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# Anaerobic Digester Basics

# Concept is Old and Simple



Alligators have warmed nests with anaerobic digestion for millions of years



# Early Science

- 1776 - direct correlation between the amount of decaying organic matter and the amount of flammable gas produced
- 1808 - methane could be produced with cattle manure
- 1895 – Biogas street lamps in England
- 1930 – anaerobic bacteria were identified

# Anaerobic Digestion in USA

- Livestock manure is common feedstock

# Digestion Process



Carbohydrates  $\rightarrow$  Fizz in pop + Methane

Major plant nutrients are not involved

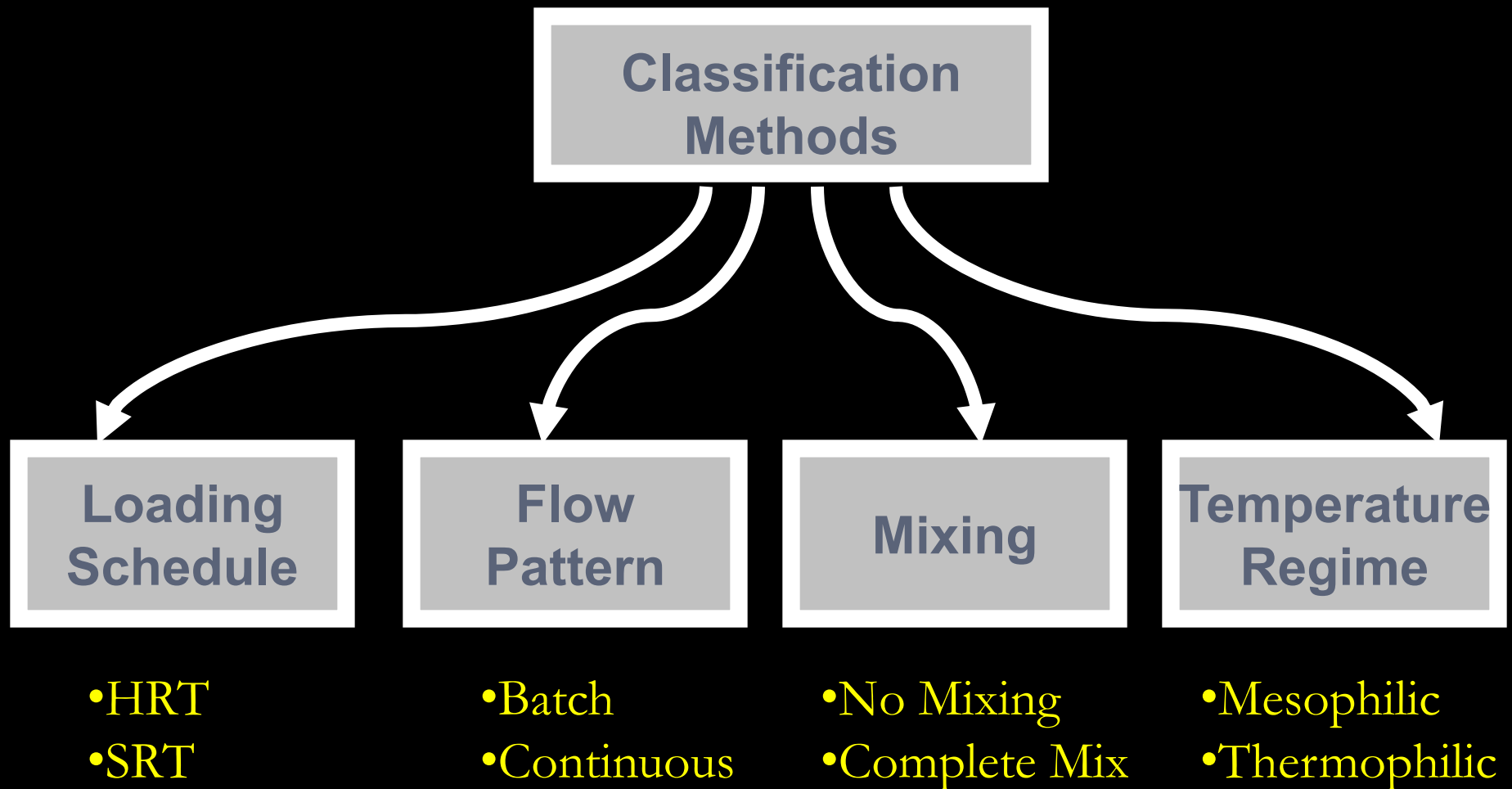
- N – Nitrogen
- P – Phosphorus
- K – Potassium

