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STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA )
                                                 IN CIRCUIT COURT
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   COUNTY OF DAY
                                          FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
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                                         CIV. 14-53
   GERALD PESALL,
    Appellant,
 5
                                         ORAL ARGUMENT HEARING
   VS.
                                         ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL
 6
   MONTANA DAKOTA UTILITIES, OTTER
 7 TAIL POWER, SCHURING FARMS, INC.,
   BRADLEY MOREHOUSE, AND THE
 8 SOUTH DAKOTA PUBLIC UTILITIES
   COMMISSION,
 9
     APPELLEES.
10
11
   DATE & TIME:
                     December 23, 2014
12
                     2:00 p.m.
13
   BEFORE:
                    THE HONORABLE SCOTT P. MYREN
                    CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE
14
                    Brown County Courthouse
                     Aberdeen, South Dakota 57401
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   LOCATION:
                   Brown County Circuit Courtroom
                    Brown County Courthouse
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                     Aberdeen, South Dakota 57401
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1	APPEARANCES:	FOR APPELLANT:
2		N. BOB PESALL, ESQ.
3		PO Box 23 Flandreau, SD 57422
4		FOR APPELLEES MONTANA DAKOTA UTILITIES AND OTTER TAIL POWER:
5		THOMAS WELK, ESQ.
6 7		JASON R. SUTTON, ESQ. Boyce, Greenfield, Pashby & Welk, LLP PO Box 5015
8		Sioux Falls, SD 57117-5015
9		FOR APPELLEES SOUTH DAKOTA PUBLIC UTILITIES
10		COMMISSION:
11		JOHN J. SMITH, ESQ. 500 E. Capitol Ave.
12		Pierre, SD 57501
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THE COURT: We're on the record.

This is the time and place set for a hearing in an appeal. It's an administrative appeal from the Public Utilities Commission. The Day County file, civil file 14-53. It's Gerald Pesall, appellant, v. Montana Dakota Utilities, Otter Tail Power, Schuring Farms, Inc., Bradley Morehouse, and the South Dakota Public Utilities Commission.

We have the hearing today scheduled for oral argument on the administrative appeal, and the hearing was supposed to take place in Webster at the courthouse today. We've had a pretty significant snowstorm that blew in through northeastern South Dakota, and all of the parties have agreed that we were going to conduct this oral argument over the telephone today.

And so I provided -- actually, mister, I think it was

Mr. Sutton on behalf of MDU and Otter Tail had arranged the

telephone conference, and I thank him for doing that.

And I did provide the conference -- the call number to the clerk of courts in Webster with instructions that if anyone appeared at the Webster courthouse, because there may have been some other spectators or other interested parties, and I instructed her that she would call into this number and make this call available to them. No one has called in from the courthouse, so I'm assuming from that that no one has appeared at the courthouse.

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I will go around the phone and identify the folks that I
   know are representing various parties on the record.
   then if they want to identify other people, they're welcome
   to do so.
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       Representing MDU and the Otter Tail Power Company is
   Tom Welk, and he's accompanied by Jason Sutton.
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       Mr. Welk, can you hear me?
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       MR. WELK: Yes, I can, Your Honor.
       THE COURT: Anything additional that you'd like to do as
   far as introduction?
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       MR. WELK: No, Your Honor. As said, we do have other
   company representatives, but they will not be identified as
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   the Court indicated off the record that they would be
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   considered spectators. So with the Court's quidance on
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   that, we have nobody else to be identified at this time,
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   Your Honor.
       THE COURT:
                   And then representing Gerald Pesall is
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   Attorney Bob Pesall.
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       Mr. Pesall, can you hear me?
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       MR. PESALL: I can, Your Honor.
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       THE COURT: Were there any other identifications you
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   wanted to make on the record today?
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                         Thank you.
       MR. PESALL: No.
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                   And then representing the Public Utilities
       THE COURT:
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   Commission, on the telephone is John Smith.
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Mr. Smith, can you hear me?
                  I can, Your Honor.
       MR. SMITH:
 3
                   And did you want to make other
       THE COURT:
   identifications on the record?
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       MR. SMITH: Well, I'm John Smith, commission counsel for
   the South Dakota Public Utilities Commission representing
   the South Dakota Public Utilities Commission this docket.
   With me in the room today, and we're on speaker phone, is
   Commissioner Chris Nelson. And that's it.
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       THE COURT:
                   Thank you. And I'll just make sure on the
   telephone line, was there any other party or any other
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   person that wished to appear before the Court on this
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   matter? If so, just speak up.
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       There are no other appearances being noted on the
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   record.
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       And there is a voluminous record here. I've had the
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   opportunity to review the entire record. And paying
   particular attention, of course, to the evidentiary hearing
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   and the exhibits that were presented there. And I've also
   received various briefings from all the parties, which I've
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   had a chance to review.
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       So with the understanding that I've been through all of
   that material, I will let each of the counsel make their
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   argument. And then as I, I think I explained earlier, I
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   will go back around one additional time for each of the
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parties to give me a brief rebuttal, if necessary.
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       And with that, I will start with Mr. Pesall.
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       MR. PESALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
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       As the Court noted, my name is Bob Pesall.
                                                    I'm a lawyer
   down in Flandreau, South Dakota. I've been practicing down
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   here for about eight years, and before that I was in
   North Dakota.
       My client is Gerald Pesall, who, just to clarify, is, in
   fact, my uncle on my father's side. And he is raising a
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   series of six issues on this appeal which relate to the
   application made by Montana Dakota Utilities and Otter Tail
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   Power for a permit to construct this
   Big Stone-to-south-of-Ellendale line.
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       The issues themselves as they've developed through the
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   briefing process really kind of fall into three categories,
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   and I think it's actually best to go through them in reverse
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   order.
       Issues 5 and 6 deal with the soybean cyst nematode
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   mitigation clause which was included in the decision and
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   order after a motion by Commissioner Nelson.
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       Issues 3 and 4 together relate to burden of proof issues
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   and the concerns that Mr. Pesall has about whether that was
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   applied correctly.
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       Issues 1 and 2 deal with certain findings of fact and
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   the admission of some evidence to which Mr. Pesall takes
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issue.

Looking first at the soybean cyst nematode mitigation clause. This is included in the order on, I think it's page 15. It's also referenced under I think finding of fact number 47. And what that clause does is it requires the applicants to consult with an expert in taking soil samples and then requires them to developing a mitigation plan that they would then follow to reduce the spread of the soybean cyst nematode, this little microscopic or almost microscopic worm that has caused so much consternation in this case.

