATD). When both the DML and the TMKT fields are populated, DML validation applies.			
	LNLN and LNFN	Listed Name	LNLN and LNFN fields on DL form compared to the LN field in the List section of the Service Order.			
ADI Address Indicator ADI = O on DL form		Address Indicator	ADI = O on DL form; Service Order LA contains (OAD).			
	LAPR	Listed Address Number Prefix	LAPR field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.			
	LANO	Listed Address Number	LANO field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.			
	LASF	Listed Address Number Suffix	LASF field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.			
	LASD	Listed Address Street Directional	LASD field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.			
	LASN	Listed Address Street Name	LASN field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.			
	LATH	Listed Address Street Type	LATH field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.			
	LASS	Listed Address Street Directional Suffix	LASS field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.			
	LALOC	Listed Address Locality	LALOC field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.			

	Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results					
		LSR-Service	ce Order Fields Evaluated			
	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	LSR Field Form Code LSR Field Name Remarks/Service Order Field:					
LSR	DSPTCH	Dispatch	Limited to Unbundled Loops where ACT = Z or V only. If DSPTCH field on the LSR form = Y, validate dispatch USOC in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.			
Code LTC field nur data following			Applies only to Centrex 21 LTC field numeric value on the Centrex form compared to the data following the CAT field for the Line USOC on the Service Order.			
	COS	Class of Service – Qwest Specific	Applies only to Centrex 21. COS field of the Centrex form compared to the CS field in the ID section of the Service Order.			

	Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results					
	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated					
		zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	LSR Field Form Code LSR Field Name Remarks/Service Order Field:					
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	As specified in Appendix A of the 14 State Working PID. Comparison would be based on the fields associated with the USOC list referenced under Feature Activity in Phase 1 above.			
		Phase 3 – 7	Targeted for 1 st Quarter 05			
			ce Order Fields Evaluated			
		zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:			
Resale or Centrex	BLOCK (Stage 1)	Blocking Type	For each LNUM provided in the Service Detail section of the Resale or Centrex form when BA = E: Note: The BLOCK field may have one or more alpha and/or numeric values per LNUM. This review will only validate based on BA/BLOCK fields and will not address blocking information provided in the "Remark" section on the LSR or the Feature Detail section of the LSR. The values listed below will be considered as follows: If BLOCK contains A, validate FID TBE A is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains B, validate FID TBE B is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains C, validate FID TBE C is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains H, validate FID BLKD is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM.			

	Phase 4 – Date TBD				
	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
		zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	Remarks/Service Order Field:			
	DFDT	Desired Frame Due Time	Applicable only to orders for Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21) DFDT field on the LSR form compared to the FDT field in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.		
LSR	DDD	Desired Due Date	DDD field from the last FOC'd LSR compared to the original or last subsequent due date in the Extended ID section on the Service Order when no CFLAG/PIA is present on the FOC. (i.e. Evaluation includes recognition of valid differences between DDD and Service Order based on population of the CFLAG/PIA field on the LSRC (FOC))		
L – Directory Listings form (Evaluated only for	LTN	Listed Telephone Number	For Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21): LTN field on the Listing form compared to the Main Account Number of the Service Order. For Unbundled Loop: LTN field on the Listing form compared to the TN floated after the LN in the Listing section of the Service Order.		
DL (R		Letter Name Placement	LNPL field on the Listing form = L, validate that LN on the Service Order follows letter placement versus word placement.		
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	If CLECs propose additional FIDs for review, Qwest will undertake a feasibility evaluation.		
	BLOCK (Stage 2)	Blocking Type	If CLECs identify value in additional Blocking review, Qwest will undertake development. [Requirements to be developed]		

Ordering and Provisioning

OP-2 - Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds - Interconnect Provisioning Center

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of CLEC access to Qwest's interconnection provisioning center(s) and retail customer access to the Business Office, focusing on the extent calls are answered within 20 seconds.

Description:

Measures the percentage of (Interconnection Provisioning Center or Retail Business Office) calls that are answered by an agent within 20 seconds of the first ring.

- Includes all calls to the Interconnect Provisioning Center/Retail Business Office during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.
- First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic

Call Distributor).	
 Answer is defined as when the call is first picke 	d up by the Qwest agent.
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.
Qwest Retail results	
Formula:	
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds	s) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU Voice Respons	se Unit is not counted.
Product Reporting: Not applicable	Standard: Parity
Availability:	Notes:
Available	
·	

OP-3 – Installation Commitments Met

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest installs services for Customers by the scheduled due date.

Description:

Measures the percentage of orders for which the scheduled due date is met.

- All inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing <u>inward activity</u>. Also included are orders with customer-requested due dates longer than the standard interval.
- Completion date on or before the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest is counted as a met due
 date. The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer,
 the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest
 reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to
 the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:

OP-3A Dispatches within MSAs;

OP-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

OP-3C No dispatches.

Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:

OP-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and

OP-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

[(Total Orders completed in the reporting period on or before the Applicable Due Date) \div (Total Orders Completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Due dates missed for standard categories of customer and non-Qwest reasons. Standard
 categories of customer reasons are: previous service at the location did not have a customerrequested disconnect order issued, no access to customer premises, and customer hold for
 payment. Standard categories of non-Qwest reasons are: Weather, Disaster, and Work Stoppage.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- · Records with invalid completion dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP – 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
MSA-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex	
Line Splitting	95%	
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic	
Line Sharing	95%	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 90%	
- odb zoop ombanamig	All Other States: Diagnostic	
Zone-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS1	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service	
(aggregate)		
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD 		
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level	
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:		
Analog Loop	90%	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	90%	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
xDSL-I capable Loop	90%	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	90%	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private	
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)	
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic	
Loops with Conditioning	90%	
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks	

OP – 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)		WA: 90%
		All Other States: Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)		90%
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3)		WA: 90%
level)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	All Other States: Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:	
Available 1. Reporting will begin at th three consecutive months		ne time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for as.

OP-4 - Installation Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of services for customers, focusing on the average time to install service.

Description:

Measures the average interval (in <u>business days</u>) NOTE 1 between the <u>application date</u> and the completion date for service orders accepted and implemented.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all C orders representing invariant/ activity.
- Intervals for each measured event are counted in whole days: the application date is day zero (0); the day following the application date is day one (1).
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. NOTE 2
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Average Business Days

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest

Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:
 - OP-4A Dispatches within MSAs;
 - OP-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and
 - OP-4C No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:
 - OP-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and
 - OP-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

 Σ [(Order Completion Date) – (Order Application Date) – (Time interval between the Original Due Date and the Applicable Date) – (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ Total Number of Orders Completed in the reporting period

Explanation: The average installation interval is derived by dividing the sum of installation intervals for all orders (in business days) NOTE 1 by total number of service orders completed in the reporting period.

- Orders with customer requested due dates greater than the current standard interval.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed	Parity with retail service
provisioning)	
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
• Line Splitting	3.3 days
Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	3.3 days
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 6 days
The state of the s	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN(designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
(aggregate)	
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (U	D(T)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Idaho, Iowa, Montana, Nebraska, North
Bot dapable Loop	Dakota, Oregon, Wyoming: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	Arizona, Colorado, Minnesota, New Mexico, South Dakota, Utah, Washington: 5.5 days
xDSL-I capable Loop	6 days
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	6 days
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
(aggregate)	(aggregate)

OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)

Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning	15 days
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	6 days
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

Availability:

Available

Notes:

- For OP-4C, Saturday is counted as a business day for all orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other products under OP-4C and for all products under OP-4A, -4B, -4D, and -4E. Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due or completed on Saturday.
- 2. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwestinitiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customerinitiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval.
- 3. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

OP-5 – New Service Quality

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of ordering and installing new services (inward line service orders), focusing on the percentage of newly-installed service orders that are free of CLEC/customer-initiated trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days following installation completion, and focusing on the quality of Qwest's resolution of such conditions with respect to multiple reports.

Description:

Measures two components of new service provisioning quality (OP-5A and -5B) and also reports a combined result (OP-5T), as described below, each as a percentage of all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period that are free of CLEC/customer-reported provisioning and repair trouble reports, as described below. Also measures the percentage of all provisioning and repair trouble reports that constitute multiple trouble reports for the affected service orders. (OP-5R)

- Orders for new services considered in calculating all components of this performance indicator are all
 inward line service orders completed in the reporting period, including Change (C-type) orders for
 additional lines/circuits, subject to exclusions shown below. Change order types considered in these
 measurements consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Orders for new service installations include conversions (Retail to CLEC, CLEC to CLEC, and same CLEC converting between products).
- Provisioning or repair trouble reports include both out of service and other service affecting conditions, such as features on a line that are missing or do not function properly upon conversion, subject to exclusions shown below.

OP-5A: New Service Installation Quality Reported to Repair

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair trouble reports NOTE 2 within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions below.
- Repair trouble reports are defined as CLEC/customer notifications to Qwest of out-of-service and
 other service affecting conditions for which Qwest opens repair tickets in its maintenance and repair
 management and tracking systems NOTE 3 that are closed in the reporting period or the following
 month, NOTE 4 subject to exclusions shown below.
- Qwest is able to open repair tickets for repair trouble reports received from CLECs/customers once the service order is completed in Qwest's systems.

OP-5B: New Service Provisioning Quality

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Provisioning trouble reports are defined as CLEC notifications to Qwest of out of service or other service affecting conditions that are attributable to provisioning activities, including but not limited to LSR/service order mismatches and conversion outages. For provisioning trouble reports, Qwest creates call center tickets in its call center database. Subject to exclusions shown below, call center tickets closed in the reporting period or the following month NOTE 4 are captured in this measurement. Call center tickets closed to Network reasons will not be counted in OP-5B when a repair trouble report for that order is captured in OP-5A.