# Bio-gas Contents

- Methane (60-70%)
- Carbon dioxide (30-40%)
- Various toxic gases, including hydrogen sulfide, ammonia, and mercaptans
- 1-2% water vapor



# Many Types of Anaerobic Digesters



# Why So Many Types?

# ft<sup>3</sup> of methane / day  
for  
1 Digester ft<sup>3</sup>

18% < 0.5 ft<sup>3</sup> / day  
7% > 1.1 ft<sup>3</sup> / day



# Anaerobic Digester Configurations

- Covered Lagoons (ambient & heated)
- Complete Mixed Digesters (CSTR)
- Plug Flow Digesters
- Anaerobic Sequencing Batch Reactors (ASBR)
- Fixed Film Digesters (anaerobic filters)

# Flexible Cover on Lagoon

- Lowest gas production
- Least “controlled” system
- Longest HRT



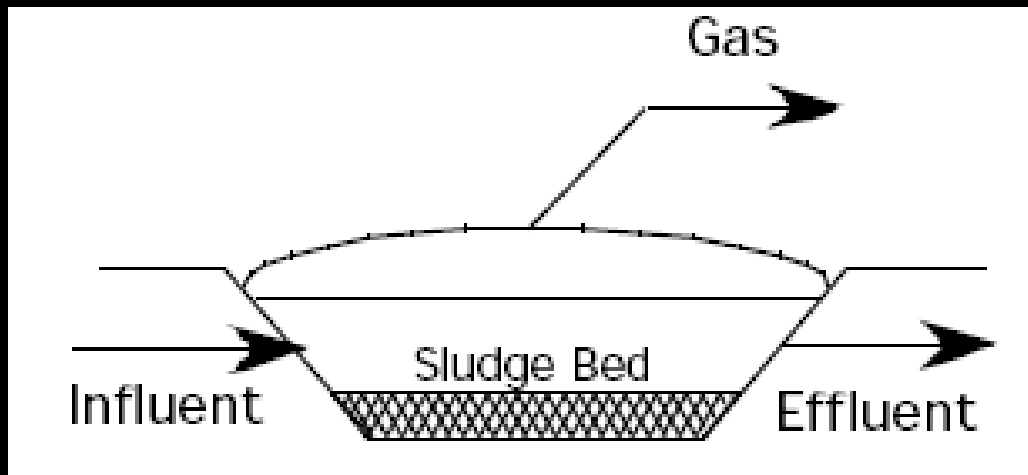
# Covered Lagoon

## ■ Advantages

- Low Cost (relatively)
- Low Tech
- Easy to Construct

## ■ Disadvantages

- Cover Maintenance – Life
- Large Footprint
