## FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 11/30/2022

Form 556 Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

·146 Alpine Dr							
1c City		1d State/prov	ince				
Green Bay		Wi					
<b>1e Postal code</b> 54302	1f Country (if not United States)		<b>1g</b> Telephone number 920 393 4131				
1h Has the instant fa	cility ever previously been certified as a C	⊋F? Yes ∑ ſ	No				
1i If yes, provide the	docket number of the last known QF filin	g pertaining to t	his facility: QF15 - 1025 - 001				
1j Under which cert	fication process is the applicant making t	his filing?					
Notice of self-c	ertification	Application for Co	ommission certification (requires filing e" section on page 2)				
QF status. A not notice of self-ce	Note: a notice of self-certification is a notice by the applicant itself that its facility complies with the requirements for QF status. A notice of self-certification does not establish a proceeding, and the Commission does not review a notice of self-certification to verify compliance. See the "What to Expect From the Commission After You File" section on page 4 for more information.						
1k What type(s) of QF status is the applicant seeking for its facility? (check all that apply)							
X Qualifying small power production facility status Qualifying cogeneration facility status							
11 What is the purpose and expected effective date(s) of this filing?							
Original certification; facility expected to be installed by and to begin operation on							
	$\times$ Change(s) to a previously certified facility to be effective on $\frac{10/24/23}{10/24/23}$ (identify type(s) of change(s) below, and describe change(s) in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24)						
• • •	Name change and/or other administrative change(s)  Name change and/or other administrative change(s)						
☐ Change in c	☐ Change in ownership						
⊠ Change(s) a	ffecting plant equipment, fuel use, power	production capa	acity and/or cogeneration thermal outp				
Supplement o	r correction to a previous filing submitted	on					
	(describe the supplement or correction in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24)						
1m If any of the following three statements is true, check the box(es) that describe your situation and complete the form to the extent possible, explaining any special circumstances in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24.							
🗀 previously gr	cility complies with the Commission's QF anted by the Commission in an order date Miscellaneous section starting on page 24	ed	virtue of a waiver of certain regulations (specify any other relevant waiver				
	cility would comply with the Commission with this application is granted	ı's QF requiremer	nts if a petition for waiver submitted				
employment	cility complies with the Commission's reg of unique or innovative technologies not ration of compliance via this form difficult	contemplated by	y the structure of this form, that make				

FERC Form 556 Page 7 - All Facilities

	2a Name of contact person			<b>2b</b> Telephone number			
	Thomas Mattson			920 393 4131			
	2c Which of the following describes	the contact person's relation	ship to the app	olicant? (check one)			
_	Applicant (self)	oyee, owner or partner of app	licant authori	zed to represent the applicant			
on	Employee of a company affiliated with the applicant authorized to represent the applicant on this matter						
ıati	Lawyer, consultant, or other representative authorized to represent the applicant on this matter						
ıform	2d Company or organization name	(if applicant is an individual, o	heck here and	skip to line 2e) 🔀			
Contact Information	2e Street address (if same as Applic	<b>2e</b> Street address (if same as Applicant, check here and skip to line 3a) ☑					
Col	2f City	2	g State/provi	nce			
	<b>2h</b> Postal code	2i Country (if not United Sta	ites)				
_	3a Facility name	•			1		
ö	Colome Al						
ocat	<b>3b</b> Street address (if a street address does not exist for the facility, check here and skip to line 3c) ⊠						
Facility Identification and Location	places). Use the following formula to degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3	Geographic coordinates: Specify the latitude and longitude coordinates of the facility in degrees (to three decimal blaces). Use the following formula to convert to decimal degrees from degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3600). See the "Geographic Coordinates" section on page 5 for help.  Latitude 43.257 degrees North (+) Longitude 99.606 degrees West (-)					
<u> </u>	3d City (if unincorporated, check he	ere and enter nearest city)	<b>3e</b> State/pr	ovince			
≒	Colome		South D	Dakota			
Fac	3f County (or check here for independent city) Tripp  3g Country (if not United States)						
	Identify the electric utilities that are contemplated to transact with the facility.						
ities	4a Identify utility interconnecting with the facility  Rosebud Electric cooperative						
g Util	4b Identify utilities providing wheeling service or check here if none						
Transacting Utilities	, , , , ,	4c Identify utilities purchasing the useful electric power output or check here if none  Basin Electric Cooperative					
	Rosebud Electric coopera	ative					