OP-5T: New Service Installation Quality Total

 Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair or provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusion shown below.

OP-5R: New Service Quality Multiple Report Rate

- Evaluates the quality of Qwest's responses to repair and provisioning trouble reports for inward line service orders completed in the reporting period. This measurement reports, for those service orders that were *not* free of repair or provisioning trouble reports in OP-5A or OP-5B, the percentage of trouble reports affecting the same service orders that were followed by additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, as specified below.
- Measures the percentage of all repair and provisioning trouble reports considered in OP-5A and OP-5B that are additional repair or provisioning trouble reports received by Qwest for the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation

completion.

 Additional repair or provisioning trouble reports are defined as all such reports that are received following the first report (whether the first report is represented by a call center ticket or a repair ticket) relating to the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation completion. In all cases, the trouble reports counted are those that are defined for OP-5A and OP-5B above.

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to cover the 30-day period following installation.

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level

Formulas:

- **OP-5A** = (Number inward line service orders completed in the reporting period Number of inward line service orders with any <u>repair trouble reports</u> as specified above) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- OP-5B = (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period Number of inward line service orders with any <u>provisioning trouble reports</u> as specified above) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- OP-5T = ([Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period] Number of inward line service orders with repair or provisioning trouble reports as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, as applicable) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- OP-5R = (Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports, relating to inward line service orders closed in the reporting period as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, that constitute additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, within 30 calendar days following the installation date ÷ Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports relating to inward line service orders closed in the reporting period, as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B) x 100

Exclusions:

Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair trouble reports attributable to CLEC or coded to non-Qwest reasons as follows:
- For products measured from MTAS data, repair trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
 - Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous –
 Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider); and
 Reports from other than the CLEC/customer that result in a charge if dispatched.
- For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data, repair reports coded to codes for:
 - Carrier Action (IEC); Customer Provided Equipment (CPE); Commercial power failure; Customer requested service order activity; and Other non-Qwest.
- Repair reports coded to disposition codes for referral to another department (i.e., for non-repair ticket resolutions of non-installation-related problems, except cable cuts, which are not excluded).

Applicable to OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R only:

- Provisioning trouble reports attributable to CLEC or non-Qwest causes.
- Call center tickets relating to activities that occur as part of the normal process of conversion (i.e., while
 Qwest is actively and properly engaged in process of converting or installing the service). Provisioning
 trouble reports involving service orders that, at the time of the calls, have fallen out for manual handling
 and been disassociated from the related service order, as applicable, will be considered as not in the
 normal process of conversion and will not be excluded.

Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair or provisioning trouble reports related to service orders captured as misses under measurements OP-13 (Coordinated Cuts Timeliness) or OP-17 (LNP Timeliness).
- Subsequent repair or provisioning trouble reports of any trouble on the installed service before the original repair or provisioning trouble report is closed.
- · Service orders closed in the reporting period with App Dates earlier than eight months prior to the

beginning of the reporting period.

- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types. When out of service or service affecting problems are reported to the call center on conversion and move requests, the resulting call center ticket will be included in the calculation of the numerator in association with the related inward order type even when the call center ticket reflects the problem was caused by the Disconnect or From order.
- Records involving official Qwest company services.

Hecords missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement as defined herein.					
Product Reporting Categories:	Standards:				
 As specified below – one 	OP-5A:	Parity with retail service			
percentage result reported for each bulleted category under	OP-5B:	Diagnostic for six months following first reporting. After six months Benchmark (TBD)			
the sub-measurements shown.	OP-5T:	Diagnostic			
	OP-5R:	Diagnostic for six months following first reporting.			
		Possible standard (TBD)			
	(Where pari	y comparisons involve multiple service varieties in a			
	product cate	gory, weighting based on the retail analogue volumes may			
	be used if no	ecessary to create a comparison that is not affected by			
	different pro	portions of wholesale and retail analogue volumes in the			
	same report	ing category.)			

Product Reporting:	Standards:		
Reported under OP-5A, OP-5B	OP-5T and OP-5R		
(Product categories may be com		e parties in Long-Term PID A	dministration.)
(1 reader earegenee may be con	OP-5A	OP-5B	OP-5T &
			OP-5R
Resale			
Residential single line	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
service			
Business single line	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
service			
Centrex	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
DS0	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
DS1	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-	Parity with retail service	96.5%	Diagnostic
rate services			
(aggregate) Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
	Parity with like retail	96.5%	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform 	service	90.576	Diagnostic
(UNE-P) (POTS)	Service		
Unbundled Network	Parity with retail Centrex	96.5%	Diagnostic
Element – Platform	21	30.376	Diagnostic
(UNE-P) (Centrex 21)			
Unbundled Network	Parity with retail Centrex	96.5%	Diagnostic
Element – Platform	Tany war rotal common	00.070	Biagiliouis
(UNE-P) (Centrex)			
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest	96.5%	Diagnostic
• •	DSL		
Loop Splitting NOTE 8	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Parity with retail RES &	96.5%	Diagnostic
<u>-</u>	BUS POTS		
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:			
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res &	96.5%	Diagnostic
	Bus POTS with dispatch		
Non-loaded Loop (2-	Parity with retail ISDN	96.5%	Diagnostic
wire)	BRI		
Non-loaded Loop (4-	Parity with retail DS1	96.5%	Diagnostic
wire)			
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1	96.5%	Diagnostic
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest	96.5%	Diagnostic
	DSL		
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN	96.5%	Diagnostic
	BRI		
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest	96.5%	Diagnostic
	DSL with dispatch		
Loop types of DS3 and		96.5%	Diagnostic
higher bit-rates	and higher bit-rate		
(aggregate)	services (aggregate)	Diagnostic	D:
Dark Fiber - Loop	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic

Enhanced Extending (EELs) – (DS0 let)		pps Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	96.5%	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)		pps Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	96.5%	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (above DS1 level)		ops Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	96.5%	Diagnostic
Paparted under OP	-5∧ and	d under OP-5R (per OP-5A sp	acifications):	•
neported under Or	OA UIN	OP-5A	OP-5R	
LIS Trunks		Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	Diagnostic	
		ffice Transport (UDIT)		
UDIT (DS1 Le		Parity with Retail Private Lines (DS1)	Diagnostic	
UDIT (Above I		Lines (Above DS1 level)	Diagnostic	
Dark Fiber - IC		Diagnostic	Diagnostic	- Hall
• E911/911 Trunk		Parity with Retail E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic	
Availability:	1			
			dditional reports of received after the installation vly-installed line/circuit WFA (Work Force ation System), and epair report data for stems supporting call r other inquiries (see ess days (typically four data to begin new processes that epair and provisioning dupon procedures. Itiple orders with rouble counting as a same orders, the asons will be reduced as in OP-5A.	

OP-6 - Delayed Days

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent Qwest is late in installing services for customers, focusing on the average number of days that late orders are completed beyond the committed due date.

Description:

- OP-6A Measures the average number of <u>business days</u> NOTE 1 that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for non-facility reasons attributed to Qwest.
 - Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period, later, due to non-facility reasons, than the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-6B Measures the average number of business days NOTE 1 that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for facility reasons attributed to Qwest.
 - Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period later due to facility reasons than the original due date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.

For both OP-6A and OP-6B:

- Change order types for additional lines consist of "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the
 Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwestinitiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated
 due date, if any. NOTE 2

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Average Business Days

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate

CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for products/services listed under Product Reporting under "MSA-type Disaggregation" will be reported for OP-6A and OP-6B according to orders involving:
 - Dispatches within MSAs;
 - 2. Dispatches outside MSAs; and
 - 3. No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:
 - 4. In Interval Zone 1 areas; and
 - 5. In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

- OP-6A = ∑[(Actual Completion Date of late order for non-facility reasons) (Applicable Due Date of late order) (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for non-facility reasons completed in the reporting period)
- OP-6B = ∑[(Actual Completion Date of late order for facility reasons) (Applicable Due Date of late order)] (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date) ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for facility reasons completed in the reporting period)

OP-6 – Delayed Days (continued)

Exclusions:

- Orders affected only by delays that are solely for customer and/or CLEC reasons.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.

•	Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.				
Product Reporting: Standards:					
MS	MSA-Type Disaggregation -				
•	Resale				
	Residential single line service	Parity with retail service			
	Business single line service	Parity with retail service			
	Centrex	Parity with retail service			
	Centrex 21	Parity with retail service			
	DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
ļ	Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service			
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21			
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex			
•	Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL			
•	Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic			
•	Line Sharing	Parity with retail Qwest DSL			
•	Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic			
	ne-type Disaggregation -	d. V			
•	Resale				
-	Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	DS1	Parity with retail service			
	PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service			
	DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service			
	(aggregate)				
	Frame Relay	Parity with retail service			
•	LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)			
•	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI				
	UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line- Service			
	UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Line- Services above DS1			
	Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic			
•	Unbundled Loops:				
	Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch			
	Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI			
	Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line			
	DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line			
		Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch			
		Parity with retail ISDN BRI			
		Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch			
	xDSL-I capable Loop ISDN-capable Loop ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch Parity with retail ISDN BRI			

OP-6 – Delayed Days (continued)

Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) 	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) 	OP-6A: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line OP-6B: Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) 	Diagnostic

Availability: Available

Notes:

- For OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, Saturday is counted as a business day for all orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other products under OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, and for all products under OP-6A-1, -6A-2, -6A-4, -6A-5, -6B-1, -6B-2, -6B-4, and -6B-5, Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due or completed on Saturday.
- 2. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwestinitiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwestinitiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported
- 3. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

OP-7 - Coordinated "Hot Cut" Interval - Unbundled Loop

Purpose:

Evaluates the duration of completing coordinated "hot cuts" of unbundled loops, focusing on the time actually involved in disconnecting the loop from the Qwest network and connecting/testing the loop.

