BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION BY CROCKER WIND FARM, LLC FOR A PERMIT FOR A WIND ENERGY FACILITY AND A 345 KV TRANSMISSION LINE IN CLARK COUNTY, SOUTH DAKOTA, FOR CROCKER WIND FARM

SD PUC DOCKET EL-17-____

PREFILED TESTIMONY OF BARRY FLADEBOE ON BEHALF OF CROCKER WIND FARM, LLC

December 15, 2017

Ι.

INTRODUCTION AND QUALIFICATIONS

2

3 Q. Please state your name, employer, and business address.

A. My name is Barry Fladeboe. I am the Director of Wind Development at Geronimo
Energy, LLC ("Geronimo"), located at 7650 Edinborough Way, Suite 725, Edina,
Minnesota.

7

8 **Q. Briefly describe your educational and professional background.**

A. I have a Bachelor of Arts from the University of St. Thomas in St. Paul, Minnesota.
Prior to joining Geronimo, I worked for approximately 11 years in wind and solar
development industries, working for Gamesa Energy, Invenergy LLC, and Element
Power. At Geronimo, I am responsible for managing Geronimo's wind development
effort and staff. A copy of my curriculum vitae is provided as Exhibit 1.

14

15 Q. Could you explain the relationship between Geronimo and Crocker Wind Farm,

16 LLC ("Crocker") with respect to the proposed Crocker Wind Farm ("Project")?

- A. Crocker is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Geronimo, and Geronimo is assisting
 Crocker in all aspects of Project development.
- 19

Q. Could you please describe Geronimo's experience in the renewable energy industry?

22 A. Geronimo is a leading full-service North American renewable energy company 23 based in Edina, Minnesota, with satellite offices in southwest Minnesota, North 24 Dakota, South Dakota, Illinois, Colorado, New York, and Michigan, Geronimo provides renewable energy development solutions for utilities and corporations 25 26 looking to harness renewable energy for business growth. Geronimo has developed 27 several operating wind farms and solar projects throughout the United States. Over 28 1,600 MW of wind projects and solar projects developed by Geronimo are either operational or currently under construction. Geronimo has a multi-gigawatt 29 30 development pipeline of wind and solar projects in various stages of development 31 throughout the United States.

1		
2	Q.	What is your role with respect to the Project?
3	Α.	I manage/oversee development of the Project.
4		
5	П.	PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
6		
7	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
8	Α.	The purpose of my testimony is to provide an overview of the Project's development
9		history, including: site selection; site analysis; layout design; and local permitting.
10		
11	Q.	What exhibits are attached to your Direct Testimony?
12	Α.	The following exhibits are attached to my Direct Testimony:
13		<u>Exhibit 1</u> : Curriculum Vitae
14		
15	Q.	Please identify the sections of the Energy Facility Permit Application
16		("Application") that you are sponsoring for the record.
17	Α.	I am sponsoring the following portions of the Application:
18		Section 1.0: Introduction
19		Section 2.3: Additional Considerations
20		 Section 3.0: Estimated Cost of the Wind Energy Facility
21		Section 4.1: Site Location and Overview
22		Section 4.4: Land Requirements
23		Section 6.1: Land Acquisition
24		Section 6.2: Sale of Power
25		Section 6.5: Construction Financing
26		Section 6.6: Permanent Financing
27		Section 6.7: Expected Commercial Operation Date
28		• Section 7.0: Alternative Sites and Siting Criteria (with the exception of
29		subsections 7.1.1 and 7.2)
30		Section 8.0: Local Land Use Controls

1	 Section 9.7: Community Impact (with the exception of those subsections
2	concerning transportation and cultural resources)
3	 Section 10.0: Future Additions and Modifications
4	Section 12.3: Local Community Input
5	Section 12.4: Applicant's Burden of Proof
6	Section 13.0: Testimony and Exhibits
7	
8	III. PROJECT OVERVIEW
9	
10	Q. Who will own and operate the Project?
11	A. The Project will be owned and operated by Crocker Wind Farm, LLC.
12	
13	Q. Please provide a basic description of the Project, including where it is located.
14	A. The proposed Project is an up to 400 megawatt ("MW") wind energy conversion
15	facility ("Wind Energy Facility") and an associated 345 kV transmission line
16	("Transmission Line") located in Clark County, South Dakota. The Wind Energy
17	Facility would include:
18	 Up to 120 three-bladed, horizontal-axis wind turbines;
19	 Up to four permanent meteorological towers ("MET towers") and Sonic Detection
20	and Ranging ("SoDAR") or Light Range Detection and Ranging ("LiDAR") units;
21	 Access roads, improvements to existing public and private roads, and temporary
22	crane paths;
23	 Temporary laydown/staging areas, and temporary batch plant to mix concrete for
24	tower foundations;
25	 Operations and maintenance ("O&M") facility;
26	 Underground and/or aboveground electrical collector and communication
27	systems; and
28	Project collection substation.
29	The Transmission Facility would include:
30	 Approximately 5.2 miles of 345 kV bundled conductors;
31	 Steel monopole structures;