FERC Form 556 Page 8 - All Facilities 5a Direct ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all direct owners of the facility holding at least 10 percent equity interest. For each identified owner, also (1) indicate whether that owner is an electric utility, as defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or a holding company, as defined in section 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)), and (2) for owners which are electric utilities or holding companies, provide the percentage of equity interest in the facility held by that owner. If no direct owners hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, then provide the required information for the two direct owners with the largest equity interest in the facility. Electric utility or If Yes, holding % equity Full legal names of direct owners company interest 1) Thomas James Mattson Yes No □ 100 % 2) No  $\square$ Yes 🗌 No 🗍 Yes 🗌 No 🗌 Yes No 🗀 No 🗔 Yes 🔲 Yes 🗍 No □ Yes 🦳 No 🗌 Operation Yes 🗍 No  $\square$ 10) Yes 🗍 No 🗀 Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 if additional space is needed Ownership and 5b Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all upstream (i.e., indirect) owners of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding companies, as defined in section 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also provide the percentage of equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream owners may be subsidiaries of one another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. % equity Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream owners interest 1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 8) 9) 10) Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 if additional space is needed **5c** Identify the facility operator

Prelude LLC

	6a	Describe t	the primary energy input: (c	heck one ma	ain c	ategory and, if applicabl	e, one subca	ategory)	
		Bioma	ss (specify)	⊠ R	enev	wable resources (specify)	☐ Ge	othermal	
			Landfill gas			Hydro power - river	☐ Fo	ssil fuel (spe	cify)
			Manure digester gas			Hydro power - tidal		☐ Coal (not	waste)
			Municipal solid waste			Hydro power - wave		☐ Fuel oil/o	liesel
			Sewage digester gas			Solar - photovoltaic		☐ Natural g	as (not waste)
			Wood			Solar - thermal	1	Other for	
			Other biomass (describe or	page 24)	$\boxtimes$	Wind	'	່ (describe	on page 24)
		☐ Waste	(specify type below in line	6b)		Other renewable resour (describe on page 24)	ce 🗌 Ot	her (describe	on page 24)
	6b	If you spe	cified "waste" as the primar	y energy inp	ut in	line 6a, indicate the type	e of waste fo	uel used: (ch	eck one)
		☐ Wast	te fuel listed in 18 C.F.R. § 29	92.202(b) (sp	ecify	one of the following)			
			Anthracite culm produced	d prior to Jul	y 23,	1985			
			Anthracite refuse that has ash content of 45 percent	an average or more	heat	content of 6,000 Btu or	ess per pou	nd and has a	n average
			Bituminous coal refuse th average ash content of 25				tu per poun	d or less and	l has an
put			Top or bottom subbitumi determined to be waste b (BLM) or that is located or the applicant shows that t	y the United non-Federa	l Stat Il or i	es Department of the Int non-Indian lands outside	erior's Bure of BLM's ju	au of Land N risdiction, pr	lanagement ovided that
Energy Input	Coal refuse produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be  BLM or that is located on non- Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, proposition applicant shows that the latter is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste						isdiction, pro		
H	Lignite produced in association with the production of montan wax and lignite that becomes as a result of such a mining operation						that becom	es exposed	
			Gaseous fuels (except nat	ural gas and	synt	hetic gas from coal) (des	cribe on pag	ge 24)	
			Waste natural gas from ga C.F.R. § 2.400 for waste na compliance with 18 C.F.R.	tural gas; ind					
			Materials that a governme	nt agency h	as ce	ertified for disposal by co	mbustion (d	describe on p	page 24)
			Heat from exothermic read	ctions (descr	ibe d	on page 24)	Residual h	eat (describ	e on page 24)
			Used rubber tires [	] Plastic ma	ateria	als 🔲 Refinery	off-gas	☐ Petr	oleum coke
		facilit	r waste energy input that h ty industry (describe in the of commercial value and ex	Miscellaneo	us se	ction starting on page 2	4; include a	discussion o	
	6с	energy inp	e average energy input, calo outs, and provide the relate ). For any oil or natural gas	d percentag	e of t	the total average annual	energy inpu	ut to the faci	
						average energy	Percenta	ge of total	
			Fuel Natural gas	inp	ut fo	or specified fuel	annual en	ergy input	1
			Oil-based fuels			0 Btu/h		0 %	
i			Coal			0 Btu/h		0 %	
			Coal			0 Btu/h		0 %	

Indicate the maximum gross and maximum net electric power production capacity of the facility at the point(s) of delivery by completing the worksheet below. Respond to all items. If any of the parasitic loads and/or losses identified in lines 7b through 7e are negligible, enter zero for those lines.

