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## BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

IN THE MATTER OF The Complaint By Oak Tree Energy LLC Against NorthWestern Energy For Refusing To Enter Into A Purchase Power Agreement DOCKET NO. EL11-006

## REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF MICHAEL MAKENS

1	I.	INTRODUCTION
3 4	Q.	Please state your name and employment.
5	A.	My name is Michael Makens. I am one of the owners of the Oak Tree Energy, LLC
6		(Oak Tree) project in Clark, South Dakota. I have been directly and personally
7		involved in all the major decisions regarding the Oak Tree wind project located in
8		Clark, South Dakota.
9 10 11	Q.	What has been your involvement with this project and this case?



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	л.	As one of the owners of Oak Tree, I have been intimately involved in an aspects of its
2		development and I have been extensively involved in attempting to obtain a power
3		purchase agreement for Oak Tree from NorthWestern Energy (NorthWestern).
4 5 6	Q.	Whose testimony are you rebutting in this case?
7	A.	I am primarily rebutting the testimony of NorthWestern Energy witness Bleau LaFave
8		regarding the existence of a Legally Enforceable Obligation (LEO). I believe Mr.
9		LaFave significantly misstates the state of the Oak Tree project, our willingness to
10		negotiate, and the actual history of negotiations between the parties. In summary, I
11		believe Mr. LaFave is attempting to conceal NorthWestern's lack of willingness to
12		actually discuss a potential power purchase agreement (PPA) with Oak Tree, and the
13		fact that NorthWestern simply refused to negotiate. NorthWestern's position on the
14		negotiations of the parties is a misrepresentation of what transpired between Oak Tree
15		and NorthWestern.
16		
17 18	II.	SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY
19 20	Q.	Please summarize your rebuttal testimony
21	A.	First, I will walk through all the efforts that Oak Tree made to negotiate with
22		NorthWestern. The South Dakota Public Utilities Commission (PUC) should
23		understand that Oak Tree has every reason to negotiate fully and fairly with
24		NorthWestern.
25		My testimony will illustrate that Oak Tree repeatedly asked
26		NorthWestern whether it was willing to negotiate, both in writing and via
27		telecommunications. We only brought this complaint as a last resort. It was not
28		anything we wanted to do.
29		
30		Second, I will discuss some basic facts about the Oak Tree project, including the need
31		for a PPA in order to sell its output. These facts include the project's location, the
32		work already completed, and the status of the Interconnection Agreement.
33		

1 2 3	Q.	Are you offering testimony on the requirements for the existence of an LEO for Oak Tree?
4	A.	No. That will be offered by Thomas K. Anson, who is our rebuttal expert on that
5		issue in this case.
6 7 8	III.	HISTORY OF NEGOTIATIONS
9 10 11	Q.	On pages 7-8 of his prefiled testimony, Mr. LaFave summarizes his view of the communications between Oak Tree and NorthWestern. Is his list accurate?
12	A.	No. There are a number of different communications that Mr. LaFave has failed to
13		mention. The first missing item is an inquiry written by Claud Matney, an
14		engineering consultant retained by Oak Tree to assist with developing the project.
15		There is a letter dated May 21, 2010, written by Ms. Sarah Dannen of NorthWestern
16		that indicates that contact took place (attached hereto as "Exhibit 1"). I will detail all
17		the other efforts we made below.
18 19 20	Q.	Were all the communications between Oak Tree and NorthWestern in letter form?
21	A.	No. Oak Tree's representatives attempted to discuss the need for a PPA with
22		NorthWestern numerous times informally via telephone. Those efforts were no more
23		successful than the written attempts. These telephonic efforts were carried out in the
24		period between June of 2010 and February 2011, when Oak Tree unsuccessfully
25		sought to engage NorthWestern in negotiations.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	Q.	Mr. LaFave states on p. 8, lines 14-21 of his testimony that " requests for additional information and possible intent were communicated in the letters, but there were no discussions to help each party to understand positions, contract terms, feasibility, energy and capacity need, project viability, environmental and wildlife studies, company viability, Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO) process certifications, wind technology verifications, historical wind data, or WAPA connection requirements. In 2011, Oak Tree offered a one-sided agreement to NorthWestern—without any discussions and at a price significantly above NorthWestern's calculated incremental costs." Is Mr. LaFave accurately describing Oak Tree's willingness to communicate?
38	A.	No. In fact, the first letter sent by our counsel to NorthWestern on July 2, 2010