- 1
- Temporary access roads;
- 2 Temporary staging areas; and
- A switchyard with permanent access road.
- 4

5 Q. Has Crocker secured all of the necessary property rights for the Project?

A. Yes, Crocker has obtained the necessary easements, leases or purchase
 agreements from landowners for the Project. Crocker has agreements in place to
 either lease or purchase the necessary parcels for the substation, switchyard, and
 O&M facilities. The temporary laydown and staging areas are secured with existing
 wind lease agreements and Crocker will continue to coordinate with these
 landowners as needed.

12

13 Q. How and where will the Project interconnect to the electric grid?

A. The Project will interconnect at the proposed switchyard, which is approximately two
 miles north of the town of Crocker. Specifically, the Transmission Line will run from
 the Project substation to the switchyard, where the power will transfer to the Basin
 Electric Groton-to-Watertown 345 kV transmission line, which is part of the
 SPP/WAPA Transmission line portfolio in Clark County.

19

20 Q. Has the Project identified an off-taker for the energy it will produce?

- A. Crocker is currently in active discussions with three potential off-takers, but has not
 yet executed an offtake agreement. See the Direct Testimony of Elizabeth
 Engelking for further discussion of potential off-takers for the Project.
- 24

25 Q. What is the proposed development schedule for the Project?

- 26 A. It is anticipated that Project construction may begin as early as the Second Quarter
- 27 2018, and that the Project would be operational by the Fourth Quarter 2019.

28

29 IV. OVERVIEW OF SITE SELECTION

30

Q. Why did Crocker initially identify a site in Clark County for development of the

2 **Project?**

3 A. Crocker started when a group of local landowners identified wind energy as the best method for maximizing and diversifying use of their land. These landowners 4 5 contacted Geronimo regarding potentially developing a wind energy facility on their 6 land. Since wind developers need voluntary easements, and enter into a long-term relationship with project landowners, Geronimo was interested in working with the 7 8 landowners to further analyze the potential for project development on their land. The identification of the Project Area was primarily driven by: (1) the robustness of 9 10 the available wind energy resource; (2) ready access to transmission interconnection; (3) land use and environmental compatibility with wind 11 12 development; and (4) landowner support for wind energy development.

13

14 Q. Did Crocker explore different alternatives to the site?

A. Since Geronimo was approached by specific landowners regarding development of 15 16 a specific site, no other broader site alternative to the proposed site were evaluated. However, Crocker did evaluate alternatives for site expansion and refinement. Other 17 18 wind development was underway north of the Project Area, south of the Project Area 19 was eliminated due to uninterested landowners and proximity to the Clark airport, 20 and land to the east and west of the Project Area was not considered due to the 21 lower wind resource and existing leases with other companies. Thus, the site could 22 only extend west. Further, once the initial site location was selected, the Project boundary was modified over time based on landowner interest, and to avoid 23 24 environmental concerns based on consultations with federal, state, and local 25 agencies.

26

Q. Provide an overview of the analysis conducted by Crocker to determine that the site is suitable for wind development.

A. Once the site was selected and secured, Crocker conducted various analyses to
 determine the suitability of the site for wind development, including the compatibility