- Solids / Nutrient Accumulation

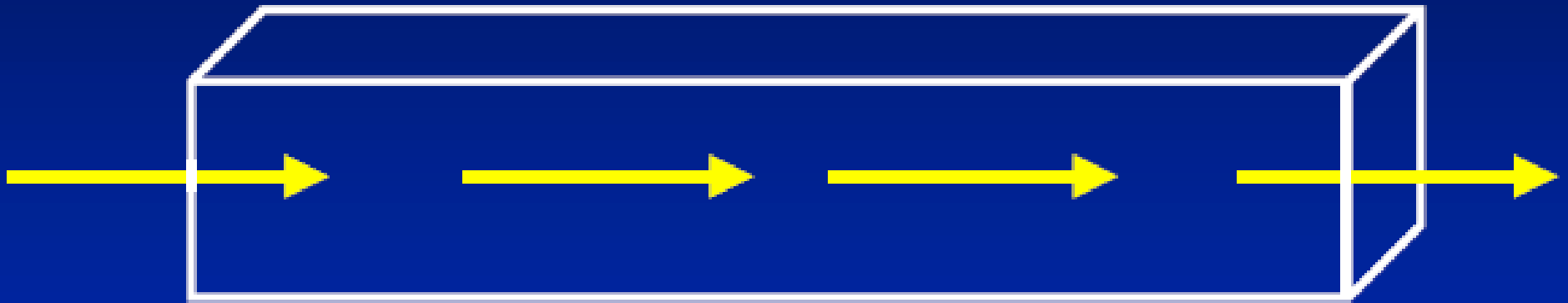




# Plug Flow Digesters

NRCS Code 366 AD Controlled Temperature

# Plug-Flow Digester

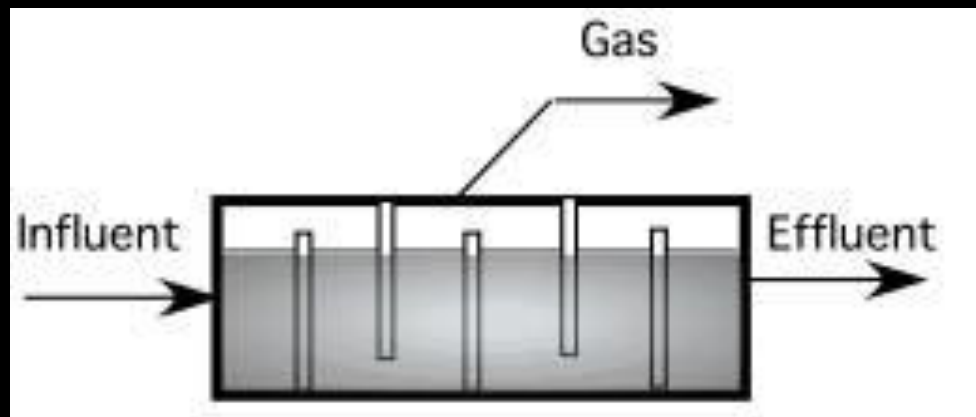


No Mixing



# Plug Flow Digester

- Horizontal tank
- Adding material forces tank contents to move through the tank and be digested.



# Plug Flow Reactor

- Rectangular pit (typically concrete)
- Manure flows from one end to other
- Heated
- Mesophilic or thermophilic
- 15-30 day HRT
- Requires high solids ( $>11\%$ )





# Plug Flow Reactor

- Advantages

- Good track record with dairy manure
- Works well with scrape systems

- Disadvantages

- Requires high solids manure (11 - 14 %)
- Not compatible with sand bedding

# Midwest Dairy Institute Milbank SD

- 1.2 Million gallon digester
  - 20 feet deep
  - 85 feet wide
  - 163 feet long
- Cost: \$5,800,000