(attached hereto as "Exhibit 2") specifically stated:

 If there are assumptions or errors in the attached spreadsheet that you can correct, or additional information that would correct Oak Tree's impression that NWE has significant needs for energy and capacity in South Dakota over the next 10 years, please let us know, For example, if the information that is required to be made public by 18 C.F.R, § 292.302 would answer those questions, we respectfully request that it, or any other relevant information that would further inform Oak Tree's decision, be provided. Please let me know no later than Thursday, July 8, 2010, if NWE is interested in further discussing Oak Tree's proposal or has additional information that would bear on Oak Tree's decision. (Emphasis added).

- Did NorthWestern respond that it was interested in discussing the Oak Tree project further, or request additional information such as those items mentioned by Mr.

  LaFave in his testimony on p. 8, lines 14-21?
- 18 A. No. NorthWestern responded to our letter on July 6, 2010 in a letter by Pamela

  19 Bonrud of NorthWestern (attached hereto as "Exhibit 3") as follows:

As we previously discussed, NorthWestern's South Dakota electric system is different than our electric system in Montana in that NorthWestern is a vertically integrated electric utility with its own electric generation in South Dakota. NorthWestern does not have the need for additional base load generation at this time. We have enough baseload generation to meet current demand and are currently selling any excess generation into the open market. This results in a significant impact on South Dakota electric rates and our avoided cost rate structure. Specifically, as allowed under CFR 292.304, a utility is allowed to reflect impacts to the utility if it must sell power from a QF to the wholesale market at a loss in its avoided cost rates.

- Q. Did NorthWestern send Oak Tree the information requested pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.302 as requested in Oak Tree's letter of July 2, 2010?
- 37 A. No. NorthWestern never sent that information at that time or at any other time prior to 38 this proceeding. In fact, our counsel had to file a motion to compel so that our expert 39 could have access to that information.
- 41 Q. How did you view NorthWestern's response in its July 6, 2010 letter?

1	A.	We were still hoping to negotiate, but NorthWestern said they didn't have any need
2		for capacity and that it was selling its excess generation into the open market.
3		Moreover, Oak Tree understood that the avoided cost rate stated by NorthWestern for
4		QF projects was a short term rate for \$20/MWH, and we believed Oak Tree was
5		entitled to a long-term rate for its project.
6 7 8 9	Q	Then, to your mind, did NorthWestern respond to your request for additional information and offer to commence negotiations?
10	A.	No. We did have a teleconference with NorthWestern on or about June 10, 2010, but
11		during that telephonic meeting NorthWestern in essence simply repeated that it had no
12		need for capacity and that our project was well above avoided cost.
13 14 15 16	Q	During that meeting did NorthWestern indicate a willingness to negotiate a power purchase agreement with Oak Tree?
17	A.	No, not at that time or any other time.
18 19 20	Q.	During that meeting, did NorthWestern request information regarding the items that Mr. LaFave identifies on lines 14-21 or request information regarding those items?
21 22	A.	No. Not at that time or any other time. If NorthWestern had asked, we would have
23		been happy to provide that information since we always wanted to negotiate an
24		agreement. Litigation was always viewed as a last resort. If NorthWestern needed
25		additional information all it had to do was ask.
26 27 28	Q.	What happened next?
29	A.	We directed our counsel to follow up and indicate a willingness to continue
30		discussions.
31 32 33	Q.	Did that communication take place?
34	A.	Yes. Our counsel sent another letter on July 13, 2010 (attached hereto as "Exhibit 4")
35		in response to a communication by Mr. LaFave that NorthWestern needed three weeks
36		from July 2, 2010 to respond to our counsel's prior letter. That letter states:

Although three weeks seems like a substantial amount of time to 1 respond to the question of whether NorthWestern is willing to negotiate 2 3 a power purchase agreement with Oak Tree Energy, in the interest of cooperation Oak Tree Energy is willing to wait until July 23, 2010 to 4 5 get NorthWestern's definitive answer to that question. 6 7 That said, as NorthWestern is aware timing is important to the success of any generation venture. In this case, Oak Tree Energy is attempting 8 9 to secure federal benefits that may not be available if discussions cannot be commenced within a reasonable time frame. Thus, time is of 10 11 the essence. 12 What was Mr. LaFave's response? 13 Q. 14 Nothing new. His July 15, 2010 letter (attached hereto as "Exhibit 5") said that 15 A. NorthWestern had no need for additional capacity and that our project was above 16 avoided costs. Mr. LaFave reiterated that NorthWestern had a short-term rate of 17 \$20/MWH and we felt we had a right and a need for a long-term avoided cost rate in 18 19 order to finance our project. In fact, much of Mr. LaFave's letter simply duplicated the language of Ms. Bonrud's communication of July 6: 20 21 22 NorthWestern has enough baseload generation to meet current energy needs and is currently selling excess generation into the wholesale open 23 market. To purchase power at costs above our avoided cost and at 24 times when not needed or when less expensive resources are available 25 would have a significant impact on South Dakota utility rates and our 26 avoided cost rate structure. Specifically, as allowed under CFR 27 292.304, a utility is allowed to reflect impacts to the utility if it must 28 sell power from a QF to the wholesale market at a loss in its avoided 29 30 cost rates. 31 32 Did NorthWestern offer to negotiate? Q. 33 No. Not then and not ever. The letter did state "[t]he filed avoided cost rate 34 A. 35 mentioned above is the allowable rate for Qualifying Facilities. NorthWestern would be interested in any discussions that would add cost effective renewable 36 resources to our portfolio that would maintain or reduce the costs to our 37

customers." Again, NorthWestern's filed avoided cost rate referred to by Mr.

LaFave was a short-term rate of \$20/MWH. We believe that Oak Tree has a

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1		right to a long-term rate. We obviously could not obtain linancing with a
2		short-term rate.
3 4 5	Q.	Why wasn't NorthWestern's statement an offer to negotiate?
5 6	A.	Because all NorthWestern said is that Oak Tree can only have this short-term
7		rate (approximately \$20 dollars per MWH) and that's what you can get.
8		That's not a negotiation, that's a proclamation.
9 10 11 12 13	Q.	If NorthWestern had said we are willing to negotiate above the \$20/MWH avoided cost proclaimed by Mr. LaFave would you have met with them to discuss that possibility?
14	A.	Of course. We have no interest in litigation with NorthWestern. We were
15		always willing and ready to meet with NorthWestern. We just want to be able
16		to finish our project and sell its wind power at a fair market rate that makes the
17		project financially viable.
18 19 20 21	Q.	What steps did Oak Tree take next to attempt to obtain a PPA from NorthWestern?
22	A.	After reviewing NorthWestern's letter of July 15 (received by us on July 22,
23		2010), and after our expert and attorney had the opportunity to review the
24		letter and the links provided by NorthWestern, we directed our attorney to ask
25		further questions of NorthWestern. We were not attempting to cause any
26		problems for NorthWestern, we just needed answers to our questions regarding
27		NorthWestern's resource acquisition plans, its longer run avoided cost, and its
28		intent to comply with South Dakota's renewable resource objective.
29		However, we continued to be willing to discuss these matters further with
30		NorthWestern and had no intent to commence any litigation. To that end, our
31		counsel wrote on July 22, 2010 (attached hereto as "Exhibit 6"):
32 33 34 35 36		Oak Tree finds itself under something of a time constraint in resolving the issue of potential markets for generation. Please respond to these questions by Friday, July 30, 2010, so Oak Tree can reach resolution regarding where to sell its output. We apologize for the short time
37		frame and do not wish to visit any hardship on NWE. However, Oak