- 5 -

- of a wind energy facility with existing land uses and resources. The analyses
 included the following:
- 3 Communication Tower Study;
- Microwave Beam Path Study;
- 5 Shadow Flicker Assessment;
- 6 Acoustic Assessment;
- Raptor Nest Surveys;
- 8 Eagle Nest Surveys;
- 9 Eagle Monitoring;
- 10 Sharp-tailed Grouse and Greater Prairie Chicken Lek Surveys;
- Dakota Skipper and Poweshiek Skipperling Habitat Assessment;
- 12 Dakota Skipper and Poweshiek Presence/Absence Survey;
- 13 Northern-Long Eared Bat Presence/Absence Acoustic Surveys;
- Avian Use Studies (April 2016 March 2017);
- General Bat Acoustic Study;
- Grassland Avian Use Survey;
- Wetland and Waterbody Delineations;
- 18 Natural Community Assessment; and
- 19 Archaeological and Cultural Studies.
- Each of the site-specific studies was preceded by desktop review of existing resource data and coordination with local, state, and federal agencies and entities, which helped to inform site-specific study selection and protocols.
- 23

Q. Discuss further Crocker's coordination and consultation with federal and state
 agencies, local officials, and the surrounding community during Project
 development.

A. As discussed in Section 12.2 of the Application, Crocker coordinated with a number
 of federal, state, and local agencies to identify agency concerns regarding the
 proposed Project. Project notification letters were sent to these agencies on April 18,
 2016 and October 24, 2016, and the responses received are provided in Appendix H

of the Application. In addition, Crocker has had numerous meetings and discussions
 with the USFWS regarding avoidance, minimization, and mitigation of potential
 impacts to USFWS easements, as well as wildlife and associated habitat. Crocker
 has also had on-going discussions with the South Dakota Game Fish and Parks
 Department regarding the Project.

6

7 Additionally, Crocker has been coordinating with Clark County and the townships 8 within the Project Area, including Ash Township, Cottonwood Township, Spring 9 Valley Township, Warrant Township, and Woodland Township. Crocker has also 10 listened to comments and concerns voiced by those in the community. Input was received through regular attendance at Clark County Commission Meetings, the 11 12 Clark County Conditional Use Permit ("CUP") Application Hearing, and at the public 13 input hearing held in conjunction with Crocker's prior application – and has taken 14 steps to address those potential concerns.

15

16Q. Discuss further how Crocker has incorporated agency comments and17addressed potential concerns with the current Project.

- A. All of the input received was used to design the current Project configuration. Forexample:
- Based on consultation with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service
 ("USFWS"), the Project boundary shifted west to avoid Mallard Slough and other
 large waterbodies to the east of the Project that provide habitat to waterfowl in
 the area;
- The Project avoided nearly 10,000 acres of USFWS easement lands, including
 2,404 acres of USFWS grassland easements and 7,482 acres of land with
 wetland easements;
- The Project avoided Crocker airport runway approaches and restricted airspace;
- The Project avoided state Game Production Areas;
- The Project implemented a three-quarter mile setback from non-participating
 residences; and
- The Project is designed to utilize minimal turbine shifts during final micro-siting.

2 Q. Is the Project compatible with existing land uses and future development in 3 and around the Project Area?

A. Yes. Wind energy facilities are particularly suited to agricultural areas because the
existing agricultural uses can continue around the facilities. Crocker is not aware of
any specific proposed future development plans for the area; however, the Project
should not interfere with surrounding landowners' existing or planned uses of their
land, particularly given the setbacks incorporated into the Project's design.

- 9
- 10

V. TURBINE MODEL SELECTION

11

12 Q. Has Crocker made a final turbine model selection for the Project?

A. Not at this time. Four representative turbine models ranging from 2.0 MW to 3.45
MW are discussed in the Application: Gamesa G126 2.625 MW; GE 2.5-116;
Vestas V110 STE 2.0 MW; and Vestas V136 3.45 MW. However, Crocker requests
the ability to select the turbine model prior to construction to ensure a viable, costeffective and optimal turbine selection for the Project given the known conditions of
the Project Area and the turbines that are commercially available when the Project is
constructed.

20

Q. Why is it important for the Project to have flexibility with respect to the turbine model selected?

23 A. Turbine supply agreements reflect a large capital investment in the project, and are 24 frequently entered into after most major permits are received. Specifying a single 25 turbine option at this time would make it difficult for Crocker to negotiate the best 26 price for wind turbines. Negotiating turbine supply agreements in a competitive process with a number of suppliers will reduce the overall cost of the Project and 27 benefit the Project offtakers. Further, since turbine technology is continually 28 29 evolving, flexibility in selecting a turbine model will enable the Project to take 30 advantage of the latest technology advancements.