7a The maximum gross power production capacity at the terminals of the individual generator(s) under the most favorable anticipated design conditions	10,000 <b>kW</b>
7b Parasitic station power used at the facility to run equipment which is necessary and integral to the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings directly related to the operation of the power generating facility, etc.). If this facility includes non-power production processes (for instance, power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal host), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your reported parasitic station power.	
	0 kW
7c Electrical losses in interconnection transformers	
	100 kW
7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any	
	0 <b>kW</b>
<b>7e</b> Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility	o <b>kW</b>
	0 100
7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e	100.0 kW
<b>7g</b> Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f	
	9,900.U kW

7h Description of facility and primary components: Describe the facility and its operation. Identify all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar equipment, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility. Descriptions of components should include (as applicable) specifications of the nominal capacities for mechanical output, electrical output, or steam generation of the identified equipment. For each piece of equipment identified, clearly indicate how many pieces of that type of equipment are included in the plant, and which components are normally operating or normally in standby mode. Provide a description of how the components operate as a system. Applicants for cogeneration facilities do not need to describe operations of systems that are clearly depicted on and easily understandable from a cogeneration facility's attached mass and heat balance diagram; however, such applicants should provide any necessary description needed to understand the sequential operation of the facility depicted in their mass and heat balance diagram. If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24.

9900 KW net generating capacity. Four 5.6 MW nameplate wind turbines will be installed. The wind farm output will be collected at the wind farms own collection substation and stepped up to 32 KV and run 15 miles to the Rosebud Electric Cooperative Gregor Burke substation and stepped up to 115KV.

## Information Required for Small Power Production Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying small power production facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on this page. Otherwise, skip pages 11 through 15.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a), the power production capacity of any small power production facility, together with the power production capacity of any other small power production facilities that use the same energy resource, are owned by the same person(s) or its affiliates, and are located at the same site, may not exceed 80 megawatts. To demonstrate compliance with this size limitation, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this size limitation under the Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101-575, 104 Stat. 2834 (1990) as amended by Pub. L. 102-46, 105 Stat. 249 (1991)), respond to lines 8a through 8f below (as applicable).

### **Electric Generating Equipment**

Electrical generating equipment will refer to all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar panels, inverters, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility, excluding equipment for gathering energy to be used in the facility. Each wind turbine on a wind farm and each solar panel in a solar facility is considered electrical generating equipment because each wind turbine and each solar panel is independently capable of producing electric energy.

### Distance

The distance between two facilities is to be measured from the edge of the closest electrical generating equipment for which qualification or recertification is sought to the edge of the nearest electrical generating equipment of the other affiliated small power production qualifying facility using the same energy resource. An affiliated small power production QF located one mile or less from the instant facility is irrebuttably presumed to be at the same site. An affiliated small power production QF located more than one mile and less than 10 miles from the instant facility is rebuttably presumed to be at a separate site. An affiliated small power production QF located 10 miles or more from the instant facility is irrebuttably presumed to be located at a separate site.

8a Identify affiliated small power production QFs located less than 10 miles from the electrical generating equipment of the instant facility that use the same energy resource and are held (with at least a 5 percent equity interest) by any of the entities identified in lines 5a or 5b or their affiliates. Specify the latitude and longitude coordinates for both the applicant and the affiliate small power production QF based on the nearest electrical generating equipment for each facility. Report coordinates in degrees (to three decimal places) as a positive number for east and north or a negative number for west and south. Use the following formula to convert to decimal degrees from degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3600). See the "Geographic Coordinates" section on page 5 for help obtaining coordinates. The distances for each facility listed below will be automatically calculated from the reported coordinates. See <a href="www.ferc.gov/QF">www.ferc.gov/QF</a> for more information on how this form calculates distance.

Check here if no such facilities exist.

	Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)
	South Dakota	QF14 - 87	19,400 <b>kW</b>	Prelude LLC
1)	Coordinates (in degrees) and Dist		s facility:	
<u> </u> 	Latitude 43.218 North (+)	Longitude 99.	610 West (-)	
	Closest electrical generating equi	pment for affiliate's fa	acility:	Distance
	Latitude 43.196 North (+)	Longitude 99.	717 West (-)	a. 6 miles

8a Continued							
	Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)			
	South Dakota	<b>QF</b> 14 - 90	9,900 <b>kW</b>	Prelude LLC			
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distanc	ce (miles):					
2)	Closest electrical generating equipm	ent for applicant's	facility:				
	Latitude 43.225 North (+)	Longitude 99.6	610 West (-)				
	Closest electrical generating equipm	ent for affiliate's fa	cility:	Distance			
	Latitude 43.195 North (+)	Longitude 99.7		Distance 6.82 miles			
	Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common ourner(s)			
	South Dakota	QF14 - 99	14,650 kW	Common owner(s)  Prelude LLC			
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distanc						
3)	Closest electrical generating equipm		facility				
<i>J</i> ,	Latitude 43.225 North (+)	Longitude 99.6					
	Closest electrical generating equipm	<del>-,</del>	,	Distance			
	Latitude 43.331 North (+)	Longitude 99.7	29 West (-)	5.16 miles			
	Facility location	Root docket #	Maximum net power				
	(city or county, state)	(if any)	production capacity	Common owner(s)			
	South Dakota	<b>QF</b> 14 - 95	14,650 <b>kW</b>	Prelude LLC			
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distanc	e (miles):					
4)	Closest electrical generating equipm	ent for applicant's f					
	Latitude 43.225 North (+)	Longitude 99.6	10 West (-)				
	Closest electrical generating equipm	ent for affiliate's fac	cility:	Distance			
	Latitude 43.279 North (+)	Longitude 99.7	77 West (-)	9.2 miles			
	F the L						
	Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)			
		QF	kw				
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distanc	e (miles):					
5)	Closest electrical generating equipme	ent for applicant's f	acility:				
	Latitude Choose +/-	Longitude	Choose +/-				
	Closest electrical generating equipme	ent for affiliate's fac	ility:	Distance			
	Latitude Choose +/-	Longitude	Choose +/-	: Distance miles			
				. Ithes			

8a Continued						
	Facility location Root docket # Maximum net power (city or county, state) (if any) production capacity  QF - kW	Common owner(s)				
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distance (miles):					
6)	Closest electrical generating equipment for applicant's facility:					
·	Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-					
	Closest electrical generating equipment for affiliate's facility:					
	Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-	Distance miles				
	Latitude Choose 17 Longitude Choose 17	; Hules				
	Facility location Root docket # Maximum net power (city or county, state) (if any) production capacity	Common owner(s)				
	QF kW					
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distance (miles):					
7)	Closest electrical generating equipment for applicant's facility:					
	Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-					
	Closest electrical generating equipment for affiliate's facility:	Distance				
	Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-	0 miles				
	Facility location Root docket # Maximum net power	_				
	(city or county, state) (if any) production capacity  QF - kW	Common owner(s)				
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distance (miles):					
8)	Closest electrical generating equipment for applicant's facility:					
	Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-					
	Closest electrical generating equipment for affiliate's facility:  Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-	Distance				
	Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-	S miles				
	Facility location Root docket # Maximum net power (city or county, state) (if any) production capacity	Common owner(s)				
	QF kw					
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distance (miles):					
9)	Closest electrical generating equipment for applicant's facility:					
	Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-					
	Closest electrical generating equipment for affiliate's facility:	Distance				
	Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-	; miles				