Description:

Measures the average time to complete coordinated "hot cuts" for unbundled loops, based on intervals beginning with the "lift" time and ending with the completion time of Qwest's applicable tests for the loop.

- Includes all coordinated hot cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- "Hot cut" refers to moving the service of existing customers from Qwest's switch/frames to the CLEC's equipment, via unbundled loops, that will serve the customers.
- "Lift" time is defined as when Qwest disconnects the existing loop.
- "Completion time" is defined as when Qwest completes the applicable tests after connecting the loop to the CLEC.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results		on Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula: Σ [Completion time – Lift time] ÷ (To completed in the reporting period)	tal Number of ur	nbundled loops with coordinated cutovers
 Exclusions: Time intervals associated with 0 Records missing data essential Invalid start/stop dates/times or 	to the calculation	n of the measurement per the PID.
Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled Loops - Reported separately for: • Analog Loops • All other Loop Types		Standard: CO: 1 hour All Other States: Diagnostic in light of OP-13 (Coordinated Cuts On Time)
Availability: Available		Notes:

OP-8 – Number Portability Timeliness

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of cutovers of local number portability (LNP).

Description:

- OP-8B LNP Timeliness with Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of coordinated LNP triggers set prior to the scheduled start time for the loop.
 - All orders for LNP coordinated with unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-8C LNP Timeliness without Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of LNP triggers set prior to the Frame Due Time or scheduled start time for the LNP cutover as applicable.
 - All orders for LNP for which coordination with a loop was not requested that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured (including standalone LNP coordinated with other than Qwest-provided Unbundled Loops and non-coordinated, standalone LNP), subject to exclusions specified below.
- For purposes of these measurements (OP-8B and -8C), "trigger" refers to the "10-digit unconditional trigger" or Line Side Attribute (LSA) that is set or translated by Qwest.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated time. In the case of LNP cutovers coordinated with loops, the scheduled time used in this measurement will be no later than the "lay" time for the loop.

	·	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of triggers set on time	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
individual CLEC results		

Formula:

OP-8B = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the scheduled time for the coordinated loop cutover) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations coordinated with unbundled loops completed)] x 100

OP-8C = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the Frame Due Time or Scheduled Start Time) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations without loop cutovers completed)] x 100

- CLEC-caused delays in trigger setting.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique telephone numbers and Centrex 21).
- LNP requests for which the records used as sources of data for these measurements have the following types of errors:
 - Records with no PON (purchase order number) or STATE.
 - Records where triggers cannot be set due to switch capabilities.
 - Records with invalid due dates, application dates, or start dates.
 - Records with invalid completion dates.
 - Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
 - Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid frame due or scheduled date/times.

Product Reporting: None	Standard: 95%	95%	
Availability: Available	Notes:		
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OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop

Purpose:

Evaluates the percentage of coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed on time, focusing on cuts completed within one hour of the committed order due time and the percent that were started without CLEC approval.

Description:

- Includes all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-13A Measures the percentage of LSRs (CLEC orders) for all coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are started and completed on time. For coordinated loop cuts to be counted as "on time" in this measurement, the CLEC must agree to the start time, and Qwest must (1) receive verbal CLEC approval before starting the cut or lifting the loop, (2) complete the physical work and appropriate tests, (3) complete the Qwest portion of any associated LNP orders and (4) call the CLEC with completion information, all within one hour of the time interval defined by the committed order due time.
- OP-13B Measures the percentage of all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are actually started without CLEC approval.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated appointment time.
- The "committed order due time" is based on the number and type of loops involved in the cut and is calculated by adding the applicable time interval from the following list to the scheduled start time:
 - Analog unbundled loops:

1 to 16 lines:

1 Hour

17 to 24 lines:

2 Hours

25+ lines:

Proiect*

All other unbundled loops:

1 to 5 lines:

1 Hour

6 to 8 lines:

2 Hours

9 to 11 lines:

3 Hours

12 to 24 lines:

4 Hours

25+ lines:

Proiect*

*For <u>Projects</u> scheduled due dates and scheduled start times will be negotiated between CLEC and Qwest, but no committed order due time is established. Therefore, projects are not included in OP-13A (see exclusion below).

- "Stop" time is defined as when Qwest notifies the CLEC that the Qwest physical work and the
 appropriate tests have been successfully accomplished, including the Qwest portion of any
 coordinated LNP orders.
- Time intervals following the scheduled start time or during the cutover process associated with customer-caused delays are subtracted from the actual cutover duration.
- Where Qwest's records of completed coordinated cut transactions are missing evidence of CLEC approval of the cutover, the cut will be counted as a miss under both OP-13A and OP-13B.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for this measurement will be reported according to: OP-13A Cuts Completed On Time OP-13B Cuts Started Without CLEC Approval

OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop (continued)

Formula:

OP-13A = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts completed "On Time") ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100

OP-13B = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts whose actual start time occurs without CLEC approval) ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

Applicable to OP-13A:

• Loop cuts that involve CLEC-requested non-standard methodologies, processes, or timelines.

OP-13A & OP-13B:

- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID which are not otherwise designated to be "counted as a miss".
- Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled date/times.

· Projects involving 25 or more lines.

Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled	Standards:
Loops – Reported separately for: • Analog Loops • All Other Loops	OP-13A: AZ: 90 Percent or more All Other States: 95 Percent or more
	OP-13B: Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest's pending orders are late, focusing on the average number of days the pending orders are delayed past the Applicable Due Date, as of the end of the reporting period.

Description:

OP-15A – Measures the average number of <u>business days</u> that pending orders are delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for reasons attributed to Qwest.

- Includes all pending inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) for which the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest has been missed, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwestinitiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any. NOTE 1

OP-15B – Reports the number of pending orders measured in the numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: OP-15A – Average Business Days NOTE 2 OP-15B – Number of orders pending facilities
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, Qwest retail	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide

Formula:

- OP-15A = ∑[(Last Day of Reporting Period) (Applicable Due Date of Late Pending Order) (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Pending Orders Delayed for Qwest reasons as of the last day of Reporting Period)
- OP-15B = Count of pending orders measured in numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards: OP-15B = diagnostic only For OP-15A:
Resale	10101107.
Residential single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Business single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centrex	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centex 21	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Octilex 21	Diagnostic (Expectation: 1 anty with retain service)
PBX Trunk	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS0	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS1	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
(aggregate)	Diagnostis (Experience of the section)
Frame Relay	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
(UNE-P) (POTS)	Diagnosis (Expositation: Fairly Will Folding Colvido)
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex 21)
(UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform 	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex)
(UNE-P) (Centrex)	
Line Splitting	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest
, ,	DSL)
Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Feature Group D
	(aggregate)) (separately reported)
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with DS1 Private
	Line- Service)
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Private Line-
	Services above DS1 level)
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch)
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail ISDN BRI)
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with ISDN-BRI)
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL
ADOL qualified Loop	with dispatch)
Loop types of DS3 or higher bit rate	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS3 and
(aggregate)	higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail E911/911
	Trunks)
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs)	Diagnostic

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

Availability: Available	 Notes: According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval. For OP-15A, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well
	as for non-dispatched orders in the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other non-dispatched products and for all dispatched products under OP-15A, Saturday is not counted as a business day.
	3. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

OP-17 - Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders

Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of Qwest completing LNP telephone number porting, focusing on the degree to which porting occurs without implementing associated disconnects before the scheduled time/date.

Description:

OP-17A

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
 - Focuses on disconnects associated with timely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects or no requests for delays.
 - The scheduled time/date is defined as 11:59 p.m. on (1) the due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest or (2) the delayed disconnect date requested by the CLEC, where the CLEC submits a timely request for delay of disconnection.
 - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest.

OP-17B

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated
 with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the
 scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
 - Includes only disconnects associated with untimely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects.
 - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered "untimely" if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the current due date.
- Disconnects are defined as the removal of switch translations, including the 10-digit trigger.
- Disconnects that are implemented early, and thus counted as a "miss" under this measurement, are
 those that the CLEC identifies as such to Qwest via trouble reports, within four calendar days of the
 actual disconnect date, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the
 scheduled time.
- Includes all CLEC orders for LNP TNs completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide
and Individual CLEC	

Formula:

[(Total number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period – Number of TNs with qualifying trouble reports notifying Qwest that disconnection before the scheduled time has occurred) ÷ Total Number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period] x 100

OP-17 – Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders (continued)

Exclusions:

OP-17A only

• Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC has failed to submit timely requests to have disconnects held for later implementation.

OP-17A & B

- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique TNs, and Centrex 21).
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared, closed or due dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-17B only

• Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC did not submit its untimely requests by 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the LNP due date to have disconnects held for later implementation.

Product Reporting: LNP	Standards: OP-17A – 98.25% OP-17B – Diagnostic only, in light of its measuring only requests for delay of disconnect that are defined as untimely.
Availability: Available	Notes:

Maintenance and Repair

MR-2 - Calls Answered within 20 Seconds - Interconnect Repair Center

Purpose:			
Evaluates Customer access to Qwest's Interconnection and/or Retail Repair Center(s), focusing on			
the number of calls answered within 20 seconds.			
Description:			
Measures the percentage of Interconnection and/or Retail Repair Center calls answered within 20			
seconds of the first ring.			
• Includes all calls to the Interconnect Repair Center during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.			
• First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic Call Distributor).			
Answer is defined as when the call is first picked up by the Qwest agent.			
 Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as 			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Qwest Retail levels.	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.		
Formula:			
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100			
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Response Unit) is not counted.			
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity		
Availability:	Notes:		
Available			

MR-3 - Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports where the out-of-service trouble reports were cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 24 hours for out-of-service conditions).