31

VI. PROJECT CONFIGURATION

3 Q. Is the Project's proposed configuration depicted in Figure 2 of the
 4 Application?

5 A. Yes, Figure 2 shows the 120 turbine locations proposed for the Project.

6

7

Q. Is this same configuration proposed for any turbine model selected?

8 A. Yes, the same 120 turbine locations are proposed for any turbine model selected. 9 For example, the configuration will work for any of the four representative turbine 10 models discussed in the Application. More specifically, if any of those four turbine models were selected, a subset of the 120 proposed turbine locations would be used 11 12 to reach a total output of up to 400 MW. Further, although only a subset of the 13 locations will be used, acoustic and shadow flicker modeling was conducted at all 120 proposed turbine locations for each of the four representative turbine models to 14 ensure that each proposed turbine location meets applicable requirements for each 15 16 model (see also the Direct Testimony of Michael Morris and the Direct Testimony of Eddie Duncan). If a different turbine model is ultimately selected, Crocker will 17 update its acoustic and shadow flicker modeling to confirm compliance with 18 19 applicable noise requirements and its shadow flicker level commitment.

20

21 Q. Is the configuration sited so as to minimize potential environmental impacts?

A. Yes, as discussed in Section 9.0 of the Application, and in the Direct Testimony of Brie Anderson, the Project's proposed configuration was sited so as to minimize potential environmental impacts. For instance, as discussed above, the Project was sited so as to avoid USFWS grassland easements and protected wetland basins to the extent practicable, and has also been sited to avoid impacts to cultural resources.

28

29 Q. Is the Project configuration designed to comply with all applicable County and

30 State turbine setback requirements?

31 A. Yes.

Q. Please identify the applicable setbacks for the Project.

A. The applicable setbacks are listed in the table below.

Project Setback Requirements						
Turbine Setback Requirement	Requirements	Proposed Setbacks				
Clark County						
4.21.03 (2)(a) Off-site residences, businesses, churches, and buildings owned and/or maintained by governmental entity	3,960 feet	3,960 feet				
4.21.03 (2)(a) Buildings on-site or lessor's residences	500 feet	1,000 feet plus any distance needed to meet noise requirement and shadow flicker commitment				
4.21.03 (2)(b) Centerline of public roads	500 feet or 110 percent the height of the wind turbine	550 feet minimum and 110 percent of turbine height should the turbine be taller				
4.21.03 (2)(c) Any property line	500 feet or 110 percent the height of the wind turbine, whichever is greater	County requirement for non-participants, setback has been waived for participants				
Setback from cemeteries (condition of CUP)	1 mile	1 mile				
Noise requirement	Distance from receptors must meet the noise standard of 50 A-weighted decibels ("dBA")	Crocker will site turbines at the distance required to meet the 50-dBA standard				
	South Dakota					
SDCL 43-13-24 Property lines	500 feet or 1.1 times the height of the tower, whichever is greater	Turbines are sited to meet this standard				
	Voluntary					
Shadow Flicker	Not regulated by State, Federal or local law	Distance required to meet voluntary commitment of 30 hours per year or less at any residence				

1		The setbacks are also visually depicted on the siting constraints map provided as
2		Figure 5 and Figure 5a-d in the Application.
3		
4	Q.	In addition to the setbacks noted above, are there other siting constraints the
5		Project layout accounts for?
6	Α.	As discussed in the Direct Testimony of Michael Morris, turbines have been sited to
7		meet a voluntary shadow flicker goal of 30 hours per year or less at existing
8		residences.
9		
10	Q.	Did you coordinate with existing infrastructure owners in developing the
11		Project layout?
12	A.	Yes. Specific detail regarding that coordination is provided in the Direct Testimony
13		of Rob Copouls. In addition, Crocker's construction contractor will request One-Call
14		locates prior to beginning construction to ensure underground facilities are identified.
15		
16	VI	. FINAL MICROSITING
17		
18	Q.	Where is the Project at with respect to micro-siting of the turbines?
19	Α.	Completing wetland and waterbody delineations, cultural resource surveys and
20		geotechnical studies will be required to finalize micro-siting turbines. The wetland
21		and waterbody delineations are approximately 78% complete and the cultural
22		resource surveys are approximately 80% complete. These studies, in additional to
23		geotechnical will be completed in the Spring of 2018.
24		
25	Q.	Could the remaining cultural resource survey, wetland and waterbody
26		delineations, and geotechnical work require changes to the turbine locations?
27	Α.	Yes, the results of the geotechnical analysis and remaining survey work could
28		necessitate minor shifts to the proposed turbine locations.
29		
30	Q.	What is Crocker's request with respect to flexibility for future minor shifts in
31		the turbine locations presented in Figure 2 of the Application?