8a C	Continued			
	Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)  QF -	Maximum net power production capacity kW	Common owner(s)
	Coordinates (in degrees) and	Distance (miles):		
10)	   Closest electrical generating e	equipment for applicant'	s facility:	
	LatitudeChoo	ose +/- Longitude	Choose +/-	
	Closest electrical generating (	equipment for affiliate's f	acility:	Distance
	Latitude Choo	ose +/- Longitude	Choose +/-	niles
	Check here and continue in the calculator below below to			tional space is needed. Use
pow deg Use deg cool	tance Calculator Specify the layer production QF based on the rees (to three decimal places) at the following formula to convices + (minutes/60) + (seconds rdinates. The distances for each rdinates. See www.ferc.gov/C	e nearest electrical gener as a positive number for o ert to decimal degrees fr s/3600). See the "Geogra th facility listed below wil	ating equipment for each feating equipment for a negative or a negative or degrees, minutes and septic Coordinates" section of be automatically calculates.	acility. Report coordinates in e number for west and south. econds: decimal degrees = on page 5 for help obtaining ed from the reported
(	Closest electrical generating ec	quipment for applicant's  ose +/- Longitude	facility (degrees):  Choose +/-	
	Lutted C	congrade	. L	
(	Closest electrical generating ed			Distance
	Latitude Choo	ose +/- Longitude	Choose +/-	miles
рои	You have the option below to ver production QFs using the sa Iditional space is needed, cont	ame energy resource mo	re than one mile but less th	nan 10 miles from your facility.
mile beld facil chai con inte mot syst chai sam mar	suant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(a) to but less than 10 miles apart the but less than 10 miles apart the but are examples of the factors lities that are owned by the sarracteristics, including such comtrol facilities, access and easend reconnection to the distribution tive force or fuel source, off-takens, common permitting and racteristics, including such chain person(s) or affiliated personaging a power sales agreementifying facility (continued next	there is a rebuttable presunthat the Commission makes person(s) or its affiliated men characteristics as: in the commission again or transmission system, we arrangements, connection again of the commission system, and leasing, and shared racteristics as whether the commission of the commission of the commission of the commission debt or equity financing the content of the commission of the content of the con	imption that they are at sep y consider in deciding whe es are located "at the same infrastructure, property own preements, interconnection collector systems or facilititions to the electrical grid, e step-up transformers; and e facilities in question are: ained by the same or affilia g, constructed by the same	parate sites. The factors listed ther small power production site": (1) physical mership, property leases, facilities up to the point of es, points of interconnection, evidence of shared control (2) ownership/other owned or controlled by the ted entity(ies), selling to the e entity within 12 months,

8b	Continued	

... (continued from previous page) in the same location, placed into service within 12 months of an affiliated small power production QF project's commercial operation date as specified in the power sales agreement, or sharing engineering or procurement contracts.

All Qf's are grandfathered from Order 872.

8c The Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 (Incentives Act) provides exemption from the size limitations in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) for certain facilities that were certified prior to 1995. Are you seeking exemption from the size limitations in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) by virtue of the Incentives Act?

Yes (continue at line 8d below)

No (skip lines 8d through 8f)

8d Was the original notice of self-certification or application for Commission certification of the facility filed on or before December 31, 1994? Yes

**8e** Did construction of the facility commence on or before December 31, 1999? Yes

No

8f If you answered No in line 8e, indicate whether reasonable diligence was exercised toward the completion of the facility, taking into account all factors relevant to construction? Yes No

If you answered Yes, provide a brief narrative explanation in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 of the construction timeline (in particular, describe why construction started so long after the facility was certified) and the diligence exercised toward completion of the facility.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b), qualifying small power production facilities may use fossil fuels, in minimal amounts, for only the following purposes: ignition; start-up; testing; flame stabilization; control use; alleviation or prevention of unanticipated equipment outages; and alleviation or prevention of emergencies, directly affecting the public health, safety, or welfare, which would result from electric power outages. The amount of fossil fuels used for these purposes may not exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.

- **9a** Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to uses of fossil fuel:
  - Applicant certifies that the facility will use fossil fuels *exclusively* for the purposes listed above.
- **9b** Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to amount of fossil fuel used annually:
  - Applicant certifies that the amount of fossil fuel used at the facility will not, in aggregate, exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.