Description:

Measures the percentage of out of service trouble reports, involving specified services, that are cleared within 24 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service that is out-of-service (i.e., unable to place or receive calls), subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC

and Qwest Retail

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

 Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving:

MR-3A Dispatches within MSAs;

MR-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-3C No dispatches.

 Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:

MR-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and

MR-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

results

[(Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 24 hours) ÷ (Total Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
 - Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
 - Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-3 - Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with appropriate retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Loops 	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability:	Notes:
Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-4 - All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports of all types (both out of service and service affecting) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 48 hours for service-affecting conditions).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports, for specified services, that are cleared within 48 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons:

CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

 Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving:

MR-4A Dispatches within MSAs:

MR-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-4C No dispatches.

• Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:

MR-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and

MR-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas

Formula:

[(Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 48 hours) \div (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
ISA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with appropriate retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability:	Notes:
Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on all trouble reports of all types (including out of service and service affecting troubles) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 4 hours).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for specified services that are cleared within 4 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for listed products will be disaggregated according to trouble reports: MR-5A In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR-5B In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 4 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured using WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-5 - All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD 	IT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Line Services above DS1 level
Unbundled Loops:	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

MR-6 - Mean Time to Restore

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair, focusing how long it takes to restore services to proper operation.

Description:

Measures the time actually taken to clear trouble reports.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes customer direct reports, customer-relayed reports, and test assist reports that result in a trouble report.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

 Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving:

MR-6A Dispatches within MSAs;

MR-6B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-6C No dispatches.

 Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:

MR-6D In <u>Interval Zone 1</u> areas; and MR-6E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

 \sum [(Date & Time Trouble Report Cleared) – (Date & Time Trouble Report Opened)] ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-6 - Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with like retail service
(UNE-P) (POTS)	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
- Line onaing	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
Oub-Eoop Oribunding	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
(aggregate)	l anty with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (U	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
ODIT - Above Dot level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

MR-6 – Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order
·	the product, in any quantity, for three
·	consecutive months.

MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate

Purpose:

Evaluates the accuracy of repair actions, focusing on the number of repeated trouble reports received for the same line/circuit within a specified period (30 calendar days).

Measures the percentage of trouble reports that are repeated within 30 days on end user lines and circuits.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period that have a repeated trouble report received within thirty (30) days of the initial trouble report for the samé service (regardless of whether the report is about the same type of trouble for that service), subject to exclusions specified below.
- In determining same service Qwest will compare the end user telephone number or circuit access code of the initial trouble reports closed during the reporting period with reports received within 30 days of when the initial trouble report closed.
- Includes reports due to Qwest network or system causes, customer-direct and customer-relayed reports.
- The 30-day period applied in the numerator of the formula below is from the date and time that the initial trouble report is closed to the date and time that the next, or "repeat" trouble report is received (i.e., opened).

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to cover the 30-day period following the initial trouble report. Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Reporting Comparisons: Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type CLEC Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving: aggregate. MR-7A Dispatches within MSAs: individual MR-7B Dispatches outside MSAs; and CLEC and MR-7C No dispatches. Owest Retail Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type" results Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:

Formula:

[(Total trouble reports closed within the reporting period that had a repeated trouble report received within 30 calendar days of when the initial trouble report closed) ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports Closed in the reporting period)] x 100

MR-7D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR-7E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous - Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.

MR-7 - Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.	
 Records with invalid cleared of closed dates. Records with invalid product codes. 	
 Records missing data essential to the calculation 	on of the measurement per the PID
Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	Otanida do.
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with like retail service
(UNE-P) (POTS)Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with retail Centrex 21
(UNE-P) (Centrex 21)Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-	Parity with retail Centrex
P) (Centrex)	
Line Splitting	Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	AZ & CO: Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
	All Other States: Diagnostic Comparison with Qwest Retail DSL
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with Retail ISDN-BRI
• Gub-Loop Gribanding	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD)	<u> </u>
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	V. Table
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
ADOL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
I OOD tynge of i is a and hidner hit-ratee	I I WILLY THE FOLIAN DOO WHA HIGHER DIE IMO I HVALC
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	_
(aggregate) Dark Fiber – Loop	Line services (aggregate) Diagnostic

MR-7 - Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) 	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) 	Diagnostic
Availability: Targeted availability with July 2004 results reported in September 2004	Notes: 1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

MR-8 - Trouble Rate

Purpose:

Evaluates the overall rate of trouble reports as a percentage of the total installed base of the service or element.

Description:

Measures trouble reports by product and compares them to the number of lines in service.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below
- Includes all applicable trouble reports, including those that are out of service and those that are only service-affecting.

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Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	

Formula:

[(Total number of trouble reports closed in the reporting period involving the specified service grouping) ÷ (Total number of the specified services that are in service in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
 Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous
 Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-8 - Trouble Rate (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Parity with Qwest DSL service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform 	Parity with like retail service
(UNE-P) (POTS)	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform(UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
Ellio Chamig	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
,	All Other States: Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD 	DIT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
(aggregate)	(aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) 	Diagnostic

MR-8 – Trouble Rate (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order
	the product, in any quantity, for three
	consecutive months.

MR-9 - Repair Appointments Met

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest repairs services for Customers by the appointment date and time.

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for which the appointment date and time is met.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting
Comparisons: CLEC
aggregate, individual
CLEC and Qwest Retail
results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Results for listed services will be disaggregated and reported

according to trouble reports involving: MR-9A Dispatches within MSAs;

MR-9B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-9C No dispatches.

Formula:

[(Total Trouble Reports Cleared by appointment date and time) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
 Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous
 Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time by using the rescheduled appointment time to determine if the repair appointment is met.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standard: Parity
Resale:	
Residential single line service	
Business single line service	
Centrex	
Centrex 21	
PBX Trunks	
Basic ISDN	
Unbundled Elements – Platform (UNE-P)	
(POTS)	
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

MR-10 - Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent that trouble reports were customer related, and provides diagnostic information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the core maintenance and repair performance indicators.

Description:

Measures the percentage of all trouble reports that are attributed to the customer as a percentage of all trouble reports resolved during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Includes trouble reports closed during the reporting period coded as follows:

- For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant, Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider) and trouble reports involving a "no access" delay for MSA type disaggregated products.
- For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports coded to disposition codes specified above) + (Total Number of Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.

MR-10 Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Diagnostic
Business single line service	Diagnostic
Centrex	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Diagnostic
Resale	
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic
DS0	Diagnostic
DS1	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic
Frame Relay	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD)	IT)
UDIT - DS1 level	Diagnostic
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic
xDSL-I capable Loop	Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic
. ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:

MR-11 - LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of clearing LNP trouble reports, focusing on the degree to which residence and business, disconnect-related, out-of-service trouble reports are cleared within four business hours and all LNP-related trouble reports are cleared within 48 hours.

Description:

- MR-11A: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only (i.e., not unbundled-loop), residence and business, out-of-service trouble reports that are cleared within four business hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.
 - Includes only trouble reports that are received on or before the currently-scheduled due date
 of the actual LNP-related disconnect time/date, or the next <u>business day</u>, that are confirmed
 to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time, and that are closed
 during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- MR-11B: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only trouble reports that are cleared within 48 hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.
 - Includes all LNP-only trouble reports, received within four calendar days of the actual LNP-related disconnect date and closed during the reporting period.
- The "currently-scheduled due date/time" is the original due date/time established by Qwest in response to CLEC/customer request for disconnection of service ported via LNP or, if CLEC submits to Qwest a timely or untimely request for delay of disconnection, it is the CLEC/customer-requested later date/time.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date that Qwest has on record at the time of the request.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered untimely if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the due date
- Time measured is from the date and time Qwest receives the trouble report to the date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (all are "non-dispatched").

Formula:

- MR-11A = [(Number of specified out-of-service LNP-only Trouble Reports, for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects, that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period and cleared within four business hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified out of service LNP-only Trouble Reports for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period)] x 100
- MR-11B = [(Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that were cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

MR-11 - LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

- Trouble reports attributed to customer or non-Qwest reasons
- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- Subsequent trouble reports of LNP trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- For MR-11B only: Trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Hecords missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.		
Hecords missing data ess Product Reporting: LNP	 Standards: MR-11A: If OP-17 result meets its standard, the MR-11A standard is Diagnostic. If OP-17 result does not meet its standard, the MR-11A standard is as follows:	
	results for Retail Residence and Business * Based on MR-11A denominator. ** Based on MR-11B denominator.	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Billing

BI-1 – Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest provides recorded daily usage records to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the average time interval from date of recorded daily usage to date usage records are transmitted or made available to CLECs as applicable.

- BI-1A Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access, NOTE 1 local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.
- BI-1B Measures the percent of recorded daily usage for Jointly provided switched access provided within four days. This includes usage created by the CLEC and Qwest or IXC providing access, usually via 2-way Feature Group X trunk groups for Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, Phone to Phone IP Telephony, 8XX access, and 900 access and their successors or similar Switched Access services.
- BI-1C Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows:
 - BI-1C-1 Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access, NOTE 1 subject to exclusions specified below.
 - BI-1C-2 Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month

BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Average Business Days
BI-1B: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results

Unit of Measure:
BI-1A, BI-1C-2: Average Business Days
BI-1B: Percent

Disaggregation Reporting: State level.

Formula:

- BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2 (for specified products & records) = ∑(Date Record Transmitted or made available Date Usage Recorded) ÷ (Total number of records)
- BI-1B = [(# of daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access sent within four days) ÷ (Total daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access in the report period)] x 100

- Instances where the CLEC requests other than daily usage transmission or availability.
- Duplicate records.

Product Reporting: UNEs and Resale Jointly-provided Switched Access	Standards: BI-1A: Parity with Qwest retail. BI-1B: 95% within 4 business days BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Diagnostic Comparison with the Qwest Retail results used in standard for BI-1A
Availability: Available	Notes: 1. "Feature group switched access" includes all type 110XXX detail records for Feature Groups A, B, C, and D.

