

RWE Clean Energy, LLC 353 N. Clark Street, 30th Floor Chicago, IL 60654 U.S.A. americas.rwe.com

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SOUTH DAKOTA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

August 16, 2024

Public Utilities Commission of South Dakota Capitol Building, 1st floor 500 E. Capitol Ave. Pierre, SD 57501-5070

RE: Notice of Certification of Qualifying Facility Status for RWE Clean Energy, LLC Generating Facilities in South Dakota

To Whom It May Concern:

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.207(c)(1), RWE Clean Energy, LLC hereby submits the enclosed copies of FERC Form 556, Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility, for the facilities listed below which are located in South Dakota. A copy of the self-certification form has also been provided to the utility with which the facility will interconnect.

Facility	Docket	Utility
CED Aurora County Wind,	QF16-76-005	NorthWestern Corporation, d/b/a NorthWestern
LLC		Energy
CED Brule County Wind,	QF16-87-005	NorthWestern Corporation, d/b/a NorthWestern
LLC		Energy
CED Davison County Wind,	QF16-77-005	NorthWestern Corporation, d/b/a NorthWestern
LLC		Energy
Oak Tree Energy II C	QF10-449-005	NorthWestern Corporation, d/b/a NorthWestern
Oak Tree Energy, LLC		Energy

This submission <u>does not require any approval</u> or response from the Commission, and is only being submitted for informational purposes pursuant to FERC's regulations. Please let me know if any additional information is requested.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Paul Varnado

Paul Varnado Counsel for RWE Clean Energy, LLC

Enclosures

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC

OMB Control # 1902-0075 Expiration 11/30/2022

Form 556 Certification of Qualifying Facility (QF) Status for a Small Power Production or Cogeneration Facility

1b Applicant street a 353 N. Clark			
1c City		1d State/provi	nce
Chicago		IL	
1e Postal code 60654	1f Country (if not United States)		1g Telephone number 312–358–9873
1h Has the instant fa	cility ever previously been certified as a Q	F? Yes X N	lo
1i If yes, provide the	docket number of the last known QF filin	g pertaining to th	nis facility: QF 10 - 449 - 004
1j Under which certi	fication process is the applicant making th	nis filing?	
Notice of self-co	ertification \Box A fe	pplication for Co ee; see "Filing Fee	ommission certification (requires filing e" section on page 2)
QF status. A not notice of self-cer	If-certification is a notice by the applicant ce of self-certification does not establish a tification to verify compliance. See the "Wafor more information.	a proceeding, and	d the Commission does not review a
1k What type(s) of Q	F status is the applicant seeking for its fac	ility? (check all th	nat apply)
X Qualifying sma	Il power production facility status 🔲 C	ualifying cogene	eration facility status
	se and expected effective date(s) of this fi ation; facility expected to be installed by	_	nd to begin operation on
✓ Change(s) to a	previously certified facility to be effective	on 7/1/24	
	of change(s) below, and describe change	e(s) in the Miscell	laneous section starting on page 24)
	ge and/or other administrative change(s)		
☐ Change in o			
	fecting plant equipment, fuel use, power		city and/or cogeneration thermal outp
	correction to a previous filing submitted		ng on page 24)
	pplement or correction in the Miscellane		
	wing three statements is true, check the b sible, explaining any special circumstance		
previously gra	cility complies with the Commission's QF inted by the Commission in an order date Miscellaneous section starting on page 24	ed	virtue of a waiver of certain regulations (specify any other relevant waiver
	cility would comply with the Commission with this application is granted	's QF requiremen	ts if a petition for waiver submitted
employment	cility complies with the Commission's reg of unique or innovative technologies not ation of compliance via this form difficult	contemplated by	the structure of this form, that make

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	2a Name of contact person Paul Varnado			2b Telephone number 312–358–9873				
	2c Which of the following describes the contact pers	son's relati	onship to the apr	licant? (check one)	+			
				zed to represent the applicant				
on C	Employee of a company affiliated with the app							
ati								
Ĕ	Lawyer, consultant, or other representative authorized to represent the applicant on this matter 2d Company or organization name (if applicant is an individual, check here and skip to line 2e)							
Contact Information	RWE Clean Energy, LLC							
T	2e Street address (if same as Applicant, check here a	and skip to	line 3a)					
nta					1			
Ō			,					
	2f City		2g State/provin	nce				
					_			
	2h Postal code 2i Country (if n	ot United	States)					
			3		4			
ے	3a Facility name Oak Tree							
ţi		F 41 - F	lia - al- al- li - al- al-	- d - ki 1: 2 -) \[\tilde{\sigma} \]	-			
Identification and Location	3b Street address (if a street address does not exist f	for the faci	iity, check here ar	na skip to line 3c)[X]	1			
d L	3c Geographic coordinates: Specify the latitude and	longitude	coordinates of the	he facility in degrees (to three decimal	+			
an	places). Use the following formula to convert to deci	mal degre	es from degrees, i	minutes and seconds: decimal degrees =	=			
on	degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3600). See the "0	Geographi	c Coordinates" se	ection on page 5 for help.				
ati								
ific	Latitude 44.949 degrees North (+)		Longitude	97.739 degrees West (-)				
ent								
	3d City (if unincorporated, check here and enter nea	roct city)	7 30 State/pr	ovince	-			
i .	Clark	ilest city)	South D					
Facility	3f County (or check here for independent city)	30	Country (if not l					
й	Clark	ا	Country (II Hot)	ornica states,	0			
	Identify the electric utilities that are contemplated to	transact w	ith the facility.		1			
es	4a Identify utility interconnecting with the facility				1			
ΙΞ	NorthWestern Corporation, d/b/a Nor	thWeste	rn Energy					
Transacting Utilities	4b Identify utilities providing wheeling service or ch	eck here if	none 🔀		0			
tinç			7 11 =					
act	4c Identify utilities purchasing the useful electric power to the state of the st	-		none	1			
ns	NorthWestern Corporation, d/b/a Nor				-			
Tra	4d Identify utilities providing supplementary power, service or check here if none	, backup p	ower, maintenand	ce power, and/or interruptible power	1			
	Codington - Clark Electric Cooperat	ive						
	_				1			