# Midwest Dairy Institute

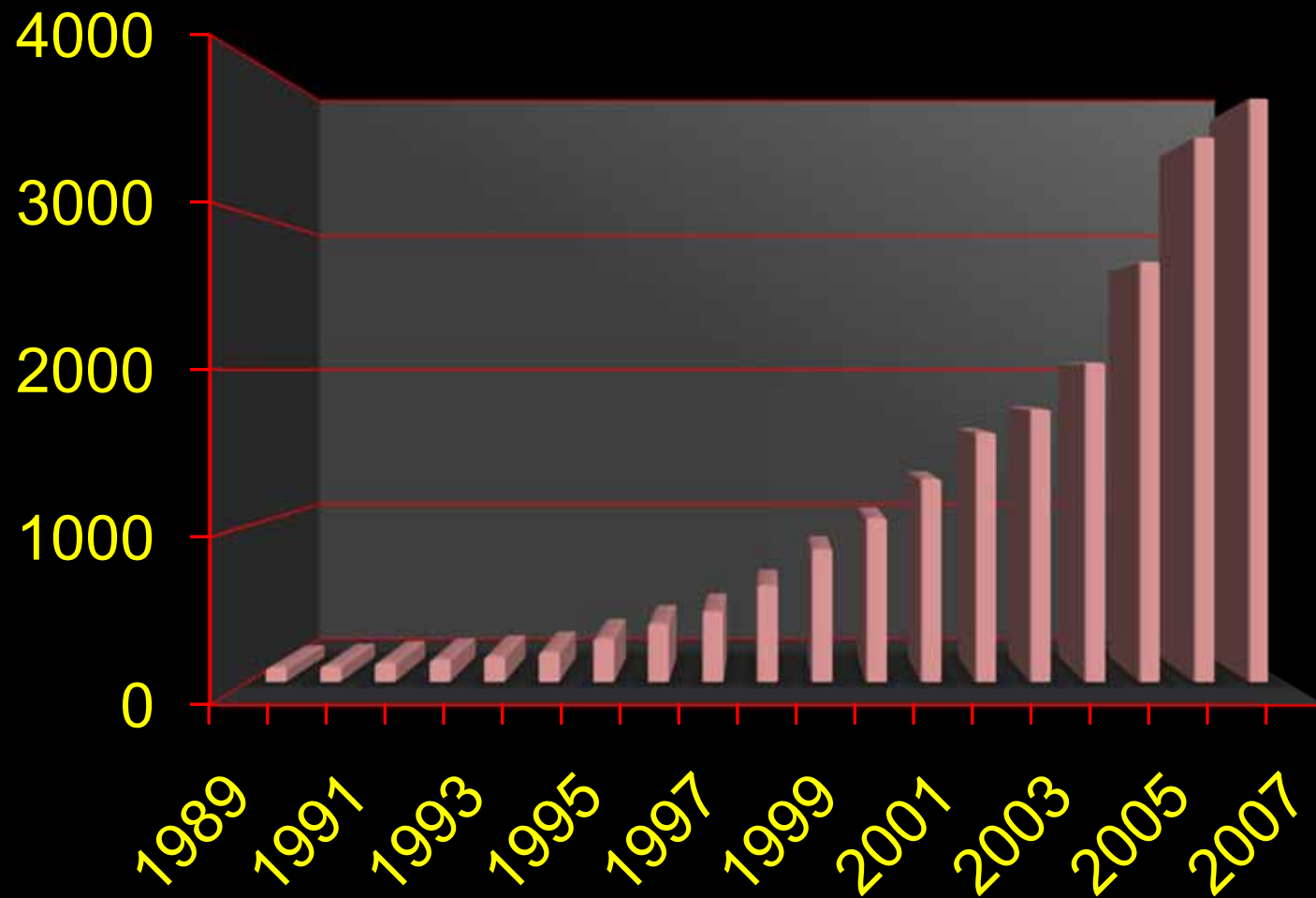
## Milbank SD

- 1,400 Cows
- 375 kW from Caterpillar engine
- Hot water for in-floor heat
- Bedding worth \$45,000/yr

