

**Appendix L**  
**Triple H Wind Project Decommissioning Plan**

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# **DECOMMISSIONING PLAN AND RECLAMATION COST ESTIMATE**

**TRIPLE H WIND PROJECT, LLC  
HYDE COUNTY, SOUTH DAKOTA**

Prepared for:

Triple H Wind Project, LLC



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# Triple H Wind Project Decommissioning Plan

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## **1.0 Introduction**

Tetra Tech was retained by Triple H Wind Project, LLC to prepare a decommissioning plan and cost analysis (Study) as part of an application for Energy Facility Permits from the South Dakota Public Utilities Commission (SDPUC) for the proposed Triple H Wind Project, LLC (Project). The scope of this Study is to review the Project details and develop a decommissioning plan and associated cost estimate for retiring the Project facilities at the end of its useful life.

## **2.0 Project Description**

The Project will be approximately 250 MW and will be located in Hyde County, South Dakota. The Project will utilize GE 2.72-MW wind turbine generators (WTGs). The current plan is to erect up to 92 WTGs at the site. Other major components for this Project include a Project substation, an interconnection switchyard, an approximately 500-foot long 345-kilovolt (kV) interconnection transmission line, three (3) permanent meteorological towers, an operations and maintenance (O&M) building, 36.6 miles of gravel access roads, and pad-mounted transformers at each WTG. These Project facilities are described in more detail below.

### ***2.1 Wind Turbine Generators***

The Project will consist of up to 92 wind turbine generators (GE 2.72-116). The 2.72-MW turbines include 89-meter (292 feet), conical, tubular, steel towers. The rotor diameter is 116.5 meters (382.2 feet). All turbine components will be fully removed as part of decommissioning.

### ***2.2 Wind Turbine Foundations***

Each WTG will be supported by a cylindrical concrete pedestal on top of a sloped, octagonal concrete spread footing, as is commonly used throughout the wind industry. The cylindrical concrete pedestal is proposed to be approximately 13 feet in diameter and three (3) feet tall. Less than one (1) foot of the pedestal will extend above-grade. The sloped, octagonal concrete base beneath the pedestal will extend downward an additional five (5) feet. The base of the foundation is expected to have a bottom diameter of approximately 55 feet. The total foundation depth should be approximately eight (8) feet below grade.

### ***2.3 Access Roads***

Each wind turbine will have an access road to allow for vehicle access to facilitate inspections and maintenance of the turbines and associated equipment during operation. The access roads will be 16 feet wide and will consist of crushed gravel overlying compacted subgrade. The Study accounts for removal of approximately 36.6 miles of access roads. All public and county roads are assumed to remain in place after decommissioning.

### ***2.4 Collection System***

Each wind turbine generates three-phase electrical power that is transformed to 34.5-kV with an oil-filled, medium-voltage, pad-mounted transformer located adjacent to the base of the turbine. All such transformers will be removed as part of decommissioning.

The Project will include an underground 34.5-kV electrical power collection system that will collect the electrical power from the wind turbines and route it to the Substation. A total of 57.6 miles of underground cable lines will be buried to a minimum below-grade depth of at least 42 inches. Any cables (including both power and communication cabling) buried at a below-grade depth of 3 feet or less will be removed when the Project is decommissioned. All cables buried deeper than 3 feet below grade will be left in place when the Project is decommissioned.

## **2.5 Project Substation**

Power from each wind turbine will be delivered via underground power collection cabling to an on-site Project substation, where it will be stepped up from 34.5-kV to 345-kV via two (2) main power transformers. The plans also include two (2) high-voltage circuit breakers, one (1) dead-end structure, substation steel structures, medium-voltage circuit breakers, switching devices, perimeter fencing, auxiliary equipment, and a control enclosure. All above-grade equipment within the perimeter fence of the substation, equipment foundations to a below-grade depth of 3 feet, as well as underground cables to a depth of 3 feet will be removed as part of decommissioning.