	EPAct 2005 cogeneration facilities: The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005) established a new section 210(n) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA), 16 USC 824a-3(n), with additional requirements for any qualifying cogeneration facility that (1) is seeking to sell electric energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA and (2) was either not a cogeneration facility on August 8, 2005, or had not filed a self-certification or application for Commission certification of QF status on or before February 1, 2006. These requirements were implemented by the Commission in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d). Complete the lines below, carefully following the instructions, to demonstrate whether these additional requirements apply to your cogeneration facility and, if so, whether your facility complies with such requirements.	
	11a Was your facility operating as a qualifying cogeneration facility on or before August 8, 2005? Yes No	L
	11b Was the initial filing seeking certification of your facility (whether a notice of self-certification or an application for Commission certification) filed on or before February 1, 2006? Yes No	Ų.
s e	If the answer to either line 11a or 11b is Yes, then continue at line 11c below. Otherwise, if the answers to both lines 11a and 11b are No, skip to line 11e below.	
ntal Us acilitie	11c With respect to the design and operation of the facility, have any changes been implemented on or after February 2, 2006 that affect general plant operation, affect use of thermal output, and/or increase net power production capacity from the plant's capacity on February 1, 2006?	
mel n F	Yes (continue at line 11d below)	
Fundaı ıeratio	No. Your facility is not subject to the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) at this time. However, it may be subject to to these requirements in the future if changes are made to the facility. At such time, the applicant would need to recertify the facility to determine eligibility. Skip lines 11d through 11j.	
s for oger	11d Does the applicant contend that the changes identified in line 11c are not so significant as to make the facility a "new" cogeneration facility that would be subject to the 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) cogeneration requirements?	Ų
ement: from C	Yes. Provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 a description of any relevant changes made to the facility (including the purpose of the changes) and a discussion of why the facility should not be considered a "new" cogeneration facility in light of these changes. Skip lines 11e through 11j.	
Act 2005 Requirements for Fundamental Use Energy Output from Cogeneration Facilities	No. Applicant stipulates to the fact that it is a "new" cogeneration facility (for purposes of determining the applicability of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)) by virtue of modifications to the facility that were initiated on or after February 2, 2006. Continue below at line 11e.	
05 I y O	11e Will electric energy from the facility be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA?	
ct 20 nerg	Yes. The facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility. You must demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing at line 11f below.	
EPAc of E	No. Applicant certifies that energy will <i>not</i> be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA. Applicant also certifies its understanding that it must recertify its facility in order to determine compliance with the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) <i>before</i> selling energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA in the future. Skip lines 11f through 11j.	
	11f Is the net power production capacity of your cogeneration facility, as indicated in line 7g above, less than or equal to 5,000 kW?	U
	Yes, the net power production capacity is less than or equal to 5,000 kW. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(4) provides a rebuttable presumption that cogeneration facilities of 5,000 kW and smaller capacity comply with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Applicant certifies its understanding that, should the power production capacity of the facility increase above 5,000 kW, then the facility must be recertified to (among other things) demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Skip lines 11g through 11j.	
	No, the net power production capacity is greater than 5,000 kW. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing on the next page at line 11g.	

Lines 11g through 11k below guide the applicant through the process of demonstrating compliance with the requirements for "fundamental use" of the facility's energy output. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Only respond to the lines on this page if the instructions on the previous page direct you to do so. Otherwise, skip this page.

18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) requires that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility. If you were directed on the previous page to respond to the items on this page, then your facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility that is subject to this "fundamental use" requirement.

The Commission's regulations provide a two-pronged approach to demonstrating compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output. First, the Commission has established in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3) a "fundamental use test" that can be used to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Under the fundamental use test, a facility is considered to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) if at least 50 percent of the facility's total annual energy output (including electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output) is used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes.

Second, an applicant for a facility that does not pass the fundamental use test may provide a narrative explanation of and support for its contention that the facility nonetheless meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility.

Complete lines 11g through 11j below to determine compliance with the fundamental use test in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Complete lines 11g through 11j even if you do not intend to rely upon the fundamental use test to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2).

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
11g Amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output (net of internal generation plant losses and parasitic loads) expected to be used annually for industrial,	
commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to an electric utility	MWh
11h Total amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy expected to be sold to an electric utility	MWh
11i Percentage of total annual energy output expected to be used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to a utility = 100 * 11g /(11g + 11h)	3 <sup>2</sup> 8

11j Is the response in line 11i greater than or equal to 50 percent?

Yes. Your facility complies with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by virtue of passing the fundamental use test provided in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Applicant certifies its understanding that, if it is to rely upon passing the fundamental use test as a basis for complying with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2), then the facility must comply with the fundamental use test both in the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years.

No. Your facility does not pass the fundamental use test. Instead, you must provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 a narrative explanation of and support for why your facility meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a QF to its host facility. Applicants providing a narrative explanation of why their facility should be found to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) in spite of non-compliance with the fundamental use test may want to review paragraphs 47 through 61 of Order No. 671 (accessible from the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF), which provide discussion of the facts and circumstances that may support their explanation. Applicant should also note that the percentage reported above will establish the standard that that facility must comply with, both for the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years. See Order No. 671 at paragraph 51. As such, the applicant should make sure that it reports appropriate values on lines 11g and 11h above to serve as the relevant annual standard, taking into account expected variations in production conditions.

thermal output

# Usefulness of Topping-Cycle Thermal Output

## Information Required for Topping-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents topping-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 19 and 20. Otherwise, skip pages 19 and 20.