BI-2 - Invoices Delivered within 10 Days

Purpose:		
Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest delivers industry standard electronically transmitted bills to		
CLECs, focusing on the percent delivered within ten calendar days.		
Description:		
Measures the percentage of invoices that are delive	ered within ten days, based on the number of days	
between the bill date and bill delivery.		
	insmitted invoices for local exchange services and	
toll, subject to exclusions specified below.		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
•	·	
Reporting Comparisons: Combined Qwest	Disaggregation Reporting: State level	
Retail/CLEC results (Parity by design)		
Formula:		
	to Rill Date is ten calendar days or less) - (Total	
[(Count of Invoices for which Bill Transmission Date to Bill Date is ten calendar days or less) ÷ (Total Number of Invoices)] x 100		
Number of invoices)] x 100		
Fralsa		
Exclusions:		
Bills transmitted via paper, magnetic tape, CD-ROM, diskette.		
 Records with missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. 		
Product Reporting: Standard:		
 UNEs and Resale 	Parity by design.	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		
	•	

BI-3 – Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors

Purpose:

Evaluates the accuracy with which Qwest bills CLECs, focusing on the percentage of billed revenue adjusted due to errors.

Description:

Measures the billed revenue minus amounts adjusted off bills due to errors, as a percentage of total billed revenue.

- Both the billed revenue and amounts adjusted off bills due to error are calculated from bills rendered in the reporting period.
- "Amounts adjusted off bills due to errors" is the sum of all bill adjustments made in the reporting
 period that involve, either in part or in total, adjustment codes related to billing errors. (Each
 adjustment thus qualifying is added to the sum in its entirety.)

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: State level.

Formula:

[Σ (Total Billed Revenue Billed in Reporting Period - Amounts Adjusted Off Bills Due to Errors) \div (Total Billed Revenue billed in Reporting Period)] x 100

- BI-3A UNEs and Resale None
- BI-3B Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use Billing adjustments as a result of CLEC-caused errors in return of minutes of use

 Product Reporting: BI-3A - UNEs and Resale BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) 	Standards: BI-3A – UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest retail bills. BI-3B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) – 95%
Availability: Available	Notes:

BI-4 - Billing Completeness

Purpose:

- UNEs and Resale Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills.
- Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects the revenue for Local Minutes of Use associated with CLEC local traffic over Qwest's network on the bills.

Description:

BI-4A – UNEs and Resale: Measures the percentage of non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders appear on the correct bill.*

BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): Measures the percentage of revenue associated with local minutes of use appearing on the correct (current) bill.*

* Correct bill = next available bill

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

- BI-4A UNEs and Resale = [∑(Count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills that are billed on the correct bill + total count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders billed on the bill)] x 100
- BI-4B Reciprocal Compensation MOU = $[\Sigma(\text{Revenue for Local Minutes of Use billed on the correct*}]$ bill ÷ Total revenue for Local Minutes of Use collected during the month) x 100

Exclusions: None	
Product Reporting:UNEs and ResaleReciprocal Compensation (MOU)	Standards: BI-4A - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest Retail bills. BI-4B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): 95%
Availability: Available	Notes:

Database Updates

DB-1 – Time to Update Databases

Purpose:

Evaluates the time required for updates to the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.

Description:

- Measures the average time required to update the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.
- Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting period.
- For DB-1A the time to update the E911 database is provided by the third party vendor that performs the update. The elapsed time is captured automatically by the database system. There are no "individual E911 database update records" provided with which to measure the database update process.
- The numerator of DB-1A is calculated by multiplying the vendor-calculated results (Average Minutes in Process Time) by the denominator (Count of records Processed). This method produces a result from the vendor data that is the same as that which would be produced by totalling the update times from individual E911 database update records.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
	E911 – Hrs: Mins.
	LIDB & Directory Listings – Seconds
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:
DB-1A - E911: Combined results for Qwest Retail	DB-1A: E911 for Qwest Retail and Reseller
and Reseller CLEC Aggregate;	CLEC-State level
DB-1B - LIDB: Combined results for all Qwest	DB-1B: LIDB for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC
Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC	and Facilities Based CLEC - Multi
updates;	state region-wide level
DB-1C-1 - Listings: Combined results for all	DB-1C-1: Listings for all Provider types including
Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller	Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and
CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and	Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and
Unknown Provider, Electronically Submitted,	Unknown Provider, Electronically
Electronically Processed updates. NOTE 1	Submitted, Electronically Processed-
	Sub-region applicable to state

Formula:

 Σ [(Date and Time of database update for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) – (Date and Time of submissions of data for entry into the database for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period)] \div Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period

Exclusion:

· Invalid start/stop dates/times.

DB-1 – Time to Update Databases (continued)

Product Reporting: Not applicable (Reported	d by database type)	Standards: DB-1A-E911: Parity by design DB-1B-LIDB: Parity by design DB-1C-1 - Listings: Parity by design	
Availability: Available	CLEC, Facilities	Notes: 1. Because they cannot be separated, results for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, Facilities-based CLECs, ILEC and Unknown Provider updates are reported combined within these disaggregations.	

DB-2 – Accurate Database Updates

Purpose: Evaluates the accuracy of database updates completed without errors in the reporting period. Description: Measures the percentage of database updates completed without errors in the reporting period. Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting period. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent **Reporting Comparisons:** Disaggregation Reporting: DB-2C-1 Listings - Combined results for all DB-2C-1, Listings for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and Facilities-Based CLEC Electronically Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities-Based CLEC Electronically Submitted. Submitted, Electronically Processed updates: Electronically Processed updates Statewide Formula: ITotal database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed without errors in the reporting period ÷ Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period] x 100 **Exclusions:** Invalid start/stop dates/times. **Product Reporting:** Standards: DB-2C-1 - Listings: Parity by design NOTE 1 Not applicable (Reported by database type) Availability: Notes: Available 1. Qwest retail and Reseller CLECs are parity by design. Because Facilities-based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed cannot be separated out from Reseller CLECs they are reported combined within this disaggregation.

Directory Assistance

DA-1 – Speed of Answer – Directory Assistance

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's Directory Assistance operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

Description:

Measures the average time following first ring until a call is first picked up by the Qwest agent/system to answer Directory Assistance calls.

- Includes all calls to Qwest directory assistance during the reporting period.
- Because a system (electronic voice) prompts for city, state, and listing requested before the actual
 operator comes on the line, the first ring is defined as when the voice response unit places the call
 into queue.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A
 count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count
 is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds
Reporting Comparisons: Results for Qwest and all CLECs are combined.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state
Formula: $\Sigma[(\text{Date and Time of Call Answer}) - (\text{Date and Time})$	e of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in t	he total number of calls answered by the center.
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design
Availability: Available	Notes:

Operator Services

OS-1 - Speed of Answer - Operator Services

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

Description:

Measures the time following first ring until a call is answered by the Qwest agent.

- Includes all calls to Qwest's operator services during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A
 count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count
 is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

counted as 10 seconds are offset by those cans	shorter than to seconds that are not counted.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds	
Reporting Comparisons: Qwest and all CLECs	Disaggregation Reporting:	
are aggregated in a single measure.	Sub-region applicable to state	
Formula:		
Σ [(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time	of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)	
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the	he total number of calls answered by the center.	
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		
•		

Network Performance

NI-1 - Trunk Blocking

Purpose:

Evaluates factors affecting completion of calls from Qwest end offices to CLEC end offices, compared with the completion of calls from Qwest end offices to other Qwest end offices, focusing on average busy-hour blocking percentages in interconnection or interoffice final trunks.

Description:

Measures the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection and interoffice final trunks.

• Includes blocking percentages on all direct final and alternate final interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that are in service during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	•

Unit of Measure: Percent Blockage

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, and Qwest Interoffice trunk blocking results.

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Reports the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection final trunks, reported by:

- NI-1A Interconnection (LIS) trunks to Qwest tandem offices, with TGSR-related exclusions applied as specified below;
- NI-1B LIS trunks to Qwest end offices, with TGSR-related exclusions applied as specified below;
- NI-1C LIS trunks to Qwest tandem offices, without TGSR-related exclusions;
- NI-1D LIS trunks to other Qwest end offices, without TGSR-related exclusions.

Formula:

 $\{[\sum (Blockage in Final Trunk Group of Specified Type)x(Number of Circuits in Trunk Group)] + (Total Number of Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Trunk Groups)\} x 100$

Explanation: Actual average percentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of trunk circuits blocking by the total number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured.

Exclusions:

For NI-1A and NI-1B only:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which:
 - A Trunk Group Service Request (TG\$R) NOTES 1 & 2 has been issued in the reporting period; or
 - CLECs do not submit, within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR:
 - a) Responsive ASRs (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons NOTE 3);
 - b) Trouble Reports; or
 - c) Notification of traffic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below).

For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and NI-1D:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in time to incorporate in the regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to:
 - Trunk group out-of-service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure circumstances;
 - The CLEC placing trunks in a "busy" condition;
 - Lack of interconnection facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely forecast to Qwest. (This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, due to <u>lack of facilities</u>, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month following facility availability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, whichever is sooner NOTE 4); or
 - Isolated incidences of blocking, about which Qwest provides notification to the CLEC, that (a) are not recurring or persistent (affecting the same trunk groups), (b) do not warrant corrective action by CLEC or Qwest, and (c) thus, do not require an actionable TGSR.