The interconnection switchyard will contain equipment to enable electrical interconnection between the Project and the regional transmission system (Leland Olds to Fort Thompson 345-kV line). This switchyard is expected to include up to three (3) 345-kV circuit breakers, three (3) dead-end structures, substation steel structures, disconnect breakers, disconnect switches, bus conductors, auxiliary equipment, perimeter fencing, and a control enclosure.

## **2.6 Interconnection Transmission Line**

Output from the Project will be delivered to the existing transmission system via a 345-kV interconnection transmission line that will span approximately 500 feet. All above-grade equipment for the interconnection transmission line, including structures and cabling, and all below-grade equipment to a depth of 3 feet will be removed as part of decommissioning.

## **2.7 O&M Building**

The Project includes an on-site O&M building consisting of spare parts storage and an area for minor maintenance. This building will be a pre-fabricated metal building with a reinforced concrete foundation. The proposed 8,000 square-foot building, as well as the surrounding gravel and perimeter fencing, is assumed to be decommissioned and removed as part of decommissioning.

## **2.8 Meteorological Towers**

One (1) permanent meteorological towers will be installed as part of this Project. The towers will be lattice-type towers that typically range in height from 80 to 90 meters and are supported by guy wires. The towers will be fully removed as part of decommissioning, including their supporting foundations down to 3 ft below grade.

## **3.0 Anticipated Life of Triple H Wind Project**

Megawatt-scale wind turbine generators available on the market today have a life expectancy of more than 20 years. The tubular steel towers supporting the generators are robust and with basic routine maintenance will serve many years beyond the life expectancy of the generators.

As the wind turbine generators to be installed for the Project approach the end of their expected life, technological advances should make available more efficient and cost-effective generators that will economically drive the replacement of the existing generators and thus prolong the economic life of the Project to an expected 30 years. Once the Project has met its design life it will need to be decommissioned. The following sections provide a description of the decommissioning work and the estimated costs associated with that work.

## **4.0 Decommissioning Process Description**

All decommissioning and restoration activities will adhere to the requirements of appropriate governing authorities, and will be in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local permits.

The decommissioning and restoration process comprises removal of all above ground structures; removal of

below ground structures to a depth of 3 feet; restoration of topsoil, revegetation and seeding; and a two-year monitoring and remediation period.

Above ground structures include the WTGs, step-up (pad-mounted) transformers, O&M building, meteorological towers, overhead electrical transmission lines, interconnection switchyard equipment and the substation. Below ground structures include WTG foundations, collection system conduits/cable, foundations for meteorological towers, foundation for the O&M building, substation or switchyard equipment foundations and drainage structures. The existing high-voltage transmission line (Leland Olds to Fort Thompson 345-kV line) crossing the site will remain in place after decommissioning, but all interconnection facilities interior to the Project will be removed.

It is assumed that the Project will incur costs for removal and disposal of the wind turbines, wind turbine foundations, and other Project facilities, as well as costs for the restoration of the Project Site. Above-grade steel, aluminum, and copper equipment, however, is expected to have significant scrap value to a salvage contractor. All recyclable materials will be recycled to the extent possible, while all other non-recyclable waste materials will be disposed of in accordance with state and federal law.

The process of removing structures involves evaluating and categorizing all components and materials into categories of recondition and reuse, salvage, recycling, and disposal. In the interest of increased efficiency and minimal transportation impacts, components and material may be stored on-site in a pre-approved location until the bulk of similar components or materials are ready for transport. The components and material will be transported to the appropriate facilities for reconditioning, salvage, recycling, or disposal.

#### **4.1 WTG Removals**

During the decommissioning process access roads to turbines may be widened temporarily to sufficient width to accommodate movement of appropriately sized cranes or other machinery required for the disassembly and removal of the turbines. High value components will be stripped. The remaining material will be reduced to shippable dimension and transported off site for proper disposal. Control cabinets, electronic components, and internal cables will be removed. The blades, hub and nacelle will be lowered to the ground for disassembly. The tower sections will also be lowered to the ground where they will be further disassembled into transportable sections. The blades, hub, nacelle, and tower sections will either be transported whole for reconditioning and reuse or disassembled into salvageable, recyclable, or disposable components. Each WTG area will be thoroughly cleaned and all debris removed.