The way that the commission has written that, however, gives us a great deal of concern. We don't think it's a lawful way to approach the problem either because the provision effectively delegates from the commission to the third-party applicants as a private party the authority to draft their own permit conditions. Or in the alternative, it's reserving to the commission the right to impose permit conditions after the one-year deadline has lapsed.

Now, in the briefing I made a mistake. I had missed the repeal of one of the statutes that relates to delegation. I have since located the pocket parts that were missing. But our position remains that the delegation of commission authority is still unlawful even though the statute which made it a criminal act has been repealed.

And there are a number of bases we have for that. They

exist in the legislative history; they exist in the nature of the statutes surrounding the requirements to the PUC to conduct its proceedings open and before the public; and also in, well, really the only case that's available on point, which is the application of the Nebraska Power District case, or commonly referred to as the Mandan case.

Our position is that even though that statute was repealed, in the words of Rolayne Wiest in testifying on the appeal, it doesn't mean that the commission would then be able to delegate its powers in violation of its statutory authority. And these are her exact words: "What would happen is that if someone had a claim that the commission had delegated its power, the Court could still find there was an impermissible delegation." So even though they don't necessarily risk a Class II misdemeanor or jail time for delegating their authority, the commission still doesn't have the ability to do that unless there is an expressed statutory authorization.

I guess in the interest of full disclosure in the amusingness of living in South Dakota, Rolayne Wiest is apparently also my first cousin once removed on my mother's side.

Beyond that you've got the case law. The only really applicable case is this *Mandan* case. It's cited by both sides in the briefs. What you had there was a situation

where the commission had authorized landowners to determine, based on a specific set of options, what would be done with topsoil where it is removed during the construction of power line towers. The Supreme Court of South Dakota ruled that that was impermissible. And it based that ruling not so much on the repeal statute which criminalized the delegation, but rather on SDCL 49-41B-24 noting that that's the statute that says only the PUC can impose terms and conditions.

And, anyway, I go into this in the rebuttal brief fairly extensively, so I'll be brief. We think there is some solid public policy reasons for keeping that law in place and honestly believe that, given the opportunity, the South Dakota Supreme Court would reach the same position in this case, which is that the delegation is improper because there isn't any statutory authority to transfer the ability to write permit conditions to a private party, and because that would intrude upon the public's right to participate in the proceedings whether it was interveners or in the nature of public testimony.

It would also create an inherent conflict of interest between the applicants in this case and the farmers in this case because they have diametrically opposed interests as far as how much money ought to be spent in mitigating the soybean cyst nematode issue.

Ultimately, the question from a farmer's perspective like Gerald Pesall comes down to, what are you going to do with 30 cubic yards of potentially contaminated soil?

Now, the other side of the mitigation clause is that if it isn't a delegation, then what the commission has effectively done is to reserve for itself the ability to write permit conditions after the fact. It's not a delegation. They've still got the authority to review it under some of the conditions in there, and we think that that directly violates the statutory requirement that the decision be complete within the one-year time limit.

Turning to issues 3 and 4, these are burden of proof issues. The essential contention that we're making on the burden of proof issues is that it was not correctly applied by the Public Utilities Commission. And this is evidenced in part by some of the arguments that were placed in the commission's own brief.

The statute requires that the applicants bear the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence all of the different elements of 49-41B-22. And what the commission appears to have done in this case is to say rather than proving by a preponderance of all the evidence, the standard that we're going to hold the applicants to is merely to make a prima facie case, and then turn to the interveners and say, all right, interveners, now you prove by a

preponderance of the evidence that we shouldn't grant the permit. And that's, that's essentially a misapplication of the way the statute is constructed.

Finally, we've got issues 1 and 2. Issue 1 is primarily factual issues. And what that can be boiled down to is there are a number of findings of fact, and they're all articulated in the statement of issues and in the briefs, that state no evidence was offered when, in fact, evidence was offered. Or in the alternative, they find that there is no evidence presented on an issue; and so, therefore, the issue is essentially a, well, nonissue, for lack of being able to come up with a better term here on the spot.

Finally, you've got issue 2. Issue 2 deals with the MISO studies. The MISO studies were objected to at the, at the hearing. And initially the applicants raised an objection as to whether the issue was properly preserved for appeal. So I should deal with that first.

Neither the words foundation nor hearsay were actually articulated at the hearing, but our position is that it's clear from the context that those are the two issues that were raised as far as Gerald Pesall's objection to the admissibility of those studies. In the context, we were challenging the history of the document, whether it was certified, where it was obtained from; but also, I think the actual language was, just because something is downloaded

off the internet doesn't mean it's reliable. That clearly sounds in hearsay more so than foundation. These weren't statements offered by the engineer who was giving the testimony; they were statements offered by a third party. So we think that the objection itself is adequately preserved.

Now, beyond that, our position is that there is a fairly clear and well-established law for the admission of documents in the way the PUC attempted to do in this case. Following the objection and in the order, the commission determined that these were documents of a nature reasonably relied on by people in the industry; and so, therefore, could be admissible without following the rules of evidence.

What they failed to do was to consider the other part of the test, which is whether or not they are amenable to proof under the actual rules of evidence. There was no testimony there as to whether or not any actual custodian of the documents could testify or whether the individuals who prepared those actual studies could testify. It wasn't Mr. Weiers, the engineer who actually prepared the studies; although, he may have participated in submitting the information. Those studies are not his words.

Finally, both sides raised the possibility that the commission might have taken judicial notice of the contents of the studies. And there are two problems with that.

First of all, the commission cites a Federal Energy
Regulatory Commission proceeding as the foundation for
taking judicial notice of the studies. The concern we have
there is that the order they cite, which is attached to
their brief, I think it's in appendix two, is dated several
months before the last MISO study was, was introduced -- or
was prepared, excuse me. So it's a bit difficult to say
that this Federal Energy Regulatory Commission order somehow
validated a document that had not yet been prepared.

Beyond that, there is an inherent problem with the approach of taking judicial notice at this point in the game, which is that during the commission hearings the commission did not do so. Mr. Pesall, if faced with a situation where the commission intended to take judicial notice of some record or other, has to be afforded the opportunity during those proceedings to test the appropriateness of that, and he was not given the opportunity to do so. The commission should at this point, at least, be bound by the rulings that they made at the hearing, and this Court should proceed accordingly in overturning those.