FERC Form 556

5a Direct ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all direct owners of the facility holding at least 10 percent equity interest. For each identified owner, also (1) indicate whether that owner is an electric utility, as defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or a holding company, as defined in section 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)), and (2) for owners which are electric utilities or holding companies, provide the percentage of equity interest in the facility held by that owner. If no direct owners hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, then provide the required information for the two direct owners with the largest equity interest in the facility. Electric utility or If Yes. holding % equity Full legal names of direct owners company interest 1) Oak Tree Energy, LLC Yes No \ 100% 2) No 🗌 Yes Yes No [Yes 🗌 Yes 🗌 Yes Operation Yes 🗌 10) Yes 🗌 Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 if additional space is needed Ownership and 5b Upstream (i.e., indirect) ownership as of effective date or operation date: Identify all upstream (i.e., indirect) owners of the facility that both (1) hold at least 10 percent equity interest in the facility, and (2) are electric utilities, as defined in section 3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(22)), or holding companies, as defined in section 1262(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451(8)). Also provide the percentage of equity interest in the facility held by such owners. (Note that, because upstream owners may be subsidiaries of one another, total percent equity interest reported may exceed 100 percent.) Check here if no such upstream owners exist. % equity Full legal names of electric utility or holding company upstream owners interest 1) CED Wind Holdings, LLC 100% 2) CED Wind Holdings Financing I, LLC 100% 3) RWE Clean Energy Asset Holdings, Inc. 100% 4) RWECE Clean Energy, Inc. 100% 5) RWE Clean Energy, LLC 100% 6) RWE US Holdings, LLC 100% 7) RWE Renewables International Participations BV 100% 8) RWE Renewables Europe & Australia GmbH 100% 9) GBV Zweiunddreißigste Gesellschaft für Beteiligungsverwaltung GmbH 100% 100% 10) RWE AG Check here and continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 if additional space is needed **5c** Identify the facility operator RWE Clean Energy Asset Holdings, Inc.

C

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Page 9 - All Facilities

	6a Describe the primary energy input: (check one main category and, if applicable, one subcategory)								
	☐ Bioma	ass (specify)	⊠ R	enewable resources ((specify)	☐ Geothermal			
		Landfill gas		☐ Hydro power - ri	ver	Fossil fuel (spec	tify)		
		Manure digester gas		☐ Hydro power - ti	dal	☐ Coal (not	waste)		
		Municipal solid waste		☐ Hydro power - w	ave .	☐ Fuel oil/d	iesel		
		Sewage digester gas		☐ Solar - photovol	taic	☐ Natural g	as (not waste)		
		Wood		☐ Solar - thermal		☐ Other fos			
		Other biomass (describe on	page 24)	Wind		□ (describe	on page 24)		
	☐ Waste	(specify type below in line	5 b)	Other renewable (describe on page		Other (describe	on page 24)		
	6b If you spe	cified "waste" as the primary	y energy inp	ut in line 6a, indicate	the type o	f waste fuel used: (che	eck one)		
	☐ Was	te fuel listed in 18 C.F.R. § 29	92.202(b) (sp	ecify one of the follo	wing)				
		Anthracite culm produced	prior to Jul	y 23, 1985					
		Anthracite refuse that has ash content of 45 percent		heat content of 6,000	Btu or less	s per pound and has a	n average		
		Bituminous coal refuse that average ash content of 25		_	9,500 Btu	per pound or less and	has an		
nput		Top or bottom subbituming determined to be waste by (BLM) or that is located on the applicant shows that t	y the United non-Federa	States Department on longs of the states of	of the Interi outside of	ior's Bureau of Land M BLM's jurisdiction, pr	lanagement ovided that		
Energy Input		Coal refuse produced on Federal lands or on Indian lands that has been determined to be waste by the BLM or that is located on non- Federal or non-Indian lands outside of BLM's jurisdiction, provided that applicant shows that the latter is an extension of that determined by BLM to be waste							
ш		Lignite produced in association with the production of montan wax and lignite that becomes exposed as a result of such a mining operation							
		Gaseous fuels (except natu	ıral gas and	synthetic gas from co	oal) (descril	be on page 24)			
1		Waste natural gas from gas or oil wells (describe on page 24 how the gas meets the requirements of 18 ☐ C.F.R. § 2.400 for waste natural gas; include with your filing any materials necessary to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 2.400)							
		Materials that a governme	nt agency h	as certified for dispos	al by comb	oustion (describe on p	age 24)		
		Heat from exothermic read	tions (desci	ribe on page 24)	□R	esidual heat (describe	on page 24)		
		Used rubber tires] Plastic ma	aterials 🔲 R	efinery off	-gas 🔲 Petro	oleum coke		
	☐ facili	er waste energy input that he ty industry (describe in the of commercial value and ex	Miscellaneo	us section starting on	page 24; i	nclude a discussion of			
	energy inp	e average energy input, calo outs, and provide the related). For any oil or natural gas	d percentag	e of the total average	annual en	ergy input to the facil			
		Fuel		nual average energy out for specified fuel		Percentage of total			
		Natural gas	ınt	·	Btu/h	annual energy input			
		Oil-based fuels			Btu/h	0 %			
		Coal			Rtu/h	0 %			