Once removed, the wind turbine blades will be cut into manageably- sized sections, loaded onto a trailer, and hauled to a local landfill for disposal; the wind turbine blades are primarily constructed from a composite material that is assumed to have no salvage value at the time of decommissioning.

#### **4.2 Turbine Access Roads**

All crushed rock surfacing will be removed from the Project's access roads. The removed crushed rock will be loaded into dump trucks and hauled offsite for disposal. Following the removal of crushed rock surfacing, the compacted subgrade will be de-compacted and a layer of topsoil will be added to replace the removed rock. The areas where crushed rock has been removed will be fine graded to provide suitable drainage. In right-of-way and non-agricultural areas, the ground will be seeded to prevent erosion.

#### **4.3 WTG Foundation Removal**

Topsoil will be removed from an area surrounding the foundation and stored for later replacement. Turbine foundations will be excavated to a depth sufficient to remove all anchor bolts, rebar, conduits, cable, and concrete to a depth of 36 inches below grade. After removal of all noted foundation materials, the hole will be filled with clean subgrade material of quality comparable to the immediate surrounding area. The subgrade material will be compacted to a density similar to surrounding subgrade material. All unexcavated areas compacted by equipment used in decommissioning shall be de-compacted in a manner to adequately

restore the topsoil and subgrade material to the proper density consistent and compatible with the surrounding area. These areas will be thoroughly cleaned and all debris removed.

#### **4.4 O&M Building**

The 8,000 square-foot O&M building, as well as the surrounding gravel and perimeter fencing will be demolished/removed and disposed off-site. Any building foundations will be removed to a depth of 3 feet below ground surface (bgs), and similarly disposed off-site. The area will be thoroughly cleaned and all debris removed.

#### **4.5 Underground Electrical Collection System**

The cables and conduits will be removed to a depth of at least 3 feet bgs. All cable and conduit buried greater than 3 feet bgs will be left in place and abandoned. They contain no materials known to be harmful to the environment and will not interfere with future agricultural related use of the area.

#### **4.6 Overhead Transmission Line**

The conductors will be removed and stored in a pre-approved location. Switches and other hardware will be removed and delivered to a processing company for recycling. The supporting transmission line structures will be removed and the concrete foundations removed to a depth of 3 feet bgs. The steel transmission structure components will be stored in a pre-approved location. Stored conductors and other components will be later removed and transported to appropriate facilities for salvage or disposal. The area will be thoroughly cleaned and all debris removed.

#### **4.7 Substation**

Disassembly of the substation and associated switchyard will be completed and all material/equipment removed from the site. Steel, conductors, switches, transformers, etc. will be reconditioned and reused, sold as scrap, recycled, or disposed of appropriately depending upon market value. Foundations and underground components will be removed to a depth of 3 feet and the excavation filled, contoured, and revegetated. All unexcavated areas compacted by equipment used in decommissioning shall be de-compacted in a manner to adequately restore the topsoil and subgrade material to the proper density consistent and compatible with the surrounding area. The area will be thoroughly cleaned and all debris removed.

#### **4.8 Meteorological Towers**

One permanent meteorological towers will be disassembled at an appropriate time during the decommissioning activities so as not to interfere with the other ongoing work. This typically involves the use of a base crane to dismantle the masts, section by section, down to the foundation surface. The instrumentation and booms would be either removed before the sections are laid down, or removed from the sections once on the ground.

The disassembly works includes the cost of labor, machinery and tools to perform the dismantling tasks, including foundation removal to 3 feet below grade, and the loading of the dismantled material onto transport vehicles for removal from the site to an appropriate disposal, salvage or rework facility.

### **5.0 Site Restoration Process Description**

To the extent possible, topsoil will be removed prior to removal of structures from all work areas and stockpiled, clearly designated, and separated from other excavated material. Prior to topsoil replacement, all rocks four (4) inches or greater will be removed from the surface of the subsoil. The topsoil will be de-compacted to match the density and consistency of the immediate surrounding area. The topsoil will be replaced to original depth, and original surface contours reestablished where possible. All rocks four (4) inches or larger will be removed from the surface of the topsoil. Any topsoil deficiency and trench settling will be mitigated with imported topsoil consistent with the quality of the affected site.