# Anaerobic Digestion in Europe

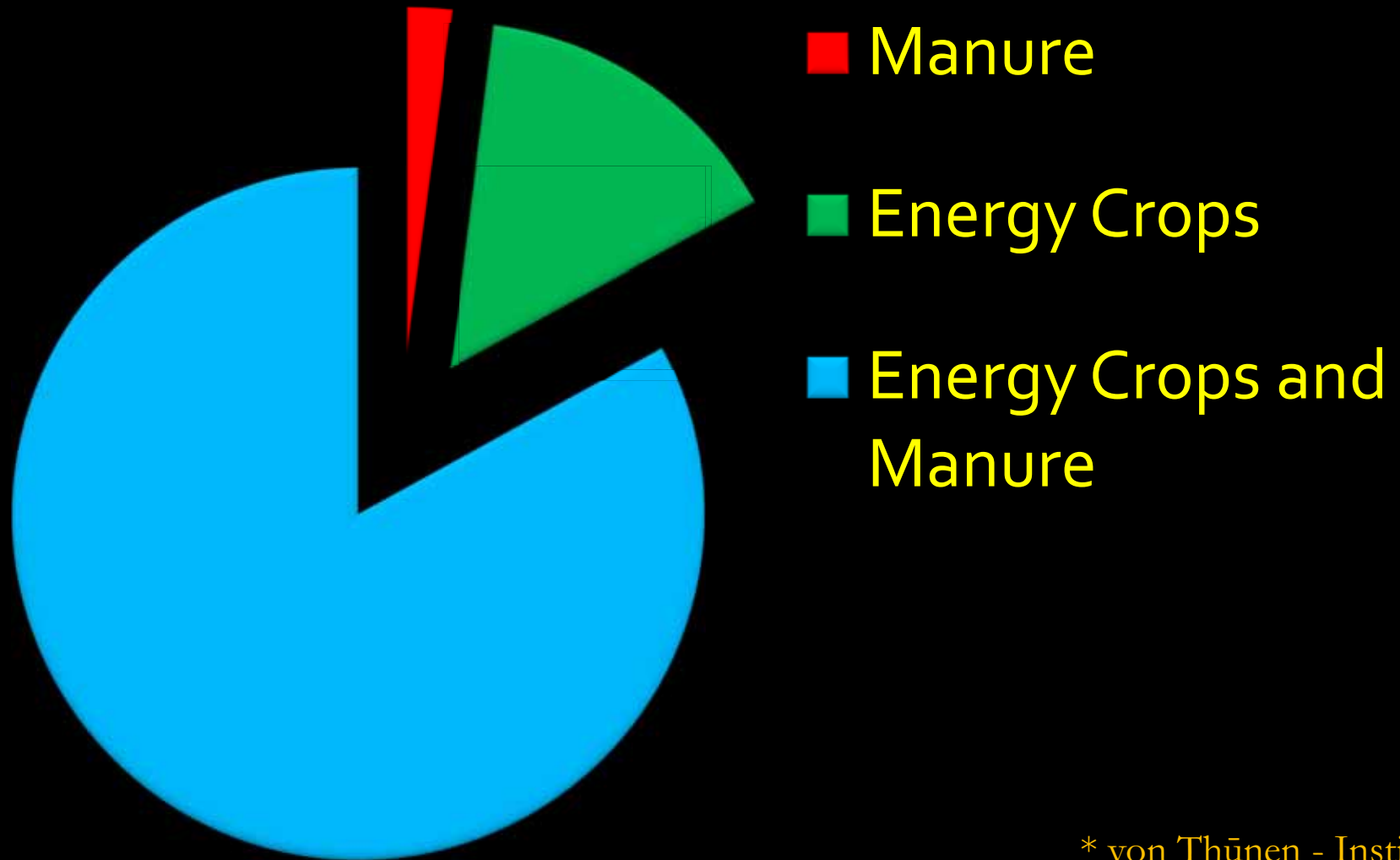


# Number of Anaerobic Digesters in Germany\*



\* von Thünen - Institut

# Feedstock Used in German Digesters \*



\* von Thünen - Institut



# Anaerobic Digestion in Germany

- Most digesters also add corn silage





# Anaerobic Digestion in Germany

- Corn silage ready to enter the digester



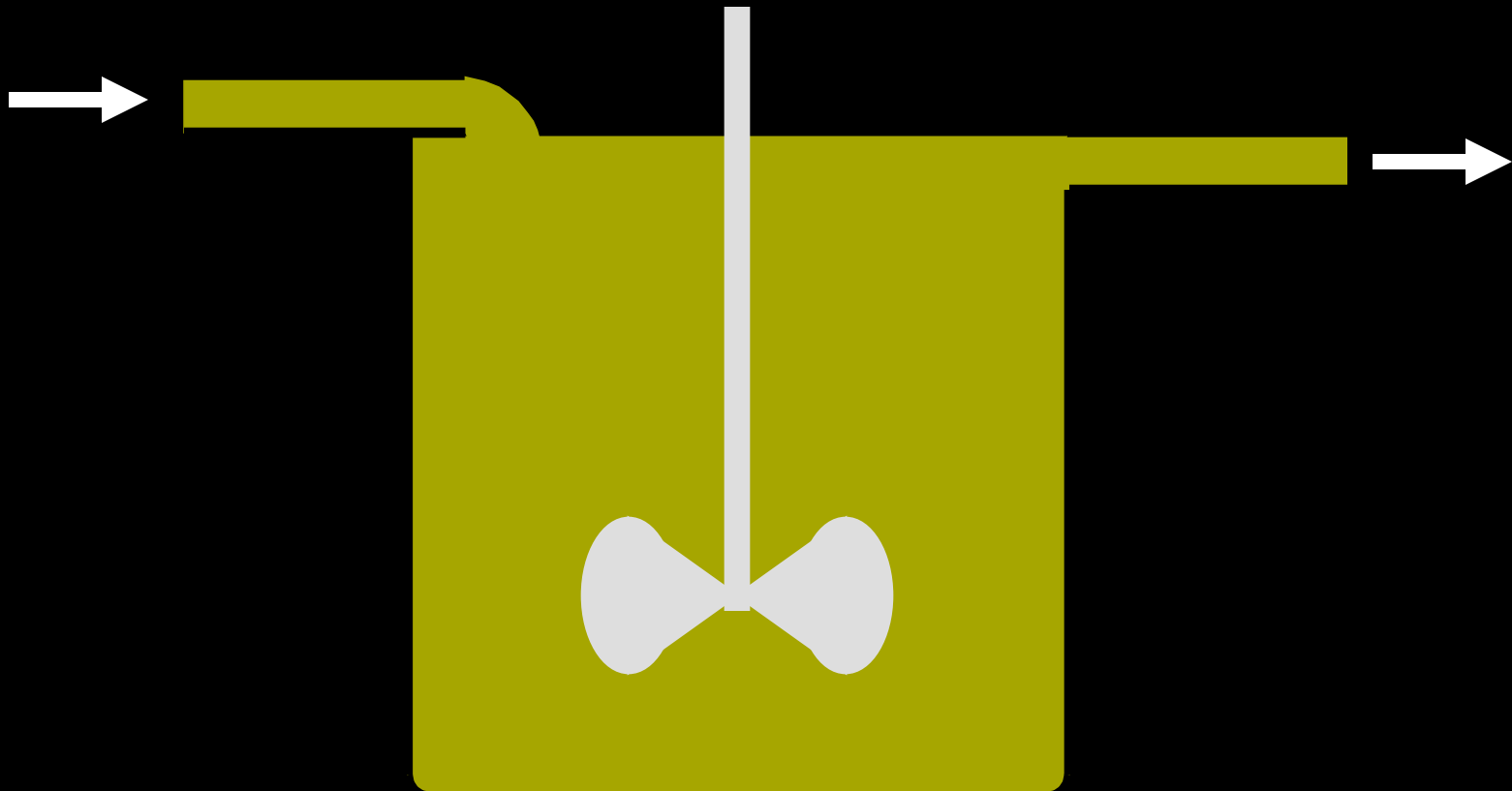
# Anaerobic Digestion in Germany

- Manure to be added to silage



# Complete Mixed Digesters

- Complete Stirred Tank Reactors (CSTR)
- Completely Mixed Flow Reactors (CMF)
- Continuous Flow Stirred Tank (CFST)



# Complete Mixed Digesters





# Complete Mixed Digesters



# Complete Mixed Digesters



# Complete Mixed Digesters





# Complete Mixed Digesters

- Covered Tank with Mixing
- Heated
- Mesophilic or Thermophilic Range
- 15-20 Day HRT
- 2-10% Solids Input

# Complete Mixed Digesters

## ■ Advantages

- High level of experience
- Works over wide range of influent Total Solids (TS)
  - Can be used with scrape or flush systems
  - Can be used with swine or dairy systems