Indicate the maximum gross and maximum net electric power production capacity of the facility at the point(s) of delivery by completing the worksheet below. Respond to all items. If any of the parasitic loads and/or losses identified in lines 7b through 7e are negligible, enter zero for those lines.

under the most favorable anticipated design conditions 7b Parasitic station power used at the facility to run equipment which is necessary and integral to the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings directly related to the operation of the power generating facility, etc.). If this facility includes non-power production processes (for instance, power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal most), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your eported parasitic station power. 7c Electrical losses in interconnection transformers 7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any 8 c Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility 7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e		
the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings directly related to the operation of the power generating facility, etc.). If this facility includes non-bower production processes (for instance, power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal most), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your eported parasitic station power. 7. Electrical losses in interconnection transformers 8. Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any 9. We Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility 9. KW 9. Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e 8. SS 5 . 0 kW	7a The maximum gross power production capacity at the terminals of the individual generator(s) under the most favorable anticipated design conditions	19,5 0 0 kW
To Electrical losses in interconnection transformers 7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any 8 o kW 7e Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility 7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e 885.0 kW 7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f	7b Parasitic station power used at the facility to run equipment which is necessary and integral to the power production process (boiler feed pumps, fans/blowers, office or maintenance buildings directly related to the operation of the power generating facility, etc.). If this facility includes non-power production processes (for instance, power consumed by a cogeneration facility's thermal host), do not include any power consumed by the non-power production activities in your reported parasitic station power.	. 111
7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any 0 kW 7e Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility 7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e 585.0 kW 7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f	reported parasitie station power.	0 kW
O kW Te Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e SB5.0 kW Total Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f	7c Electrical losses in interconnection transformers	585 kW
conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection with the utility 7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e 585.0 kW 7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f	7d Electrical losses in AC/DC conversion equipment, if any	o kW
7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e 585.0 kW 7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f	7e Other interconnection losses in power lines or facilities (other than transformers and AC/DC conversion equipment) between the terminals of the generator(s) and the point of interconnection	0 1144
7g Maximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f		U KVV
7g M aximum net power production capacity = 7a - 7f	7f Total deductions from gross power production capacity = 7b + 7c + 7d + 7e	585.0 kW
	7a Maximum net nower production capacity = 7a - 7f	
	79 Maximum Net power production capacity = 70 - 71	18,915.0 kW

7h Description of facility and primary components: Describe the facility and its operation. Identify all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar equipment, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility. Descriptions of components should include (as applicable) specifications of the nominal capacities for mechanical output, electrical output, or steam generation of the identified equipment. For each piece of equipment identified, clearly indicate how many pieces of that type of equipment are included in the plant, and which components are normally operating or normally in standby mode. Provide a description of how the components operate as a system. Applicants for cogeneration facilities do not need to describe operations of systems that are clearly depicted on and easily understandable from a cogeneration facility's attached mass and heat balance diagram; however, such applicants should provide any necessary description needed to understand the sequential operation of the facility depicted in their mass and heat balance diagram. If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24.

The Facility consists of eleven General Electric wind energy turbines each rated at 1.85 MW nameplate capacity; GE also provides control technology which limits the aggregate output of the eleven turbines to 19.5 MW. Each turbine's output is transformed to 34.5 kV by a pad-mounted transformer, and output is transmitted through a 34.5 kV underground collector system to a new substation owned by Applicant. The substation transforms the output to 69 kV and delivers the transformed energy to a 69 kV transmission line owned by NorthWestern Corporation d/b/a NorthWestern Energy, which purchases the power at that point.



Information Required for Small Power Production Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying small power production facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on this page. Otherwise, skip pages 11 through 15.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a), the power production capacity of any small power production facility, together with the power production capacity of any other small power production facilities that use the same energy resource, are owned by the same person(s) or its affiliates, and are located at the same site, may not exceed 80 megawatts. To demonstrate compliance with this size limitation, or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this size limitation under the Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101-575, 104 Stat. 2834 (1990) as amended by Pub. L. 102-46, 105 Stat. 249 (1991)), respond to lines 8a through 8f below (as applicable).

Electric Generating Equipment

Electrical generating equipment will refer to all boilers, heat recovery steam generators, prime movers (any mechanical equipment driving an electric generator), electrical generators, photovoltaic solar panels, inverters, fuel cell equipment and/or other primary power generation equipment used in the facility, excluding equipment for gathering energy to be used in the facility. Each wind turbine on a wind farm and each solar panel in a solar facility is considered electrical generating equipment because each wind turbine and each solar panel is independently capable of producing electric energy.

Distance

The distance between two facilities is to be measured from the edge of the closest electrical generating equipment for which qualification or recertification is sought to the edge of the nearest electrical generating equipment of the other affiliated small power production qualifying facility using the same energy resource. An affiliated small power production QF located one mile or less from the instant facility is irrebuttably presumed to be at the same site. An affiliated small power production QF located more than one mile and less than 10 miles from the instant facility is rebuttably presumed to be at a separate site. An affiliated small power production QF located 10 miles or more from the instant facility is irrebuttably presumed to be located at a separate site.