That essentially covers Mr. Pesall's position.

Obviously, I'm available for any questions that the Court may have.

THE COURT: Addressing the MISO study, it was Mr. Weiers

who was testifying at the time that they offered the MISO studies into evidence; correct? 3 MR. PESALL: Yes, it was. 4 THE COURT: And he was an engineer, and he was 5 essentially testifying as an expert. Wouldn't you agree? 6 MR. PESALL: I don't know that he was testifying as an expert. He was an employee of one of the power companies. I don't necessarily agree that his capacity was to provide an expert opinion so much as to testify as to the nature of 10 the project as he understood it. 11 THE COURT: Mr. Smith, your argument. 12 MR. SMITH: Thank you, Your Honor. 13 First of all, I'd like to just state that, you know, the commission over the last few years, we've had some pretty 14 15 significant experience with citing dockets. Almost all the citing dockets in history have occurred since I joined the commission staff in 2002. And can I tell you this: 17 commission really takes its role in investigation, decision 18 19 and enforcement of citing applications seriously to ensure to the best of their ability that the project will not 20 21 result in serious harm to landowners across, by, or near the 22 project. 23 In each of these, the commission has imposed a significant number of conditions on the project as is 24 25 authorized by 49-41B-24. These conditions are always

forward looking. They're always forward looking, as conditions pretty much are inherently that way, requiring the project to take certain actions, including reporting back to the commission with respect to certain types of conditions and refraining from taking certain actions during the construction/operation of the project.

Compliance with conditions is monitored by the commission, and when necessary, action is taken to obtain compliance where necessary. In so doing, the commission isn't, quote, delegating its responsibilities under chapter 49-41B. The fact is that it's the applicant that has the responsibility of proceeding with planning and development of the project, not the commission. The commission oversees the process. The commission does not submit the application or prepare the vast preponderance of the documents in a case.

And in condition 17 of the amended settlement stipulation, the commission didn't not delegate its responsibilities, nor in the paragraph in the decision by requiring applicants to conduct a detailed survey of the route after permit issuance and then formulate a detailed mitigation plan for soybean nematode control, cyst nematode and risk minimization.

As a practical matter, the commission felt this had to be done following issuance of the permit so applicants have

access to the land and the ability to take action, to take surveys of the property, to conduct the SCN survey. Now, they probably have access to some parcels of land, but here where we're talking an extremely detailed survey. It's our opinion that they, that needs to be done when they have the ability to access that land, bore holes, and all of that.

And again, after the survey results and mitigation plan are done, they're required to be submitted to the commission for its review and action if the commission deems it warranted. And that could be saying, nope, it's not good enough. And honestly, Mr. Pesall will have the right to appear and be, be heard with respect to that and tell us why it's not, it's not acceptable to him.

Because this condition occurs in the future does not mean that the permit hasn't been issued within the one-year period allowed for decision, but only that the condition will be carried out by applicants following permit issuance when it's allowable for them to enter on easement properties and carry out the survey sampling.

THE COURT: Mr. Smith?

21 MR. SMITH: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Can you -- this is Judge Myren. Can you give me any example of where the commission has previously granted a permit and then had some sort of process afterwards establishing conditions that have to be met like

you're describing here that have also been upheld by the courts? 3 MR. SMITH: You know, I think, I'm 99 percent sure we have. And right off the top of my head, nothing is coming to mind. But it's very frequently that we require conditions that do require reporting back to the condition -- commission. And yes, we have, in fact, taken action in response to such reporting in the past. We have done so. And part of the reason is because so much of this, Your Honor, in the practical sense really can't, it can't be 10 done really until permit issuance. A lot of things can't be accomplished until after permit issuance. And, you know, 12 we, we take a, we take a very serious role in project 13 monitoring as it goes along. And the commission does take 14 15 subsequent decisions, yes, concerning permit conditions. 16 Like, for example, Keystone, it files --Commissioner Nelson just pointed out to me, and he's right, 17 the Keystone projects, for example, are required to file 18 quarterly reports, which then, depending on what's in there, 19 can lead to additional commission action following, 20 21 following decisions. 22 THE COURT: Have those been reviewed and approved by a court? 23 24 I don't think we've ever had one challenged MR. SMITH: 25 to wind up in court, no. I -- ordinarily, projects are

pretty -- nobody ended up appealing either of the Keystone cases, for example. And, and so it's just basically us and Keystone are the only, quote, party-parties to the cases at this point. And generally the projects that I've seen, I 5 mean, they really try to be diligent in, in doing an excellent job of holding to and carrying out the permit conditions. At least that's what we've seen. 8 Anyway, that's the deal -- oh, pardon me? 9 Any further argument? THE COURT: 10 MR. SMITH: Yeah. I was just, this is going to be very 11 But again, on the MISO studies, and again, you saw 12 in there the, I submitted the FERC order. And yes, this particular document was created after. But it's, it's the 13 other document in the appendix submitted with my brief, our 14 15 brief, that is why. Because what that was was a compliance 16 filing under the FERC order which was required to be done in 17 the following year. And that was, that was Otter Tail's first compliance filing, or the party's first compliance 18 19 filing under the MTEP MVP order. Okay? That was a compliance filing. FERC had the right following the filing 20 21 of that document to reject it or require modification to it, 22 and it did not do so. And it's a document that's a public record document as part of a, as part of the overall FERC 23 proceeding. Again, it's a compliance filing under that 24

order, and it's part of the official record at FERC.

And I guess it's just our feeling — it was my feeling at hearing that, I mean, we have been actively involved, Your Honor, the commission has, in that whole planning process that constitute those four MISO documents in Exhibit B to the application. I mean, we, the commission, were actually part of that whole process that led to that. We have a person who participates in about every one of those proceedings. His name is Greg Rislove (phonetic). And we do it via an organization called the Organization of MISO States. And we are a very active participant in that process.

So, I mean, honest to gosh, I mean, I have been aware of and bored through all those exhibits, some of them years ago. All of those are present in our own records. You know, I, I am fully aware of them. I know they're official records at FERC. And so I, I admitted them because I felt that they were -- plus we had Mr. Weiers in attendance, who was a, who was a witness who, an expert who was an active participant in the entire process from beginning, from the very beginning. As were we. We were, too, from the very beginning, from way back in the early 2000s.