All disturbed soil surfaces will be seeded with a seed mix agreed upon with the landowner(s) and/or applicable local, state or federal agencies such as the U.S. Department of Agriculture. These areas will be restored to a condition and forage density similar to the original condition. In all areas restoration will include, as reasonably required, leveling, terracing, mulching, and other necessary steps to prevent soil erosion, to ensure establishment of suitable grasses and forbs, and to control noxious weeds. Areas restored in agricultural fields will only be reseeded at request of the landowner. It is assumed that 50 percent of the access roads will be in agricultural areas.

## **6.0 Estimated Cost of Decommissioning**

At the time of retirement, the above-grade steel structures and turbine nacelles are assumed to have significant scrap value which will offset a portion of the cost to remove these items. However, the Project will also incur costs for removal and disposal of the wind turbine generator blades, foundations, and other Project facilities, along with the costs for the restoration of the site following the removal of salvageable equipment and disposal of other items.

The decommissioning cost estimate provided herein includes the costs to return the site to a condition compatible with the surrounding land and similar to the conditions that existed before development of the Project. Included in the estimate are the costs to decommission the power generating equipment associated with the Project, as well as the costs to retire the Project facilities, with all equipment and structures removed to a depth of 3 feet below grade. These costs are offset by the estimated revenue that will be received for scrap value of steel, aluminum, and copper equipment; no resale of the Project facilities for reuse is considered. Accordingly, it is a “no resale” estimate.

The estimated decommissioning costs for the Project were prepared using available information from a variety of credible industry sources. As summarized in Appendix A, the current cost of decommissioning Project is estimated to be approximately \$71,790 per turbine or \$26,419 per MW (based on 2.72 MW turbines) in 2018 dollars. This cost includes a partial offset from the salvage value of the towers, turbine components, and electrical equipment. The detailed reclamation cost estimate is provided in Appendix B.



## APPENDIX A

### SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED COST OF DECOMMISSIONING PER TURBINE

Decommissioning cost per MW (in current dollars)	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Total
<b>Mob/Demob</b>				
Equipment, facilities & personnel	1	lump sum	\$ 900,299	
Site Facilities - rental	1	lump sum	\$ 15,085	
				\$ 915,384
<b>Field Management</b>				
\$18,282.31/week	30	week	\$ 548,469	\$ 548,469
<b>Substation &amp; Switchyard Removal</b>				
	1	lump sum	\$ 153,355	\$ 153,355
<b>Removal of a Tower and Nacelle Units</b>				
Construct/remove temporary crane pads (\$7,514/WTG)	92	each	\$ 691,263	
WTG Removal (\$30,000/WTG)	92	each	\$ 2,760,000	
WTG foundation removal	92	each	\$ 466,479	
WTG Sizing & Loadout (net salvage value of \$16,940.86/WTG)	92	each	\$ 1,558,559	salvage value
				\$ 2,359,183
<b>Pad mounted transformer removal</b>				
\$1,905 (per turbine)	92	each	\$ 175,271	
				\$ 175,271
<b>Site Restoration, Seeding and Re-vegetation</b>				
(≈18.3 miles of access roadway, 1 acre O&M site, 8 acre substation & switchyard, and .5 acres/turbine site)	1	lump sum	\$ 725,821	\$ 725,821
<b>Removal of Transmission Line</b>				
(≈500 feet)	1	lump sum	\$ 39,845	
				\$ 39,845
<b>O&amp;M Building Removal</b>				
Building demo, foundation removal & off-site disposal	1	lump sum	\$ 24,881	
				\$ 24,881
<b>Access Road Removal</b>				
(≈36.6 miles of gravel road)	47,720	CY	\$ 514,780	
				\$ 514,780
<b>Administrative &amp; Project Management Tasks</b>				
Home office, Project Management	1	lump sum	\$ 272,850	
Contractor OH & fee (13%)	1	lump sum	\$ 874,879	\$ 1,147,729
<b>Total Removal Cost for 92 Turbines (250 MW)</b>				
Removal Cost/WTG	92	each	\$ 71,790	
Removal Cost/MW	250	each	\$ 26,419	\$ 6,604,719