8a Identify affiliated small power production QFs located less than 10 miles from the electrical generating equipment of the instant facility that use the same energy resource and are held (with at least a 5 percent equity interest) by any of the entities identified in lines 5a or Sb or their affiliates. Specify the latitude and longitude coordinates for both the applicant and the affiliate small power production QF based on the nearest electrical generating equipment for each facility. Report coordinates in degrees (to three decimal places) as a positive number for east and north or a negative number for west and south. Use the following formula to convert to decimal degrees from degrees, minutes and seconds: decimal degrees = degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/3600). See the "Geographic Coordinates" section on page 5 for help obtaining coordinates. The distances for each facility listed below will be automatically calculated from the reported coordinates. See www.ferc.gov/QF for more information on how this form calculates distance.

Check here if no such facilities exist.

	y location ounty, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)
		QF -	kW	
Coordinates (in	degrees) and Distan	ce (miles):		
Closest electrica	l generating equipn	nent for applicant'	s facility:	
Latitude	Choose +/-	Longitude	Choose +/-	
1		nent for affiliate's f	acility:	Distance
Closest electrica	i generating equipr			



	8a	8a Continued						
		Facility location Root docket # (city or county, state) (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)				
		QF -	kW	#*************************************				
		Coordinates (in degrees) and Distance (miles):						
	2)	 Closest electrical generating equipment for applicant's f	acility:					
		Latitude Choose +/- Longitude						
		Closest electrical generating equipment for affiliate's fac	Distance					
ed]		Latitude Choose +/- Longitude		n miles				
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Compliance with Size Limitations (continued		Facility location Root docket # (city or county, state) (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)				
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ion		Coordinates (in degrees) and Distance (miles):						
tat	3)	Closest electrical generating equipment for applicant's f	acility:					
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ig ig		QF	kW					
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Ü		Facility location Root docket # (city or county, state) (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner(s)				
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	5)	Closest electrical generating equipment for applicant's fa	acility:					
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		·	ilit.					
		Closest electrical generating equipment for affiliate's fac		Distance				
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8a (a Continued						
	Facility location (city or county, state) Root docket # Maximum net power (if any) production capacity QF - kW						
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distance (miles):						
6)	Closest electrical generating equipment for applicant's facility:						
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	Closest electrical generating equipment for affiliate's facility:	Ļ					
		Distance					
	Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-	<u> </u>					
	Facility location Root docket # Maximum net power (city or county, state) (if any) production capacity	Common owner(s)					
	QFkw						
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distance (miles):	(A STEER SENSE WAS BUILDING AND					
7)	Closest electrical generating equipment for applicant's facility:						
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	Facility location Root docket # Maximum net power						
	(city or county, state) (if any) production capacity	Common owner(s)					
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O \	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distance (miles):						
8)	Closest electrical generating equipment for applicant's facility:						
	Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-						
	Closest electrical generating equipment for affiliate's facility:	Distance					
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	Facility location Root docket # Maximum net power						
	(city or county, state) (if any) production capacity	Common owner(s)					
	QFkW						
	Coordinates (in degrees) and Distance (miles):						
9)	Closest electrical generating equipment for applicant's facility:	7					
	Latitude Choose +/- Longitude Choose +/-						
	Closest electrical generating equipment for affiliate's facility:	Distance					

	Facility location (city or county, state)	Root docket # (if any)	Maximum net power production capacity	Common owner
		QF -	kW	
	Coordinates (in degrees) and	d Distance (miles):		
10)	Closest electrical generating	equipment for applicant's	facility:	
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pov	Check here and continue in to the calculator below below to tance Calculator Specify the lover production QF based on the rees (to three decimal places)	o calculate distances base latitude and longitude cod ne nearest electrical genera	d on facility coordinates. ordinates for both the app	licant and the affiliate facility. Report coordir
pov deg Use deg coo	the calculator below below tance Calculator Specify the	o calculate distances base latitude and longitude cod ne nearest electrical genera as a positive number for e vert to decimal degrees fro s/3600). See the "Geograp ch facility listed below will	ordinates for both the apparting equipment for each ast and north or a negative or degrees, minutes and solic Coordinates" section to be automatically calculates.	licant and the affiliate of facility. Report coordin e number for west and econds: decimal degre on page 5 for help obta ed from the reported
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pov deg Use deg coo coo	tance Calculator Specify the lawer production QF based on the rees (to three decimal places) the following formula to convees + (minutes/60) + (second rdinates. The distances for each rdinates. See www.ferc.gov/60)	latitude and longitude code ne nearest electrical general as a positive number for evert to decimal degrees from 15/3600). See the "Geograph facility listed below will the general for more information of the graph	ordinates for both the apparting equipment for each ast and north or a negative or degrees, minutes and so thic Coordinates" section a be automatically calculates in how this form calculates acility (degrees): Choose +/-	licant and the affiliate of facility. Report coordin e number for west and econds: decimal degre on page 5 for help obta ed from the reported

8b You have the option below to assert preemptively that your facility is at a separate site from affiliated small power production QFs using the same energy resource more than one mile but less than 10 miles from your facility. If additional space is needed, continue in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24.

Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a)(2)(i)(C), if affiliated small power producer qualifying facilities are more than one mile but less than 10 miles apart there is a rebuttable presumption that they are at separate sites. The factors listed below are examples of the factors that the Commission may consider in deciding whether small power production facilities that are owned by the same person(s) or its affiliates are located "at the same site": (1) physical characteristics, including such common characteristics as: infrastructure, property ownership, property leases, control facilities, access and easements, interconnection agreements, interconnection facilities up to the point of interconnection to the distribution or transmission system, collector systems or facilities, points of interconnection, motive force or fuel source, off-take arrangements, connections to the electrical grid, evidence of shared control systems, common permitting and land leasing, and shared step-up transformers; and (2) ownership/other characteristics, including such characteristics as whether the facilities in question are: owned or controlled by the same person(s) or affiliated persons(s), operated and maintained by the same or affiliated entity(ies), selling to the same electric utility, using common debt or equity financing, constructed by the same entity within 12 months, managing a power sales agreement executed within 12 months of a similar and affiliated small power production qualifying facility (continued next page)...

	8b Continued
Certification of Compliance with Size Limitations (continued)	(continued from previous page) in the same location, placed into service within 12 months of an affiliated small power production QF project's commercial operation date as specified in the power sales agreement, or sharing engineering or procurement contracts.
of Comp	8c The Solar, Wind, Waste, and Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990 (Incentives Act) provides exemption from the size limitations in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) for certain facilities that were certified prior to 1995. Are you seeking exemption from the size limitations in 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(a) by virtue of the Incentives Act? Yes (continue at line 8d below) No (skip lines 8d through 8f)
ation	8d Was the original notice of self-certification or application for Commission certification of the facility filed on or before December 31, 1994? Yes No
tifica	8e Did construction of the facility commence on or before December 31, 1999? Yes No
Cer	8f If you answered No in line 8e, indicate whether reasonable diligence was exercised toward the completion of the facility, taking into account all factors relevant to construction? Yes No
	If you answered Yes, provide a brief narrative explanation in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 of the construction timeline (in particular, describe why construction started so long after the facility was certified) and the diligence exercised toward completion of the facility.
Certification of Compliance vith Fuel Use Requirements	Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b), qualifying small power production facilities may use fossil fuels, in minimal amounts, for only the following purposes: ignition; start-up; testing; flame stabilization; control use; alleviation or prevention of unanticipated equipment outages; and alleviation or prevention of emergencies, directly affecting the public health, safety, or welfare, which would result from electric power outages. The amount of fossil fuels used for these purposes may not exceed 25 percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.
n of C se Re	9a Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to uses of fossil fuel: ☐ Applicant certifies that the facility will use fossil fuels exclusively for the purposes listed above.
Certificatio	9b Certification of compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.204(b) with respect to amount of fossil fuel used annually: Applicant certifies that the amount of fossil fuel used at the facility will not, in aggregate, exceed 25 ☐ percent of the total energy input of the facility during the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy or any calendar year thereafter.

Information Required for Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 1k that you are seeking qualifying cogeneration facility status for your facility, then you must respond to the items on pages 16 through 18. Otherwise, skip pages 16 through 18.

	energy (such as heat or suse of energy. Pursuant cycle cogeneration facilithermal application or p	92.202(c), a cogeneration facility produces electric energy and forms of useful thermal steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes, through the sequential to 18 C.F.R. § 292.202(s), "sequential use" of energy means the following: (1) for a toppingty, the use of reject heat from a power production process in sufficient amounts in a rocess to conform to the requirements of the operating standard contained in 18 C.F.R. § ottoming-cycle cogeneration facility, the use of at least some reject heat from a thermal or power production.
		generation technology does the facility represent? (check all that apply)
		e cogeneration Bottoming-cycle cogeneration
	other requirements balance diagram d meet certain requir	te the sequential operation of the cogeneration process, and to support compliance with so such as the operating and efficiency standards, include with your filing a mass and heat epicting average annual operating conditions. This diagram must include certain items and rements, as described below. You must check next to the description of each requirement at you have complied with these requirements.
	Check to certify compliance with	
	indicated requirement	Requirement
ation		Diagram must show orientation within system piping and/or ducts of all prime movers, heat recovery steam generators, boilers, electric generators, and condensers (as applicable), as well as any other primary equipment relevant to the cogeneration process.
gene nation		Any average annual values required to be reported in lines 10b, 12a, 13a, 13b, 13d, 13f, 14a, 15b, 15d and/or 15f must be computed over the anticipated hours of operation.
General Cogeneration Information		Diagram must specify all fuel inputs by fuel type and average annual rate in Btu/h. Fuel for supplementary firing should be specified separately and clearly labeled. All specifications of fuel inputs should use lower heating values.
iene		Diagram must specify average gross electric output in kW or MW for each generator.
9		Diagram must specify average mechanical output (that is, any mechanical energy taken off of the shaft of the prime movers for purposes not directly related to electric power generation) in horsepower, if any. Typically, a cogeneration facility has no mechanical output.
		At each point for which working fluid flow conditions are required to be specified (see below), such flow condition data must include mass flow rate (in lb/h or kg/s), temperature (in °F, R, °C or K), absolute pressure (in psia or kPa) and enthalpy (in Btu/lb or kJ/kg). Exception: For systems where the working fluid is <i>liquid only</i> (no vapor at any point in the cycle) and where the type of liquid and specific heat of that liquid are clearly indicated on the diagram or in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24, only mass flow rate and temperature (not pressure and enthalpy) need be specified. For reference, specific heat at standard conditions for pure liquid water is approximately 1.002 Btu/ (lb*R) or 4.195 k3/(kg*K).
		Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at input to and output from each steam turbine or other expansion turbine or back-pressure turbine.
		Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at delivery to and return from each thermal application.
	-	Diagram must specify working fluid flow conditions at make-up water inputs.