And so at least from our standpoint, these are documents where, I mean, the fact is we just know that they're, that, what they are. And we know they're the real thing. And there was a, an attendee and a participant there to

cross-examination with respect to the substance of what's in there. And that's, that was the rationale there is that they're official documents, they're officially on file with a federal government agency, they're available to everybody in the public, and they're readily verifiable. It's easy to verify whether they, whether the document in the application is real or whether they doctored it.

And lastly, just a little bit on farming practices, EMF and all of that.

One last thing on, on the Exhibit B. I'm just going to throw this out because I think it's accurate. If the Court were to rule that I erroneously admitted that into, into the record, there is other evidence in the record that, in my opinion, is sufficient to, to support the findings anyway. And that would be the testimony of Mr. Weiers and other documents in the file. And I — at least looking over the findings today in preparation, I, it appeared to me there was other evidence in the record really to support just all of those, all of those, all of those documents.

And lastly, just a little bit about the issues, the other issues. And again, we're talking like farming practices, electromagnetic field effects, that kind of thing, and to some extent land valuation, I guess.

On land valuation, not much to say. It's just that we felt there just really wasn't any, I don't know, hard

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evidence about effects on land valuation, you know.
   there were just, the opinions --
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       THE COURT: Let me interrupt you for a minute.
   Mr. Smith, I'm not interested in hearing why you, or why the
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   commission made the decision except to the extent that
   you're arguing the legal issues.
       MR. SMITH:
                   Okay.
       THE COURT: You can't extend the decision beyond what
   was in the findings of fact and conclusions.
   explanations here are of no value to the Court.
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       MR. SMITH: Okay. Sorry about that.
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       You know, I guess my feeling on the, on the issues with,
   with, with the farming practice effects, again, the presence
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   of EMF, and to, maybe to a lesser extent, you know,
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   valuation, I mean, valuation, it just didn't feel like there
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   was record evidence to support that. At least no hard
   evidence.
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       With respect to farming practices and EMF, I mean, the
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   fact of the matter is the applicants in argue, as you see in
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   the findings of fact, et cetera, and decision, took
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   significant mitigative measures to minimize the effect on
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   agricultural land. Those included unusually high tower
   height, very long wire spans, the use of monopoles instead
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   of other more intrusive pole structures.
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       And I think it gets down to this really: Is 49-41B-22
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meant to prohibit the construction of an electric line? Is that its intent? No, we don't think so. We don't think that's a reasonable interpretation of that statute.

That said, there is no such thing as -- you can't build a power line without that pole being stuck in the ground somewhere. So there is at least going to have to be some minimal effect. There has got to be some minimal effect on farming practices. And we think with the decisions that, or that the mitigative measures that the applicants took, that those are reduced to the level where they're not serious effects. Will there be some small effect? Yes, but, but not serious.

With respect to EMF, every electric transmission line has an electric field around it. It's not -- you can't build an electric line without an electric field on it. So to hold that the presence of an electric field and the possibility for some minor electromagnetic field effects is a serious environmental or health concern essentially means that the statute bans the building of a transmission line in South Dakota. And we don't think that's what the legislature intended in that statute.

And with that, let me see here. On burden of proof, I,
I, I disagree, I guess, with Mr. Pesall on that. We were
not in any way implying in the order that, that the, that
the intervener has the burden of proof. But as Mr. Pesall

himself said, it's the totality of the evidence. And when we talked about at some point when, when the one side has produced a significant amount of evidence, there is some, some — it's not maybe a burden of proof in the technical sense, but there is some necessity for the other party to produce evidence that contradicts or disproves what the party with the burden of proof has already submitted. And that's all that was intended to do.

And I think that's it for, for my argument unless you have something else to ask me or Commissioner Nelson here.

THE COURT: Mr. Welk, your argument.

MR. WELK: Thank you, Your Honor, and counsel. And thank you to both the Court and counsel for accommodating in light of the weather everybody's attendance by phone.

Your Honor, there has been extensive briefing in this case by all parties, extensive citation to the record. The Court has read the record and has read the briefs. I'm not going to try to repeat what Mr. Smith said. So if I do so, it will be unintentional.

I believe that, you know, from the top of the mountain, so to speak, we start in looking at this procedure that the South Dakota Legislature in 49-41B, and that's a capital B, dash 1, has specifically recognized the need for energy development and prohibited energy development without a permit granted by the South Dakota Public Utilities

Commission. In addition, as Mr. Smith indicated, 49-41B, the commission can impose terms, conditions, and modifications on such permit.

The legislature has specifically recognized the PUC as having an expertise in this matter. The Court is required to give deference to an administrative agency on issues regarding factual findings. And I think, essentially, Your Honor, that this is a scope of review case for this Court's review under 1-26-36 and to determine whether the requirements of 49-41B-22 have been satisfied.

The law is settled in South Dakota that the Court as sitting as an appellate court of the PUC record does not reweigh the evidence, does not determine credibility of witnesses, does not substitute its judgment as to matters relating to facts. The Court is required to defer to the expertise of the commission regarding matters within its expertise, and the appellant must demonstrate that there have been prejudice based upon six errors in 1-26-36.

In addition, the Court looks at the totality of the evidence and not an isolated finding of fact or conclusion of law in its review as an appellate court.

The two key cases that I think that the Court needs to rely on for its decision are the *Big Stone II* case and the *Dorsey & Whitney* case. Both -- I was involved in both of those cases, Mr. Smith was involved in the *Big Stone* case,

and they involved scope of review issues. The MISO study issue is a decision under 1-26-19. But we believe that all those, the cases and the statutes support the commission's determination.

I believe that essentially Mr. Pesall's admission in the redirect examination that's cited in our brief is the reason we're here today. And in answering Mr. Bob Pesall's question, his uncle very candidly stated that he is opposed not to the project, but for the project being on his land. And, in fact, he said if they would just move the project off his land, he'd go away. And that was a question asked by Mr. Bob Pesall, not even a question that I or Mr. Smith asked.

And the problem and concern of Mr. Pesall on routing cannot be addressed by the commission. The commission is specifically precluded by the legislature from having any authority to route a transmission facility. And that prohibition is found in 49-41B-36. So the principal objection by Mr. Pesall, frankly, can't be addressed because the legislature didn't authorize the commission to do so.

The commission has amassed a record of over 8,000 pages, as the Court has indicated. There was significant prehearing discovery by both the staff and Mr. Pesall.

There was a contested case hearing for over two days.

