Change for change

Changing your lifestyle to incorporate energy-efficient practices will ultimately lead to extra change in your pocketbook.

	60-watt Incandescent Light	15-watt CFL
Cost of bulb	\$0.40	\$2.40
Lifetime of bulb	8 months	7 years
Cost of energy to operate over lifetime of 1 CFL (based on 0.09/kWh)	\$54.00	\$13.50
Total cost	\$54.40	\$15.90

The changes you make in your lighting choices will also contribute to a changing planet. You help curb greenhouse gas emissions when you use CFLs. Every CFL can prevent more than 450 pounds of greenhouse gas emissions. Think of the impact South Dakotans can make if each one of us changes just one bulb!



CFLs, mercury and recycling

The amount of mercury in a CFL is on average 5 milligrams, roughly equivalent to what could cover the tip of a ball-point pen. No mercury is released when the bulbs are intact or in use. By comparison, older thermometers contain about 500 milligrams of mercury.

The highest source of mercury in our air comes from burning fossil fuels such as coal. Because CFLs require less electricity than incandescent bulbs, less mercury is emitted at the coal-fired power plant when CFLs are used.

If a CFL breaks, open nearby windows, carefully sweep up the fragments (do not use your hands) and wipe the area with a paper towel to remove glass fragments. Do not use a vacuum.

If your city permits you to put used or broken CFLs in the garbage, seal the CFL in two plastic bags and put into the outside trash. CFLs should not be disposed of in an incinerator.

Home Depot in Sioux Falls accepts CFLs for free recycling. Contact your local solid waste agency for information about other recycling options in your area.

Visit www.SDEnergySmart.com for more information about CFLs.

250 copies were printed by the PUC at a cost of 14¢ each

Rev. 2/12

Shining a spotlight on Compact Fluorescent Light bulbs





Public Utilities Commission 500 E. Capitol Ave. Pierre, SD 57501-5070 www.SDEnergySmart.com www.PUC.SD.gov 1-800-332-1782

A tale of two bulbs

The average household has 40 light bulbs and uses 11 percent of its energy budget for lighting. An easy way to save money and energy is to use compact fluorescent lights (CFLs).

Regular incandescent bulbs – the kind shaped like a pear – create a lot of heat. (Have you accidentally touched one after it has been on for even a short while? Ouch!) Only about 5 percent of the energy used is converted to light; the rest is released as heat. That means in the summer you need to operate your home's air conditioning even more to combat the heat incandescent bulbs generate. Talk about energy *in*efficiency!

CFLs, by comparison, use at least two-thirds less energy, last up to 10 times longer and are cool to the touch. Though the purchase price is more than an incandescent bulb, the long-term savings are impressive. The equation is simple: less energy used means lower utility bills.



Choose and use

It is best to install CFLs in fixtures that are used at least 15 minutes at a time or several hours per day in frequentlyused rooms. Outdoor fixtures are also a great place to use CFLs.

Since CFLs use less energy than their incandescent equivalent, the wattage listed on the package will be lower than what you have seen on traditional bulb packages. A CFL's package will list its incandescent equivalent. Use the following as a guideline:

Comparable Wattage of Incandescent Bulbs and CFLs		
Incandescent Bulb	Compact Fluorescent Light	
25-watt	5-watt	
50-watt	9-watt	
60-watt	15-watt	
75-watt	20-watt	
100-watt	25-watt	
150-watt	32-watt	
200-watt	42-watt	

CFLs are also available in three-way and dimmable models.

Answers to your questions

The technology to produce fluorescent lights has significantly improved over the years. You may be surprised by these positive features of CFLs.

Fluorescent lights with electronic ballasts don't flicker or hum and quickly warm up to full brightness.

CFLs fit into almost any fixture that accepts standard bulbs.



The watt rating on a light fixture describes how much electricity the internal wiring of the fixture can safely accept. The lumens rating of a bulb describes how much light it will produce. If you have a lamp that can accept up to 75 watts of power, you can select a 20-watt CFL that will produce the same amount of light as a 75-watt incandescent. If you desire a brighter light in the fixture, you can use a 25-watt CFL that will produce as much light as a 100-watt incandescent. You'll be using slightly more energy than the 75-watt equivalent, but you'll still be getting more light for less power than before!