1 2 3 4 5		Tree needs answers as soon as possible. Oak Tree again wishes to thank NWE for its cooperation in assisting Oak Tree to better understand the potential market for Oak Tree's planned generation. If you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me. I would be happy to speak with you.
6 7 8 9	Q.	What was NorthWestern's response? Did it contact Oak Tree or its counsel and attempt to set up a meeting to negotiate?
10	A.	Mr. LaFave responded in a July 30, 2010 letter (attached hereto as "Exhibit
11		7"), which essentially reiterated its prior position that NorthWestern had a
12		\$20/MWH short-term avoided cost and did not provide any long term avoided
13		cost information. In particular, NorthWestern did not fully answer the
14		questions posed by Oak Tree in this letter. Again, NorthWestern did not
15		respond to our offer to talk further so that Oak Tree might respond to any
16		questions NorthWestern might have regarding our project.
17 18 19	Q.	What happened next?
20	A.	We attempted to evaluate whether it made sense to continue to try and get
21		information from NorthWestern or sell our power elsewhere for several
22		months. In the meantime, we attempted to shore up our interconnection with
23		NorthWestern and were waiting for that process to get sorted out. The last
24		thing we wanted was to litigate against NorthWestern, and so we wanted to
25		make sure we explored all available options. Ultimately, we found there was
26		no viable alternative.
27 28 29 30	Q.	When did Oak Tree finally resolve that it needed to sell its output to NorthWestern?
31	A.	After the 2010 holiday season and after we had secured our interconnection
32		process with NorthWestern, we attempted to informally contact NorthWestern
33		about negotiating a power purchase agreement. We also authorized our
34		expert to prepare an avoided cost forecast for a 20-year PPA commencing by
35		the end of 2011. We, thereafter, authorized our counsel to send another letter

1		to NorthWestern on January 25, 2011 (attached hereto as "Exhibit 8"), which
2		stated in full:
3 4		Dear Mr. LaFave:
5 6 7		Oak Tree Energy, LLC hereby offers to sell 19.5 MW of energy and capacity to NorthWestern Energy's existing 69 kV substation at Clark
8 9		Junction, South Dakota. Oak Tree is offering to sell power to NWE at \$0.5440 per KWH (or \$54.40 per MWH) for 20 years with an annual
10 11 12		escalator of 2.5 percent. All renewable energy credits or other environmental attributes will be transferred to NWE as part of this transaction. Enclosed is a proposed power purchase agreement to
13 14		effectuate the transaction if NWE deems this offer acceptable.
15 16 17 18 19		Let us know if this offer is acceptable to NWE. Oak Tree believes it is a fair offer that will allow the Oak Tree project to succeed financially while being at NWE's avoided cost. We believe NWE and its ratepayers would benefit as well. We respectfully request a response no later than Wednesday, February 2, 2011. Thank you for your attention to this matter.
21 22 23	Q.	How did NWE respond to your offer?
24	A.	Mr. LaFave responded by letter on February 2, 2011 (attached hereto as
25		"Exhibit 9"). NorthWestern essentially repeated what it had told us earlier
26		with no new information. NorthWestern reiterated its position that it had a
27		\$20/MWH short-term avoided cost and made no attempt to provide
28		information regarding NorthWestern's long-term avoided cost. Specifically,
29		Mr. LaFave said:
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38		NorthWestern has enough baseload generation to meet current annual energy needs and is currently selling any excess generation into the wholesale open market. To purchase power at costs greater than our avoided cost and at times when not needed or when less expensive resources are available would have a significant impact on South Dakota electric rates and our avoided cost structure. Specifically, as allowed under CFR 292.304, a utility is allowed to reflect impacts to the utility if it must sell power from a QF to the wholesale market at a loss in its avoided cost rates.
11 12	Q.	In Oak Tree's view, how had NWE's position evolved since its initial responses seven months before?