25 Briefs that were submitted. Findings of fact. The

commission has read a very detailed decision including amending the stipulation that we made with the staff to provide extensive terms and conditions, those of which directly address the SCN issue and many other issues that are not before the Court.

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And in response to, in further support of Mr. Smith, it would be nonsensical for the commission not to impose conditions on permits and then be able to walk away after the decision was then rendered within 12 months. commission has a duty to monitor the permits, as Mr. Smith indicated. They are living, breathing, and a need to monitor applicants and all permittees under the commission. So these are usual matters. And they, the monitoring becomes the subject of compliance reviews. If they wanted to revoke or amend the permit, the commission has the ability to do that.

And no permit could, of this extensive time and nature could address all the issues without having some monitoring authority to the commission. And I believe that's what the commission has done and will require to, to make further reports to the commission and address the SCN concerns that were brought forth by Mr. Pesall.

Mr. Pesall may disagree with the decision, but the issue before this Court is whether the record supports the PUC decision, and we submit it does.

As the Court saw in the *Big Stone II* decision and when the Supreme Court reviewed the record of the PUC, it dealt with the CO₂ issue, the carbon dioxide issue. And the issue involved whether it was a serious concern. That's the operative adjective. And the Court was quick to jump and say that, look, this is a detailed record; that, that they needed to give deference. And similarly in this case, the PUC did its job in conducting its extensive inquiry and also its many public hearings.

And I will submit, I disagree with Mr. Pesall that this is, that there is a mixed review in this case. The *Dorsey Whitney* case I believe is clear where the Supreme Court said if there are certain things that the agency must look at that are statutory, and whether those statutory requirements are met is essentially a factual inquiry. And I respectfully submit, Your Honor, that it's a clearly erroneous standard that you're looking at this. It's whether the burden has been satisfied by the applicant to meet the four requirements in 49-41B-22. And so it is a clearly erroneous, not a de novo, review that you are faced with.

As Mr. Pesall indicated, the applicants have raised the issue of whether he's adequately preserved his objections in this case. There was a PUC regulation that allowed findings of fact to be submitted. Mr. Pesall did not do so. He did

file a brief. He objected to our findings. But we believe since he did not submit findings he has waived those, and it's simply, we're looking at the record to see if it supports the conclusions of law entered by the commission, which we claim that's been done.

And quickly looking at the issues that have been directed by Mr. Pesall, I'm going to rely on what Mr. Smith said regarding the conditions. I've already talked about that.

The burden, I also agree with Mr. Smith, was not shifted at any manner. It was merely, I believe that the, the findings and conclusions said that the commission didn't believe or find that, the evidence to be credible. It didn't shift any burden. We were clearly held to the burden. And the findings that, and conclusions that have been entered as stated that we met our burden.

I also want to talk about the MISO records. First of all, a point that really has not come out in the briefs is that the essential data that Mr. Weiers talked about was in his direct testimony along with the report. The direct testimony was not objected to, and that went into evidence.

And to answer one of the Court's other inquiries,

Mr. Weiers was designated as an expert. He is entitled to

rely on evidence even if inadmissible in a civil trial. And

the Court -- or the PUC was aware of these records. 1-26-19

is relaxed than the civil rules of procedure. And the commission is perfectly capable of determining whether it ought to be admissible or not. And this is an issue that comes between more to weight than admissibility, and the commission obviously determined in its own decision the reliability of the information.

Mr. Weiers participated in these studies and relied on them, and as an expert can do so. And if you look, there has been no objection that these documents were not authentic, they were not true and correct copies. The objection, even albeit, even it was not stated precisely, had to do with where did the records come from? Had a custodian been there? All the custodian would have been, authenticate them, the documents. And there has been no issue as to authentication or foundation because of the people that testified.

So with those comments, Your Honor, I would respectfully request that the Court affirm the findings and conclusions and enter a judgment affirming the decision in total as pursuant to 1-26-36. And I -- that concludes my remarks, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Pesall, your rebuttal, if any.

MR. PESALL: Thank you, Your Honor. Can you hear me all

24 right?

25 THE COURT: I can.

MR. PESALL: Can you hear me now? THE COURT: Yes, I can hear you. 3 MR. PESALL: All right. Thank you. 4 With respect to the comments that have been made by the other parties, in the event that the Court were to find 5 Mr. Weiers was testifying as an expert rather than as an employee of the applicants and an agent of the applicants, he may be permitted to rely on the studies in forming his own opinions, but I don't think he's permitted to simply 10 recite the contents of studies that he has read as evidence 11 in and of themselves. 12 Applicants note that the record is lengthy. We're of the opinion the length of the record really doesn't prove 13 anything one way or the other. 14 15 The applicants challenge Mr. Pesall's motives: comment about how he would go away if the line did not cross his land. Number one, I don't think his motives in bringing 17 18 this action are necessarily relevant to the legal arguments 19 that he is raising. 20 In any event, we're not asking this appellate court to 21 reroute the line. And as a practical matter, if the line 22 didn't cross his land, he wouldn't be at risk for the transmission of soybean cyst nematode or the other liability 23 issues that having this line across his land would create. 24 25 The Public Utilities Commission through Mr. Smith has

noted that they have imposed conditions in many other cases that required action by the applicants after the permit was issued. I don't know that he has identified anywhere they're specifically directed to write up new conditions of the permit that they will follow. He doesn't cite any cases where the delegation of authority has been challenged. And in any event, in none of those cases was Mr. Pesall a party. So I don't know that it's appropriate to say that Mr. Pesall is somehow bound by the decisions in those cases.

You know, if we want to trace our history back to a philosophical argument, I think it was Thomas Paine that said, "A long history of not thinking something wrong gives it the superficial appearance of being right." Just because they've done it in other cases and nobody complained about it doesn't mean it's legal.

As to the fundamental purpose of 49-41B-22, I think the commission is correct that the purpose of that statute is not to prohibit the construction of power lines, but rather to protect citizens in the environment from the construction of power lines where it would unduly interfere with their lives or damage the environment. And I think that's really quite clear.

As to the MISO studies, again, our position is that nobody who is present in this case was a party to that Federal Energy Regulatory Commission proceeding cited

repeatedly by the commission. So to assume that the MISO studies which were submitted as a result of the FERC order are somehow inherently admissible in this case would be akin to saying that because an affidavit was filed in a divorce case in Clay County, the contents of that affidavit are admissible in a criminal case in Day County. It just does not follow.