	EPAct 2005 cogeneration facilities: The Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005) established a new section 210(n) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA), 16 USC 824a-3(n), with additional requirements for any qualifying cogeneration facility that (1) is seeking to sell electric energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA and (2) was either not a cogeneration facility on August 8, 2005, or had not filed a self-certification or application for Commission certification of QF status on or before February 1, 2006. These requirements were implemented by the Commission in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d). Complete the lines below, carefully following the instructions, to demonstrate whether these additional requirements apply to your cogeneration facility and, if so, whether your facility complies with such requirements.						
	11a Was your facility operating as a qualifying cogeneration facility on or before August 8, 2005? Yes No	(
	11b Was the initial filing seeking certification of your facility (whether a notice of self-certification or an application for Commission certification) filed on or before February 1, 2006? Yes No						
o s	If the answer to either line 11a or 11b is Yes, then continue at line 11c below. Otherwise, if the answers to both lines 11a and 11b are No, skip to line 11e below.						
ntal Us acilitie	11c With respect to the design and operation of the facility, have any changes been implemented on or after February 2, 2006 that affect general plant operation, affect use of thermal output, and/or increase net power production capacity from the plant's capacity on February 1, 2006?						
mel n E	Yes (continue at line 11d below)						
Funda neratio	No. Your facility is not subject to the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) at this time. However, it may be subject to to these requirements in the future if changes are made to the facility. At such time, the applicant would need to recertify the facility to determine eligibility. Skip lines 11d through 11j.						
s for oger	11d Does the applicant contend that the changes identified in line 11c are not so significant as to make the facility a "new" cogeneration facility that would be subject to the 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) cogeneration requirements?						
ement from C	Yes. Provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 a description of any relevant changes made to the facility (including the purpose of the changes) and a discussion of why the facility should not be considered a "new" cogeneration facility in light of these changes. Skip lines 11e through 11j.						
ct 2005 Requirements for Fundamental Use nergy Output from Cogeneration Facilities	No. Applicant stipulates to the fact that it is a "new" cogeneration facility (for purposes of determining the applicability of the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)) by virtue of modifications to the facility that were initiated on or after February 2, 2006. Continue below at line 11e.						
05 IY C	11e Will electric energy from the facility be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA?						
ct 20 nerg	Yes. The facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility. You must demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing at line 11f below.						
EPAc of Er	No. Applicant certifies that energy will <i>not</i> be sold pursuant to section 210 of PURPA. Applicant also certifies its understanding that it must recertify its facility in order to determine compliance with the requirements of 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d) <i>before</i> selling energy pursuant to section 210 of PURPA in the future. Skip lines 11f through 11j.						
	11f Is the net power production capacity of your cogeneration facility, as indicated in line 7g above, less than or equal to 5,000 kW?						
	Yes, the net power production capacity is less than or equal to 5,000 kW. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(4) provides a rebuttable presumption that cogeneration facilities of 5,000 kW and smaller capacity comply with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Applicant certifies its understanding that, should the power production capacity of the facility increase above 5,000 kW, then the facility must be recertified to (among other things) demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Skip lines 11g through 11j.						
	No, the net power production capacity is greater than 5,000 kW. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by continuing on the next page at line 11g.						

Lines 11g through 11k below guide the applicant through the process of demonstrating compliance with the requirements for "fundamental use" of the facility's energy output. 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Only respond to the lines on this page if the instructions on the previous page direct you to do so. Otherwise, skip this page.

18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) requires that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility. If you were directed on the previous page to respond to the items on this page, then your facility is an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility that is subject to this "fundamental use" requirement.

The Commission's regulations provide a two-pronged approach to demonstrating compliance with the requirements for fundamental use of the facility's energy output. First, the Commission has established in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3) a "fundamental use test" that can be used to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2). Under the fundamental use test, a facility is considered to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) if at least 50 percent of the facility's total annual energy output (including electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output) is used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes.

Second, an applicant for a facility that does not pass the fundamental use test may provide a narrative explanation of and support for its contention that the facility nonetheless meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a qualifying facility to its host facility.

Complete lines 11g through 11j below to determine compliance with the fundamental use test in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Complete lines 11g through 11j even if you do not intend to rely upon the fundamental use test to demonstrate compliance with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2).

	11g Amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy output (net of internal		ľ
	generation plant losses and parasitic loads) expected to be used annually for industrial,		l
	commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to an electric utility	MWh	
	11h Total amount of electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical energy expected to be	j.	
	sold to an electric utility	MWh	
	11i Percentage of total annual energy output expected to be used for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and not sold to a utility		
	= 100 * 11g /(11g + 11h)	0 %	
Н	and the state of t		1

11j Is the response in line 11i greater than or equal to 50 percent?

Yes. Your facility complies with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) by virtue of passing the fundamental use test provided in 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(3). Applicant certifies its understanding that, if it is to rely upon passing the fundamental use test as a basis for complying with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2), then the facility must comply with the fundamental use test both in the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years.