1 2	A.	There was no change. As you can see, this is almost the identical, what I
3	21.	would consider, boilerplate language from NorthWestern's letters of July 2,
		2010 and July 15, 2010. Again, mostly an assertion without any evidence that
4		
5		Oak Tree's proposal was significantly above NorthWestern's avoided costs.
6 7 8	Q.	Did NorthWestern respond to the proposed PPA or offer to negotiate further?
9 10	A.	No. NorthWestern said in response:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19		NorthWestern appreciates your interest in developing renewable energy in South Dakota. The filed avoided cost rate mentioned above is the allowable rate for Qualifying Facilities. NorthWestern would be interested in any discussions that would add renewable resources to our portfolio that are priced at or below the established avoided cost but also monetarily recognizing current status of the energy and capacity requirements of the portfolio. Your offer does not meet these criteria, and NWE, via this response, rejects your offer.
20 21	Q.	What did you take NorthWestern's response to mean?
22	A.	NorthWestern had consistently taken the position that it did not agree with our
23		position on its avoided costs and that it was not interested in negotiating further.
24		NorthWestern reiterated that it had no interest in our project and would not cooperate
25		with negotiations or engaging in a frank exchange of ideas. However, we could not
26		accept NorthWestern's short-term rate and believed we were entitled to a long-term
27		avoided cost rate.
28 29 30 31	Q.	Did NorthWestern respond in any fashion to your proposed power purchase agreement?
32 33	A.	No.
34 35 36	Q.	If NorthWestern had offered to meet or asked questions or sent an alternative proposed power purchase agreement, what would you have done?
37	A.	We would have immediately responded with whatever information NorthWestern
38		wanted. If NorthWestern had commented or sent a different proposed PPA, we would
39		have evaluated that and marked it up and sent it back to NorthWestern. More
40		importantly, we would have taken it as a sign that NorthWestern was willing to

1		negotiate in good faith. This is something we feel never happened throughout this
2		process. Had NorthWestern ever indicated a willingness to talk further, we would
3		have done everything we could to reach a negotiated agreement, but it was obvious to
4		us that NorthWestern had no interest in good faith discussions regarding the Oak Tree
5		project.
6		
7	Q.	So how did Oak Tree view NorthWestern's February 2, 2011 letter?
8 9	A.	Oak Tree viewed this as NorthWestern intransigently saying "no" to our offer without
10		any real attempt to discuss or negotiate. In point of fact, we felt that NorthWestern
11		was telling us to go away.
12		
13 14	Q.	What steps did you take next to secure a power purchase agreement from NorthWestern?
15		
16	A.	We took further steps to confirm that NorthWestern was the only viable
L7		market for the output from Oak Tree. Our expert confirmed that it was. Then
18		we authorized our attorney to send a letter informing NorthWestern that due to
L9		NorthWestern's refusal to negotiate or exchange information about the Oak
20		Tree project, that we were binding ourselves to sell our output to
21		NorthWestern and, thus, creating a Legally Enforceable Obligation (LEO).
22		That letter was sent on February 25, 2011 (attached hereto as "Exhibit 10").
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24 25	Q.	What did that letter say?
26	<b>A</b> .	The letter stated:
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28		Accordingly, this letter serves as notice to NWE of the establishment of a legally enforceable obligation (the "LEO") for the delivery of energy
9 80		and capacity by Oak Tree to NWE, pursuant to which Oak Tree will
31		deliver all of its electric energy (other than station service) and capacity
32		for sale to and purchase by NWE in accordance with the terms of the
3		attached PPA signed by Leonard "Bill" Makens, Oak Tree's President
4		and Chief Executive Officer.
35		Downward to 18 C.E.D. 5 202 204(d) Oak Troo housely, avarained its
6 7		Pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 292.304(d), Oak Tree hereby exercises its option to provide energy and capacity pursuant to an LEO over a
8		specified term commencing with the initial delivery of energy
9		(including test energy) to NWE from the Project, with an expected