### **Assumptions:**

The scope of work and individual tasks were established using professional experience, in collaboration with Tetra Tech's engineering staff. The Project was broken into individual tasks that were each estimated separately to include labor requirements, equipment needs, and duration. Production rates were established using professional experience and published standards that include RS Means ([www.rsmeans.com](http://www.rsmeans.com)). Labor rates prevalent to the geographic area of the Project were obtained by referencing US Department of Labor wage determinations. After the estimate was completed, typical average markups that are industry standard were applied for contingency, overhead, and fee. Estimating methods and assumptions specific to this estimate are as follows:

- Labor cost were developed by reviewing U.S. Department of Labor wage determinations and rates published by RS Means. An average rate was developed that includes base wage, fringe, and payroll tax liability. The final rate used in the estimate is an average of 40 hours standard (ST), and 10 hours overtime (OT) per week, assuming a 50-hour work week during decommissioning activities.
- Equipment (commonly referred to as yellow iron) rates used in the estimate are developed by reviewing rates published by RS Means, and historical vendor quotes. Rates include fuel, maintenance and wear & tear of ground engaging components. Rates utilized assume the use of rental equipment, not owned.
- Mobilization and demobilization costs are estimated to be approximately 15 percent of the overall contractor's costs. This reflects the actual cost to mobilize equipment, facilities and crew to the project site. A substantial portion of this cost is for the crane & crew required for WTG removal. This amount does not include the front loading of cost from other tasks.
- Work was estimated on a unit cost basis, priced by task that follows the progression of work from start to finish. Unit costs are developed by including the labor, equipment and production rate required for each individual task. RS Means and estimator's experience are utilized to establish the crew, equipment and production for each individual task.
- Roads would be restored so that they become a part of the natural surroundings and are no longer recognizable to the greatest extent possible. Road gravel would be used to backfill foundation locations to within 6" of final grade. It is expected that the remaining road gravel will be accepted by local receivers with no additional disposal cost. Access roads located on agricultural land, assumed to be 50 percent of roads, will not be reseeded. On private lands, prior existing roads would be restored at the request of the current landowner.
- All concrete foundations will be removed to a depth of 3' bgs. Gravel from road removal will be utilized to backfill to within 6" of final grade, and then completed with an additional 6" of topsoil. Concrete foundation removal will be accomplished with the use of excavators with concrete breakers. Processed concrete will be transported offsite under the same assumptions as road gravel.
- Underground electrical distribution cabling is assumed to be aluminum, at least 42" deep, and of low salvage value. As such, underground cable will be abandoned in place, with only the stubs to grade being removed down to 3' bgs.
- Oil from transformers and nacelles will be drained prior to removal, and the oil disposed of following state and federal regulations. Oil disposal cost is assumed to be \$4 per gallon.

- To reduce the cost of loading and transport, WTG components, substation transformers and equipment will be sized onsite utilizing shears and torch crews. Blades are assumed to have no scrap value, and will incur an estimated cost of \$95 per ton for trucking and landfill fee's. Remaining material is assumed to have a scrap value, with a cost of \$65 per ton for trucking, and a credit of \$216 per ton for scrap.
- WTG removal will require the construction and subsequent removal of temporary crane pads. Estimated cost of crane pads are based on an engineered design from a similar project.
- Transmission line is assumed to include 2 towers and cable. Towers are assumed to be steel, and will be processed onsite and shipped as scrap.
- O&M building is assumed to have no scrap value, and will be used to top loads of other waste. An allowance for 40 tons of demolition is included for this building.
- Final restoration will include the placement of 6" of topsoil on all disturbed areas, with a final seeding utilizing a mix of native grasses. It is assumed that 50 percent of the topsoil required for restoration is available onsite as a result of the original installation.
- The costs for temporary facilities have been included in the restoration cost. These include (1) office trailer, (2) Conex storage units, portolets, first aid supplies and utilities.
- Field management during construction activities has been added to the estimate. These costs include (1) Superintendent, (1) Health & Safety Rep and (2) Field Engineers. These positions are critical to the safe and successful execution of work.
- A contractors Home Office, Project Management, Over Head and Fee can vary widely by contractor. As such, averages were developed for the estimate and added as a percentage of total cost. These include 5 percent for Home Office & Project Management, and 13 percent for Overhead & Fee. Note that Contractor contingency costs are not included. Several other miscellaneous costs have been approximated, including permits, engineering, signage, fencing, traffic control, utility disconnects, etc. In the context of the overall estimate, these are incidental costs that are covered in the estimate markups.