Finally, with respect to the soybean cyst nematode mitigation clause, first of all, we do want to thank the commission for at least taking the issue seriously and trying to craft a remedy. The problem is the law itself is not a living, breathing document that changes with the times. If it would be too difficult for them to craft conditions that can be subject to the public review and participation requirements established in the statute, what needs to change is not our interpretation of the law but rather the administrative rules or indeed the statutes that govern this. If times have changed and then we need updated rules, well, then it really ought to be the legislative bodies that address that.

Right now the Mandan case is still good law. The Mandan case said you cannot delegate to farmers the opportunity to choose from a list of specified options for how to handle topsoil when a power line is constructed. That's little or no factual difference from what we're dealing with in this

case where the commission is delegating to the applicants the decision on what to do with 30 cubic yards of potentially contaminated soil at the base of each one of these towers.

Our position is the appropriate remedy is that since there wasn't a good plan in place when the issue was duly raised, the permit should be denied, the applicants are free to reapply, and would only need to address the narrow issue of the soybean cyst nematode worm on that application.

That's really what the appropriate remedy would be.

Beyond that, Your Honor, I think everything is fairly well covered. The burden of proof as applied I think is clear in this case that it was really put on the applicants to prove that they shouldn't build the line, and that's incorrect. The evidence of that is really, shoots through the decision from, from beginning to end.

Obviously, I would answer any additional questions the Court had.

THE COURT: Mr. Smith, any rebuttal?

MR. SMITH: Just, just one extremely short thing here.

Just on the soybean cyst nematode condition in the, in the order. Just to point out, and I think everybody is aware of this anyway, though, but at the time that is submitted to the commission, assuming the Court upholds our decision there, Mr. Pesall will have the right to appear as a, as a

party and present whatever he wants to in opposition to it or in changing it or whatever he thinks, whatever he thinks, whatever they feel is appropriate. It's going to be a public file, and it's a public document that either the commission itself or Mr. Pesall or anybody else can challenge after it's done. That's it. 7 THE COURT: Mr. Welk, your rebuttal. MR. WELK: Very short, Your Honor. 9 As I started out with my remarks, the appellant is 10 required to show a prejudice as to what this decision has done to prejudice his rights based upon the findings of the decision. I don't believe he's demonstrated any prejudice. 12 I believe that what the commission has done has been fully 13 detailed for the Court to review. 14 15 I do disagree with Mr. Pesall, his comment about Mr. Weiers being an expert. It doesn't make any difference 17 whether you're an employee or not. It's the knowledge of the witness that determines the ability to be an expert. 18 And what he relied on can be admitted or not admitted, and 19 And there wasn't 20

the witness that determines the ability to be an expert.

And what he relied on can be admitted or not admitted, and it can be subject to cross-examination. And there wasn't much done on that. So again, I think it's not an issue of admissibility but weight to be given to the evidence by the commission.

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I also think that I've covered all the other arguments,
Your Honor, and it would be just wasting the Court's time to

go back over those because they've been covered in either my initial remarks or in the briefs. So that would conclude 3 the remarks, Your Honor. 4 Each of the parties has made their various THE COURT: arguments to the Court. I've had a chance to review the 5 record, and I've had a chance to review the written arguments of the parties. I intend to make a decision, but first I want to check with the court reporter to see if she needs a break or if she's read to proceed. Kristi? 10 11 COURT REPORTER: Go ahead, Your Honor. This will be the decision of the Court. 12 THE COURT: going to, I'll ramble a little bit here, but hopefully I'll 13 be able to bring it all together so that you're sufficiently 14 clear about the Court's ruling and the reasons for the 15 16 ruling. First I'll start out with my understanding of my role in 17 this particular process. This is an appeal from the 18 decision of the Public Utilities Commission. The Public 19 Utilities Commission in this particular process is a 20 21 quasi-judicial body. And my job is to review the process 22 that they employed and the decision that they made. 23 To the extent that they have made findings of facts, I will be applying the clearly erroneous standard. 24 If I find that any of their factual findings were not supported by the 25

evidence, that there is no way that someone could have made that factual finding, that would be a clearly erroneous finding, and then I could reverse that finding or reject it.

To the extent that they have applied the law, it's my understanding that my role here is to see if they have accurately applied the law. I don't believe that I am bound by their determination of the law. It's my -- I can determine the law just as well.

I do recognize that the Public Utilities Commission is a specialized agency that has some expertise in dealing with these sort of things. Presumably they have dealt with — and I can tell from the testimony that they've dealt with the transmission line issue a number of times in the past. This is the first appeal that I have addressed as a circuit court judge where we're dealing with it. So I mention that because I want the record to reflect that I am giving them the deference that I believe they're entitled to receive as that specialized administrative agency.

I want to talk briefly about the process because I have a couple of concerns about it that I just want to put on the record because it's important about how I'm, what I'm considering when I make my decision.

In the past, in my years before I became a circuit judge and a magistrate judge, I was an administrative law judge.

In all three of those roles I've never had the opportunity

to appear before an appellate body reviewing one of my decisions and try to convince them that my decision was right. The reason that we don't do that is because the decision that is being reviewed is the decision that the Court entered at the time that it made that decision.

So in this circumstance, the decision of the PUC is the -- the decision they made that day, while each of the commissioners gave some brief general remarks, there is no written decision in the sense that a court would normally do, but then the PUC's formalized decision comes in the form of its findings of fact and conclusions of law.

So here is the awkward part that I'm commenting about, is that Mr. Smith was the hearing officer that conducted the hearing on behalf of the PUC. And then I gather from his remarks at the adjunct hearing that took place after the initial evidentiary hearing, he was also the person as general counsel for the PUC who was drafting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, and order. I may or may not be exactly right about that, but that's the impression that I have.

And then here today he's arguing on behalf of PUC, and in his argument he's trying to tell me why the PUC made certain decisions. Now, the awkward part about that is if we had an attorney who was simply arguing it, they could probably make an argument like that and try to infer what he

thought the argument was, but that wasn't what I was getting today. What I'm getting today on the record is we made this decision and we did this, and he's explaining why he made various decisions.

So I comment on that only -- I recognize it happens and everything. All I'm commenting on it is to mention that what I'm doing in my review is reviewing the decision that the PUC made and not the decision that the general counsel may have made or the reasoning that the general counsel had for doing it. It's what the PUC said in their written findings of fact and conclusions of law that control here, not their explanations through general counsel afterwards.