1 2		commercial operation date of May 15, 2012 and ending 20 years later (the "specified term.")
3 4 5	Q.	Did the letter say anything else?
6	A.	Yes, it attached an analysis of both spot market prices for a 20-year term in
7		order to calculate an avoided cost for NorthWestern, and another based on
8		NorthWestern building, owning and operating its own wind project over a 20-
9		year term. The first option was a "brown power" option as it did not assume
10		the acquisition of renewable resources, and the second was a "green power"
11		calculation that assumed NorthWestern would build, own and operate a
12		renewable resource. Black and Veatch's forecast for "brown power" over a
13		20-year term was \$78.92/MWH and \$70.81/MWH for green power over the
14		same term (assuming a 44.8 % net capacity factor). However, Oak Tree's
15	•	proposed sale price to NorthWestern was far below Black and Veatch's
16		forecast for both "brown power" and "green power" at a levelized cost of
17		\$65.12/MWH.
18 19 20	Q.	Was this a "take it or leave it" offer by Oak Tree to NorthWestern?
21	A.	No. As I have said, we had no interest in having to litigate these issues with
22		NorthWestern. We have always been willing to negotiate in good faith. The
23		letter concluded:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32		Oak Tree formally requests a response to this letter by March 1, 2011 on whether NWE intends to accept Oak Tree's offer or whether NWE intends to negotiate with Oak Tree to produce a mutually satisfactory arrangement for both parties. If NWE does not wish to either accept the offer or negotiate further, please so indicate. If this is the case, please be advised that, regrettably, Oak Tree will have no choice but to submit this dispute to the South Dakota Public Utilities Commission. Thank you for your attention to this matter.
34 35	Q.	How did NorthWestern respond to this LEO letter of February 25, 2011?
36	·A.	With a letter of March 10, 2011 (attached hereto as "Exhibit 11") that simply
37		repeated the same responses that NorthWestern had previously offered. This

letter included essentially the same boilerplate type language as in all other NorthWestern prior communications, for example:

NorthWestern has enough baseload generation to meet current annual energy needs and is currently selling excess generation into the wholesale open market. To purchase power at costs above our avoided cost, particularly at times when not needed or when less expensive resources are available, would have a significant adverse impact on South Dakota electric rates and ultimately NorthWestern's South Dakota ratepayers. In addition, as allowed under CFR 292.304, a utility is allowed to reflect impacts to the utility if it must sell power from a QF to the wholesale market at a loss in its avoided cost rates.

And the following reiteration of earlier language:

NorthWestern appreciates your interest in renewable energy in South Dakota. The filed avoided cost rate mentioned above is the allowable rate for Qualifying Facilities. NorthWestern would be interested in any discussions that would add cost effective renewable resources to our portfolio that would maintain or reduce the costs to our customers. Thank you for your inquiry.

Q. How did Oak Tree view NorthWestern's letter of March 10, 2011?

NorthWestern was repeating it had a short-term avoided cost of \$20/MWH and it was not interested in discussing the Oak Tree project. NorthWestern instead simply repeated its rejection on the grounds our project was above its avoided costs. NorthWestern was telling us nothing other than "go away" given its constant reiteration of the very same position that never changed no matter what we said or did. Also, NorthWestern had not responded at all with any requests for further information or even commented on our project, nor had it offered a different power purchase agreement. We felt NorthWestern had left us no choice but to come to the PUC to litigate our right to a long-term avoided cost rate for our project instead of the \$20/MWH short-term avoided cost rate provided by NorthWestern. Ultimately, to move the Oak Tree project forward, we felt we had no choice but to file our complaint with the PUC.

Q.

Did you decide to file at that time?

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2	A.	No. In a last gasp effort to prod NorthWestern into negotiations, we
3		authorized our counsel to send yet another letter to NorthWestern telling it that
4		if we did not hear from NorthWestern that it would either accept Oak Tree's
5		offer, or that NorthWestern intended to negotiate in good faith, Oak Tree
6		would have no choice but to file a complaint with the South Dakota PUC.
7		That letter was sent on March 18, 2011 (attached hereto as "Exhibit 12").
8 9 10	Q.	How did NorthWestern respond?
11	A.	With more boilerplate type language in a letter of March 24, 2011 (attached
12		hereto as "Exhibit 13"), including the following phrase it had repeated
13		numerous times in prior letters:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24		NorthWestern appreciates your interest in renewable energy in South Dakota and would like to discuss any opportunities that provide renewable resources and will not adversely affect South Dakota rate payers. The avoided cost rate filed with the South Dakota PUC is the allowable rate for Qualifying Facilities for South Dakota operations. NorthWestern is interested in any discussions that will add cost effective renewable resources to our portfolio and would maintain or reduce the costs to our customers. Thank you for your inquiry.
25		aforementioned \$20/MWH short-term avoided cost. No long term avoided
26		cost was proposed nor was any information regarding a longer-term rate
27		provided to Oak Tree.
28 29 30 31 32	Q.	Did NorthWestern offer to meet at this time or any other time to discuss its avoided cost structure, resource plans, project specifics, power purchase agreement or anything else about the project?
33 34	A.	No.
35 36	Q.	How did Oak Tree view NorthWestern's last communication?
37	A.	As a response that said, in essence: "Go ahead and file a complaint with the
38		PUC, but we aren't meeting with you and we aren't going to voluntarily enter
39		into a PPA with you." At this point, we were simply left with no choice but to