## ■ Disadvantages

- Poor biomass immobilization ( $HRT=SRT$ )
- Mechanical mixing requirement

# Collection



# Delivery to Digester Facility





# Delivery to Digester Facility



# Spent Digester Material (only silage)



# Spent Digester Material





# Spent Digester Material



# Spent Digester Material



# Gas Storage





# Gas Usage



# Energy Conversion Note

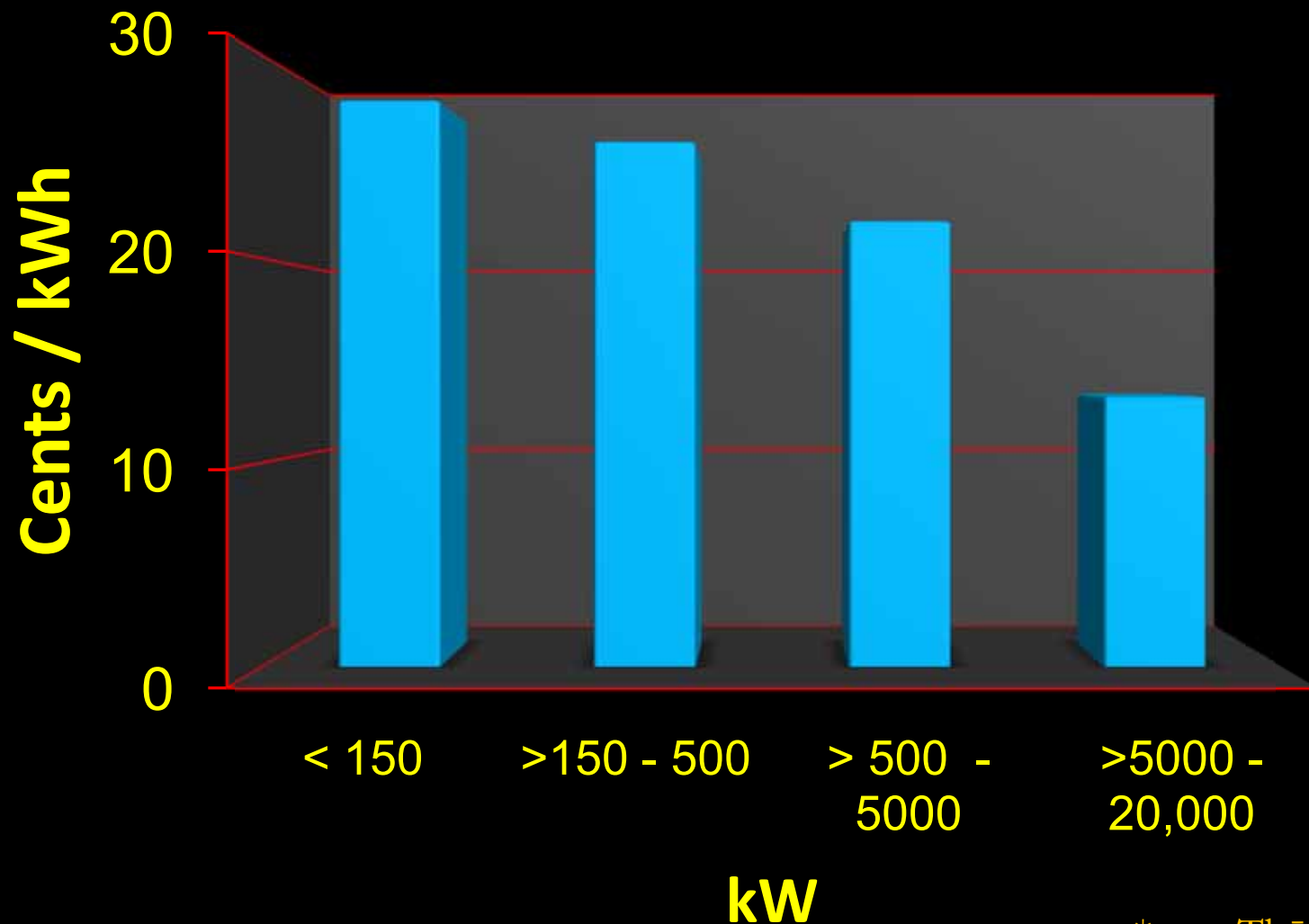
- 20-40% efficiency in converting BTU's of methane to electricity with engine generator set.



# Gas Usage



# Compensation for Electricity Produced by Anaerobic Digesters in Germany \*



\* von Thünen - Institut

# Rate Structure for Electricity Produced by Anaerobic Digesters in Germany \*

## 150 to 500 kW Produced

12.5 ¢ = Basic rate

2.6 ¢ = Technology Bonus

2.6 ¢ = Combined Heat and Power Bonus

7.9 ¢ = Biomass Bonus

Rates vary for other size digesters

The bonus declines as size increases

# Potential Challenges to Success

- Lack of Well Developed Support Industry



# Take-Home Message

- Proven technology
- Provides excellent odor control
- Might fit well into a total manure management system
- Can require significant system management