The thermal energy output of a topping-cycle cogeneration facility is the net energy made available to an industrial or commercial process or used in a heating or cooling application. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c), (d) and (h) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. §§ 292.202(c), (d) and (h)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying topping-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the thermal output of the topping-cycle cogeneration facility by responding to lines 12a and 12b below.

12a Identify and describe each thermal host, and specify the annual average rate of thermal output made available to each host for each use. For hosts with multiple uses of thermal output, provide the data for each use in separate rows.
Average annual rate of

	Name of entity (thermal host) taking thermal output	Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's use of thermal output	attributable to use (net of heat contained in process return or make-up water)
	S	elect thermal host's relationship to facility	
17	S	elect thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
2)	<u>S</u>	elect thermal host's relationship to facility	
2,	S	elect thermal host's use of thermal output	Bţu/h
3)	<u>S</u>	elect thermal host's relationship to facility	
	S	elect thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
4)	S	elect thermal host's relationship to facility	
	S	elect thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
5)	S	elect thermal host's relationship to facility	
	5	elect thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
6)	<u>s</u>	elect thermal host's relationship to facility	
	S	elect thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 if additional space is needed

**12b** Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each use of the thermal output identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's use of thermal output is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific use of thermal output related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that use and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated use. Such exemption may not be used if any change creates a material deviation from the previously authorized use.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24.

Applicants for facilities representing topping-cycle technology must demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating standard and, if applicable, efficiency standard. Section 292.205(a)(1) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(1)) establishes the operating standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful thermal energy output must be no less than 5 percent of the total energy output. Section 292.205(a)(2) (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2)) establishes the efficiency standard for topping-cycle cogeneration facilities for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1980: the useful power output of the facility plus one-half the useful thermal energy output must (A) be no less than 42.5 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility; and (B) if the useful thermal energy output is less than 15 percent of the total energy output of the facility, be no less than 45 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility. To demonstrate compliance with the topping-cycle operating and/or efficiency standards, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard based on the date that installation commenced, respond to lines 13a through 13l below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents *both* topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 13a through 13l below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the topping-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion (topping or bottoming) of the cogeneration system.

eogeneration system.		- 1
13a Indicate the annual average rate of useful thermal energy output made available to the host(s), net of any heat contained in condensate return or make-up water	Btu/h	
13b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output		7
	kW	
13c Multiply line 13b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h		٦
	g Btu/h	
<b>13d</b> Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production		
(this value is usually zero)	hp	
13e Multiply line 13d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	-	1.
	⊜ Btu/h	1
13f Indicate the annual average rate of energy input from natural gas and oil		1
	Btu/h	
<b>13g</b> Topping-cycle operating value = 100 * 13a / (13a + 13c + 13e)	=::- = -	1
	O №	1,,
<b>13h</b> Topping-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (0.5*13a + 13c + 13e) / 13f		7 "
	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\theta_{ij}$	
		_

13i Compliance with operating standard: Is the operating value shown in line 13g greater than or equal to 5%?Yes (complies with operating standard)No (does not comply with operating standard)

13j Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1980?

Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(a)(2). Demonstrate compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, as applicable, below.

No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l.

**13k** Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating value shown in line 13g is less than 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater than or equal to 45%:

Yes (complies with efficiency standard)

No (does not comply with efficiency standard)

**13l** Compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value shown in line 13g is greater than or equal to 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h is greater than or equal to 42.5%:

Yes (complies with efficiency standard)

No (does not comply with efficiency standard)

# Usefulness of Bottoming-Cycle Thermal Output

## Information Required for Bottoming-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 21 and 22. Otherwise, skip pages 21 and 22.

The thermal energy output of a bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility is the energy related to the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is then used for power production. Pursuant to sections 292.202(c) and (e) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.202(c) and (e)), the thermal energy output of a qualifying bottoming-cycle cogeneration facility must be useful. In connection with this requirement, describe the process(es) from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production by responding to lines 14a and 14b below.

**14a** Identify and describe each thermal host and each bottoming-cycle cogeneration process engaged in by each host. For hosts with multiple bottoming-cycle cogeneration processes, provide the data for each process *in separate rows*.