**APPENDIX B**  
**Detailed Reclamation Cost Estimate**

**APPENDIX B**  
**Detailed Reclamation Cost Estimate**

**CBS Outline Report**  
**TETRA TECH EC, INC.**

**Job Code: Triple H Wind**  
**Description: Decommissioning Estimate**

From Cost Item: .	To Cost Item: .			
Code	Description	Forecast (T/O) Quantity	Unit of Measure	Unit Cost Total Cost (Forecast)
1	TRIPLE H WIND RETIREMENT			
1.1	Mob / Demob	1.00	Lump Sum	900,299.26 900,299.26
1.1.1	Equipment Mob	1.00	Lump Sum	101,500.00 101,500.00
1.1.2	Site Facilities	1.00	Lump Sum	2,200.00 2,200.00
1.1.3	Crew Mob & Site Setup	3.00	Day	14,319.85 42,959.56
1.1.4	Crew Demob & Site Cleanup	2.00	Day	14,319.85 28,639.70
1.1.5	Mob-Erection Sub	1.00	Lump Sum	725,000.00 725,000.00
1.2	Site Facilities	7.00	Month	2,155.00 15,085.00
1.3	Field Management	30.00	Week	18,282.31 548,469.40
1.4	Substation & Switchyard Removal	1.00	Lump Sum	153,355.00 153,355.00
1.4.1	Fence Removal	1.00	Day	1,202.19 1,202.19
1.4.2	Transformer & Switchyard Equip Removal	1.00	Each	96,809.96 96,809.96
1.4.2.1	Oil Removal & Disposal	1.00	Each	104,492.79 104,492.79
1.4.2.1.1	Oil Removal	1.00	Each	1,742.79 1,742.79
1.4.2.1.2	Oil Disposal	25,000.00	Gallon	4.00 100,000.00
1.4.2.1.3	Trucking - Per Load	2.00	Each	1,375.00 2,750.00
1.4.2.2	Demo & Prepare For Shipment Offsite	150.00	Ton	99.78 14,967.17
1.4.2.3	Salvage & Recovery	150.00	Ton	(151.00) (22,650.00)
1.4.2.3.1	Scrap Trucking Cost	150.00	Ton	65.00 9,750.00
1.4.2.3.2	Ferrous Metals Credit	150.00	Ton	(216.00) (32,400.00)
1.4.3	Remove Control Building	1.00	Each	386.81 386.81
1.4.3.1	Demo & Prepare For Shipment Offsite	10.00	Ton	189.68 1,896.81
1.4.3.2	Salvage & Recovery	10.00	Ton	(151.00) (1,510.00)
1.4.3.2.1	Scrap Trucking Cost	10.00	Ton	65.00 650.00
1.4.3.2.2	Ferrous Metals Credit	10.00	Ton	(216.00) (2,160.00)
1.4.4	UG Utility & Ground Removal	2.00	Day	1,202.19 2,404.37
1.4.5	Remove Foundations To Subgrade	500.00	Cubic Yard	34.43 17,213.22
1.4.5.1	Excavate / Remove Foundation - Various Depth	500.00	Cubic Yard	16.86 8,428.60
1.4.5.2	Concrete Transport Offsite	500.00	Cubic Yard	17.57 8,784.62
1.4.6	Misc. Material Disposal	1.00	Lump Sum	1,675.00 1,675.00
1.4.6.1	Trucking - Per Load	1.00	Each	1,375.00 1,375.00
1.4.6.2	Disposal Cost	10.00	Ton	30.00 300.00
1.4.7	Restore Yard	1.00	Lump Sum	33,663.46 33,663.46
1.4.7.1	Backfill / Regrade	4.00	Acre	1,540.15 6,160.62
1.4.7.2	Vegetative Cover	2,000.00	Cubic Yard	12.22 24,442.84
1.4.7.2.1	Topsoil, Delivered	1,000.00	Cubic Yard	10.00 10,000.00
1.4.7.2.2	Placement	2,000.00	Cubic Yard	7.22 14,442.84
1.4.7.3	Re-Seed With Native Vegetation	4.00	Acre	765.00 3,060.00
1.5	Construct & Remove Temporary Crane Pads	92.00	Each	7,513.73 691,263.45
1.5.1	Crane Pad 4" Stone 8" depth	9,200.00	Ton	34.66 318,846.06
1.5.2	Crane Pad 2" Stone 6" depth	6,900.00	Ton	37.88 261,346.06
1.5.3	Remove stone after erection	92.00	Each	1,207.30 111,071.34
1.6	WTG Removal	92.00	Each	30,000.00 2,760,000.00
1.6.1	Remove Top, Nacell, Rotor	92.00	Each	20,000.00 1,840,000.00
1.6.2	Remove Base & Mld	92.00	Each	10,000.00 920,000.00
1.7	WTG Sizing & Loadout	92.00	Each	(16,940.86) (1,558,559.12)