1		go to the South Dakota PUC. We needed a long-term avoided cost rate to
2		finance our project, and NorthWestern had every opportunity to meet with us
3		and provide that information and decided not to do so. Although we were
4		hoping to avoid litigation, we felt we had no choice. We held off taking this
5		action as long as possible, but with the federal tax incentives expiring in 2011
6		and the end of 2012, we felt we had to file our complaint in order to preserve
7		the benefits of those tax incentives.
8 9 10	Q.	Mr. LaFave states or implies on page 6 that it is Oak Tree's fault that there were no negotiations. Do you agree with this?

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A.

No. This is ridiculous. We did everything we could to negotiate an agreement with NorthWestern. Over the course of almost a year, we attempted through letters and informal communications to engage NorthWestern to talk about our project. NorthWestern is simply shifting the blame for its own unwillingness to negotiate. We have every reason to avoid litigation and every reason to work towards an agreement informally. Mr. LaFave's statement is not credible.

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0. In Oak Tree's view, did NorthWestern ever attempt to negotiate in good faith with Oak Tree?

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A.

No, never. All NorthWestern ever did is repeatedly state that it had no need for capacity, that our project was too expensive, and offer a \$20/MWH short-term rate that Northwestern surely knew would not result in the Oak Tree project being built and operated. The project could not be financed utilizing that rate. Up until the time Oak Tree filed the complaint, we were hoping to meet with NorthWestern to explain why we thought NorthWestern's position was unlawful and unfair; but, apparently, NorthWestern wanted no such meeting or candid exchange of ideas. We had to file our complaint at the time we did in order for Oak Tree to attempt to preserve its ability to obtain the federal tax incentives. Now, NorthWestern is blaming us for its own unwillingness to communicate. That is simply wrong and makes no sense whatsoever.

1 2	IV.	THE OAK TREE PROJECT
3 4 5	Q.	Can you describe for the Commission the steps taken to ensure that Oak Tree will be able to deliver its power to NorthWestern pursuant to the LEO of February 25, 2011?
6	Α.	The Oak Tree project has several years of wind data, has had it analyzed by a power
7		curve by a nationally respected analyst, and has secured all land rights for the project.
8		Very little of it is leased and most of it is owned by the Makens family. The project
9		has or will soon sign an interconnection agreement with NorthWestern which is a
10		significant commitment of resources for Oak Tree. We have conducted environmental
11		studies and retained experts to perform avian studies and these have found no impact.
12	i	We have solid financial commitments from potential lenders provided we can obtain a
13		PPA at the price set forth in Oak Tree's complaint. Oak Tree is fully committed to
14		going forward with this project.
15 16 17	Q.	Are you, pursuant to the February 25, 2011 letter, making a commitment to sell to NorthWestern at the rate of \$54.50 with an annual escalator of 2.5%?
18 19	A.	Yes. Absolutely. We are committed to selling energy and capacity to NorthWestern
20		at that rate.
21 22 23	Q.	Are you concerned about NorthWestern's tactics in this case?
24	A.	Yes. NorthWestern refused to meet with us, offered boilerplate answers to our
25		inquiries and requests to meet, and is now blaming us. NorthWestern offered only a
26		short-term avoided cost rate, stonewalled when we attempted to obtain longer-term
27		avoided cost information (to the point we had to file a motion to compel in this
28		proceeding to get the information that Oak Tree had every right to get), and generally
29		failed to meaningfully cooperate with Oak Tree in almost every possible way.
30		
31		In the meantime, the online date in our specified term which was May 15,
32		2012 will not be achievable, and we must meet a December 31, 2012 deadline to
33		receive production tax credits.  The SD PUC should not permit NorthWestern to
34		derail QF projects in this manner.

Does this conclude your testimony? Q.

2 3 4 A. Yes.