NI-1 – Trunk Blocking (Continued)

- Trunk groups recently activated that have not been in service for a full "20-high-day, busy hour" review period.
- Toll trunks, non-final trunks, and trunks that are not connected to the public switched network.
- · One-way trunks originating at CLEC end offices.
- Qwest official services trunks, local interoffice operator and directory assistance trunks, and local interoffice 911/E911 trunks.
- Records with invalid product codes.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:	,
LIS Trunks	Where NI-1A ≤ 1%:	1 %
	Where NI-1A > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to tandems
	Where NI-1B ≤ 1%:	1 %
	Where NI-1B > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to end offices
	NI-1C and NI-1D:	Diagnostic NOTE 5

Availability:

Available

Notes:

- 1. Qwest uses TGSRs to notify CLECs when trunk blocking exceeds standard thresholds or is determined to be persistent. To respond properly to TGSRs, a CLEC must (a) submit within 20 days ASRs to provide necessary trunk augmentations to avoid further blocking, (b) notify Qwest within 20 days that it is initiating a Trouble Report where Qwest traffic routing problems are causing the blocking referenced by the TGSR, or (c) notify Qwest that the CLEC will undertake its own re-routing of traffic within 20 days to alleviate the blocking.
- 2. The TGSR-related exclusion is applied in the month in which the TGSR is issued and in the month in which the above-specified 20-day response period ends. Thus, any trunk group excluded in one month will not be excluded in the next month, unless there is (a) a 20-day period following a TGSR ends in that month, (b) there is another TGSR applicable to the next month for the same trunk group or (c) an exception documented, in lieu of issuing a subsequent TGSR, where the CLEC's response to the previous TGSR indicated that, for its own reasons, it plans to take no action at any time to augment the trunk group.
- 3. CLEC delays are reflected by CLEC-initiated order supplements that move the due date
 - a) Qwest-initiated due date delays, including supplements made pursuant to Qwest requests to delay due dates, shall not be counted as CLEC delays in this measurement.
 - b) Qwest-initiated due date changes to earlier dates that the CLEC does not meet shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement unless the earlier dates were mutually agreed-upon.
 - c) CLEC delays (e.g., "customer not ready" in advance of a due date) that do not contribute to a Qwest-established due date being missed shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement.
- 4. The limitation on part (3) of this exclusion is intended to bound its applicability to a period of time that treats the unforecasted ASR as if it were, in effect, the first forecast for the facilities needed.
 - a) Given that forecast advance intervals are currently six months, this provision allows the exclusion to apply for no longer than that period of time.
 - b) Nevertheless, this limitation to the exclusion also recognizes that facilities may become available sooner and, if so, reduces the limitation accordingly. In that context, this limitation recognizes that, absent a CLEC forecast, Qwest still retains a responsibility to provide facilities for the ASR, although in a longer timeframe than for ASRs covered by forecasts. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.
 - c) This limitation may change depending on the outcome of separate workshops dealing with issues of interconnection forecasting.
- 5. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.

NP-1 - NXX Code Activation

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's NXX code activation prior to the LERG effective date or by the "revised" effective date, as set forth herein.

Description:

- NP-1A: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are actually loaded and tested prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date, subject to exclusions shown below.
- NP-1B: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are delayed beyond the LERG date or "revised" date due to Qwest-caused Interconnection facility delays, subject to exclusions shown below. Included among activations counted as a Qwest delay in this sub-measurement are cases in which "2-6 codes" NOTE 1 associated with the Qwest interconnection facilities are provided late by Qwest to the CLEC.
- Qwest must receive complete and accurate routing information required for code activation, which
 includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection trunk groups associated with the
 activation no less than 25 days prior to the LERG Due Date or Revised Due Date.
- The "revised" date, for purposes of this measurement, is a CLEC-initiated renegotiation of the activation effective date that is no less than 25 days after Qwest receives complete and accurate routing information required for code activation, which includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection trunk groups associated with the activation.
- The NXX code activation notice is provided by the LERG (Local Exchange Routing Guide) to Qwest.
- NXX code activation is defined as complete when all translations associated with the new NXX are complete by 11:59 p.m. of the day prior to the date identified in the LERG or the "revised" date (if different than the LERG date).
- The NXX code activation completion process includes testing, including calls to the test number when provided.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.
individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results.	·

Formula:

- NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date) + (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100
- NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or "revised" date affected by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period, including NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or the "revised" date due to Interconnection Facility Delays)] x 100

Exclusions:

NP-1A:

 NXX code activations completed after the LERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the installation of Qwest provided interconnection facilities associated with the activations.

NP-1A and NP-1B:

- NXX codes with LERG dates or "revised" dates resulting in loading intervals shorter than industry standard (currently 45 calendar days).
- NXX codes where QWEST received complete and accurate routing information required for code activations less than 25 days prior to the LERG due date or Revised due date.

NP-1 - NXX Code Activation (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards:
	NP-1A: Parity
	NP-1B: Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. "2-6 codes" are industry-standard designators for local interconnection trunk groups, consisting of 2 alpha letters and six numeric digits.
	 Only Qwest-provided interconnection facilities are noted in this exclusion, because delays related to facilities provided by CLECs or others are accounted for by revising the due date.

Collocation

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of collocation arrangements for CLECs, focusing on the average time to complete such arrangements.

Description:

Measures the interval between the Collocation Application Date and Qwest's completion of the collocation installation.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a <u>Ready for Service (RFS) date</u> by Qwest and completed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physicalline sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid
 application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest
 on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the
 weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications include conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- Completion of the collocation installation is the date on which the requested collocation arrangement is "Ready For Service" as defined in the Definition of Terms section herein.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established according to intervals specified in interconnection agreements. Where an interconnection agreement does not specify intervals, or where the CLEC requests, RFS dates are established as follows:
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also
 with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote
 in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC
 provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation
 Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also
 with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote
 in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC
 provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation
 Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready

 for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer
 calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest
 more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)

collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.

- Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major
 Infrastructure Modifications: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote)
 after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 days following the date
 equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure
 Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for,
 and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-1A, -1B, or -1C according to the interval criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled
- RFS dates may be extended beyond the above intervals for CLEC reasons, or for reasons beyond Qwest's control, but not for Qwest reasons.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-1A** Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 90 calendar days or less.
- **CP-1B** Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 91 to 120 calendar days.
- **CP-1C** Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 121 to 150 calendar days.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Calendar Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.

Formula: (for CP-1A, CP-1B and CP-1C)

 Σ [(Collocation Completion Date) – (Complete Application Date)] \div (Total Number of Collocations Completed in Reporting Period)

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)

- CP-1A: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals longer than 90 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1B: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 91 calendar days or longer than 120 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1C: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 121 calendar days or longer than 150 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.

 Cancelled or expired applications

Cancelled or expired applications.		
Product Reporting: None	Standards:	
	CP-1A: 90 calendar days	
	CP-1B: 120 calendar days	
	CP-1C: 150 calendar days	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	Notes: 1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).	

CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest completes collocation arrangements for CLECs within the standard intervals or intervals established in interconnection agreements.

Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation applications that are completed within standard intervals, including intervals set forth in interconnection agreements.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a Ready for Service Date RFS date by
 Qwest and that are completed within the reporting period, including those with CLEC-requested RFS dates
 longer than the standard interval and those with extended RFS dates negotiated with the CLEC (including
 supplemented collocation orders that extend the RFS date) subject to exclusions specified below.
 Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line
 sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid
 application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a
 weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the weekend or
 holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications are defined as conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- A collocation arrangement is counted as met under this measurement if its RFS date is met.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established as follows, except where interconnection agreements require different intervals, in which case the intervals specified in the interconnection agreements apply:
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical
 collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days
 in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for

CP-2 – Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:

- Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 calendar days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-2A, -2B, or -2C according to the criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty calendar days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-2A** Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC provides a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2B Non-Forecasted and Late Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2C All Collocations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and Collocations with intervals longer than 120 days: Measures all collocation installations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and collocations for which the RFS date is more than 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date.

Reporting Period: One month

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula: (for CP-2A, CP-2B and CP-2C)
[(Count of Collocations for which the RFS is met) ÷ (Total Number of Collocations Completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

- RFS dates missed for reasons beyond Qwest's control.
- · Cancelled or expired requests.

Product Reporting: None	Standards:	
	CP-2A 8	2B: 90%
-	CP-2C:	90%

CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

CP-3 – Collocation Feasibility Study Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of the Qwest sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC.

Description:

Measures average interval to respond to collocation-studies for feasibility of installation.

- Includes feasibility studies, for collocations of types specified herein that are completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NO
- Interval begins with the Collocation Application Date and ends with the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next business day following the weekend or holiday.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Calendar Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

Σ[(Date Feasibility Study provided to CLEC) – (Date Qwest receives CLEC request for Feasibility Study)] ÷ (Total Feasibility Studies Completed in the Reporting Period)

Exclusions:

• CLEC-caused delays of, or CLEC requests for feasibility study completions resulting in greater than ten calendar days from Collocation Application Date to scheduled feasibility study completion date.

Product Reporting: No	one Standard: 10 calendar days or less
Availability: Available	Notes: 1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first
	installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

CP-4 – Collocation Feasibility Study Commitments Met

Purpose:

Evaluates the degree that Qwest completes the sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC as committed.

Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation feasibility studies for installations that are completed within the Scheduled Interval

- The Scheduled Interval is ten calendar days from the Collocation Application Date or, if interconnection agreements call for different intervals, within intervals specified in the agreements, or if otherwise delayed by the CLEC, the interval resulting from the delay.
- Includes all feasibility studies for collocations of types specified herein, that are completed in the reporting period. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- Considers the interval from the Collocation Application Date to the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete
 application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by
 Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u>
 following the weekend or holiday.
- Subject to superceding terms in the CLEC's interconnection agreement, when a CLEC submits six
 (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, feasibility study intervals
 will be individually negotiated and the resulting intervals used instead of ten calendar days in this
 measurement.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC and individual CLEC results	aggregate	Disaggregation	n Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula: [(Total Applicable Collocation Fea applicable Collocation Feasibility			
Exclusions: None	,		
Product Reporting: None		Standard:	90 percent or more
Availability: Available	related. A defined at Non-centr collocatio either incl measurer such collo six month volumes	As additional types and offered, they we ral office-based ty an and field connectusion in this meal ments, after the te ocation types because of experience for	s measurement are central office s of central office collocation are vill be included in this measurement. These of collocation (such as remote ction points) will be considered for surement, or in new, separate erms, conditions, and processes for ome finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., rom first installations), and ordered in the ing (i.e., consistently more than two

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Application Date (and Time) – The date (and time) on which Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and accurate local service request (LSR) or access service request (ASR) or retail order, subject to the following:

- For the following types of requests/orders, the application date (and time) is the start of the next business day:
 - (1) LSRs and ASRs received after 3:00PM MT for Designed Services and Local Number Portability (except non-designed, flow-through LNP).
 - (2) Retail orders received after 3:00 PM local time for Designed Services.
 - (3) LSRs received after 7:00PM MT for POTS Resale (Residence and Business), Non-Design Resale Centrex, non-designed UNE-P, Unbundled Loops, and non-designed, flow-through LNP.
 - (4) Retail orders for comparable non-designed services cannot be received after closing time, so the cutoff time is essentially the business office closing time.
- For all types of orders that are received from Friday at 7:00 PM MT through Sunday, or on holidays, and do not flow through, the application date (and time) is the next, non-weekend business day.

Automatic Location Information (ALI) — The feature of E911 that displays at the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) the street address of the calling telephone number. This feature requires a data storage and retrieval system for translating telephone numbers to the associated address. ALI may include Emergency Service Number (ESN), street address, room or floor, and names of the enforcement, fire and medical agencies with jurisdictional responsibility for the address. The Management System (E911) database is used to update the Automatic E911 Location Information databases.

Bill Date – The date shown at the top of the bill, representing the date on which Qwest begins to close the bill.

Blocking – Condition on a telecommunications network where, due to a maintenance problem or an traffic volumes exceeding trunking capacity in a part of the network, some or all originating or terminating calls cannot reach their final destinations. Depending on the condition and the part of the network affected, the network may make subsequent attempts to complete the call or the call may be completely blocked. If the call is completely blocked, the calling party will have to re-initiate the call attempt.

Business Day – Workdays that Qwest is normally open for business. Business Day = Monday through Friday, excluding weekends and Qwest published Holidays including New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. Individual measurement definitions may modify (typically expanding) this definition as described in the Notes section of the measurement definition.

Cleared Trouble Report – A trouble report for which the trouble has been cleared, meaning the customer is "back in service".

Closed Trouble Report – A trouble report that has been closed out from a maintenance center perspective, meaning the ticket is closed in the trouble reporting system following repair of the trouble.

Code Activation (Opening) – Process by which new NPA/NXXs (area code/prefix) is defined, through software translations to network databases and switches, in telephone networks. Code activation (openings) allow for new groups of telephone numbers (usually in blocks of 10,000) to be made available for assignment to an ILEC's or CLEC's customers, and for calls to those numbers to be passed between carriers.

Common Channel Signaling System 7 (CCSS7) – A network architecture used to for the exchange of signaling information between telecommunications nodes and networks on an out-of-band basis. Information exchanged provides for call set-up and supports services and features such as CLASS and database query and response.

Common Transport – Trunk groups between tandem and end office switches that are shared by more than one carrier, often including the traffic of both the ILEC and several CLECs.

Completion – The time in the order process when the service has been provisioned and service is available.

DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)

Completion Notice – A notification the ILEC provides to the CLEC to inform the CLEC that the requested service order activity is complete.

Coordinated Customer Conversion -- Orders that have a due date negotiated between the ILEC, the CLEC, and the customer so that work activities can be performed on a coordinated basis under the direction of the receiving carrier.

Customer Requested Due Date – A specific due date requested by the customer which is either shorter or longer than the standard interval or the interval offered by the ILEC.

Customer Trouble Reports – A report that the carrier providing the underlying service opens when notified that a customer has a problem with their service. Once resolved, the disposition of the trouble is changed to closed.

Dedicated Transport – A network facility reserved to the exclusive use of a single customer, carrier or pair of carriers used to exchange switched or special, local exchange, or exchange access traffic.

Delayed Order - An order which has been completed after the scheduled due date and/or time.

Directory Assistance Database – A database that contains subscriber records used to provide live or automated operator-assisted directory assistance. Including 411, 555-1212, NPA-555-1212.

Directory Listings – Subscriber information used for DA and/or telephone directory publishing, including name and telephone number, and optionally, the customer's address.

DS-0 – Digital Service Level 0. Service provided at a digital signal speed commonly at 64 kbps, but occasionally at 56 kbps.

DS-1 - Digital Service Level 1. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 1.544 Mbps.

DS-3 - Digital Service Level 3. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 44.736 Mbps.

Due Date – The date provided on the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) the ILEC sends the CLEC identifying the planned completion date for the order.

End Office Switch – A switch from which an end users' exchange services are directly connected and offered.

Final Trunk Groups – Interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that do not overflow traffic to other trunk groups when busy.

Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) – Notice the ILEC sends to the CLEC to notify the CLEC that it has received the CLECs service request, created a service order, and assigned it a due date.

Flow-Through –The term used to describe whether a LSR electronically is passed from the OSS interface system to the ILEC legacy system to automatically create a service order. LSRs that do not flow through require manual intervention for the service order to be created in the ILEC legacy system.

Interval Zone 1/Zone 2 – Interval Zone 1 areas are wire centers for which Qwest specifies shorter standard service intervals than for Interval Zone 2 areas.

Installation – The activity performed to activate a service.

Installation Troubles – A trouble, which is identified after service order activity and installation, has completed on a customer's line. It is likely attributable to the service activity (within a defined time period).

Interconnection Trunks – A network facility that is used to interconnect two switches generally of different local exchange carriers

Inward Activity – Refers to all orders for new or additional lines/circuits. For change order types, additional lines/circuits consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action coded line/circuit USOCs that represent new or additional lines/circuits, including conversions from retail to CLEC and CLEC to CLEC.

Jeopardy – A condition experienced in the service provisioning process which results potentially in the inability of a carrier to meet the committed due date on a service order

Jeopardy Notice – The actual notice that the ILEC sends to the CLEC when a jeopardy has been identified.

Lack of Facilities – A shortage of cable facilities identified after a due date has been committed to a customer, including the CLEC. The facilities shortage may be identified during the inventory assignment process or during the service installation process, and typically triggers a jeopardy.

Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) – A Bellcore master file that is used by the telecom industry to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information, as well as network element and equipment designations. The file also includes scheduled network changes associated with activity within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP).

Local Exchange Traffic – Traffic originated on the network of a LEC in a local calling area that terminates to another LEC in a local calling area.

DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)

Local Number Portability (formerly defined under Permanent Number Portability and also known as – Long Term Number Portability) – A network technology which allows end user customers to retain their telephone number when moving their service between local service providers. This technology does not employ remote call forwarding, but actually allows the customer's telephone number to be moved and redefined in the network of the new service provider. The activity to move the telephone number is called "porting."

Local Service Request (LSR) – Transaction sent from the CLEC to the ILEC to order services or to request a change(s) be made to existing services.

MSA/Non-MSA – Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with a population of 50,000 or greater. Non-Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with population of less than 50,000. Qwest depicts MSA Non-MSA based on NPA NXX. Where a wire center is predominantly within an MSA, all lines are counted within the MSA.

Mechanized Bill – A bill that is delivered via electronic transmission.

NXX, NXX Code or Central Office Code – The three digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.

Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS) – Refers to basic 2-wire, non-complex analog residential and business services. Can include feature capabilities (e.g., CLASS features).

Projects – Service requests that exceed the line size and/or level of complexity which would allow for the use of standard ordering and provisioning processes. Generally, due dates for projects are negotiated, coordination of service installations/changes is required and automated provisioning may not be practical.

Query Types – Pre-ordering information that is available to a CLEC that is categorized according to standards issued by OBF and/or the FCC.

Ready For Service (RFS) – The status achieved in the installation of a collocation arrangement when all "operational" work has been completed. Operational work consists of the following as applicable to the particular type of collocation:

- Cage enclosure complete;
- DC power is active (including fuses available, BDFB [Battery Distribution Fuse Board] in place, and cables between the CLEC and power terminated);
- Primary AC outlet in place:
- Cable racking and circuit terminations are complete (e.g. fiber jumpers placed between the Outside Plant Fiber Distribution Panel and the Central Office Fiber Distribution Panel serving the CLEC). and
- The following items complete, subject to the CLEC having made required payments to Qwest (e.g., final payment): (If the required CLEC payments have not been made, the following items are not required for RFS):
 - Key turnover made available to CLEC.
 - APOT/CFA complete, as defined/required in the CLEC's interconnection agreement and
 - Basic telephone service and other services and facilities complete, if ordered by CLEC in time to be provided on the scheduled RFS date (per Qwest's published standard installation intervals for such telephone service).

Ready for Service Date (RFS date) – The due date assigned to a collocation order (typically determined by regulatory rulings, contract terms, or negotiations with CLEC) to indicate when collocation installation is scheduled to be ready for service, as defined above.

Reject – A status that can occur to a CLEC submitted local service request (LSR) when it does not meet certain criteria. There are two types of rejects: (1) syntax, which occur if required fields are not included in the LSR; and (2) content, which occur if invalid data is provided in a field. A rejected service request must be corrected and re-submitted before provisioning can begin.