So here is -- I'm going to go into a little bit of detail on some of these things. I probably don't need to, but I'm going to so that you're all aware that I have actually considered these things. The fact that I don't mention every single issue that has been addressed by the parties in their briefing doesn't mean that I haven't considered it; it just means that I'm trying to cover, to give you sufficient specificity so you know that I'm aware of all of the issues, but not specifically addressing every single tiny one.

The first things I'm going to address are the claims that there are findings of fact that are clearly erroneous. Those essentially break down into a couple different groups,

about four different groups of findings that Mr. Pesall has contended were clearly erroneous.

The first group are findings number 14 and findings number 21 through 23. Those are the findings that relate to the PUC's determination that this project, that there is a public need and a public benefit.

In finding 14 the PUC finds that the project "will be used by area utilities to transport electric supply to and from lower voltage transmission and distribution lines for delivery to retail customers." As I explained, I've had a chance to read through the entire record and, in particular, the administrative hearing record, the evidentiary hearing. The issue is whether there is evidence to support that finding, not whether I would make the same finding. That's not what clearly erroneous is. What clearly erroneous is there is, is there is no way any fact finder could look at the evidence in this record and come to that finding. And clearly there is evidence that supports that finding, and a fact finder could have made that decision. And so that finding, those, number 14 was not clearly erroneous.

Similarly on 21 through 23, those are findings that relate to tax revenue. Mr. Pesall claims that they're clearly erroneous because he claims the commission didn't take into account the economic burden imposed by the project. In those findings the PUC finds that the project

will result in some revenue for the various communities along the route of the path and that there is an economic 3 benefit as a result. And although they didn't specifically lay out a balancing of the burdens, it's clear that the PUC 5 in its process determined that the net effect was an economic benefit from the project. Their decision, that factual finding is supported by evidence in the record. It's not clearly erroneous. The second group of findings is findings 28 through 30. 10

Those relate to the reasonableness of the applicant's mitigation plan.

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Number 28, the PUC found, "The applicants have developed reasonable mitigation plans to mitigate any environmental concerns arising from the construction or operation of the project." For the same rationale that I explained before, that is supported by evidence in the record.

On most factual findings in any record there are going to be contradicting evidence, and the finder of fact is going to weigh that evidence. And as long as it is possible for a finder of fact to have weighed the evidence and come to the factual finding that they did, it's not clearly erroneous. That's the case with findings of fact both 28, 29 and 30.

29 and 30 were findings that, where the, where the PUC said, "No evidence was introduced to demonstrate any effect of the project on property values." I want to talk about that because clearly that's not accurate in the truest sense of the word because there was evidence that was presented.

Mr. Pesall and Mr. Schuring both testified that they thought that having this, this line come across their land would result in a reduction or a devaluation of their properties.

I think, at least my reading of the overall decision is that the department -- or that the Public Utilities

Commission, what they meant in the finding when they said there was no evidence is that they meant there was no creditable evidence. There was no evidence upon which that they chose to rely.

Now, here is my explanation for that. I do a lot of findings of fact and conclusions. I'm a judge, and I don't have any qualms about calling someone lacking in credibility if that's my determination. Here what we have is three commissioners that make a decision, and it's a rather general decision when they actually issue, they approve the permit. And then they rely upon their counsel to write up these findings of fact, and it's their job to review them before they get entered. But they're not judges in the same sense that a law-trained person like myself is. And so they don't have exactly the same artfulness probably with language that we would come up with writing findings of fact on such a regular basis like we do as judges and attorneys.

So it's my reading of that particular finding that what they've done is they've determined that Mr. Pesall was not creditable, but they — that they did not believe that his testimony was entitled to significant enough weight that it outweighed the other evidence that they had. The reason that I say that is if you read that finding, in the next sentence they talk about the fact that it's speculative.

And here is where it becomes important. Mister, I think it was Mr. Pesall, the attorney here today, argued that he thinks that it's not relevant talking about the testimony that Mr. Pesall, his client, had given where he said if this wasn't coming across my land, I wouldn't be here. The reason that it's important is because the Public Utilities Commission and members have to weigh evidence. And when they're weighing evidence, they have the ability to observe witnesses testifying, they have the ability to determine whether they're credible, and they have the ability to determine whether they have the ability to observe and recollect testimony.

And in the whole -- and I have the same impression from having read through the entire record. In the whole I have the, I am left with the impression that Mr. Pesall, the client, was interested in keeping this project off of his property regardless of what he had to say. I -- if I had been the finder of fact, I probably would have disregarded

his testimony, also. That's what I conclude that the department -- or the Public Utilities Commission did in here, and that's what they were trying to explain. They perhaps didn't do it as artfully as possible. So to the extent that they said no evidence was introduced to demonstrate any effect on the project -- of the project on property value, I read that to mean no creditable evidence was presented. And with that minor addition in the reading, their finding is not clearly erroneous.

The other group that I'm going to address are findings of fact 35 through 57. Those relate to the impact on property values, farming activities, and the spread of SCN.

Mr. Pesall testified that having the project on his property would impact his property values, would impact his farming activity, and would impact the spread of SCN. And for the exact same reasons I described at more length before, it's clear to me that the Public Utilities

Commission essentially chose to disregard his testimony on those. They found that he was not creditable; that they would not, that his evidence was not sufficient; that his testimony was not reliable enough that they, that they would rely upon it in making a different decision.

Again, it's essentially the exact same analysis as I had applied before. It's his under-no-circumstances attitude that undermine his credibility and that make it possible for

the department to disregard his, his testimony or to find that it is not entitled to sufficient weight that it outweighed the other evidence that was on the record that supported those findings. So those findings are not clearly erroneous.

And then the last group was findings of fact 71 through 81, and I've reviewed the record. There is evidence sufficient to support those. They're not clearly erroneous.

I'm going to talk about the admission of the MISO studies. Again, the Public Utilities Commission is a quasi-judicial body. There are some rules that -- the administrative rights say that the rules of evidence are somewhat relaxed in those proceedings. So they don't necessarily apply the exact same rules that we do, and they're not nearly as, or they don't have to be as precisely applied as we would in a formal court proceeding. What's important is whether they have provided such regularity in their rulings and in their application of the law that the evidence that comes before them is reliable.

The MISO studies were offered during the testimony of Mr. Weiers. Mr. Weiers, it is true, was an employee of one of the applicants, but he was identified as an expert witness, and he's testifying as an expert witness. And specifically what he's testifying about is how this project is going to be built out, how it's going to be constructed.