No. Your facility does not pass the fundamental use test. Instead, you must provide in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 a narrative explanation of and support for why your facility meets the requirement that the electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical output of an EPAct 2005 cogeneration facility is used fundamentally for industrial, commercial, residential or institutional purposes and is not intended fundamentally for sale to an electric utility, taking into account technological, efficiency, economic, and variable thermal energy requirements, as well as state laws applicable to sales of electric energy from a QF to its host facility. Applicants providing a narrative explanation of why their facility should be found to comply with 18 C.F.R. § 292.205(d)(2) in spite of non-compliance with the fundamental use test may want to review paragraphs 47 through 61 of Order No. 671 (accessible from the Commission's QF website at www.ferc.gov/QF), which provide discussion of the facts and circumstances that may support their explanation. Applicant should also note that the percentage reported above will establish the standard that that facility must comply with, both for the 12-month period beginning with the date the facility first produces electric energy, and in all subsequent calendar years. See Order No. 671 at paragraph 51. As such, the applicant should make sure that it reports appropriate values on lines 11g and 11h above to serve as the relevant annual standard, taking into account expected variations in production conditions.



Usefulness of Topping-Cycle Thermal Output

Information Required for Topping-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents topping-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 19 and 20. Otherwise, skip pages 19 and 20.

	to each host for each use. For he separate rows.	nal host, and specify the annual average rate of th osts with multiple uses of thermal output, provide	e the data for each use in
	Name of entity (thermal host) taking thermal output	Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's use of thermal output	Average annual rate of thermal output attributable to use (net of heat contained in process return or make-up water)
1)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
',		Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
2)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
		Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
3)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
		Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
4)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
		Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
5)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
-,		Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
5)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	
<i>3,</i>	9	Select thermal host's use of thermal output	Btu/h
	Check here and continue in t	he Miscellaneous section starting on page 24 if a	dditional space is needed
the Hove not app is mout	rmal output identified above. In so wever, if your facility's use of therm reasonably clear, then you must p dication may be rejected and/or act hade. (Exception: If you have previ put related to the instant facility, the and docket number to the order	thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief de ome cases, this brief description is sufficient to de nal output is not common, and/or if the usefulnes provide additional details as necessary to demons diditional information may be required if an insufficusly received a Commission certification approvihen you need only provide a brief description of a certifying your facility with the indicated use. Su deviation from the previously authorized use.) If	emonstrate usefulness. s of such thermal output is trate usefulness. Your icient showing of usefulness ring a specific use of thermal that use and a reference by chexemption may not be

orm 556 Page 20 - Toppin	g-Cycle Cogeneration Facilities
Applicants for facilities representing topping-cycle technology must demonstrate corcycle operating standard and, if applicable, efficiency standard. Section 292.205(a)(1) regulations (18 C.F.R. 292.205(a)(1)) establishes the operating standard for topping-the useful thermal energy output must be no less than 5 percent of the total energy (18 C.F.R. 292.205(a)(2)) establishes the efficiency standard for topping-cycle cogene installation commenced on or after March 13, 1980: the useful power output of the fathermal energy output must (A) be no less than 42.5 percent of the total energy input facility; and (B) if the useful thermal energy output is less than 15 percent of the total be no less than 45 percent of the total energy input of natural gas and oil to the facility compliance with the topping-cycle operating and/or efficiency standards, or to demo exempt from the efficiency standard based on the date that installation commenced, 131 below.	of the Commission's cycle cogeneration facilities: output. Section 292.205(a)(2) eration facilities for which cility plus one-half the useful of natural gas and oil to the energy output of the facility, y. To demonstrate nstrate that your facility is
If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents both topping-cycle and bottom technology, then respond to lines 13a through 13l below considering only the energy attributable to the topping-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion (to cogeneration system.	rinputs and outputs diagram must make clear
13a Indicate the annual average rate of useful thermal energy output made available	1
to the host(s), net of any heat contained in condensate return or make-up water 13b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	Btu/h
Tibb indicate the annual average rate of het electrical energy output	kW
13c Multiply line 13b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	Btu/h
13 d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production (this value is usually zero)	hp
13e Multiply line 13d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	
	Btu/h
13f Indicate the annual average rate of energy input from natural gas and oil	Btu/h
13g Topping-cycle operating value = 100 * 13a / (13a + 13c + 13e)	Dtu/II
The separate of the separate s	%
13h Topping-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (0.5*13a + 13c + 13e) / 13f	%
13i Compliance with operating standard: Is the operating value shown in line 13g gr	eater than or equal to 5%?
Yes (complies with operating standard) No (does not comply w	ith operating standard)
13j Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13,	1980?
Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirements of 18 C.F.R. 292.20 compliance with the efficiency requirement by responding to line 13k or 13l, a	

No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip lines 13k and 13l. 13k Compliance with efficiency standard (for low operating value): If the operating value shown in line 13g is less than 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h greater than or equal to 45%: Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply with efficiency standard) 131 Compliance with efficiency standard (for high operating value): If the operating value shown in line 13g is greater than or equal to 15%, then indicate below whether the efficiency value shown in line 13h is greater than or equal to 42.5%: Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply with efficiency standard)

Usefulness of Bottoming-Cycle Thermal Output

Information Required for Bottoming-Cycle Cogeneration Facility

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then you must respond to the items on pages 21 and 22. Otherwise, skip pages 21 and 22.