Code Description	Forecast (T/O) Quantity	Unit of Measure	Unit Cost	Total Cost (Forecast)
1.7.1 Oil Removal & Disposal	92.00	Each	349.22	32,128.67
1.7.1.1 Oil Removal	92.00	Each	174.28	16,033.67
1.7.1.2 Oil Disposal	3,680.00	Gallon	4.00	14,720.00
1.7.1.3 Trucking - Per Load	1.00	Each	1,375.00	1,375.00
1.7.2 Demo & Prepare For Shipment Offsite	28,060.00	Ton	63.66	1,786,356.21
1.7.3 Salvage & Recovery	92.00	Each	(40,317.00)	(3,709,164.00)
1.7.3.1 Scrap Trucking Cost	24,564.00	Ton	65.00	1,596,660.00
1.7.3.2 Ferrous Metals Credit	24,564.00	Ton	(216.00)	(5,305,824.00)
1.7.4 Blade T&D	3,496.00	Ton	95.00	332,120.00
1.8 WTG Foundation Removal	92.00	Each	5,070.43	466,479.11
1.8.1 Remove 13' x 3' Cylindrical Pedestal	1,380.00	Cubic Yard	44.63	61,582.81
1.8.2 Remove Top 1' Of Octagonal Base	6,716.00	Cubic Yard	45.85	307,914.06
1.8.3 Concrete Transport Offsite	8,096.00	Cubic Yard	11.98	96,982.23
1.9 Pad Mount Transformer Removal	92.00	Each	1,905.12	175,270.90
1.9.1 Oil Removal & Disposal	92.00	Each	2,972.93	273,509.81
1.9.1.1 Oil Removal	92.00	Each	98.20	9,034.81
1.9.1.2 Oil Disposal	64,400.00	Gallon	4.00	257,600.00
1.9.1.3 Trucking - Per Load	5.00	Each	1,375.00	6,875.00
1.9.2 Remove & Loadout Transformer	92.00	Each	105.76	9,729.85
1.9.3 Salvage & Recovery	92.00	Each	(1,208.00)	(111,136.00)
1.9.3.1 Scrap Trucking Cost	736.00	Ton	65.00	47,840.00
1.9.3.2 Ferrous Metals Credit	736.00	Ton	(216.00)	(158,976.00)
1.9.4 Remove Foundations To Subgrade	92.00	Each	34.43	3,167.23
1.9.4.1 Excavate / Remove Foundation - Various Depth	92.00	Cubic Yard	16.86	1,550.86
1.9.4.2 Concrete Transport Offsite	92.00	Cubic Yard	17.57	1,616.37
1.10 Transmission Line Removal	1.00	Lump Sum	39,845.25	39,845.25
1.10.1 Conductor Removal	0.17	Mile	23,965.77	4,074.18
1.10.1.1 Cut / Lower Cable, Size & Loadout	0.17	Mile	30,005.77	5,100.98
1.10.1.2 Salvage & Recovery	6.80	Ton	(151.00)	(1,026.80)
1.10.1.2.1 Scrap Trucking Cost	6.80	Ton	65.00	442.00
1.10.1.2.2 Ferrous Metals Credit	6.80	Ton	(216.00)	(1,468.80)