Repeat Report – Any trouble report that is a second (or greater) report on the same telephone number/circuit ID and at the same premises address within 30 days. The original report can be any category, including excluded reports, and can carry any disposition code.

Service Group Type – The designation used to identify a category of similar services, .e.g., UNE loops.

Service Order – The work order created and distributed in ILECs systems and to ILEC work groups in response to a complete, valid local service request.

DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)

Service Order Type – The designation used to identify the major types of provisioning activities associated with a local service request.

Standard Interval – The interval that the ILEC publishes as a guideline for establishing due dates for provisioning a service request. Typically, due dates will not be assigned with intervals shorter than the standard. These intervals are specified by service type and type of service modification requested. ILECs publish these standard intervals in documents used by their own service representatives as well as ordering instructions provided to CLECs in the Qwest Standard Interval Guidelines.

Subsequent Reports – A trouble report that is taken in relation to a previously-reported trouble prior to the date and time the initial report has a status of "closed."

Tandem Switch – Switch used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office switches.

Time to Restore – The time interval from the receipt, by the ILEC, of a trouble report on a customer's service to the time service is fully restored to the customer.

Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) – Combinations of network elements, including both new and conversions, involving POTS (i.e., basic services providing dial tone).

Unbundled Loop - The Unbundled Loop is a transmission path between a Qwest Central Office Distribution Frame, or equivalent, and the Loop Demarcation Point at an end user premises. Loop Demarcation Point is defined as the point where Qwest owned or controlled facilities cease, and CLEC, end user, owner or landlord ownership of facilities begins.

Usage Data – Data generated in network nodes to identify switched call data on a detailed or summarized basis. Usage data is used to create customer invoices for the calls.

GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS

<u>ACRONYM</u>	DESCRIPTION	
ACD	Automatic Call Distributor	
ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line	
ALI	Automatic Line Information (for 911/E911 systems)	
ASR	Service Request (processed via Exact system)	
BRI	Basic Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)	
CABS	Carrier Access Billing System	
CKT	Circuit	
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier	
CO	Central Office	
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment	
CRIS	Customer Record Information System	
CSR	Customer Service Record	
DA	Directory Assistance	
DB	Decibel	
DB	Database	
DS0	Digital Service 0	
DS1	Digital Service 1	
DS3	Digital Service 3	
E911 MS	E911 Management System	
EAS	Extended Area Service	
EB-TA	Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration	
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange	
EELS	Enhanced Extended Loops	
ES	Emergency Services (for 911/E911)	
FOC	Firm Order Confirmation	
GUI	Graphical User Interface	
HDSL	High-Bit-Rate Digital Subscriber Line	
HICAP	High Capacity Digital Service	
IEC	Interexchange Carrier	
ILEC	Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier	
INP	Interim Number Portability	
IOF	Interoffice Facilities (refers to trunk facilities located between	
	Qwest central offices)	
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network	
IMA	Interconnect Mediated Access	
LATA	Local Access Transport Area	
LERG	Local Exchange Routing Guide	
LIDB	Line Identification Database	
LIS	Local Interconnection Service Trunks	
LNP	Long Term Number Portability	
LSR	Local Service Request	
N, T, C	Service Order Types N (new), T (to or transfer), C	
.,,,,	(change)	
NANP	North American Numbering Plan	
NDM	Network Data Mover	
NPAC	Number Portability Administration Center	
NXX	Telephone number prefix	
OBF	Ordering and Billing Forum	

GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS (continued)

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION
oos	Out of service (type of trouble condition)
OSS	Operations Support Systems
PBX	Private Branch Exchange
PON	Purchase Order Number
POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service
PRI	Primary Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)
RFS	Ready for Service (refers to collocation installations)
SIA	SAAFE (Strategic Application Architecture Framework and
	Environment) Information Access
SOP	Service Order Processor
SOT	Service Order Type
SS7	Signaling System 7
STP	Signaling Transfer Point
TN	Telephone Number
UDIT	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport
UNE	Unbundled Network Element
UNE-P	Unbundled Network Element – Platform
VRU	Voice Response Unit
WFA	Work Force Administration
XDSL	(x) Digital Subscriber Line. (The "x" prefix refers to DSL generically. An "x" replaced by an "A" refers to Asymmetric DSL, and by an "H" refers to High-bit-rate DSL.)

APPENDIX A

PO-20 Feature Detail Fields

Feature Detail

Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21):

CFN

Validate the call forwarding TN

CFNB

Validate the call forwarding TN

CFND

Validate the call forwarding TN

RCYC

FID associated with a call forwarding don't answer USOC that determines how many rings before the call forwards to the TN provided with the CFN or CFND FIDs.

HLN (HLA Hot Line)

FID associated with the USOC HLA (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The Hot Line feature call forwards automatically to a pre-programmed number. This TN is provided following the HLN FID. The data provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the HLN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the TN provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order.

LINK (HME CALL FORWARDING TO CELLULAR)

FID associated with the USOC HME (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The HME feature call forwards a call from the landline telephone number to a cellular telephone number. The LINK FID, along with the PCS telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR, will be validated against the LINK FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the telephone number provided on the LSR matches the telephone number on the service order.

DES on DID MBB

If the CLEC requests a DID voice mailbox the DID number will follow the FID DES on the LSR in the Feature Detail section and on the service order. The DES FID along with the DID telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the DES FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the DID telephone number provided on the matches the telephone number on the service order.

TN on Custom Ring USOC (RGG1A etc.)

We currently have 9 custom ring USOCs on our PO-20 USOC list. Along with the custom ring USOC is the TN FID. The TN FID along with the custom ring telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the TN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the custom ring telephone provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order. (The validation would only apply if the USOC and FID were present in the Feature Detail section of the LSR.)

CAS (If provided on LSR for SEA)

Call Screening Code Assignment is a FID associated with the selective class of call feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the CAS FID is a two-digit number that indicates what type of screening is being requested. The CAS FID along with a two-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit number matches the two-digit number provided on the LSR.

WW (if provided on LSR for TFM)

Working With is a FID associated with the transfer mailbox feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the WW FID is a ten-digit number that indicates where the voice mailbox is located. The WW FID along with the ten-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit number matches the ten-digit number provided on the LSR.

MBOA (if provided on LSR for VFN)

Mailbox out-dial notification is a FID associated with the message notification feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the MBOA FID is a two-digit alphanumeric combination that indicates where the notification will be sent (i.e., identifies pager type.) The MBOA FID along with the two-digit alphanumeric combination is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit alphanumeric matches the two-digit alphanumeric provided on the LSR.

DES on VGT (if provided on LSR)

Description is a FID associated with the scheduled greeting feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the DES FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the DID mailbox number. The DES FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

WLT (WLS Warm Line)

Warm line timeout is a FID associated with the warm line feature. Along with the WLT FID is a one or two numeric value that indicates the number of seconds that must elapse before the DMS-100 switch sets up the connection for a warm line service number. The WLT FID along with the one or two numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one or two numeric value matches the one or two numeric value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with WFA (800 service line feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

SIT (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special identifying telephone number is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the SIT FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the 800, 888, 877, or 866 service line feature. The SIT FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

SIS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special Identifying Telephone Number Supplemental is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. The SIS FID along with a one-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one-digit number matches the one-digit number provided on the LSR.

ELN (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 Service listed name is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELN FID is a listed name, which follows the format of a business name. The ELN FID along with the name is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the name matches the name provided on the LSR.

ELA (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 listed address is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELA FID is an address, which follows the format of a listed address plus LATA, State, and ZIP code. The ELA FID along with the address is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the address matches the address provided on the LSR.

AOS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Area of service is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the AOS FID are one to two alphanumeric characters and three numeric characters which represents LATA and AC of the address. The AOS FID along with the additional characters are provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the additional characters match the additional characters provided on the LSR.

ALC (if provided on LSR for WFA)

IntraLATA carrier is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. It indicates the IntraLATA carrier for the 800 service. Along with the ALC FID is the three-digit code (OTC) for the IntraLATA carrier. The ALC FID along with the three-digit code is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the three-digit code matches the three-digit code provided on the LSR.

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FIDs associated with SO3, SO5, SFB, C2TAX (Electronic Business Set USOCs which are on our USOC list to validate):

KEY (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Key Designation (KEY number) is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the KEY FID is a numeric value that indicates the key designated for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the numeric value matches the numeric value provided on the LSR.

MADN (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Multiple Appearance Directory Number Call Arrangement is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the MADN FID is a set of alpha values that indicate the type, appearance and ring status desired for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the alpha values is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha values match the alpha values provided on the LSR.

ROL (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Ring On Line is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the ROL FID is an alpha value that indicates if the line will ring (Y or N). The ROL FID along with the alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha value matches the alpha value provided on the LSR.

TTYD (If provided on LSR for C2TAX)

Terminal Type is a FID associated with the adjunct module feature. Along with the TTYD FID is a 4 character alpha value based on customer equipment. The TTYD FID along with the 4 character alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 4 character alpha value matches the 4 character alpha value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with E3PPK (CALL PICK-UP feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

CPG (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup Group is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPG FID is a 1-3 digit numeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPG FID along with the 1-3 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 1-3 digit numeric value matches the 1-3 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

CPUO (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Originating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUO FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUO FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

CPUT (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Terminating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUT FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUT FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with GVJ, EZJ, GVZ, GV2, EVH, GVV (Speed Call feature USOCs that are on our USOC list to validate):

SCG (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Call Group is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCG FID is a 7 digit numeric value that identifies the controller of the group. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 7 digit numeric value matches 7 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

CSL (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Change Speed Calling Group List is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the CSL FID is a 2 digit numeric value that identifies the size of the group list. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 2 digit numeric value matches 2 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

SCF (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Calling Feature Name is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCF FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the controller of the shared list. The SCF FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.