14a		mal host and each bottoming-cycle cogeneration prottoming-cycle cogeneration processes, provide the	
	Name of entity (thermal host) performing the process from which at least some of the reject heat is used for power production	Thermal host's relationship to facility; Thermal host's process type	Has the energy input to the thermal host been augmented for purpose of increasing power production capacity? (if Yes, describe on p. 24
1)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
')		Select thermal host's process type	
2)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
-/	-	Select thermal host's process type	
3)		Select thermal host's relationship to facility	Yes No
		Select thermal host's process type	
		thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief desc	
iden facil mus addi prev facil to th char	atified above. In some cases, this ity's process is not common, and, t provide additional details as ne tional information may be require viously received a Commission ceity, then you need only provide and order certifying your facility with the condercertifying your facility with the condercertify in the condercertify in the condercertify with the condercertify in the condercertification in the condercertificatio	thermal output: At a minimum, provide a brief description is sufficient to demonstrate useful for if the usefulness of such thermal output is not recessary to demonstrate usefulness. Your application red if an insufficient showing of usefulness is made. In a strict of the description of that process and a reference by ith the indicated process. Such exemption may not hade.) If additional space is needed, continue in the formal space is needed.	ness. However, if your asonably clear, then you nearly be rejected and/or (Exception: If you have cess related to the instantial date and docket number be used if any material

Bottoming-Cycle Operating and Efficiency Value Calculation

Applicants for facilities representing bottoming-cycle technology and for which installation commenced on or after March 13, 1990 must demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standards. Section 292.205(b) of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 292.205(b)) establishes the efficiency standard for bottoming-cycle cogeneration facilities: the useful power output of the facility must be no less than 45 percent of the energy input of natural gas and oil for supplementary firing. To demonstrate compliance with the bottoming-cycle efficiency standard (if applicable), or to demonstrate that your facility is exempt from this standard based on the date that installation of the facility began, respond to lines 15a through 15h below.

If you indicated in line 10a that your facility represents *both* topping-cycle and bottoming-cycle cogeneration technology, then respond to lines 15a through 15h below considering only the energy inputs and outputs attributable to the bottoming-cycle portion of your facility. Your mass and heat balance diagram must make clear which mass and energy flow values and system components are for which portion of the cogeneration system (topping or bottoming).

15a Did installation of the facility in its current form commence on or after March 13, 1	980?
Yes. Your facility is subject to the efficiency requirement of 18 C.F.R. § 292.2050 with the efficiency requirement by responding to lines 15b through 15h below	
No. Your facility is exempt from the efficiency standard. Skip the rest of page 2	22.
15b Indicate the annual average rate of net electrical energy output	kW
15c Multiply line 15b by 3,412 to convert from kW to Btu/h	⊕ Btu/h
15 d Indicate the annual average rate of mechanical energy output taken directly off of the shaft of a prime mover for purposes not directly related to power production (this value is usually zero)	qh
15e Multiply line 15d by 2,544 to convert from hp to Btu/h	0 Btu/h
15f Indicate the annual average rate of supplementary energy input from natural gas or oil	Btu/h
15g Bottoming-cycle efficiency value = 100 * (15c + 15e) / 15f	C %
15h Compliance with efficiency standard: Indicate below whether the efficiency value than or equal to 45%:	shown in line 15g is greater
Yes (complies with efficiency standard) No (does not comply wit	h efficiency standard)

knows its contents.

Certificate of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority

Applicant must certify compliance with and understanding of filing requirements by checking next to each item below and signing at the bottom of this section. Forms with incomplete Certificates of Completeness, Accuracy and Authority will be rejected by the Secretary of the Commission.

He or she has read the filing, including any information contained in any attached documents, such as cogeneration mass and heat balance diagrams, and any information contained in the Miscellaneous section starting on page 24, and

Signer identified below certifies the following: (check all items and applicable subitems)

	nd belief.	l information is true as stated,
He or she possess full power and aut Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 3	hority to sign the filing; as required by Rule 2005(a): 85.2005(a)(3)), he or she is one of the following: (che	(3) of the Commission's Rules of eck one)
☐ The person on whose behalf	the filing is made	
An officer of the corporation,	trust, association, or other organized group on beh	nalf of which the filing is made
An officer, agent, or employe filing is made	of the governmental authority, agency, or instrumental	entality on behalf of which the
A representative qualified to Practice and Procedure (18 C	practice before the Commission under Rule 2101 of F.R. § 385.2101) and who possesses authority to sig	f the Commission's Rules of gn
He or she has reviewed all automatic Miscellaneous section starting on page	calculations and agrees with their results, unless ot ge 24.	herwise noted in the
interconnect and transact (see lines 4	Form 556 and all attachments to the utilities with value through 4d), as well as to the regulatory authorities the Required Notice to Public Utilities and State Re	es of the states in which the
Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.2005(c)) provid	ature date below. Rule 2005(c) of the Commission's les that persons filing their documents electronically iled documents. A person filing this document elec- ided below.	y may use typed characters
		la .
Your Signature	Your address	Date
		Date 7/24/2024
Your Signature	Your address 1401 East 6th Street, Suite 400,	

FERC Form 556 Page 24 - All Facilities

Miscellaneous

Use this space to provide any information for which there was not sufficient space in the previous sections of the form to provide. For each such item of information *clearly identify the line number that the information belongs to.* You may also use this space to provide any additional information you believe is relevant to the certification of your facility.

Your response below is not limited to one page. Additional page(s) will automatically be inserted into this form if the length of your response exceeds the space on this page. Use as many pages as you require.

Line 5: Due to an internal reorganization of the corporate structure, RWE US Holdings, LLC is now an upstream corporate owner of this facility.