- 11 -

1 A. To accommodate final micro-siting, Crocker requests that the permit allow turbines 2 to be shifted within 1.000 feet of their current proposed location, so long as specified 3 noise and shadow flicker thresholds are not exceeded, cultural resources and 4 sensitive species habitat are avoided, and wetland impacts are avoided to the extent 5 practicable. If turbine shifts are greater than 1,000 feet, exceed the noted thresholds, 6 or do not meet the other limitations specified, Crocker would either use an alternate 7 turbine location or obtain Commission approval of the proposed turbine location 8 change. In all cases, the final turbine locations constructed would adhere to all 9 applicable local, state, and federal regulations and requirements.

10

Q. With respect to other facilities, what is Crocker's request with respect to final micrositing?

13 A. Shifts in the access roads and collector system, as well as temporary facilities (e.g., 14 concrete batch plant and lavdown/staging areas), may also be necessary to 15 accommodate turbine shifts, avoid identified resources, incorporate landowner input, or to address other factors. Therefore, Crocker requests that the permit allow these 16 17 facilities to be shifted, as needed, so long as they are located on leased land, 18 cultural resources are avoided, sensitive species habitat is avoided, wetland impacts 19 are avoided to the extent practicable, and all other applicable regulations and 20 requirements are met.

21

22 **Q.** Are any future modifications or expansions of the Project planned?

- A. Other than potential minor shifts during final micro-siting, no future modifications or
 expansions of the Project are planned at this time.
- 25

26 VIII. LOCAL PERMITTING

27

Q. Has the Project obtained conditional use permits for the Project from Clark County?

- A. Yes, Clark County issued a CUP for the Project on April 4, 2017.
- 31

Q. What is the status of Crocker's legal proceeding involving the CUP in Circuit

2 **Court?**

A. Crocker sought relief in Circuit Court from certain permit conditions, and is also
seeking clarification of certain permit terms. However, the configuration proposed by
Crocker in this Application has been designed to comply with county setbacks and
other applicable requirements. Crocker has informed Clark County's counsel of this
fact, and is hopeful a resolution with respect to certain minor items (e.g., clarification
of permit terms) can be reached in the near future.

9

Q. Is the siting flexibility requested by Crocker consistent with the siting
 requirements imposed by Clark County?

A. Yes. Clark County allows facilities to be sited anywhere within the Project Area
 covered by the CUP so long the requirements of the CUP, including setbacks and
 noise requirements, are satisfied. Crocker will submit its final layout to Clark County
 for review as part of the building permit process.

- 16
- 17 IX. PROJECT BENEFITS
- 18

19 Q. Please describe the local and state benefits the Project will provide.

A. The Project will provide short-term and long-term benefits to the local economy. As
 discussed in the Direct Testimony of Rob Copouls, construction of the Project is
 anticipated to generate approximately 250 jobs during construction. In addition, local
 contractors will be used for portions of construction, and local expenditures will be
 made for equipment, fuel, operating supplies, and other products and services,
 which will benefit area businesses.

26

Long-term beneficial impacts to the state and local tax base as a result of the operation of the Project will contribute to improving the local economy in the area. In addition to the creation of jobs and personal income, the Project will pay capacity and production taxes which will benefit the State of South Dakota, School Districts, Clark County, and the townships in the Project Area with wind turbines. Over 20

- years of operation, direct economic benefits are estimated to include (based on 400
 MW project):
- Landowners Payments: ~\$46 million over 20 years (~\$2.3 million average per year)
- Capacity and Production Tax: ~ \$36 million over 20 years (~\$1.8 million per year)
- Community Fund: \$1.6 million over 20 years (\$80,000 per year)
- Full-Time Jobs: ~15-20 full time jobs totaling up to \$24 million over 20 years
- 8

Overall, the Project will provide significant economic benefits to Clark County and
the State of South Dakota, in addition to providing local landowners the opportunity
to diversify their agricultural operations.

12

13 X. CONCLUSION

- 14
- 15 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17
- 18 Dated this 15th day of December, 2017.

19 20 Fladeboe 21