1.10.2 Remove Structure	4.00	Each	310.73	1,242.93
1.10.2.1 Demo & Prepare For Shipment Offsite	40.00	Ton	182.07	7,282.93
1.10.2.2 Salvage & Recovery	40.00	Ton	(151.00)	(6,040.00)
1.10.2.2.1 Scrap Trucking Cost	40.00	Ton	65.00	2,600.00
1.10.2.2.2 Ferrous Metals Credit	40.00	Ton	(216.00)	(8,640.00)
1.10.3 Remove Foundations To Subgrade	4.00	Each	4,620.42	18,481.68
1.10.3.1 Excavate / Remove Foundation - Various Depth	4.00	Each	4,594.67	18,378.68
1.10.3.2 Concrete Transport Offsite	6.45	Cubic Yard	15.96	103.00
1.10.4 Restore Structure Location Work Areas & Roads	4.00	Each	4,011.61	16,046.46
1.10.4.1 Backfill / Regrade	2.40	Acre	1,384.12	3,321.89
1.10.4.2 Vegetative Cover	400.00	Cubic Yard	27.22	10,888.57
1.10.4.2.1 Topsoil, Delivered	400.00	Cubic Yard	20.00	8,000.00
1.10.4.2.2 Placement	400.00	Cubic Yard	7.22	2,888.57
1.10.4.3 Re-Seed With Native Vegetation	2.40	Acre	765.00	1,836.00
1.11 O&M Building Removal	1.00	Lump Sum	24,881.21	24,881.21
1.11.1 Structure Demo	40.00	Ton	484.00	19,359.88
1.11.2 Remove Foundations To Subgrade	50.00	Cubic Yard	34.43	1,721.32
1.11.2.1 Excavate / Remove Foundation - Various Depth	50.00	Cubic Yard	16.86	842.86
1.11.2.2 Concrete Transport Offsite	50.00	Cubic Yard	17.57	878.46
1.11.3 Blade T&D	40.00	Ton	95.00	3,800.00

Code Description	Forecast (T/O) Quantity	Unit of Measure	Unit Cost	Total Cost (Forecast)
1.12 Access Road Removal	47,720.00	Cubic Yard	10.79	514,780.17
1.13 Site Restoration	1.00	Lump Sum	725,821.00	725,821.00
1.13.1 Vegetative Cover	50,000.00	Cubic Yard	12.22	611,071.00
1.13.1.1 Topsoil, Delivered	25,000.00	Cubic Yard	10.00	250,000.00
1.13.1.2 Placement	50,000.00	Cubic Yard	7.22	361,071.00
1.13.2 Re-Seed With Native Vegetation - Roads & Areas Disturbed By Construction	150.00	Acre	765.00	114,750.00
1.14 Home Office, Project Management (5% Of Cost)	1.00	Lump Sum	272,849.55	272,849.55
1.15 Contractor OH & Fee (13% Of Cost)	1.00	Lump Sum	874,879.20	874,879.20
<b>Total: TRIPLE H WIND RETIREMENT</b>				<b>6,604,719.38</b>
<b>Grand Total:</b>				<b>6,604,719.38</b>