Name of entity (thermal host) performing the process from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production

Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's process type Has the energy input to the thermal host been augmented for purposes of increasing power production capacity? (if Yes, describe on p. 24)

1)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes	No :
	Select thermal host's process type		
2)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes	No
	Select thermal host's process type		
3)	Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes	No
	Select thermal host's process type		

Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 if additional space is needed

14b Demonstration of usefulness of thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description of each process identified above. In some cases, this brief description is sufficient to demonstrate usefulness. However, if your facility's process is not common, and/or if the usefulness of such thermal output is not reasonably clear, then you must provide additional details as necessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application may be rejected and/or additional information may be required if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. (Exception: If you have previously received a Commission certification approving a specific bottoming-cycle process related to the instant facility, then you need only provide a brief description of that process and a reference by date and docket number to the order certifying your facility with the indicated process. Such exemption may not be used if any material changes to the process have been made.) If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24.

# Bottoming-Cycle Operating and Efficiency Value Calculation

Applicants for facilities representing bottoming-cycle technology and for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1990 must demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standards. Section 292.205(b) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b)) establishes the efficiency standard for bottoming-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful power output of the facility must be no less than 45 percent of the energy input of natural gas and oil for supplementary firing. To demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standard (if applicable), or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this standard based on the date that installation of the facility began, respond to lines 15a through 15h below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents *both* topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 15a through 15h below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the bottoming-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion of the cogeneration system (topping or bottoming).

15a Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1980?

Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirement of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b). Demonstrate compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to lines 15b through 15h below.

No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip the rest of page 22.

15b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	<del></del>
	k₩
15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	·
	⊕ Btu/h
15d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production (this value is usually zero)	ho
<b>15e</b> Multiply line 15d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	
	⊜ Btu/h
15f Indicate the annual average rate of supplementary energy input from natural gas	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
or oil	Btu/h
15g Bottoming-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (15c + 15e) / 15f	
	$\mathbb{C}^{-0}$

**15h** Compliance with efficiency standard: Indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 15g is greater than or equal to 45%:

Yes (complies with efficiency standard)

No (does not comply with efficiency standard)

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# Certificate of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority

Commission Staff Use Only:

Applicant must certify compliance with and understanding of filing requirements by checking next to each item below and

of

signing at the bottom of this section. For rejected by the Secretary of the Commissi	ms with incomplete Certificates of Completeness, A ion.	Accuracy and Authority will be			
Signer identified below certifies the follow	ving: (check all items and applicable subitems)				
He or she has read the filing, including any information contained in any attached documents, such as cogeneration mass and heat balance diagrams, and any information contained in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24, and knows its contents.					
He or she has provided all of the requesto to the best of his or her knowledge a	uired information for certification, and the provided nd belief.	information is true as stated,			
He or she possess full power and auth Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 38	hority to sign the filing; as required by Rule 2005(a): 35.2005(a)(3)), he or she is one of the following: (che	(3) of the Commission's Rules of eck one)			
The person on whose behalf	the filing is made				
<ul><li>An officer of the corporation,</li></ul>	trust, association, or other organized group on beh	nalf of which the filing is made			
An officer, agent, or employe filing is made	of the governmental authority, agency, or instrumental	entality on behalf of which the			
	practice before the Commission under Rule 2101 or F.R. § 385.2101) and who possesses authority to sig				
He or she has reviewed all automatic Miscellaneous section starting on page	calculations and agrees with their results, unless ot ge 24.	herwise noted in the			
interconnect and transact (see lines 4	Form 556 and all attachments to the utilities with value through 4d), as well as to the regulatory authorities the Required Notice to Public Utilities and State Re	ies of the states in which the			
Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(c)) provid	iture date below. Rule 2005(c) of the Commission's es that persons filing their documents electronicall iled documents. A person filing this document elec ded below.	y may use typed characters			
Your Signature	Your address	Date			
	146 Alpine Dr.				
Thomas Mattson	Green Bay, Wi. 54302	.0 24 2022			
Audit Notes					

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## Miscellaneous

Use this space to provide any information for which there was not sufficient space in the previous sections of the form to provide. For each such item of information *clearly identify the line number that the information belongs to.* You may also use this space to provide any additional information you believe is relevant to the certification of your facility.

Your response below is not limited to one page. Additional page(s) will automatically be inserted into this form if the length of your response exceeds the space on this page. Use as many pages as you require.

Changed turbine from 1.5 MW to 5.6 MW, reducing the number of turbines from 15 to 4. Total net capacity output has not changed. Total MW nameplate will be reduced to insure that the total nameplate does not exceed 22MW.

The substation interconnection moved from Rosebud Electric cooperative's Colome substation to Rosebud Electric Cooperative's Gregory Burke substation.