And he's clearly providing the PUC with testimony in the form of an expert. And in the process of his testimony he explains that part of his knowledge as an expert comes from participating in the creation of these MISO studies and that the particular MISO studies that were ultimately admitted into the record were utilized by him in formulating the opinions that he's providing. That's perfectly appropriate. There is no reason that he couldn't do that. If he had appeared in my court and wanted to tell -- and one of the parties offered documentation of this type that the expert 10 relied upon, it would be admissible into evidence. that wasn't the reason that was given at the time. It was a 12 little bit less precise from the department, from the PUC. 13 Here is my understanding of the law. The evidentiary 15 rulings of a judge, or in this case, a hearing officer, are 16 reviewed for essentially an abuse of discretion. judge had, if the judge's decision was, in admitting the evidence had some basis, there was some way that it could 18 19 have been correct, then the court should not throw that ruling out. And it's my determination that the ruling was 21 ultimately correct; that the MISO studies were properly 22 admitted. It is clear that this quasi-judicial body, the PUC, was quite familiar with those MISO studies, and it is clear from the evidence in the record that they had sufficient familiarity with them; that they were comfortable

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with the genuineness, the authenticity of the documents.

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There was an argument that in one of the conclusions of law that the PUC shifted the burden to the, to the objectors. That particular one, again, it's my ruling that what that was was essentially an inartful conclusion. wasn't a shifting of the burden. What they were indicating was that there was sufficient evidence in the record that they believed established that particular point. And that having established it they were, they were reviewing the 10 record to see if there was anything else that would contradict that, and they were simply mentioning or noting that there was nothing presented to contradict it.

I do the same thing in issuing my decisions. I will frequently comment on the absence of contradictory evidence. It doesn't mean you're shifting the burden. It's just a comment on the nature of the evidence that you're considering.

There are two additional arguments that I want to address. The second-to-the-last is the argument that there was an improper delegation of authority.

Mr. Pesall very properly raised this issue regarding SCN, the soybean nematodes. And it's a good thing that he did because it gave everyone an opportunity to learn about it and gave the PUC an opportunity to address his concerns regarding that.

This is a \$250 million project or something in that neighborhood. It is literally impossible for the Public Utilities Commission to create a permit that covers every precise, tiny detail in the one year that they have within which they have to issue that decision. There always are going to be things that are open. What the Public Utilities Commission has the authority to do, in my opinion, under the law, is to set up requirements, things that the applicant has to comply with and, if necessary, set up a process making sure that they comply with that. That's what they did with this, with the SCN study.

What they required the applicants to do is conduct a detailed study of the properties involved, taking soil samples from them on, sufficient to gather the information about which properties were infected, the level of infection, even within properties which portions might be infected and which portions weren't, and then develop a mitigation plan to make sure that parcels that were not infected will not become infected, and that the infection on any individual parcels won't be unnecessarily spread into portions that weren't.

It's a completely reasonable thing that they've done.

It's not a delegation of authority. The PUC has kept the power to, to follow up on that. They didn't specifically say, applicants, you go out and do what you want. They

said, you need to address this problem. It's not possible for us to do that right now because you have to conduct these surveys, these soil surveys. And then based on what you find, you'll have to develop a mitigation plan. It seems completely appropriate to me, and it's not an illegal delegation of their authority.

Then, then the last issue that I want to address is the, which I think no one has essentially argued about today, but it's in the briefing, so I'll address it, and that's the, exceeding the 12-month limit. And essentially the argument is that by leaving open the opportunity to address the SCN soil survey at a later date that they've gone beyond the survey and -- or gone beyond the period of time for the granting of the permit.

The permit has been granted. The SCN study is a condition to the permit. The fact that the PUC has retained the ability to review that process and make sure that there are no further, and that there are no impacts that are too much for the project doesn't mean that they have exceeded the 12-month limitation.

So for all the reasons that I've provided, it is my finding that the, that the Public Utilities Commission did not make any clearly erroneous findings. All of their findings are adopted by the Court with the minor exception of the addition of the word creditable on those findings

where they have found that there is no evidence as I outlined in my decision where there was evidence. It just 3 wasn't that, it was that they weren't finding that it was creditable. And then that they have accurately applied the I see no problems with their application of the law to 5 the facts of this case. So I'll affirm their decision. What I'm going to propose is I'm going to have --Mr. Welk, I'm going to have, I'm going to propose having you draft an order, the orders to follow up on this. If there 10 is, if it's ordinarily done in a different way, I would entertain some suggestions about that. 11 12 Mr. Welk, would that work for you? Yes. It will be -- normally it's capped 13 MR. WELK: under 1-26-36 as a judgment, Your Honor. And so with the 14 15 Court's ruling today, we'll make the modifications, and I'll be glad to send that around to counsel before it's submitted 17 If there is any -- and if we can't agree to the 18 form of the order, then we can compete, we can submit to the 19 Court competing orders, if that's acceptable to you. THE COURT: It will work for me. 20 21 Mr. Pesall, does that process work for you? 22 MR. PESALL: I think that process is probably the most reasonable way to approach it, Your Honor. Thank you. 23 Mr. Smith? 24 THE COURT: 25 Yes, Your Honor. That's fine with me. MR. SMITH:

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THE COURT: I'll go around one last time and make sure
   that I've addressed everything. I don't want to miss
   anything. If there is something else you want to have me
   address today, this is your opportunity.
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       Mr. Pesall?
       MR. PESALL: No, Your Honor. I think the Court
   thoroughly covered all of the issues that we had raised on
   appeal.
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       THE COURT: Mr. Welk?
       MR. WELK: Nothing further, Your Honor.
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       THE COURT: And Mr. Smith?
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       MR. SMITH: Nothing further, Your Honor.
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       THE COURT: Then we're off the record.
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          (Whereupon, the proceedings adjourned at 3:13 p.m.)
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STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA
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       THIS IS TO CERTIFY that I, Kristi A. Brandt, RPR,
   Official Court Reporter for the Circuit Court, Fifth
   Judicial Circuit, Brown County, South Dakota, took the
   proceedings of the foregoing case, and the foregoing pages,
   1-50 inclusive, are a true and correct transcript of my
   stenotype notes.
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           Dated at Aberdeen, South Dakota, this 2nd day of
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   January, 2015.
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           /s/ Kristi A. Brandt
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          Kristi A. Brandt, RPR
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          Official Court Reporter
          My Commission Expires:
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          February 21, 2019
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